Supporting Information for

A self-template approach to synthesize multicore-shell Bi@N-doped carbon nanosheets with interior void space for high-rate and ultrastable potassium storage

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Fig. S1 (a) XRD patterns and (b) energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy of the BiO_x precursor.



Fig. S2 SEM (a) and TEM (b) images of Bi particles through direct calcination treatment of BiOx precursor under Ar/H_2 atmosphere reduction treatment.

Fig. S3 XRD patterns of the pure Bi.

Fig. S4 (a) Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms and (b) pore size distribution curves of pure Bi.

Fig. S5 CV curves of (a) Bi@N-C and (b) Bi electrodes at a scan rate of 1 mV s^{-1} .

Fig.S6 potassium storage performance of N-doped carbon. (a) Discharge and charge profiles at 1 A g^{-1} for the initial three cycles, (b) cycling performance at 1 A g^{-1} , (c) typical discharge/charge curves under various rates, and (d) rate capabilities of N-doped carbon from 1 to 20 A g^{-1} .

Fig. S7 (a) Discharge/charge profiles, and (b) cycling stability of Bi@N-C electrode for KFP₆ in EC/PC electrolyte.

Fig. S8 Typical discharge/charge curves for selected cycles of (a-b) Bi@N-C and (c-d) Bi electrodes at current densities of (a, c) 5 A g⁻¹ and (b, d) 10 A g⁻¹.

Fig. S9 Log (*i*) versus log (*v*) plots at different oxidation and reduction states of (a) Bi@N-C and (b) Bi electrode.

Fig. S10 EIS profiles of Bi@N-C and Bi electrodes before cycle.

Anode	Curren t density (A g ⁻¹)	Cycle Number	Capacity (mA h g ⁻¹)	Rate (mA h g ⁻¹ / A g ⁻¹)	References
Bi	0.4	100	392	-	Adv. Energy Mater., 2018, 8, 1703496
Bi	0.08	50	200	-	J. Phys. Chem. C, 2018, 122, 18266
Bi	0.8	300	322	320/2	Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2018, 57, 4687
Bi@C	0.1	35	151	-	Chem. Sci., 2018, 9, 6193
Bi/rGO	0.05	200	~100	235/0.5	Adv. Energy Mater., 2018, 8, 1703288
Bi/G	0.5	50	240	200/10	Small, 2019, 1905789
Bi@N-C	1	100	268	152/100	Adv. Funct. Mater., 2019, 29, 1809195
Bi@3DGFs	1	400	164	113/10	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2019, 7, 4913
C@Bi	0.4	200	200	222/0.8	Matter, 2019, 1, 1427
Sb@CNFs	0.2	100	330	145/5	Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2019, 58, 14578
Sb@C	0.2	504	200	530/0.2	Energy Environ. Sci., 2019, 12, 615
Sb@MOF	0.1	100	497	270/1	Chem. Commun., 2019, 55, 12511
Sb@3DC	0.2	150	445	286/1	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2019, 7, 9629
Sb ₂ Se ₃ @C	0.5	400	191	174/2	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2019, 7, 12283
3DC/Sn	0.05	100	276	150/0.5	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2018, 6, 434
SnS ₂ –RGO	0.5	150	311	163/1	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2019, 7, 19332
SnS ₂ @C	1	1000	274	397/2	ChemSusChem, 2019 , 12, 2689
Sn ₄ P ₃ @C	0.5	1000	160	170/2	Joule, 2018 , 2, 1534
Sn ₄ P ₃ @C	0.5	800	181.5	184/2	Energy Storage Mater., 2019, 23, 367
SnSb@NC	0.5	200	186	117/2	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2019, 7, 14309
RP/C	1	60	300	71/3	Adv. Sci., 2019, 6, 1801354
(Bi,Sb) ₂ S ₃	0.5	1000	353	300/1	ACS Nano, 2019 , <i>13</i> , 3703
(Bi,Sb)@C	0.5	400	226	200/2	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2019, 7, 27041
Bi@N-C	1	100	356	320/10	This work
	5	500	256	266/20	
	10	1000	180	175/30	

Table S1. Electrochemical performance of alloy-based anodes for PIBs.