## **Supplementary Material**

## Materials Synthesis, Characterization and DFT Calculations. The Visible-Light-

Active Perovskite-like Barium Bismuthate (Ba<sub>1.264(4)</sub>Bi<sub>1.971(4)</sub>O<sub>4</sub>) Photocatalyst.

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Figure S1. EDX spectrum and mapping of the elements of the barium bismuthate particle.



**Figure S2.** XPS spectra and deconvolution results of the synthesized barium bismuthate  $Ba_{1.264(4)}Bi_{1.971(4)}O_4$  sample in the Ba3*d* (A), Bi4*f* (B), and O1*s* (C) regions.



**Figure S3**. FTIR spectroscopic results of the photocatalytic reduction of  $CO_2$  on the  $Ba_{1.264(4)}Bi_{1.971(4)}O_4$  bismuthate particle surface in the gas/solid system: **1** (blue line) – difference spectrum of the sample irradiated for 30 min; **2** (black line) – difference spectrum of the sample irradiated for 100 min; **3** (red dotted line) – original spectrum of the barium bismuthate sample before the photo-experiment, as a reference. Difference spectra were obtained by subtraction of the spectrum of the sample after introduction of  $CO_2$  from the current spectrum. The inset shows an enlarged view of difference spectra **1** and **2** in the 2450–2050 cm<sup>-1</sup> spectral regions.





**Figure S4.** Results of chromatographic analyses from liquid aliquots taken from the photocathode compartment of the PEC cell before and during the photoelectrochemical reaction. (a) Overall view of the chromatograms of the liquid samples from the photocathode compartment of the PEC cell before irradiation (black) and after irradiation for 1 (red), 2 (green), and 4 (blue) hrs; (b)-(d) enlarged chromatograms in the retention areas of methanol (460–495 sec), ethanol (550–608 sec) and ethane (266–308 sec).



**Figure S5.** Chromatograms of possible products from the photoreduction of  $CO_2$  (red solid line); vertical blue dashed lines define the confidence intervals used for product identification within ±5 % of the retention time required for maximum product generation.



**Figure S6.** Scheme of the PEC cell for the photoelectrochemical reduction of  $CO_2$ ; AO is ammonium oxalate, and  $C_xH_yO_z$  denotes various products of the  $CO_2$  reduction.



**Figure S7.** Time course of the concentration of phenol in aqueous media in the presence of  $Ba_{1.264(4)}Bi_{1.971(4)}O_4$  as a function of irradiation time.