

Efficient piezo-catalytic hydrogen peroxide production from water and oxygen over graphitic carbon nitride

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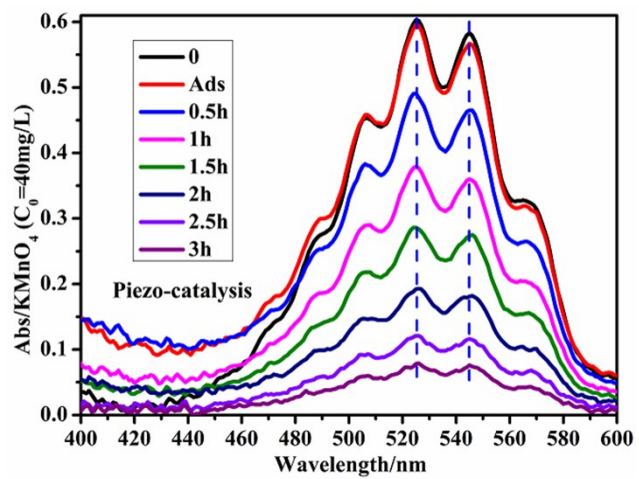


Fig. S1 The absorbance of KMnO_4 with different ultrasonic time in $\text{g-C}_3\text{N}_4$ suspension.

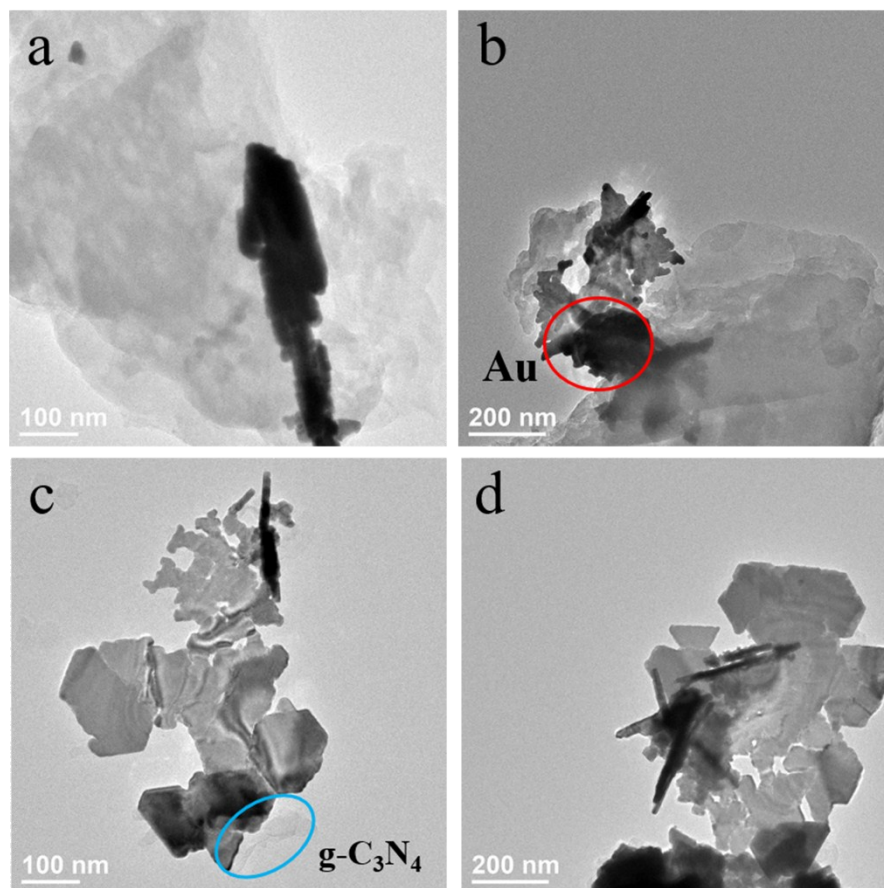


Fig. S2. TEM images of Au deposited g-C₃N₄ by (a, b) piezo-catalytic process (US-3) and by (c, d) photochemistry process (Xe-C₃N₄).

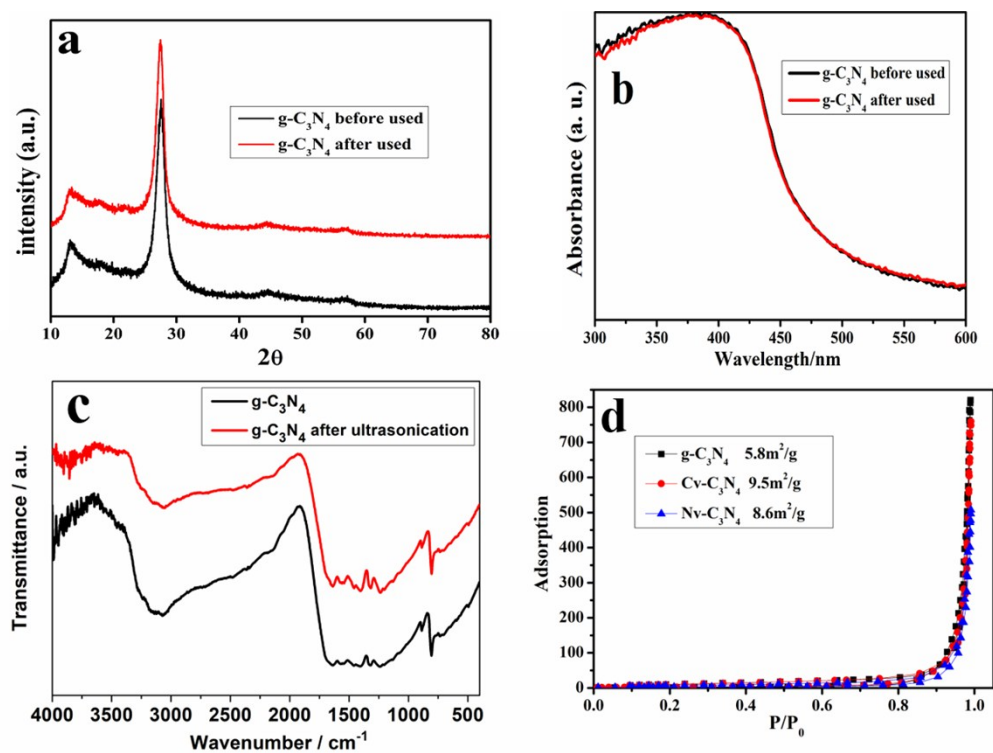


Fig. S3. (a) XRD, (b) DRS and (c) FTIR of $g\text{-C}_3\text{N}_4$ before and after used. (c) BET of pristine $g\text{-C}_3\text{N}_4$, $\text{Cv-C}_3\text{N}_4$ and $\text{Nv-C}_3\text{N}_4$.

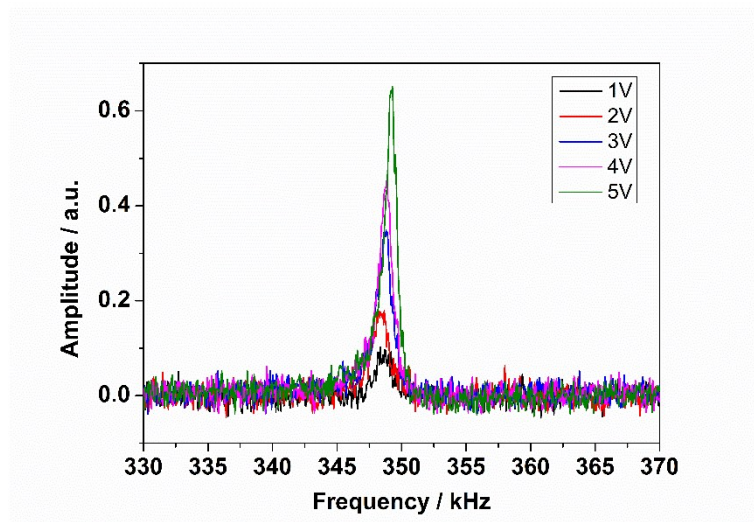


Fig. S4. PFM resonant responses of g-C₃N₄ for different applied voltages

Table S1. Summary of representative reports for generating H₂O₂ via solar-to-chemical process

Catalyst	Dosage of catalyst	Reaction solution	Light	Generating rate of H ₂ O ₂ (μmol /h)	Ref.
TiO ₂	5 mg	5 mL H ₂ O containing 0.2 mL EtOH	280–400 nm 13.8 mW/cm ²	2.5	1
Au-BiVO ₄	50 mg	30 mL H ₂ O	Xe arc lamp (>300 nm)	0.12	2
g-C ₃ N ₄ /BDI	50 mg	30 mL H ₂ O	420–500 nm 131 m/cm ²	12.5	3
Pt-Bi ₂ WO ₆	65 mg	50 mL H ₂ O containing 0.43 mM phenol	150W Xe light 25.2 mW/cm ²	0.5	4
g-C ₃ N ₄ /PDI	50 mg	30 mL H ₂ O	420–500 nm 131 mw/cm ²	1.04	5
K, P, O-C ₃ N ₄	20 mg	40 mL H ₂ O containing 8 mL EtOH (pH=3, by HClO ₄)	726.8 mW (>420nm) and 833 mW (>320nm)/cm ²	10	6
POM-C ₃ N ₄	100 mg	100 mL H ₂ O	300W Xe light (>300nm)	3.5	7
CdS-RGO	50 mg	50 mL H ₂ O (pH=5, by H ₂ SO ₄)	300W Xe light	0.58	8

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