**Supporting Information:** 

## Synthesis of magnetically separable Fe $_3O_4$ -Au-CdS kinked heterotrimers incorporating plasmonic and semiconducting functionalities

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X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) measurements: The XPS measurements were performed on a Kratos Axis Ultra DLD spectrometer equipped with a monochromatic AlK $\alpha$  (1486.6 eV) irradiation source operating at an X-ray gun power of 150 W. The vacuum pressure of the analysis chamber was maintained at 8 x 10<sup>-9</sup> Torr or lower throughout the analyses. The scale of binding energy was calibrated for each sample by setting the main line of the C 1s spectrum to 284.8 eV. XPS spectra were collected with 160 eV pass energy for the survey spectra and 40 eV for the highresolution spectra, respectively. Background subtraction using a Shirley background was applied to all survey and high-resolution spectra. Each high-resolution spectra was fitted with a Gaussian-Lorentzian (70-30 %) line shape with the full-width half maximum (FWHM) constrained to values considered reasonable for each of the element.



**Figure S1.** TEM image of Au-Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> dimer seed. Top and bottom right insets show its HRTEM and magnetic separation, respectively.



Figure S2. Size distribution curve of the diameter of kinked CdS nanorods.



**Figure S3.** EDS spectra of  $Fe_3O_4$ -Au-CdS heterotrimer obtained at 260 °C after 6 mins, corresponding to Figure 1 c1-c2.



**Figure S4.** Comparison of the photocatalytic activity of  $Fe_3O_4$ -Au-CdS heterotrimer in the presence of  $Na_2S/Na_2SO_3$  and Me-OH as sacrificial agents.



**Figure S5.** TEM image of the heterotrimer catalyst,  $Fe_3O_4$ -Au-CdS with an inset showing its response towards an external magnet.



Figure S6. EDS spectra of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>-Au-Ag<sub>2</sub>S heterotrimer, corresponding to Figure 6b.



**Figure S7.** XPS survey spectra of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>-Au-Ag<sub>2</sub>S, corresponding to Figure 6h.

| Hybrid System                               | H <sub>2</sub> evolution (μmol) | Ref          |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
|   |                                 |              |
| Au@TiO <sub>2</sub> -CdS                    | 11                              | 1            |
|   |                                 |              |
| Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -CdS-Ni      | 18                              | 2            |
|   |                                 |              |
| In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /Au/CdS      | 17.23                           | 3            |
|   |                                 |              |
| Au NR-TiO <sub>2</sub>                      | 11.6                            | 4            |
|   |                                 |              |
| Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -CdSe-Au     | 40                              | 2            |
|   | 26 5                            | 5            |
| ZnS(CdS/Au)                                 | 30.5                            | 5            |
|   | 10                              | 2            |
| Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -2113-Au     | 12                              |              |
| $\Delta \sigma \Delta \sigma_s S - CdS NPs$ | 40                              | 6            |
| 102 COD 11 3                                |                                 |              |
| Fe₃O₄-Au-CdS                                | 76                              | Present work |
| . 0,04                                      |                                 |              |
|   |                                 |              |

Table S1 Photocatalytic activity of  $\rm Fe_3O_4-Au-CdS$  in comparison with literature reports.

## References

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