Chemical Communications

<SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS>

Construction of CdS Quantum Dots *via* Regioselective Dendritic Functionalized Cellulose Template

Seok-Ho Hwang,^a Charles N. Moorefield,^b Pingshan Wang,^a Kwang-Un Jeong,^a Stephen Z. D. Cheng,^a Kishore K. Kotta,^a and George R. Newkome^{* a, b,}

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

{[(HO₂C)₂₇-Den]-Cellulose} (2). The dissolution (2.5 %) of cellulose in DMAc/LiCl was accomplished by a known procedure. To this solution containing 100 mg of cellulose [microcrystalline cellulose, degree-of-polymerization (DP) = 280], the 3^{rd} -generation isocyanate dendron^[1,2] and dibutyltin dilaurate, as catalyst, were added; the ratio of isocyanate to cellulose anhydroglucose unit (AUG) was 3:1 and the catalyst concentration was 2 %, base on cellulose. The mixture was stirred and maintained at 65 °C for 4 days after which, the reaction mixture was added to a MeOH/H₂O (70:30) solution to yield a precipitate that was next centrifuged, and washed (3×) with a MeOH/H₂O mixture. The crude product was purified using a dialysis membrane (10,000 MWCO) to remove residual solvent as well as unreacted materials. The solution of modified cellulose **1** was then added to formic acid (10 mL) and stirred for 24 h at 25 °C. After the reaction, the excess formic acid was removed *in vacuo*.

<u>Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications</u> <u>This journal is (c) The Royal Society of Chemistry 2006</u>

Biocompatibility Test.^[3] CdS/cellulose hybrid **3** coated coverslips were used for the test. Whole blood (9 mL) was drawn from healthy, medication-free human donors into a 10-mL tube containing 1 mL of 3.8 % sodium citrate anticoagulant, centrifuged at 800 rpm for 15 min to collect platelet-rich plasma (PRP). The platelet density was about 3.6×10^5 /µL as determined by Coulter A^c.T diff (Beckman Coulter, Schaumburg, IL). The test coverslips were put in a 24-well culture plate and hydrated by adding 500 µL of *phosphate buffered saline with calcium and magnesium* (PBS) for 15 min, and then incubated with 500 µL of diluted PRP with about 3.0×10^4 platelets/well for 1 h. The PRP suspension was removed, and the coverslips were gently washed with PBS. Adherent platelets were fixed by adding 500 µL of 1 % *paraformaldehyde* (PFA) in PBS and incubating at 25 °C for 1 h, followed by washing with PBS. The coverslips were then mounted face-up on a coverslide using Crystal Mount. The images were collected with a Spot RT chilled CCD camera and analyzed using Meta Morph software (Universal Imaging Corp.).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION



Figure SI-1. DSC thermogram of the {[(HO₂C)₂₇-Den]-cellulose} 2 at heating rate of 10 °C/min.

<u>Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications</u> <u>This journal is (c) The Royal Society of Chemistry 2006</u>

In principle, when platelets die, it is difficult to detect their presence on the microscope slide due to shrinkage. In this test, the platelets and platelet aggregates were observed, and CdS/Cellulose hybrids **3** were also appeared near by platelets, as white spots, on Figure SI-2.



Figure SI-2. Photograph of biocompatibility test for platelet with CdS/Cellulose hybrid 3.

REFERENCES

- 1. Newkome, G. R.; Kotta, K. K.; Moorefield, C. N. J. Org. Chem. 2005, 70, 4893-4896.
- 2. Available from Frontier Scientific, Inc., Logan, UT (www.frontiersci.com).
- 3. Zhu, J.; Marchant, R. E. Biomacromolecules 2006, 7, 1036-1041.