

Supporting Information

**Dynamic tailorable local luminescence patterns on single
upconversion fluoride microcrystals via in situ oxidation through
laser irradiation**

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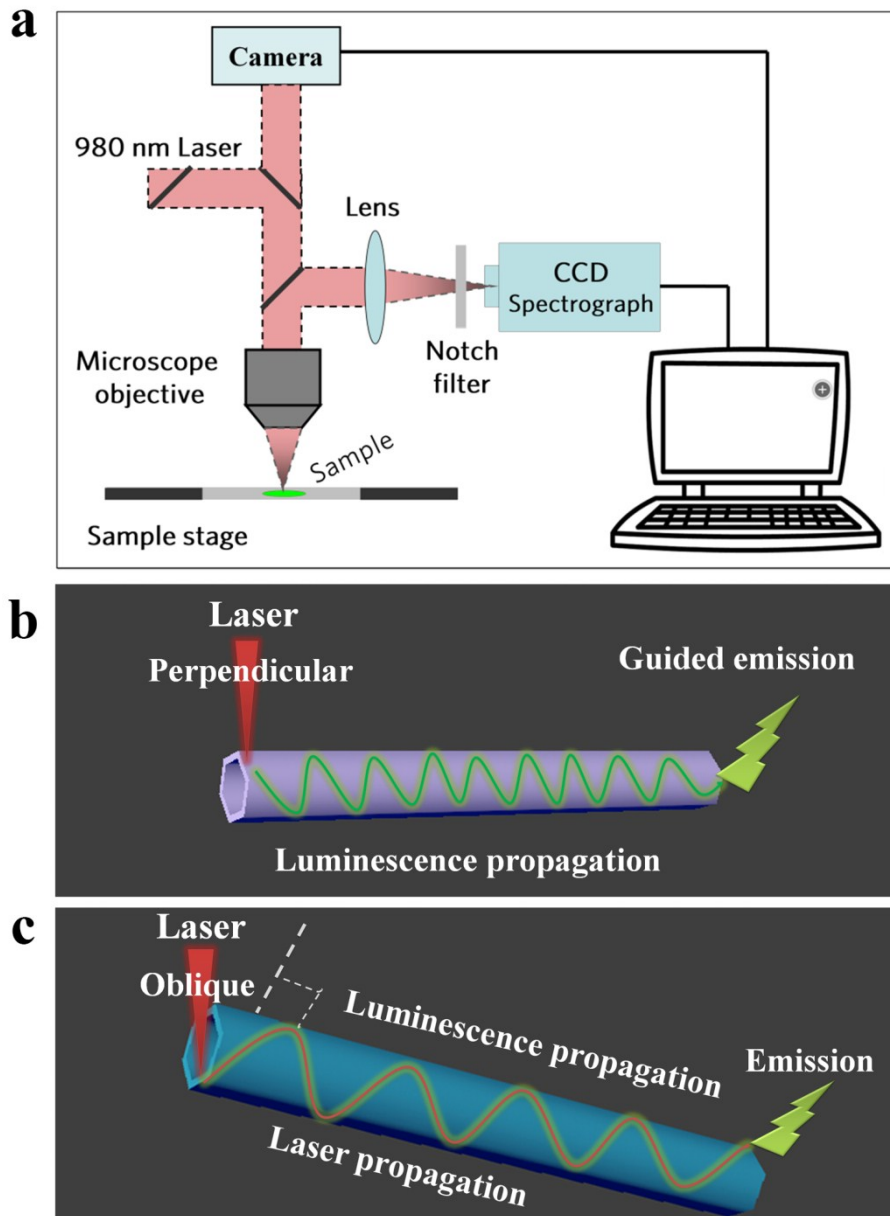


Figure S1 Specific single-particle confocal experimental devices (a), schematic of excitation approach for the spot-excitation approach (b) and the waveguiding-excitation approach (c).

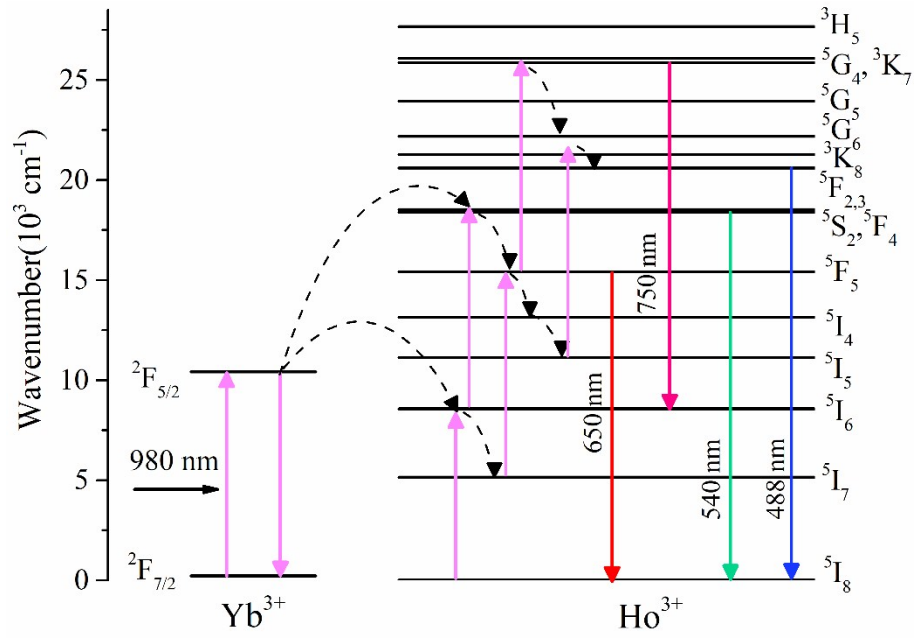


Figure S2 Simplified energy level diagrams of Yb^{3+} and Ho^{3+} ions and proposed upconversion mechanisms for $\text{NaYbF}_4:\text{Ho}$ microtube.

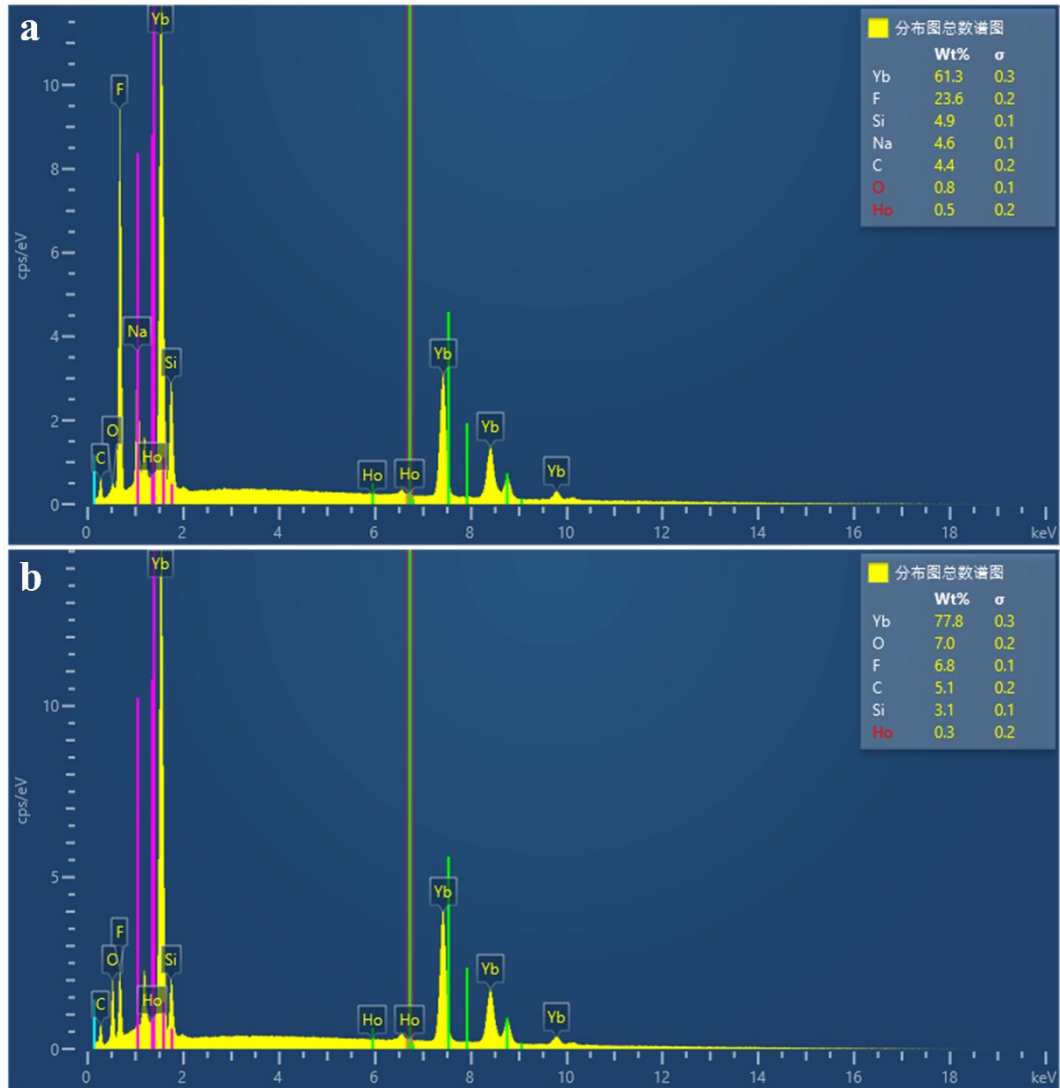


Figure S3 EDX spectra of NaYbF₄:Ho microtube before and after laser irradiation by a femtosecond laser with a power density of 15 mJ/cm² per pulse. Therein, (a) primitive NaYbF₄:Ho microtube, (b) NaYbF₄:Ho microtube after laser irradiation.

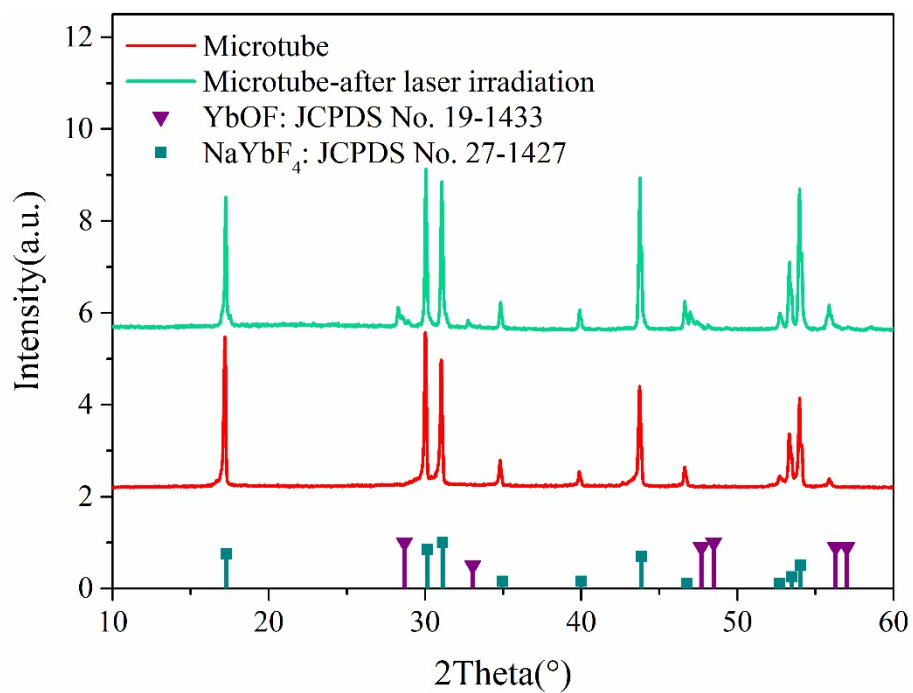


Fig. S4 XRD pattern of NaYbF₄:2% Ho³⁺ microtube before and after irradiation by laser with a power density of 15 mJ/cm² per pulse. The bottom panels are standard data for hexagonal NaYF₄ (JCPDS file number 27-1427) and hexagonal YbOF (JCPDS file number 19-1433).

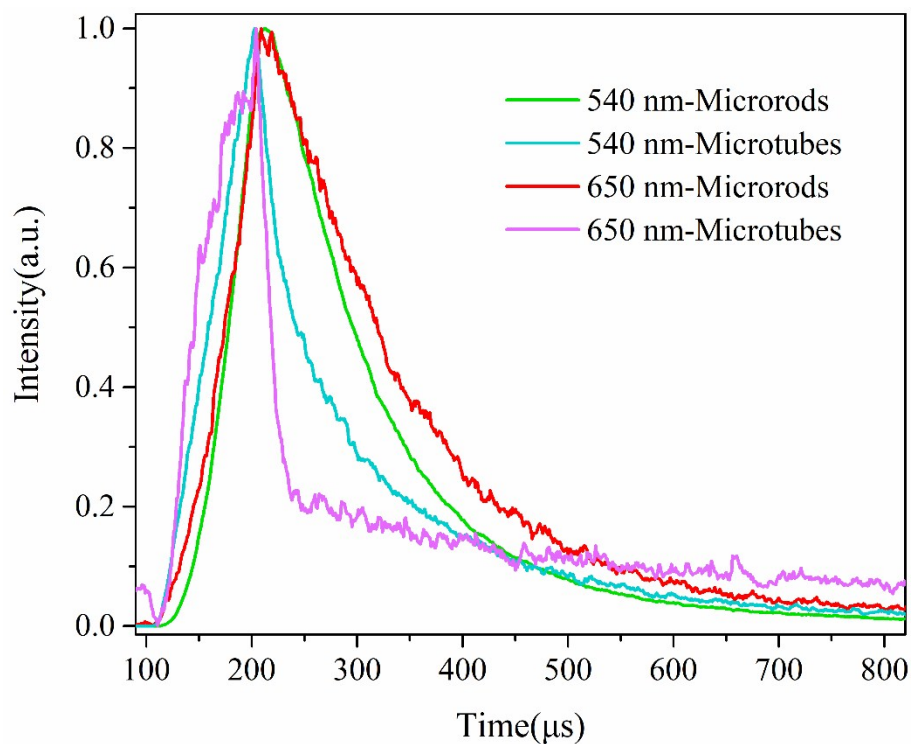


Fig. S5 The normalized luminescence decay curves for NaYbF₄:Ho microrods and microtubes with the similar size under a 980 nm laser excitation. The corresponding monitoring wavelength is marked in the map. The longer luminescent lifetime of NaYbF₄:Ho microrods indicates the higher crystal quality.

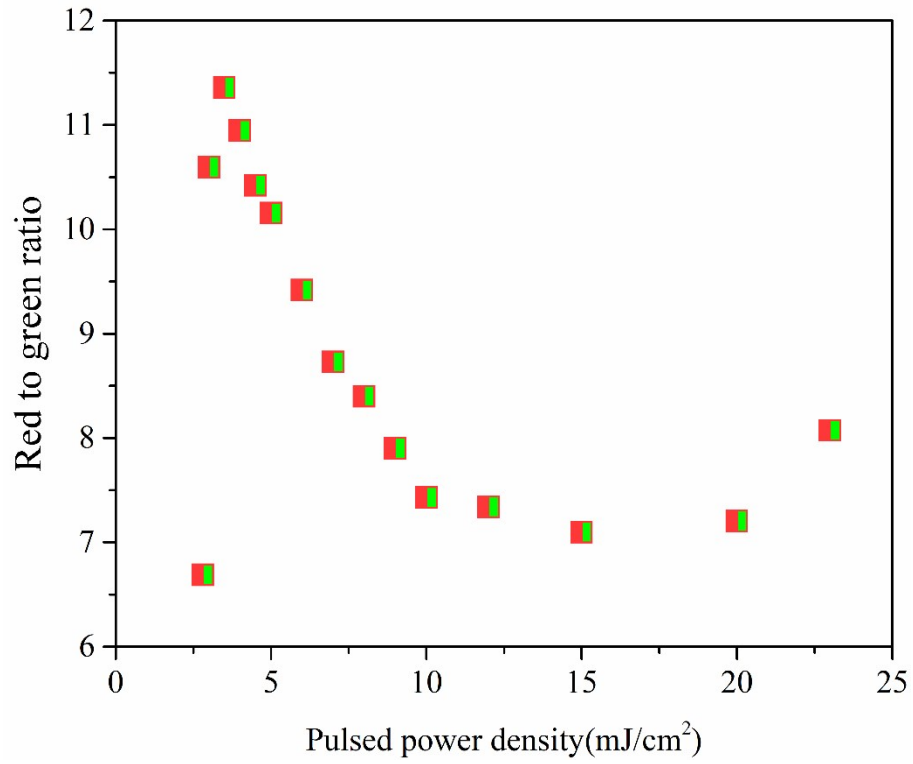


Fig. S6 The red-to-green ratio of upconversion luminescence intensities excited by a femtosecond laser of 980 nm wavelength with different pulsed power densities.