

## Electrocatalytic route for transformation of biomass-derived furfural to 5-hydroxy-2(5H)-furanone

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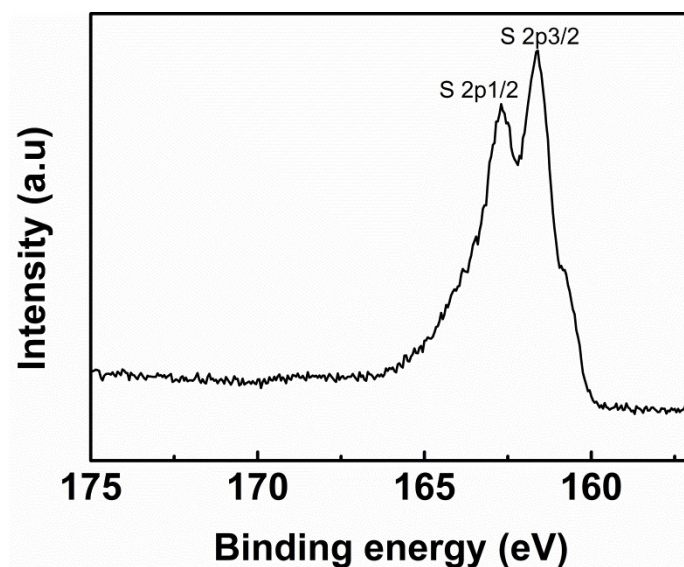
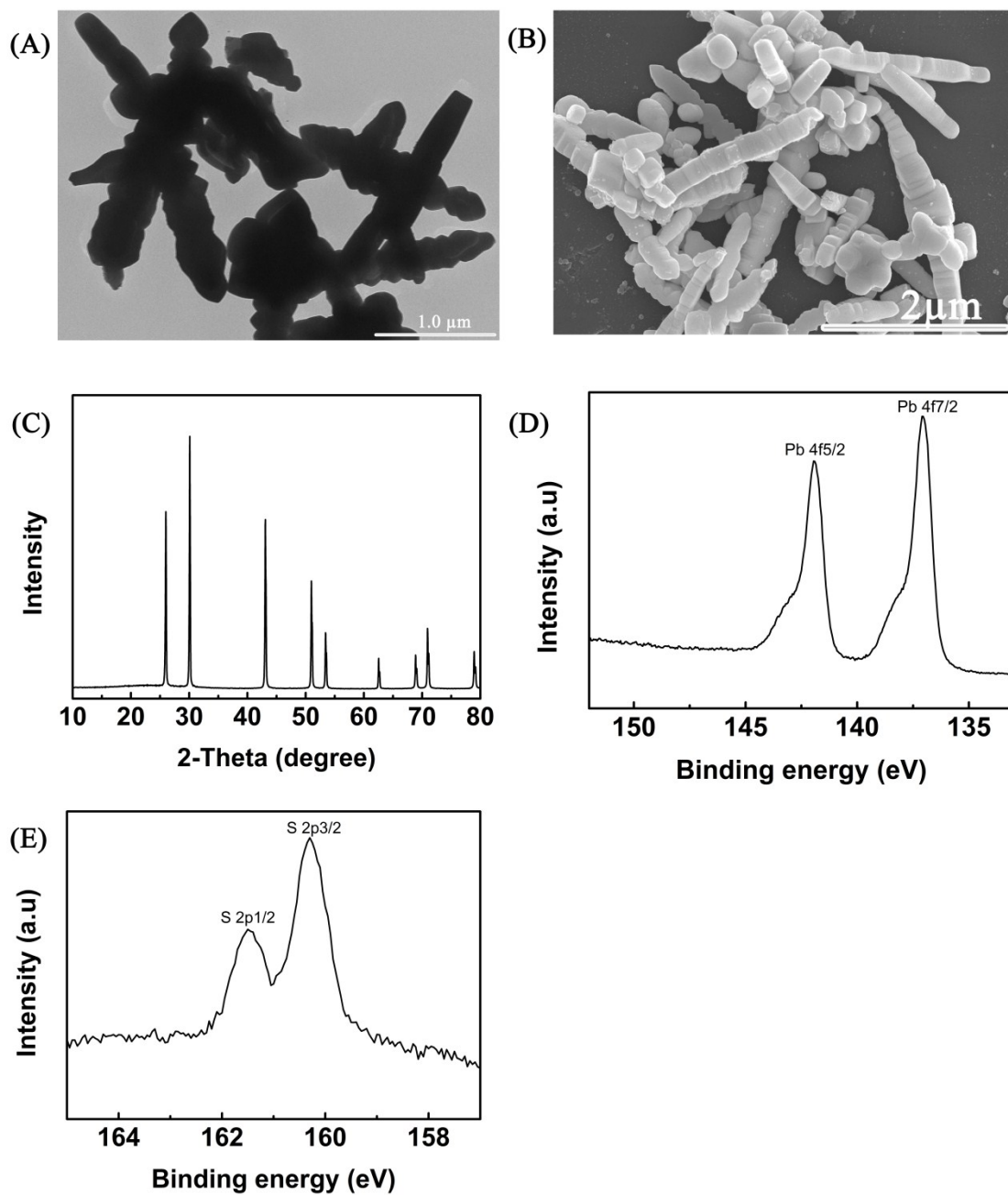
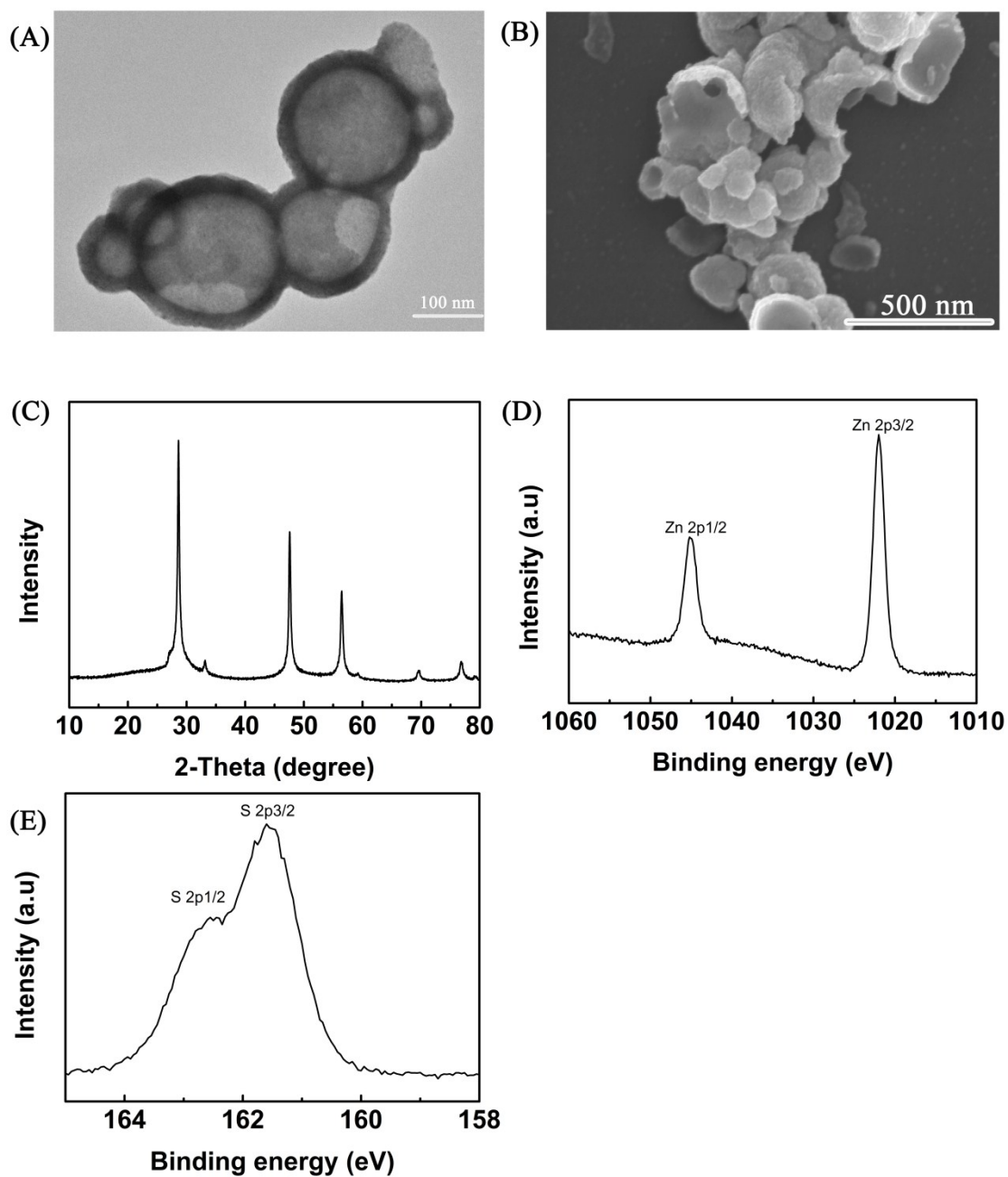


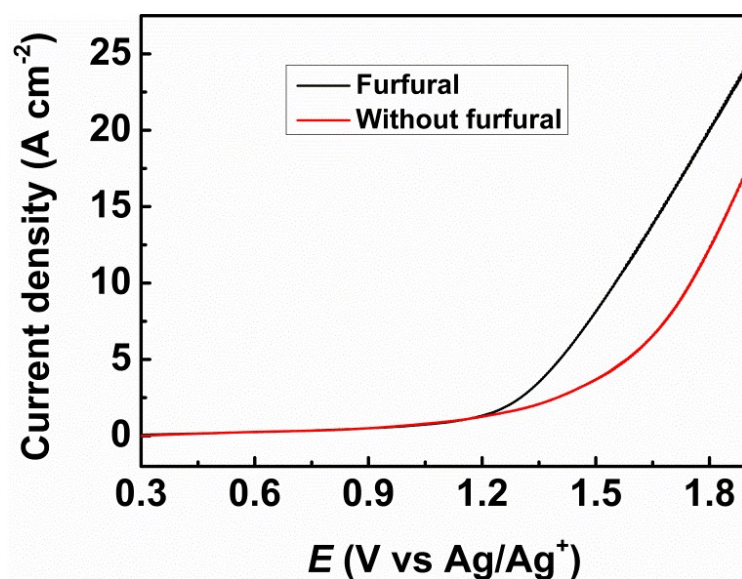
Fig. S1. XPS of S 2p in the prepared CuS.



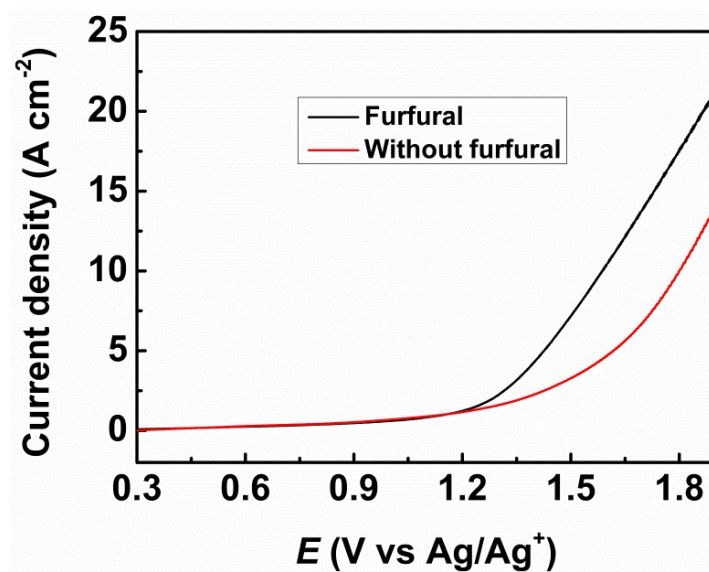
**Fig. S2.** Characterization of the prepared PbS. TEM image (A), SEM image (B), XRD (C), XPS of Pb 4f (D), and S 2p (E).



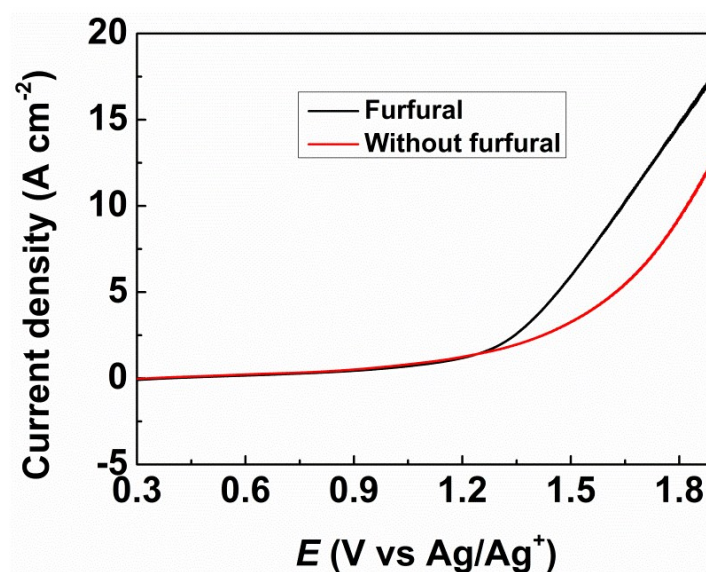
**Fig. S3.** Characterization of the prepared ZnS. TEM image (A), SEM image (B), XRD (C), XPS of Zn 2p (D), and S 2p (E).



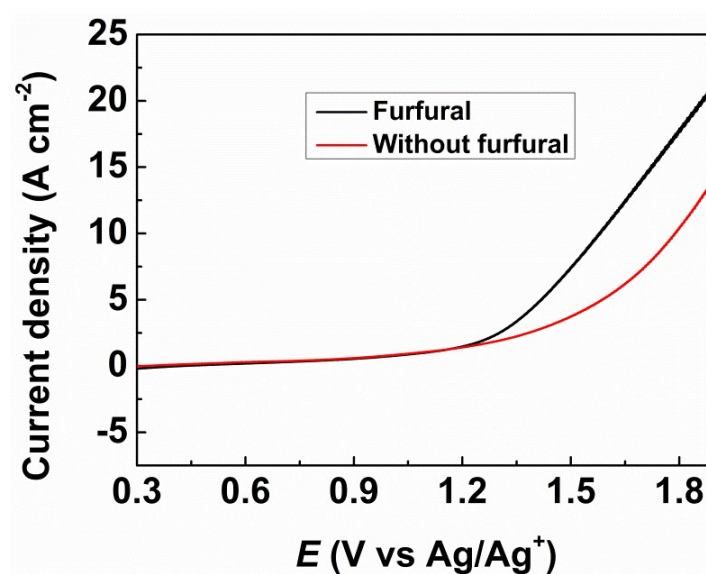
**Fig. S4.** LSV measurements using the prepared PbS/CP electrode for the electrochemical oxidation of furfural in the electrolyte of  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%).



**Fig. S5.** LSV measurements using the prepared ZnS/CP electrode for the electrochemical oxidation of furfural in the electrolyte of  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%).

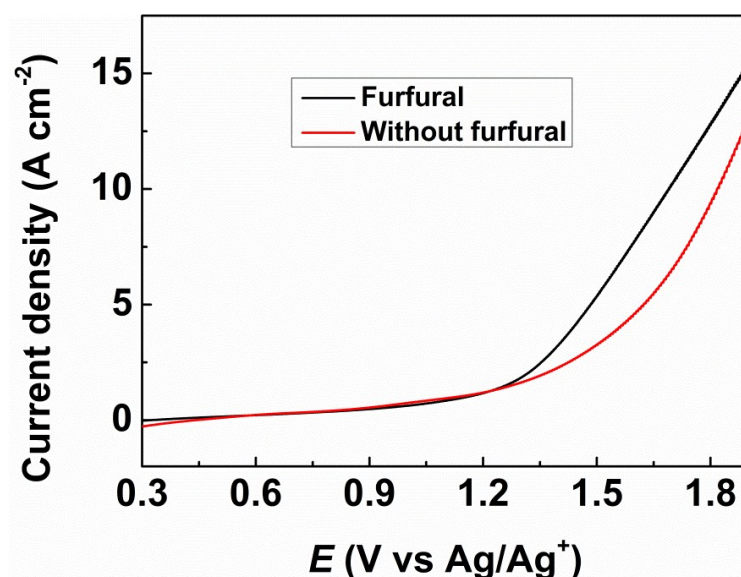


**Fig. S6.** LSV measurements using the prepared WS<sub>2</sub>/CP electrode for the electrochemical oxidation of furfural in the electrolyte of [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%).

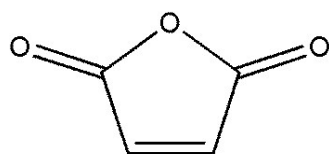


**Fig. S7.** LSV measurements using the prepared MoS<sub>2</sub>/CP electrode for the electrochemical oxidation of furfural in the electrolyte of [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%).

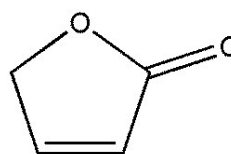




**Fig. S8.** LSV measurements using the prepared CdS/CP electrode for the electrochemical oxidation of furfural in the electrolyte of [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%).

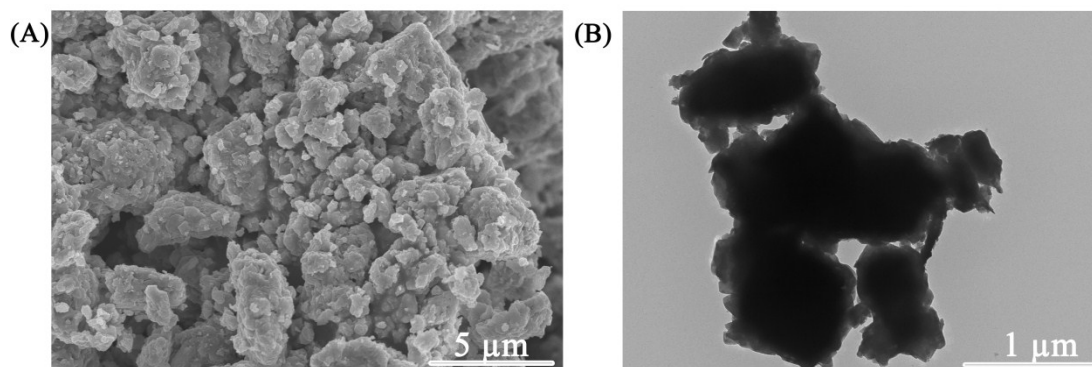


**Maleic anhydride**

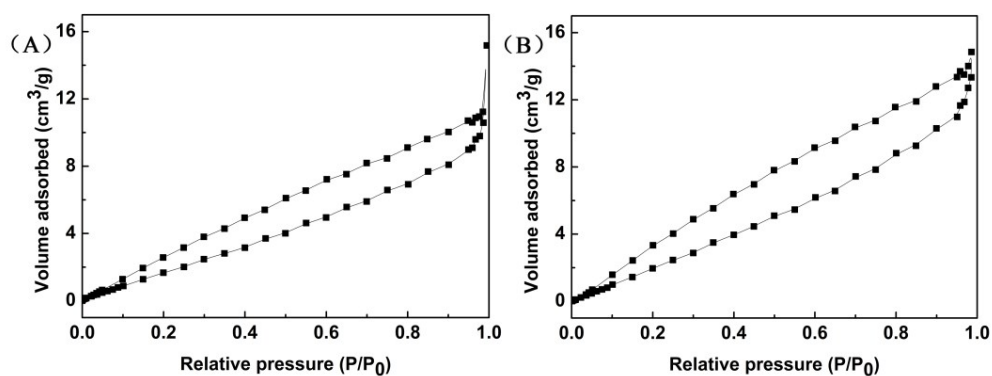


**2(5H)-furanone**

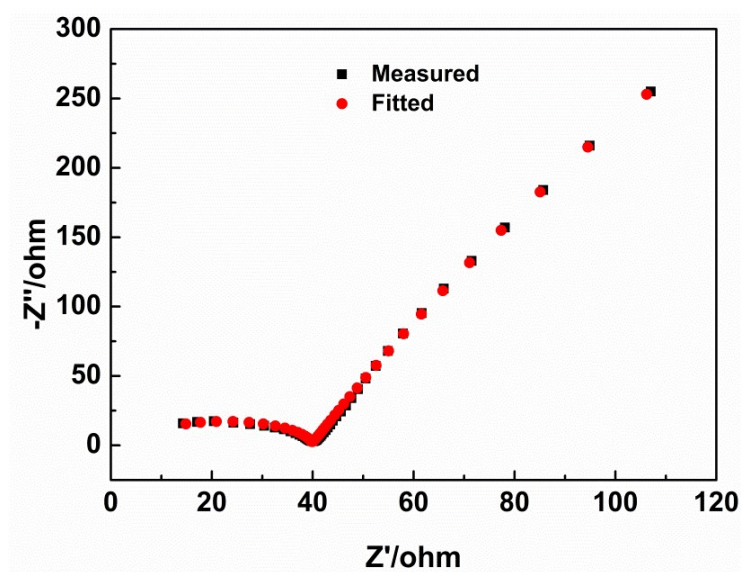
**Scheme S1.** The structures of maleic anhydride and 2(5H)-furanone.



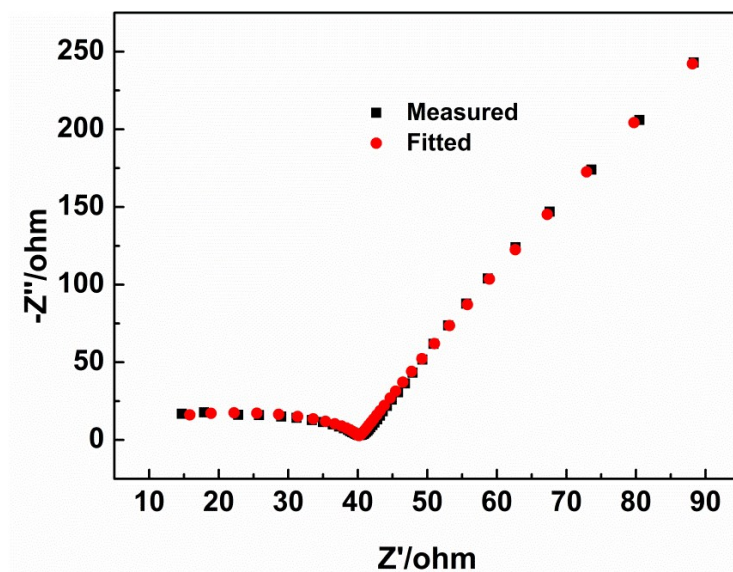
**Fig. S9.** Characterization of commercial CuS. SEM (A) and TEM (B) images.



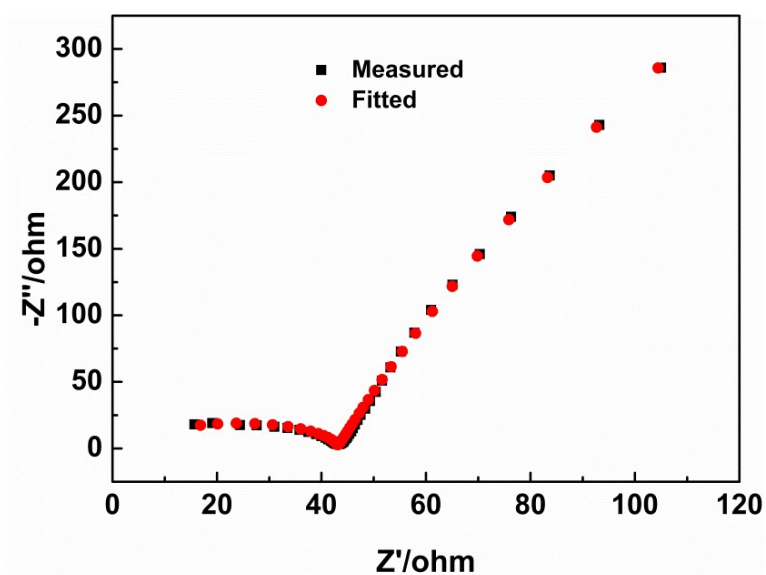
**Fig. S10.** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherm of the commercial CuS (A) and prepared CuS (B)



**Fig. S11.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of CuS/CP in [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.

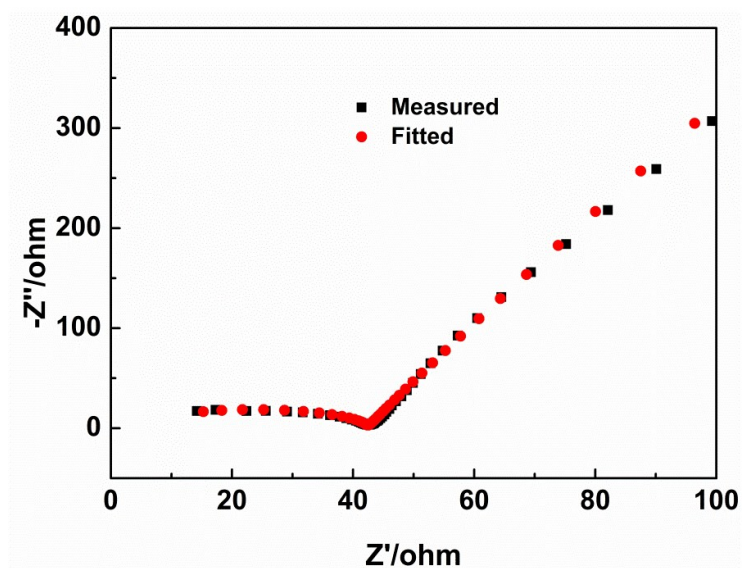


**Fig. S12.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of PbS/CP in  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.

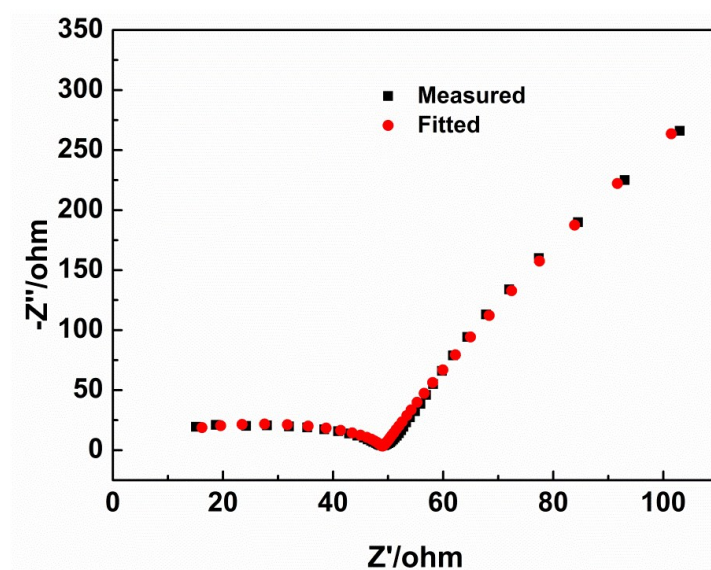


**Fig. S13.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of ZnS/CP in  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.

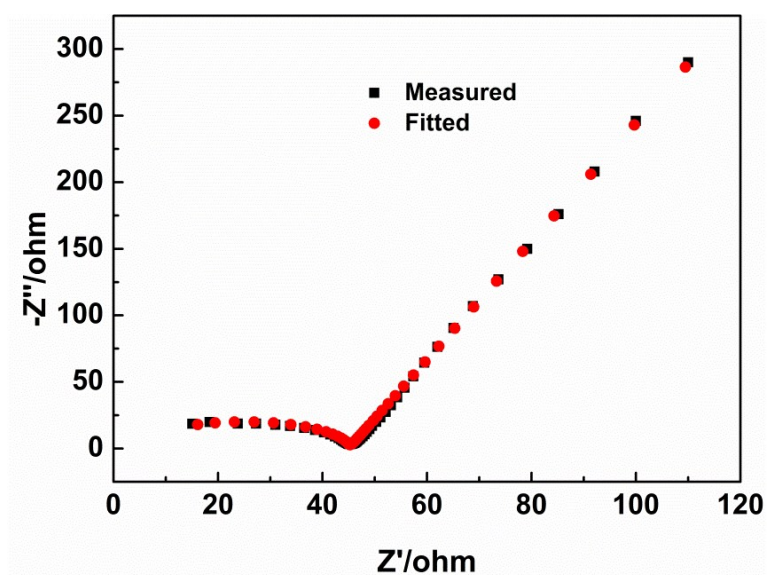




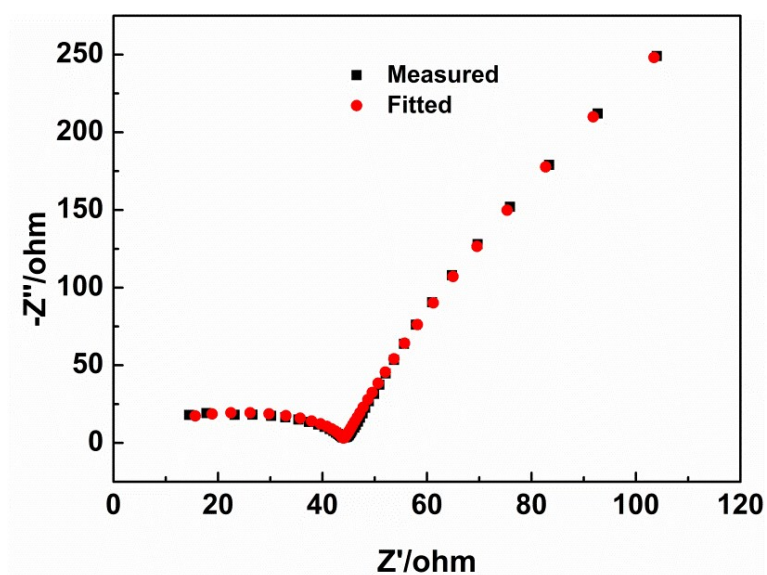
**Fig. S14.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of CuO/CP in  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.



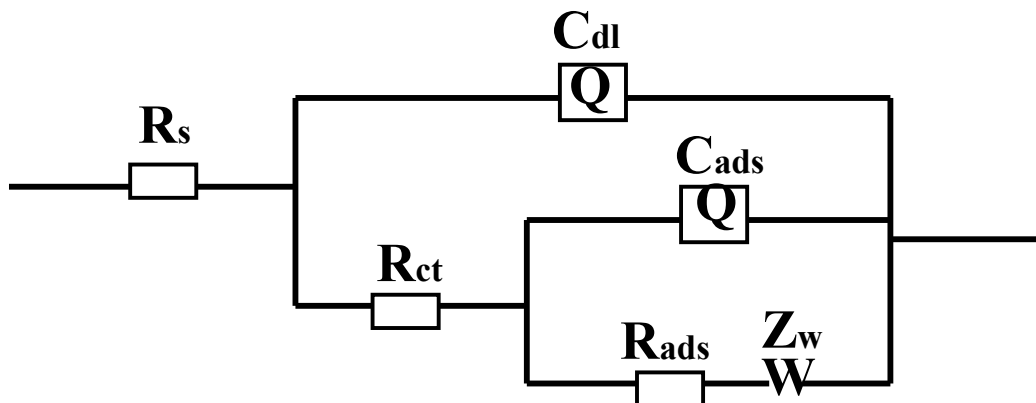
**Fig. S15.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of CdS/CP in  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.



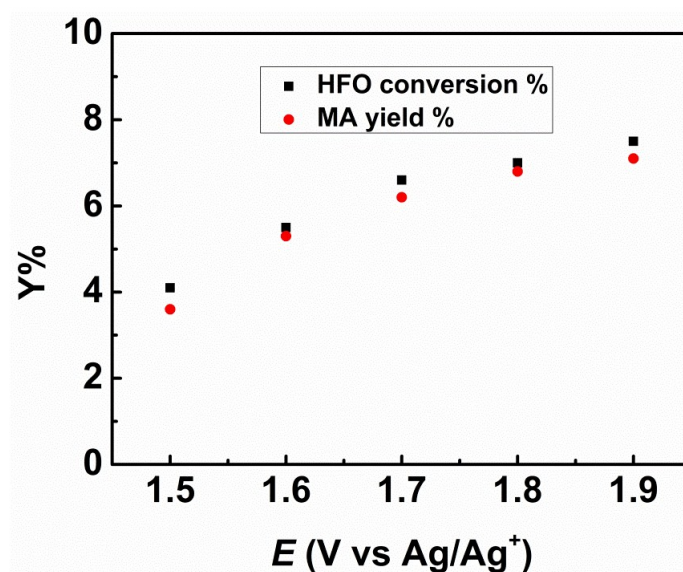
**Fig. S16.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of MoS<sub>2</sub>/CP in [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.



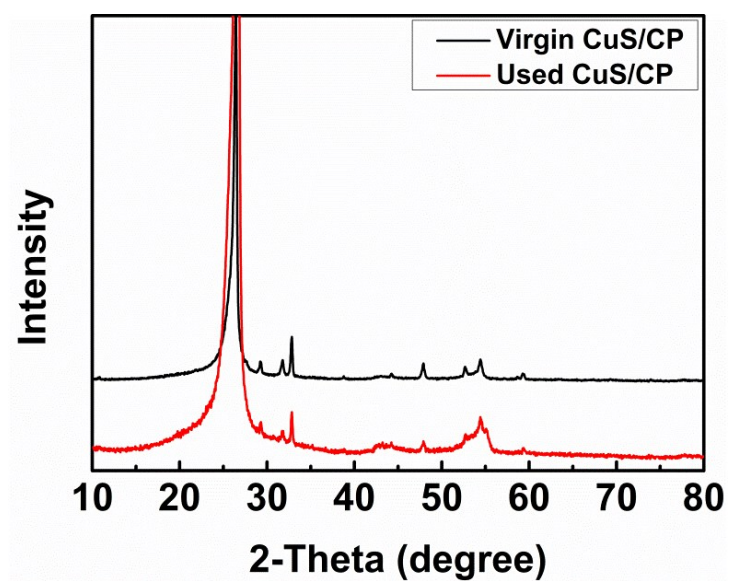
**Fig. S17.** The measured and fitted EIS spectra of WS<sub>2</sub>/CP in [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%) electrolyte in the presence of furfural.



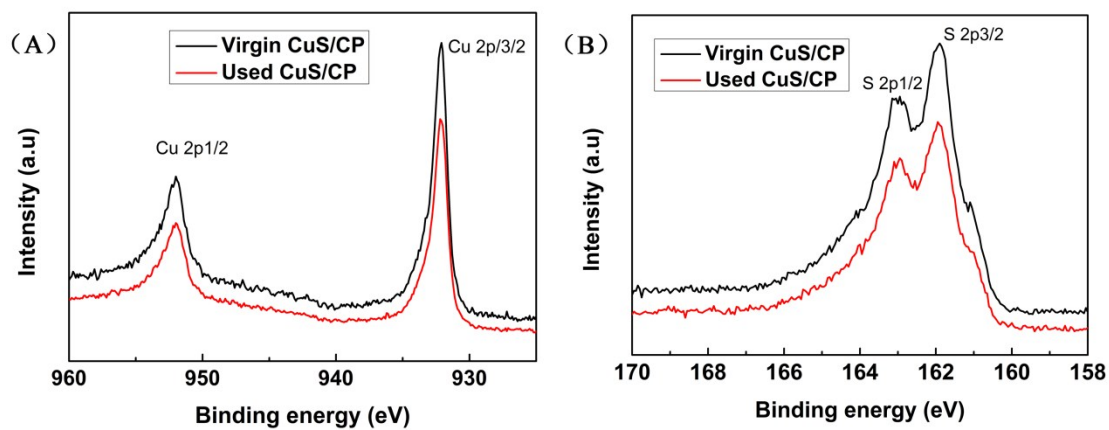
**Fig. S18.** Electrical equivalent circuit for fitting the measured impedance data.  $R_s$ ,  $R_{ct}$ ,  $C_{dl}$ ,  $C_{ads}$ ,  $Z_w$ , and  $R_{ads}$  represent solution resistance, electron transfer resistance, double layer capacitance, surface adsorption capacitance, Warburg impedance, and surface adsorption resistance, respectively.



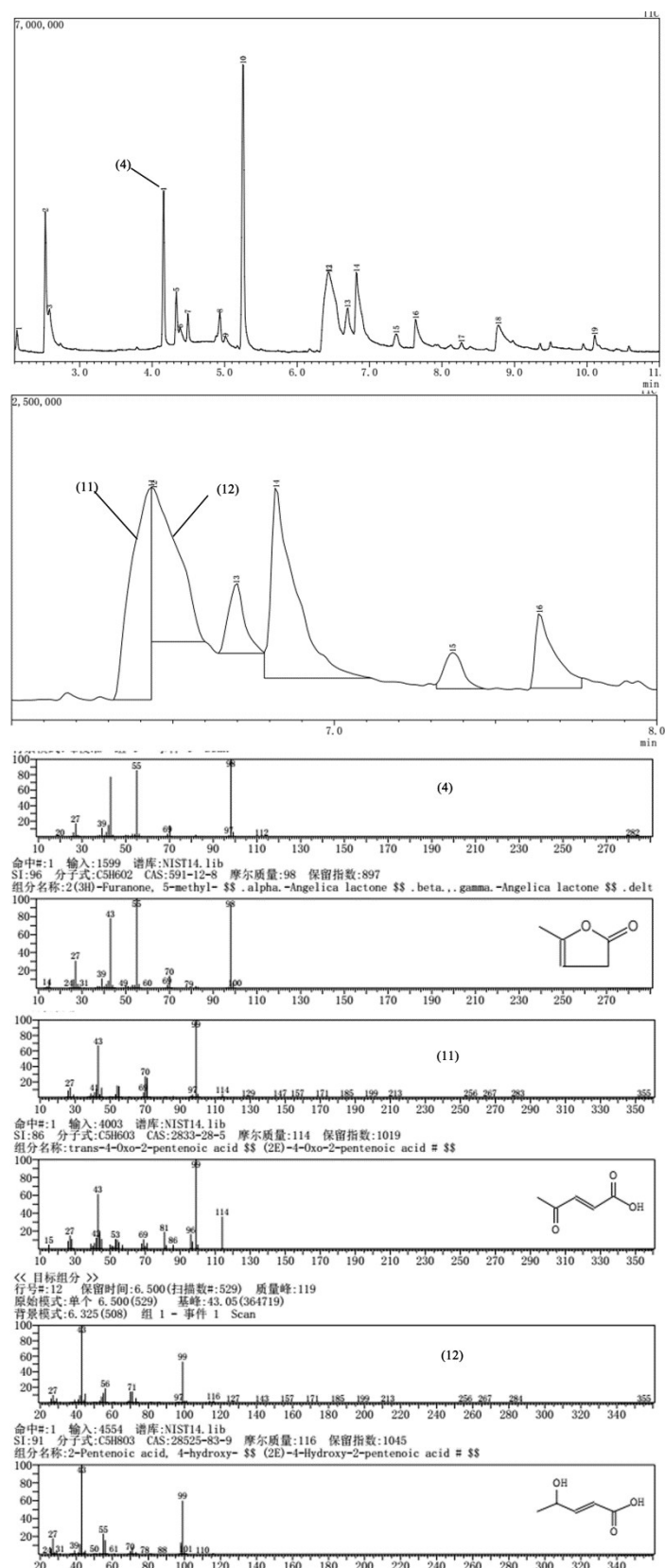
**Fig. S19.** Effect of applied potential on the electrochemical oxidation of HFO over CuS/CP electrode in the electrolyte (5.6 g) of  $[Et_3NH]NO_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $H_2O$  (12.5 wt%) with 1 mmol of HFO for 7 h.



**Fig. S20.** XRD patterns of the virgin and used CuS/CP (24 h) electrode.

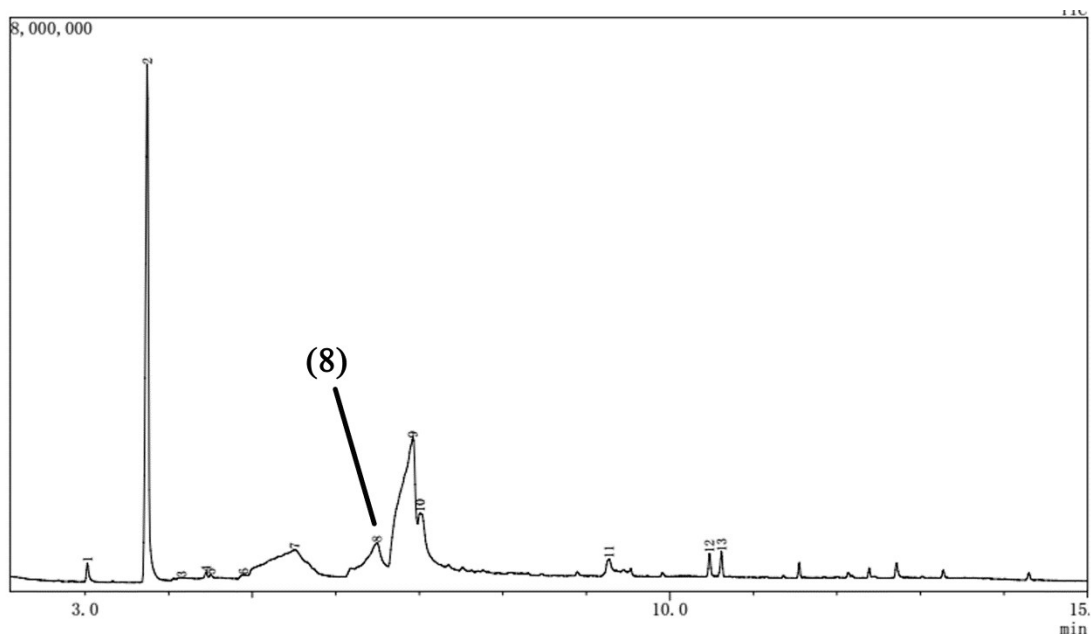


**Fig. S21.** XPS of the virgin and used CuS/CP (24 h) electrode.

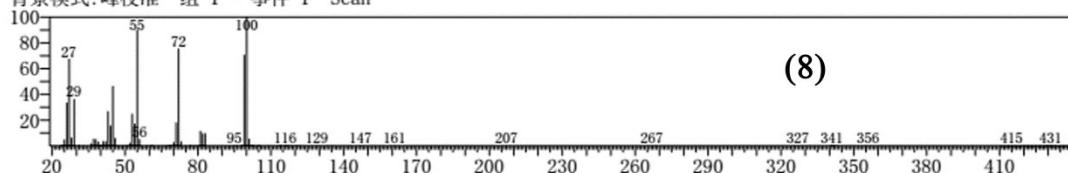


**Fig. S22.** GC-MS spectra of electrolyte after electrolysis for the electrochemical oxidation of 5-methylfurfural using CuS/CP in [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub> (1.8 wt%)-MeCN-H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%) at 1.6 V vs. Ag/Ag<sup>+</sup>.

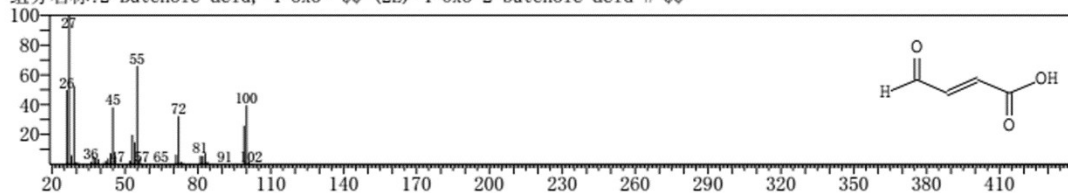




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 背景模式:峰校准 组 1 - 事件 1 Scan



命中#:1 输入:1902 谱库:NIST14.lib  
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**Fig. S23.** GC-MS spectra of electrolyte after electrolysis for the electrochemical oxidation of furfural using CuS/CP in  $[\text{Et}_3\text{NH}]\text{NO}_3$  (1.8 wt%)-MeCN- $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (12.5 wt%) at 1.6 V vs.  $\text{Ag}/\text{Ag}^+$ .

**Table S1** Parameter values of the equivalent circuit model.

Entry	Electrode	$R_s$ ( $\Omega$ cm <sup>-2</sup> )	$R_c$ ( $\Omega$ cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Cdl ( $\times 10^{-2}$ $\mu$ F cm <sup>-2</sup> )
1	PbS/CP	5.045	35.02	6.796
2	ZnS/CP	5.174	37.86	6.294
3	CdS/CP	5.344	43.54	6.346
4	MoS <sub>2</sub> /CP	4.993	40.80	6.396
5	WS <sub>2</sub> /CP	4.938	39.01	6.624
6	CuS/CP	5.240	34.51	7.405
7	CuO/CP	5.215	37.17	7.022

**Table S2.** The conductivity of [Et<sub>3</sub>NH]NO<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>CN- H<sub>2</sub>O (12.5 wt%) electrolyte.

Entry	[Et <sub>3</sub> NH]NO <sub>3</sub> (wt%)	Conductivity (ms cm <sup>-1</sup> )
1	0.9	4.28
2	1.8	6.81
3	3.6	10.84
4	5.4	14.69
5	7.1	18.13
6	8.9	20.50