## Supporting Information

## Synthesis of Novel Axially Chiral Rh-NHC Complexes Derived from BINAM and Application in the Enantioselective Hydrosilylation of Methyl Ketones**

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General Remarks. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AM-300 spectrometer for solution in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal standard; $J$-values are in Hz . Mass spectra were recorded with a HP-5989 instrument. Optical rotations were determined at 589 nm (sodium D line) by using a Perkin-Elmer-241 MC digital polarimeter; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}$-values are given in unit of $10^{-1} \mathrm{deg} \mathrm{cm}^{2} \mathrm{~g}^{-1}$. THF and toluene were distilled from Na under Ar atmosphere. All of the solid compounds reported in this paper gave satisfactory CHN microanalyses with a Carlo-Erba 1106 analyzer. $[\mathrm{RhCl}(\mathrm{COD})]_{2}$ was prepared according to the literature. ${ }^{1}$ Commercially obtained reagents were used without further purification. All reactions were monitored by TLC with Huanghai $\mathrm{GF}_{254}$ silica gel coated plates. Flash column chromatography was carried out using 300-400 mesh silica gel at increased pressure. Enantiomeric ratios were determined by chiral GC or HPLC analysis. The absolute configuration was assigned by comparison the optical rotation with those reported date. Racemic products were synthesized from the reduction of corresponding ketones in THF with $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ or $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$.

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## Synthesis of (S)-(+)- $N^{2}, N^{2}$-bis(2-nitrophenyl)-1,1'-binaphthalenyl-2,2'-diamine 2.

Under argon atmosphere, a mixture of ( $S$ )-1,1'-binaphthalenyl-2, 2'-diamine $\mathbf{1}$ ( $142 \mathrm{mg}, 0.50$ mmol ), 2-bromo-nitrobenzene ( $303 \mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}(12 \mathrm{mg}, 0.0125 \mathrm{mmol})$, DPE-phos ( $20 \mathrm{mg}, 0.0375 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and $\mathrm{Cs}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(520 \mathrm{mg}, 1.6 \mathrm{mmol})$ were stirred in anhydrous toluene ( 4.0 $\mathrm{mL})$ at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 h . After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the reaction was quenched by addition of $10 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. The organic compound was extracted with EtOAc ( 2 x 20 mL ) and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by a silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: hexane/ethyl acetate $=20 / 1$ ) to remove excess raw material, and then with eluent: hexane/ethyl acetate $=4 / 1$ to give 2 as a red solid; Yield: $263 \mathrm{mg}(100 \%) .[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=522.4\left(\mathrm{c} 0.33, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right.$ ); IR ( KBr ) v 3317, 1613, 1498, 1244, $736 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 6.58-6.64(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.10-7.30 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.31-7.37 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.46-7.51 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.68 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.92-7.98 (m, 4H, ArH), 8.02 (d, $J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 9.04(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}\right) \delta 115.65,117.74,122.09,124.82,125.64,125.74,126.16,127.48,128.44$, 129.71, 131.31, 133.30, 133.43, 135.16, 135.37, 141.49; MS (CI) m/e 527 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100$ ), 480 ( $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}-46,9.14\right), 389\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-137,8.64\right), 341\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-185,20.95\right)$; Anal. Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ requires: C 72.99, H 4.21, N 10.64. Found: C 72.89, H 4.07, N 10.49\%.

Synthesis of ( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-(-)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{2}, N^{2}$ '-bis(2-aminophenyl)-1,1'-binaphthalenyl-2,2'-diamine 3.
A mixture of $2(144 \mathrm{mg}, 0.25 \mathrm{mmol}), 10 \% \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C}(15 \mathrm{mg})$ in mixed solution of EtOAc $(15 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $\mathrm{EtOH}(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ were stirred under $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ atmosphere ( 1.0 atm ) at $60{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . After cooling to room temperature, $\mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C}$ was removed by filtration. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by a silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: hexane/ethyl acetate, $2 / 1-1 / 1$ ) to give 3 as a white solid; Yield: $107 \mathrm{mg}(92 \%) .[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=-199.0$ (c $0.52, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); IR (KBr) v 3368, 1618, 1593, 1500, 1299, 817, $745 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}\right) \delta 3.69\left(\mathrm{br}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 5.15(\mathrm{br}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.67-6.74(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 6.98-7.05(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, ArH ), 7.15 (d, $J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.24-7.29 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.80-7.83 (m, 4H, ArH), ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 113.33,115.78,116.17,118.77,122.81,123.68,126.62,126.85,127.04$, 127.45, 128.37, 128.70, 129.69, 133.76, 142.66, 143.06; MS (EI) m/e $466\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 100\right), 359\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-107\right.$, 34.75), $266\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-200,36.18\right)$; Anal. Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$ requires: C 82.38, H 5.62, N 12.01 . Found: C 81.98, H 5.65, N 11.97\%.

## Synthesis of (S)-(-)-1,1'-(1,1'-binaphthanelyl)dibenzimidazole 4.

The compound 3 ( $233 \mathrm{mg}, 0.50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and triethyl orthoformate $\left[\mathrm{HC}\left(\mathrm{OC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{3}\right](5.0 \mathrm{~mL})$
containing a little TsOH were heated at $100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . After the excess amount of triethyl orthoformate was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by a silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: hexane/ethyl acetate, $2 / 3$ ) to give $\mathbf{4}$ as a white solid; Yield: 221 $\mathrm{mg}(91 \%) .[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=-490.10\left(\mathrm{c} 0.52, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR (KBr) v 3057, 1612, 1490, 1232, 820, $734 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 6.10(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{ArH}), 6.40-6.52(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$, 6.93-6.99 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.99 (s, 2H, NCHN), 7.44 (d, $J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.48-7.57 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.64-7.69 (m, 2H, ArH), 8.07 (d, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ 108.67, 119.06, 122.06, 123.40, 123.63, 126.16, 126.96, 128.01, 128.18, 128.77, 130.69, 132.19, $132.38,133.78,134.38,141.42,142.13$; MS (EI) $m / e 486\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 100\right), 368\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-118,78.13\right), 243$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-143,20.75\right)$; Anal. Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$ requires: C 83.93, H 4.56, N 11.51. Found: C 83.97, H 4.55, N $11.45 \%$.

## Synthesis of ( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-1,1'-(1,1'-binaphthyl)-3,3'-dimethyldibenzimidazolium diiodide 5.

The compound $4(97 \mathrm{mg}, 0.20 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}(0.24 \mathrm{~mL}, 4 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(4.0 \mathrm{~mL})$ were stirred under reflux for 5 h . After cooling to room temperature, volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the obtained solid compound 5 was used for the next reaction without further purification. MS (ESI) $m / e 643.2\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-\mathrm{I}\right), 258.1\left(\mathrm{M}-2 \mathrm{I}^{-}\right) / 2$.

## Synthesis of $\mathbf{R h}(\mathrm{I})$ complex 6 and $\mathbf{R h}(\mathrm{III})$ complex 7.

A mixture of $5(154 \mathrm{mg}, 0.20 \mathrm{mmol}),[\mathrm{RhCl}(\mathrm{COD})]_{2}(48 \mathrm{mg}, 0.10 \mathrm{mmol}), \mathrm{NaOAc}(132 \mathrm{mg}, 0.80$ $\mathrm{mmol})$, and $\mathrm{KI}(66 \mathrm{mg}, 0.40 \mathrm{mmol})$ was stirred in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(12 \mathrm{ml})$ under reflux for 24 h . After cooling, volatiles were removed under reduce pressure and the residue was purified by a silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: hexane/ethyl acetate $=8 / 1$ ) to give a $[\operatorname{RhX}(C O D)]_{2}$ fraction ( $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{I}$ ). The subsequent elution with hexane/ethyl acetate (6/1) gave a yellow solid $\mathrm{Rh}(\mathrm{I})$ complex 6. The further elution with hexane/ ethyl acetate (1/1) gave a orange solid Rh (III) complex 7.
( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-(-)-Diiodo-[1,1'-( $\mathbf{1 , ~}^{\prime} \mathbf{1}^{\prime}$-binaphthyl)-3,3'-dimethyldibenzimidazoline-2,2'-diylidene]bis-( $\eta^{4}$ -1,5-cyclooctadiene)dirhodium(I) 6. A crystal suitable for X-ray analysis was obtained by recrystallization from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} .[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=-14.1\left(\mathrm{c} 1.22, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; $\mathrm{IR}(\mathrm{KBr}) \vee 2847,1601,1483,1333$, $1218,799,738 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, TMS) $\delta 1.43-1.55\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ ), 1.69-1.73 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.83-1.87\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.02-2.18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.09-3.11(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, cod-CH), 3.39-4.44 (m, 2H, cod-CH), 4.02-4.09 (m, 2H, cod-CH), 4.17 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 5.16-5.20 ( $\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}$ ), 6.59-6.65 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.76-6.81 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.88 (d, J=9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.41-7.52 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.60-7.67 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.97 (d, $J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 8.03 (d, $J=7.8$
$\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ) ${ }^{13}{ }^{3} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 28.86,29.63,31.62,32.70,36.50,70.37(\mathrm{~d}$, ${ }^{1} J\left({ }^{103} \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{C}\right)=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, cod-CH$), 71.88\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J\left({ }^{103} \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{C}\right)=14.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}\right), 96.14\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J\left({ }^{103} \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{C}\right)\right.$ $=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \operatorname{cod}-\mathrm{CH}), 98.33\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J\left({ }^{103} \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{C}\right)=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, cod-CH$), 107.90,111.89,121.16,122.67$, 126.39, 126.82, 127.29, 128.66, 129.11, 130.73, 131.64, 133.85, 134.12, 136.11, 137.01, 138.02, $196.35\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J\left({ }^{103} \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{C}\right)=49.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CN}_{2}\right)$; MS (ESI) m/e 1063.1 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}$-I); Anal. Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{52} \mathrm{H}_{50} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{Rh}_{2} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ requires: C $51.68, \mathrm{H} 4.34, \mathrm{~N} 4.64$. Found: C $51.84, \mathrm{H} 4.62, \mathrm{~N} 4.54 \%$.


Figure 1: The ORTEP draw of $\mathrm{Rh}(\mathrm{I})-\mathrm{NHC}$ complex 6.
Selected bond lengths and angles: Rh-C(carbene) 2.059(12) and 1.924(19) $\AA$, I1-Rh1-C11 (carbene) 90.1(4) ${ }^{\circ}$.

The crystal data for $\mathrm{Rh}(\mathrm{I})-\mathrm{NHC}$ complex 6: empirical formula: $\mathrm{C}_{52} \mathrm{H}_{50} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{Rh}_{2}$, formula weight: 1190.58, temperature: 293(2) K, crystal system, space group: Orthorhombic, P2(1)2(1)2(1), unit cell dimensions: $a=12.1794(19) \AA, b=19.027(3) \AA, c=20.291(3) \AA, \alpha=90^{\circ}, \beta=90^{\circ}, \gamma=90^{\circ}, V=$ $4702.0(13) \AA^{3}, Z_{\text {value }}=4, D_{\text {calc }}=1.682 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}, F_{000}=2344$, Crystal size: $0.432 \times 0.201 \times 0.126 \mathrm{~mm}$, Data/restraints/parameters $=8726 / 0 / 544$, Final R indices $[\mathrm{I}>2 \sigma(\mathrm{I})]: \mathrm{R} 1=0.0651$, wR $2=0.1366, \mathrm{R}$ indices (all data): R1=0.1070; wR2=0.1508. Its crystal structure has been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center and has been allocated the deposition numbers: CCDC 209244.

## (S)-(+)-Diiodo-[1,1'-(1,1'-binaphthyl)-3,3'-dimethyldibenzimidazoline-2,2'-diylidene]

acetato $\mathbf{R h}$ (III) 7. Yield: $47 \mathrm{mg}(25 \%)$. A crystal suitable for X-ray analysis was obtained by recrystallization from hexane/THF (1/1). $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=8\left(\mathrm{c} 1.03, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR $(\mathrm{KBr}) \vee 3057,1591,1464$,

1333, 1088, 739, $689 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 4.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 6.70(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=$ $8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 6.90-7.12 (m, 10H, ArH), 7.28-7.33 (m, 2H, ArH), $7.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, ArH), $7.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 8.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, TMS) $\delta 24.94,38.04,109.70,111.32,122.82,123.32,126.16,126.62,127.08,127.71,127.98$, 129.36, 130.93, 132.81, 132.99, 134.37, 134.63, 136.25, $166.89\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J\left({ }^{103} \mathrm{Rh}, \mathrm{C}\right)=47.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CN}_{2}\right)$, 188.84; MS (ESI) m/e 870.9 ( $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}-\mathrm{OAc}\right), 803.0\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-\mathrm{I}\right)$; Anal. Calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{38} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{Rh}$ requires: C 49.06, H 3.14, N 6.02. Found: C 49.42, H 3.23, N 5.70\%.


Figure 2: The ORTEP draw of Rh(III)-NHC complex 7.
Selected bond lengths and angles: Rh-C(carbene) $1.956(14)$ and $1.972(13) \AA$, Rh-O 2.175(9) and 2.174(9) Å, C1-Rh1-C34 98.1 .

The crystal data for $\mathrm{Rh}(\mathrm{III})$-NHC complex 7: empirical formula: $\mathrm{C}_{40} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2.5} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{Rh}$, formula weight: 966.41, temperature: 293(2) K, crystal system, space group: Orthorhombic, P2(1)2(1)2(1), unit cell dimensions: $\mathrm{a}=17.4433(9) \AA, \mathrm{b}=17.9331(9) \AA, \mathrm{c}=27.9530(14) \AA, \alpha=90^{\circ}, \beta=90^{\circ}, \gamma=90^{\circ}$, $\mathrm{V}=8744.0(8) \AA^{3}, \mathrm{Z}_{\text {value }}=8, \mathrm{D}_{\text {calc }}=1.468 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}, \mathrm{~F}_{000}=3776$, Crystal size: $0.215 \times 0.098 \times 0.062$ mm , Data/restraints/parameters $=20291 / 5 / 874$, Final R indices $[I>2 \sigma(I)]: \mathrm{R} 1=0.0663$, wR2 $=$ 0.1599 , R indices (all data): $\mathrm{R} 1=0.1872$; wR2 $=0.1940$. Its crystal structure has been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center and has been allocated the deposition numbers: CCDC 209243.

The Rh-catalyzed Enantioselective Hydrosilylation Reaction:

For an initial investigation of catalysts $\mathbf{6}$ and $7(1.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%)$ in the reduction of acetophenone with diphenylsilane disclosed that chiral $\mathrm{Rh}(\mathrm{III})$ complex 7 resulted in higher enantioselectivity (Table 1, entry 2), while chiral $\mathrm{Rh}(\mathrm{I})$ complex $\mathbf{6}$ gave poor result under the same conditions (Table 1, entry 1). The solvent effect has been examined as well. We found that THF is the best solvent among toluene, ether and dichloromethane (Table 1, entries 2-5). The reaction temperature did not significantly affect the enantiomeric excess (Table 1, entries 6-8). Using $2.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ of catalyst 7, the reaction can be completed within 24 h and the corresponding $(R)-1$-phenyl ethanol can be obtained in $98 \%$ ee and $87 \%$ yield (Table 1, entry 6 ).

Table 1. Axially chiral Rh complexes catalyzed enantioselective hydrosilylation of acetophenone.


| Entry | Catalysts (mol\%) | Solvent | Temp./ $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Time/(h) | Yield/(\%) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ee/(\%) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Config. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6 (1 mol\%) | THF | 15 | 48 | 77 | 23 | $R$ |
| 2 | 7 (1 mol\%) | THF | 15 | 48 | 77 | 98 | $R$ |
| 3 | 7 (1 mol\%) | Toluene | 15 | 48 | 74 | 96 | $R$ |
| 4 | 7 (1 mol\%) | $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 15 | 48 | 64 | 96 | $R$ |
| 5 | 7 (1 mol\%) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | 15 | 48 | 33 | 49 | $R$ |
| 6 | 7 (2 mol\%) | THF | 15 | 24 | 87 | 98 | $R$ |
| 7 | 7 (2 mol\%) | THF | 0 | 24 | 66 | 98 | $R$ |
| 8 | 7 (2 mol\%) | THF | 45 | 24 | 82 | 94 | $R$ |

[a] Isolated yields. [b] Determined by chiral HPLC analysis. [c] Absolute stereochemistry determined by comparison of the sign of optical rotation to literature values.

Under the optimized reaction conditions, we subsequently examined the reduction of other aryl alkyl ketones. The results were summarized in Table 2. Various aryl alkyl ketones can be smoothly reduced to give the corresponding sec-alcohol in $>92 \%$ ee and good yields under mild conditions (Table 2, entries 1-9). 2-Bromoacetophenone was also reduced in $97 \%$ ee and $92 \%$ yield under the same conditions (Table 2, entry 10).

Table 2. The chiral Rh complexes catalyzed enantioselective hydrosilylation of ketones
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[a] Isolated yields; [b] Determined by chiral HPLC.

For more challenging substrates such as dialkyl ketones, adamantyl methyl ketone $\mathbf{8 k}$ was reduced in $96 \%$ ee and $96 \%$ yield under the same mild conditions (Table 3, entry 1). Other dialkyl
ketones $\mathbf{8 l}$ and $\mathbf{8 m}$ also can be reduced in good enantiomeric excesses and yields under the same conditions (Table 3, entries 2 and 3 ).

Table 3. The chiral Rh complexes catalyzed enantioselective hydrosilylation of aliphatic ketones

Entry
[a] Isolated yields. [b] Determined by chiral HPLC or GC. [c] Determined by chiral HPLC analysis of its N -phenyl carbamate derivative. [d] Determined by chiral GC analysis of its acetate derivative.

## General Procedure for the Rh-catalyzed Enantioselective Hydrosilylation Reaction:

Under an Ar atmosphere, the ketones ( 0.5 mmol ) and $\mathrm{PhSiH}_{2}(138 \mathrm{mg}, 0.75 \mathrm{mmol})$ were added to a solution of the Rh complex ( 0.01 mmol ) in 2 mL of anhydrous THF. The reaction mixture was stirred at reaction temperature. The reaction was quenched by addition of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ and 0.5 N $\mathrm{HCl}(0.5 \mathrm{~mL})$. The resulting aqueous solution was stirred for 0.5 h at room temperature and extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by a silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: pentane $/ \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}=10: 1-4: 1$ ) to give the corresponding sec-alcohols. The enantiomeric excess of the obtained alcohols was determined by chiral HPLC or GC.
(R)-1-Phenylethanol (9a): Yield: 87\% (53 mg). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 1.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.95(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.89(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.22-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}$ $=47.4\left(\mathrm{c} 2.60, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ for $98 \%$ ee; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=$ $19.457 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=21.737 \mathrm{~min}$.
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-1-(Naphthanen-2-yl)ethanol (9b): Yield: $91 \%$ ( 78 mg ). $\left.{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR} \mathrm{(300} \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}\right) \delta$
$1.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.10(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 5.02(\mathrm{q}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.40-7.55(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, ArH ), 7.77-7.86 (m, 4H, ArH); $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=34.95$ (c 3.85, EtOH) for $96 \%$ ee; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\operatorname{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=23.031 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=29.146 \mathrm{~min}$.
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-1-(4-Bromophenyl)ethanol (9c): Yield: $88 \%(89 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ $1.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.17(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.82(\mathrm{q}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.20-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, ArH ); 7.42-7.50 (m, 2H, ArH); $[\alpha]^{20}=45.3\left(\mathrm{c} 1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ for $95 \%$ ee; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=18.579 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=20.060 \mathrm{~min}$.
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-1-(4-Flurophenyl)ethanol (9d): Yield: $86 \%(61 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ $1.48\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.90(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.88(\mathrm{q}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 6.99-7.06(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, ArH ), 7.30-7.37 (m, 2H, ArH); $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=34.0\left(\mathrm{c} 1.65, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right.$ ) for $95 \%$ ee; Chiralpak AS, hexane $/ i-\operatorname{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{R}=9.580 \mathrm{~min}, t_{S}=10.607 \mathrm{~min}$.
(R)-1-(4-Methylphenyl)ethanol (9e): Yield: $93 \%(63 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ $1.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.17(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.81(\mathrm{q}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH})$, 7.12-7.19 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.20-7.28 (m, 2H, ArH); $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=46.8$ (c 2.9, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) for $98 \% \mathrm{ee}$; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=23.500 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=26.473 \mathrm{~min}$.
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-1-(4-Methoxylphenyl)ethanol (9f): Yield: $96 \%(73 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, ~ \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 1.44\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.76(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 3.77\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.78(\mathrm{q}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH})$, 6.83-6.91 (d, $J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 7.22-7.31 (d, $J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=44.87$ (c 3.2, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) for $92 \%$ ee; Chiralpak AS, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=90 / 10,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, t_{R}=14.885 \mathrm{~min}, t_{S}=$ $18.491 \mathrm{~min} \square$
(R)-1-(3-Bromophenyl)ethanol (9g): Yield: $93 \%(94 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ $1.50\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.12(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.96(\mathrm{q}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.44-7.57(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, ArH); $7.65(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}=27.5\left(\mathrm{c} 2.2, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right)$ for $98 \%$ ee; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}$ $=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=22.192 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=25.838 \mathrm{~min}$.
(R)-1-(3-Trifluromethylphenyl)ethanol (9h): Yield: $82 \%(78 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, TMS) $\delta 1.50\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.89(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.87(\mathrm{q}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.19-7.38$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.38-7.52(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) .7 .53-7.55(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=25.4\left(\mathrm{c} 1.35, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right)$
for $98 \%$ ee; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=100 / 1,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=27.539 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=$ 33.094 min .
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-1-(2-Methylphenyl)ethanol (9i): Yield: $85 \%$ ( 58 mg ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ $1.47\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.76(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 5.14(\mathrm{q}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH})$, 7.12-7.26 (m, 3H, ArH), $7.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=54.1$ (c 1.6, EtOH) for $92 \% \mathrm{ee}$; Chiralpak AD, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{R}=10.837 \mathrm{~min}, t_{S}=12.083 \mathrm{~min}$.
(R)-2-Bromo-1-phenylethanol (9j): Yield: $92 \%(93 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta$ $2.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 3.54\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{l}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 3.64\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{l}=3.3\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, J_{2}=10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 4.92\left(\mathrm{dt}, J_{1}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 7.33-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH})$; $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=48.4\left(\mathrm{c} 2.6, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ for $97 \%$ ee; Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254$ $\mathrm{nm}, t_{S}=28.360 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=30.360 \mathrm{~min}$.
( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-1-(Adamantly)ethanol (9k): Yield: $96 \%(85 \mathrm{mg}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 1.10$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.25(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 1.44-1.74(\mathrm{~m}, 12 \mathrm{H}), 1.95-2.02(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.29(\mathrm{q}, J=$ $6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}) ;[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=1.0\left(\mathrm{c} 2.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ for $96 \%$ ee;
Derivation with phenyl isocyanate: the alcohol ( 0.4 mmol ), phenyl isocycanate ( 0.4 mmol ) and $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(0.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ were stirred in anhydrous $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at room temperature for 12 h . Volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and residue was purified by a silica gel flash column chromatography (eluent: hexane $/ \mathrm{EtOAc}=25 / 1$ ) to afford the corresponding carbamate derivative for the HPLC determination of enantiomeric excess. Chiralcel OJ, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=7.043 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=9.042 \mathrm{~min}$.
(R)-4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2-butanol (91): Yield: $87 \%$ ( 78 mg ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, TMS) $\delta 1.22\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.69-1.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.59-2.70\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.81(\mathrm{q}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 6.81-6.86(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}), 7.10-7.14(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArH}) ;[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=$ $-11.20\left(\mathrm{c} 3.5, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ for $71 \%$ ee; Chiralpak AD, hexane $/ i-\mathrm{PrOH}=95 / 5,0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}, t_{S}=$ $15.900 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=16.673 \mathrm{~min}$.
(R)-Noan-2-ol (9m): Yield: 86\% (62 mg). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TMS}$ ) $\delta 0.88(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.17\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{3}\right), 1.23-1.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 12 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{6}\right), 1.96(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH})$, 3.73-3.80 ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}$ ) ; $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}=-5.32\left(\mathrm{c} 3.1, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ for $67 \%$ ee;

Derivation with acetyl chloride: The alcohol ( 0.4 mmol ) was dissolved in anhydrous THF ( 4 mL ),
acetyl chloride $(2.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(2.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ were added and the mixture kept at ambient temperature for 12 h . The reaction was quenched by addition of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. The organic compound was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The filtrate was used for the GC determination of the enantiomeric excess. Rt- $\beta$ Dexcst ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}} 30 \mathrm{mx} 0.25 \mathrm{~mm} \times 0.25 \mathrm{um}, 110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Carrier: $\mathrm{N}_{2} 10$ psi. $t_{S}=15.960 \mathrm{~min}, t_{R}=17.250 \mathrm{~min}$.

```
Software Version: 4.1<2F12>
Date: 03-4-14 9:45
Sample Name : D198-RAC
Data File : D:\TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP 008K.RAW Date: 03-4-14 9:01
Sequence File: D:\TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP.SEQ Cycle: 1 Channel : A
Instrument : 970A__0 Rack/Vial: 0/0 Operator: cao
Sample Amount : 1.0000 Dilution Factor : 1.00
```



| REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peak \# | Time <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [uV] | Area [\%] | Norm. Area [\%] | BL | Area/Height [sec] |
| 1 | 23.184 | 16045640.75 | 319195.59 | 49.88 | 0.00 | BB | 50.2690 |
| 2 | 29.861 | 16123704.50 | 239871.14 | 50.12 | 0.00 | BB | 67.2182 |
|  |  | 32169345.25 | 559066.73 | 100.00 | 0.00 |  |  |




REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Time <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [uV] | Area [\%] | Norm. Area [\%] | BL | /Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 23.031 | 448689.50 | 10770.67 | 2.16 | 0.00 | BB | 41.6585 |
| 2 | 29.146 | 20309990.00 | 302515.29 | 97.84 | 0.00 | BB | 67.1371 |

0.00



REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Time } \\ & {[\mathrm{min}]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \sec \right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [uV] | Area <br> [\%] | Norm. Area <br> [\%] |  | Area/Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.964 | 133871.50 | 7366.33 | 1.71 | 0.00 | BB | 18.1734 |
| 2 | 14.551 | 26437.50 | 1201.58 | 0.34 | 0.00 | BB | 22.0023 |
| 3 | 16.973 | 22781.75 | 1064.82 | 0.29 | 0.00 | BB | 21.3949 |
| 4 | 18.397 | 3833404.50 | 102367.01 | 48.89 | 0.00 | BB | 37.4477 |
| 5 | 20.121 | 3824602.25 | 90183.44 | 48.78 | 0.00 | BB | 42.4091 |
| 7841097.50202183 .17100 .00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |







Hexane : i- Prot $=$ PS: 5
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: CH-9__67******
Run terminated manually on Channel $A$.




## Chirapak As $254 \mathrm{~nm} \quad 0.7 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ Herane : i-ProH $=95: 5$



(CH-2_12.001) mu

\# Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications \# This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2003
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: $\mathrm{CH}-2 \ldots 68 * * * * * *$
Run terminated manually on Channel A .
Chiracel OJ $254 \mathrm{~nm} 0.7 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$
File: CH-2_68.D01 d-201-rac
Run : 01
Path : C: \CH-6
d-201-rac Herane: i-proH=P5:5 Type: Sample
Collection : 10:08:58 Jun 112003
Integration: 10:08:58 Jun 112003
Method : LCTEST
Method : LCTEST [ 09:28:19 Jun 112003 ]
Inst : 1022 LC Plus

Method : LCTEST [ 09:28:19 Jun 11 2003 ]
PERCENT ( AREA)

| Pk \# | RT | Area | Height BC | Area Percen |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 4.813 | 80954 | 0.6140 T | 0.0962 |
| 2 | 5.193 | 110713 | 1.1061 T | 0.1316 |
| 3 | 5.420 | 272782 | 1.8205 | 0.3241 |
| 4 | 9.713 | 156060 | 0.9315 | 0.1854 |
| 5 | 11.267 | 293514 | 1.6073 | 0.3488 |
| 6 | 17.887 | 921037 | 3.4495 T | 1.0944 |
| 7 | 18.473 | 1009556 | 3.2764 T | 1.1996 |
| S | 19.687 | 1922607 | 5.6637 T | 2.2845 |
| 9 | 21.420 | 1912632 | 5.3350 | 2.2726 |
| 10 | 24.127 | 38620792 | 66.0974 | 45.8902 |
| 11 | 27.940 | 38780868 | 56.9497 | 46.0804 |
| 12 | 33.553 | 77644 | 0.2353 | 0.0923 |
| 12 Peaks > Area Reject | 84159160 | Total Area |  |  |
| 12 | Peaks > Height Reject | 147.086 | Total Height |  |

( $\mathrm{CH}-2 \ldots 68 . \mathrm{DO1}$ ) mu


$\begin{aligned} & \text { Software Version: 4.1<2F12> } \\ & \text { Date: } 03-6-6 \text { 13:56 }\end{aligned} \quad \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{OH}$ (rac) ChirapaK As 254 mm Sample Name : d-202rac Data File : D: \TC4 \DATA\CAO\CAP 018T.RAW Date: 03-6-6 $13: 30$
Sequence File: D: \TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP.-SEQ Cycle: 1 Channel : A
Instrument : 970A__0 Rack/Vial: 0/0 Operator: cao
Sample Amount : $\overline{1} . \overline{0} 000 \quad$ Dilution Factor : 1.00


REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Time <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{\star} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height [uV] | Area <br> [\%] | Norm. Area <br> [\%] |  | Area/Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 14.208 | 1466007.25 | 54186.44 | 49.99 | 0.00 | BB | 27.0549 |
| 2 | 17.113 | 1466662.00 | 43933.82 | 50.01 | 0.00 | BB | 33.3834 |
|  |  | 2932669.25 | 98120.26 | 100.00 | 0.00 |  |  |

```
Software Version: 4.1<2F12>
Date: 03-6-6 14:17
```



```
Chirapak As 254 nm \(0.7 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{min}\)
Sample Name : d-202-106
Data File : D: \TC4 \DATA\CAO\CAP 018U. RAW Date: 03-6-6 \({ }^{\text {Hera }} 13: 52\)
Sequence File: D: \TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP.-SEQ Cycle: 1 Channel : A
Instrument : 970A_-_0 Rack/Vial: 0/0 Operator: cap
Sample Amount : \(\overline{1} . \overline{0} 000\) Dilution Factor : 1.00
```



REPORT




REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Time <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [uV] | Area <br> [ $\%$ ] | Norm. Area <br> [\%] |  | Area/Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.621 | 145266.00 | 7308.11 | 1.10 | 0.00 | BB | 19.8774 |
| 2 | 10.584 | 92014.00 | 5379.62 | 0.70 | 0.00 | BB | 17.1042 |
| 3 | 21.672 | 6488531.00 | 116414.13 | 49.19 | 0.00 | BB | 55.7366 |
| 4 | 25.974 | 6464067.00 | 98854.16 | 49.01 | 0.00 | BB | 65.3899 |
| 13189878.00227956 .02100 .00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |

```
Software Version: 4.1<2F12>
Date: 03-6-12 16:28
Sample Name : d-207-120 Br
E)
Data File : D:\TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP_019R.RAW Date: 03-6-12 15:55
Sequence File: D:\TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP.SEQ Cycle: 1 Channel : A
Instrument : 970A_-_0 Rack/Vial: 0/0 Operator: cao
Sample Amount : \overline{1.0000 Dilution Factor : 1.00}
```



REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Time } \\ & {[\min ]} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height [uV] | Area <br> [\%] | Norm. Area <br> [\%] | BL | Area/Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.645 | 17623.00 | 1704.48 | 0.22 | 0.00 | BB | 10.3392 |
| 2 | 10.645 | 44362.00 | 2516.44 | 0.56 | 0.00 | BB | 17.6289 |
| 3 | 22.192 | 82201.50 | 2512.46 | 1.04 | 0.00 | BB | 32.7176 |
| 4 | 25.838 | 7742756.50 | 116513.31 | 98.17 | 0.00 | BB | 66.4538 |

```
Software Version: 4.1<2F12>
Date: 03-6-2 13:13
Sample Name : d-208rac
```



```
Chiracel oj \(254 \mathrm{~nm} 0.7 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\)
Herane: i-proH = 100:1
Sample Name : d-208rac
Data File : D: \TC4 \DATA\CAO\CAP 017N.RAW Date: 03-6-2 12:23
Sequence File: D: \TC4 \DATA\CAO\CAP. SEQ Cycle: 1 Channel : A
Instrument : 970A_-0 Rack/Vial: 0/0 Operator: cao
Sample Amount : \(\overline{1} . \overline{0} 000\) Dilution Factor : 1.00
```



REPORT




REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Time <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height [uV] | Area <br> [\%] | Norm. Area <br> [\%] |  | Area/Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.267 | 11360.50 | 672.11 | 0.42 | 0.00 | BB | 16.9029 |
| 2 | 7.079 | 251399.50 | 22639.38 | 9.21 | 0.00 | BB | 11.1045 |
| 3 | 9.599 | 429915.00 | 1912.06 | 15.75 | 0.00 | BB | 224.8437 |
| 4 | 27.539 | 25211.27 | 619.90 | 0.92 | 0.00 | *BB | 40.6700 |
| 5 | 33.094 | 2012158.50 | 33100.79 | 73.70 | 0.00 | BB | 60.7888 |






# Chiracel 0] $254 \mathrm{~nm} 0.7 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ 

Herane : i-ProH $=\mathrm{Pr}_{5}: 5$
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: CH-2__09 ******
Run terminated manually on Channel $A$.






```
                    Chirapak AD Herane: i-proh = O5:5
File: CH-2__22.D01
    0.7mL/m:n 254 nm
        d-212-114
                CH3O-
    Run : 01
    Path : C:\CH-6
    Collection : 14:18:45 May 30 2003 Method : LCTEST
    Rntegration: 14:44:07 May 30 2003 Method : LCTEST }\quad[\begin{array}{lllll}{14:42:39 May 30 2003 ]}\end{array}
    Report : 14:44:10 May 30 2003 Method : LCTEST [ 14:42:39 May 30 2003 ]
        PERCENT ( AREA )
```




REPORT

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Time <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{uV}^{*} \mathrm{sec}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [uV] | Area <br> [\%] | Norm. Area <br> [\%] |  | Area/Height [sec] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6.647 | 33597.56 | 2462.34 | 1.26 | 0.00 | BV | 13.6446 |
| 2 | 7.155 | 1323046.94 | 94662.19 | 49.59 | 0.00 | VB | 13.9765 |
| 3 | 9.228 | 1311405.00 | 68995.95 | 49.15 | 0.00 | BB | 19.0070 |
| 2668049.50166120 .48100 .00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |

\# Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications
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Software Version: 4.1<2F12> Date: 03-6-12 14:42
Sample Name : d-215-117


Data File : D:\TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP_019P.RAW Date: 03-6-12 14:23
Sequence File: D:\TC4\DATA\CAO\CAP.SEQ Cycle: 1 Channel : A
Instrument : 970A__0 Rack/Vial: 0/0 Operator: cao
Sample Amount : $\overline{1} . \overline{0} 000$ Dilution Factor : 1.00


REPORT


***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22___29 ******
Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 30 ******

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 31 ******

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG
Rụn S22 $\qquad$ 32 abandoned at 09:05:41 Tue Apr 292003
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 32 ******

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 33

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 34

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 35 ******

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 36 ******

Run terminated manually on Channel A.
***** MODEL 1022 RUNLOG for run: S22 $\qquad$ 37 ******

Run terminated manually on Channel A.

File : S22_24.D01
D-203-107a
Run : 02
Path : C: <br>\$T\$
Collection : 10:40:00 Apr 282003 Method : XWD


Type : Sampl


Integration: 10:40:00 Apr 282003 Method : XWD [ 07:20

Report : 13:11:51 Apr 292003 Method : XWD

Pk \# RT Area
Height BC
Area Percent Height Percent
995.1762
38.8359 T
0.2981 T
34.4503

| 96.2104 | 93.1150 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1.8873 | 3.6337 |
| 0.0160 | 0.0279 |
| 1.8863 | 3.2234 |

4 Peaks > Area Reject 156073904 Total Area
4 Peaks > Height Reject 1068.760 Total Height


## PERCENT ( AREA ) \ MANUALLY ALTERED

Pk \# RT Area Height BC Area Percent Height Percent

| 1 | 3.403 | 165268704 | 995.0167 | 95.5927 | 93.5084 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 6.503 | 3113643 | 13.0103 | 1.8010 | 1.2227 |
| 3 | 14.477 | 2874628 | 35.9979 | 1.6627 | 3.3830 |
| 4 | 15.960 | 265290 | 3.5533 | 0.1534 | 0.3339 |
| 5 | 17.250 | 1366159 | 16.5157 | 0.7902 | 1.5521 |

5 Peaks > Area Reject 172888416 Total Area
5 Peaks > Height Reject 1064.094 Total Height


[^0]:    1) G. Giordano, R. H. Crabtree, Inorg. Synth. 1988, 28, 88.
