

Unprecedented formation of an acetamidate-bridged dinuclear platinum(II) terpyridyl complex – Correlation of luminescence properties with the crystal forms and dimerization studies in solution

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Supplementary Information

Characterization:

1: Yield: 80 %. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, acetone-d₆, 298 K, relative to Me₄Si): δ 9.03 (d with Pt satellite, *J* = 5.5 Hz, *J*_{Pt-H} 40 Hz, 2 H, trpy), 8.84 (d with Pt satellite, *J* = 5.5 Hz, *J*_{Pt-H} 40 Hz, 2H, trpy), 8.68 (m, 2 H, trpy), 8.52 (d, 12 H, trpy), 7.93 (m, 2 H, trpy), 7.87 (m, 2 H, trpy), 2.87 (s, 3 H, CH₃); positive FAB-MS: *m/z* 1212 [M – OTf]⁺, 1063 [M – 2OTf]⁺, 914 [M – 3OTf]⁺; elemental analyses calcd for C₃₅H₂₆F₉N₇O₁₀Pt₂S₃ (found): C 30.86 (30.63), H 1.91 (1.85), N 7.20 (7.00).

Table S1 Photophysical data for **1**.

Complex	Medium (<i>T</i> [K])	Absorption	Emission
		λ_{max} [nm] (ϵ_{max} [dm ³ mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹]) ^a	λ_{max} [nm] (τ_o [μs])
1	MeCN (298)	326 (23710), 338 (29305), 366 (5840), 386 (4090), 426 (1510), 458 (1090), 478 (700)	597 (0.15), [788] ^b
1-red	Solid (298)		690 (0.4)
	Solid (77)		762 (1.1)
1-dark	Solid (298)		750 (0.2)
	Solid (77)		805 (– ^c)

^a Concentration < 2×10⁻⁵ M

^b New emission peak appeared when concentration > 1×10⁻³ M

^c Not determined

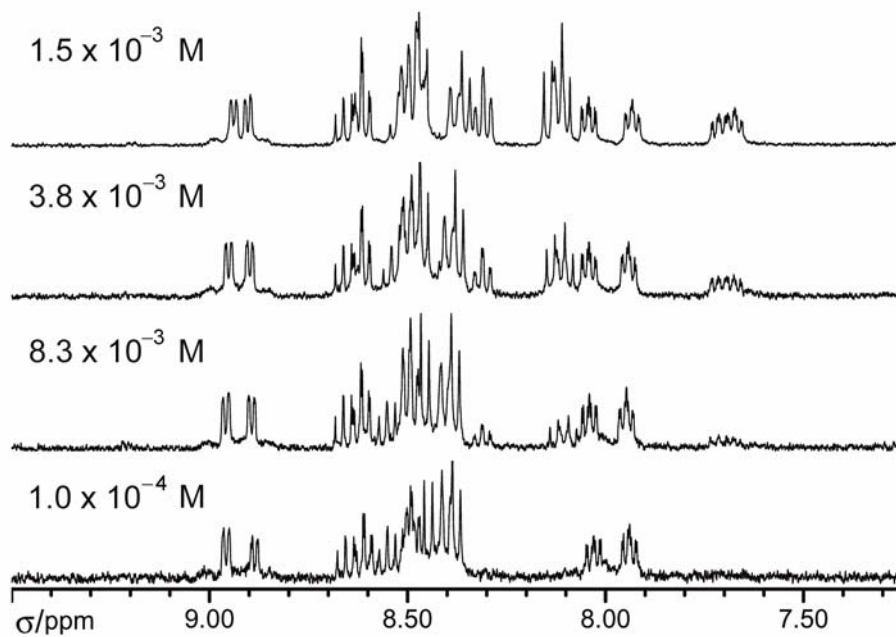


Figure S1

Figure S1 Concentration-dependent ¹H NMR spectra of **1** in CD₃CN at room temperature.

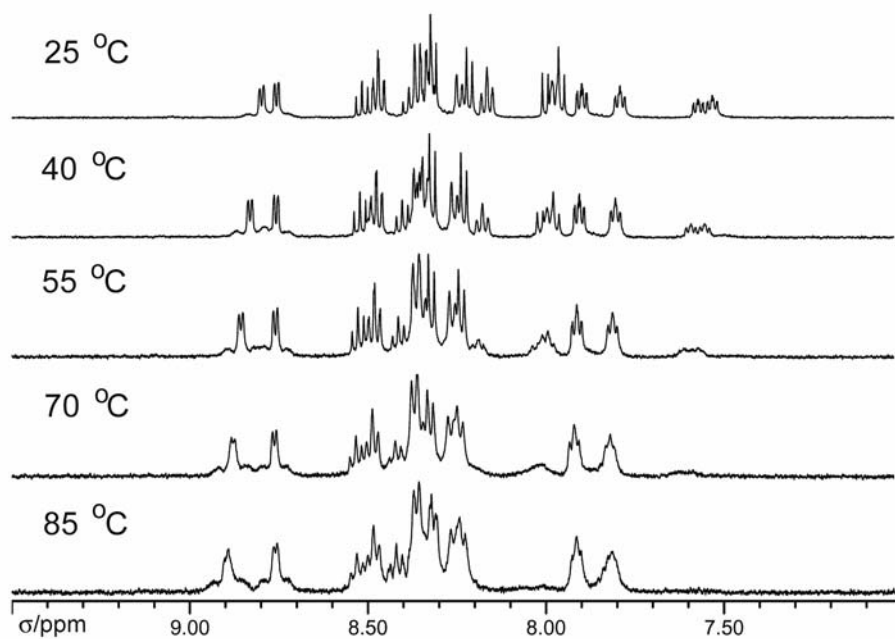


Figure S2

Figure S2 Variable-temperature ^1H NMR spectra of **1** in CD_3CN (conc. = $3.8 \times 10^{-3}\text{M}$)