## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

Biferrocenyl Schiff bases as efficient corrosion inhibitors for aluminium alloy in HCl solution: a combined experimental and theoretical study

Uzma Nazir<sup>a</sup>, Zareen Akhter<sup>a,\*</sup>, Naveed Kausar Janjua<sup>a</sup>, Muhammad Adeel Asghar<sup>a</sup>, Sehrish Kanwal<sup>a</sup>, Tehmeena Maryum Butt<sup>a</sup>, Asma Sani<sup>a</sup>, Faroha Liaqat<sup>a</sup>, Rizwan Hussain<sup>b</sup> and Faiz Ullah Shah<sup>c,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad-45320, Pakistan <sup>b</sup>National Center for Physics, Quaid-i-Azam University Campus, Islamabad, Pakistan. <sup>c</sup>Chemistry of Interfaces, Luleå University of Technology, 971 87 Luleå, Sweden \*Corresponding author's mail: <u>zareen\_a@qau.edu.pk</u> and <u>faiz.ullah@ltu.se</u>















**Table S1.** FT-IR absorption frequencies of the neat biferrocenyl Schiff base (Fcua) and the corrosion product of inhibited aluminium surface in presence of biferrocenyl Schiff base (Fcua).

Inhibitor before adsorption	Corrosion product of aluminium	Functional group/assignment
3092	3081	C-H aromatic
2870	2875	C-H aliphatic
1602	1592	C=N azomethine
1569	1566	C-C stretches
1372	1367	C-H rocking
1449	1456	C-N stretch
1240	1229	C-O-C stretch
486	480	Fe-Cp

**Table S2**. Quantum chemical parameters obtained using semi-empirical method with a PM6 basis set for biferrocenyl Schiff bases (Fcua, Fcub, and Fcua).

Quantum Parameters	Inhibitors				
	Fcua	Fcub	Fcuc		
E <sub>HOMO</sub> (eV)	-0.3009	-0.3019	-0.30535		
E <sub>LUMO</sub> (eV)	-0.0231	-0.0265	-0.02465		
$\Delta E (eV)$	0.2778	0.2754	0.2807		
μ (eV)	3.6	4.8	4.8		
I (eV)	0.3009	0.3019	0.30535		
A (eV)	0.0231	0.0265	0.02465		
χ (eV)	0.1620	0.1640	0.165		
η (eV)	0.1380	0.1370	0.136		
σ	7.2463	7.2990	7.142		
q <sub>N</sub> (83)	-0.3237	-0.3130	-0.315329		
q <sub>N</sub> (84)	-0.3304	-0.3183	-0.315653		
q <sub>0</sub> (85)	-0.3898	-0.3879	-0.386132		
q <sub>0</sub> (86)	-0.3956	-0.37904	-0.374767		
q <sub>0</sub> (87)	-	-0.38536	-0.426313		
q <sub>O</sub> (88)	-	-0.39153	-0.421965		
$q_{Fe}(11)$	0.61	0.60	0.60		
$q_{\rm Fe}(73)$	0.43	0.43	0.60		

**Table S3**. Comparison of various ferrocene derivatives as corrosion inhibitors for different metal alloys.

Inhibitors	Conc.	T	Alloys	Medium	Evaluation	Ref.
		(K)			Derformence	
					(I.E %)	
4,4'-((((ethane-1,2-diylbis	100	298	Aluminium	0.1 M	Weight loss	This
(oxy))bis(4,1-phenylene))	ppm		AA2219-T6	HCI	(88), EIS (92),	work
bis(methaneylylidene))			alloy		Polarization	
bis(azaneylylidene))bisferrocene					(95.61), FT-IR	
(Fcua)					SEM	
4,4'-((((ethane-1,2-diylbis (oxy))bis(2-	100	298	Aluminium	0.1 M	Weight loss	This
methoxy-1,4-phenylene))	ppm		AA2219-T6	HC1	(92), EIS (94),	work
bis(methaneylylidene))			alloy		Polarization	
bis(azaneylylidene))bisferrocene			5		(98.86), FT-IR,	
(Fcub)					SEM	
4,4'-((((ethane-1,2-diylbis (oxy))bis(2-	100	298	Aluminium	0.1 M	Weight loss	This
methoxy-1,4-phenylene))	ppm		AA2219-T6	HC1	(97), EIS (95),	work
bis(methaneylylidene))			alloy		Polarization	
bis(azaneylylidene))bisferrocene					(99.01), FT-IR,	
(Fcuc)					SEM	
Ferrocene carboxaldehyde	100	298	Mild steel	0.5 M	Weight loss	[6]
propanoylhydrazone (fcph)	ppm			$H_2SO_4$	(90.7), EIS	
					(86.5),	
					Polarization	
					(90.0)	
Ferrocene carboxaldehyde	100	298	Mild steel	0.5 M	Weight loss	[6]
furoylhydrazone (fcfh)	ppm			$H_2SO_4$	(93.0), EIS	-
					(91.1),	

						Polarization		
						(91.2)		
1,1'-diformylferrocene (diformyl Fc)	100	298	Mild steel	0.5	Μ	EIS	(80),	[3]
	μM			H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> Polarization		tion		
						(82)		
1,1'-diacetylferrocene (Diacetyl Fc)	100	298	Mild steel	0.5	Μ	EIS	(25),	[3]
	μM			H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> Polarization				
						(32)		
2-benzimidazoylthioacetylferrocene	100	298	Mild steel	0.5	Μ	EIS	(84.2),	[3]
(BIM Fc)	μM			H <sub>2</sub> SO	4	Polarization		
		[				(87.7)		