## **Electronic Supplementary Information for:**

## Rapid Cloning and Expression of a Fungal Polyketide Synthase Gene Involved in Squalestatin Biosynthesis.

Russell J. Cox,\*a Frank Glod, Deirdre Hurley, Colin M. Lazarus, Thomas. P. Nicholson, Brian A. M. Rudd, Thomas J. Simpson, Barrie Wilkinson and Ying Zhang

<sup>a</sup> School of Chemistry, University of Bristol, Cantock's Close, Bristol, UK, BS8 1TS. Fax: +44 (0)117 9298611; E-mail:r.j.cox@bris.ac.uk

<sup>b</sup> School of Biological Sciences, University of Bristol, Woodland Road, Bristol, BS8 1UG.

<sup>c</sup> Novacta Biosystems, UH Innovations Centre, College Lane, Hatfield, Herts. AL10 9AB.

<sup>d</sup> Biotica Technology Ltd, Chesterford Research Park, Little Chesterford Essex CB10 1XL.

(4S,6S,2E)-4,6-dimethyloct-2-enoic acid **2**.

Aspergillus oryzae pTaex3-phpks1 was first grown in CDG medium (Czapek-Dox medium 35g, glucose 20g in deionised water 1L) at 25°C, 200rpm for 4 days, then transferred to CDS medium (Czapek-Dox medium 35g, soluble starch 20g in deionised water 1L) and grown for a further 2 days under the same conditions. Mycelia was filtered off, and the supernatant was acidified and extracted with EtOAc. Solvent was removed in vacuo and the organic residue dissolved in methanol. Purification was effected by repeated HPLC using a Phenomenex Luna RP-18 column (4.6 × 250mm, 5u) at 1mLmin<sup>-1</sup>. Solvent A: 0.05% trifluoroacetic acid in degassed H<sub>2</sub>O. Solvent B: 0.04% trifluoroacetic acid in degassed CH<sub>3</sub>CN. Solvents were filtered through 0.4µ filters prior to use. Method: 0-5 min, 5%B; 5-42 min, 5-75%B; 42-45 min, 75-95%B; 45-50 min, 95%B; 50-55min 95-5%B. (4S,6S,2E)-4,6-Dimethyloct-2-enoic acid 2 was eluted at 35.3 min and collected manually. Removal of solvent in vacuo afforded 2 as a pale brown oil (21mg from 25L after purification);  $\delta_{H}(400MHz, CD_{3}OD)$  6.94 (1H, dd, J 8.8, 15.6, H-3), 5.80 (1H, d, J 15.6, H-2), 2.44 (1H, m, H-4), 1.35 (3H, m), 1.15 (2H, m), 1.05 (3H, d, J 6.8, H-10), 0.85 (3H, t, J 8.4, H-8), 0.84 (3H, d, J 6.0, H-9);  $\delta_{C}(100\text{MHz}, \text{CD}_{3}\text{OD})$  169.6 (C-1), 155.8 (C-3), 120.3 (C-2), 43.3 (C-5 or C-7), 34.9 (C-4), 32.7 (C-6), 30.3 (C-7 or C-5), 20.2 (C-10), 18.6 (C-9), 10.9 (C-8);  $[\alpha]_D + 57.1$  (c 0.21, CHCl<sub>3</sub>),  $lit^1 + 46.4$ (c 0.06, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $v_{max}/cm^{-1}$  2961, 2915, 2875, 2680, 1692, 1647, 1461, 1418, 1284; m/z (CI) 171  $(100\%, [M]H^{+}), 153 (40, [M-H<sub>2</sub>O]H^{+}), 109 (20, [M-H<sub>2</sub>O-CO<sub>2</sub>)H^{+}), 57 (43, [CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>3</sub>]^{+});$ HRMS m/z (CI) cald for  $C_{10}H_{19}O_2$  ([M]H<sup>+</sup>) 171.1385, found 171.1380.

## **Notes and references**

i. Synthetic material has been reported as a mixture of diastereomers (92% *d.e.*): K. C. Nicolaou, E. W. Yue, S. Lagreca, A. Nadin, Z. Yang, J. E. Leresche, T. Tsuri, Y. Naniwa and F. Dericcardis, *Chem. Eur. J.*, 1995, 1, 467-494.