Water-Compatible Highly Active Reusable PEG-Coated Mesoporous Silica Supported Palladium Complex and Its Application in Organic Synthesis

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Supporting Information:

Analytical data	SI-1
1 H / 13 C / 19 F NMR Spectra	SI-11

Preparation of alcohol 2:¹ To a mixture of KOH (28.0 g, 0.50 mol) and

tetra(ethylene glycol) **1** (89.0 g, 0.46 mol) in a three-necked flash was added allyl bromide (60.5 g, 0.50 mol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. After the reaction was complete as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 1/1), it was extracted with ether. Drying over MgSO₄, rotary evaporation, and flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ether acetate = 1/1) afforded **2** as a yellow oil (38.2 g, 36%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.98-5.82 (m, 1 H), 5.32-5.13 (m, 2 H), 4.02-3.98 (m, 2 H), 3.73-3.56 (m, 16 H), 2.73 (br, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 134.5, 117.2, 72.6, 72.2, 70.53, 70.47, 70.44, 70.1, 69.3, 61.62, 61.60. IR (neat): 3416, 3082, 2872, 1647, 1458, 1350, 1107 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 235 (M⁺+1, 0.88), 45 (100).

Preparation of 3: To a solution of KOH (17.9 g, 0.32 mol) and **2** (38 g, 0.16 mol) in THF (100 mL) was added EtBr (26.6 g, 0.24 mol) at 0 °C. The mixture was then stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. After the reaction was complete as monitored by TLC (eluent: petroleum ether/ether acetate = 1/1), it was extracted with ether. Drying over MgSO₄, rotary evaporation, and flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ether acetate = 1/1) afforded **3** as a yellow oil (38.6 g, 92%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 5.96-5.82 (m, 1 H), 5.29-5.12 (m, 2 H), 4.02-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.54 (m, 16 H), 3.50 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 1.18 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 134.7, 117.0, 72.2, 70.61, 70.58, 70.54, 69.8, 69.4, 66.6, 15.1. IR (neat): 2896, 1349, 1114, 927 cm⁴. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 263 (M⁺+1, 1.85), 45 (100). HRMS calcd for C₁₃H₂₆O₅Na [M⁺+Na]: 285.1673, found: 285.1681.

Preparation of Organosilane 4: H₂PtCl₆·6H₂O (150 mg, 0.29 mmol) was dried under vacuum (3 h, 200 °C) in a 250 mL round bottom flask, followed by addition of **3**(38.5 g, 0.15 mol) and triethoxysilane (241 g, 1.46 mol) at rt under nitrogen. After stirring at ambient temperature for 24 h, the unreacted triethylsilane was removed in vacuo, and the residue was distilled to give product as a colorless oil (48.2 g, 77 %), b.p. 148-154 °C/0.1 Torr. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 3.80 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 6 H), 3.66-3.47 (m, 18 H), 3.42 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 1.74-1.62 (m, 2 H), 1.24-1.16 (m, 12 H), 0.61 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 73.6, 70.6, 70.5, 69.9, 69.8, 66.6, 58.3, 22.8, 18.2, 15.1, 6.3. IR (neat): 3399, 2973, 2871, 1455, 1350, 1112, 954, 775 cm⁻¹. MS (ESI) 444 [M + NH₄⁺]. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₄₂O₈Si: C, 53.49; H, 9.92; Found: C, 53.07; H, 9.51.

Preparation of SBA-15:² In a typical synthesis, pluronic P123(4.0 g) was dissolved in a mixture of water (30 mL) and 2 M HCl (120 mL). Tetraethoxysilane (8.5 g) was as added to this solution with vigorous stirring for 20 h at 40 °C in a beaker. Then the mixture was poured into an autoclave and heated at 100 °C for 2 days. The resultant solid was filtered off and then the surfactant template was removed by solvent extraction in refluxing ethanol with stirring for 2 days.

Preparation of coated SBA-15: To 13 g of template removed SBA-15 dried under vacuum at 120 °C for 3 h was added 60 mL of dry toluene and 9.3 g of organosilane **4**. The resulting mixture was refluxed under N_2 for 6 h and then filtered. The solid obtained was washed repeatedly with toluene to afford the coated SBA-15.

Preparation of SBA-Si-PEG-Pd(PPh₃)_n 6: Coated SBA-15 5 (2.0 g) was

dispersed in dry THF (20 ml) and then a solution of $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.21 g, 1.8 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) was added slowly. After stirring for 10 h at rt, the solid was filtered, washed with THF, and dried in vacuo. The Pd % in this supported catalyst is 0.050 mmol/g as determined by ICP, and the P % in this supported catalyst is 0.017 mmol/g as determined by HPIC. Representative procedure for Suzuki coupling reaction catalyzed by

SBA-Si-PEG--Pd(PPh₃)_n **6** (*Table 3, entry 7*): A mixture of *o*-iodophenol (4.40 g, 20 mmol), phenyl boronic acid (2.93 g, 24 mmol), K₃PO₄·3H₂O (10.4 g, 40 mmol), SBA-Si-PEG-Pd(PPh₃)_n (0.001 mol%), and H₂O (40 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 24 h. After being cooled down to rt, the reaction mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The remaining residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/Et₂O = 3:1) to yield 2-phenylphenol (**9i**)¹ as a white solid (3.322 g, 98%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.59-7.38 (m, 5 H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 2 H), 7.07-7.00 (m, 2 H), 5.32 (s, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 152.3, 137.0, 130.2, 129.2, 129.1, 129.0, 128.1, 127.8, 120.8, 115.8. IR (neat): 3565, 3528, 1584, 1484, 1434, 1101, 757, 699 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 170 (M⁺, 100).

(1) 4-Methoxybiphenyl (9a) (Table 2, entry 1):²



The reaction of **6** (1.0 mol%), aryl iodide **7a** (61 mg, 0.30 mmol), *p*-methoxyphenyl boronic acid **8a** (55 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9a** (50 mg, 90 %). *Condition B*: The reaction of **6** (0.5 mol%), phenyl bromide **7b** (316 mg, 2.0 mmol), phenylboronic acid **8a** (151 mg, 1.0 mmol), and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (532 mg, 2.0 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) at 90 °C for 10 h afforded **9a** (160 mg, 87 %). *Condition C*: The reaction of **6** (0.5 mol%), phenyl chloride **7c** (229 mg, 2.0 mmol), benzeneboronic acid **8a** (152 mg, 1.0 mmol), SPhos (4 mg, 1 mol%), and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (532 mg, 0. 60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) at 60 °C for 10 h afforded **9a** (154 mg, 84 %). *Condition D*: The reaction of **6** (1.0 mol%), aryl iodide **7f** (70 mg, 0.30 mmol), phenylboronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol), and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9a** (48 mg, 89 %). *Condition E*: The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl iodide **7f** (72 mg, 0.30 mmol), benzeneboronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol), and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 g, 0. 60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9a** (45 mg, 82 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.70-7.58 (m, 4 H), 7.55-7.45 (m, 2 H), 7.41-7.34 (m, 1 H), 7.08-7.03 (m, 2 H), 3.90 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 159.0, 140.7, 133.6, 128.7, 128.1, 126.7, 126.6, 114.1, 55.2. IR (neat): 2962, 1607, 1488,1251, 834, 761 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 184 (M⁺, 66.94), 44 (100).

(2) 4-Methoxy-2',6'-dimethylbiphenyl (9b) (Table 2, entry 4):³



The reaction of **6** (1.0 mol %), PPh₃ (2.0 mol %), aryl iodide (2,6-Me₂C₆H₃I, 67 mg, 0.29 mmol), *p*-methoxyphenyl boronic acid **8a** (55 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9b** (52 mg, 86 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.23-7.09 (m, 5 H), 7.04-6.97 (m, 2 H), 3.89 (s, 3 H), 2.09 (s, 6 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 158.2, 141.5, 136.5, 133.2, 130.0, 127.2, 126.8, 113.7, 55.1, 20.9. IR (neat): 2953, 1609, 1517, 1467, 1285, 1238, 837 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 212 (M⁺, 100).

(3) 2-Methoxycarbonylbiphenyl (9c) (Table 2, entry 6):⁴



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl iodide (*o*-MeO₂CC₆H₄I, 78 mg, 0.30 mmol), phenyl boronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 g, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9c** (60 mg, 93 %). The special data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.^{6 1}H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.52 (m, 1 H), 7.47-7.32 (m, 7 H), 3.66 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 169.1, 142.4, 141.2, 131.2, 130.7, 130.6, 129.7, 128.2, 128.0, 127.15, 127.08, 51.9. IR (neat): 1731, 1289, 1126, 746, 700 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 212 (M⁺, 50.77), 181 (100).

(4) (Z)3-phenyl-acrylic acid ethyl ester (9d) (Table 2, entry 7):⁵



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), iodide (*Z*)-EtO₂CC₂H₂I **7g** (63 mg, 0.28 mmol), phenyl boronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9d** (44 mg, 90 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.62-7.56 (m, 2 H), 7.40-7.28 (m, 3 H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.96 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 166.2, 143.0, 134.8, 129.6, 128.9, 127.9, 119.8, 60.3, 14.0. IR (neat): 2981, 1721, 1629, 1181, 1029 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 176 (M⁺, 24.19), 131 (100).

(5) 2-Phenylphenol (9e) (Table 2, entry 8) :¹



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl iodide (*o*-HOC₆H₄I, 64 mg, 0.29 mmol),phenyl boronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9e** (48 mg, 99 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =7.59-7.38 (m, 5 H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 2 H), 7.07-7.00 (m, 2 H), 5.32 (s, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 152.3, 137.0, 130.2, 129.2, 129.1, 129.0, 128.1, 127.8, 120.8, 115.8. IR (neat): 3565, 3528, 1584, 1484, 1434, 1101, 757 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 170 (M⁺, 100).

(6) 4-Nitrodiphenyl (9f) (Table 2, entry 9):⁶



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl bromide (1-bromo-2-nitro benzene, 60 mg, 0.30 mmol), phenyl boronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9f** (48 mg, 81 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2 H), 7.55-7.42 (m, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 147.5, 146.9, 138.6, 129.1, 128.9, 127.7, 127.3, 124.0. IR (neat): 1596, 1514, 1345, 853, 740 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 199 (M⁺, 86.93), 152 (100).

(7) 2-Cyanobiphenyl (9g) (Table 2, entry 10):⁷



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl bromide (*o*-NCC₆H₄Br, 54 mg, 0.30 mmol), phenyl boronic acid **8b** (44 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9g** (44 mg, 83 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.80-7.73 (m, 1 H), 7.70-7.60 (m, 1 H), 7.60-7.41 (m, 7 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 145.3, 138.0, 133.6, 132.8, 130.0, 128.7, 128.63, 128.61, 127.5, 118.7, 111.1. IR (neat): 3064, 2224, 1595, 1477, 759, 700 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 179 (M⁺, 100).

(8) 2-Methoxy-2-cyanobiphenyl (9h) (Table 2, entry 11):⁸



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl bromide (*o*-NCC₆H₄Br, 182 mg, 1.0 mmol), *o*-methoxyphenyl boronic acid **8c** (182 mg, 1.2 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (532 mg, 2.0 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9h** (185 mg, 89 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.77-7.72 (m, 1 H), 7.60-7.67 (m, 1 H), 7.50-7.39 (m, 3 H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 1 H), 7.15-7.02 (m, 2 H), 3.85 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 156.3, 142.4, 132.6, 132.3, 130.78, 130.75, 130.2, 127.2, 127.1, 120.6, 118.6, 113.2, 111.2, 55.3. IR (neat): 3066, 2226, 1602, 1500, 1255, 1026 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 209 (M⁺, 100).

(9) 2-Methoxy-2'-(methoxycarbonyl)biphenyl (9i) (Table 2, entry 12):⁹



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl iodide (*o*-MeO₂CC₆H₄I, 78 mg, 0.30 mmol), *o*-methoxyphenyl boronic acid **8c** (55 mg, 0.36 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O (160 mg, 0.60 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9i** (64 mg, 89 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.90$ (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.60-7.53 (m, 1 H), 7.45-7.27 (m, 4 H), 7.11-7.03 (m, 1 H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.74 (s, 3 H), 3.68 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 168.5, 155.9, 138.6, 131.5, 131.2, 130.4, 129.8, 129.2, 128.8, 127.0, 120.7, 110.0,$ 55.1, 51.6. IR (neat): 2951, 1732, 1598, 1293 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) *m/z* (relative intensity) 242 (M⁺, 36.22), 211 (100).

(10) 4-(Trifluoromethyl)-2'-(methoxycarbonyl)biphenyl (9j) (Table 2, entry 13):¹⁰



The reaction of **6** (0.1 mol%), aryl iodide (*o*-MeO₂CC₆H₄I, 262 mg, 1.0 mmol), 4-(Trifluoromethyl)-phenylboronic acid **8d** (228 mg, 1.2 mmol) and K₃PO₄·3H₂O were (532 mg, 2.0 mmol) in H₂O (3 mL) afforded **9j** (240 mg, 86 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.93 (dd, J_1 = 6.3 Hz, J_2 = 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2 H), 7.60-7.53 (m, 1 H), 7.50-7.46 (m, 1 H), 7.43(d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2 H), 7.37-1.32 (m, 1 H), 3.67 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 168.3, 145.1, 141.4, 131.6, 130.7, 130.3, 130.2, 129.3 (q, ² J_{CF} = 32.0 Hz), 128.7, 127.9, 124.9 (q, ³ J_{CF} = 3.6 Hz), 124.2 (q, ¹ J_{CF} = 270.5 Hz), 52.0. ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 62.8. IR (neat): 2949, 1730, 1326, 1255, 1126, 1069 cm⁻¹. MS (EI) m/z (relative intensity) 280 (M⁺, 100).

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37