Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Cryptand 2a

Step 1



Method 1: Melt

Benzaldehyde (3g, 28mmol) was heated in an oil bath with stirring. 2,2'-(ethylenedioxy)bis(ethylamine) (2.1g, 14.2mmol) was added drop-wise, and the mixture cooled to room temperature after emission of H₂O vapour had ceased. The resulting imine was suspended in 30mL of MeOH, and NaBH₄ (6.48g, 0.171 mol) was added portion-wise under N_{2(g)}, before stirring for two and a half hours. The mixture was evaporated to dryness, and dissolved in H₂O. The product was extracted into CHCl₃, and dried over MgSO₄. Filtration followed by solvent removal and drying *in vacuo* yielded a brown oil (3.72g, 80% yield).

Method 2: Dean-Stark

The benzaldehyde and 2,2'-(ethylenedioxy)bis(ethylamine) were dissolved in 120mL toluene and refluxed for 4 hours using Dean-Stark apparatus to remove H_2O , encouraging imine formation. The mixture was cooled and the toluene removed under vacuum. The resulting imine was then suspended in 30mL MeOH, and reduced to the amine (3.72g, 80% yield), as above.

d ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz, 288K): 1.90 (2H, s, ArCH₂NH, exchange broadened), 2.78 (4H, t, ³J=5.3Hz, ArCH₂NHCH₂), 3.57 (8H, m [two indistinguishable triplets of similar chemical shift], ArCH₂NHCH₂CH₂OCH₂-), 3.77 (4H, s, ArCH₂), 7.30 (10H, m, ArH)

ESMS m/z: 329.2 [M+H⁺]⁺

Step 2



0.5g (1.5mmol) of **I** was dissolved in 30mL of acetonitrile or THF. Et₃N (0.31g, 3.1mmol) and CS₂ (0.23g, 3.1mmol) were added and stirred for 2 hours before increasing the solvent volume to 500mL. CoCl₂.6H₂O (0.24g, 1.02mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 15 hours under N_{2(g)}. The solution we then evaporated to dryness, before being redissolved in CH₂Cl₂. It was washed four times with water, and then dried over MgSO₄. The CH₂Cl₂ was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting green powder was dried overnight *in vacuo*, before being recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂ and Et₂O (0.1g, 13% yield).

d¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz, 288K): broad signals. 3.29 (12H, one broad signal rather than the expected triplet, -NHCH₂CH₂), 3.58 (24H, m [two indistinguishable triplets of similar chemical shift], -CH₂OCH₂-), 4.13 (12H, s, ArCH₂), 7.30 (30H, m, ArH) d ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.5 MHz, 288K): 47.0 (CH₂), 52.6 (CH₂), 68.6 (CH₂), 70.4 (CH₂), 128.9 (ApC^{2/3/4}), 135.3 (ArC¹), 208.6 (CS₂)

ESMS m/z: 1552.1 [M]⁺, 1575.1 [M+Na⁺]⁺, 1591.2 [M+K⁺]⁺

Elemental analysis %:	Calculated	С	51.0	Н	5.1	Ν	5.4
	Experimenta	I C	50.8	Н	5.3	Ν	5.9

Cryptand 5b

Step 1 - 2-Chloro-N-[2-(2-chloro-acetylamino)-phenyl]-acetamide



1,2-phenyldiamine (2.16g, 20.0mmol) was dissolved in CHCl₃ (50mL) and to this was added KOH (2.36g, 40.0mmol) in H₂O (20mL). Chloroacetyl chloride (4.52g, 40.0mmol) was dissolved in CHCl₃ (50mL) and added drop wise to the mixture with stirring. After 15 minutes the solid was filtered off and washed with Et₂O (20mL). Drying in *vacuo* yielded a pink solid.

Yield = 5.12g (98.1%)

¹H NMR (300MHz, DMSO-d₆) •: 8.67 (br, 2H, NH), 7.52 (d of d, ³J = 6Hz, ⁴J = 3Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.32 (d of d, ³J = 6Hz, ⁴J = 3Hz, 2H, ArH), 4.24 (s, 4H, CH₂Cl)
ESMS m/z: 283.1 [M + Na⁺]⁺

Step 2 - 2-Hexylamino-N-[2-(2-chloro-acetylamino)-phenyl]-acetamide



Hexylamine (20mL, excess) was heated to 40°C and 2-chloro-*N*-[2-(2-chloro-acetylamino)phenyl]-acetamide (4.24g, 16.6mmol) was added portion wise with stirring. The mixture was stirred for 12 hours. H₂O (200mL) was added and the product extracted into CH₂Cl₂ (4x50mL) and then washed again with H₂O (200mL) and dried over K₂CO₃. Filtration followed by solvent removal and heating at 40°C in *vacuo* yielded a yellow oil.

Yield = 2.83g(63.0%)

¹**H** NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃) •: 9.42 (t, ³J = 7Hz, 2H, CON*H*), 7.60 (d of d, ³J = 6Hz, ⁴J = 4Hz, 2H, Ar*H*), 7.17 (d of d, ³J = 6Hz, ⁴J = 4Hz, 2H, Ar*H*), 3.39 (s, 4H, COC*H*₂), 2.64 (t, ³J = 8Hz, NHC*H*₂CH₂), 1.49 (m, 4H, NHCH₂C*H*₂), 1.29 (m, 12H, C*H*₂C*H*₂C*H*₂C*H*₃), 0.87 (t, ³J = 7Hz, 12H, C*H*₃)

ESMS m/z: 391.4 $[M + H^+]^+$

Step 3 - Cryptand 5b



2-hexylamino-*N*-[2-(2-chloro-acetylamino)-phenyl]-acetamide (0.94g, 2.4mmol) was dissolved in THF:H₂O (2:1 v/v, 30mL) and KOH (0.27g, 4.8mmol) was added and stirred under $N_{2(g)}$ until dissolved. CS₂ (0.37g, 4.8mmol) was then added and the solution stirred for 30 minutes. FeCl₃ (0.29g, 1.6mmol) was added to the yellow solution and the mixture stirred for 15 hours. H₂O (100mL) was added with stirring, filtration followed by recrystallisation from DMSO/Et₂O followed by filtering and washing with EtOH (20mL) and Et₂O (20mL) yielded a black powder which was dried in *vacuo*.

Yield = 0.91g (65.6%)

UV/visible (DMSO) •/nm (•/10³ M⁻¹cm⁻¹): 354 sh (10.4), 389 sh (15.0), 503 sh (4.3), 602 sh (2.3)

IR (Nujol[®]) •/cm⁻¹: 3214 (NH), 1676 (Amide I), 1518 (Amide II), 1482 (CN), 960 (CS_{as}),

644 (CS_s)

ESMS m/z: 1733.7 $[M + H^+]^+$, 866.7 $[M]^{2+}$

Elemental Analysis %:	Calculate	С	49.9	Η	6.3	Ν	9.7
Experimental C	49.9 H	6.0	Ν	9.8			