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Optimised conditions: ⁿBuLi (1.6M in hexanes, 0.61 ml, 0.98 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 1,2-(PH₂)₂C₆H₄ (70 mg, 0.49 mmol) in 3ml thf at 0°C. The orange solution was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 30 min. The reaction mixture was again cooled to 0°C and Sb(NMe₂)₃ (2M solution in toluene, 0.08 ml, 0.16 mmol) was added dropwise. The solution was then heated to reflux for 1h, during which time it had become a deep red colour. 12-Crown-4 (0.17 ml, 172 mg, 0.98 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture allowed to cool slowly. After a period of 2d, orange-yellow crystals had formed. The supernatant liquid was removed *via* syringe and the crystals collected and allowed to dry on filter paper in a glovebox. Yield 61 mg [47%, based on 1,2-(PH₂)₂C₆H₄ supplied, assuming each [C₆H₄P₃][−] anion formed requires 2 equiv. of 1,2-(PH₂)₂C₆H₄]. Prolonged standing of the reaction mixture (1 week) leads to the formation of black, block-shaped crystals of **2**, together with **1**. Characterisation of **1** (numbering scheme, Fig. 1): ¹H NMR (500.12MHz, +25°C, D₈-THF), δ = 8.43 [mult., 2H, C(27,28)-H, C₆H₄ group], 6.78 [mult., 2H, C(25,26)-H, C₆H₄ group], 3.48 [s., 24H, 12-crown-4]. ¹³C NMR (125.74MHz, +25°C, D₈-THF), δ = 173.1 [mult., C(29,30)], 130.1 [mult., C(27,28)], 117.6 [mult., C(25,26)], 67.6 [s. 12-crown-4]. ³¹P NMR (161.98MHz, +25°C, D₈-THF/acetone capillary), δ = 335.2 [dd., P(2)], 260.7 [dd., P(1,3)] (¹J_{P(1,3)-P(2)} = ca. 500Hz, ²J_{P(1)-P(3)} = ca. 10Hz). Found C 49.7, H 7.0, calcd. for **1** C 50.0, H 6.9. **2** was characterized by X-ray crystallography alone.

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Crystal data for 1; C₂₂H₃₆LiO₈P₃, M = 528.36, crystal system Monoclinic, space group *P*2(1)/*n*, *Z* = 4, *a* = 11.8321(2), *b* = 8.36690(10), *c* = 26.5285(5) Å, β = 94.4390(10), *V* = 2618.39(7) Å³, μ(Mo–Kα) = 0.270 mm^{−1}, ρ_{calc} = 1.340 Mg m^{−3}, *T* = 120(2) K. Total reflections 16782, unique 8021 (*R*_{int} = 0.026). *R*₁ = 0.037 [*I* > 2σ(*I*)] and *wR*₂ = 0.099 (all data). *Crystal data for 2*; C₄₈H₉₆Li₃O₂₄Sb₁₁, M = 2417.32, crystal system Rhombohedral, space group *R*3̄, *Z* = 6, *a* = *b* = 21.138(3), *c* = 32.330(7) Å, *V* = 12510(4) Å³, μ(Mo–Kα) = 0.270 mm^{−1}, ρ_{calc} = 1.925 Mg m^{−3}, *T* = 180(2) K. Total reflections 2555, unique 2023 (*R*_{int} = 0.045). *R*₁ = 0.083 [*I* > 2σ(*I*)] and *wR*₂ = 0.238 (all data). Due to shortage of data,

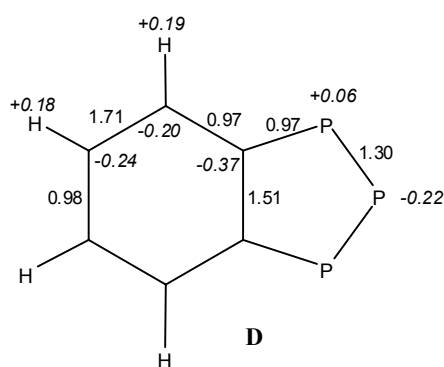
caused by crystal decomposition, the 50:50 disordered 12-crown-4 ligands were assigned fixed geometries and refined with isotropic atomic displacement parameters. Running the cif through checkCIF suggested the higher symmetry space group $R\bar{3}$ is more appropriate. However, no solution could be found using this space group with the limited number of data available. Data were collected on a Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer and solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least squares on F^2 (G. M. Sheldrick, SHELX-97, Göttingen, Germany, 1997). CCDC 668766 and 668765 contain the supplementary crystallographic data for **1** and **2**, respectively. Data can be obtained free of charge *via* www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html (or from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12 Union Road, Cambridge CB2 1EZ, UK; fax: +44 1223 336 033; deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk).

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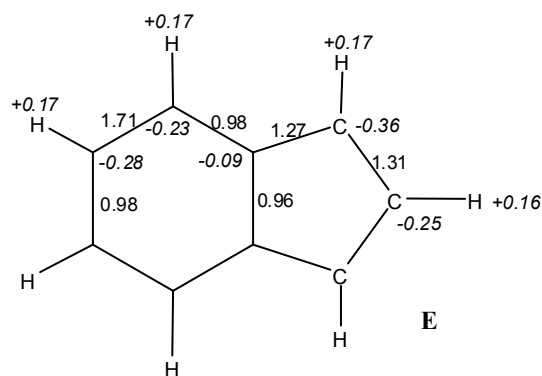
Summary of DFT Calculations

An NBO analysis based on DFT calculations at the B3LYP/6-311G* level on the triphosphinide anion reveal substantial delocalisation of the negative charge around both phenylene and C/P rings and significant π -bonding character in both the phenylene and heterocyclic C/P rings.

a)



c)



c)

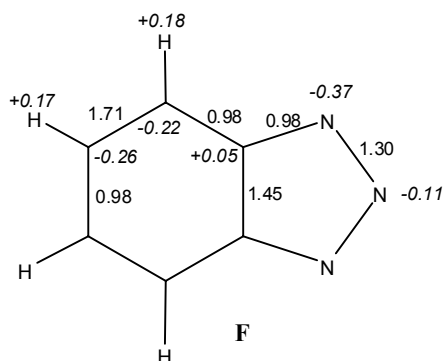


Fig. 3 DFT calculations at the B3LYP/6-311G* level on a) the $[C_6H_4P_3]^-$ anion (**D**), b) the $[C_6H_4(CH)_3]^-$ anion (**E**), c) $[C_6H_4N_3]^-$ anion (**F**). Values in plain text are bond orders, those in italics are charges.

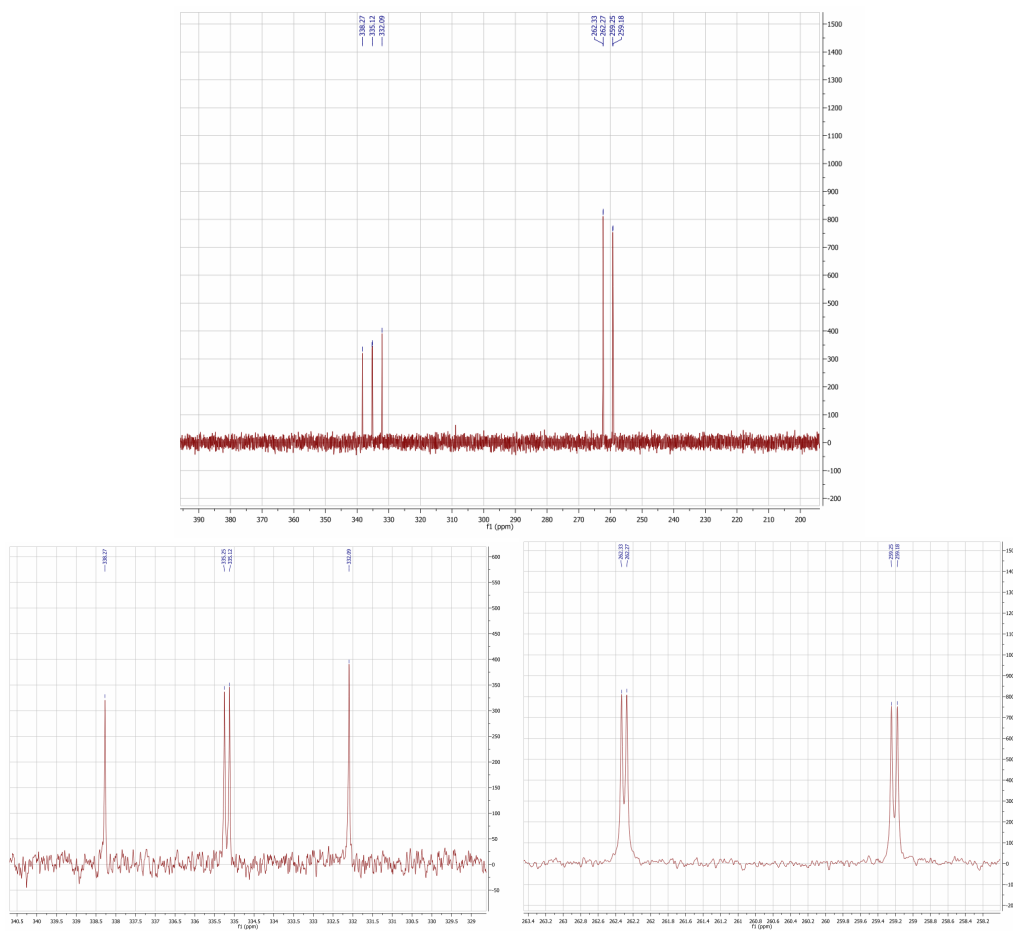
Calculated bond angles and lengths in the C_2P_3 ring are:

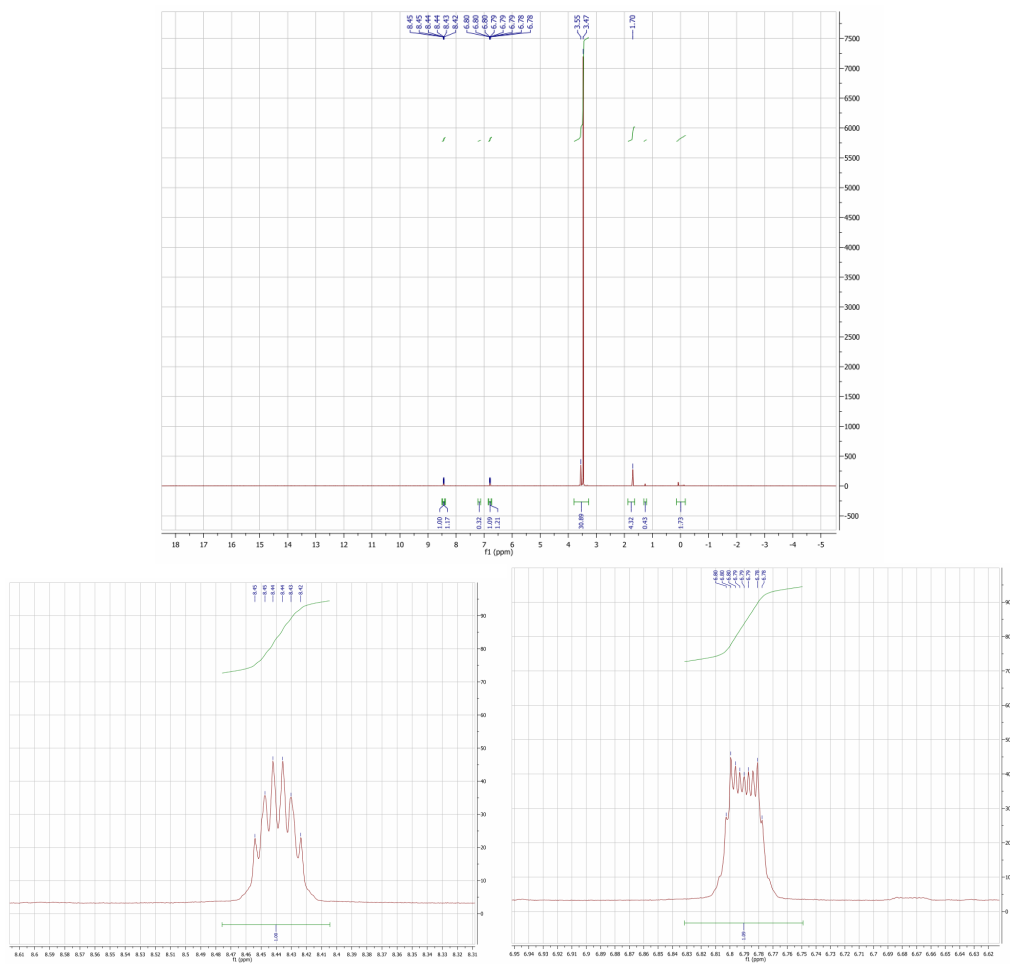
Parameter	B3LYP/6-31G	B3LYP/6-31G*	B3LYP/6-311G	B3LYP/6-311G*
C-C	1.432	1.435	1.428	1.432
C-P	1.837	1.802	1.834	1.802
P-P	2.208	2.121	2.217	2.123
CCP	121.9	120.6	122.2	120.7
CPP	98.0	98.9	97.9	98.8
PPP	100.0	101.0	99.6	101.0
E (au)	-1253.588025	-1255.189253	-1255.188187	-1255.324005

The energy converged as the basis set size was increased from double zeta 6-31G to triple zeta 6-311G*, although there is a small oscillation in bond distances and angles (ca. $0.01\text{\AA}$ and ca. 1°). The oscillations do not affect the NBO values significantly.

NMR Spectroscopy

$^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR





^{13}C NMR

