

Supporting Information

Three-Dimensional, Hetero-structured, Cu₃P@C Nanosheets with Excellent Cycling Stability as Na-ion Battery Anode Material

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Table S1. The main synthesis methods of copper phosphides reported in literatures

Copper phosphide	Mophology	Synthesis	Phosphorus source and precursor	Ref.
Cu ₃ P	Amorphous form	Solid state synthesis	Red phosphorus + Cu (or electrodeposited copper)	[S1] [S2]
Cu ₃ P	Powder	Solvothermal synthesis	White phosphorus + CuCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	[S3]
Cu ₃ P	Particle	Solvothermal synthesis	Red phosphorus + CuCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	[S4]
Cu ₃ P	Aggregated nanoparticle	Solvothermal synthesis	Yellow phosphorus + CuCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	[S5]
Cu ₃ P	Polydispersed particle	Solvothermal synthesis	White phosphorus + Prepared Cu nanoparticle	[S6]
Cu ₃ P	Nanorod	Solvothermal synthesis	Yellow phosphorus + CuCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	[S7]
Cu ₃ P	Nanopillar	Solid-vapor reaction	Red phosphorus + Electrodeposited Cu nanorod	[S8]
Cu ₃ P	Powder	Ball milling	Red phosphorus + Copper powder	[S9]
Cu ₃ P	Powder	Solid-state reaction	Red phosphorus + Cu	[S10-S12]
Cu ₃ P	Micronic sphere	Solvothermal synthesis	Yellow phosphorus+ CuSO ₄ ·5H ₂ O or Cu(OH) ₂	[S13] [S14]
Cu ₃ P	Sheet-like nanocrystalline	Hydrothermal synthesis	Yellow phosphorous + CuCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	[S15]
Cu ₃ P	Platelet	Solvothermal synthesis	PH ₃ gas + CuCl	[S16]
Cu ₃ P	Nanowire	Thermal decomposition	Sodium hypophosphite + Cu(OH) ₂ nanowire	[S17]
Cu ₃ P	Plate-like nanocrystal	Solvothermal using standard Schlenk line	TOPO, TOP + CuCl	[S18] [S19]
Cu ₃ P/Cu	Aggregated particle	High temperature reaction	Red phosphorus + Cu foam	[S20]
CuP ₂	Nanoparticle	Solvothermal synthesis	White phosphorus + prepared Cu nanoparticle	[S21]
CuP ₂	Textured powder	Solid-state reaction	White phosphorus + CuCl ₂	[S22]
CuP ₂	Particle	Ball milling	Red phosphorus + Copper powder	[S23]
Cu ₃ P	Nanosheet	Heat treatment	P-containing resin + Cu foam	This work

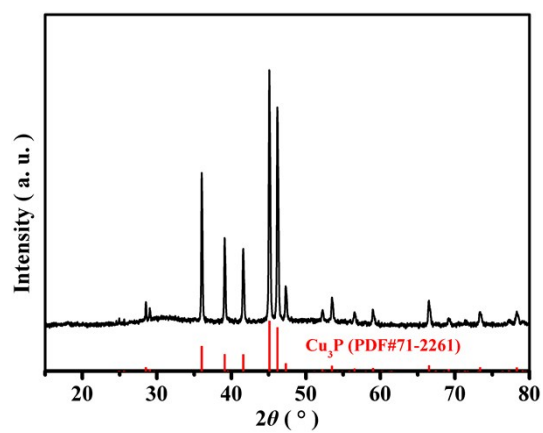


Fig. S1 XRD pattern of Cu₃P powder.

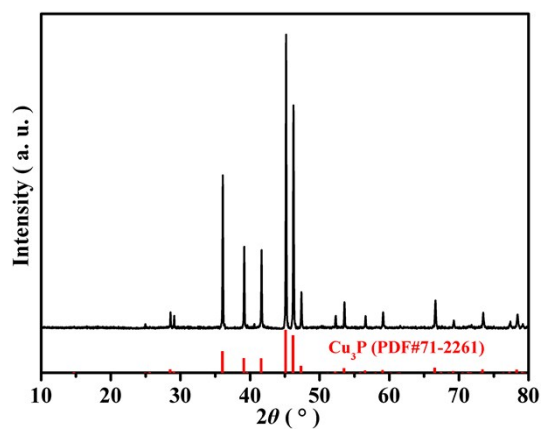


Fig. S2 XRD pattern of Cu₃P/C.

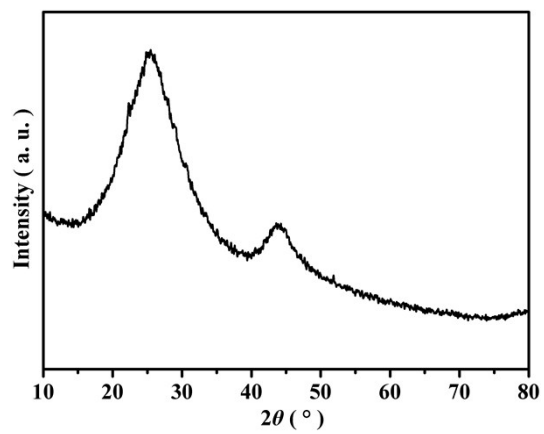


Fig. S3 XRD pattern of C^P.

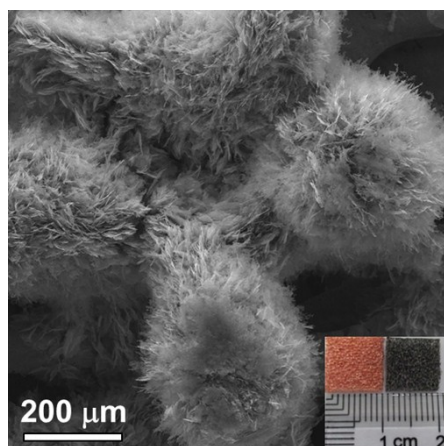


Fig. S4 SEM image of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}@C5$.

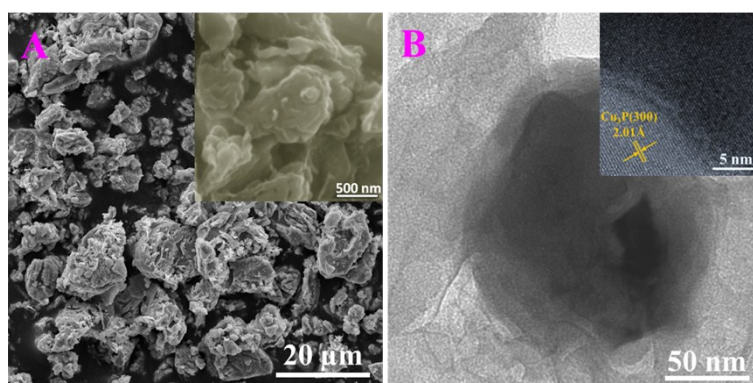


Fig. S5 SEM and TEM images of Cu_3P powder.

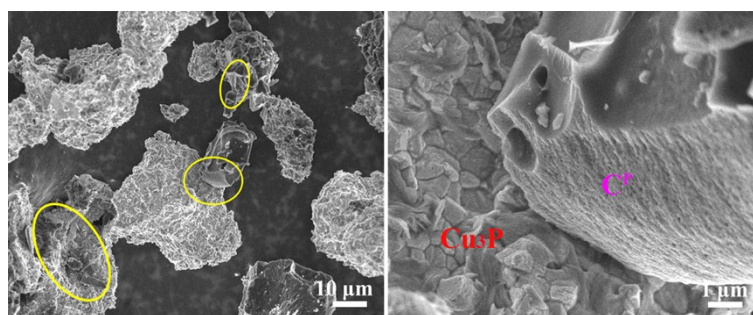


Fig. S6 SEM images of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}/C$

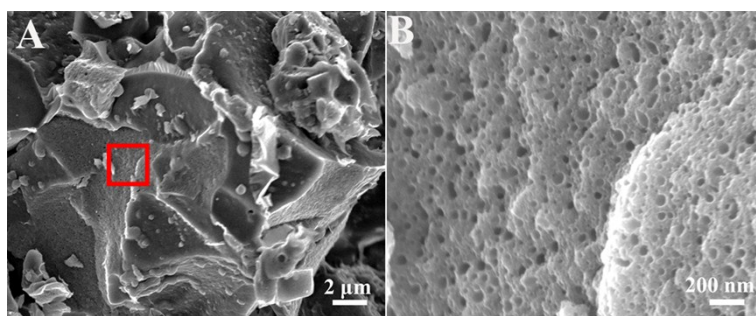


Fig. S7 SEM images of C^P

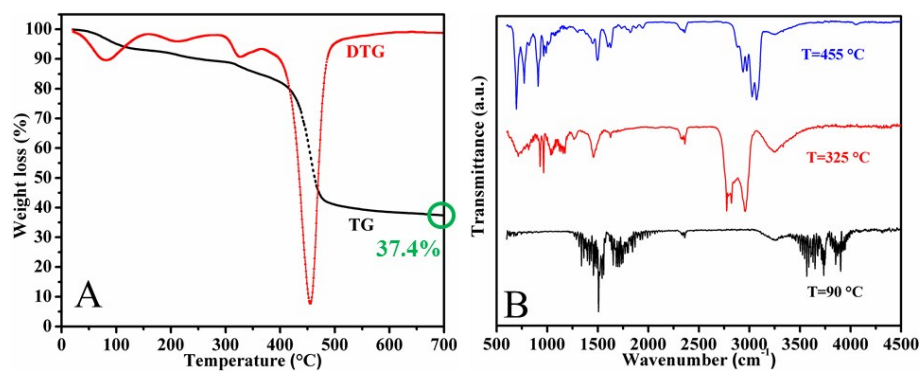


Fig. S8 (A) TG-DTG of the resin in N₂ from 25 °C to 800 °C and (B) FTIR spectra of the corresponding pyrolysis products at 90, 325 and 455 °C, respectively.

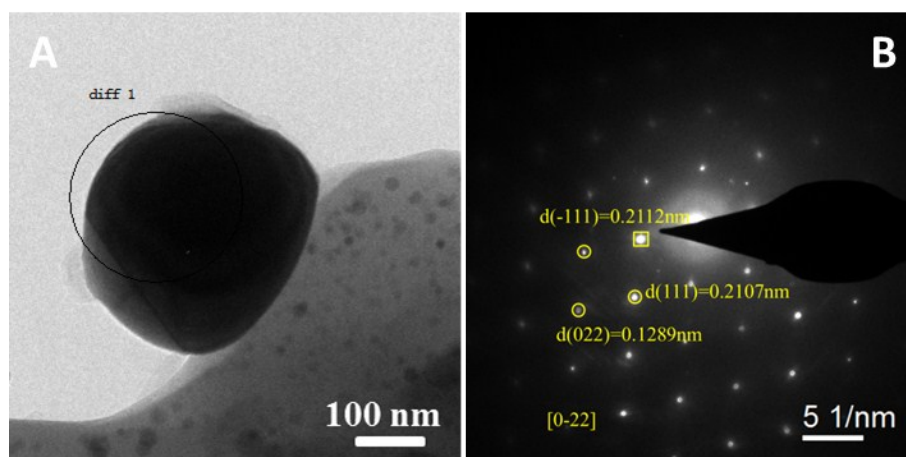


Fig. S9 (A) TEM image and (B) selected-area electron diffraction of a sphere-like Cu particles.

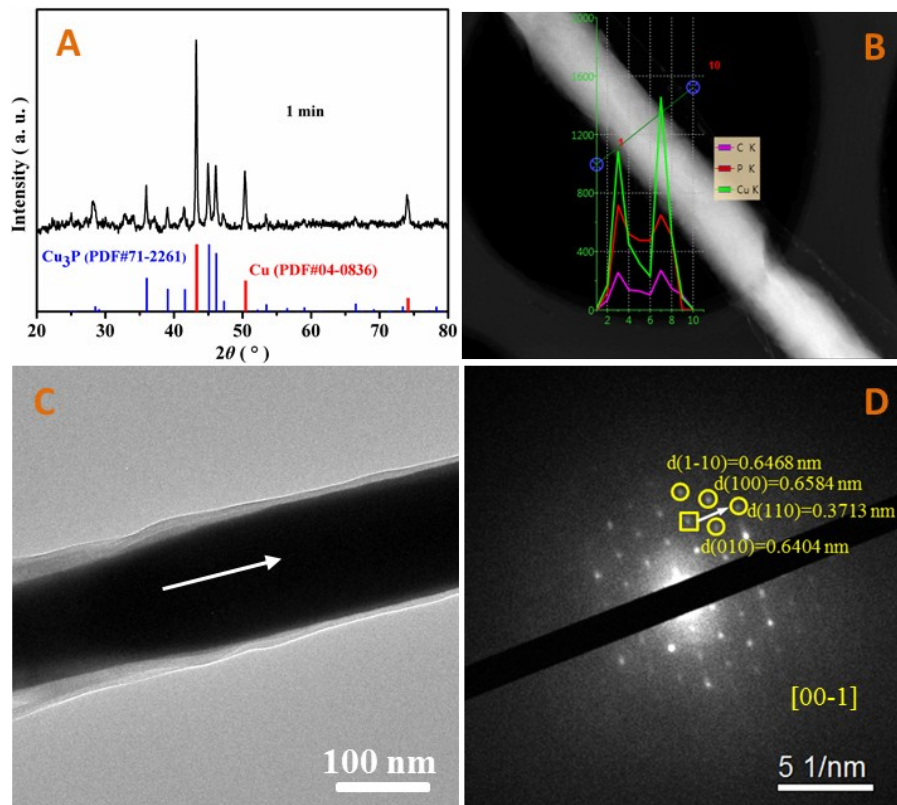


Fig. S10 (A) XRD pattern, (B) EDS line scanning curve, (C) TEM image and (D) selected-area electron diffraction of a single nanobelt at 900 °C 1 min.

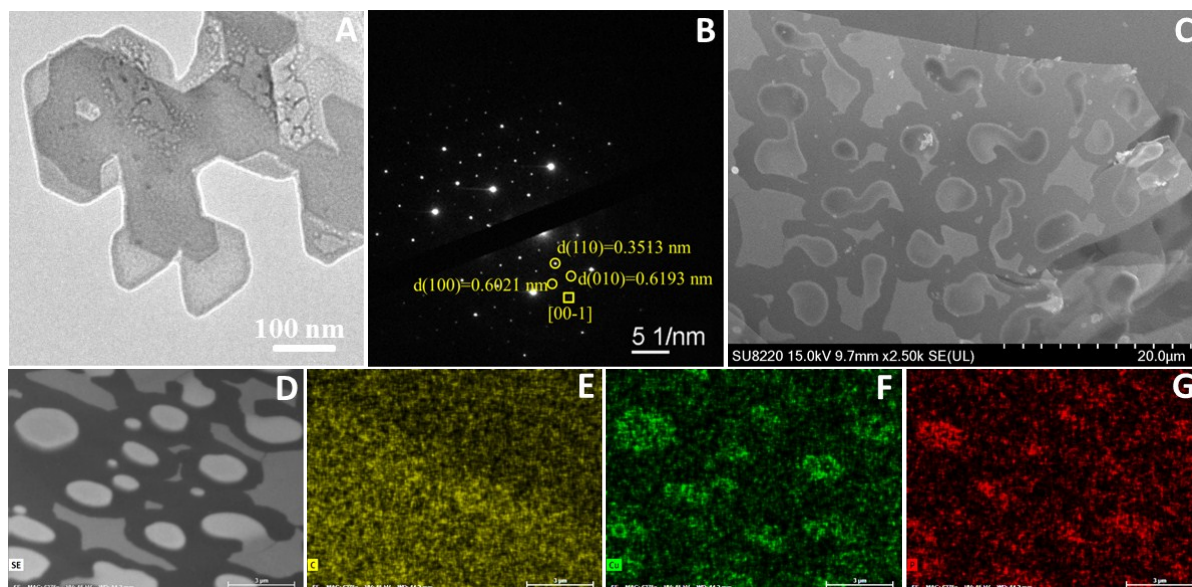


Fig. S11 (A) TEM image, (B) selected-area electron diffraction, (C, D) SEM image and (E) C mapping, (F) Cu mapping and (G) P mapping of a growing nanosheet at 900 °C 30 min.

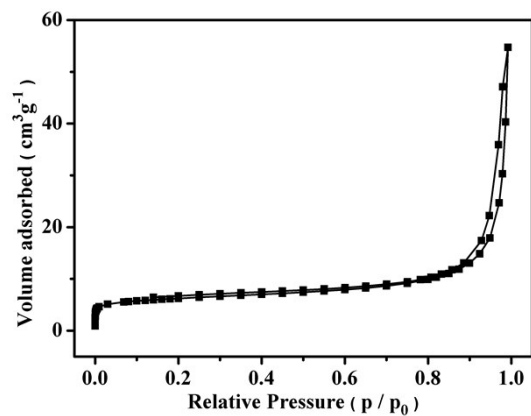


Fig. S12 N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of Cu₃P@C5.

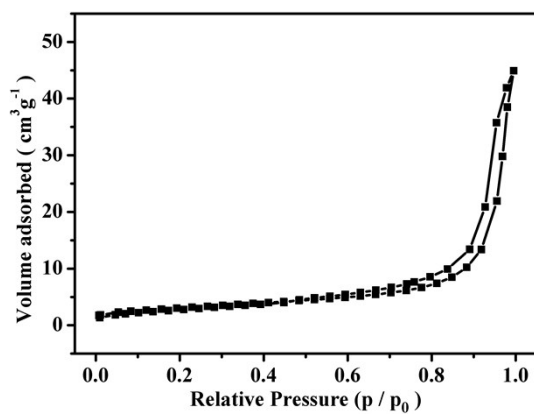


Fig. S13 N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of Cu₃P@C15.

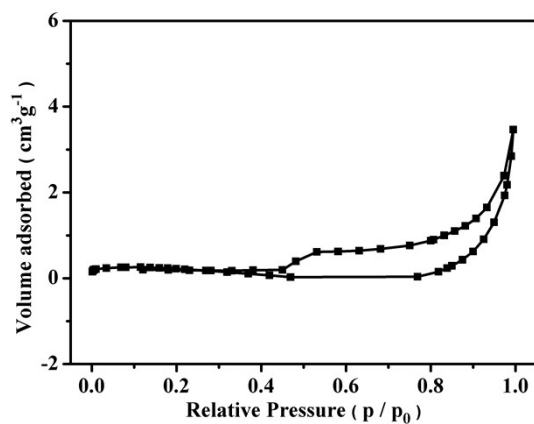


Fig. S14 N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of Cu₃P powder.

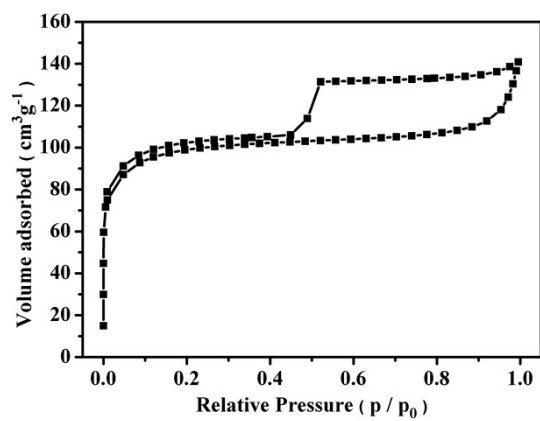


Fig. S15 N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of C^P.

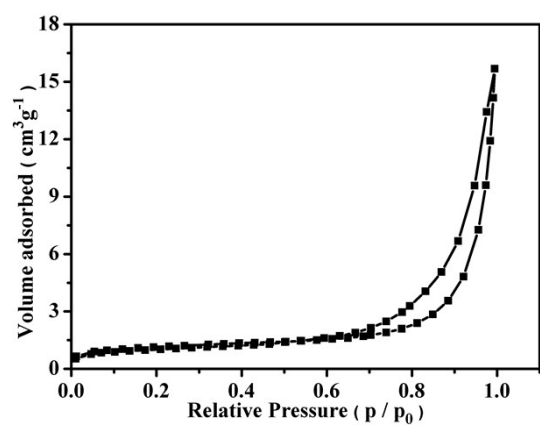


Fig. S16 N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm of Cu₃P/C.

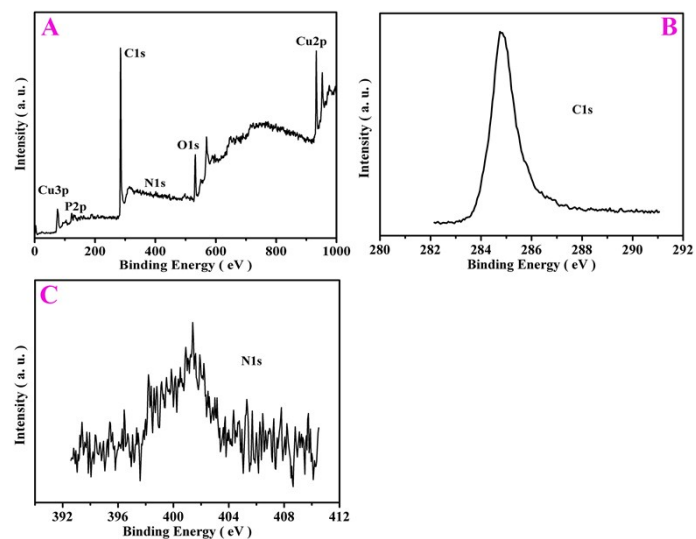


Fig. S17 XPS spectrum (A), XPS-C1s (B) and XPS-N1s (C) of Cu₃P@C₅

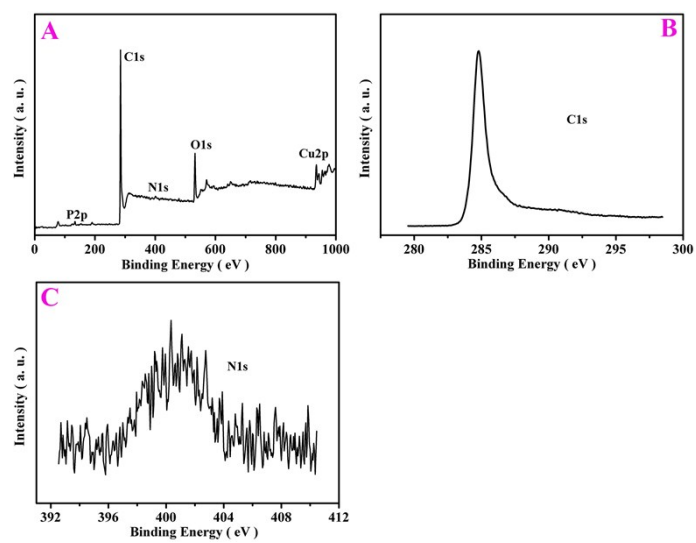


Fig. S18 XPS spectrum (A), XPS-C1s (B) and XPS-N1s (C) of Cu₃P@C₁₅

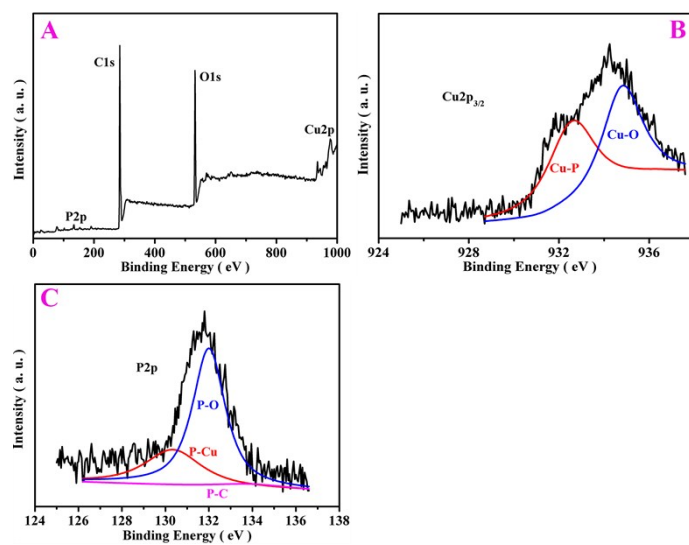


Fig. S19 XPS spectrum (A), XPS-Cu2p_{3/2} (B) and XPS-P2p (C) of Cu_3P powder

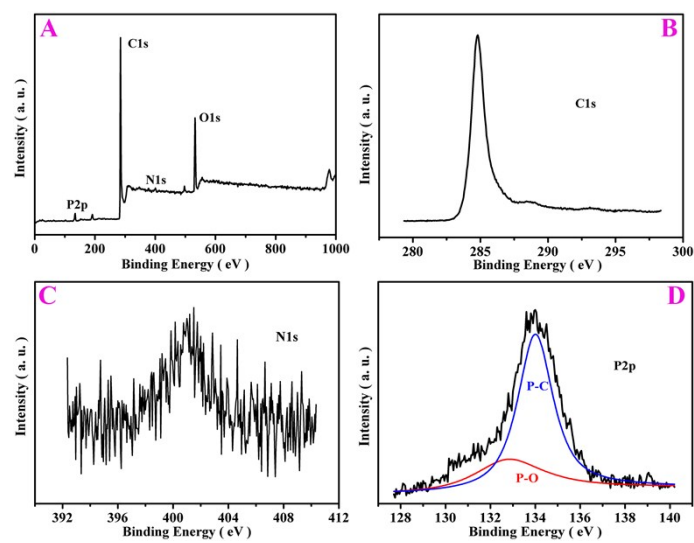


Fig. S20 XPS spectrum (A), XPS-C1s (B), XPS-N1s (C) and XPS-P2p (D) of C^{P}

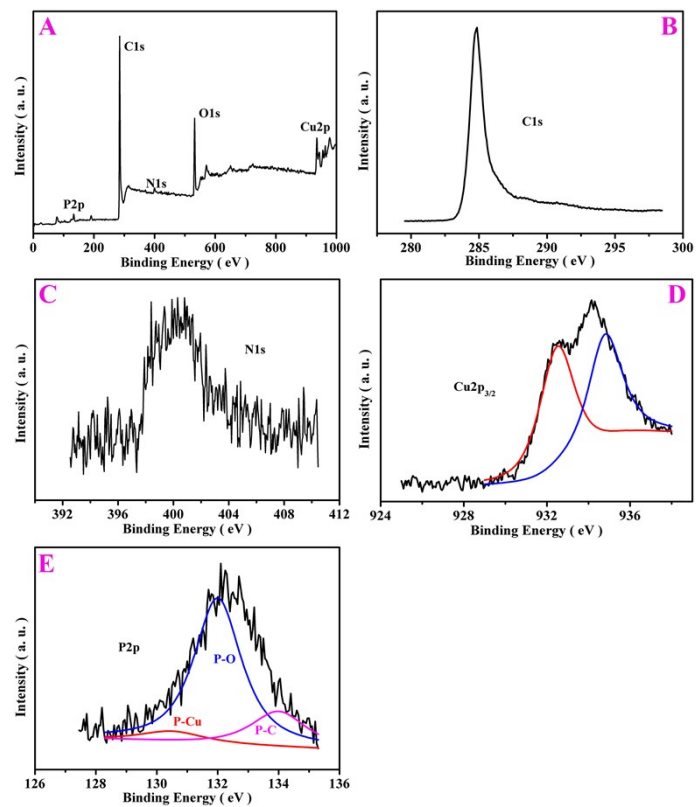


Fig. S21 XPS spectrum (A), XPS-C1s (B), XPS-N1s (C), XPS-Cu2p_{3/2} (D) and XPS-P2p (E) of Cu₃P/C

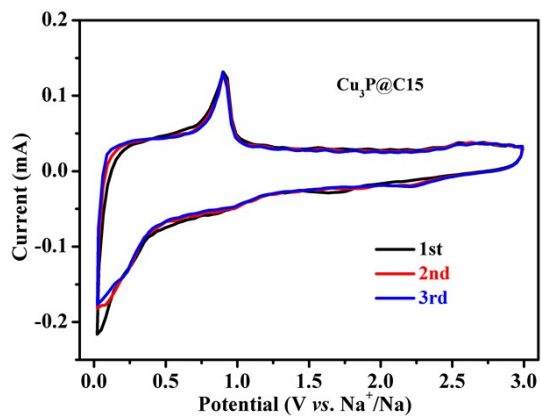


Fig. S22 Cyclic voltammogram (CV) curves of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}@C15$ at 0.1 mV s^{-1} between 0.01 and 3.0 V vs. Na^+/Na .

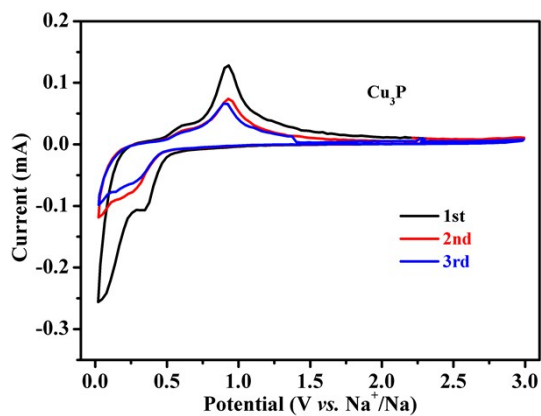


Fig. S23 CV curves of Cu_3P powder at 0.1 mV s^{-1} between 0.01 and 3.0 V vs. Na^+/Na .

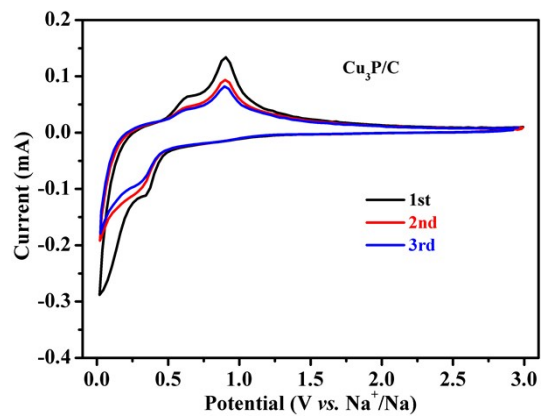


Fig. S24 CV curves of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}/C$ at 0.1 mV s^{-1} between 0.01 and 3.0 V vs. Na^+/Na .

Table S2. Comprehensive overview of recently reported metal phosphide-based SIB electrode materials.

Metal phosphide	Synthesis method	Discharge current (mA g ⁻¹)	Cycle number	Discharge capacities (2 nd cycle to final cycle mAh g ⁻¹)	Decay capacity per cycle (mAh g ⁻¹)	Decay ratio per cycle (%)
Cu ₃ P/CNS ^[S24]	Solid state synthesis	1000	100	~176 to 151	0.250	0.142%
Cu ₃ P(CPNW) ^[S17]	Thermal decomposition	1000	260	196 to 134	0.238	0.122%
CuP ₂ /C ^[S25]	Ball milling	200	100	~450 to ~430	0.200	0.044%
CuP ₂ /C ^[S23]	Ball milling	150	30	~450 to ~430	0.667	0.347%
CuP ₂ /C ^[S26]	Ball milling	500	200	~550 to 379	0.855	0.155%
Cu ₃ P-Co ₂ P ^[S27]	Electrospinning	5000	2000	~600 to 317	0.142	0.024%
FeP(FePNC) ^[S28]	Thermal decomposition	200	200	~293 to 275	0.090	0.031%
FeP/NPG ^[S29]	Thermal decomposition	1000	700	422 to 378	0.063	0.015%
CNT@FeP@C ^[S30]	Thermal decomposition	500	500	328 to 295	0.066	0.013%
H-FeP@C@GR ^[S31]	Thermal decomposition	100	250	~730 to 400	1.320	0.181%
CoP/FeP ^[S32]	Thermal decomposition	100	200	~653 to 456	0.985	0.151%
Co ₂ P-3D PNC ^[S33]	Thermal decomposition	500	700	~360 to 271	0.127	0.035%
A-Co ₂ P/C _x N _y B _z -650 ^[S34]	Solid state synthesis	200	100	251 to 217	0.340	0.135%
CoP@C-RGO-NF ^[S35]	Thermal decomposition	100	100	~910 to 473	4.370	0.480%
CoP@DC@GR ^[S36]	Thermal decomposition	500	200	569 to 398	0.855	0.150%
CoP ₃ @C ^[S37]	Ball milling	300	260	~240 to 146	0.362	0.151%
Ni _{1.5} Co _{1.5} P _x ^[S38]	Thermal decomposition	1C	100	600 to ~189	4.110	0.685%
Ni ₂ P@C ^[S39]	Thermal decomposition	50	100	~380 to 296	0.840	0.221%

Ni ₂ P@NPC [S40]	Solid state synthesis	500	1200	~240 to 181	0.049	0.020%
Ni ₂ P/NG/Ni ₂ P [S41]	Thermal decomposition	1000	400	~225 to 108	0.295	0.131%
Ni ₂ P⊂pGN [S42]	Solid state synthesis	200	100	~270 to 161	1.090	0.404%
Ni ₂ P/3DG-8 [S43]	Thermal decomposition	1000	100	~850 to 230	6.200	0.729%
Ni ₂ P@C/GA [S44]	Thermal decomposition	1000	2000	~400 to 125	0.138	0.034%
V ₄ P ₇ /5P [S45]	Ball milling	500	100	613 to 294	3.190	0.520%
Cu ₄ SnP ₁₀ /MWCNTs [S46]	Solvothermal synthesis	1000	100	~600 to 325	2.75	0.458%
MGeP _x [S47]	Solid state synthesis	1200	200	~1100 to 278	4.110	0.374%
WP/CC [S48]	Thermal decomposition	2000	1000	~300 to 50	0.250	0.083%
Sn ₄ P ₃ /GA-2 [S49]	Thermal decomposition	100	100	~820 to 657	1.630	0.199%
Sn ₄ P ₃ @C [S50]	Thermal decomposition	100	120	~780 to 700	0.667	0.085%
Sn ₄ P ₃ @C [S51]	Solvothermal synthesis	1500	400	~670 to 360	0.775	0.116%
Sn ₄ P ₃ [S52]	Solvothermal synthesis“	200	250	480 to 303	0.708	0.148%
Sn ₄ P ₃ @C [S53]	Solvothermal synthesis	2000	500	726 to 368	0.716	0.099%
Sn ₄ P ₃ -C [S54]	Solvothermal synthesis	2000	2000	~700 to 420	0.140	0.020%
Sn ₄ P ₃ [S55]	Solution-Liquid- Solid Growth	500	80	488 to 400	1.100	0.225%
Sn ₄ P ₃ /RGO [S56]	Solvothermal	1000	1500	~690 to 362	0.219	0.032%
Sn ₄ P ₃ [S57]	Solvothermal	100	100	~570 to 473	0.970	0.170%
Sn ₄ P ₃ (SPPG) [S58]	Ball milling	2000	1000	561 to 371	0.190	0.034%
Cu ₃ P@C5 (this work)	Epitaxial phosphidation growth	5000	2000	162 to 118	0.022	0.013%

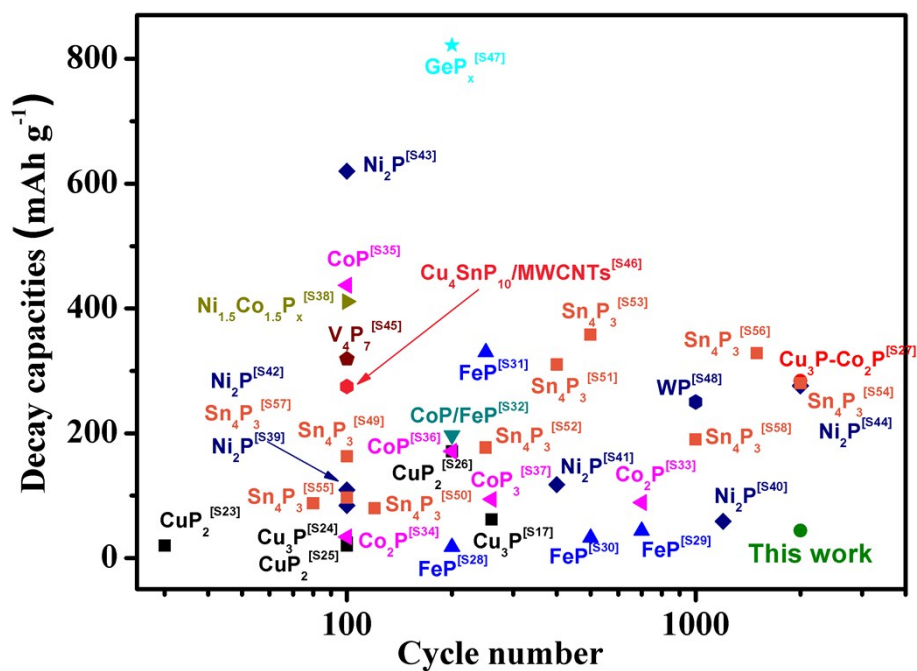


Fig. S25 Decay capacities of metal phosphide-based SIB electrode materials recently reported in the literature (within Fig. “This work“ in green text refers to Cu₃P@C5).

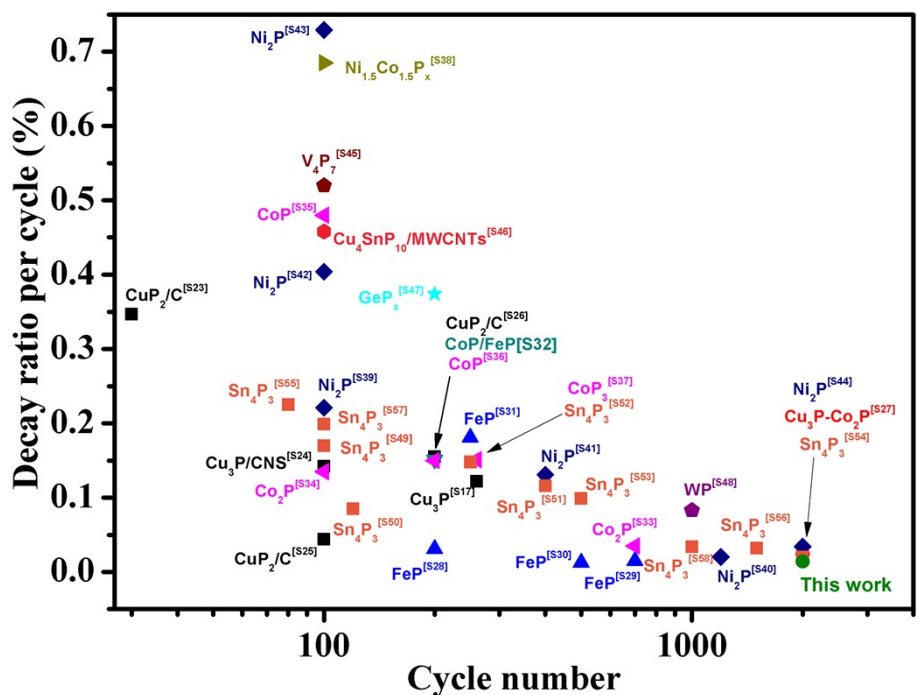


Fig. S26 Capacity decay ratio per cycle of metal phosphide-based SIB electrode materials recently reported in the literature (within Fig. “This work“ in green text refers to Cu₃P@C5).

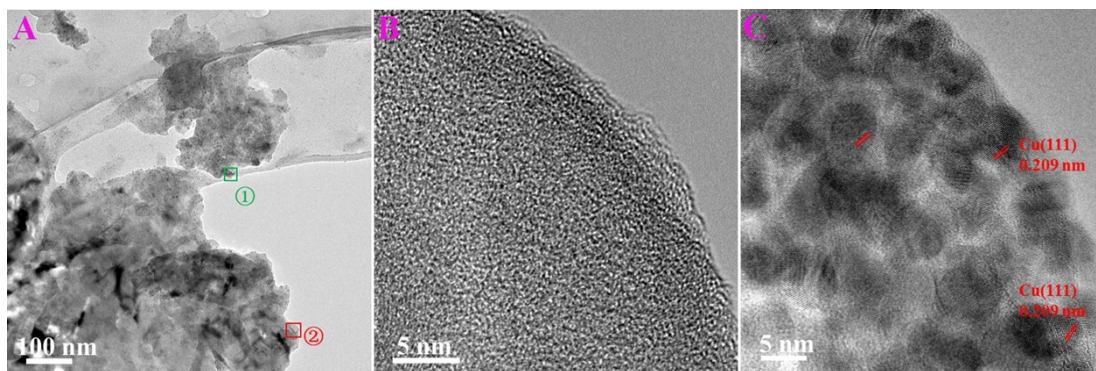


Fig. S27 TEM images of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}/\text{C}$ after 300 cycles.

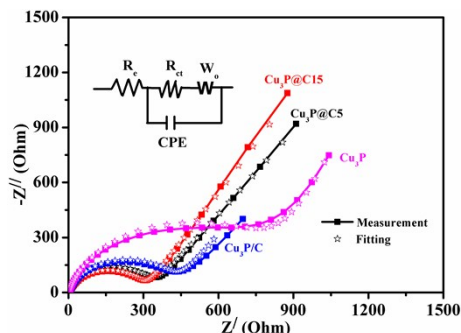


Fig. S28 EIS spectra and equivalent circuit of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}@C5$, $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}@C15$, $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}/C$ and Cu_3P . (Where R_e , R_{ct} , CPE, and W_0 in the fitted equivalent circuit are electrolyte resistance, charge-transfer resistance at the electrode/electrolyte interface, constant phase element impedance, and Warburg impedance, respectively.)

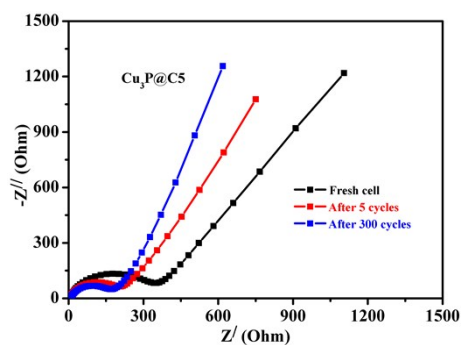


Fig. S29 EIS spectra of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}@C5$ before cycling and after different cycles in a fully charged state.

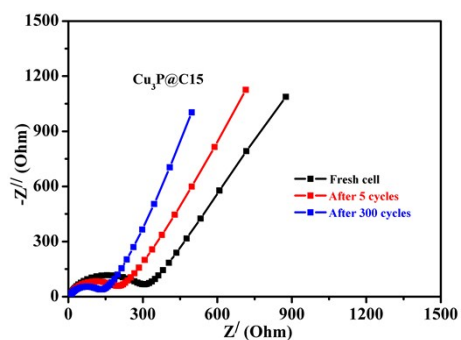


Fig. S30 EIS spectra of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}@C15$ before cycling and after different cycles in a fully charged state.

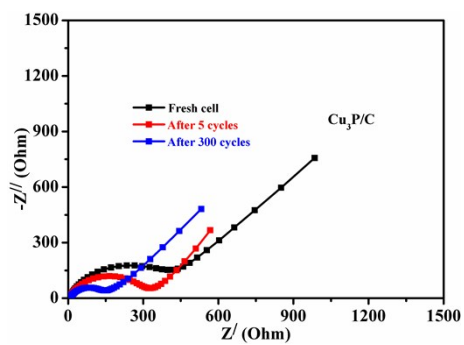


Fig. S31 EIS spectra of $\text{Cu}_3\text{P}/\text{C}$ before cycling and after different cycles in a fully charged state.

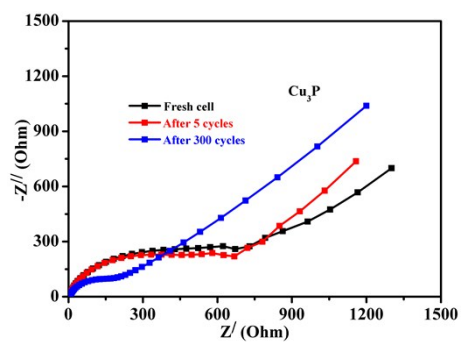


Fig. S32 EIS spectra of Cu_3P before cycling and after different cycles in a fully charged state.

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