

Supplementary Information

The UV-driven self-replenishing slippery surfaces with programmed droplet-guiding pathway

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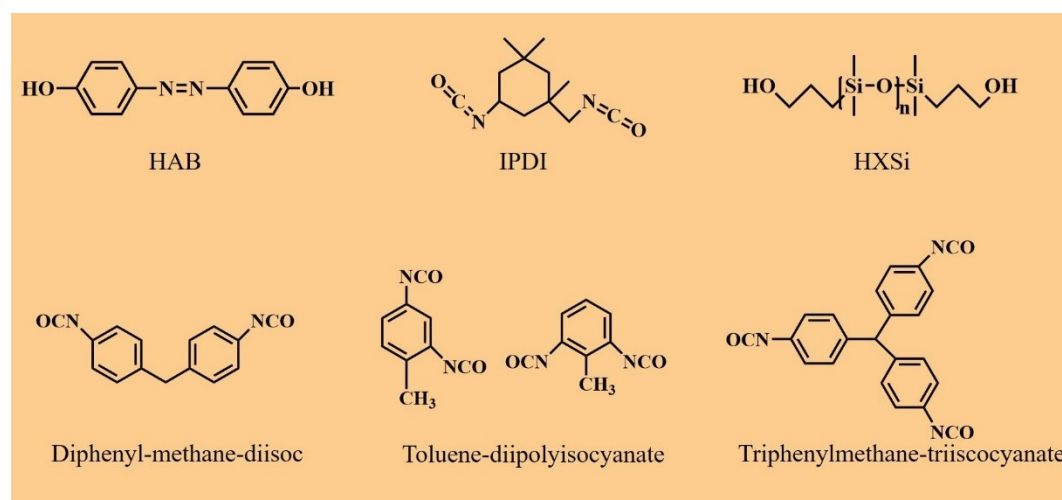


Fig.S1 The chemical structure of HAB, IPDI, HXSi and MDI.

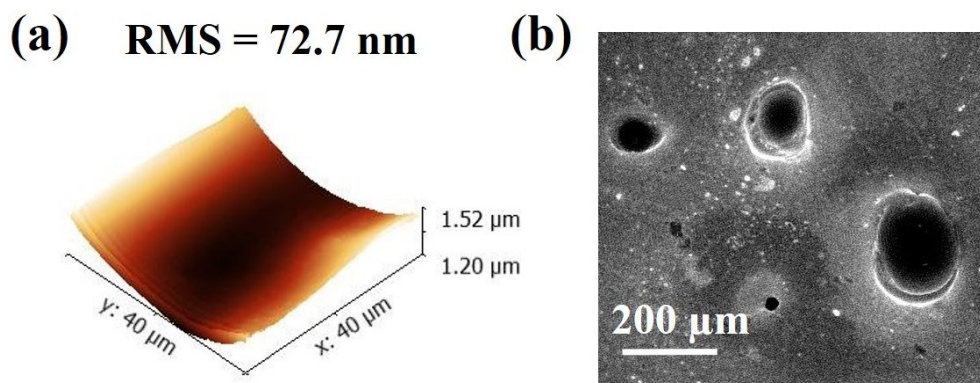


Fig.S2 (a) 3D AFM height images of UVRs, Scanning range: $40 \times 40 \mu\text{m}^2$. (b) SEM image of

UVRs after swabbing.

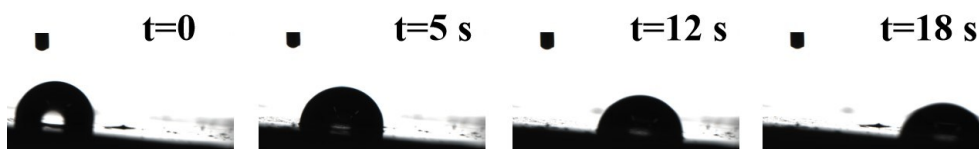


Fig.S3 Photographs showing the dynamic mobility of a water droplet (7 μL) on UVRs with a low tilting angle ($\sim 5^\circ$).

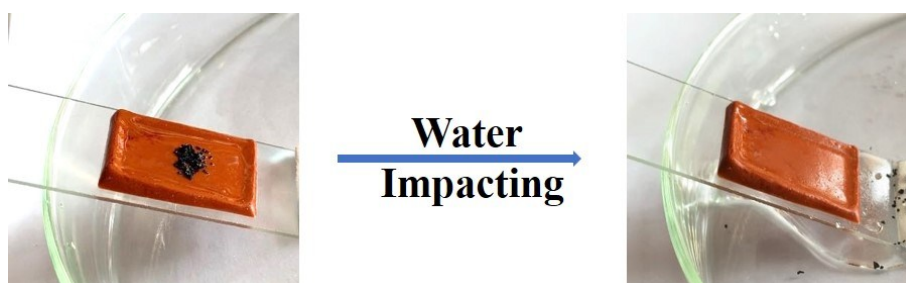


Fig.S4 Self-cleaning tests by employing the carbon black particles as model pollutants on UVRs.

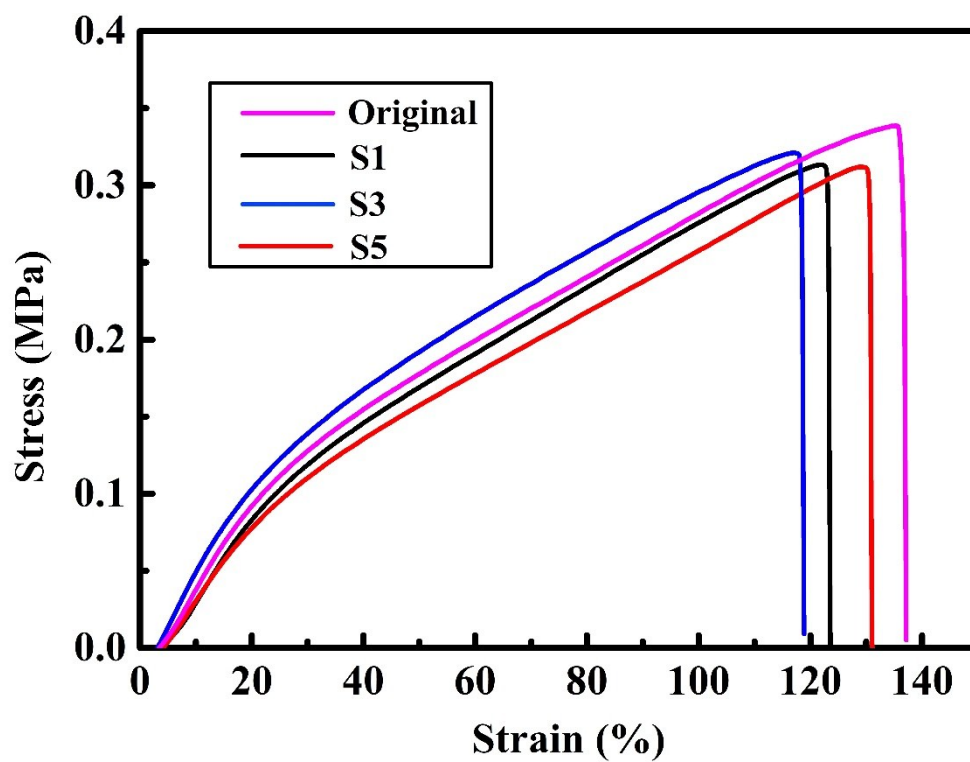


Fig.S5 Stress-strain curves of the original substrate and the self-healed samples that experienced 1,

3 and 5 times self-healing process.

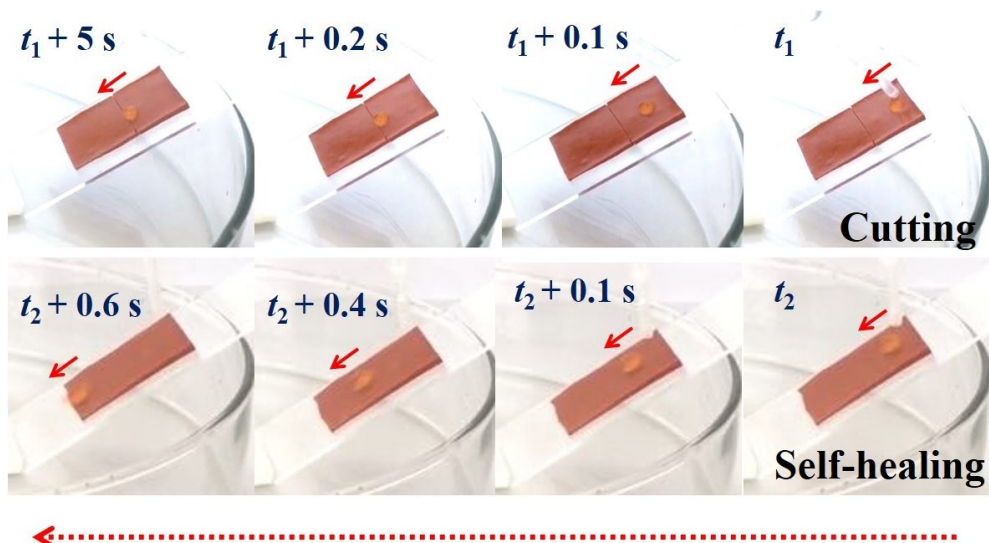


Fig.S6 A moving water droplet pinned on the physical damage line on the tilted surface and moved continuously on the self-healed UVRs.

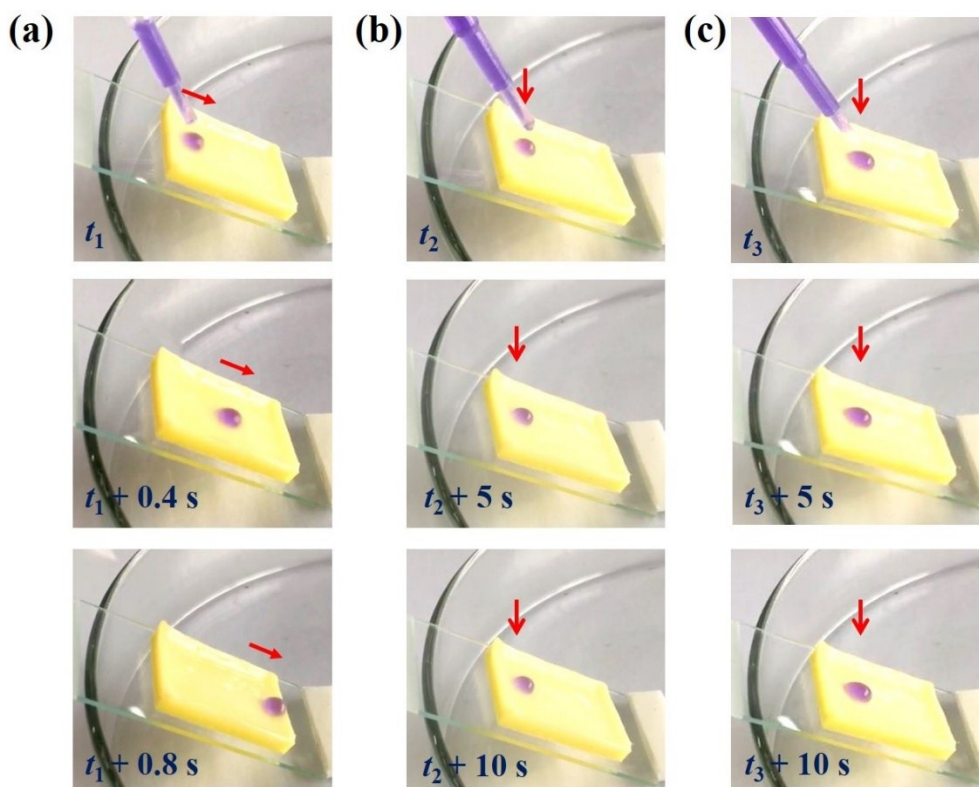


Fig.S7 Dynamic control of water droplet on a titled NUVRs of 30°. (a) Process of water droplet

slipping off the NUVRs at initial state. (b) Process of water droplet pinned on the NUVRs after the surface lubricant oil was swabbed. (c) Process of water droplet still pinned on the NUVRs after UV irradiation.

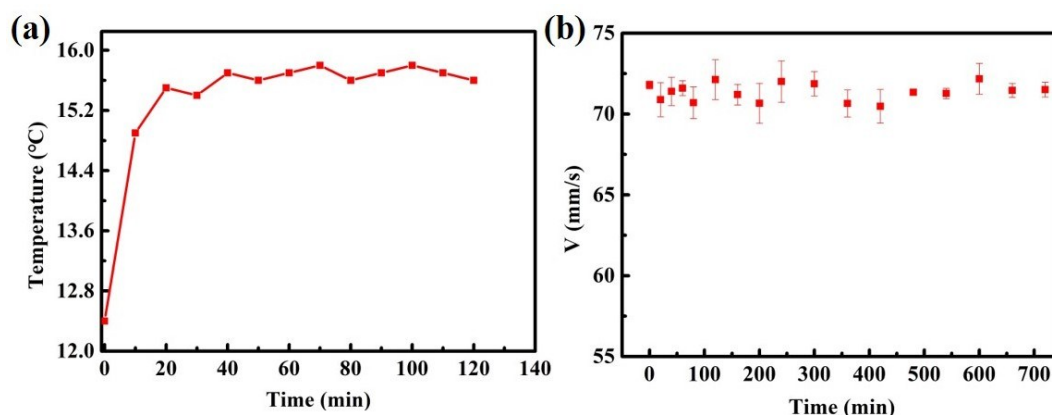


Fig.S8 The variety of surface temperature (a) and sliding rate (b) of UVRs after exposed to the UV light for 2 h and 720 min.

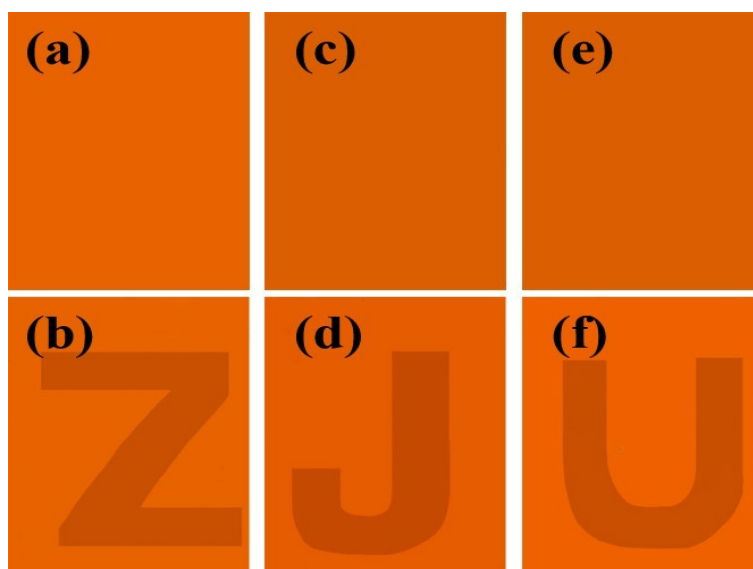


Fig.S9 The surface color change under UV irradiation or visible light illumination. (a) The original state of UVRs. The slippery surface was irradiated under UV light with Z-shape UV mask for the first time (b), “J-shape” UV mask for second time (d) and U-shape UV mask for the third time (f). The slippery surface was illuminated under visible light for the first time (c) and second time (e).

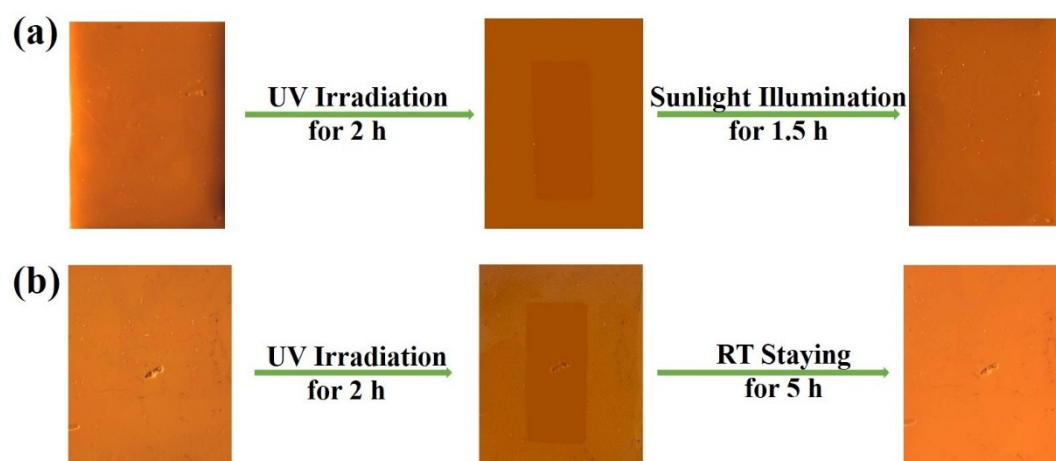


Fig.S10 The process of surface color change and recovery under UV light irradiation and sunlight illumination/room temperature, respectively.