

Supporting Information

Assessment of Electrocatalytic Activity through the Lens of Three Surface Area Normalization Techniques

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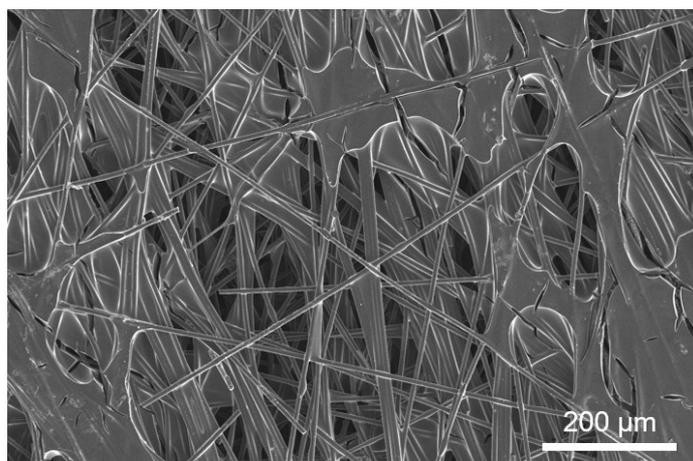


Figure S1 SEM image of pristine CFP at lower magnification.

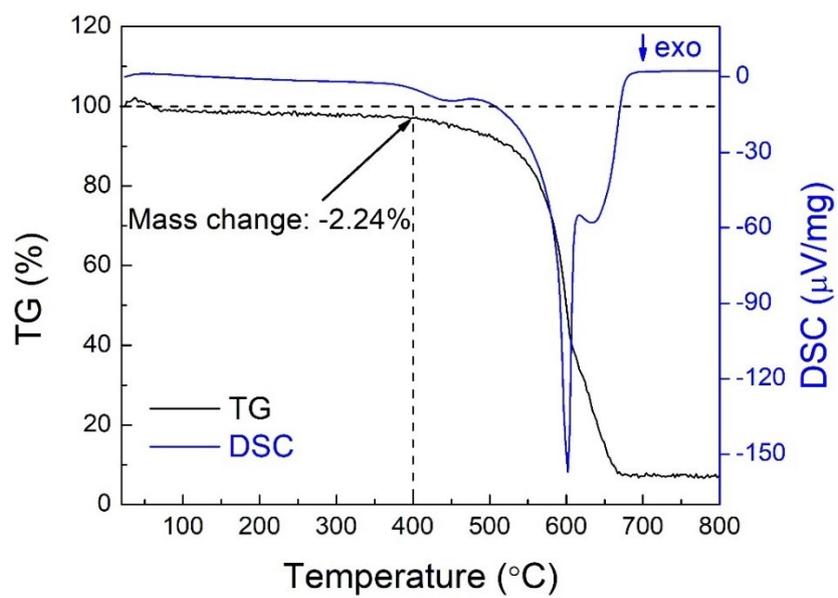


Figure S2 TGA and DSC curves of pristine CFP.

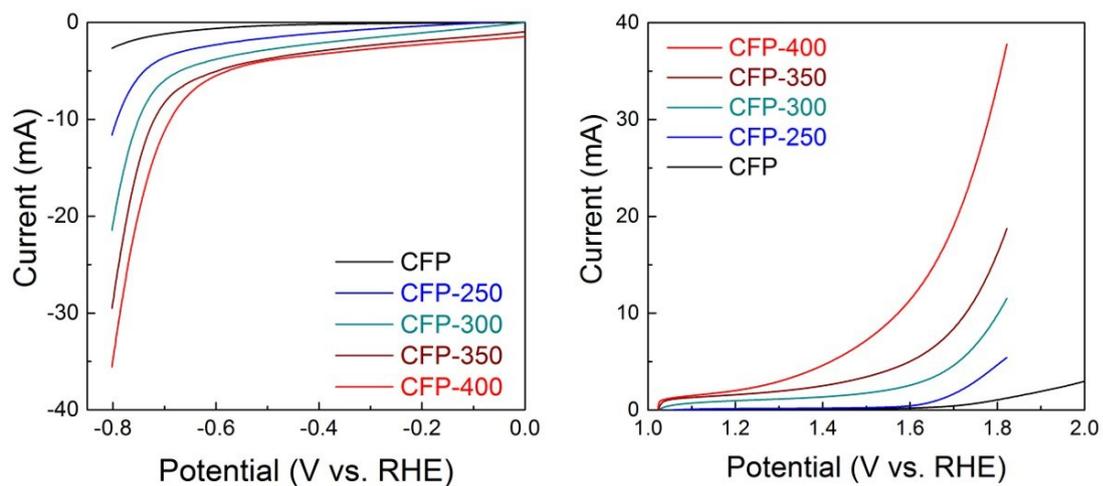


Figure S3 Electrochemical current of CFP electrodes for HER (a) and OER (b).

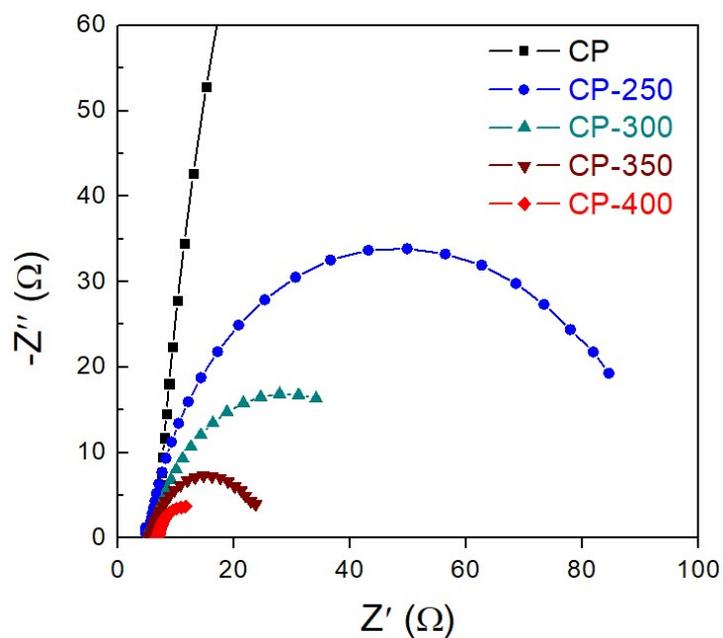


Figure S4 Electrochemical impedance spectra for CFP electrodes.

Table S1 Deconvolution results for XPS C 1s spectra of CFP electrodes.

Samples	C=O		C-O		O=C-O		Percentages C=O
	Position (eV)	Area	Position (eV)	Area	Position (eV)	Area	
CFP	531.48	2549.92	533.06	4431.25	534.84	786.43	32.8%
CFP-400	531.36	5766.88	533.41	7272.16	535.73	1387.43	40.0%

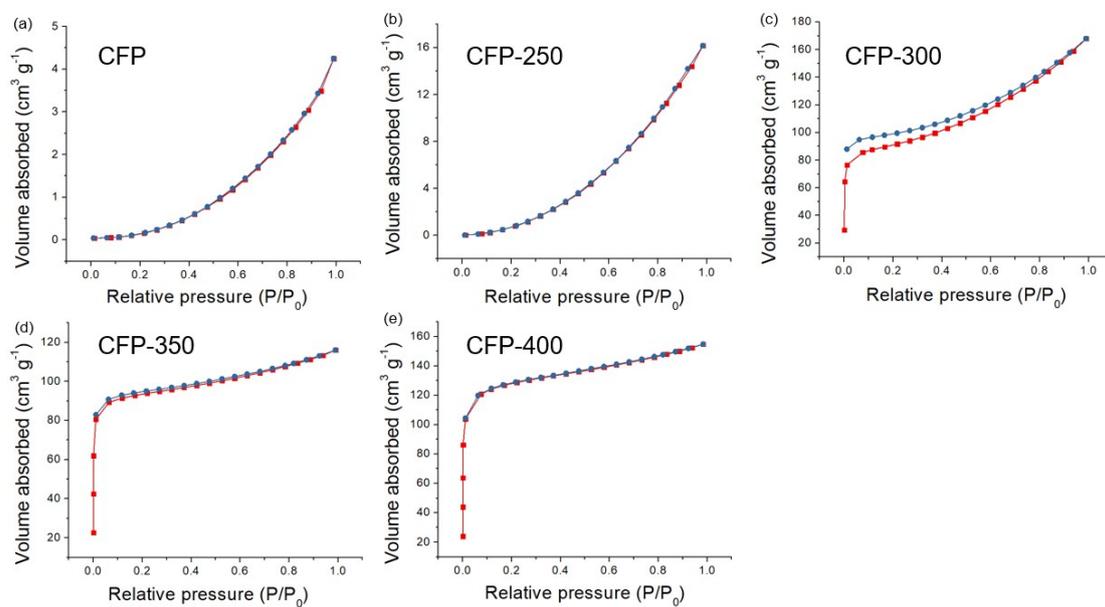


Figure S5 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms for CFP electrodes.

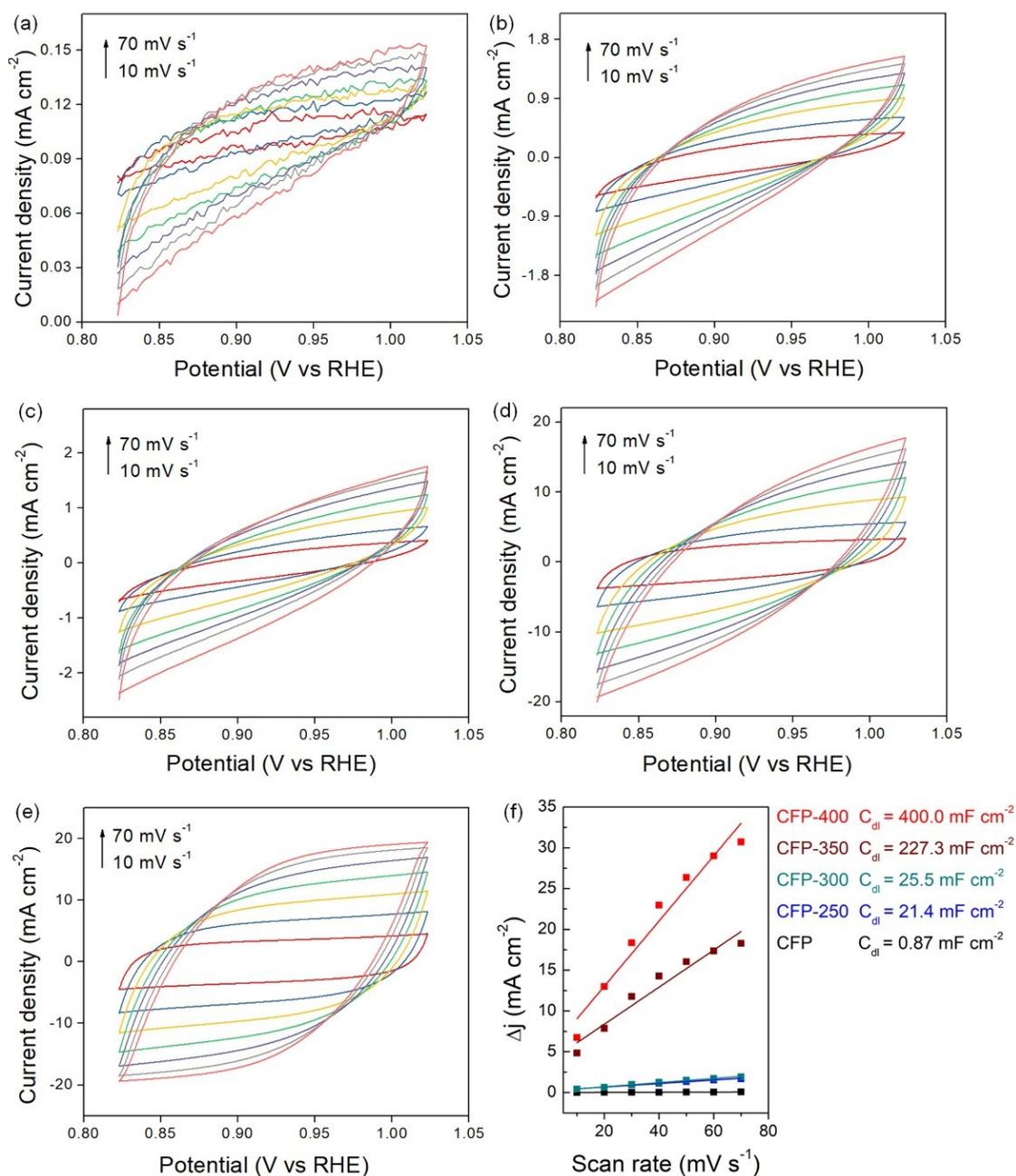


Figure S6 CV curves with different scan rates: (a) pristine CFP, (b) CFP-250, (c) CFP-300, (d) CFP-350, and (e) CFP-400. (f) Current density as a function of scan rate from CV curves.

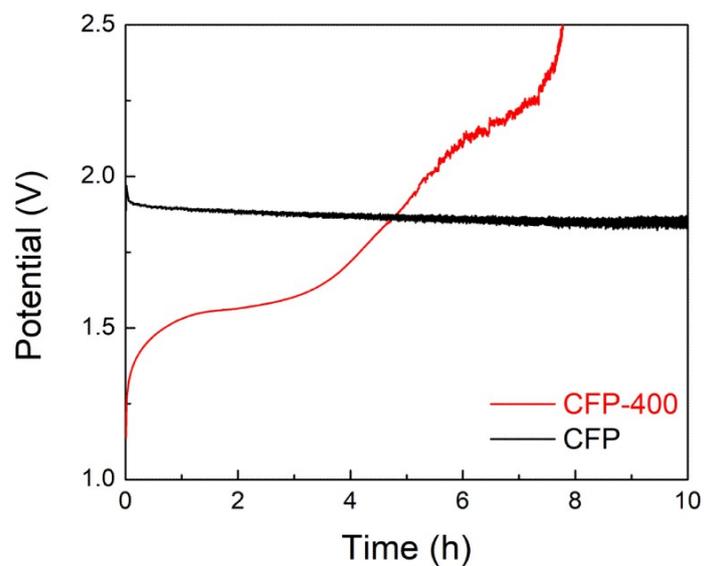


Figure S7 Chronopotentiometry durability measurements (without iR -correction) of CFP and CFP-400 for OER at a constant current density of 10 mA cm^{-2} .

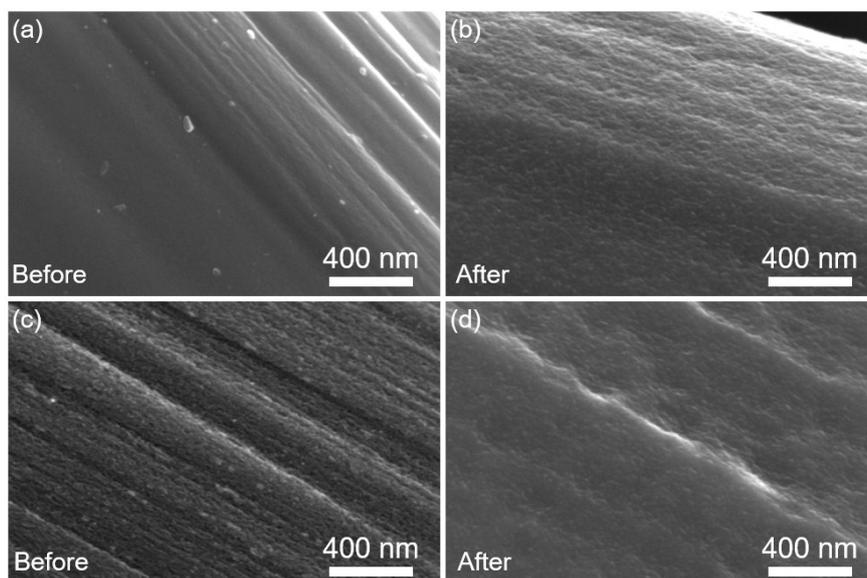


Figure S8 SEM images before and after long-term OER testing: (a, b) CFP and (c, d) CFP-400.