Supporting Information

Effects of 1,2–Ethanedithiol Concentration on Performance Improvement of Quantum–Dot LEDs

Huu Tuan Nguyen, [†]*^{a,b} Shin Young Ryu, [†] ^c Anh Tuan Duong, ^{a,b} and Soonil Lee ^{* c}

- ^a Phenikaa Research and Technology Institute (PRATI), A&A Green Phoenix Group, 167 Hoang Ngan, Hanoi, 10000, Viet Nam
- ^b Faculty of Electrical and Electronic Engineering and Phenikaa Institute for Advanced Study (PIAS), Phenikaa University, Yen Nghia, Ha–Dong District, Hanoi, 10000, Viet Nam
- ^c Department of Physics and Department of Energy Systems Research, Ajou University, Suwon 16499, Republic of Korea

[†] These authors contributed equally to this work.

^{*} All correspondence should be addressed to Dr. Huu Tuan Nguyen (<u>tuan.nguyenhuu@phenikaa-uni.edu.vn</u>) or Prof. Soonil Lee (<u>soonil@ajou.ac.kr</u>).

[1] Comparison of J-V characteristics of QLEDs using semi-log plots



Figure S1. Semi-log plots of measured J-V curves of the device P-QLED and the series of E-QLED devices.

[2] Fitting of J-V characteristics of QLEDs to a two-diode model



Figure S2. Comparison of the majority– (a) and minority–carrier current densities (b) of the QLED devices, which were calculated using the fitting parameters in Table 1. These J-V curves are identical to those in Figure 3; J_{major} and J_{minor} correspond to majority– and minority–carrier currents, respectively.

[3] Ratios of the minority- and majority-carrier current densities



Figure S3. Ratios of the minority– and majority–carrier current densities with respect to luminance. The minority– and majority–carrier current densities are identical to those in Figures 3 (in the main text) and S2.

[4] Quantum efficiency of QLED devices



Figure S4. Variations of external quantum efficiency (EQE) with respect to luminance. EQEs of the EDT–treated QLEDs are consistently higher than that of the P–QLED device for entire luminance range. The maximum EQEs of the device E3–, E4– and E6–QLED are 0.9, 1.9, and 1.5%, respectively, while that of the P–QLED is only 0.2 %.