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Supplementary Information

GPI0363 inhibits the interaction of RNA polymerase with DNA in *Staphylococcus aureus*

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Supplementary Table 1: Bacterial strains used in this study

Strain	Description	Source
Staphylococcus aureus RN4220	Restriction-deficient mutant derived from strain NCTC 8325.	Paudel et al., 2012 ¹
S. aureus Newman	Methicillin-susceptible S. aureus	Baba et al., 2008 ²
S. aureus MSSA1	Methicillin-susceptible <i>S. aureus</i> , clinical isolate	Paudel et al., 2012 ¹
F1-F5	Fidaxomicin-resistant spontaneous mutant derived from <i>S. aureus</i> RN4220	This study
R1-R5	Rifampicin-resistant spontaneous mutants derived from <i>S. aureus</i> RN4220	This study
G2-1, G2-2, G2-3, G2-20	GPI0363-resistant SigA ^{D201N} mutants derived from <i>S. aureus</i> RN4220	Paudel et al., 2017 ³
Escherichia coli BL21(DE3)/pLysS	Cells for protein expression	Agilent Technologies

Supplementary Table 2: Primers used in this study

Purpose	Primer name	Primer sequence
Amplification of <i>pflB</i> promoter	<i>pflB</i> _Fwd	GGCAAGATATTGAAGGT
	<i>pflB</i> _Rev	TTGCTTCTGTTGGTCCTG
Amplification of dra promoter	<i>dra_</i> Fwd	TGTGGCGGTATCTGTAGGT
	<i>dra_</i> Rev	TGCTTTCGTTGCAGTTGT
Amplification of pBr322 promoter region	PBR_Fw	TTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGT
	PBR_rev	AGCCTATGCCTACAGCATCC



Supplementary Figure 1: Binding of GPI0363 to wild-type SigA and SigA ^{D201N}. Magnetic beads with His-tagged wild-type SigA or SigA ^{D201N} were incubated with GPI0363 pretreated with BSA; the bound fraction was washed, eluted, and analyzed by HPLC.



Supplementary Figure 2: *In vitro* transcription inhibition in wild-type RNAP at different promoters. **a.** In the presence of decreasing concentrations of GPI0363 (5, 2.5, 1.25, 0.62, 0.31 mg/mL) from *dra* promoter. **b.** In the presence of decreasing concentrations of GPI0363 (5, 1.25, 0.3, 0.07, 0.019, 0.0048 mg/mL) from *pfIB* promoter. Promoter-specific transcripts are indicated by arrowheads.



Supplementary Figure 3 (related to Figure 1b): *In vitro* transcription inhibition after treatment of wild-type SigA with GPI0363 before formation of the RNAP holoenzyme. Histidine-tagged recombinant SigA was purified from the wild-type. SigA was treated with GPI0363 (1.25, 0.62, 0.31, 0.15, 0.078 mg/mL) followed by reconstitution with *E. coli* RNA polymerase core enzyme and *in vitro* transcription was performed. Transcript was extracted and electrophoresed on 6% urea-polyacrylamide gel. Promoter-specific transcript is indicated by an arrowhead.



Supplementary Figure 4: Effect of GPI0363 in the *in vitro* transcription from *E.coli* RNAP. In *vitro* transcription was performed in the presence of decreasing concentrations of GPI0363 (5, 2.5, 1.0, 0.5, 0.25 mg/mL) from pBR322 promoter. Promoter-specific transcript is indicated by an arrowhead.



Supplementary Figure 5 (related to Figure 1c): *In vitro* transcription assay from wild-type and GPI0363-resistant RNAP when RNAP holoenzyme was treated with GPI0363 before interaction with DNA. a. and b. In the presence of increasing concentrations of GPI0363 (0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.3, 0.6 mg/mL). c. In the presence of decreasing concentrations of GPI0363 (5, 1.25, 0.31, 0.15, 0.016, 0.008 mg/mL). Promoter-specific transcripts are indicated by arrowheads.



Supplementary Figure 6 (related to Figure 1c): *In vitro* transcription assay from wild-type and GPI0363-resistant RNAP when RNAP holoenzyme interacted with DNA before treatment with GPI0363. a. and b. In the presence of increasing concentrations of GPI0363 (0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.3, 0.6 mg/mL). c. In the presence of increasing concentrations of GPI0363 (0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.3, 2.0 mg/mL). Promoter-specific transcripts are indicated by arrowheads.



Supplementary Figure 7: UPLC/MS analysis of GPI0363. a. Total Ion Chromatogram **b.** Extracted Ion Chromatogram for 343.189 with the range of 0.05 Da. **c.** mass spectra of the peak eluted at 8.9 minutes. Mass analysis was performed in positive mode.

Supplementary References

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