## 1 Supporting information

## 2 Photoelectrochemical response to glutathione in Au-decorated ZnO

## 3 nanorod array

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Fig. S1 (a) AFM image of Au NPs, (b) surface information details of Au NPs from AFM

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The distribution of Au NPs on the surface of ZnO NRs has an impact on the 10 availability of simulated sunlight and photocurrent response. Previous reports have 11 indicated that the SPR of gold particles depended on their size <sup>1, 2</sup>. And there is a point 12 at which increasing the particle size ceases to improve the potential sensitivity of a 13 particle-enhanced assay over the number densities studied. Hence, the different 14 deposition time from 0 to 120 s was carried out and the photocurrent response increased 15 at first till 60 s and declined when at 120 s obviously as shown as Fig.S2 (A). Therefore, 16 the deposition time of 60 s was chosen as the ideal deposition time in the following 17 18 studies.



21 Fig. S2 (A) Photocurrent response vs deposition time of gold nanoparticles from 0 to 120 s.

22 (B) Time-based photocurrent responses of the PEC sensor under several on/off irradiation cycles.

Table S1 Selective detection of GSH by self-powered PEC sensor

| Chemical & biological substance | I/I <sub>0</sub> <sup>a</sup> (%) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| GSH                             | 100                               |
| DA                              | <1                                |
| Glu                             | <1                                |
| Cys                             | <1                                |
| AA                              | <1                                |
| UA                              | <1                                |
| ethanol                         | <1                                |
| $Zn^{2+}$                       | <1                                |
| Na <sup>2+</sup>                | <1                                |
| K <sup>2+</sup>                 | <1                                |
| Ca <sup>2+</sup>                | <1                                |
| $Mg^{2+}$                       | <1                                |
| Fe <sup>3+</sup>                | <1                                |

25 a  $I/I_0(\%)=[I(interfering substance, \mu A)]/[I_0(GSH, \mu A)]\times 100.$ 



32 Fig. S3 The stability (A) and reproducibility (B) of the Au NPs-ZnO NRs/FTO electrodes (n=6)

## **Reference**

- 36 1. L. A. Lyon, D. J. Pena and M. J. Natan, *J Phys Chem B*, 1999, **103**, 5826-5831.
- 37 2. S. Linic, P. Christopher and D. B. Ingram, *Nat Mater*, 2011, **10**, 911-921.