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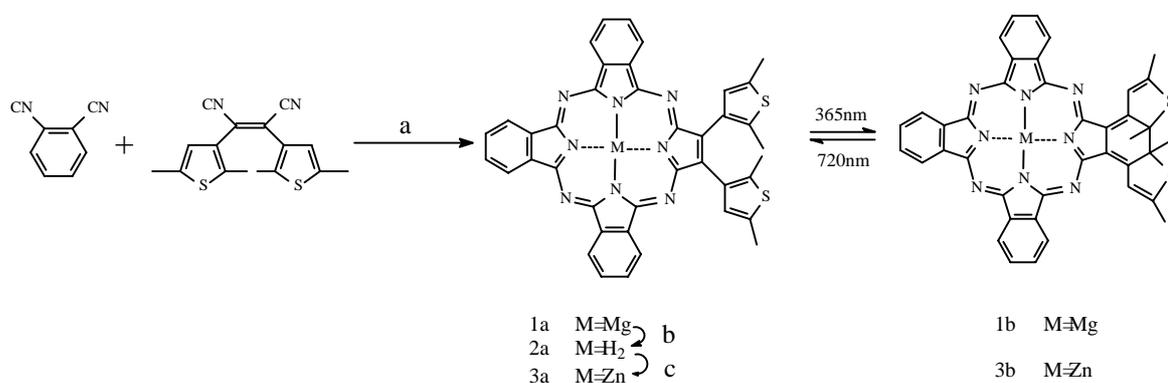
Supplementary Information

Reversible Near-Infrared Fluorescence Switch by Novel Photochromic Unsymmetrical-Phthalocyanines Hybrids based on Bisthienylethene

Bingzhi Chen, Mingzhong Wang, Yingqi Wu, and He Tian*

Institute of Fine Chemicals, East China University of Science and Technology, Shanghai,

200237, P. R. China



Scheme 1 Synthetic routines and photochromism of the BTE-uPcs. Reaction conditions: a, Mg(OBu)₂, n-BuOH, reflux, 24h; b, CH₃COOH, 50°C, 10h; c, Zn(OAc)₂, chlorobenzene/DMF, 100°C, 5h

A mixture of 1,2-dicyano-1,2-bis(2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl)ethene (1.0 mmol) and much excessive 1,2-dicyanobenzene (100 mmol) were added to the Mg(OBu)₂ suspended in n-BuOH and the mixture was heated for 24h, turning dark blue/green. The solvent was evaporated out, and the residue was treated with CHCl₃. This solution was filtered to remove insoluble phthalocyanine (MgPc) byproduct. The residue was then purified twice

* Corresponding author: Fax:+86-21-64252288; E-mail:tianhe@ecust.edu.cn

by chromatography on silica gel using, at first CHCl_3 and then 2% EtOH in CHCl_3 , and the major blue band was collected to get crude $\text{Mg}(\text{BTE-uPc})(1\text{a})$ (yield 8 %). The magnesium atom is clearly removed using acetic acid at 50°C for 10h to give $\text{H}_2(\text{BTE-uPc})(2\text{a})$, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ CH_2Cl_2 (v/v): 1:1). Reaction of 2a with $\text{Zn}(\text{OAc})_2$ in chlorobenzene/DMF (v/v: 2/1) proceeds smoothly at 100°C for 5h to get $\text{Zn}(\text{BTE-uPc})$ (3a). Structural data of **1a (Mg(BTE-uPc))**: UV-Vis (CHCl_3) $\lambda_{\text{max}}/\text{nm}$ ($\epsilon \times 10^{-5}/\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$) : 678 (1.33), 653 (0.87), 448 (0.22), 353 (0.86). TOF-MS: calculated for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_8\text{S}_2\text{Mg}$: 706.8 found: 707.1 (M^+). Element analysis: calculated C 67.97; H 3.68; N 15.85; found C 67.80; H 3.66; N 15.80 %. Emission (CHCl_3): $\lambda_{\text{max}}/\text{nm}$ (excited at λ/nm): 701(365), 703 (445). **2a (H₂(BTE-uPc))**: UV-Vis(CHCl_3) $\lambda_{\text{max}}/\text{nm}$ ($\epsilon \times 10^{-5}/\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$): 703(1.24), 610(0.97), 564(0.24), 344(0.86). TOF-MS: calculated for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_8\text{S}_2$: 684.5, found: 685.1 (M^+) ^1H NMR (CDCl_3)(δ ppm): -0.86(s, 2H, =NH), 2.38(s, 6H, - CH_3), 2.70(s, 6H, - CH_3), 5.05(s, 2H, thienyl aromatic proton). 7.75-9.2(m, 12h, fused benzene proton). Element analysis: calculated C 70.19; H 4.09; N 16.36; found C 70.11; H 4.10; N 16.30 %. **3a (Zn(BTE-uPc))**: UV-Vis (CHCl_3) $\lambda_{\text{max}}/\text{nm}$ ($\epsilon \times 10^{-5}/\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$): 678(1.20), 650(0.86), 597(0.23), 445(0.11), 353(0.56). TOF-MS: calculated for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_8\text{S}_2\text{Zn}$: 747.9, found; 747.3(M^+), ^1H NMR(CDCl_3)(δ ppm): 2.27(s, 6H, - CH_3), 2.52(s, 6H, - CH_3), 5.12(s, 2H, thienyl aromatic proton). 7.50-9.00(m, 12h, fused benzene proton). Element analysis: calculated C 64.24; H 3.48; N 14.97; found C 64.20; H 3.46; N 14.90 %. Emission(CHCl_3): $\lambda_{\text{max}}/\text{nm}$ (excited at λ/nm): 701(365), 703(445).

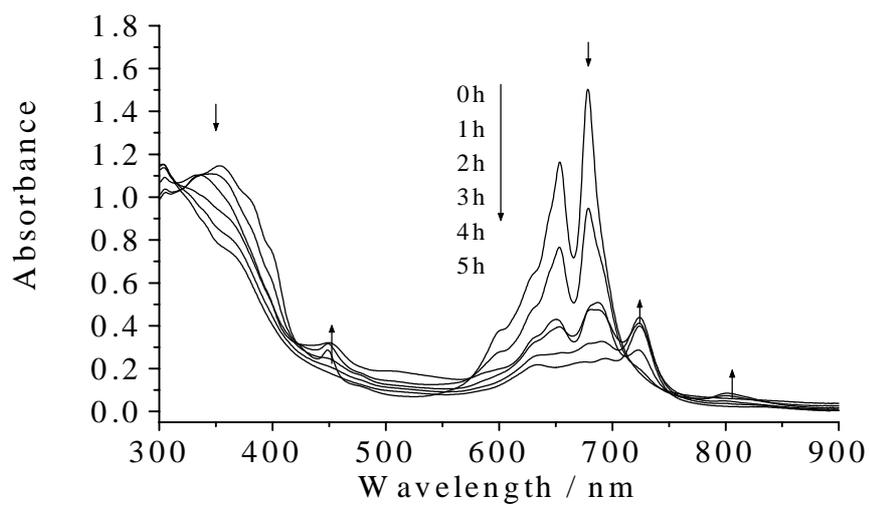


Fig. 1 Absorption spectra of compound 1a in CHCl_3 ($1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$) and the changes in absorption of 1a under different irradiation time by light of 365 nm.

Absorption

0.52 U

0.62 U WNG PPE

2a

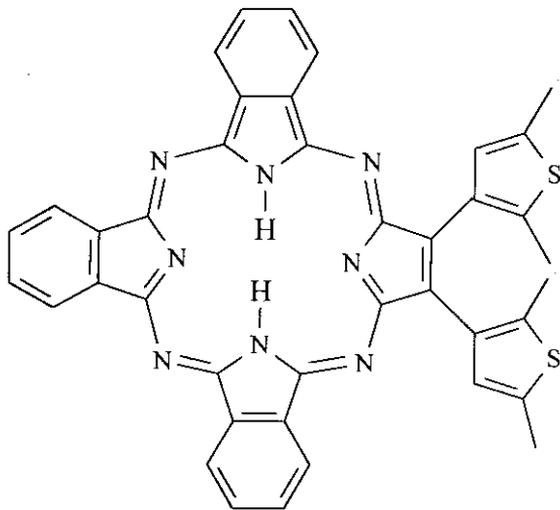
0.61 U WNG PPE

0.55 U

0.10 U WNG PPE

0.06 U WNG PPE

0.60 U WNG PPE



U

0.00 U

0.00 U

0.00 U

0.00 U