Supporting infromaton

Highly selective colorimetric determination of catechol based on aggregation-induced oxidase-mimic activity decrease of δ -MnO₂

Pengyu Xiao^a , Yang Liu^a, Wenjing Zong^a, Jin Wang^{b,*} Minghuo Wu^a, Jingjing Zhan^a, Xianliang Yi^a, Lifen Liu^a, Hao Zhou^{a,*}

^a Key Laboratory of Industrial Ecology and Environmental Engineering (Ministry of Education), School of Ocean Science and Technology, Panjin Campus, Dalian University of Technology, 116023, China ^bCollege of Agriculture and Biology, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, 200240, China



Fig. S1. The effects of (a) pH, (b) common cations and anions, and (c) ion strength during the incubation process of catechol and δ -MnO₂ on the final TMB oxidase-like activity.



Fig. S2. The response of TMB- δ -MnO₂ to H₂O₂, glutathione, catechol and ascorbic acid.



Fig. S3. TEM images of (a) pristine MnO_2 and (b) catechol reacted MnO_2 .