#### 1,4,7-Tris(*tert*-butoxycarbonylmethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane

0.750 g (4.21 mmol) of 1,4,7,10-Tetraazacyclododecano (cyclen) and 1.17 g of NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (13.90 mmol) were stirred on 25 mL of dried CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 0°C. 2.03 mL (13.90 mmol) of tert-butyl bromoacetate was added dropwise. The reaction was left to react for 30 hours. Protected cyclen was separated by column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>:MeOH). Yield:46 %

NMR:  $\delta_{\rm H}$ :1.44(27H, s, tert-Bu), 2.87(4H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.90(8H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.08(4H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>-amine), 3.27(2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>), 3.36(4H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>), 9.96(1H, s, NH).  $\delta_{\rm C}$  28.5, 47.8, 51.7, 58.5, 82.0,170.0, 170.8; m/z (CI) 515(MH<sup>+</sup>).

# *N*-{3-[4,7,10-Tris(*tert*-butoxycarbonylmethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecan-1-yl|propyl}trimethoxysilane

0.100~g~(0.94553~mmol) of protected cyclen and 0.26~g~(1.94553~mmol) of  $K_2CO_3$  were stirred in dry CH<sub>3</sub>CN under reflux. 39.27  $\mu L~(0.94553~mmol)$  of (3-iodopropyl)trimethoxysilane were added and the mixture refluxed for 48 hours. After 48 h se solution was cooled at room temperature and the solvent vacuum removed. The oil obtained is used for the next step without further purification.

## Grafted cyclen-silane

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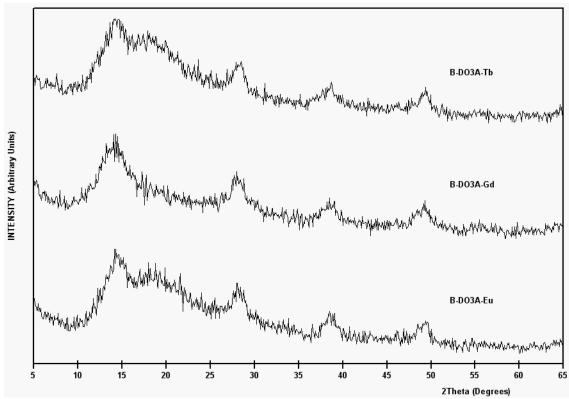
The oil obtained from the previous step was dissolved in toluene. To this solution was added 0.291 mmol of boehmite and the mixture refluxed for 24 hours. The solid is separated by centrifugation at 4000 rpm for 10 minutes and washed 4 times with EtOH. No unreacted (3-iodopropyl)trimethoxysilane or the hydrolyzed form was found in the nanoparticles as measured later on by EDX.

## Desprotected cyclen

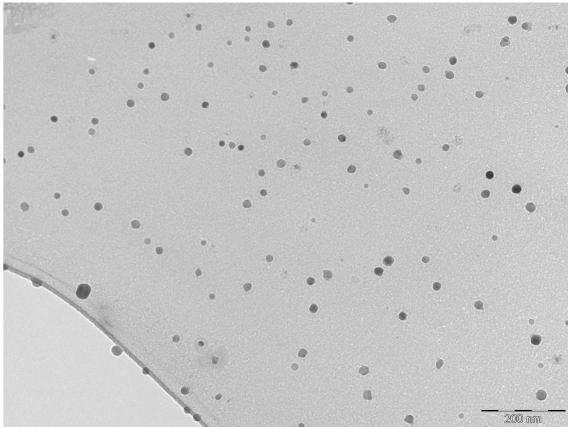
The solid obtained is stirred for 3-4 hours in a mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>:TFA (3:1). The acid is removed by vacuum evaporation. The traces of acid are removed by washing and centrifuging the solid with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOH and EtOH.

## Lanthanide complexes

The solid obtained is dispersed in 25 mL of CH<sub>3</sub>CN and an equimolar quantity of lanthanide chloride is added.



DRX reflection pattern for Tb-boehmite, Gd-boehmite and Eu-boehmite.



TEM micrograph of Gd-boehmite nanoparticles.

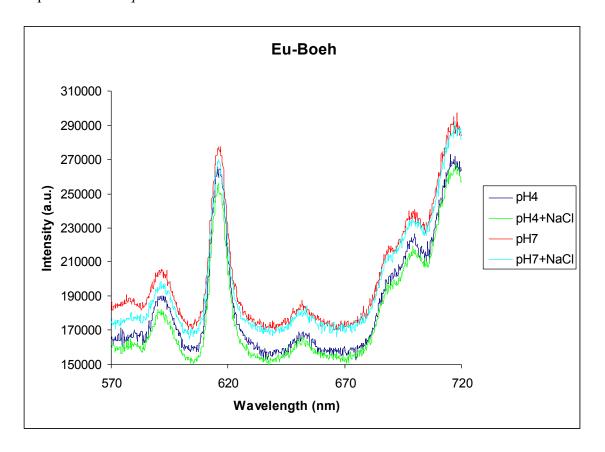
### Lifetime measurements

	τ(H <sub>2</sub> O)/ms	τ(D <sub>2</sub> O)/ms	$\overline{q}$
Eu-Boeh pH 2	0.42	1.01	1.34
	0.47	1.49	$1.45^{a}$
Eu-Boeh pH 2 + NaCl	0.38	1.36	1.97
Eu-Boeh pH 5.5	0.35	1.25	2.17
	0.35	1.26	$2.18^{b}$
Eu-Boeh pH 5.5 + NaCl	0.37	1.12	1.87
Tb-Boeh pH 2	0.85	1.24	1.55
Tb-Boeh pH 2 + NaCl	0.77	1.14	1.81
Tb-Boeh pH 5.5	0.82	1.24	1.76
Tb-Boeh pH 5.5 + NaCl	0.86	1.30	1.67

# Relaxivity calculations

	$r_{1p}$ (mM-1s-1) in situ	$r_{1p}$ (mM-1s-1) 1 month later
Gd-Boeh pH 2	11.71 (2)	14.95 (8)
Gd-Boeh pH 2 + NaCl 0.9%	3.55(2)	10.46 (8)
Gd-Boeh pH 4.3	1.75 (2)	1.63 (2)
Gd-Boeh pH 4.3 + NaCl 0.9%	1.33 (2)	1.06(2)
Gd-Boeh pH 7.5	1.49(2)	1.04(2)
Gd-Boeh pH 7.5 + NaCl 0.9%	1.32(2)	1.21 (2)

In parentesis the q value measured



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>measured 3 hours after being prepared <sup>b</sup>measured 2 weeks after being prepared

