

*Supporting information file*

## Implementing fluorescent MOFs as down-converting layers in hybrid light-emitting diodes

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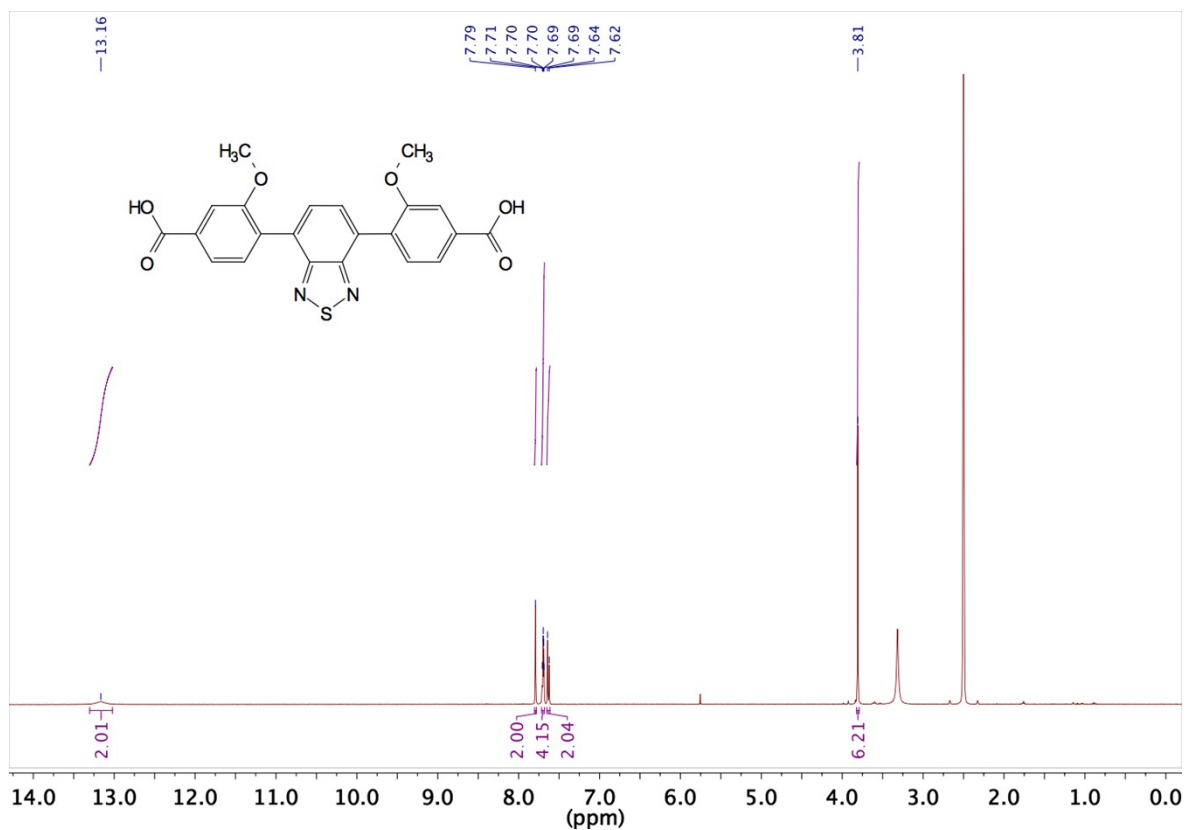


Figure S1: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of BTBMBA in DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>.

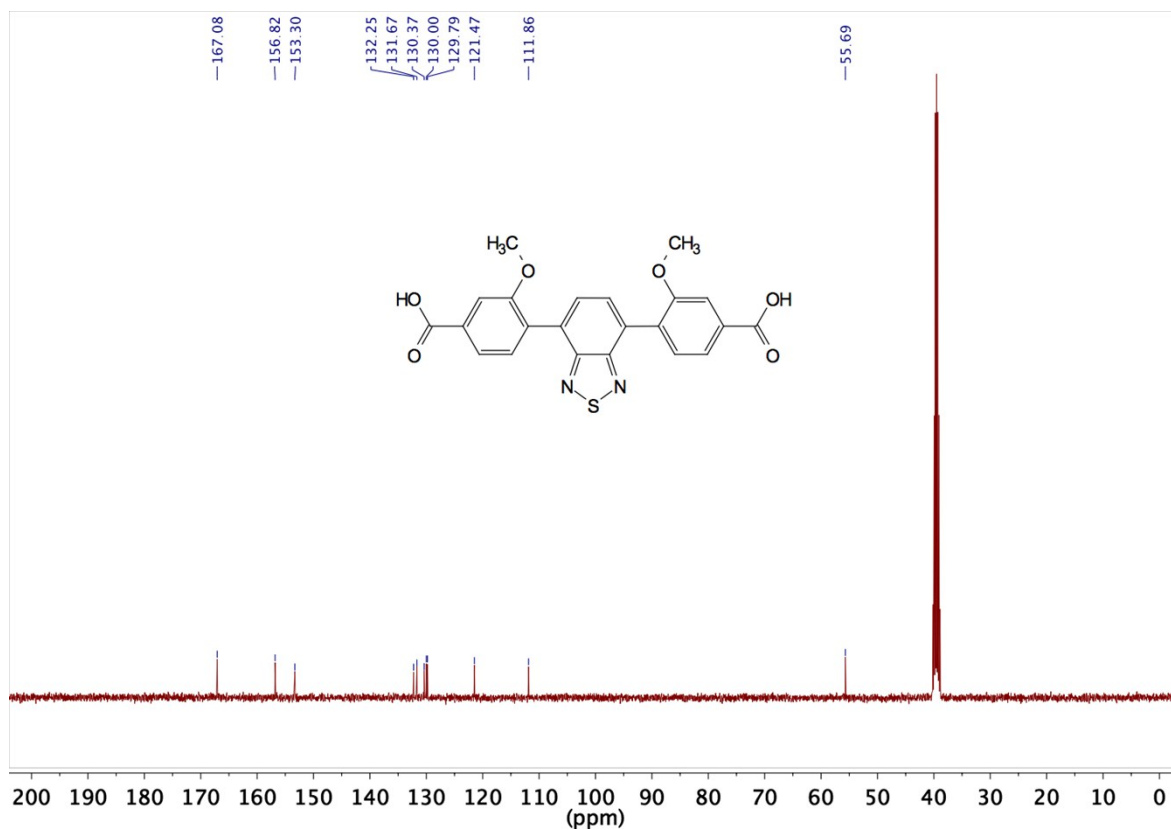
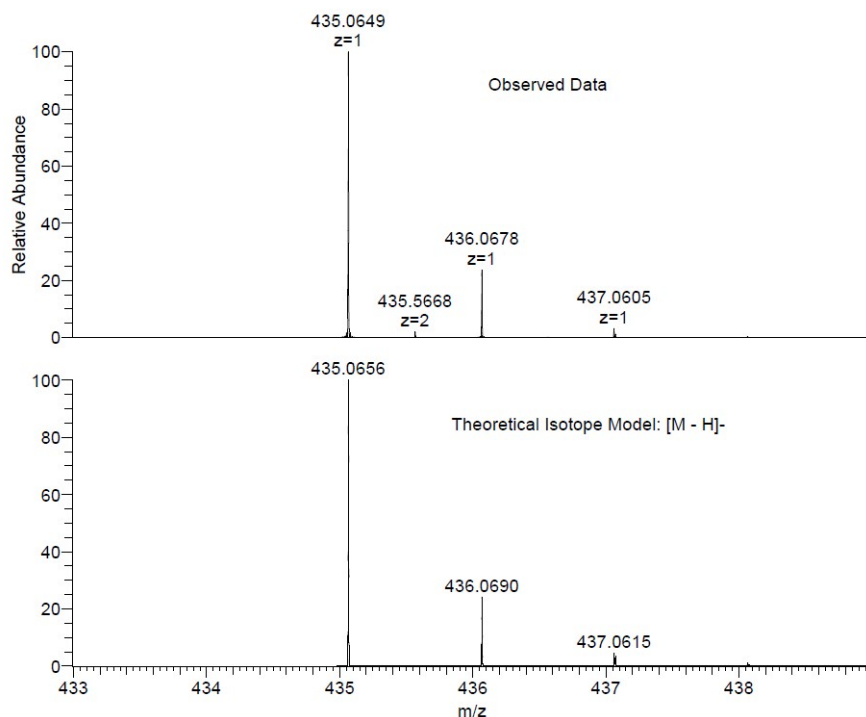


Figure S2: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of BTBMBA in DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>.



NL:  
2.78E7  
STRSKA046-OJ-HNESN#45-  
77 RT: 0.72-0.93 AV: 8 T:  
FTMS - p NSI Full ms  
[120.00-615.00]

NL:  
1.72E4  
C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S:  
C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S<sub>1</sub>  
p (gss, s /p:40) Chrg -1  
R: 100000 Res .Pwr .@FWHM

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T: FTMS - p NSI Full ms [120.00-615.00]

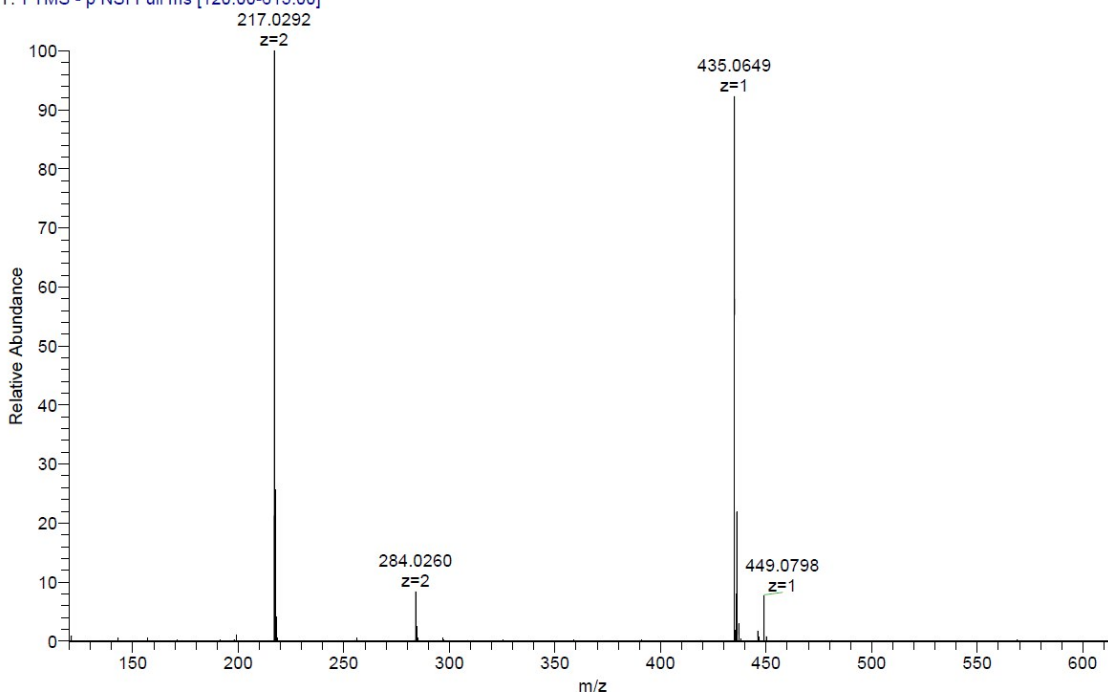
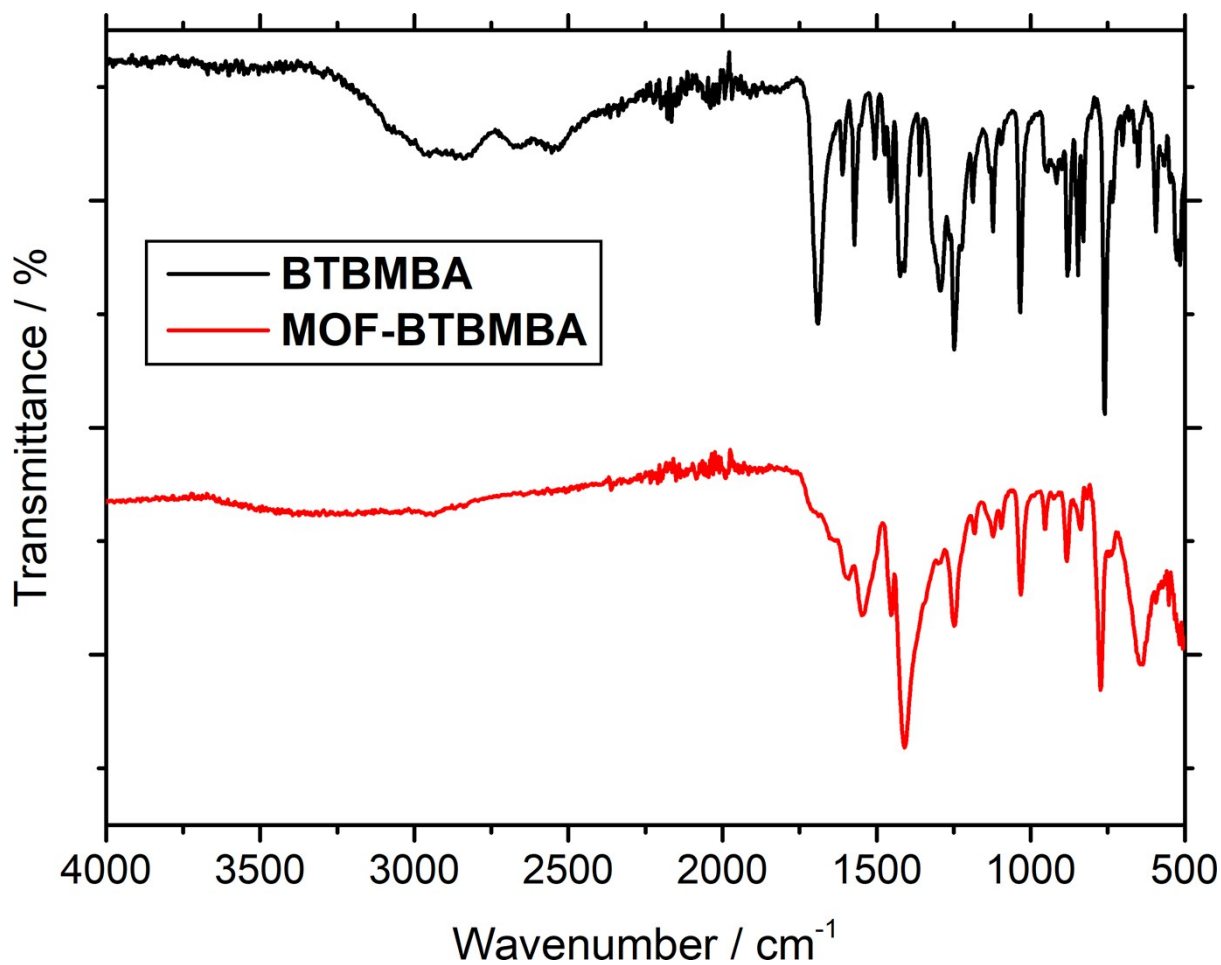
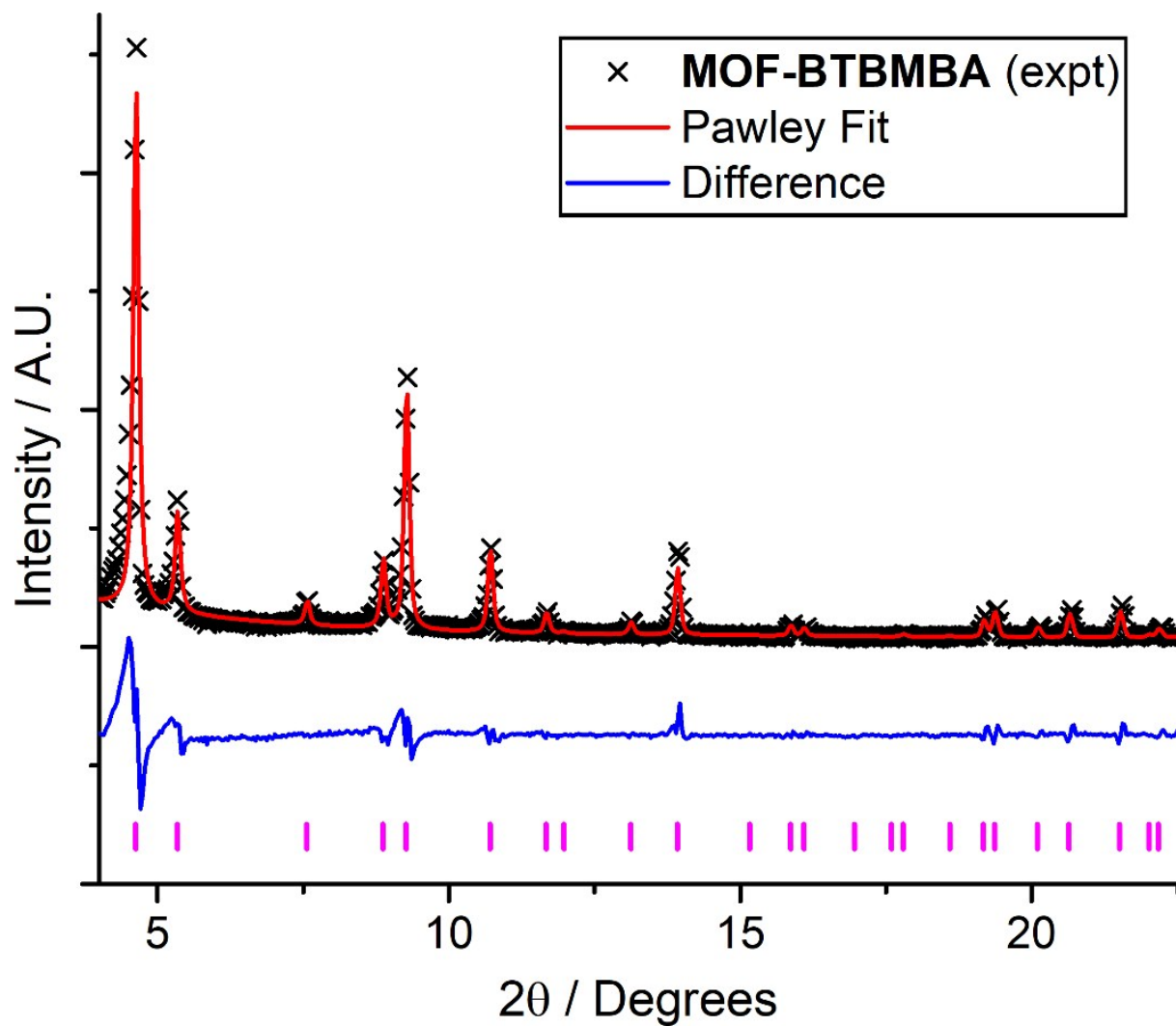


Figure S3: HRMS data of BTBMBA.



**Figure S4:** Stacked FTIR spectrum of **BTBMBA** (top) and **MOF-BTBMBA** (bottom). Peaks for **BTBMBA** are tentatively assigned as C=O (1692 cm<sup>-1</sup>); C=N (1572 cm<sup>-1</sup>); N-S (750 cm<sup>-1</sup>). Coordination to the Zr<sup>4+</sup> cations has shifted the C=O stretch in **MOF-BTBMBA** to lower frequency, which is suggestive of MOF formation, and it now overlaps with the C=N signals. Characteristic stretches in the fingerprint region of the ligand are retained.



**Figure S5:** Pawley fit of the PXRD data for **MOF-BTB MBA**. The data fit a cubic unit cell of  $a = 33.02947 \text{ \AA}$  in the  $Fm3m$  space group, with  $wR = 20.4\%$ . Some discrepancies from the model are expected as the sample was collected on a lab source with the sample on a flat plate and not spun.