

Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications

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Chiral palladium bis(phosphite) *PCP*-pincer complexes *via* ligand C-H activation

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Electronic Supplementary Information

Synthesis of ligand 4b. A mixture of **6** (1.50 g, 6.76 mmol) and 4-chlorodinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepine (4.74 g, 13.5 mmol) in toluene (60 mL) at -40 °C was treated drop-wise with NEt₃ (3.0 mL, 21.4 mmol) in toluene (20 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature overnight, then filtered and the solvent was removed under vacuum to give **4b** as a colourless solid (6.37 g, 94 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl₃): 1.30 (18H, s, ^tBu), 7.02-7.22 (8H, m, ArH), 7.25-7.40 (6H, m, ArH), 7.52 (2H, d, *J* = 9 Hz, ArH), 7.49 (2H, d, *J* = 9 Hz, ArH), 7.74 (2H, d, *J* = 9 Hz, ArH), 7.78 (2H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, ArH), 7.82 (2H, d, *J* = 9 Hz, ArH), 7.86 (2H, d, *J* = 9 Hz, ArH); ³¹P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl₃): 144.6 (s). Anal. calcd for C₅₄H₄₄O₆P₂: C, 76.23; H, 5.21. Found: C, 76.01; H, 5.54.

Synthesis of 7. A mixture of **6** (5.0 g, 22.5 mmol) and PCl₃ (15.0 mL, 172 mmol) in toluene (80 mL) at -40 °C was treated drop-wise with NEt₃ (25.0 mL, 180 mmol) in toluene (20 mL). The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature overnight. The

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filtrate was collected under nitrogen, and the filtrate residue washed with toluene (2 x 20 mL). The solvent from the combined filtrate and washing was removed under vacuum to give a white solid. Toluene (2 x 20 mL) was added to this solid and then removed under vacuum to ensure the full removal of PCl₃ to give **7** as a white solid (8.70 g, 91 %) and used without further purification. ¹H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl₃): 1.30 (18H, s, ^tBu), 7.31 (1H, s, ArH), 7.79 (1H, s, ArH); ³¹P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl₃): 183.6 (s).

Synthesis of Ligand 4c. A mixture of NEt₃ (6.0 mL, 43.0 mmol) and **7** (2.00 g, 4.72 mmol) in toluene (60 mL) at -40 °C was treated drop-wise with (2R,3R)-(-)-2,3-butanediol (0.86 mL, 9.42 mmol) in toluene (20 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature overnight, then filtered and the filtrate residue washed with toluene (2 x 20 mL). The solvent from the filtrate was removed under vacuum to give **4c** as a white solid. (3.10 g, 72.5 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl₃): 1.28 (18H, s, ^tBu), 1.32 (6H, d, *J* = 9 Hz, CH₃), 1.40 (6H, d, *J* = 5 Hz, CH₃), 3.80 (2H, dq, *J* = 6 & 5 Hz, OCH), 4.17 (2H, dq, *J* = 9 & 6 Hz, OCH), 6.79 (1H, s, ArH), 7.18 (1H, s, ArH); ³¹P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl₃): 135.4 (s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz; CDCl₃) 18.45, 19.60 (s, CH₃), 30.55 (s, CH₃ ^tBu), 34.92 (s, C ^tBu), 78.47, 81.13 (s, OCH), 112.52 (t, *J* = 16 Hz, CH), 125.92, 134.43, 149.47.

Synthesis of ligand 4d. A mixture of NEt₃ (3.0 mL, 21.5 mmol) and **7** (1.00 g, 2.36 mmol) in toluene (60 mL) at -40 °C was treated drop-wise with (D)-mannitoldiol (1.24 g, 4.72 mmol) in toluene (20 mL). The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature overnight, then filtered and the filtrate residue washed with toluene (2 x 20 mL). The solvent from the solution was removed under vacuum to give **4d** as a very hygroscopic white solid (2.61 g, 69 %). ¹H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl₃): 1.25 (6H, s, CH₃), 1.26 (18H, s, ^tBu), 1.33 (6H, s, CH₃), 1.39 (6H, s, CH₃), 1.42 (6H, s, CH₃), 3.98-4.19 (12H, m, OCH & OCH₂), 4.19-4.27 (2H, m, OCH), 4.47-4.50 (2H, m, OCH), 6.56 (1H, s, ArH), 7.21 (1H, s, ArH); ³¹P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl₃): 136.7 (s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz; CDCl₃): 25.36, 25.68, 26.89, 27.22 (s, CH₃), 30.09 (s, CH₃ ^tBu), 34.93 (s, C ^tBu), 66.18 (s, C(Me)₂), 66.58, 67.17 (s, CH₂), 67.69 (s, C(Me)₂), 76.38, 76.89, 80.13, 81.37 (s, OCH), 110.49, 113.11 (t, *J* = 15 Hz, Ar CH), 129.44, 135.50.

Synthesis of complex 5a. Method A. A mixture of ligand **4a** (0.30 g, 0.4 mmol) and $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{NCPH})_2]$ (0.15 g, 0.4 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (20 mL) was heated to reflux during which time a white suspension was formed. The mixture was maintained at reflux until a clear yellow solution was obtained (approx. 6 days). The solvent was removed under vacuum, the residue was re-dissolved in THF and filtered through celite. The solvent was removed under vacuum and trituration with pentane to give **5a** as a pale yellow powder (0.27 g, 77.5 %). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown from CDCl_3 . ^1H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl_3): 6.80 (2H, d, $J = 8$ Hz, ArH), 7.21-7.68 (9H, m, ArH), 7.87-8.08 (16H, m, ArH); ^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3): 147.2 (s); MS (EI): $m/z = 878$ (M^+), 843 ($\text{M}^+ - \text{Cl}$), 738 ($\text{M}^+ - \text{PdCl}$).

Method B. Ligand **4a** (0.404 g, 0.547 mmol), $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{NCMe})_2]$ (0.142g, 0.546 mmol) and 1,2-dichloroethane (2.5 mL) were placed in microwave reaction vessel and heated in a CEM Discover 300 W microwave reactor at 150 °C for 1h. Work-up as method A (91.5 %).

General method for the synthesis of complexes 5b - d: A mixture of the appropriate ligand **4** (0.08 mmol) and $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{NCMe})_2]$ (0.021 g, 0.08 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (2 mL) was treated with NEt_3 (0.011 mL, 0.08 mmol) and then heated at 80 °C for 2h. The resultant mixture was filtered through celite, the solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue crystallised from $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$

Complex 5b: Grey solid (0.041 g, 51 %). ^1H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl_3): 1.17 (18H, s, ^tBu), 7.24 (1H, s, ArH), 7.27 (2H, ddd, $J = 8, 7$ & 1 Hz, ArH), 7.34 (2H, d, $J = 9$ Hz, ArH), 7.35 (2H, ddd, $J = 8, 7$ & 1 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (2H, ddd, $J = 8, 7$ & 1 Hz, ArH), 7.46 (2H, d, $J = 9$ Hz, ArH), 7.48 (2H, d, $J = 9$ Hz, ArH), 7.53 (2H, ddd, $J = 8, 7$ & 1 Hz, ArH), 7.64 (2H, d, $J = 9$ Hz, ArH), 7.88 (2H, d, $J = 8$ Hz, ArH), 7.95 (2H, d, $J = 9$ Hz, ArH), 8.00 (2H, d, $J = 8$ Hz, ArH), 8.02 (2H, d, $J = 9$ Hz, ArH); ^{31}P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl_3): 147.3 (s); Anal. calcd for $\text{C}_{54}\text{H}_{43}\text{ClO}_6\text{P}_2\text{Pd}\cdot\text{CDCl}_3$: C, 59.40; H, 4.08. Found: C, 59.55; H, 3.85.

Complex 5c: Grey solid (0.021 g, 47.5 %); ^1H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl_3): 1.24 (18H, br s, ^tBu), 1.48 (12H, br s, CH_3), 4.32 (4H, br s, CH), 7.02 (1H, s, ArH); ^{31}P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl_3): 147.6 (s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz; CDCl_3): 18.78, 19.18 (s, CH_3), 30.19 (s, CH_3 ^tBu), 35.15 (s, C ^tBu), 81.49, 82.89 (s, OCH), 125.23, 130.01, 146.51, 151.90.

Complex 5d: Grey solid (0.052 g, 68.5 %); ^1H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl_3): 1.24 (18H, s, ^tBu), 1.30 (6H, s, CH_3), 1.34 (6H, s, CH_3), 1.39 (6H, s, CH_3), 1.41 (6H, s, CH_3), 3.92-3.96 (2H, m, OCH), 4.02-4.09 (4H, m, OCH), 4.13-4.18 (2H, m, OCH), 4.29-4.32 (2H, m, OCH), 4.43-4.46 (2H, m, OCH), 4.52-4.58 (4H, m, OCH), 7.04 (1H, s, ArH); ^{31}P NMR (121 MHz; CDCl_3): 151.2 (s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz; CDCl_3): 25.23, 25.36, 27.17, 27.43 (s, CH_3), 30.06 (s, CH_3 ^tBu), 35.08 (s, C ^tBu), 66.45 (s, $\text{C}(\text{Me})_2$), 66.66, 66.92 (s, CH_2), 67.16 (s, $\text{C}(\text{Me})_2$), 74.81, 74.94, 80.96, 81.42 (s, OCH), 125.51, 130.60, 146.75, 151.04; Anal. calcd for $\text{C}_{38}\text{H}_{59}\text{ClO}_{14}\text{P}_2\text{Pd}$: C, 48.36; H, 6.30. Found: C, 48.13; H, 6.61.

Synthesis of complex 8. Ligand **5b** (0.504 g, 0.592 mmol) and $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{NCMe})_2]$ (0.154 g, 0.592 mmol) were dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and ethanol (20 mL) added. The CH_2Cl_2 was removed under reduced pressure to induce precipitation of the product. The yellow crystalline solid was isolated by filtration and dried *in vacuo* to give **8** as a orange solid. (0.57 g, 93.5 %). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown from CH_2Cl_2 :MeOH. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 ; 300 MHz): 0.28 (s, 18H, ^tBu), 1.23 (s, 18H, ^tBu), 6.01 (d, 2H, $J = 9$ Hz, Ar-H), 7.03-7.12 (m, 12H, Ar-H), 7.24-7.38 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 7.43 (d, 2H, $J = 6$ Hz, Ar-H), 7.51 (d, 4H, $J = 6$ Hz, Ar-H), 7.52 (d, 2H, $J = 6$ Hz, Ar-H), 7.69 (d, 2H, $J = 7$ Hz, Ar-H), 7.73 (dd, 4H, $J = 3$ & 9 Hz, Ar-H), 7.79 (d, 2H, $J = 9$ Hz, Ar-H), 7.95 (d, 4H, $J = 9$ Hz, Ar-H), 8.13 (d, 2H, $J = 6$ Hz, Ar-H), 8.22 (d, 2H, $J = 6$ Hz, Ar-H), 8.38 (s, 4H, Ar-H), 8.44 (br s, 2H, Ar-H). ^{31}P NMR (CDCl_3 ; 121.5 MHz): 102.29 (d, $^2J_{\text{PP}} = 46.2$ Hz), 104.28 (d, $^2J_{\text{PP}} = 46.2$ Hz). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 ; 75.5 MHz): 28.61, 30.64 (s, CH_3 ^tBu), 34.82, 35.27 (s, C ^tBu), 111.59, 120.03, 122.09, 122.34, 124.08, 125.46, 126.01, 126.62 (d, $J_{\text{CP}} = 10$ Hz), 126.89, 127.15, 127.40, 127.71, 128.40 (d, $J_{\text{CP}} = 11$ Hz), 128.79,

129.21, 130.24, 131.60, 132.47, 132.44, 132.80, 133.14. Anal. calcd for $C_{108}H_{88}Cl_4O_{12}P_4Pd_2 \cdot (CH_2Cl_2)_{1.5}$: C, 60.26; H, 4.20. Found: C, 60.19; H, 4.64.

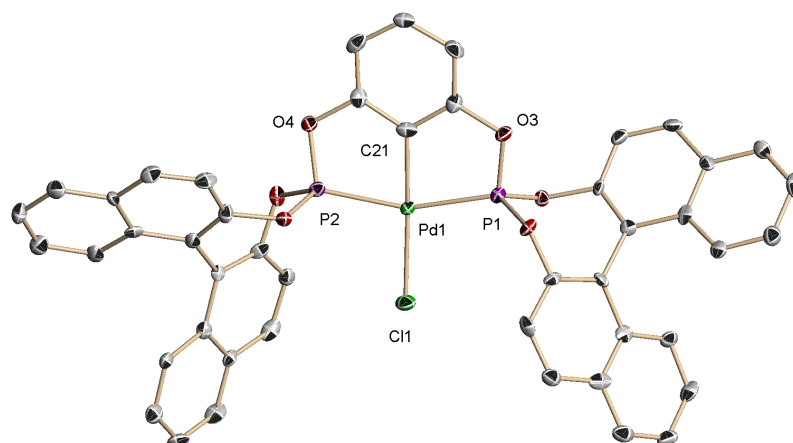


Figure S1. Molecular structure of complex **5a**. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°): **5a**. Pd1-P1, 2.2615(19); Pd1-Pd2, 2.2445(18); Pd1-C21, 1.969(6); Pd1-Cl1, 2.3486(18); P1-O1, 1.613(5); P1-O2, 1.586(5); P1-O3, 1.597(5); P2-O4, 1.612(5); P2-O5, 1.587(5); P2-O6, 1.595(5); P1-Pd1-Cl1, 101.66(7); P2-Pd1-Cl1, 99.44(7); P2-Pd1-P1, 158.13(7); C21-Pd1-Cl1, 175.7(2); C21-Pd1-P1, 79.6(2); C21-Pd1-P2, 78.9(2); O2-P1-O1, 103.3(3);

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O2-P1-O3, 105.3(3); O3-P1-O1, 97.8(3); O5-P2-O4, 97.9(3); O5-P2-O6, 103.0(2); O6-P2-O4, 106.6(3).