Electronic Supplementary Information

Catalytic chemoselective addition of acetonitrile to enolizable aldehydes with cationic Ru complex/DBU combination

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1. General

Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on a JASCO FT/IR 410 Fourier transform infrared spectrophotometer. NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL JNM-LA500 spectrometer, operating at 500 MHz for ¹H NMR, 125.65 MHz for ¹³C NMR, and 202.35 MHz for ³¹P NMR. Chemical shifts in $CDCl_3$ were reported downfield from TMS (= 0) or in the scale relative to CHCl₃ (7.24 ppm) for ¹H NMR. For ¹³C NMR, chemical shifts were reported in the scale relative to CHCl₃ (77.0 ppm for ¹³C NMR) as an internal reference. Chemical shifts in C_6D_6 were reported in the scale relative to C_6D_6 (7.15 ppm) for ¹H NMR. For ¹³C NMR, chemical shifts were reported in the scale relative to C_6D_6 (128.0 ppm for ¹³C NMR) as an internal reference. Chemical shifts for ³¹P NMR were reported in the scale relative to 85% phosphoric acid as an external standard. FAB mass spectra were measured on JEOL JMS-MS700V. ESI mass spectra were measured on Waters-ZQ4000. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel Merck 60 (230-400 mesh ASTM). Acetonitrile was distilled from CaH₂. Monophosphine and diphosphine CpRu complex were prepared from CpRu(CH₃CN)₃PF₆ (section 2). CpRu(CH₃CN)₃PF₆ was prepared as reported in the literature (Gill, P. T.; Mann, K. R. Organometallics 1982, 1, 485. (b) Trost, B. M.; Older, C. M. Organometallics 2002, 21, 2544.).

2. Preparation of Acetonitrile Solution of Ru-phosphine Complex *CpRu(PPh₃)(CH₃CN)₂PF₆ (1a)*

A flame-dried flask was charged with $CpRu(CH_3CN)_3PF_6$ (21.7 mg, 0.05 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (13.1mg, 0.05 mmol) under Ar. To the flask was added dry acetonitrile (833 µl) and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The resulting 0.06 M CH₃CN solution of $CpRu(PPh_3)(CH_3CN)_2PF_6$ (1a) was used as catalyst.

$CpRu(PPh_3)_2(CH_3CN)PF_6$ (1b)

A flame-dried flask was charged with $CpRu(CH_3CN)_3PF_6$ (50 mg, 0.115 mmol) and PPh₃ (60.4 mg, 0.23 mmol) under Ar. To the mixture was added $CDCl_3$ (2.0 mL) and the resulting yellow solution was stirred at 50 °C for 2 h. The formation of diphosphine complex **1b** was confirmed by ¹H NMR and ³¹P NMR (δ 42.5 ppm) analysis of small aliquot of the reaction mixture. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and

CH₃CN (1.92 mL) was refilled to the resulting residue to give 0.06 M CH₃CN solution of **1b**.

3. ESI-MS Analysis of Ru Complex.

Although the reactions in Table 1 and 2 were performed in $CH_3CN/HMPA$ solvent, ESI-MS analysis of Ru complexes was performed in THF solvent. In the absence of external CH_3CN , it was much easier to compare the stability of Ru monophosphine complex **1a** and diphosphine complex **1b** toward ligand exchange of CH_3CN with DBU.

Preparation of ESI-MS sample

A dried test tube was charged with acetonitrile solution of $\text{CpRu}(\text{PPh}_3)_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})\text{PF}_6$ (**1b**) (166 µL, 0.01 mmol) under Ar. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and dried THF (0.5 mL) was refilled. To the THF solution of **1b** was added 0.5 M THF solution of **DBU** (20 µL, 0.01 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 50 °C.

Acetonitrile ligands in Ru complex CpRu(PPh₃)(CH₃CN)₂PF₆ (1a) were readily exchangeable with DBU in THF at 50 °C to give CpRu(PPh₃)(DBU)(CH₃CN)PF₆ (6a) as shown in Chart S1. Upon addition of DBU (1 equiv to 1a) to the THF solution of 1a, the color of the mixture turned to dark brown from yellow and the peak derived from Ru-DBU complex (6a) was observed predominantly in ESI-MS spectrum (Chart S1). Although a full characterization of complex 6a was not accomplished due to its low stability, the formation of 6a was supported by the intense peak (m/z = 581 for [6a-CH₃CN]⁺, m/z = 622 for [6a]⁺) derived from 6a in ESI-MS spectra (Chart S1). Although the peak of [6a-CH₃CN]⁺ is much more prominent than the peak of [6a]⁺ under ESI-MS conditions, [6a]⁺ would probably exist in the solution as a dominant species over a coordinatively-unsaturated 16e complex [6a-CH₃CN]⁺.

Chart S1. ESI-MS spectrum of 1a in THF in the presence of DBU (1 equiv to 1a).



In contrast, when diphosphine complex $CpRu(PPh_3)_2(CH_3CN)PF_6$ (1b) was treated with 1 equiv of DBU in THF at 50 °C, Ru-DBU complex $CpRu(PPh_3)_2(DBU)PF_6$ was not observed in ESI-MS analysis even after 12 h (Chart S2). This observation indicated that coordination of DBU to the Ru center of the diphosphine complex **1b** was disfavored even in the absence of acetonitrile solvent (competitive ligand to the Ru center). Therefore, unstable Ru-DBU complex **6b** generated in catalytic cycle would be readily transformed into acetonitrile complex **1b**, avoiding the accumulation of the unstable Ru-DBU complex **6b**.





4. Spectral Data

3a, **3b**, **3d**, are known compound. Registry number: **3a**: 155486-16-1, **3b**: 70102-88-4, **3d**: 113576-56-0

3-Hydroxy-6-phenylhexanitrile (3c)

Colorless oil; IR (neat) v 3452, 2251cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.55-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.72-1.83 (m, 1H), 2.43 (dd, J = 6.8, 16.6 Hz, 1H), Ph CN 2.47 (brs, 1H), 2.50 (dd, J = 5.0, 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (t, J = 7.5 Hz 2H), 3.88-3.95 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.29 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 26.1, 27.1, 35.3, 35.9, 67.5, 117.7, 125.9, 128.3, 128.4, 141.6; ESI-MS *m/z* 212 [M+Na]; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₄N [M-H₂O+H]⁺ 172.1121 found 172.1127.

12-Cyano-11-hydroxydodec-1-ene (3e)

Colorless oil; IR (neat) v 3435, 2252, 1640 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.19-1.32 (m, 12H), 1.53-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.92 (brs, 1H), 1.94 -1.99 (m, 2H), 2.41 (dd, J =

6.4, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (dd, J = 5.0, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 3.85-3.96 (m, 1H), 4.86 (brd, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (brd, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (dddd, J = 6.7, 6.7, 10.4, 17.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 25.3, 26.1, 28.8, 29.0, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4, 33.7, 36.5, 67.8, 114.1, 117.7, 139.1; ESI-MS m/z 232 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for C₁₃H₂₄NO [M+H]⁺ 210.1852, found 210.1856.

4-Cyclohexyl-3-hydroxybutanitrile (3f)

Colorless solid; IR (KBr) v 3436, 2251cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ OH 0.84-0.99 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.23 (m, 3H), 1.33-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.52 (m, 1H), 1.61-1.73 (m, 5H), 2.28 (brd, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (dd, J = 6.4, 16.7 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (dd, J = 4.6, 16.7 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 26.0, 26.1, 26.3, 26.6, 32.5, 33.8, 33.8, 44.2, 65.3, 117.8; ESI-MS *m*/*z* 190 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for C₁₀H₁₈NO [M+H]⁺ 168.1382, found 168.1383.

5-Benzyloxycarbamoyl-3-hydroxypentanitrile (3g)

Colorless solid; IR (KBr) v 3352, 2251, 1698, 1533 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (C₆D₆) δ 0.98-1.07 (m, 2H), 1.66 (dd, J = 5.8, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (dd, J = 6.1, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.46-2.52 (m, 1H), 3.07-3.12 (m, 1H), 3.28-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.60 (brd, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (brs, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 7.04-7.28

(m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (C_6D_6) δ 25.3, 36.8, 37.1, 64.6, 67.1, 117.6, 128.4, 128.5, 128.7, 137.0, 157.6; ESI-MS *m*/*z* 271 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for $C_{13}H_{17}N_2O_3$ [M+H]⁺ 249.1239, found 249.1238.

10-Benzoyloxy-3-hydroxydecanitrile (3h)

Colorless oil; IR (neat) v 3479, 2251, 1698, 1716 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.33-1.44 (m, 8H), 1.54-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.77 (m, 2H), 2.46 (dd, J = 6.4, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (dd, J =

4.5, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (brs, 1H), 3.85-3.95 (m, 1H), 4.28 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J = 7.6, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 25.2, 25.8, 26.0, 28.5, 29.0, 29.1, 36.4, 65.0, 67.6, 117.7, 128.3, 129.4, 130.3, 132.8, 166.7; ESI-MS *m*/*z* 312 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for C₁₇H₂₄NO₃ [M+H]⁺ 290.1751, found 290.1750.

3,10-Dihydroxydecanitrile (3i)

Colorless oil; IR (neat) v 3391, 2252 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.32-1.45 (m, 9H), 1.51-1.60 (m, 4H), 2.08 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, *J* HO $_{\text{H}_{5}}$ CN = 6.5, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.89-3.94 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 25.1, 25.4, 26.0, 29.1, 29.1, 32.4, 36.3, 62.6, 67.4, 117.9; ESI-MS *m/z* 208 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for C₁₀H₂₀NO₂ [M+H]⁺ 186.1489, found 186.1494.

3-Hydroxy-6-(4-acetyl)phenylhexanitrile (3j)

Colorless oil; IR (neat) v 3455, 2250, 1678 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.56-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.77-1.86 (m, 1H), 2.46 (dd, J = 06.3, 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (dd, J = 5.1, 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.66-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.78 (brd, J = 5.1Hz, 1H), 3.85-3.92 (m, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 26.2, 26.5, 26.8, 35.4, 35.8, 67.4, 117.6, 128.5, 128.6, 135.0, 147.6, 198.1; ESI-MS m/z 254 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS (FAB⁺) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₈NO₂ [M+H]⁺ 232.1332, found 232.1340.







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