

## Electronic Supplementary Information

10 cm<sup>2</sup> nonfullerene solar cells with efficiency over 10% using H<sub>x</sub>MoO<sub>3</sub>-assisted growth of silver electrodes with a low threshold thickness of 4 nm

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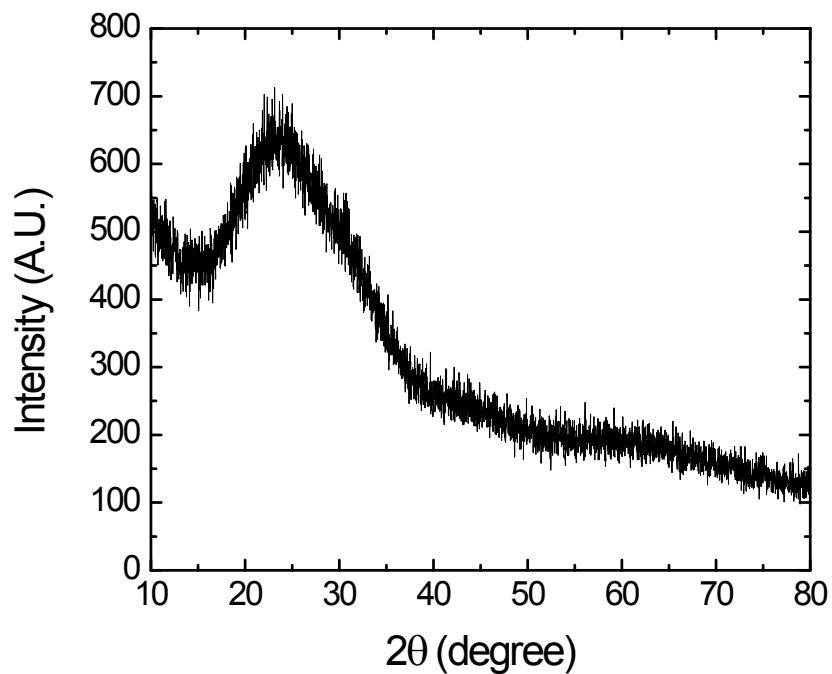
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**Table S1.** Summary of nonfullerene large-area ( $> 2 \text{ cm}^2$ ) device in previous reports.<sup>1-6</sup>

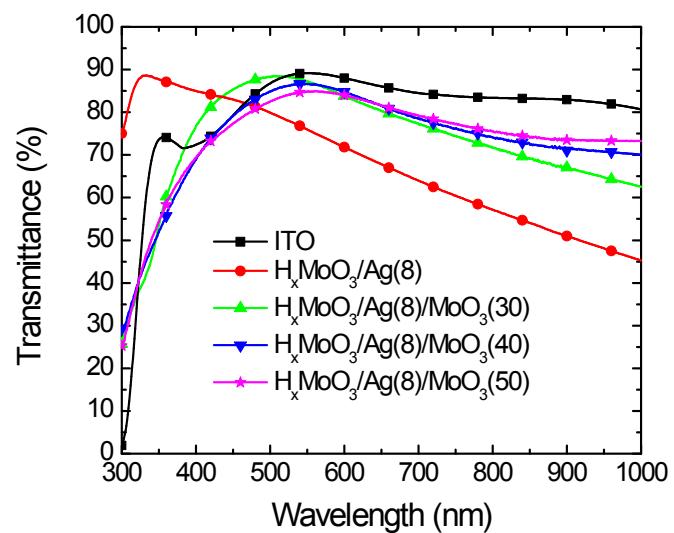
Area [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	PCE [%]	Year	Ref.
3.48	8.6	2018	[1]
8	6	2018	[2]
18	6.3	2018	[3]
60	5	2018	[4]
2	6	2019	[5]
3.2	8.1	2019	[6]

**Table S2.** Photovoltaic parameters of OSCs with MoO<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>x</sub>MoO<sub>3</sub> as HTL. The device structure is glass/ITO/ZnO/PM6:IT-4F/HTL/Ag. All devices were measured under 100 mW cm<sup>-2</sup> AM 1.5G illumination.

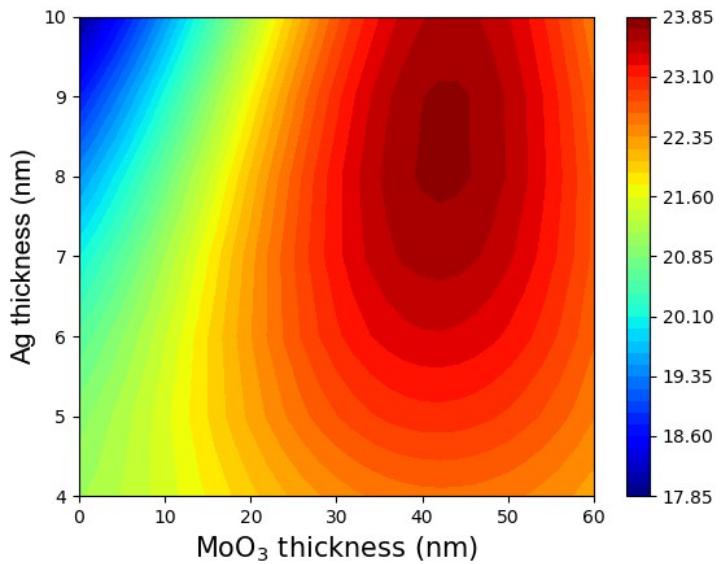
Area [cm <sup>2</sup> ]	HTL	J <sub>sc</sub> [mA/cm <sup>2</sup> ]	V <sub>oc</sub> [V]	FF	PCE [%]
0.1	MoO <sub>3</sub>	20.37	0.86	0.76	13.34
0.1	H <sub>x</sub> MoO <sub>3</sub>	19.76	0.85	0.75	12.63



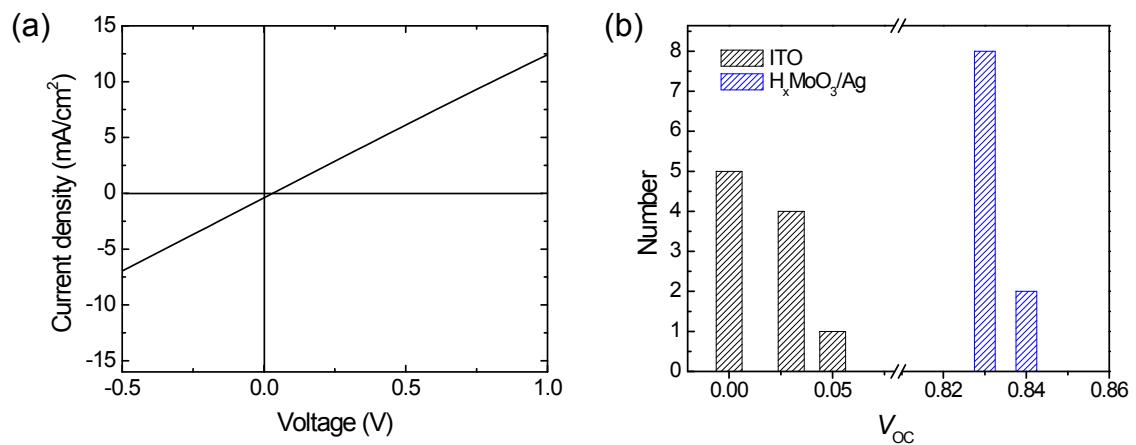
**Figure S1.** X-ray diffraction (XRD) pattern of  $H_x\text{MoO}_3$ .



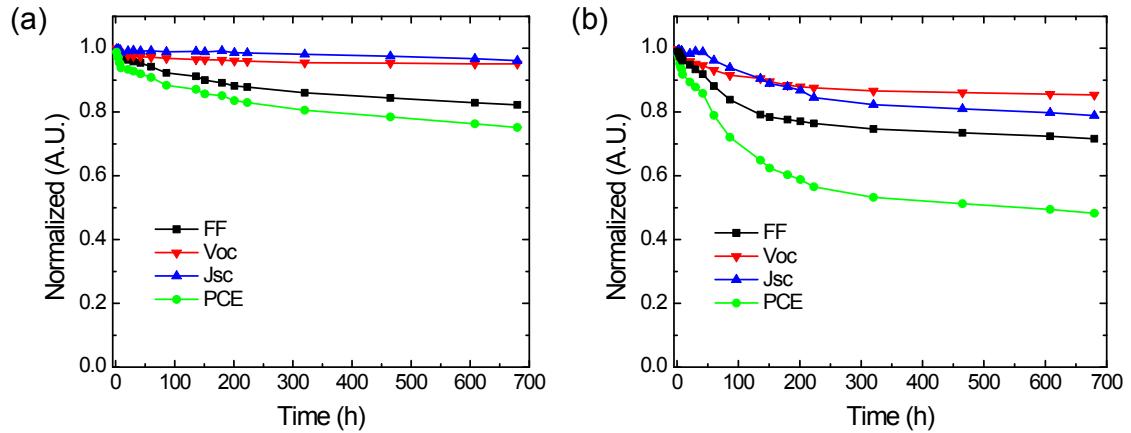
**Figure S2.** Optical transmittance of transparent electrode with different antireflective  $\text{MoO}_3$  thickness when the thickness of Ag is fixed at 8 nm.



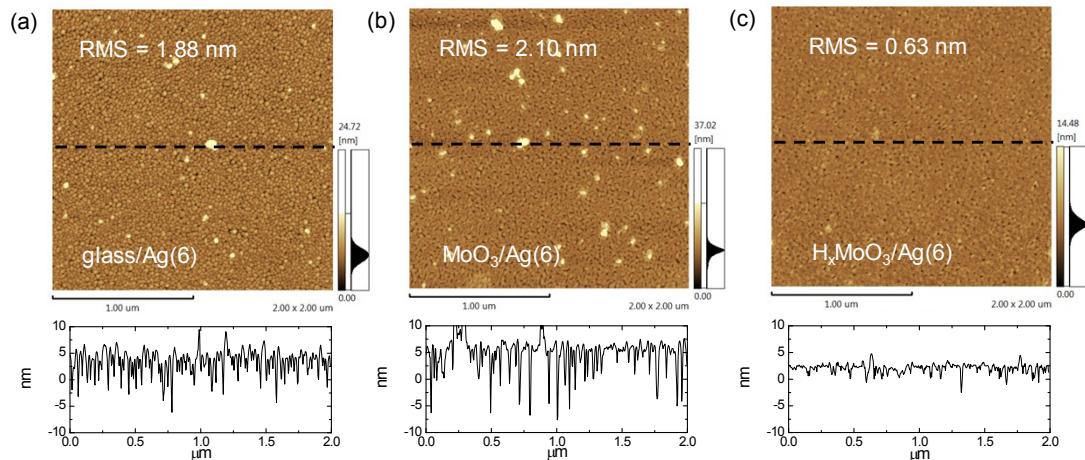
**Figure S3.** Optically simulated photocurrent, assuming the IQE=100%, of top-illuminated device as a function of thicknesses of ut-Ag and MoO<sub>3</sub> ARL.



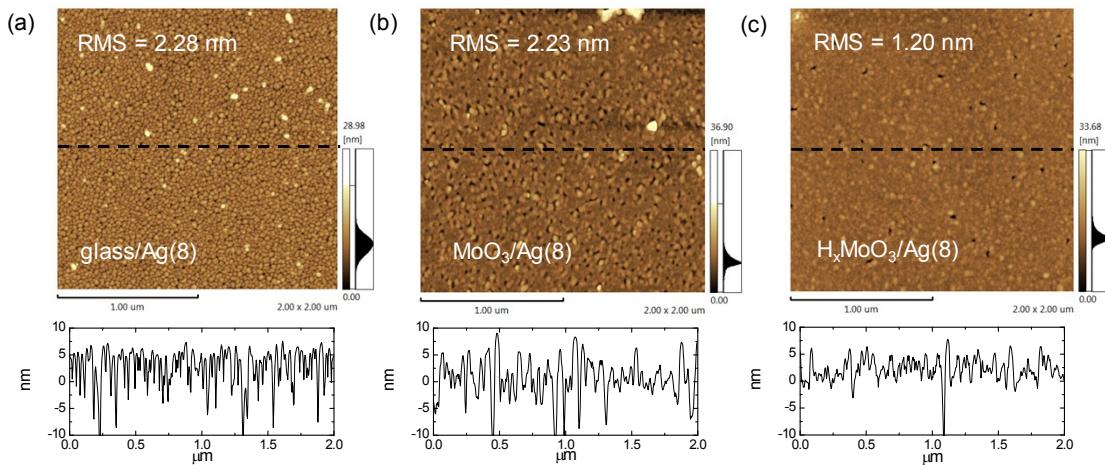
**Figure S4.** (a) Current density-voltage ( $J$ - $V$ ) characteristics under AM 1.5G illumination of  $10 \text{ cm}^2$  solar cell on ITO. The device structure is ITO/ZnO/PM6:IT-4F/MoO<sub>3</sub>/Ag. (b) Histogram distribution of open-circuit voltage for  $10 \text{ cm}^2$  devices on ITO and thick opaque Ag on H<sub>x</sub>MoO<sub>3</sub>.



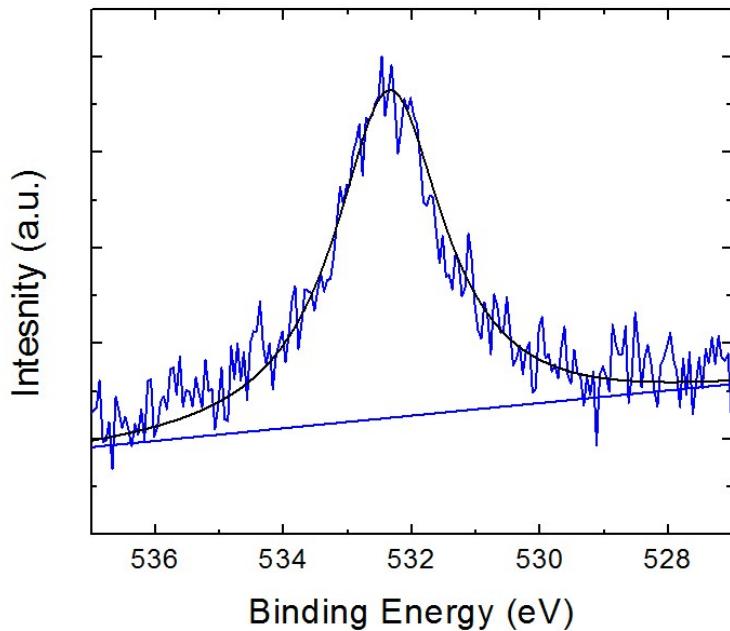
**Figure S5.** Normalized photovoltaic parameters of (a) ut-Ag cell (glass/ $H_xMoO_3/70\text{-nm}$  Ag/ZnO/PM6:IT-4F/ $H_xMoO_3$ /ut-Ag/MoO<sub>3</sub>) and (b) reference cell (ITO/ZnO/PM6:IT-4F/MoO<sub>3</sub>/Ag) under continuous a LED white light illumination up to 680 hours.



**Figure S6.** Atomic force microscope (AFM) images of 6-nm Ag on different surface: (a) glass; (b) MoO<sub>3</sub>; (c) H<sub>x</sub>MoO<sub>3</sub>. The dash lines indicate the position of sectional height distribution shown underneath.



**Figure S7.** Atomic force microscope (AFM) images of 8-nm Ag on different surface: (a) glass; (b)  $\text{MoO}_3$ ; (c)  $\text{H}_x\text{MoO}_3$ . The dash lines indicate the position of sectional height distribution shown underneath.



**Figure S8.** O 1s XPS spectrum of 70-nm Ag deposited on glass. The peak at 532 eV was assigned to the dissolved oxygen in silver bulk<sup>7, 8</sup>.

## **References:**

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