

## Supporting Information

### Enantioselective Palladium/Copper-Catalyzed C-C $\sigma$ -Bond Activation Synergized with Sonogashira-Type C(sp<sup>3</sup>)-C(sp) Cross-Coupling Alkynylation

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## **General information**

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance (400 MHz) spectrometer, using  $\text{CDCl}_3$  as the solvent and TMS as internal standard; chemical shifts were quoted in parts per million and  $J$  values were given in hertz. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) was performed on a Waters Micromass GCT. HPLC was carried out on an Agilent 1260 infinity or Waters 2695 instrument using a chiralpak AS-H, AD-H, OD-H, OJ-H, or OX-H column. All solvents were dried according to standard procedures.

**Table S1: Selected optimization of racemic ring-opening/Sonogashira reaction.<sup>a</sup>**

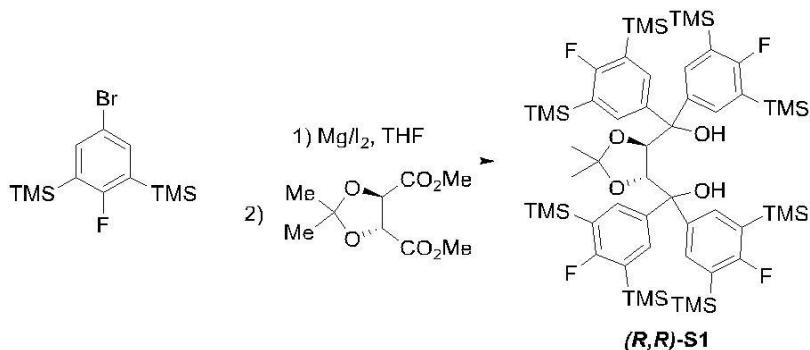
entry	[Pd]	ligand	base	solvent	temp (°C)	yield of 2a (%)
1	PdCl <sub>2</sub> (PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	/	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	0
2	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>SPhos</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	28
3	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>RuPhos</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	<5
4	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	25
5	Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	<5
6	PdBr <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	<5
7	[Pd(allyl)Cl] <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	<5
8	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	80	<5
9	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	toluene	80	11
10	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	DCE	80	<5
11	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Et <sub>3</sub> N (10 equiv)	DMF	80	<5
12	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>i</i> Pr <sub>2</sub> NH (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	30
13	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	Cy <sub>2</sub> NH (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	26
14	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	41
15	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (10 equiv)	dioxane	rt	<5
16	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (10 equiv)	dioxane	50	17
17	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (10 equiv)	dioxane	100	32
18	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (10 equiv)	dioxane	120	37
19	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (2 equiv)	dioxane	80	29
20	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (5 equiv)	dioxane	80	44
21	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<i>t</i> BuNH <sub>2</sub> (20 equiv)	dioxane	80	18
22	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<b>B1</b> (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	57
23	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<b>B2</b> (10 equiv)	dioxane	80	53
24 <sup>b</sup>	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<b>B2</b> (5 equiv)	dioxane	80	65
25 <sup>c</sup>	<b>PdCl<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>L1</b>	<b>B2 (5 equiv)</b>	<b>dioxane</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>76</b>
26 <sup>d</sup>	PdCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>L1</b>	<b>B2 (5 equiv)</b>	dioxane	80	60

<sup>a</sup>Unless otherwise noted, the reactions were carried out using **1a** (0.2 mmol), alkyne (1.2 equiv), [Pd] (5.0 mol%), CuI (5.0 mol%), ligand (10.0 mol%), and base in solvent (2 mL) in a sealed tube for 12 h.

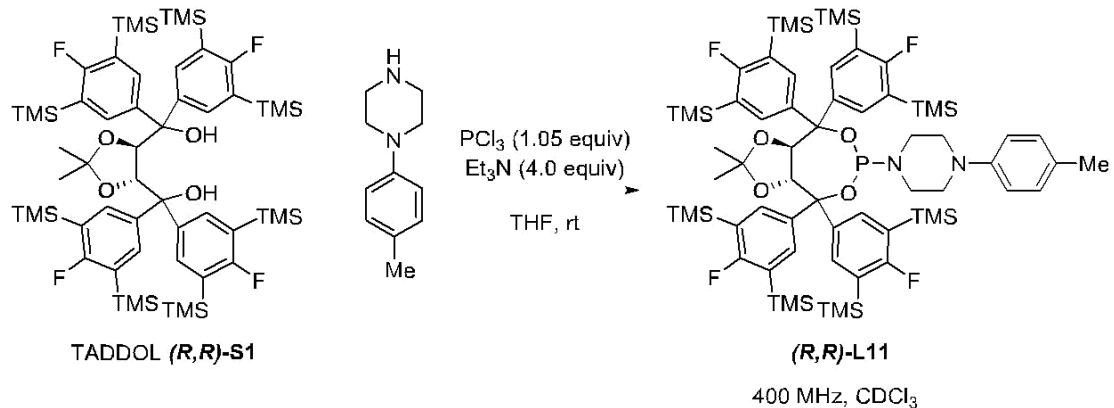
<sup>b</sup>5 mL of dioxane were used. <sup>c</sup>10 mL of dioxane were used. <sup>d</sup>20 mL of dioxane were used.

## Preparation of chiral ligands

The chiral ligand **L2** was purchased and used without purification. **L3-L10** were prepared by reported methods<sup>[1-3]</sup>. **L11** was prepared from TADDOL (*R,R*)-**S1** by modified procedure.



A 250 ml single-necked, round-bottomed flask equipped with an egg-shaped magnetic stir bar and reflux condensation device was flame-dried under vacuum. Mg (1.1 g, 44.0 mmol) was added and the reaction flask was put under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub>. A grain of I<sub>2</sub> and THF (80 mL) were added. (5-Bromo-2-fluoro-1,3-phenylene)bis(trimethylsilane) (14.1 g, 44.0 mmol) was added slowly, then the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 3 h. The dimethyl (4*R*,5*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane-4,5-dicarboxylate (2.2 g, 10.0 mmol, in 30 mL THF) was added slowly, then the reaction was carried out for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3×100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (150 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuum. Flash chromatography (100:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate) afforded the (*R,R*)-**S1** (8.14 g, 73%) as a foamy solid. mp 85-86 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.60 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 4H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 4H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 1.00 (s, 6H), 0.29 (s, 36H), 0.21 (s, 36H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 171.6 (d, *J* = 235.4 Hz), 171.4 (d, *J* = 236.3 Hz), 140.3 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 136.7 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz), 136.6 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 136.0 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz), 124.6 (d, *J* = 35.7 Hz), 123.8 (d, *J* = 35.5 Hz), 108.8, 81.9, 77.9, 27.0, -0.7, -0.9. IR: ν 2957, 1579, 1398, 1250, 1104, 839, 772, 694, 622 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>55</sub>H<sub>90</sub>F<sub>4</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si<sub>8</sub>, 1137.4822; found 1137.4785.



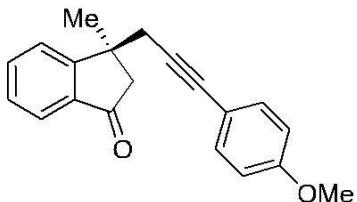
**1-((3a*R*,8a*R*)-4,4,8,8-tetrakis(4-fluoro-3,5-bis(trimethylsilyl)phenyl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-*e*][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin-6-yl)-4-(*p*-tolyl)piperazine (**L11**)**

A 250 ml single-necked, round-bottomed flask equipped with an egg-shaped magnetic stir bar is flame-dried under vacuum. After cooling to 25 °C, (*R,R*)-Taddol **S1** (3.5 g, 3.0 mmol) is added, the reaction flask is put under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub>, and THF (100 mL) is added via syringe. To this clear, colorless solution, triethylamine (1.6 mL, 12 mmol) is added via syringe resulting in a clear solution with a slight yellow color. The reaction mixture is cooled to 0 °C with an ice bath and PCl<sub>3</sub> (0.3 mL, 3.15 mmol) is added dropwise over 2 min via syringe resulting in a white suspension. The ice bath is removed and the reaction is allowed to warm to 25 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture is cooled to 0 °C with an ice bath and 1-(4-methylphenyl)-piperazine (1.55 g, 4.0 mmol) is added via syringe. The ice bath is removed and the reaction mixture is stirred at rt for 12 h, then filtered through a pad of celite. The celite was further washed with dry THF and the volatile solvents were removed. The residue was dried on a vacuum line. Flash chromatography (hexanes/ethyl acetate/Et<sub>3</sub>N = 100:1:1) afforded the **L11** (3.37 g, 85%).

White foamy solid. mp 82-84 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.84 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (s, 4H), 3.22 (s, 4H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 0.35-0.27 (m, 75H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  171.6 (d, *J* = 235.8 Hz), 171.5 (d, *J* = 236.3 Hz), 171.23 (d, *J* = 235.4 Hz), 171.17 (d, *J* = 236.4 Hz), 149.8, 141.3 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 140.9, 137.4 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz), 137.22 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz), 137.20 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 137.0 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 135.4 (d, *J* = 11.8

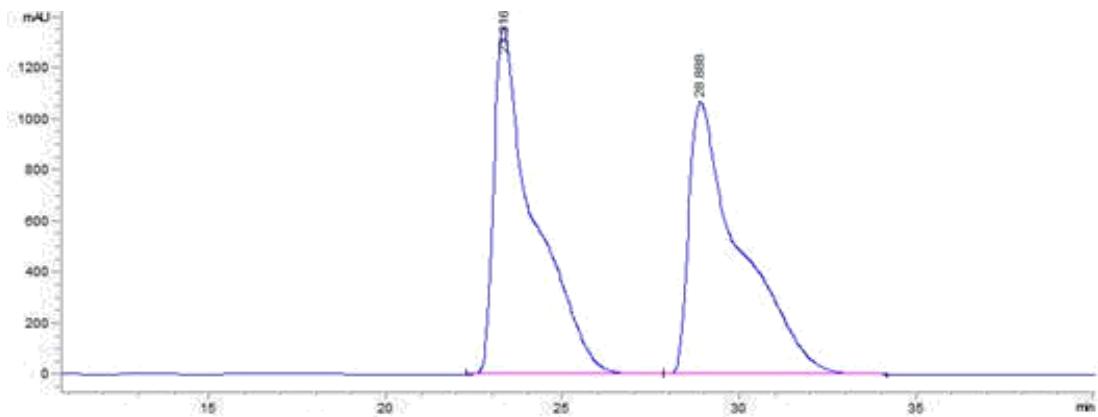
Hz), 129.9, 124.6 (d,  $J = 35.8$  Hz), 124.3 (d,  $J = 35.0$  Hz), 123.9 (d,  $J = 35.6$  Hz), 123.5 (d,  $J = 36.0$  Hz), 117.2, 110.6, 83.6, 83.4 (d,  $J = 17.1$  Hz), 81.8 (d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz), 81.2, 51.7 (d,  $J = 4.5$  Hz), 44.2 (d,  $J = 18.4$  Hz), 27.9, 24.5, 20.6, -0.4, -0.7, -0.8. IR:  $\nu$  2956, 2901, 1580, 1512, 1400, 1250, 1104, 1051, 840, 772, 694, 623  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{66}\text{H}_{104}\text{F}_4\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{PSi}_8$ , 1319.5818; found 1319.5824.

## Typical procedure for the synthesis of 1-indanones 2

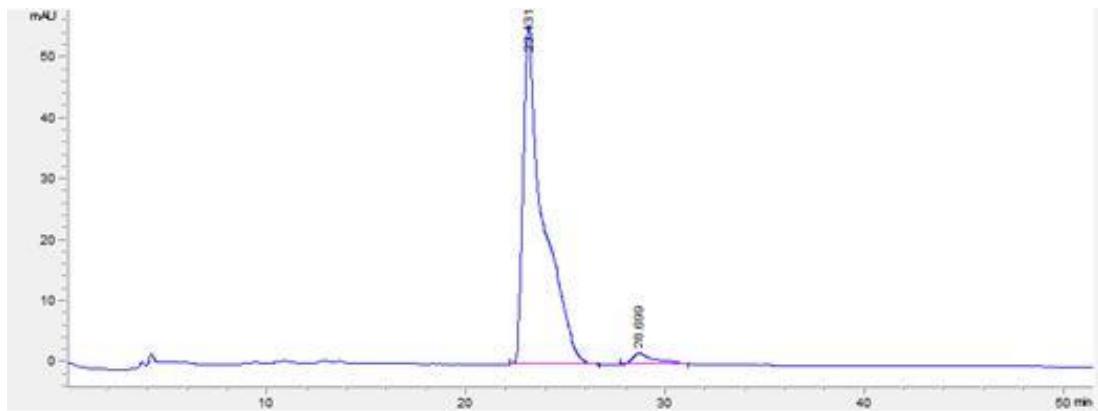


### (S)-3-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2a)

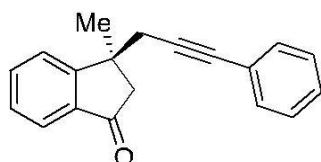
A vial was charged with cyclobutanone **1a** (57.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), PdCl<sub>2</sub> (1.8 mg, 5 mol%), CuI (1.9 mg, 5 mol%), (*R, R*)-**L11** (26.4 mg, 10 mol%), and 1-adamantanamine (151.2 mg, 5 equiv) and evacuated under high vacuum and backfilled with N<sub>2</sub>. Dioxane (10 mL) and 4-methoxyphenylacetylene (31.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) were next added. The mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature and subsequently immersed in a preheated oil bath at 80 °C. Upon reaction completion (12 h, TLC, eluent: hexane-EtOAc, 15:1), the mixture was filtered over a plug of silica gel (washed with 50 mL EtOAc), and the filtrate was concentrated. The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (50.0 mg, 86%). [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = +70.1 (c = 0.45, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.93 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 205.1, 161.1, 159.5, 136.4, 135.0, 133.0, 128.1, 124.0, 123.4, 115.6, 114.0, 85.1, 82.9, 55.4, 50.9, 42.2, 33.7, 27.3. IR: ν 1702, 1607, 1511, 1463, 1438, 1327, 1289, 1244, 1178, 1087, 840, 753 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>, 313.1199; found 313.1209. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak IC column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 96:4 *er*); major enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 23.1 min, minor enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 28.7 min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	23.316	107102.8	1357	49.996
2	28.888	107119.6	1065.6	50.004



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	23.131	3890.6	55.4	96.164
2	28.699	155.2	1.9	3.836



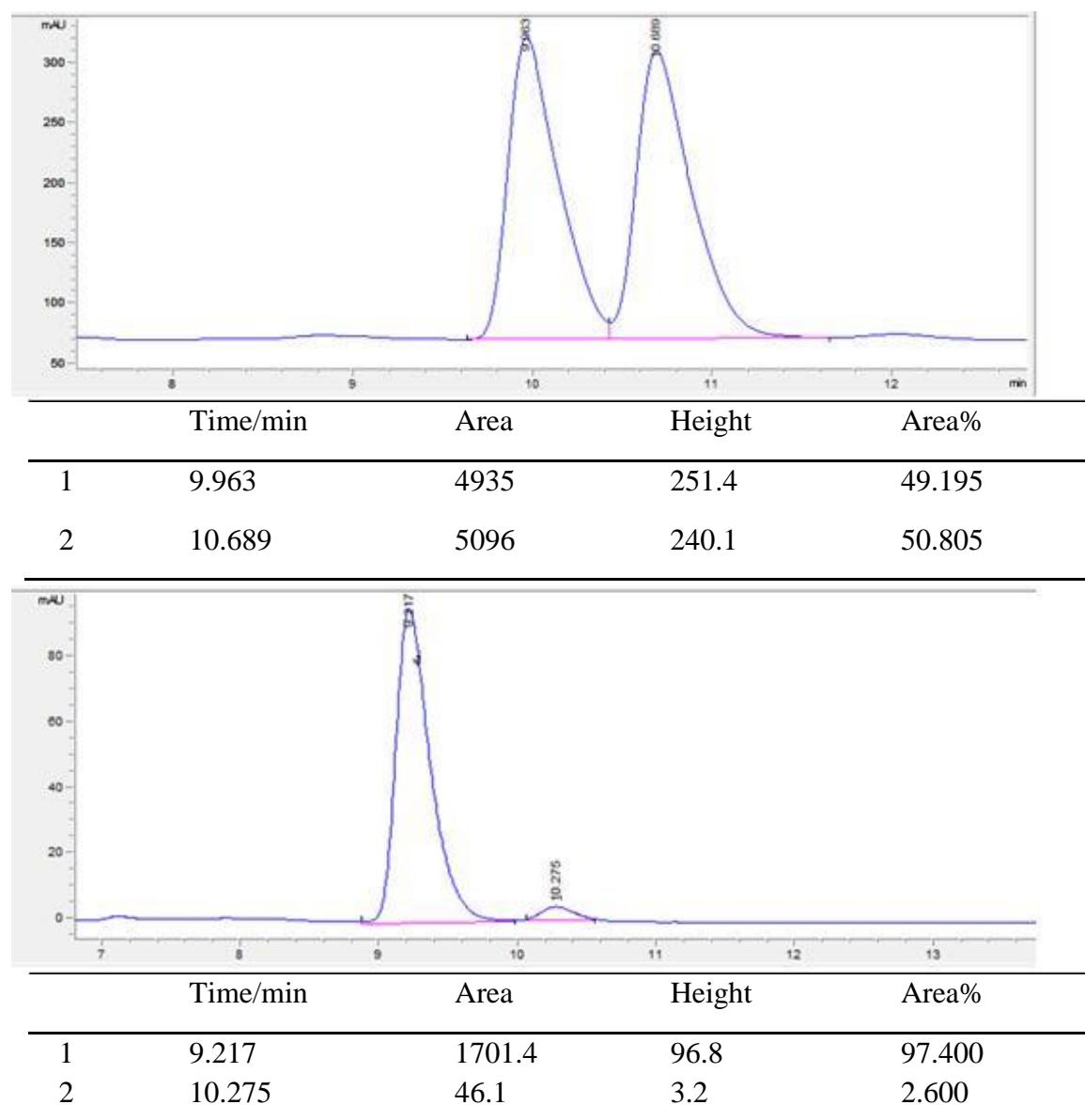
**(S)-3-methyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2b)**

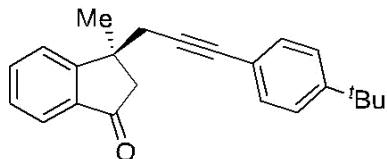
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil.

(48.9 mg, 94%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +2.7$  ( $c = 0.52$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.67 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.34 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.15 (m, 5H),

2.86 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.66 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.51 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.52 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.0, 160.9, 136.3, 135.0, 131.6, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 123.9, 123.4, 123.3, 86.6, 83.0, 50.8, 42.1, 33.6, 27.3. IR:  $\nu$  1709, 1602, 1489, 1463, 1374, 1260, 1070, 901, 843, 753, 690  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{NaO}$ , 283.1093; found 283.1103.

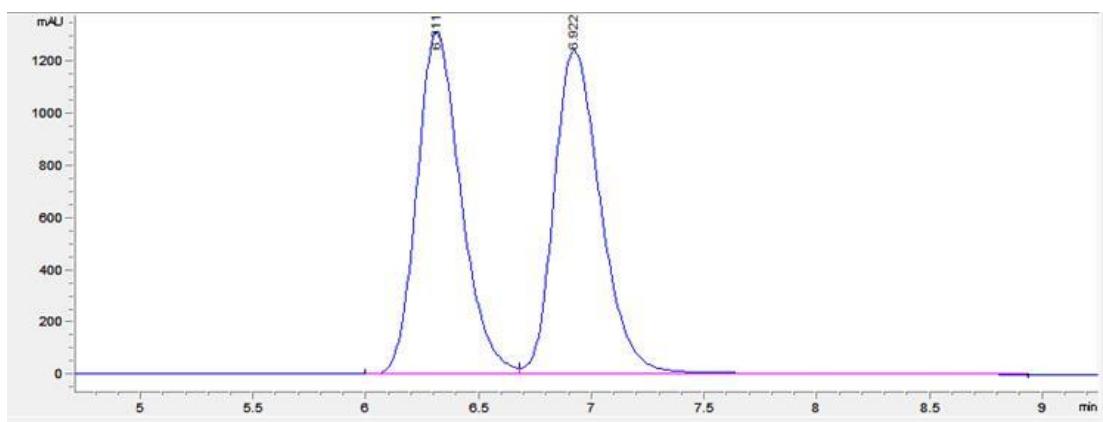
Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 97.5:2.5 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r = 9.2$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 10.3$  min.



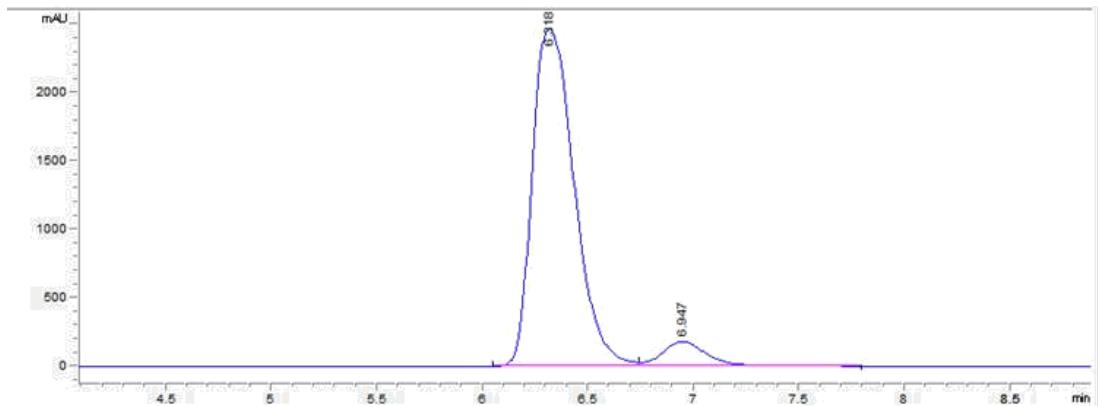


**(S)-3-(3-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2c)**

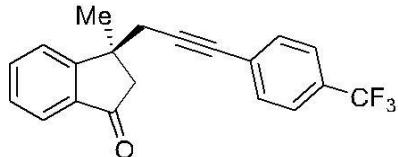
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (57.5 mg, 91%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -54.0$  ( $c = 0.61$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.67 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.33 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 2.85 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.50 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.51 (s, 3H), 1.21 (s, 9H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.2, 161.1, 151.2, 136.4, 135.0, 131.3, 128.1, 125.3, 124.0, 123.4, 120.3, 85.9, 83.1, 50.8, 42.1, 34.8, 33.6, 31.3, 27.3. IR:  $\nu$  2957, 2870, 1715, 1604, 1510, 1464, 1377, 1286, 1170, 1073, 961, 834, 753, 679  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{24}\text{NaO}$ , 339.1719; found 339.1732. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93:7 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r = 6.3$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 7.0$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.311	17781.6	1313.4	49.717
2	6.922	17984.2	1242.7	50.283

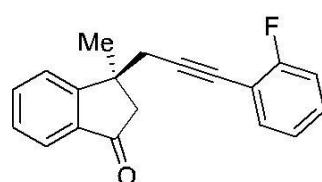
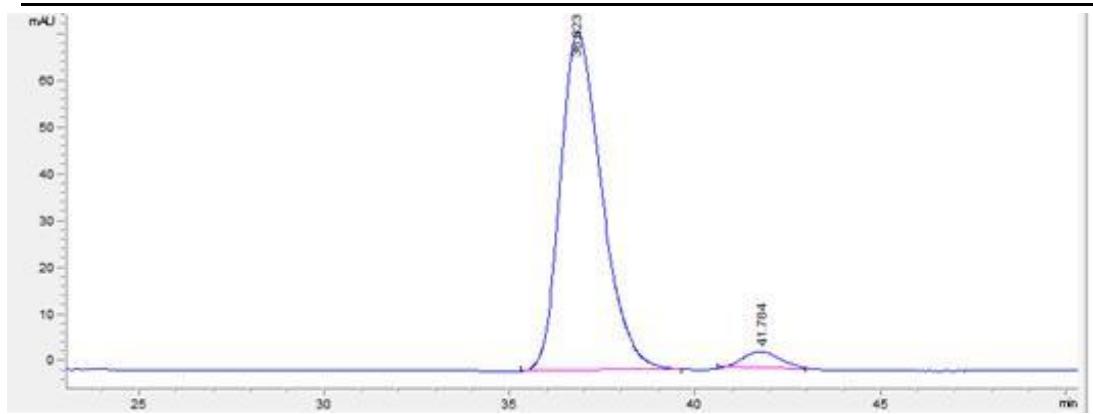
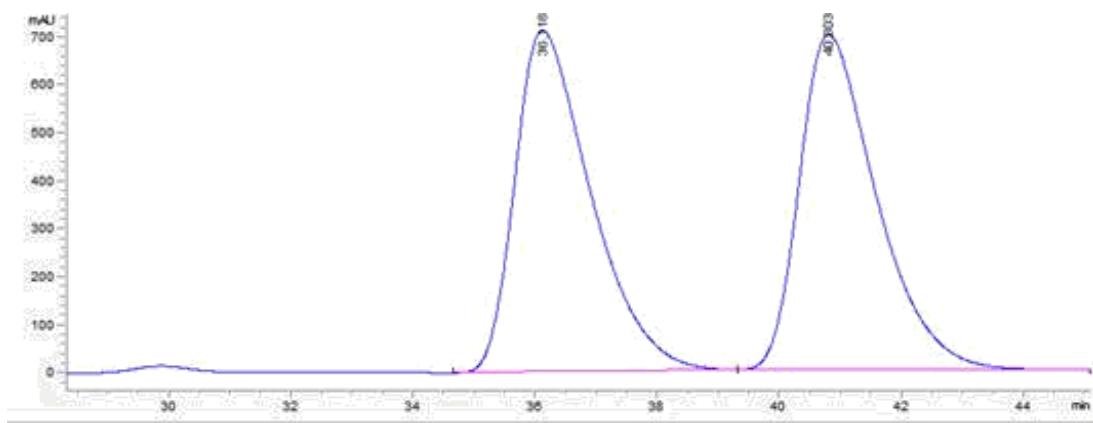


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.318	34091	2471	92.785
2	6.947	2650.8	179.9	7.215



**(S)-3-methyl-3-(3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2d)**

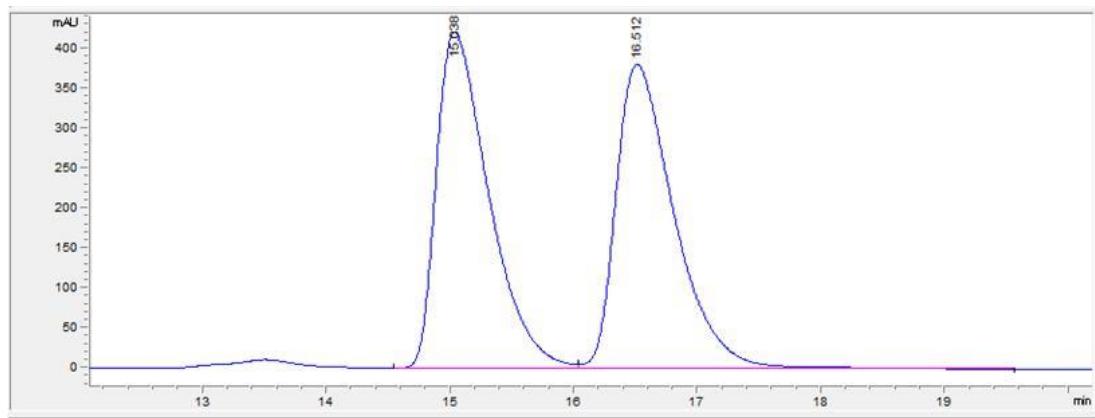
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (58.8 mg, 89%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +21.5$  ( $c = 0.79$ , CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.75 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 2.92 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.82 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.60 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  204.9, 160.6, 136.4, 135.1, 131.9, 129.8 (q,  $J = 32.0$  Hz), 128.3, 127.1, 125.3 (q,  $J = 4.0$  Hz), 124.0 (q,  $J = 271.0$  Hz), 123.8, 123.5, 89.4, 82.0, 50.8, 42.1, 33.7, 27.3. IR:  $\nu$  1716, 1615, 1604, 1405, 1464, 1324, 1290, 1166, 1125, 1067, 1031, 1017, 843, 763, 754 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>15</sub>F<sub>3</sub>NaO, 351.0967; found 351.0983. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99.5:0.5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 95.5:4.5 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 36.8$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 41.8$  min.



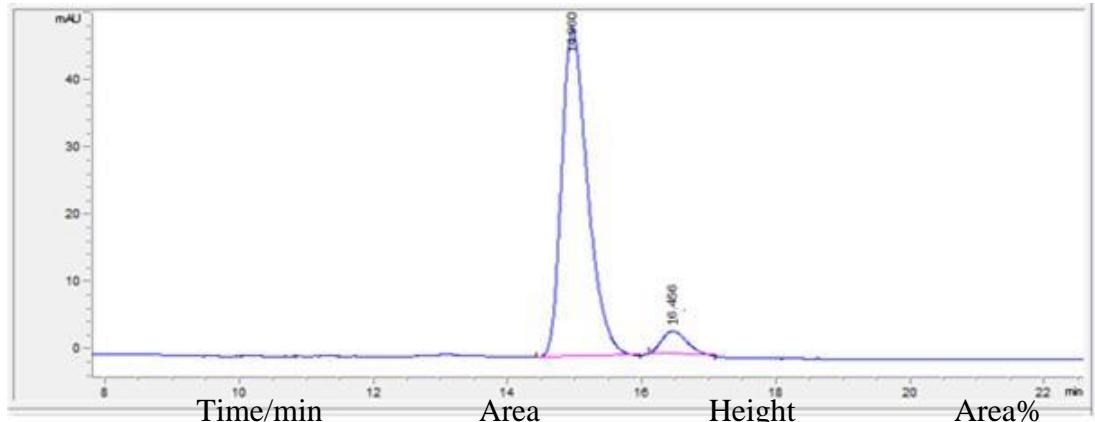
**(S)-3-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2e)**

The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (47.4 mg, 85%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -131.8$  ( $c = 0.77$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.67 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.13 (m, 2H),

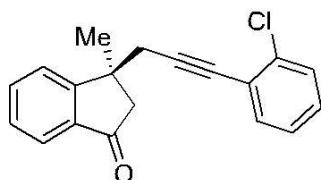
6.98-6.90 (m, 2H), 2.85 (d,  $J$  = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (d,  $J$  = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (d,  $J$  = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (d,  $J$  = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 1.52 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.1, 163.0 (d,  $J$  = 249.0 Hz), 160.3, 136.3, 135.1, 133.5, 129.7 (d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz), 128.2, 124.1, 124.0 (d,  $J$  = 4.0 Hz), 123.5, 115.0 (d,  $J$  = 20.0 Hz), 111.8 (d,  $J$  = 15.0 Hz), 92.2 (d,  $J$  = 3.0 Hz), 76.4, 50.8, 42.0, 33.7, 27.4. IR:  $\nu$  1715, 1645, 1603, 1491, 1463, 1377, 1289, 1257, 1102, 1031, 858, 755, 699  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{15}\text{FNaO}$ , 301.0999; found 301.1009. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 94:6 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r$  = 15.0 min, minor enantiomer  $t_r$  = 16.5 min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	15.038	12396.5	420.8	49.813
2	16.512	12489.7	381.2	50.187

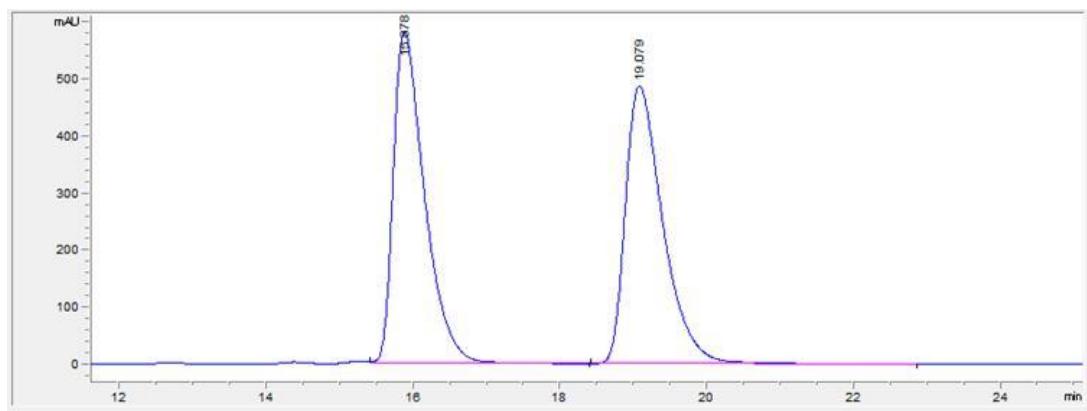


1	14.96	1320.1	48.8	94.051
2	16.456	83.5	3.3	5.949

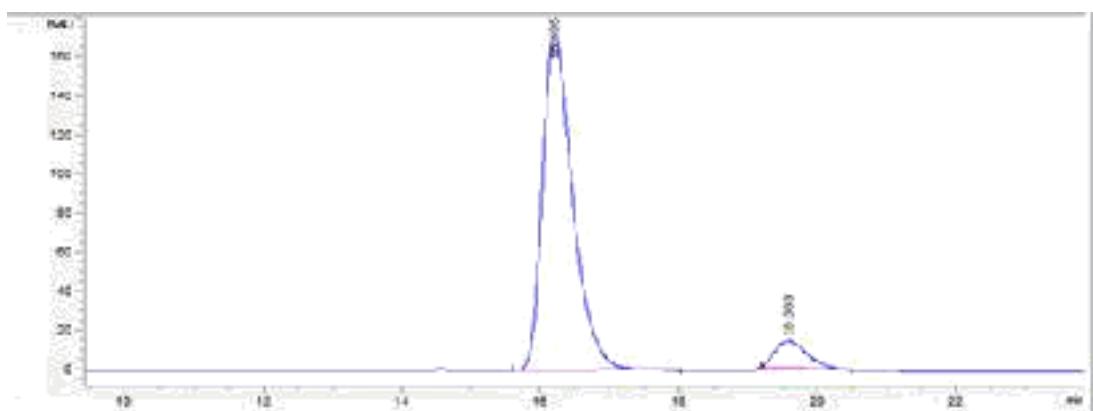


**(S)-3-(3-(2-chlorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2f)**

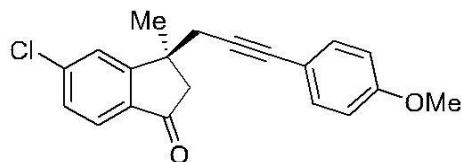
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (47.7 mg, 81%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -39.6$  ( $c = 0.72$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.74 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 2H), 2.97 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.86 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.80 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.61 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.1, 161.0, 136.3, 136.0, 135.1, 133.4, 129.3, 129.0, 128.2, 126.5, 124.0, 123.6, 123.2, 92.3, 79.8, 50.8, 42.1, 33.6, 27.6. IR:  $\nu$  2957, 2923, 1716, 1646, 1603, 1463, 1377, 1260, 1093, 1019, 800, 753  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNaO}$ , 317.0704; found 317.0717. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 98:2, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 92:8 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 16.2$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 19.6$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	15.878	56344.8	598.2	49.976
2	19.079	56632.6	519.8	50.024

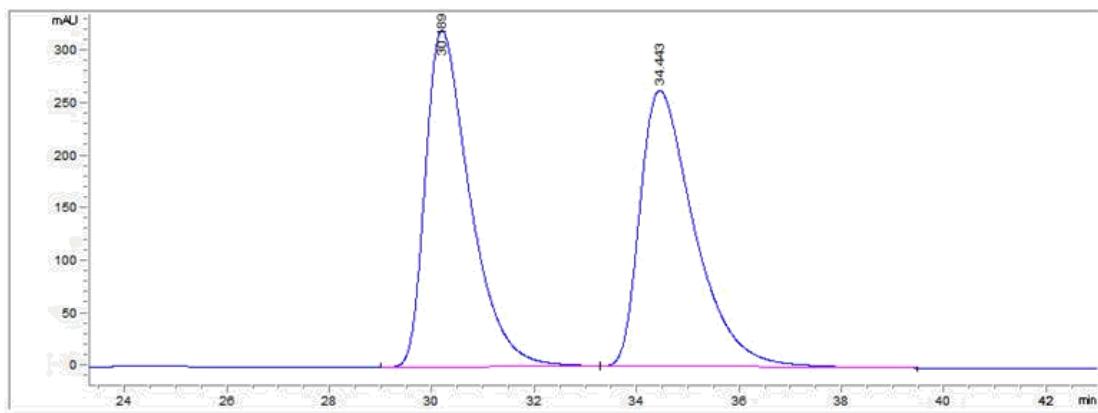


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	16.195	5252.5	171.9	91.603
2	19.583	481.5	14.3	8.397

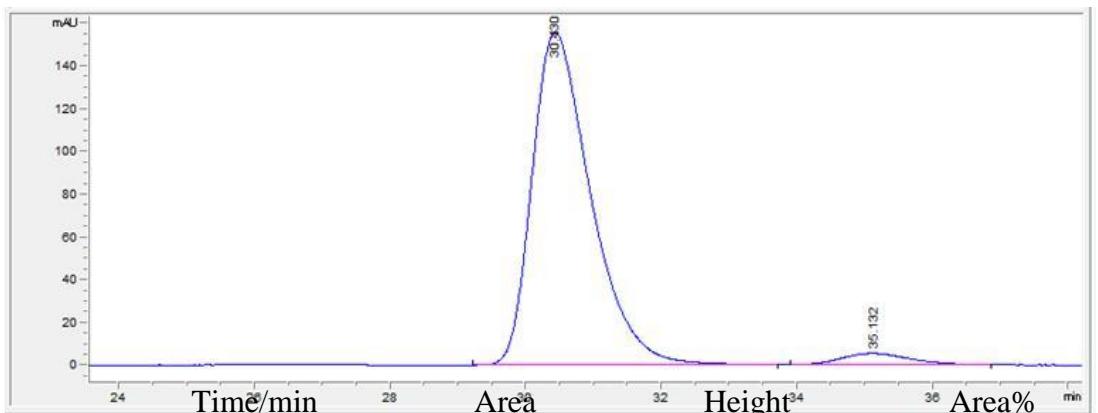


(S)-5-chloro-3-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (**2g**)

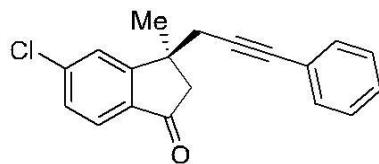
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 10:1. Yellow oil. (62.3 mg, 96%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -40.9$  ( $c = 0.58$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.66 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 4.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.92 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.75 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.70 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.58 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  203.6, 162.4, 159.5, 141.4, 134.9, 133.0, 128.9, 124.63, 124.57, 115.3, 114.0, 84.6, 83.3, 55.4, 50.8, 42.2, 33.6, 27.1. IR:  $\nu$  1712, 1610, 1696, 1486, 1458, 1376, 1262, 1181, 1080, 1020, 898, 823, 750  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClNaO}_2$ , 347.0809; found 347.0819. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 96:4 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 30.4$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 35.1$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	30.189	19398.9	320.5	50.040
2	34.443	19368.1	262.8	49.960



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	30.43	9336.8	155.4	96.206
2	35.132	368.2	5.3	3.794



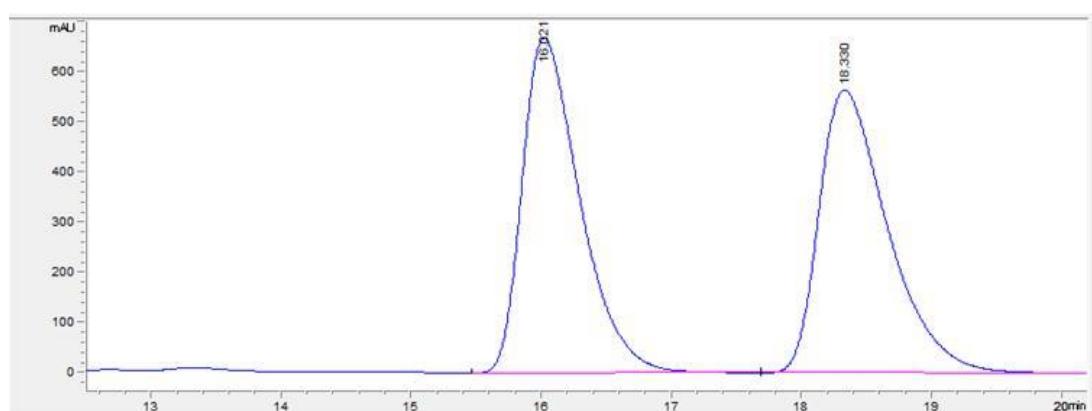
**(S)-5-chloro-3-methyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2h)**

The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil.

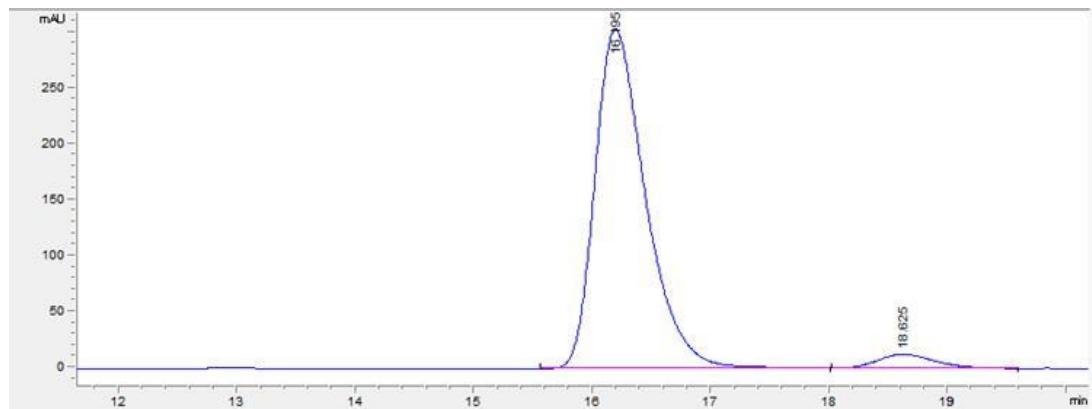
(56.2 mg, 95%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +3.1$  ( $c = 0.73$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.59

(d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d,  $J = 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd,  $J = 7.6, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.16

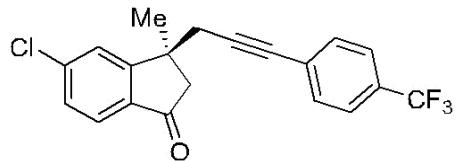
(m, 5H), 2.85 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.70 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.52 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  203.5, 162.3, 141.4, 134.9, 131.6, 128.9, 128.4, 128.1, 124.7, 124.5, 123.1, 86.1, 83.5, 50.8, 42.1, 33.6, 27.1. IR:  $\nu$  1716, 1597, 1489, 1458, 1377, 1310, 1259, 1068, 1028, 880, 759, 692  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClNaO}$ , 317.0704; found 317.0713. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 96:4 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 16.2$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 18.6$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	16.021	20745.8	669.5	49.988
2	18.33	20755.7	565.3	50.012

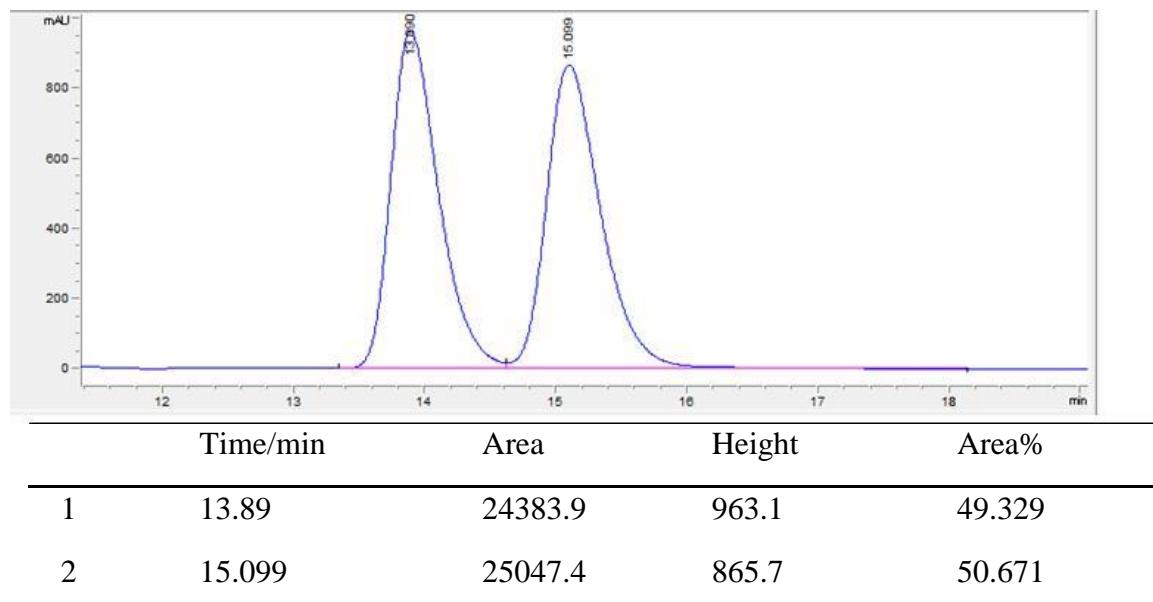


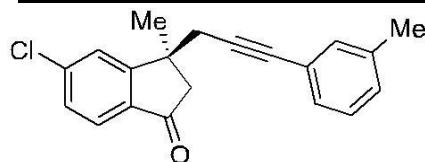
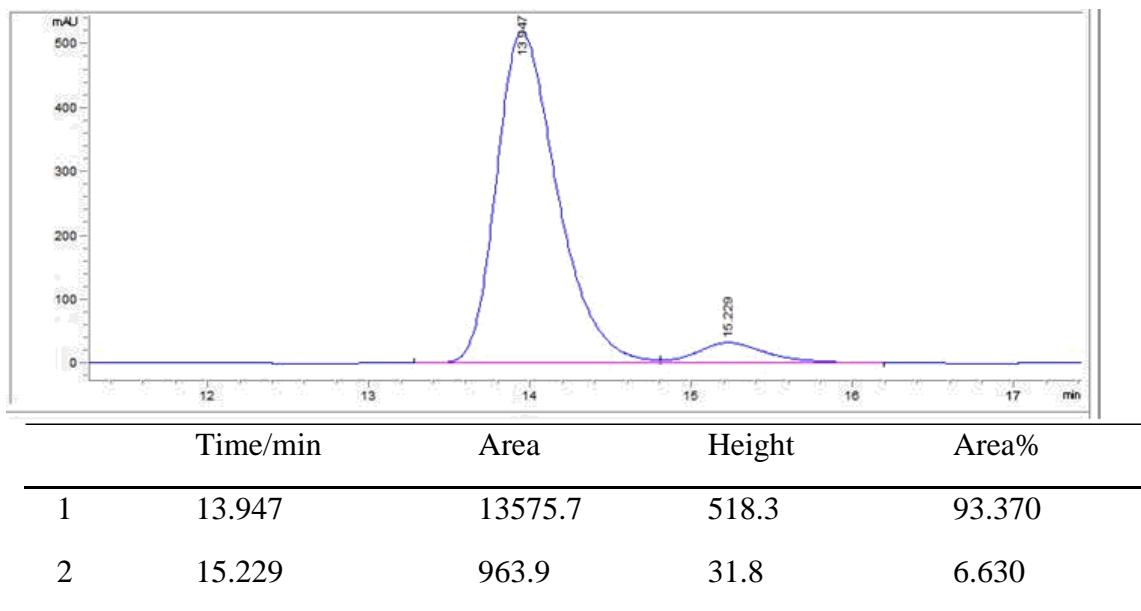
	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	16.195	8996.6	303.6	95.621
2	18.625	412	12.4	4.379



**(S)-5-chloro-3-methyl-3-(3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2i)**

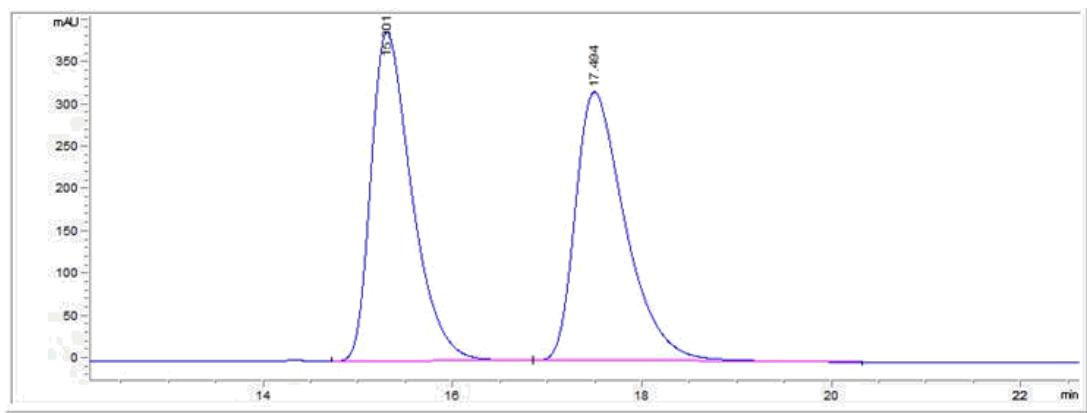
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 10:1. Yellow oil. (68.0 mg, 94%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} = +88.8$  ( $c = 0.7$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.67 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d,  $J = 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.39 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 2.91 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.80 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.75 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.60 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  203.3, 162.0, 141.6, 135.0, 131.9, 129.9 (q,  $J = 32.5$  Hz), 129.1, 126.9, 125.3 (q,  $J = 3.7$  Hz), 124.7, 124.4, 124.0 (q,  $J = 270.5$  Hz), 88.9, 82.3, 50.8, 42.1, 33.6, 27.1. IR:  $\nu$  1719, 1597, 1460, 1377, 1323, 1260, 1167, 1128, 1067, 1108, 842, 803  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClF}_3\text{NaO}$ , 385.0577; found 385.0587. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93.5:6.5 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r = 14.0$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 15.2$  min.



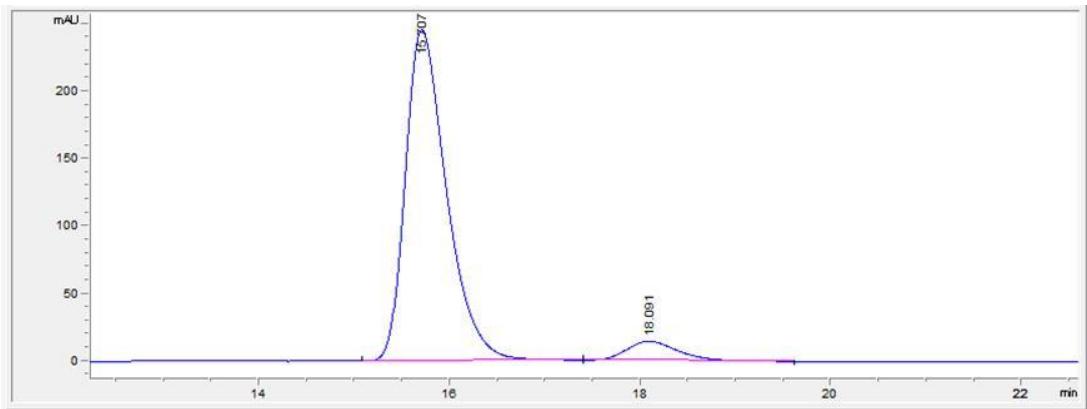


**(S)-5-chloro-3-methyl-3-(3-(m-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2j)**

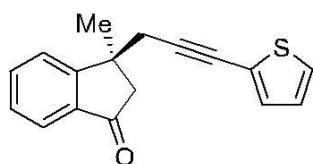
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (59.6 mg, 96%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +6.6$  ( $c = 0.93$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.67 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d,  $J = 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd,  $J = 8.0, 1.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.05 (m, 4H), 2.92 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.77 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.59 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  203.5, 162.4, 141.4, 138.0, 134.8, 132.2, 129.0, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 124.7, 124.6, 122.9, 85.7, 83.6, 50.8, 42.1, 33.5, 27.1, 21.3. IR:  $\nu$  1708, 1597, 1483, 1457, 1378, 1313, 1251, 1217, 1101, 1067, 896, 831, 788, 692  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClNaO}$ , 331.0860; found 331.0870. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93:7 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 15.7$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 18.1$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	15.301	11605.3	388.8	49.946
2	17.494	11630.3	317.6	50.054



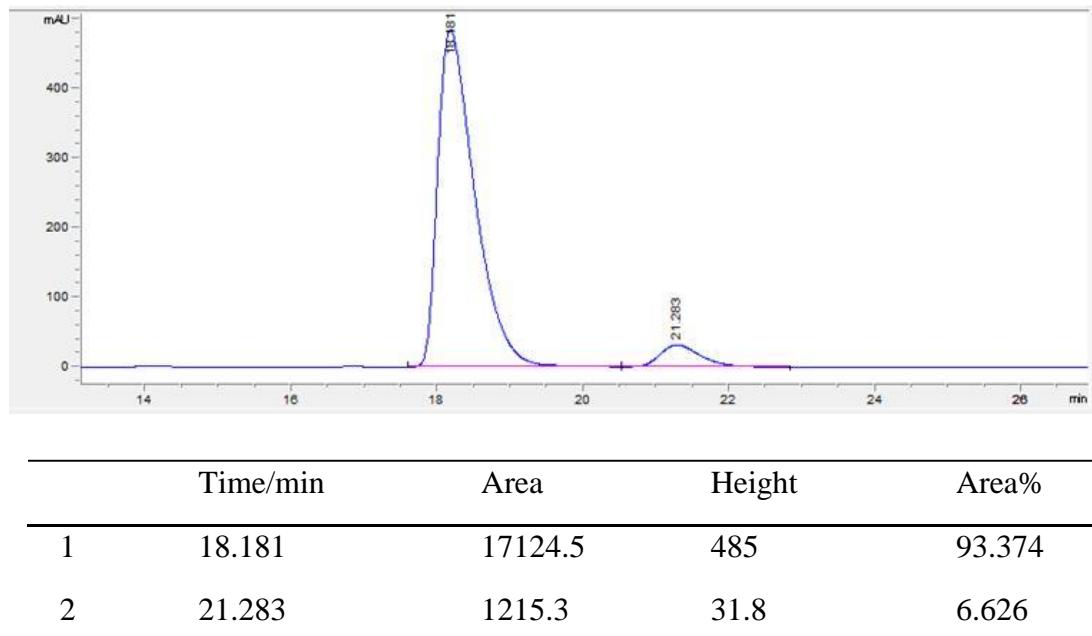
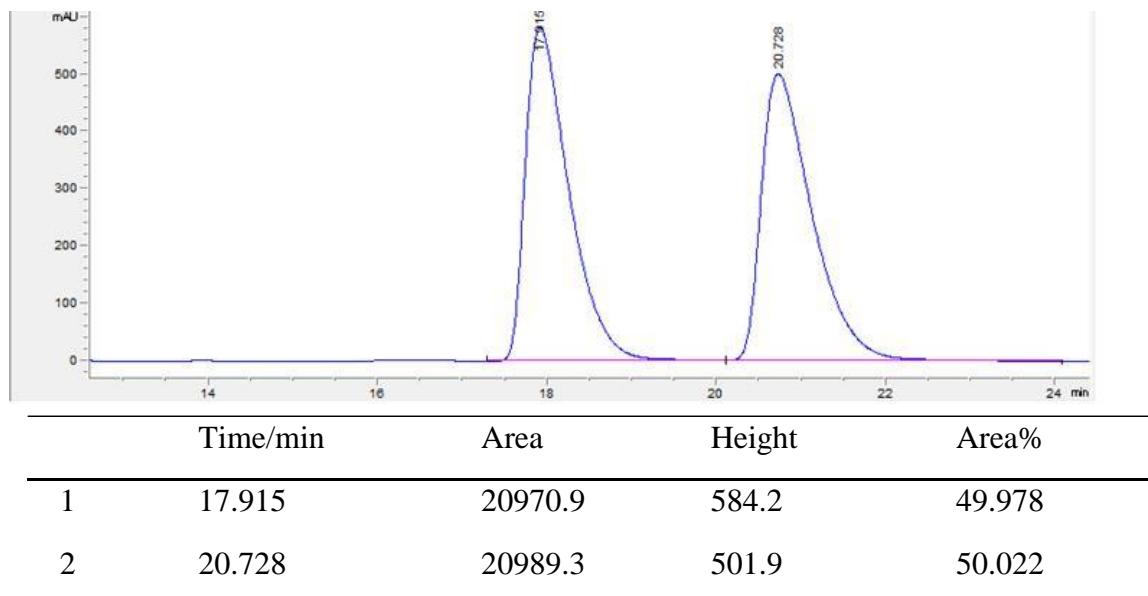
	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	15.707	7419.3	245.6	93.288
2	18.091	533.8	14.3	6.712

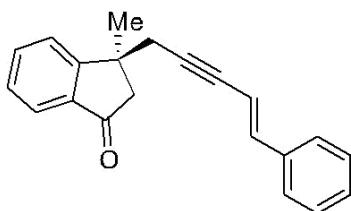


**(S)-3-methyl-3-(3-(thiophen-2-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2k)**

The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (48.1 mg, 90%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -174.6$  ( $c = 0.51$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.74 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.42 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d,  $J = 5.2$

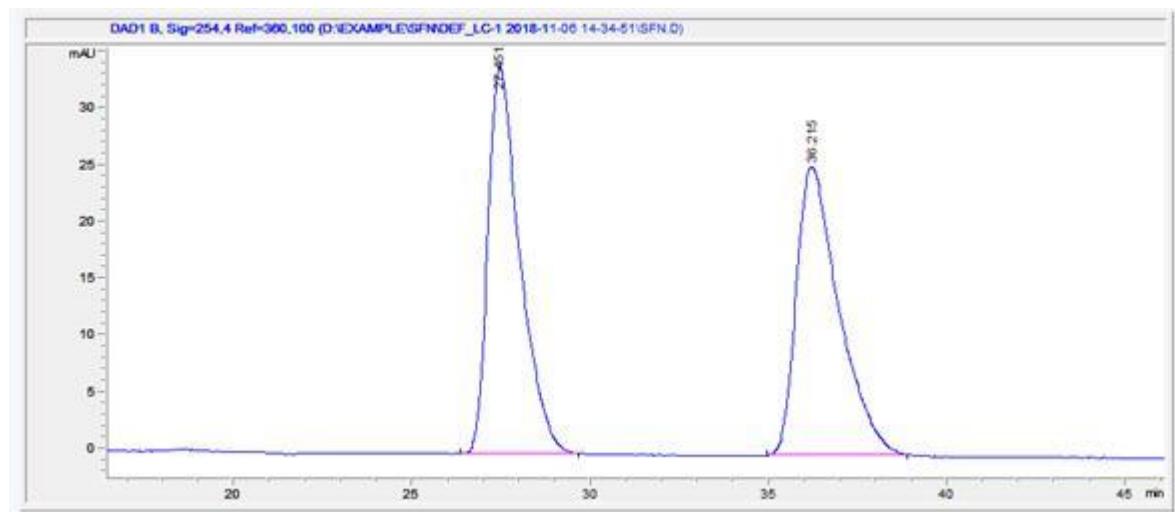
Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d,  $J$  = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd,  $J$  = 5.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d,  $J$  = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (d,  $J$  = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (d,  $J$  = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (d,  $J$  = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.0, 160.9, 136.3, 135.1, 131.6, 128.2, 126.9, 126.6, 124.0, 123.6, 123.4, 90.8, 76.3, 50.8, 42.1, 33.9, 27.3. IR:  $\nu$  2923, 1716, 1644, 1494, 1463, 1377, 1260, 1187, 1081, 967  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na] $^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{NaOS}$ , 289.0658; found 289.0669. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93.5:6.5 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r$  = 18.2 min, minor enantiomer  $t_r$  = 21.3 min.



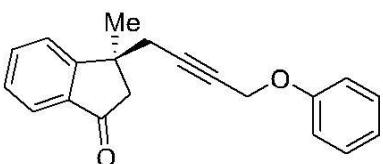
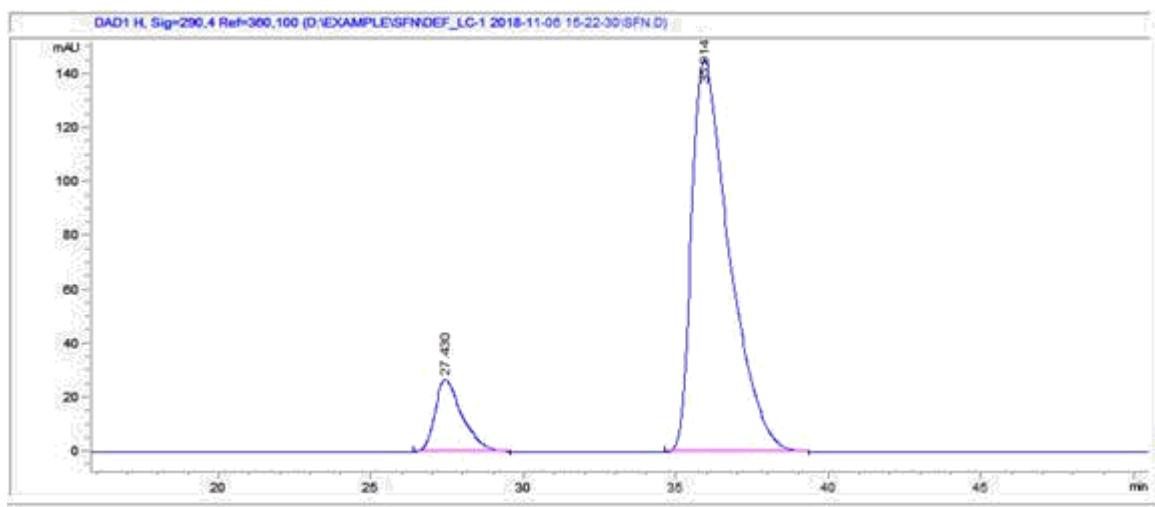


**(S,E)-3-methyl-3-(5-phenylpent-4-en-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2l)**

The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (52.1 mg, 91%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +4.2$  ( $c = 0.51$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.75 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.25 (m, 5H), 6.78 (d,  $J = 16.4$  Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d,  $J = 16.4$  Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.70 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.57 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.1, 161.0, 141.0, 136.4, 136.3, 135.1, 128.8, 128.6, 128.1, 126.2, 123.9, 123.5, 108.2, 89.0, 82.2, 50.8, 42.1, 33.8, 27.4. IR:  $\nu$  1714, 1599, 1494, 1463, 1376, 1290, 1214, 1173, 1030, 1011, 991, 884, 754, 691  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{18}\text{NaO}$ , 309.1250; found 309.1252. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 88.5:11.5 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 35.9$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 27.4$  min.

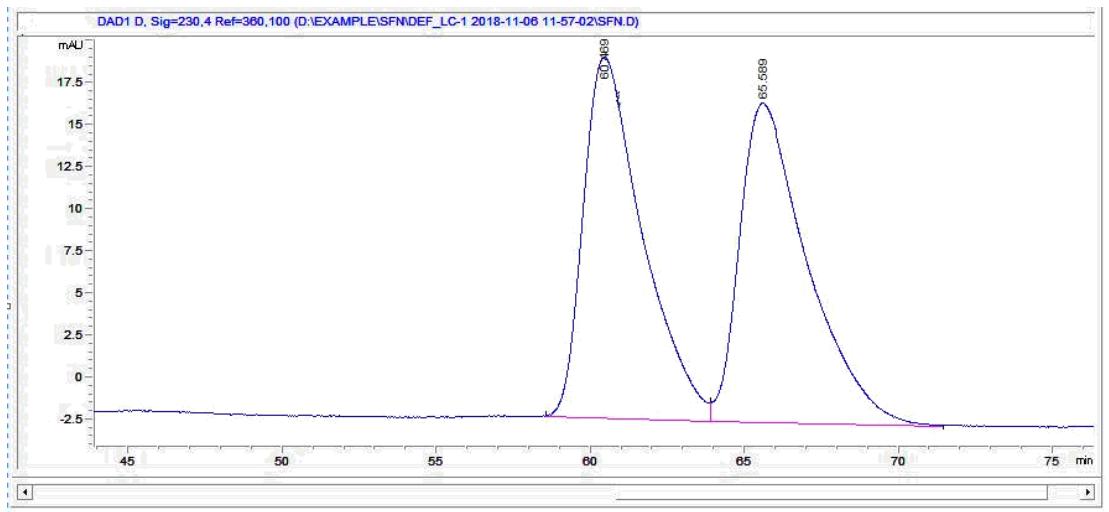


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	27.451	2124.6	34.2	50.185
2	36.215	2109	25.4	49.815

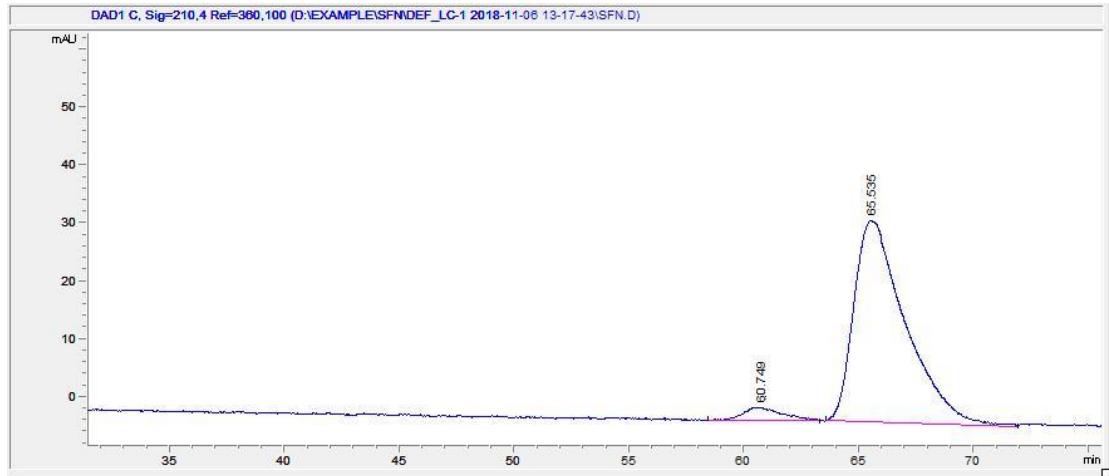


**(S)-3-methyl-3-(4-phenoxybut-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2m)**

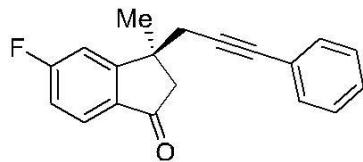
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (50.6 mg, 87%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +55.2$  ( $c = 0.54$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.62 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 2H), 6.89 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.54 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.53 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.48 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.42 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.39 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  204.9, 160.7, 157.6, 136.1, 135.0, 129.5, 128.1, 123.9, 123.5, 121.4, 114.9, 84.6, 77.6, 56.0, 50.6, 41.7, 32.7, 27.4. IR:  $\nu$  1713, 1609, 1482, 1454, 1434, 1312, 1282, 1210, 1108, 1019, 870, 823, 734  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ :  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{NaO}_2$ , 313.1199; found 313.1205. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 95.5:4.5 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r = 65.5$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 60.7$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	60.469	2974.3	21.5	49.411
2	65.589	2942.8	19	50.589

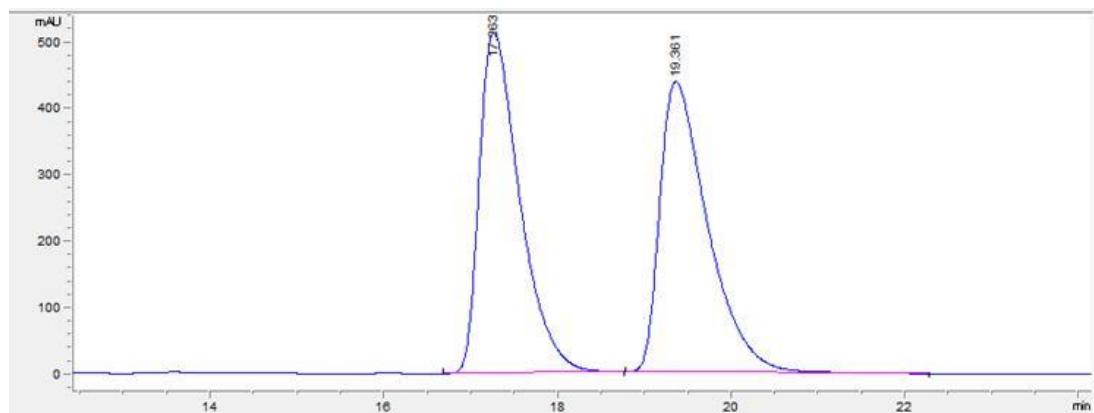


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	60.749	261.4	2.2	4.565
2	65.535	5466	35	95.436

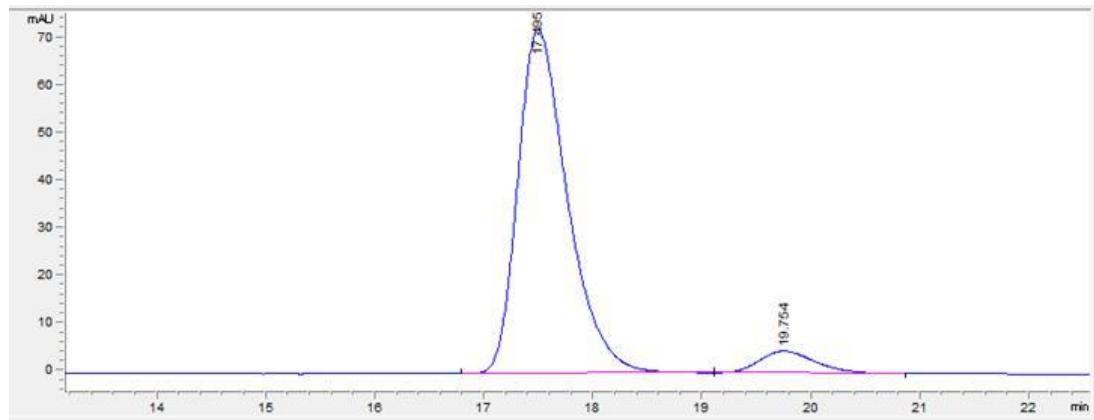


(S)-5-fluoro-3-methyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (**2n**)

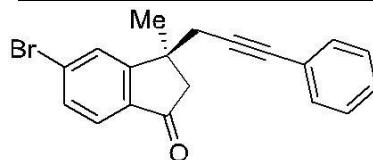
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (51.8 mg, 93%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +6.1$  ( $c = 0.47$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.75 (dd,  $J = 8.4, 5.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 6H), 7.10 (td,  $J = 8.4, 0.2$  Hz, 1H), 2.94 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.78 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.73 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.61 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.58 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  203.1, 167.4 (d,  $J = 256.4$  Hz), 163.9 (d,  $J = 9.0$  Hz), 132.8 (d,  $J = 2.0$  Hz), 131.6, 128.4, 128.1, 125.9 (d,  $J = 10.0$  Hz), 123.2, 116.4 (d,  $J = 24.0$  Hz), 110.9 (d,  $J = 22.0$  Hz), 86.1, 83.4, 50.9, 42.1, 33.5, 27.2. IR:  $\nu$  1712, 1612, 1590, 1488, 1478, 1332, 1298, 1267, 1244, 1067, 935, 825, 755, 691  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{15}\text{FNaO}$ , 301.0999; found 301.1010. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93:7 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 17.5$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 19.8$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	17.263	16626.8	513.7	49.813
2	19.361	16751.4	437.1	50.187

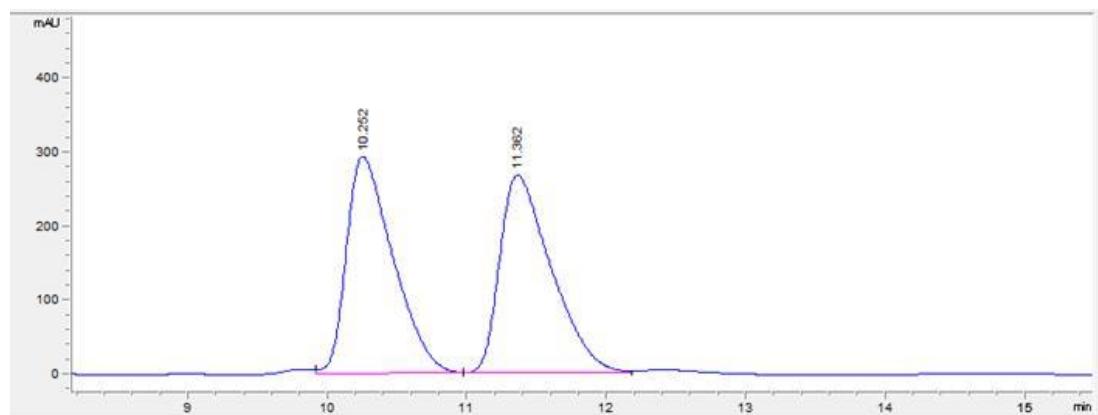


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	17.495	2289.5	72.3	93.257
2	19.754	165.5	4.6	6.743

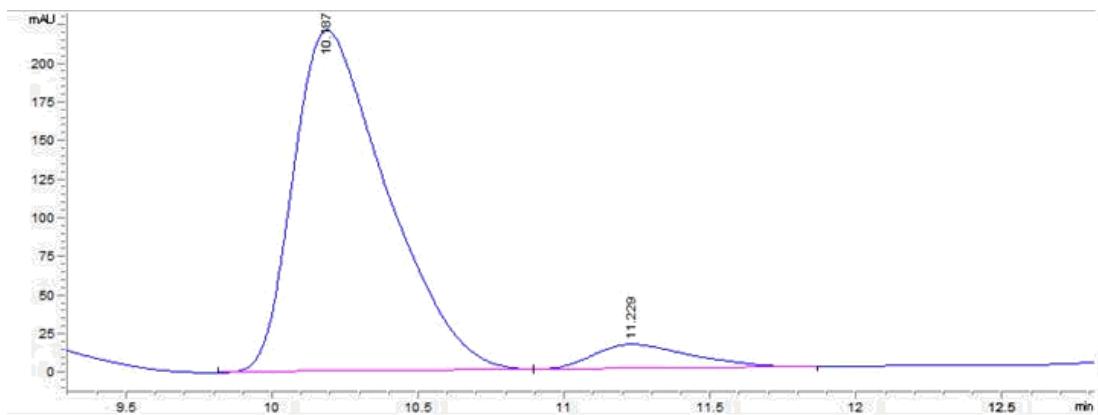


**(S)-5-bromo-3-methyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2o)**

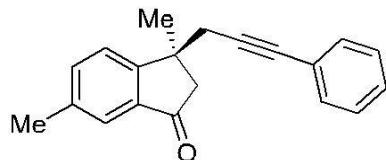
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (60.0 mg, 94%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -241.7$  ( $c = 0.37$ , CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.78 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.20 (m, 5H), 2.91 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.77 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.57 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  203.6, 162.4, 135.2, 131.8, 131.6, 130.2, 128.4, 128.1, 127.6, 124.8, 123.1, 86.1, 83.5, 50.7, 42.0, 33.6, 27.1. IR:  $\nu$  2923, 2851, 1716, 1592, 1457, 1377, 1080 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrNaO, 361.0198; found 361.0207. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93:7 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 10.2$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 11.2$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	10.252	6802.7	293.7	49.600
2	11.362	6912.3	268	50.400

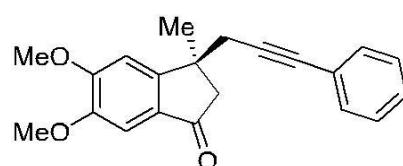
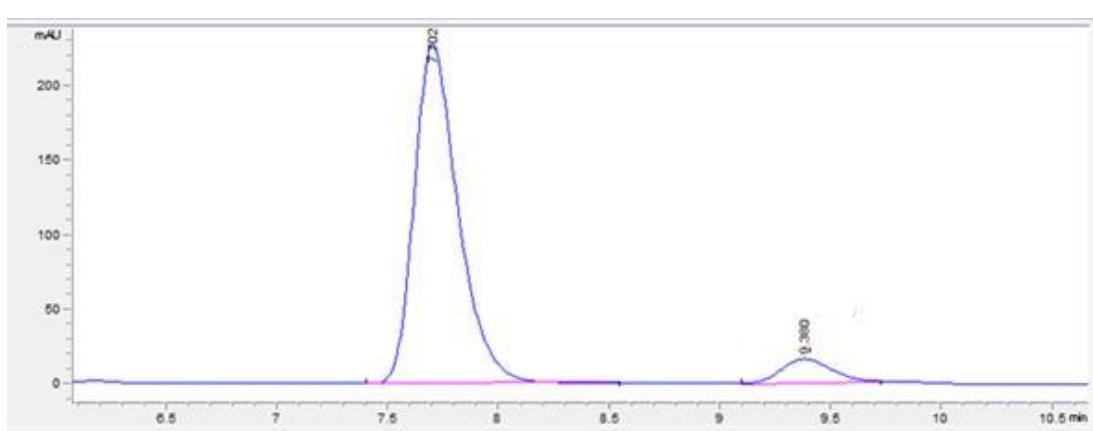
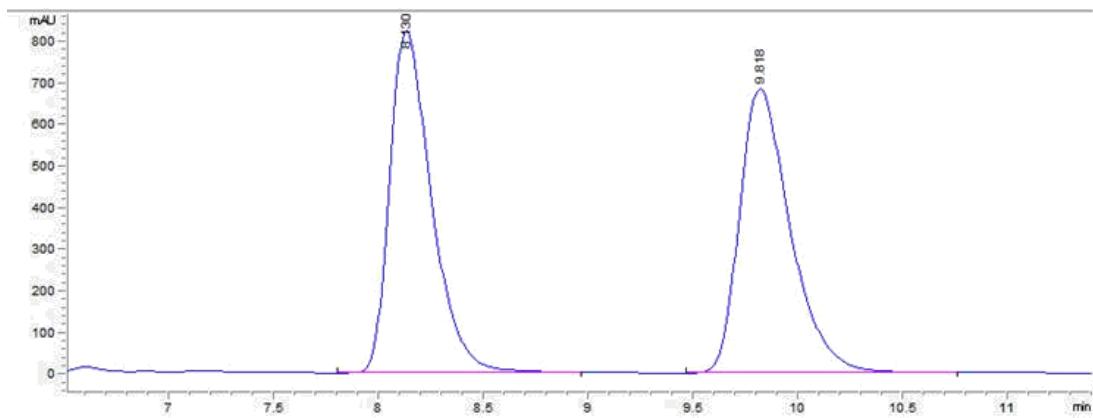


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	10.187	4924.9	221.3	93.096
2	11.229	365.2	15.7	6.904



**(S)-3,6-dimethyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2p)**

The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (53.0 mg, 94%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +16.3$  ( $c = 0.94$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.46 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.15 (m, 5H), 2.84 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.69 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.63 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.50 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H). 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.1, 158.5, 138.1, 136.5, 136.2, 131.6, 128.3, 128.0, 123.7, 123.48, 123.41, 86.9, 83.0, 51.1, 41.8, 33.7, 27.4, 21.2. IR:  $\nu$  1712, 1614, 1489, 1442, 1376, 1282, 1161, 1070, 825, 756, 691  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{NaO}$ , 297.1250; found 297.1260. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 92.5:7.5 er); major enantiomer  $t_r = 7.7$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 9.4$  min.



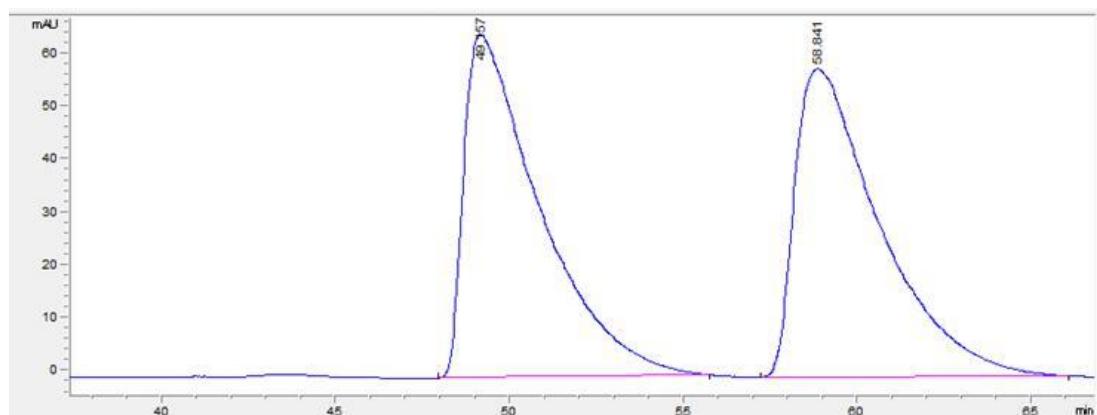
**(S)-5,6-dimethoxy-3-methyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (2q)**

The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 10:1. Yellow oil.

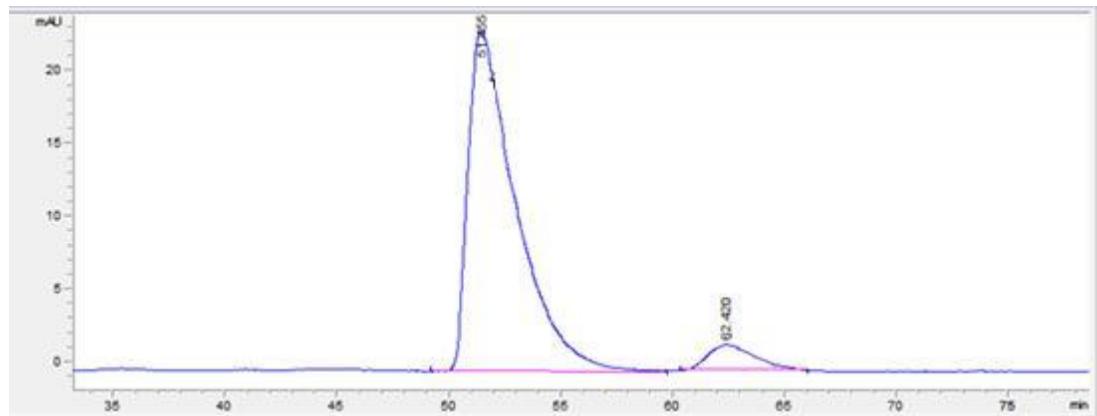
(59.1 mg, 92%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -52.0$  ( $c = 1.13$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$

7.32-7.23 (m, 5H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 2.86 (d,  $J =$

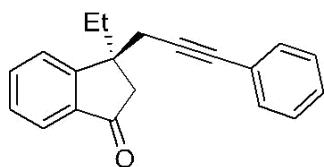
18.8 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (s, 2H), 2.56 (d,  $J$  = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  203.4, 156.2, 155.6, 150.0, 131.6, 129.2, 128.4, 128.0, 123.4, 105.1, 104.0, 86.9, 83.1, 56.3, 56.2, 51.0, 41.6, 33.6, 27.2. IR:  $\nu$  1693, 1593, 1500, 1465, 1379, 1298, 1214, 1161, 1128, 1034, 952, 816, 757, 692  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{20}\text{NaO}_3$ , 343.1305; found 343.1315. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93:7 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r$  = 51.5 min, minor enantiomer  $t_r$  = 62.4 min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	49.157	9834.7	64.9	49.895
2	58.841	9876	58.3	50.105

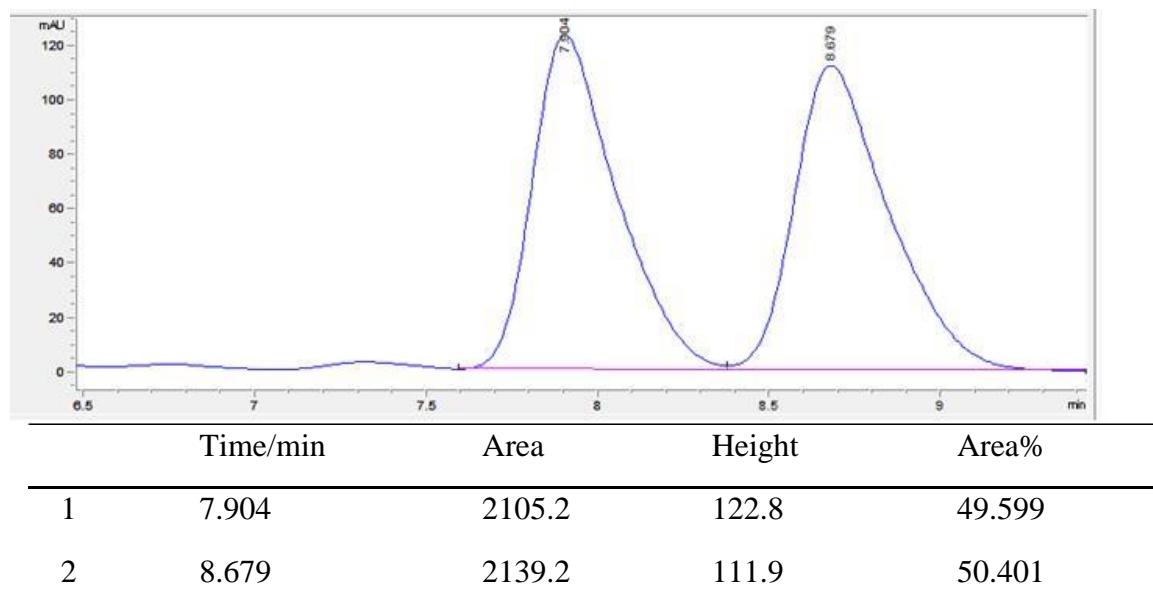


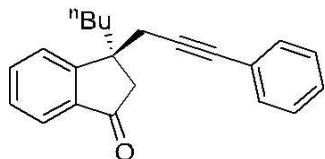
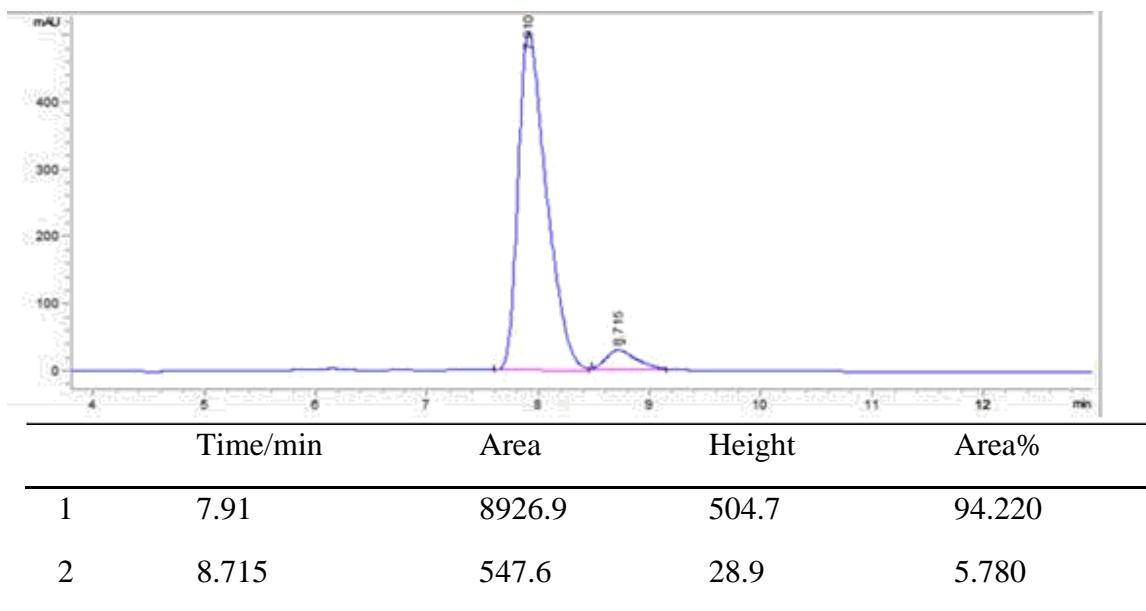
	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	51.455	3514.2	23.4	93.100
2	62.42	260.5	1.8	6.900



**(S)-3-ethyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2r)**

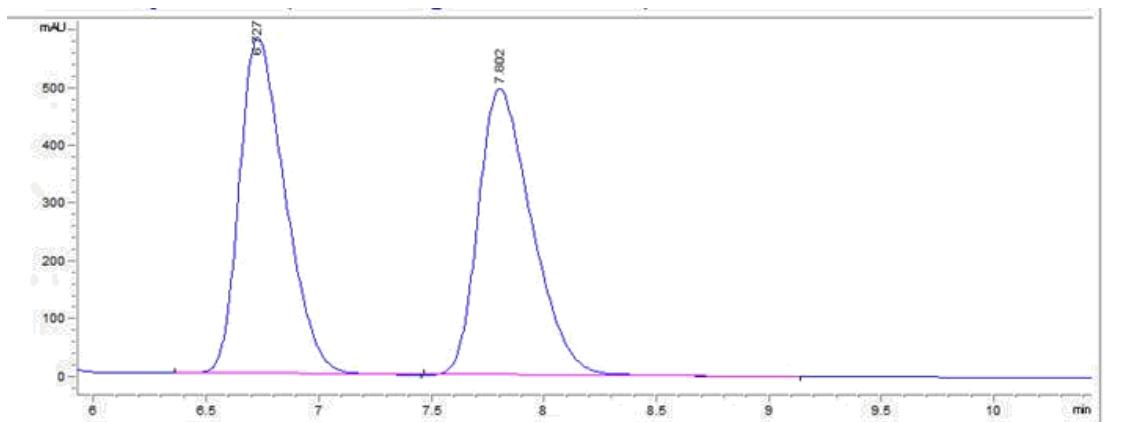
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (53.2 mg, 97%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -11.7$  ( $c = 0.68$ , CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.77 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 5H), 2.84 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.80 (d,  $J = 16.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.79 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.68 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.03 (dt,  $J = 14.4, 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 1.93 (dt,  $J = 14.4, 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 0.81 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  205.3, 159.6, 137.3, 134.9, 131.6, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 124.3, 123.4, 86.6, 83.1, 47.4, 46.1, 32.1, 32.0, 9.2. IR:  $\nu$  1715, 1602, 1490, 1461, 1442, 1404, 1285, 1238, 1089, 1070, 756, 691 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NaO, 297.1250; found 297.1259. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 94:6 er); major enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 7.9 min, minor enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 8.7 min.



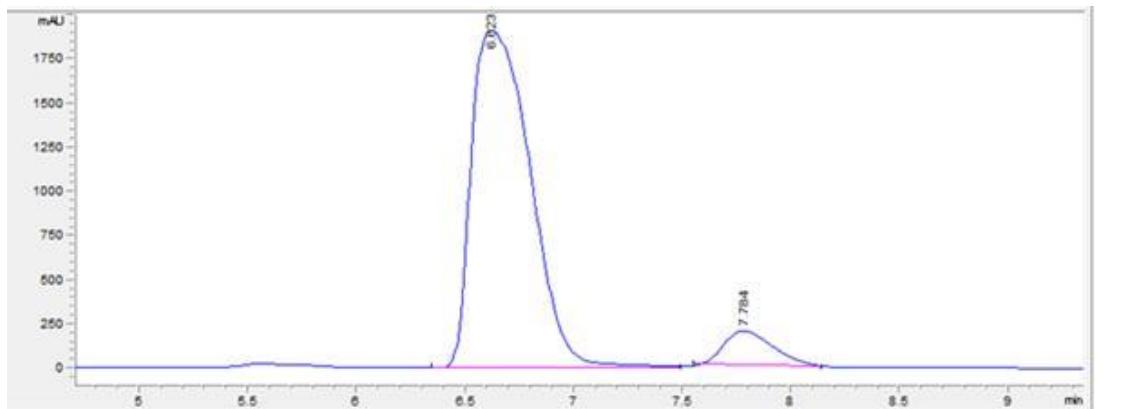


**(S)-3-butyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2s)**

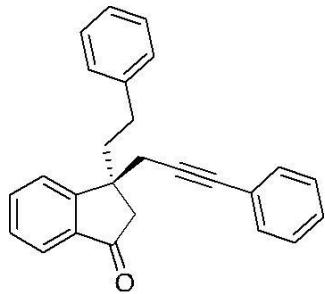
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil. (61.0 mg, 95%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = -1.4$  ( $c = 1.0$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.66 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 5H), 2.74 (d,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 1H), 2.70 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.69 (d,  $J = 17.2$  Hz, 1H), 2.60 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.95-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.26-1.14 (m, 3H), 0.93-0.84 (m, 1H), 0.77 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  205.3, 160.0, 137.1, 134.9, 131.6, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 124.3, 123.42, 123.38, 86.6, 83.1, 48.0, 45.7, 39.3, 32.3, 27.1, 23.2, 14.0. IR:  $\nu$  1711, 1609, 1511, 1462, 1385, 1286, 1248, 1178, 1096, 1033, 803, 758  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{22}\text{NaO}$ , 325.1563; found 325.1572. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 92:8 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r = 6.6$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 7.8$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.727	8225.5	582.4	49.946
2	7.802	8243.2	496.5	50.054



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	6.623	35988.5	1908.2	92.198
2	7.784	3045.4	195.4	7.802

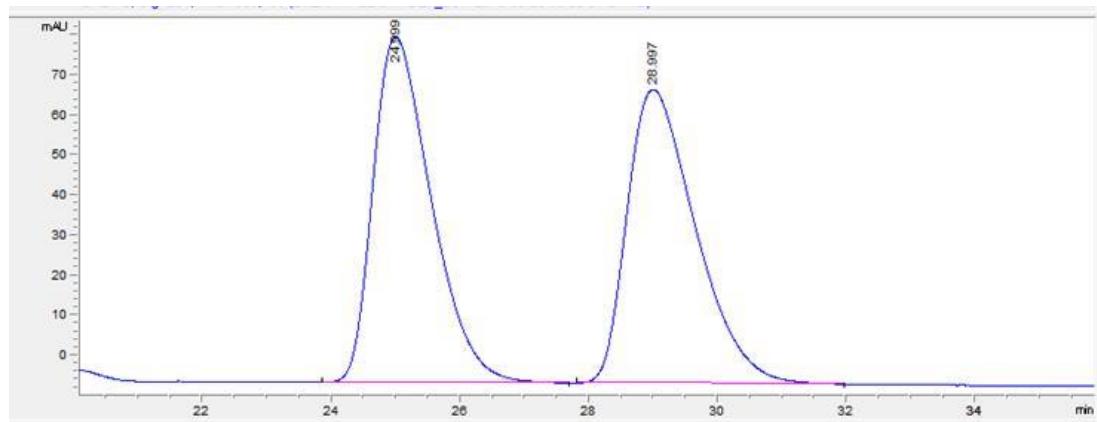


### (S)-3-phenethyl-3-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (2t)

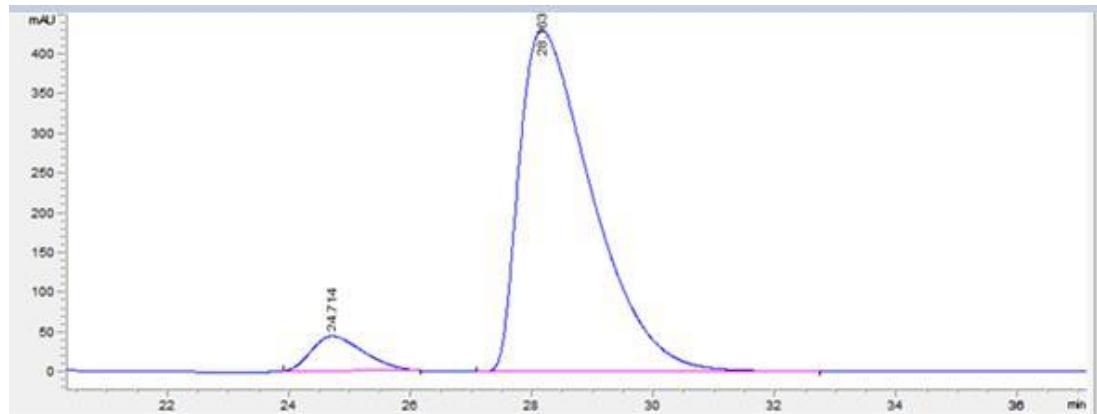
The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 15:1. Yellow oil.

(62.1 mg, 94%).  $[\alpha]^{25}_D = +13.2$  ( $c = 0.63$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ).  $^1\text{H NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.73

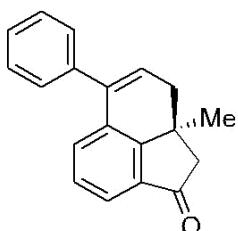
(d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 7H), 7.11 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2H), 2.85-2.77 (m, 3H), 2.73 (d,  $J = 18.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.59-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.30 (d,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, 1H), 2.25 (d,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, 1H), 2.18-2.05 (m, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  204.9, 159.5, 141.6, 137.1, 135.1, 131.6, 128.6, 128.36, 128.32, 128.1, 126.2, 124.3, 123.6, 123.3, 86.3, 83.3, 47.9, 45.7, 41.5, 32.4, 31.5. IR:  $\nu$  1713, 1601, 1490, 1462, 1285, 1245, 1069, 756, 692  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z:  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  Calcd for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{22}\text{NaO}$ , 373.1563; found 373.1573. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiraldapak OD column (hexane: 2-propanol = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 93:7 *er*); major enantiomer  $t_r = 26.2$  min, minor enantiomer  $t_r = 24.7$  min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	24.999	5433.2	86.4	50.075
2	28.997	5416.9	73.5	49.925

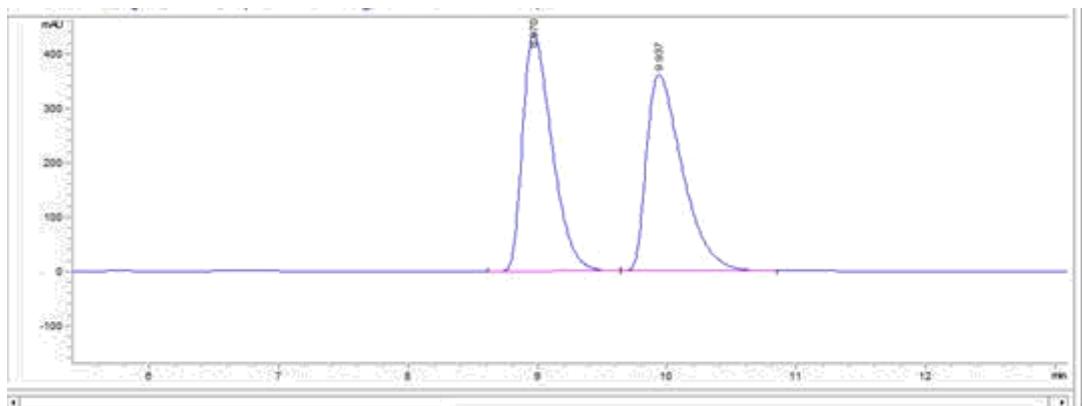


	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	24.714	2782.5	45.1	7.214
2	26.163	35788.4	429.7	92.786

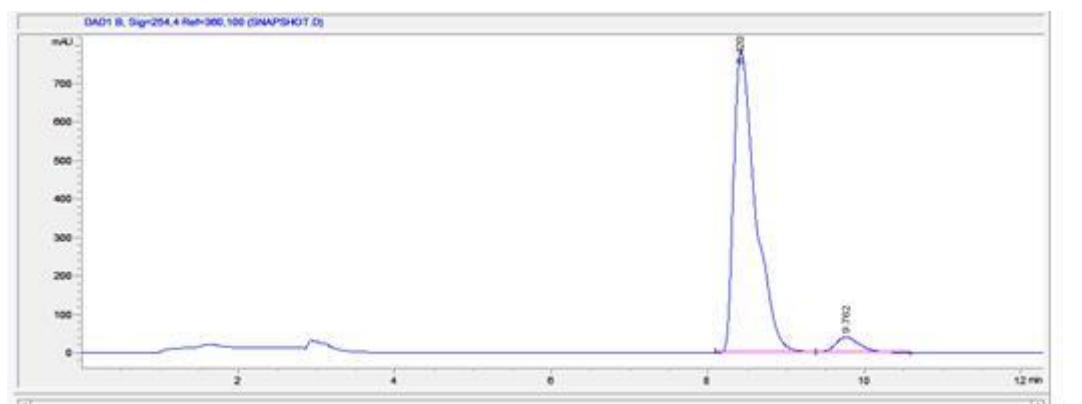


**(S)-2a-methyl-5-phenyl-2a,3-dihydroacenaphthylen-1(2H)-one (3)**

A vial was charged with **2b** (52 mg, 0.2 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (0.5 mg, 1.0 mol%), evacuated under high vacuum and backfilled with N<sub>2</sub>. TFA and 1,4-dioxane (2:1, 1.5 mL) was next added. The mixture was stirred at 30 °C. Upon reaction completion (12 h, TLC, eluent: hexane-EtOAc, 20:1), EtOAc (50 mL) and water (50 mL) were added. The phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated in vacuum. The mobile phase for flash chromatography: hexane/ethyl acetate = 50:1. White solid. (43.2 mg, 83%). mp 103-105 °C. [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>D</sub> = -252.6 (c = 0.94, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.52 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.30 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.06 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 205.6, 159.4, 138.9, 137.9, 133.9, 132.4, 129.6, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3, 127.9, 127.6, 122.4, 54.4, 36.95, 36.88, 26.7. IR: ν 1715, 1706, 1571, 1477, 1448, 1369, 1260, 1241, 1096, 1030, 1017, 800, 754, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O, 261.1274; found 261.1265. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD column (hexanes: 2-propanol = 99:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 94.5:5.5 *er*); major enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 8.4 min, minor enantiomer t<sub>r</sub> = 9.8 min.



	Time/min	Area	Height	Area%
1	8.97	6917.6	435.3	49.694
2	9.937	7002.9	361.6	50.306



## References

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- (3) M. R. Albicker and N. Cramer, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2009, **48**, 9139.

