

Supplementary Information

Iodine catalyzed one-pot diamination of glycals with chloramine-T: a new approach to 2-amino- β -glycosylamines for applications in *N*-glycopeptide synthesis

Vipin Kumar and Namakkal G. Ramesh*

Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology - Delhi, Hauz Khas, New Delhi, India 110016.

E-mail: ramesh@chemistry.iitd.ac.in

General consideration:

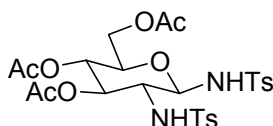
All solvents were purified using standard procedures. Chloramine-T purchased from Aldrich or Fluka Chemicals only was used for consistency of results. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck silica gel pre-coated on aluminium plates. Flash column chromatography was performed on 230-400 mesh silica gel. Optical rotations were recorded on an Autopol II or Autopol V (Rudolph Research Flanders, New Jersey) instrument. All the rotations were measured at 589 nm (sodium D' line). Melting points of the compounds are uncorrected. IR spectra were taken within the range 4000-400 cm^{-1} as KBr pellets on a Nicolet (Madison, USA) FT-IR spectrophotometer (Model Protege 460). All the ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on a 300 MHz Bruker Spectrospin DPX FT-NMR. Chemical shifts are reported as δ values (ppm) relative to internal standard Me_4Si . Elemental analyses were performed on a Perkin Elmer 2400 series II analyzer. Mass spectra were recorded using Waters Micro Mass Q-TOF instrument.

General procedure for disulfonamidation of Glycals:

To a 0 °C stirred suspension of glycal (1 equiv.), chloramine-T (2.3 equiv.) in acetonitrile taken in a dried 100 mL round-bottomed flask, was added catalytic amount of iodine (15 mol%) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at 0°C until the reaction was complete (as indicated by tlc). The reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl_3 and stirred for additional 5 min. It was then transferred into a separating funnel containing aq.

sodium thiosulfate solution and shaken vigorously. The organic layer was separated and the remaining aqueous layer was washed with more amount of CHCl_3 . The combined organic layer was then washed with brine solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated. The product was purified by flash chromatography.

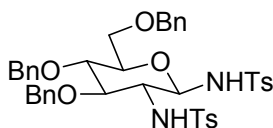
3,4,6-Tri-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose 7.



7

7.76 g of **7** was obtained from the reaction of tri-*O*-acetyl-D-glucal **6** (5.00 g, 18.38 mmol) with chloramine-T (11.91 g, 42.27 mmol) and iodine (0.701 g, 2.76 mmol) in CH_3CN (50 mL) in 14 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (2:1). Yield 69%; white solid; mp 191-192 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_D^{28} +27.2$ (c 1.12 in CHCl_3); Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_{11}\text{S}_2$: Found: C, 50.97; H, 5.24; N, 4.78. requires C, 50.97; H, 5.26; N, 4.57; IR (KBr): ν 3286.1, 2927.4, 1744.9, 1599.1, 1456.8, 1368.1, 1329.4, 1242.2, 1162.4, 1090.8, 1071.9, 1044.3, 817.2, 672.5 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.82 (2 H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.71 (2 H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.32 (2 H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 7.29 (2 H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 6.35 (1 H, d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 5.34 (1 H, d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 4.97-4.87 (2 H, m), 4.67 (1 H, dd, $J = 8.7, 7.8$ Hz), 4.14 (1 H, dd, $J = 12.3, 4.8$ Hz), 3.96 (1 H, dd, $J = 12.3, 1.8$ Hz), 3.67-3.63 (1 H, m), 3.40 (1 H, q, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 2.43 (3 H, s), 2.42 (3 H, s), 2.06 (3 H, s), 1.97 (3 H, s), 1.48 (3 H, s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 171.11 (s), 170.51 (s), 169.39 (s), 143.81 (s), 143.56 (s), 138.15 (s), 137.64 (s), 129.83 (d), 129.38 (d), 127.23 (d), 127.08 (d), 83.59 (d), 72.88 (2 x d), 68.26 (d), 61.72 (t), 56.64 (d), 21.44 (q), 20.61 (q), 20.45 (q), 19.99 (q).

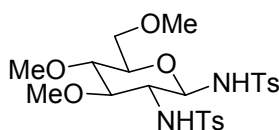
3,4,6-Tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose 9.



9

5.18 g of **9** was obtained from the reaction of tri-*O*-benzyl-D-glucal **8** (5.00 g, 12.02 mmol) with chloramine-T (7.79 g, 27.65 mmol) and iodine (0.457 g, 1.80 mmol) in CH₃CN (40 mL) in 13 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (3:1). Yield 57%; white solid; mp 124 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_D^{28} +18.3$ (*c* 2.29 in acetone); Anal. Calcd. for C₄₁H₄₄N₂O₈S₂: Found: C, 65.18; H, 5.79; N, 4.01. requires C, 65.08; H, 5.82; N, 3.70; IR (KBr): ν 3265.9, 2869.1, 2361.5, 1456.3, 1326.6, 1160.2, 1089.8, 1062.6, 698.1, 675.9 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.68 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.29-7.18 (13 H, m), 7.08 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.04-6.98 (4 H, m), 6.21 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, *NH*, exchangeable with D₂O), 4.86 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, *NH*, exchangeable with D₂O), 4.63-4.58 (3 H, m), 4.52 (1 H, d, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 4.47-4.41 (2 H, m), 4.30 (1 H, d, *J* = 12.1 Hz), 3.59 (2 H, dd, *J* = 9.1, 8.7 Hz), 3.43-3.38 (3 H, m), 3.30 (1 H, ddd, *J* = 9.3, 8.7, 8.4 Hz), 2.36 (3 H, s), 2.30 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.82 (s), 143.59 (s), 139.18 (s), 138.37 (s), 138.19 (s), 137.91 (s), 129.95 (d), 129.69 (d), 129.30 (d), 128.77 (d), 128.71 (d), 128.5 (d), 128.09 (d), 127.86 (d), 127.52 (d), 84.36 (d), 82.51 (d), 78.73 (d), 76.57 (d), 75.48 (t), 75.04 (t), 73.97 (t), 68.72 (t), 58.40 (d), 21.91 (q); HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺, Found: 779.2439, C₄₁H₄₄N₂O₈S₂Na requires 779.2437.

1,2-Dideoxy-3,4,6-tri-*O*-methyl-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose **11.**

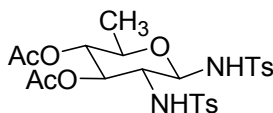


11

4.38 g of **11** was obtained from the reaction of tri-*O*-methyl-D-glucal **10** (2.60 g, 13.83 mmol) with chloramine-T (8.96 g, 31.81 mmol) and iodine (0.526 g, 2.07 mmol) in CH₃CN (40 mL) in 13 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (2:1). Yield 60%; white solid; mp 180-181 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_D^{28} +38.3$ (*c* 1.62 in CHCl₃); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₃H₃₂N₂O₈S₂: Found: C, 52.08; H, 6.13; N, 5.34. requires C, 52.26; H, 6.10; N, 5.30; IR (KBr): ν 3303.2, 3282.5, 2986.8, 2934.3, 2837.2, 1458.4, 1330.6,

1314.8, 1159.4, 1090.7, 1068.1, 895.9, 813.7, 675.8 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.82 (2 H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.76 (2 H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.31-7.26 (4 H, m), 6.01 (1 H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 5.11 (1 H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 4.59 (1 H, t, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 3.45 (1 H, dd, $J = 10.8, 3.0$ Hz), 3.40 (3 H, s), 3.31 (1 H, dd, $J = 10.8, 1.8$ Hz), 3.23 (4 H, m, with one of the methyl protons superimposed), 3.15 (4 H, with one of the methyl protons superimposed), 3.11-2.98 (2 H, m), 2.42 (3 H, s), 2.41 (3 H, s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 143.18 (s), 143.11 (s), 138.53 (s), 137.65 (s), 129.28 (d), 129.13 (d), 127.39 (d), 127.16 (d), 84.26 (d), 83.48 (d), 79.38 (d), 75.62 (d), 70.20 (t), 60.45 (q), 59.87 (q), 58.97 (q), 57.75 (d), 21.42 (q).

3,4-Di-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-rhamnopyranose **13**.

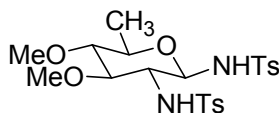


13

2.45 g of **13** was obtained from the reaction of di-*O*-acetyl-D-rhamnol **12** (1.50 g, 7.01 mmol) with chloramine-T (4.54 g, 16.12 mmol) and iodine (0.267 g, 1.05 mmol) in CH_3CN (20 mL) in 14 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (4:1). Yield 63%; white solid; mp 207 $^\circ\text{C}$ (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{28} +27.2$ (c 1.80 in CHCl_3); Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}_9\text{S}_2$: Found: C, 52.06; H, 5.43; N, 4.64. requires C, 51.97; H, 5.45; N, 5.05; IR (KBr): ν 3276.9, 2929.4, 2361.7, 1746.1, 1456.3, 1337.3, 1330.0, 1244.0, 1218.8, 1160.9, 1089.8, 1045.5, 897.5, 815.8, 675.5 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.81 (2 H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 7.70 (2 H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 7.30 (4 H, m), 6.27 (1 H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 5.00 (1 H, d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 4.83 (1 H, dd, $J = 10.0, 9.5$ Hz), 4.66 (1 H, t, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 4.59 (1 H, m), 3.48 (1 H, dq, $J = 9.6, 6.0$ Hz), 3.35 (1 H, q, $J = 9.3$ Hz), 2.43 (3 H, s), 2.42 (3 H, s), 1.98 (3 H, s), 1.48 (3 H, s), 1.08 (3 H, d, $J = 6.0$ Hz); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 171.44 (s), 169.51(s), 143.98 (s), 143.55 (s), 138.15 (s), 137.41 (s), 129.91 (d), 129.41 (d), 127.30 (d), 127.18 (d), 83.61 (d), 72.99 (d), 72.88 (d), 71.34 (d), 57.01 (d), 21.51 (q), 21.45 (q), 20.56 (q), 20.05 (q), 17.15 (q).

1,2-Dideoxy-3,4-di-*O*-methyl-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-rhamnopyranose

15.

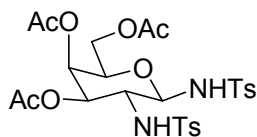


15

1.32 g of **15** was obtained from the reaction of di-*O*-methyl-D-rhamnal **14** (0.700 g, 4.43 mmol) with chloramine-T (2.87 g, 10.19 mmol) and iodine (0.168 g, 0.66 mmol) in CH₃CN (10 mL) in 14 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (2:1). Yield 60%; white solid; mp 203 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_D^{28} +24.7$ (*c* 1.13 in CHCl₃); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₂H₃₀N₂O₇S₂: Found: C, 52.91; H, 6.02; N, 5.96. requires C, 52.99; H, 6.06; N, 5.62; IR (KBr): ν 3265.4, 2988.2, 2964.7, 2927.8, 2882.1, 2833.8, 1598.2, 1459.3, 1328.1, 1158.9, 1086.0, 1042.1, 891.8, 815.4, 678.9 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.75 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.31-7.26 (4 H, m), 6.01 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.14 (1 H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 4.59 (1 H, t, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 3.42 (3 H, s), 3.22 (1 H, dq, *J* = 9.3, 6.3 Hz), 3.13 (3 H, s), 3.09 (1 H, dd, *J* = 9.9, 8.7 Hz), 2.99 (1 H, dd, *J* = 9.6, 8.4 Hz), 2.64 (1 H, t, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 2.42 (3 H, s), 2.41 (3 H, s), 1.08 (3 H, d, *J* = 6.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.36 (s), 138.47 (s), 137.68 (s), 129.41 (d), 129.28 (d), 127.26 (2 x d), 85.86 (d), 84.40 (d), 83.27 (d), 72.56 (d), 60.51 (q), 60.29 (q), 58.12 (q), 21.52 (q), 17.40 (q).

3,4,6-Tri-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-galactopyranose

17.

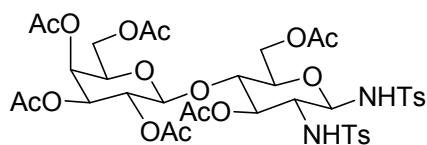


17

0.472 g of **17** was obtained from the reaction of tri-*O*-acetyl-D-galactal **16** (1.00 g, 3.68 mmol) with chloramine-T (2.38 g, 8.44 mmol) and iodine (0.140 g, 0.55 mmol) in CH₃CN (10 mL) in 72 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude

reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (2:1). 0.445 g (44.5%) of starting material was also recovered during the column chromatography. Isolated yield: 21% (38% based on recovered starting material); white solid; mp 112 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_D^{28} +27.3$ (*c* 1.50 in CHCl₃); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₆H₃₂N₂O₁₁S₂: Found: C, 50.58; H, 5.25; N, 4.67. requires C, 50.97; H, 5.26; N, 4.57; IR (KBr): ν 3430.9, 2923.8, 1749.9, 1455.3, 1371.73, 1337.2, 1237.6, 1160.9, 1082.2, 1043.8, 667.45 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.83 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.73 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.29-7.26 (4 H, m), 6.31 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.56 (1 H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.28 (1 H, brs), 4.94-4.90 (1 H, m), 4.81 (1 H, brt), 3.99-3.92 (3 H, m), 3.61 (1 H, dq, *J* = 9.6, 8.8 Hz), 2.41 (6 H, s), 2.06 (3 H, s), 1.99 (3 H, s), 1.49 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.36 (s), 169.88 (s), 143.67 (s), 138.29 (s), 137.74 (s), 129.55 (d), 129.37 (d), 127.18 (2 x d), 83.78 (d), 71.68 (d), 70.79 (d), 66.82 (d), 61.14 (t), 53.01 (d), 21.45 (q), 20.47 (2 x q), 20.02 (q); HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺ Found: 635.1349, C₂₆H₃₂N₂O₁₁S₂Na requires 635.1345.

4-*O*-[2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-(β -D-galactopyranosyl)]-3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose **19.**

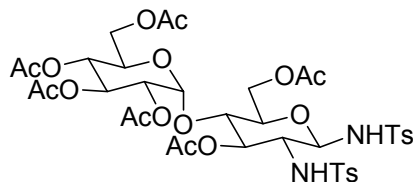


19

In this case 3 equiv. of chloramine-T and 20 mol% of iodine were used. 6.23 g of **19** was obtained from the reaction of hexa-*O*-acetyl lactal **18** (5.46 g, 9.75 mmol) with chloramine-T (8.24 g, 29.25 mmol) and iodine (0.495 g, 1.95 mmol) in CH₃CN (50 mL) in 96 h as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of crude the reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (1:1). Yield 71%; white solid; mp 107 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_D^{28} +17.7$ (*c* 1.21 in CHCl₃); IR (KBr): ν 3478.9, 3279.1, 2927.4, 1751.1, 1456.4, 1371.2, 1338.3, 1226.8, 1161.6, 1048.0, 899.3, 815.7, 668.7 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1), 7.71 (2 H, t, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.34 (2 H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.30 (2 H, t, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 6.36 (1 H, d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.32 (1 H, brs), 5.06-4.81 (4 H, m), 4.54 (1 H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 7.9

Hz), 4.37 (1 H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 4.33 (1 H, m), 4.11-3.92 (3 H, m), 3.82-3.80 (1 H, m), 3.65-3.56 (2 H, m), 3.35 (1 H, q, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 2.44 (6 H, s), 2.11 (3 H, s), 2.10 (3 H, s), 2.04 (3 H, s), 2.03 (3 H, s), 1.95 (3 H, s), 1.57 (3 H, s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 171.32 (s), 170.03 (2 x s), 169.05 (s), 144.07 (s), 143.57 (s), 137.34 (s), 129.87 (d), 129.44 (d), 127.24 (2 x d), 100.75 (d), 83.74 (d), 75.66 (d), 73.94 (d), 72.92 (d), 70.81 (d), 70.63 (d), 69.00 (d), 66.55 (d), 61.74 (t), 60.74 (t), 60.71 (t), 56.85 (d), 21.48 (q), 20.53 (q), 20.23 (q).

4-*O*-[2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-(α -D-glucopyranosyl)]-3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose **21.**

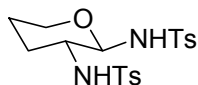


21

In this case 3 equiv. of chloramine-T and 20 mol% of iodine were used. 1.00 g of **21** was obtained from the reaction of hexa-*O*-acetyl-D-maltal **20** (1.00 g, 1.79 mmol) with chloramine-T (1.50 g, 5.34 mmol) and iodine (0.090 g, 0.36 mmol) in CH_3CN (6 mL) in 96 h as per the general. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (1:1). Yield 65%; white solid; mp 168 °C (recrystallized from hot benzene); $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{28} +68.1$ (c 0.52 in CHCl_3); IR (KBr): ν 3297.1, 2925.8, 1749.5, 1456.8, 1372.1, 1332.9, 1234.4, 1162.7, 1088.1, 1046.5, 896.5, 675.2 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.80 (2 H, d, $J = 7.8$), 7.72 (2 H, t, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.30 (4 H, m), 6.19 (1 H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 5.30-5.25 (2 H, m), 5.05-4.94 (3 H, m), 4.82 (1 H, dd, $J = 10.2, 3.6$ Hz), 4.63 (1 H, t, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 4.26-4.00 (4 H, m), 3.89-3.81 (2 H, m), 3.60 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 3.38 (1 H, q, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 2.43 (6 H, s), 2.10 (3 H, s), 2.08 (3 H, s), 2.01 (3 H, s), 1.97 (6 H, s), 1.59 (3 H, s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 171.46 (s), 170.44 (s), 170.33 (s), 170.16 (s), 169.77 (s), 169.32 (s), 143.94 (s) 143.50 (s), 138.12 (s), 137.41 (s), 129.83 (d) 129.32 (d), 127.11 (2 x d), 95.28 (d), 83.35 (d), 75.07 (d), 73.30 (d), 72.66 (d), 69.76 (d), 69.20 (d), 68.34 (d), 67.78 (d), 62.45 (t),

61.30 (t), 56.97 (d), 21.37 (q), 20.59 (q), 20.51 (q), 20.40 (q), 20.34 (q); HRMS (ESI): MH^+ Found: 901.2374, $C_{38}H_{49}N_2O_{19}S_2$ requires 901.2371.

1,2-Di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)-tetrahydropyran **23**.



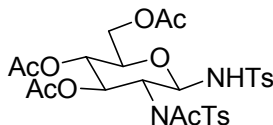
23

3.08 g of **23** was obtained from the reaction dihydropyran **22** (1.00 g, 11.90 mmol), using chloramine-T (7.71 g, 27.37 mmol) and iodine (0.452 g, 1.78 mmol) in CH_3CN (30 mL) in 14 h as per general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (3:1). Yield 61%; white solid; mp 120 °C (4:1 diastereomeric mixture) (recrystallized from hot benzene); IR (KBr): ν 3391.1, 3288.9, 2957.0, 2874.6, 1597.8, 1495.9, 1428.3, 1328.5, 1162.7, 1089.6, 1050.3, 1009.3, 955.5, 894.0, 812.5, 710.4, 659.9 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$, for major diastereomer): δ 7.79-7.74 (4 H, m), 7.33-7.27 (4 H, m), 5.72 (1 H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, NH exchangeable with D_2O), 4.83 (1 H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, NH exchangeable with D_2O), 4.40 (1 H, t, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 3.77-3.73 (1 H, m), 3.43-3.30 (1 H, m), 2.95-2.90 (1 H, m), 2.43 (3 H, s), 2.41 (3 H, s), 1.93-1.90 (1 H, m), 1.52-1.39 (3 H, m); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$, for major diastereomer): δ 143.65 (s), 143.31 (s), 138.23 (s), 137.26 (s), 129.78 (d), 129.37 (d), 126.99 (2 x d), 84.98 (d), 66.96 (t), 52.86 (d), 29.94 (t), 24.36, (t), 21.44 (2 x q); HRMS (ESI): $[M+Na]^+$ Found: 447.1024, $C_{19}H_{24}N_2O_5S_2Na$ requires 447.1024.

General procedure for chemoselective acetylation of disulfonamides at *C2*-nitrogen of **7** and **19**:

To an ice cooled solution of a disulfonamide (1 equiv.) in pyridine were added acetic anhydride (2 equiv.) and DMAP (1 equiv.) and the reaction mixture was allowed to come to room temperature and stirred for 24 h. The colour of the reaction mixture changed from colourless to dark brown. It was then quenched with 10% HCl solution and extracted with ethyl acetate and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated. Product was purified by flash chromatography.

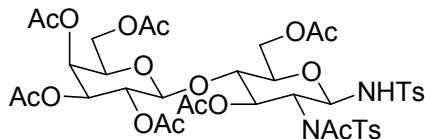
2-*N*-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)-β-D-glucopyranose **24.**



24

4.20 g of **24** was obtained by the acetylation of **7** (4.68 g, 7.64 mmol) using Ac₂O (1.44 mL, 15.28 mmol) and DMAP (0.932 g, 7.64 mmol) and in pyridine (8 mL) as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (2:1). Yield: 84%; white crystalline solid; mp 121 °C (recrystallized from benzene/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{28}$ -23.2 (*c* 1.20 in CHCl₃); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₈H₃₄N₂O₁₂S₂: Found: C, 51.02; H, 5.22; N, 3.80. requires C, 51.37; H, 5.23; N, 4.28; IR (KBr): ν 3226.0, 2985.9, 2927.9, 1754.0, 1707.2, 1596.9, 1461.6, 1343.6, 1233.6, 1166.7, 1087.9, 1057.6, 928.7, 893.7, 815.4, 683.7, 663.1 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.93 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.77 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.40 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.28 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 5.80-5.71 (3 H, m), 4.99 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 4.29 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 4.09 (1 H, dd, *J* = 12.3, 4.3 Hz), 3.83 (1 H, dd, *J* = 12.3, 2.00 Hz), 3.73-3.68 (1 H, m), 2.45 (3 H, m), 2.42 (3 H, s), 2.07 (3 H, s), 2.04 (3 H, s), 1.98 (3 H, s), 1.79 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.62 (s), 170.46 (s), 170.01 (s), 169.41 (s), 145.69 (s), 143.66 (s), 137.81 (s), 135.76 (s), 130.23 (d), 129.38 (s), 128.29 (s), 127.33 (s), 80.95 (d), 73.09 (d), 69.69 (d), 69.03 (d), 61.74 (t), 60.87 (d), 25.69 (q), 21.55 (q), 21.46 (q), 20.60 (q), 20.49 (q), 20.37 (q).

4-*O*-[2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-(β-D-galactopyranosyl)]-2-*N*-acetyl-3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)-β-D-glucopyranose **25.**

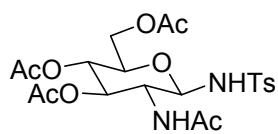


25

2.82 g of **25** was obtained by the acetylation of **19** (3.00 g, 3.33 mmol) using Ac₂O (0.628 mL, 6.66 mmol) and DMAP (0.406 g, 3.33 mmol) in pyridine (6 mL) as per

the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (1:1). Yield 90%; white solid; mp 90 °C (recrystallized from benzene/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{28}$ -12.3 (c 0.73 in CHCl_3); IR (KBr): ν 3629.0, 3257.9, 2981.5, 1761.7, 1597.6, 1495.8, 1434.8, 1370.6, 1239.1, 1167.1, 1058.6, 924.4, 816.1, 705.6, 662.3 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.94 (2 H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.75 (2 H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.40 (2 H, d, $J = 7.8$), 7.27 (2 H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 5.76-5.69 (2 H, m), 5.51 (1 H, d, $J = 10.3$, NH, exchangeable with D_2O), 5.33 (1 H, s), 5.06 (1 H, dd, $J = 9.5$, 8.4 Hz), 4.92 (1 H, d, $J = 10.3$ Hz), 4.44 (1 H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 4.20-3.94 (5 H, m), 3.86-3.67 (3 H, m), 2.46 (3 H, s), 2.43 (3 H, s), 2.13 (3 H, s), 2.07 (6 H, s), 2.05 (3 H, s), 2.02 (3 H, s), 1.95 (3 H, s), 1.90 (3 H, s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 170.42 (s), 170.27 (s), 170.04 (2 x s), 169.74 (s), 168.82 (s), 145.59 (s), 143.58 (s), 137.74 (s), 135.75 (s), 130.14 (d), 129.28 (d), 128.22 (d), 127.20 (d), 100.45 (d), 80.81 (d), 76.80 (d), 73.77 (d), 70.85 (d), 70.46 (d), 69.47 (d), 68.90 (d), 66.50 (d), 61.81 (t), 60.96 (d), 60.69 (t), 25.53 (q), 21.45 (q), 21.37 (q), 20.60 (q), 20.46 (q); HRMS (ESI): MH^+ , Found 943.2465. $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{51}\text{N}_2\text{O}_{20}\text{S}_2$, requires 943.2477.

2-Acetamido-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose 26.



26

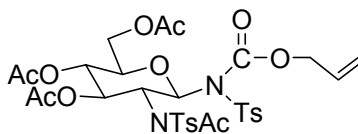
In a flame dried 100 mL three-necked round-bottomed flask, was taken powdered samarium metal (0.344 g, 2.29 mmol, 10 equiv.) and further flame dried under argon atmosphere. After cooling under argon atmosphere, dry THF (24 mL) and CH_2I_2 (0.157 mL, 1.95 mmol, 8.5 equiv.) were added to it and reaction mixture was subjected to sonication at room temperature. Deep blue colour was obtained in 5 minutes. After 30 minutes, reaction flask was taken out and compound **24** (0.150 g, 0.23 mmol) was added. After stirring for 5 minutes at room temperature, degassed water (0.206 g, 11.45 mmol, 50 equiv.) was added drop-wise under argon atmosphere. The colour of reaction mixture turned grey black initially and finally to yellow brown. After 25 min, the reaction mixture

was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (10 mL) and extracted with CHCl₃ (4 x 25 mL). The combined organic layer was washed by water (2 x 25 mL) and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated. Flash chromatography (1:1 hexane/ethyl acetate) of the resulting residue provided **26** (0.102 g) as a white solid. Yield 89%; white solid; mp 160-162 °C decompose (recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂/hexane); [α]_D²⁸ +31.0 (*c* 0.59 in THF); IR (KBr): ν 3294.1, 1746.0, 1658.4, 1543.3, 1459.4, 1377.2, 1332.6, 1238.4, 1157.5, 1086.5, 1049.4, 678.8 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.76 (2 H, d, *J* = 7.8), 7.27 (2H, d, *J* = 7.8), 6.54 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.8, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.00 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.8, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.02 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.8), 4.72 (1H, t, *J* = 8.7), 4.14-3.97 (3 H, m), 3.65 (1 H, brs), 2.41 (3 H, s), 2.05 (6 H, s), 2.03 (3 H, s), 1.91 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.40 (s), 171.54 (s), 170.49 (s), 169.27 (s), 143.44 (s), 138.62 (s), 129.32 (d), 126.99 (d), 84.41 (d), 73.02 (d), 72.62 (d), 68.05 (d), 61.88 (t), 53.24 (d), 22.92 (q), 21.45 (q), 20.61 (q); HRMS (ESI): [M+Na]⁺, Found 523.1358. C₂₁H₂₈N₂O₁₀SNa requires 523.1362.

General Procedure for 1-*N*-Alloc Protection of **24** and **25**:

In a flame dried 50 mL three-necked round bottomed flask, was taken **24** or **25** (1 equiv.) and dissolved in dry CH₂Cl₂ under a N₂ atmosphere. To this, DMAP (20 mol%) and Et₃N (2 equiv.) were added and the reaction mixture was cooled to ice-salt temperature. Alloc chloride (4 equiv.) was injected into the reaction mixture drop-wise. After complete addition of alloc chloride, reaction mixture was warmed to 30 °C and stirred till the reaction was over (as indicated by TLC). The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with CHCl₃. The combined organic layer was washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the resulting residue provided **28** or **29** respectively as a white solid.

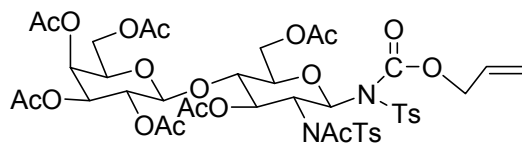
2-*N*-Acetyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-1-*N*-allyloxycarbonyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)- β -D-glucopyranose **28.**



28

2.58 g of **28** was obtained in 9 h from **24** (2.89 g, 4.42 mmol), using DMAP (0.108 g, 0.88 mmol), Et₃N (1.23 mL, 8.84 mmol) and alloc chloride (1.89 ml, 17.68 mmol) in 10 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂ as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with Hexane: Ethyl acetate (3:1). Yield 79%; white solid; mp 52 °C; [α]_D²⁸ -33.4 (*c* 0.64 in CHCl₃); IR (KBr): ν 3029.4, 2957.5, 1749.1, 1708.0, 1448.6, 1369.6, 1234.8, 1168.2, 1086.4, 1053.7, 924.2, 664.8 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.87 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.76 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.33 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 7.29 (2 H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.76 (1 H, d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 5.99 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 5.90-5.77 (1 H, m), 5.57 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 5.33 (1 H, d, *J* = 17.1 Hz), 5.23 (1 H, d, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 5.11 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 4.68 (1 H, dd, *J* = 13.2, 5.4 Hz), 4.52 (1 H, dd, *J* = 13.2, 5.4 Hz), 4.13 (2 H, s), 3.99-3.95 (1 H, m), 2.43 (6 H, s), 2.15 (3 H, s), 2.07 (3 H, s), 2.04 (3 H, s), 2.02 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.51 (s), 170.43 (2 x s), 169.42 (s), 150.90 (s), 145.26 (s), 144.86 (s), 136.14 (s), 135.84 (s), 130.16 (d), 129.32 (d), 128.57 (d), 127.98 (d), 119.21 (t), 82.49 (d), 73.90 (d), 70.16 (d), 69.04 (d), 68.06 (t), 62.16 (t), 58.21 (d), 26.07 (q), 21.58 (q), 21.53 (q), 20.67 (q), 20.56 (q); HRMS (ESI): MH⁺, found: 739.1847. C₃₂H₃₉N₂O₁₄S₂ requires 739.1843.

4-*O*-[2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-(β-D-galactopyranosyl)]-2-*N*-acetyl-1-*N*-allyloxycarbonyl-3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-1,2-di-(*p*-toluenesulfonamido)-β-D-glucopyranose **29.**

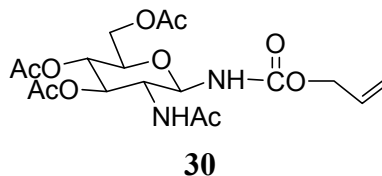


29

1.63 g of **29** was obtained in 12 h from **25** (2.00 g, 2.12 mmol), DMAP (0.052 g, 0.424 mmol), Et₃N (0.589 mL, 4.24 mmol) and alloc chloride (0.904 g, 8.48 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) as per the general procedure. Flash chromatography of the crude

reaction mixture was performed with 2:1 (Hexane: Ethyl acetate). Yield 75%; white solid; mp 79 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{28}$ -27.7 (*c* 0.49 in CHCl₃); IR (KBr): ν 3481.9, 2983.2, 1747.3, 1597.2, 1432.7, 1370.2, 1228.2, 1170.4, 1062.9, 918.6, 816.0, 665.7 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.85 (2 H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.77 (2 H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.31 (4 H, m), 6.74 (1 H, d, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 5.97 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.0), 5.80-5.71 (1 H, m), 5.52 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 5.36-5.10 (4 H, m), 4.97 (1 H, d, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 4.64-4.44 (4 H, m), 4.18-4.03 (4 H, m), 3.93-3.79 (2 H, m), 2.44 (6 H, s), 2.16 (3 H, s), 2.13 (3 H, s), 2.09 (9 H, s), 2.06 (3 H, s), 1.97 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.22 (s), 170.22 (s), 170.05 (s), 169.97 (s), 169.83 (s), 169.77 (s), 150.62 (s), 145.04 (s), 144.63 (s), 136.10 (s), 135.86 (s), 129.99 (d), 129.22 (d), 128.26 (d), 127.78 (d), 118.72 (t), 100.35 (d), 82.32 (d), 76.71 (d), 74.60 (d), 70.88 (d), 70.56 (d), 69.64 (d), 68.99 (d), 67.69 (t), 66.60 (d), 61.90 (t), 60.78 (t), 58.19 (d), 25.84 (q), 21.38 (q), 20.78 (d), 20.58 (q), 20.39 (q), 20.27 (q); HRMS (ESI): MH⁺, found: 1027.2697. C₄₄H₅₅N₂O₂₂S₂ requires 1027.2688.

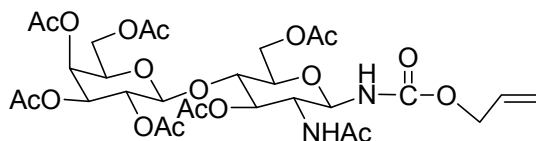
2-Acetamido-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-1-*N*-allyloxycarbonyl-1,2-dideoxy- β -D-glucopyranose 30.



In a flame dried 100 mL three-necked round-bottomed flask, was taken powdered samarium metal (0.610 g, 4.07 mmol, 15 equiv.) and further flame dried under argon atmosphere. After cooling under argon atmosphere, dry THF (42 mL) and CH₂I₂ (0.284 mL, 3.53 mmol, 13 equiv.) were added to it and reaction mixture was subjected to sonication at room temperature. Deep blue colour was obtained in 5 minutes. After 1 h, reaction was taken out and compound **28** (0.200 g, 0.27 mmol) was added. After stirring for 5 minutes at room temperature, degassed water (0.366 mL, 20.32 mmol, 75 equiv.) was added drop-wise under argon atmosphere and the colour of reaction mixture turned grey black initially and finally to yellow brown. After 1 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (10 mL) and extracted with CHCl₃ (4 x 25 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with water (2 x 25 mL) and dried over sodium

sulfate and concentrated. Flash chromatography (1:1 hexane/ethyl acetate) of the resulting residue provided **30** (0.105 g, 90%) as a white solid. Mp 164 °C (decomp.) (recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{28}$ -9.3 (*c* 0.59 in CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν 3324.8, 3268.3, 2925.2, 1748.6, 1708.6, 1654.6, 1541.6, 1223.7, 1045.7, 771.8 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.23 (1 H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, *NH*, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.99 (1 H, brd, *NH*, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.94-5.81 (1 H, m), 5.27 (1 H, d, *J* = 17.1 Hz), 5.20 (1 H, d, *J* = 10.5 Hz), 5.16-5.02 (2 H, m), 4.86 (1 H, t, *J* = 9.3 Hz), 4.56 (2 H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 4.30 (1 H, dd, *J* = 12.3, 3.9 Hz), 4.19-4.07 (2 H, m), 3.74 (1 H, brd), 2.09 (3 H, s), 2.07 (3 H, s), 2.04 (3 H, s), 1.96 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.47 (2 x s), 170.65 (s), 169.27 (s), 155.81 (s), 132.21 (d), 117.74 (t), 82.21, 73.06 (2 x d), 68.04 (d), 65.94 (t), 61.81 (t), 52.71 (d), 22.96 (q), 20.62 (q), 20.51 (s); HRMS (ESI): MH⁺, found: 431.1667. C₁₈H₂₇N₂O₁₀ requires 431.1666.

4-*O*-[2,3,4,6-Tetra-*O*-acetyl-(β -D-galactopyranosyl)]-2-acetamido-3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-1-*N*-allyloxycarbonyl-1,2-dideoxy- β -D-glucopyranose **31.**

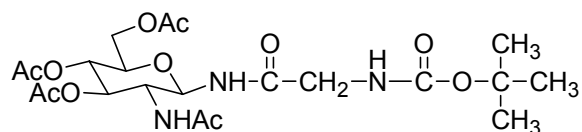


31

Following the similar procedure as for compound **30**, compound **31** was obtained in 88% yield (0.123 g) as a white solid from the reaction of **29** (0.200 g, 0.195 mmol) with SmI₂ (3.31 mmol, 17 equiv.) in dry THF (35 mL) and degassed water (0.351 mL, 19.50 mmol, 100 equiv.). Flash chromatography of the crude reaction mixture was performed with 1:2 (Hexane: Ethyl acetate). Mp 94 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{28}$ +5.4 (*c* 0.58 in CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν 3369.4, 2926.6, 1746.5, 1539.9, 1370.2, 1226.8, 1047.6 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.17 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, *NH*, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.02 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, *NH*, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.92-5.81 (1 H, m), 5.33 (2 H, d, *J* = 17.0 Hz), 5.22 (1 H, dd, *J* = 10.4, 8.7 Hz), 5.14-4.95 (3 H, m), 4.79 (1 H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 4.56-4.41 (4 H, m), 4.15-3.96 (4 H, m), 3.89-3.67 (3 H, m), 2.15 (3 H, s), 2.12 (3 H, s), 2.10 (3 H, s), 2.06 (6 H, s), 1.97 (3 H, s), 1.96 (3 H, s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.76 (s),

171.40 (s), 170.32 (s), 170.24 (s), 169.98 (2 x s), 169.11 (s), 155.63 (s), 132.21 (d), 117.72 (t), 100.96 (d), 82.29 (d), 75.74 (d), 73.95 (d), 73.08 (d), 70.82 (d), 70.63 (t), 68.97 (d), 66.60 (d), 65.90 (t), 62.03 (t), 60.81 (t), 53.07 (d), 22.94 (q), 20.71 (q), 20.49 (s).

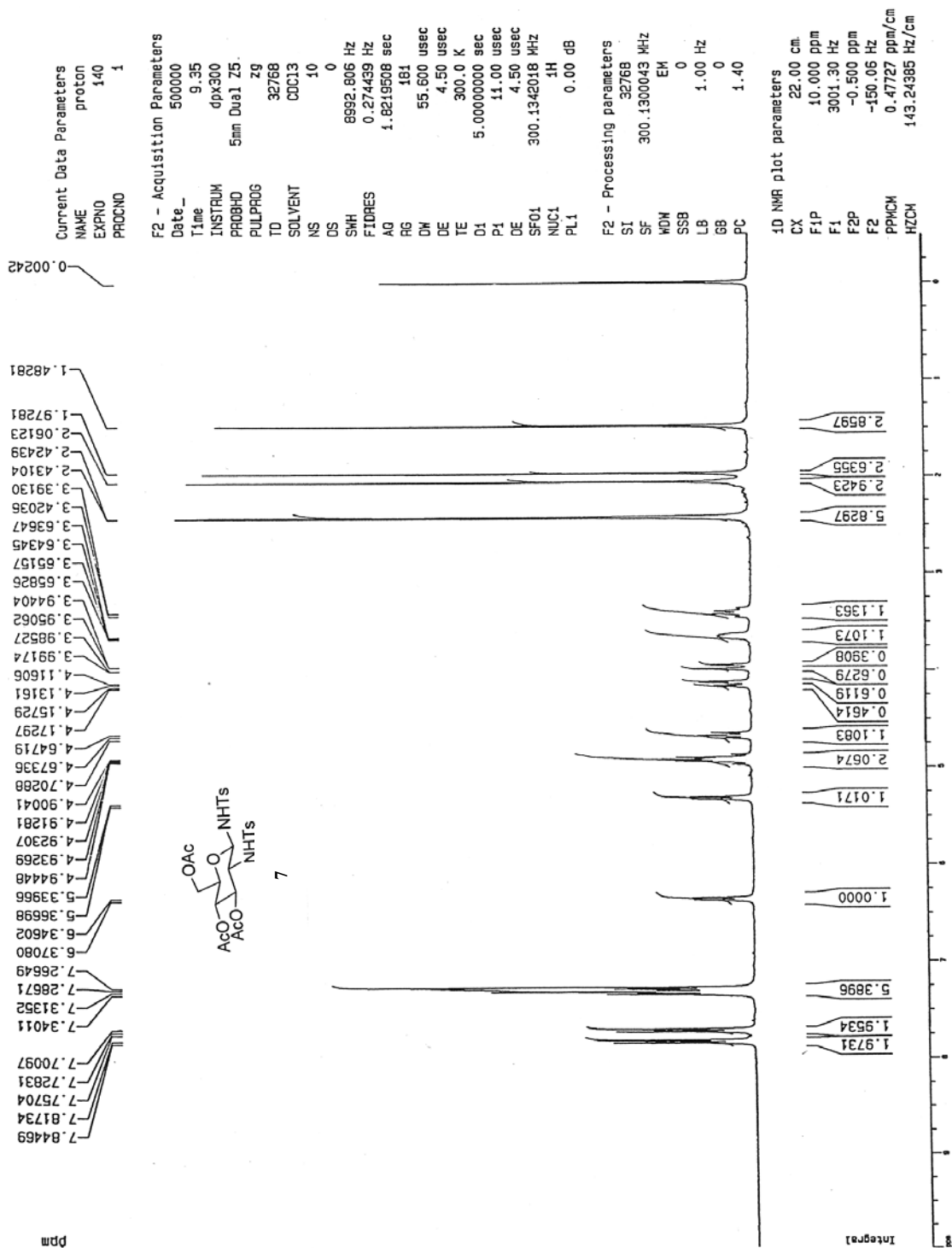
α -*N*-*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-(*N*-2-Acetamido-3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl)glycine **32.**

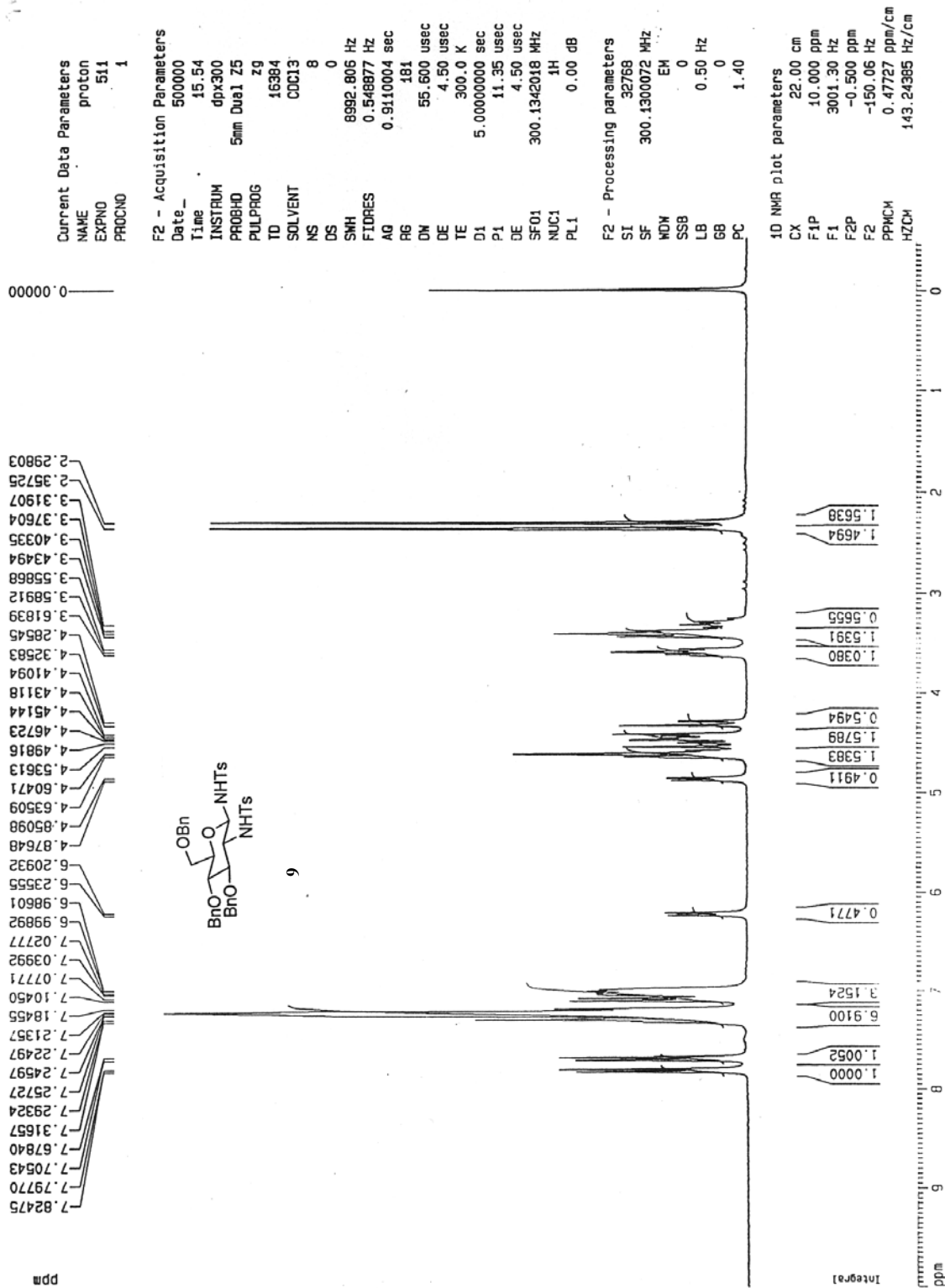


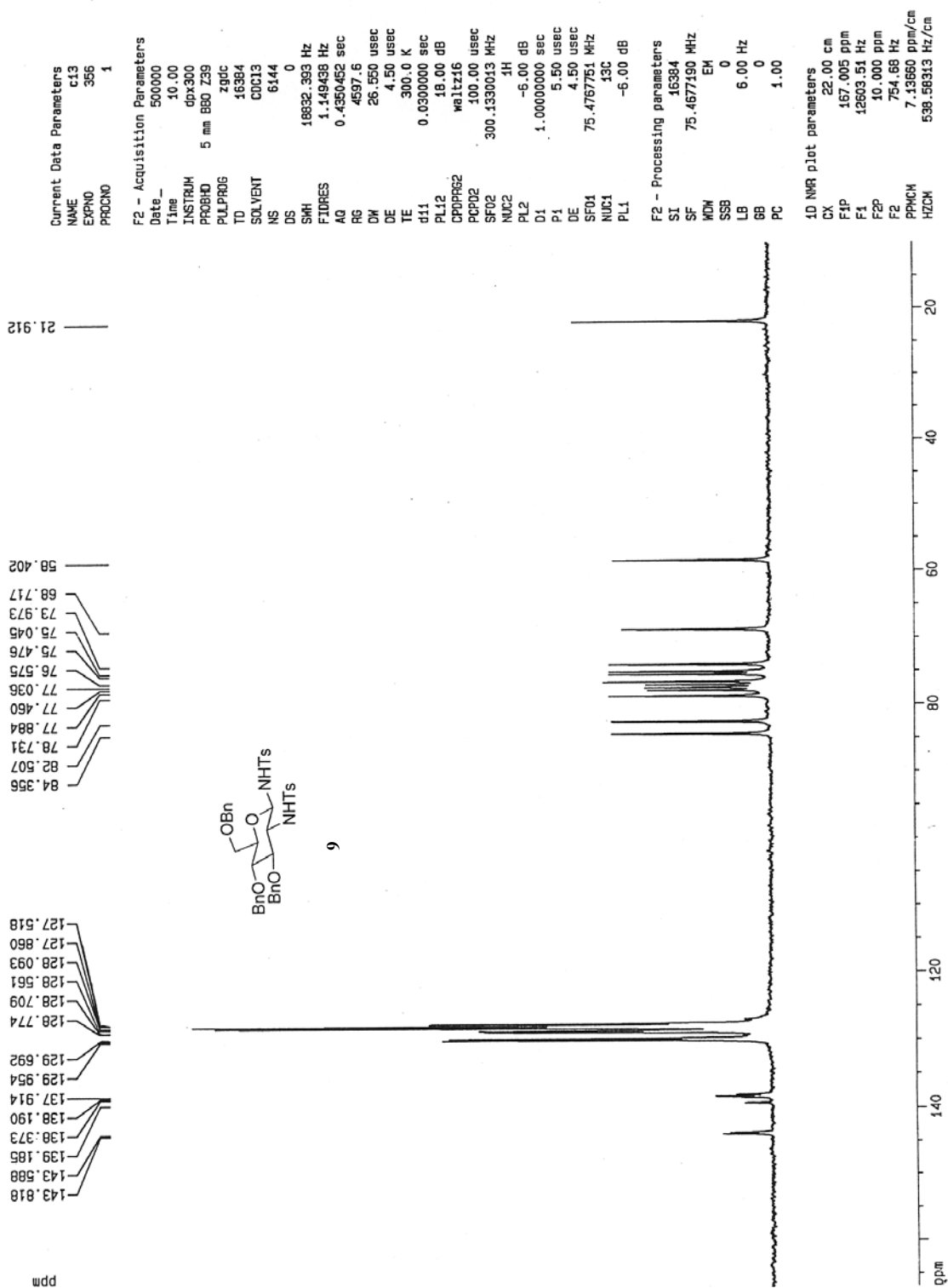
32

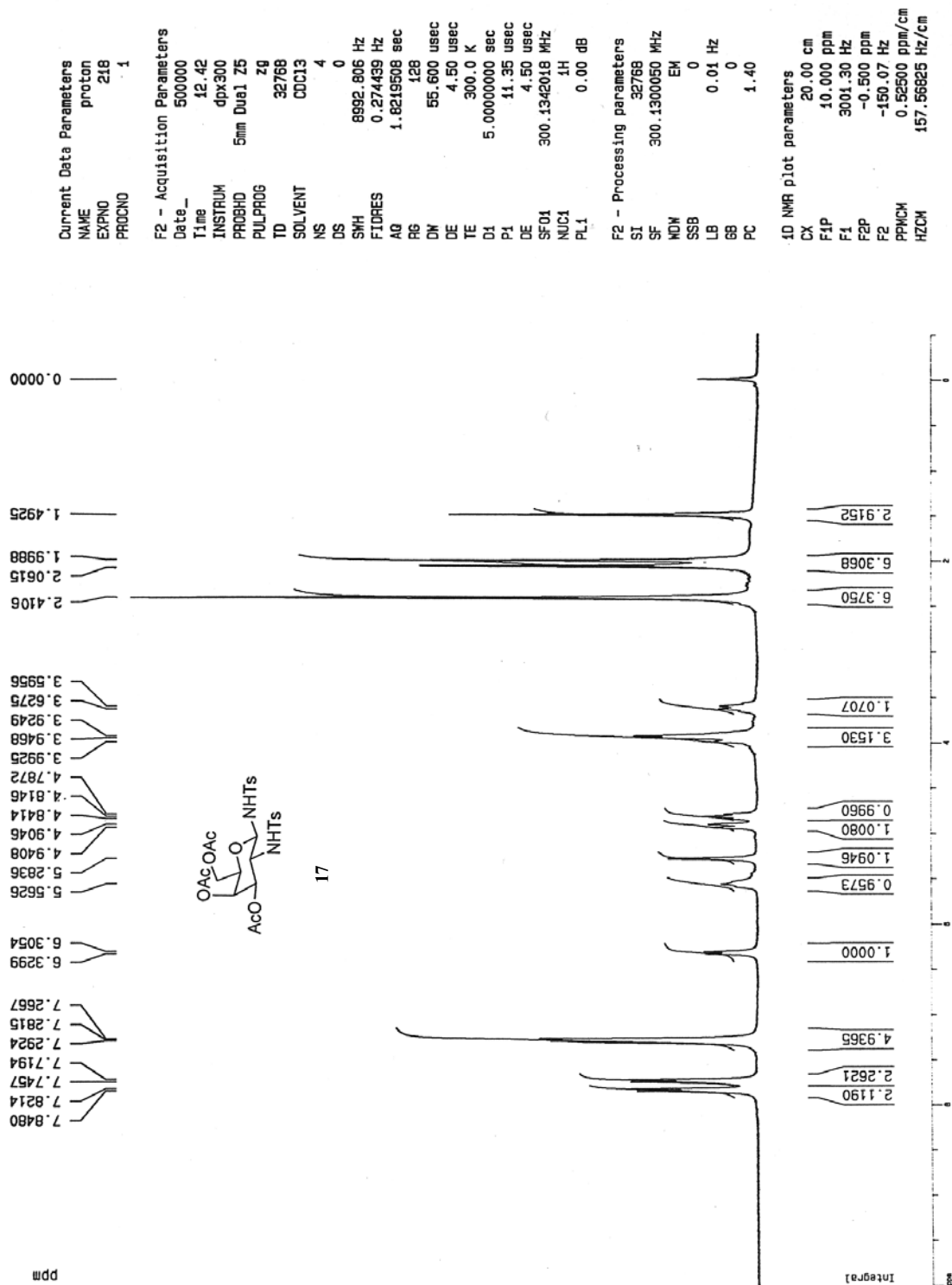
In a flame dried 50 mL three-necked round bottomed flask, was taken **30** (0.198 g, 0.46 mmol) and dissolved in dry THF (2 mL) under a N₂ atmosphere. To this, (Ph₃P)₄Pd (0.058g, 0.05 mmol, 10 mol%) was added followed by drop-wise addition of Et₂NH (0.477 mL, 4.60 mmol, 10 equiv.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature (30 °C). After completion of reaction (20 minutes, as indicated by TLC), THF was evaporated completely. This was then dissolved in dry CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) and transferred drop-wise to a suspension of *N*-*tert*-Boc glycine (0.184 g, 0.69 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), DCC (0.171 g, 0.83 mmol, 1.8 equiv.) and DMAP (0.084 g, 0.69 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL) that was pre-stirred for 2 h. Reaction mixture was then allowed to stir at 30 °C for 12 h., after which it was filtered and the residue was washed with more amount of CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). Organic layer was washed with 5% NaHCO₃ (2 x 20 mL), saturated NH₄Cl (3 x 20 mL), dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated. Flash chromatography (ethyl acetate) of the resulting residue provided **32** (0.167 g, 72%) as a white solid. Mp 85 °C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate: hexane); [α]_D²⁸ +3.4 (*c* 0.24 in CHCl₃); IR (KBr): ν 3319.3, 2975.7, 2358.9, 1747.5, 1665.0, 1533.1, 1376.4, 1241.1, 1168.6, 1046.9 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.46 (1 H, d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 6.26 (1 H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, NH, exchangeable with D₂O), 5.16-5.09 (4 H, m), 4.28 (1 H, dd, *J* = 12.3, 4.2 Hz), 4.21-4.13 (1H, m), 4.08 (1 H, dd, *J* = 12.3, 1.8 Hz), 3.81-3.80 (3 H, m), 2.09 (3 H, s), 2.06 (3 H, s), 2.04 (3 H, s), 1.94 (3 H, s),

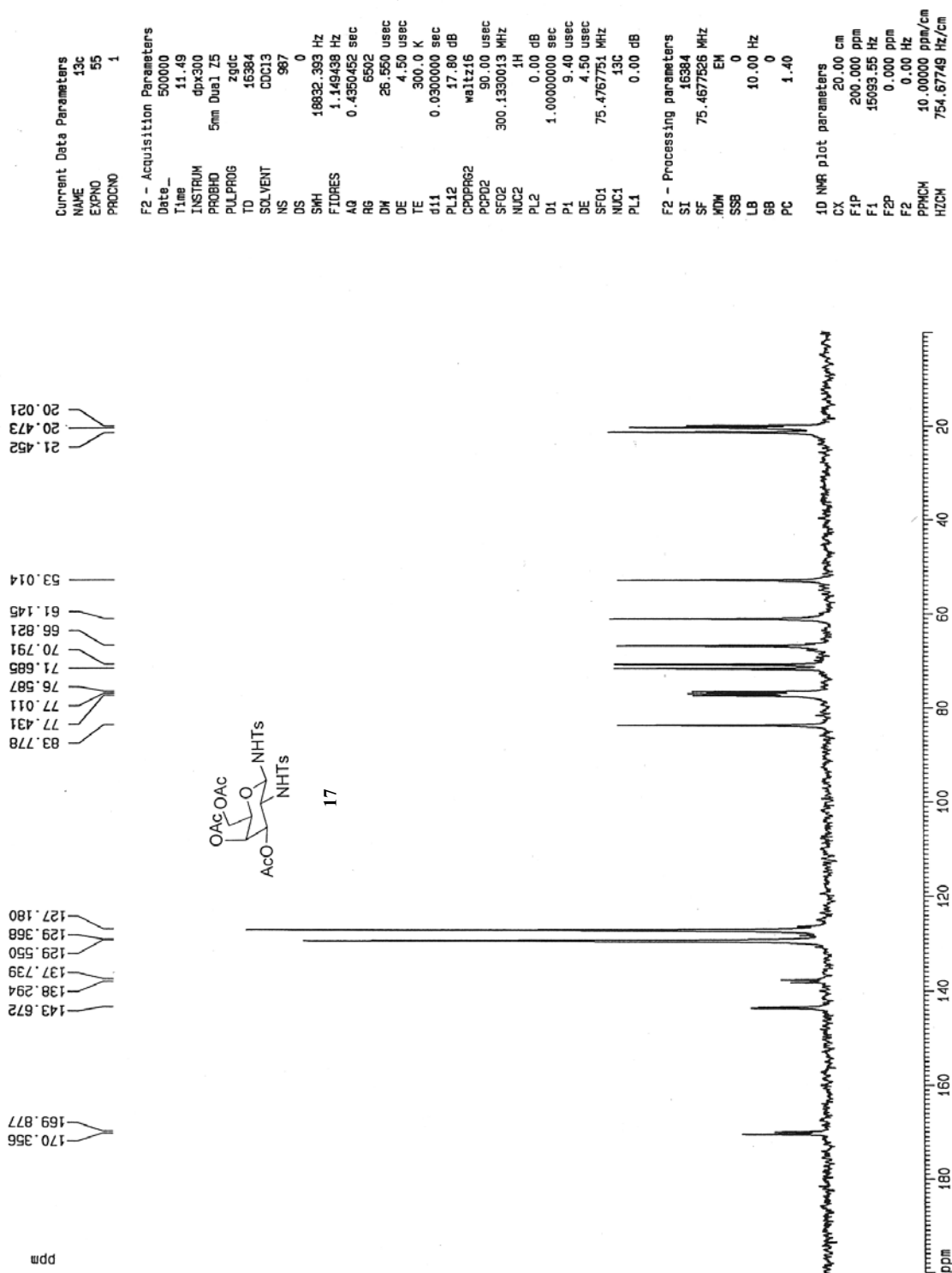
1.46 (9 H, s); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 172.00 (s), 171.58 (s), 170.70 (s), 170.65 (s), 169.28 (s), 155.73 (s), 79.96 (d), 73.51 (d), 72.84 (d), 67.90 (s), 61.78 (t), 53.14 (d), 44.11 (t), 28.27 (3 x q), 22.94 (3 x q), 20.68 (q), 20.63 (q), 20.54 (q); HRMS (ESI): MH^+ , Found 504.2204. $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_3\text{O}_{11}$ requires 504.2193.

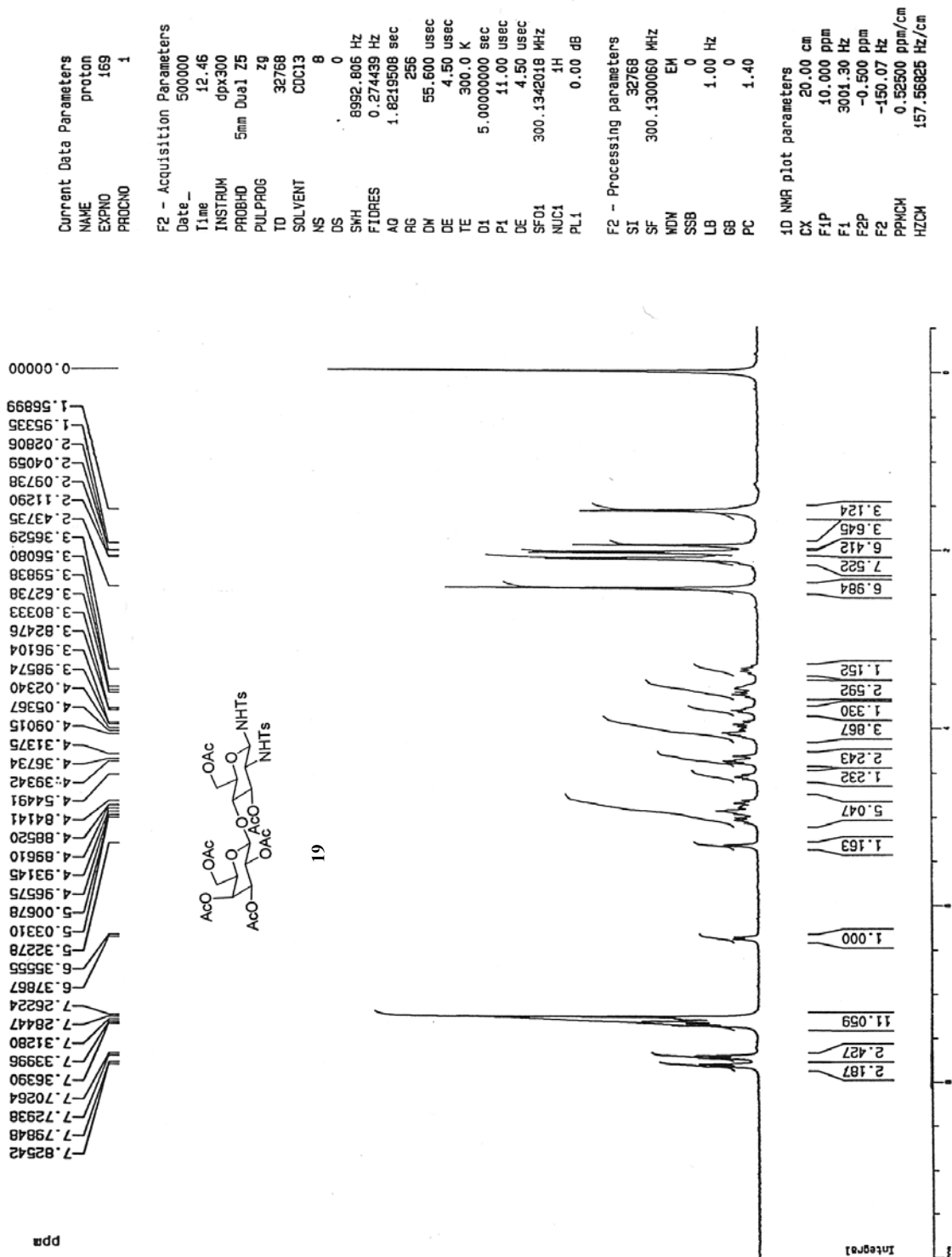












Current Data Parameters
 NAME 13c
 EXPNO 18
 PROCNO 1

F2 - Acquisition Parameters
 Date_ 500000
 Time_ 14.01
 INSTRUM dpx300
 PROBHD 5mm Dui1 Z5
 PULPROG zgpgc
 TD 16384
 SOLVENT CDC13
 NS 7048
 DS 0
 SMH 18832.393 Hz
 FIDRES 1.149438 Hz
 AQ 0.4350452 sec
 RG 5792.6
 DM 26.550 usec
 DE 4.50 usec
 TE 300.0 K
 d11 0.0300000 sec
 PL12 17.80 dB
 CPOPRG2 meltz16
 PCPD2 90.00 usec
 SF02 300.1330013 MHz
 NUC2 1H
 PL2 0.00 dB
 D1 1.0000000 sec
 P1 9.40 usec
 DE 4.50 usec
 SF01 75.476751 MHz
 NUC1 13C
 PL1 0.00 dB

F2 - Processing parameters
 SI 16384
 SF 75.4677514 MHz
 KM EN
 SSB 0
 LB 10.00 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.40

1D NMR plot parameters
 CX 20.00 cm
 F1P 200.000 ppm
 F1 15093.55 Hz
 F2P 0.000 ppm
 F2 0.00 Hz
 PPMCH 10.00000 ppm/cm
 HZCH 754.67749 Hz/cm

