Trimethylaluminum Mediated Amide Bond Formation in a Continuous Flow Microreactor as Key to the Synthesis of Rimonabant and Efaproxiral

Tomas Gustafsson,[†] Fritiof Pontén,[‡] and Peter H Seeberger^{*†}

[†]Laboratory for Organic Chemistry, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich, Wolfgang-Pauli-Str. 10, HCI F315, 8093 Zurich, Switzerland and [‡]AstraZeneca R&D Mölndal, 431 83 Mölndal, Sweden Email: seeberger@org.chem.ethz.ch

Table of Contents:

S2	Schematic setup for microreactor system
S3	General Information
S3-S7	Experimental details for compounds 10-26, 29-31 and 34-36
S8- S38	Spectral data for compounds 10-21, 24, 26 (¹ H NMR) and 22-23, 25, 29-31, 34-36 (¹ H and ¹³ C NMR)

Schematic setup of microreactor system.



(P = pump, BPR = back pressure regulator)

A Syrris FRX-system was used, for mixing, a simple three way T-type mixer was used. The temperature was controlled using a Pt100 thermo-couple sensor in close proximity to the reaction channels. The rector consists of encased PTFE-tubing (1 mm id) heated on a conventional hotplate. For further information, visit http://www.syrris.com/

General methods. All chemicals were reagent grade and were used as supplied unless otherwise noted. All reactions under microwave conditions were performed in oven-dried glassware under an inert atmosphere (nitrogen or argon) unless noted otherwise. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) and toluene were purified by a J. C. Meyer Solvent Dispensing System (two packed columns of neutral alumina). Solvents for chromatography and work-up procedures were distilled from commercially available technical grade solvents. Analytical thin-layer chromatography was performed on E. Merck silica gel 60 F254 plates (0.25 mm). Compounds were visualized by UV and/or by dipping the plates in a cerium sulphateammonium molybdate solution followed by heating. Liquid column chromatography was performed using forced flow of the indicated solvent on Fluka silica gel 60 (40-63 µm). ¹Hand ¹³C-NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury XL 300 spectrometer. The ¹H-NMR spectra (300 MHz) are expressed in ppm relative to CHCl₃ (7.26 ppm) as internal reference, the coupling constants are reported in Hz. The same is valid for ¹³C-NMR spectra (75 MHz, internal reference CDCl₃: 77.0 ppm). Optical rotations $\left[\alpha\right]^{D}$ were recorded on a Jasco DIP-370 spectrometer using a sodium lamp ($\lambda = 589$ nm) at room temperature with a 10cm/1mL cell. The solvent and the concentration are specified, e.g. c = 1 = 10 mg/mL. IR spectra were recorded in chloroform on a Perkin-Elmer 1600 FT-IR spectrometer and are expressed in cm⁻¹. High-resolution mass spectroscopy (HRMS) was performed by the MSservice at the Laboratory for Organic Chemistry at ETH Zürich; 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (DHB) was used as matrix.

General procedures for trimethylaluminum mediated amide bond formation.

Method A and B: Ester (0.3 mmol), amine (0.3 mmol) and AlMe₃ (0.3 mmol, 2 M solution in toluene) were dissolved in 3 mL of toluene (method A) or THF (method B) and heated in a microwave reactor to 100 °C (method A) or 130 °C (method B) for 2 min (70-80 s ramp time). The reaction solution was quenched with HCl (aq. 3%), diluted with EtOAc and washed with HCl (aq. 3%), the organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc).

Method C: Ester (8 mmol, 0.3 M in THF), amine (8 mmol, 0.3 M in THF) and AlMe₃ (8 mmol, 0.3 M in THF/toluene) were mixed in a simple mixer and passed through a 16 mL tube reactor at a total flow rate of 8 mL/min (2 min retention time) at 125 °C. The reaction solution was collected in a mixture of EtOAc and HCl (aq. 3%), washed with HCl (aq. 3%), dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated and purified on silica (hexane/EtOAc).



N-Benzylbenzamide (10): Prepared according to method A (92%) or method C (96%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



N-Phenylbenzamide (11): Prepared according to method A (98%), method B (95%) or method C on a 100 mmol scale, purified by crystallization from ethyl acetate/hexane (91%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



N-Cyclohexylbenzamide (12): Prepared according to method C (85%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



Phenyl(piperidin-1-yl)methanone (13): Prepared according to method C (37%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



N-Benzyl-*N*-methylbenzamide (14): Prepared according to method B (56%) or method C (61%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



N-Benzyl-2-phenylacetamide (15): Prepared according to method C (98%) and method C using 200 mmol of each starting material, recrystallized from EtOAc/hexane (80%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



N,2-Diphenylacetamide (16): Prepared according to method C (92%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



N-Butyl-2-phenylacetamide (17): Prepared according to method C (84%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



*N***-Benzylcinnamamide (18)**: Prepared according to method A (95%) or method C (94%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.

N-Butylcinnamamide (19): Prepared according to method C (88%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.



(S)-N-Benzyl-2-hydroxypropanamide (20): Prepared according to method B (70%) or method C (78%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.

(S)-2-Hydroxy-N-phenylpropanamide (21): Prepared according to method C (78%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.

N-Benzyl-1-methylcyclopropanecarboxamide (22): Prepared according to method C (86%). ¹H NMR: 7.39-7.25 (m, 5H), 6.02 (br s, 1H), 4.45 (d, 2H, J = 5.5 Hz), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.23 (q, 2H, J = 3.3 Hz), 0.59 (q, 2H, J = 3.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR: 174.8, 138.5, 128.6, 127.7, 127.4, 43.9, 19.6, 18.9, 16.0; IR (thin film): 3289, 2938, 1646, 1621, 1533, 1224 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (ESI): calcd for C₁₂H₁₆NO 189.1154 [*M*+H]⁺, found 189.1149.

N-Benzylcyclobutanecarboxamide (23): Prepared according to method C (65%).¹H NMR: 7.37-7.22 (m, 5H), 5.86 (br s, 1H), 4.41 (d, 2H, J = 5.9 Hz), 3.02 (dquint, 1H, J = 5.9 Hz), 2.40-2.22 (m, 2H), 2.21-2.07 (m, 2H), 2.04-1.79 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR: 174.7, 138.4, 128.7, 127.8, 127.5, 43.5, 39.9, 25.4, 18.1; IR (thin film): 3291, 2932, 1630, 1520, 1453, 1229, 1205 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (ESI): calcd for C₁₂H₁₆NO 189.1154 [*M*+H]⁺, found 189.1150.



N-Benzyl-4-chlorobutanamide (24): Prepared according to method C (70%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.

(*S*)-*tert*-**Butyl** 4-acetamido-5-(benzylamino)-5-oxopentanoate (25): Prepared according to method A (64%) or method C (80%). ¹H NMR: 7.37-7.22 (m, 5H), 5.86 (br s, 1H), 4.41 (d, 2H, J = 5.9 Hz), 3.02 (dquint, 1H, J = 5.9, 0.8 Hz), 2.40-2.22 (m, 2H), 2.21-2.07 (m, 2H), 2.04-1.79 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR: 174.7, 138.4, 128.7, 127.8, 127.5, 43.5, 39.9, 25.4, 18.1; IR (thin film): 3286, 2978, 1729, 1656, 1369, 1154 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₁₈H₂₇N₂O₄ 335.1965 [*M*+H]⁺, found 335.1965.



N-Benzyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)benzamide (26): Prepared according to method B with 1 equivalent of TMSCl added (89%). Physical and spectral data in agreement with literature.

Ethyl 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-2,4-dioxobutanoate (29): 4-Chlorophenyl ethyl ketone **27** (0.12 M in THF, 0.5 mL/min) and lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (0.12 M in THF, 0.5 mL/min) were mixed in a glass reactor (1 mL) at rt (retention time 1 min), the lithium enolate was then directly lead into a 16 mL tube reactor at 50 °C where it was mixed with diethyloxalate **28** (0.12 M in THF, 0.5 mL/min, retention time 10 min 40 sec). 360 mL of the reaction solution was collected (during 240 min) in a mixture of EtOAc and HCl (aq. 3%). The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with HCl (aq. 3%) and brine, concentrated and the oily residue was purified on silica (hexane/EtOAc 5:1) to give 2.7 g (70%) of product **29** as a yellow amorphous solid (equilibrates to the corresponding enol-form upon standing in solution). ¹H NMR: 7.93 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.49 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 4.99 (q, 1H, J = 6.9 Hz), 4.27 (q, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 1.45 (d, 3H, J = 6.9 Hz), 1.30 (t, 3H, J = 8.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR: 196.7, 190.1, 160.3, 140.3 (enol), 133.3 (enol), 130.0, 129.2, 62.9, 50.8, 13.8, 12.6; IR (thin film): 3071, 2990, 2941, 1748, 1668, 1586, 1252, 1087 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₁₃H₁₄ClO₄ 269.0575 [*M*+H]⁺, found 269.0580.



Ethyl 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-methyl-1*H***-pyrazole-3-carboxylate (30**): **29** (0.06 M in AcOH, 0.5 L/min) and 2,4-dichlorophenyl hydrazine hydrochloride salt (0.06 M in AcOH, 0.5 mL/min) were mixed in a 16 mL tube reactor at 125 °C (retention time 16 min). 300 mL were collected and concentrated then purified on silica (hexane/EtOAc 4/1) to give 2.96 g (80%) of product **30** as an light yellow amorphous solid. ¹H NMR: 7.39-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.07 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 4.49 (q, 2H, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.42 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR: 162.7, 142.9, 135.9, 134.9, 132.9, 132.9, 130.8, 130.6, 130.0, 128.8, 127.7, 126.9, 119.0, 60.9, 14.4, 9.6; IR (thin film): 2980, 1712, 1495, 1248, 1089 cm⁻¹;HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₁₉H₁₆Cl₃N₂O₂ 409.0272 [*M*+H]⁺, found 409.0277.



5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-methyl-N-(piperidin-1-yl)-1H-pyrazole-3carboxamide (rimonabant, 31): Prepared according to method C on a 7 mmol scale. Instead of HCl (aq. 3%) in the quench and washing steps, Rochelle's salt (Na, K-tartrate, aq. 10%) was used (88%). ¹H NMR: 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.30-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.02 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 5.26 (br s, 1H), 2.88-2.77 (m, 4H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.77-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.45-1.33 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR: 159.8, 144.2, 142.8, 135.8, 135.8, 134.8, 132.8, 130.7, 130.5, 130.2, 128.8, 127.8, 127.1, 118.1, 57.1, 53.5, 26.5, 23.5, 9.5; IR (thin film): 2936, 2854, 1677, 1528, 1484, 1091, 832 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₂₂H₂₂Cl₃N₄O 463.0854 [*M*+H]⁺, found 463.0848.

tert-Butyl 2-(4-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)phenoxy)-2-methylpropanoate (34): Methyl 4hydroxyphenylacetate (32, 1.2 g, 7.22 mmol), *tert*-butyl α -bromo isobutyrate (33, 4.83 g, 21.7 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3.0 g, 21.7 mmol) and MgSO₄ (920 mg, 7.22 mmol) were mixed in DMF (30 mL) and heated to 75 °C for 14 h. The mixture was diluted with Et₂O, filtered and washed with HCl (aq. 5%), the solid residue was thoroughly washed with Et₂O and the combined organic phases were washed with HCl (aq. 5%) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude product was purified on silica (hexane:ethyl acetate 9:1 \rightarrow 4:1) to give 1.67 g of product 34 (75%). ¹H NMR: 7.13 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 6.80 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 1.56 (s, 6H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR: 173.1, 172.1, 154.7, 129.7, 127.0, 118.8, 81.7, 79.4, 52.1, 40.4, 27.9, 25.5; IR (thin film): 2980, 2940, 1727, 1510, 1131 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₁₇H₂₄NaO₅ 331.1516 [*M*+Na]⁺, found 331.1500.



tert-Butyl 2-(4-(2-(3,5-dimethylphenylamino)-2-oxoethyl)phenoxy)-2-methylpropanoate (35): Prepared according to method C starting with 1.40 g (4.5 mmol) of 35 (77%). ¹H NMR: 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.18 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 7.02 (s, 2H), 6.88 (d, 2H, J = 8.9 Hz), 6.71 (br s, 1H), 3.64 (s, 2H), 2.25 (s, 6H), 1.58 (s, 6H), 1.45 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR: 173.0, 169.2, 155.1, 138.5, 130.1 126.0, 119.3, 117.3, 81.7, 79.4, 43.9, 27.7, 25.3, 21.1; IR (thin film): 3298, 2979, 2922, 1725, 1658, 1615, 1548, 1130 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₂₀H₂₄NO₄ 342.1700 [M+H]⁺, found 342.1699.



2-(4-(2-(3,5-Dimethylphenylamino)-2-oxoethyl)phenoxy)-2-methylpropanoic acid (efaproxiral, 36): 35 (610 mg, 1.53 mmol) was dissolved in HCO₂H (30 mL, 0.05 M), passed through a tube reactor (16 mL) at 90 °C at a flow rate of 2 mL/min (8 min retention time), concentrated and filtered through silica to give 467 mg of product 36 (89%).¹H NMR: 9.99 (s, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.15 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.04 (s, 2H), 6.89 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.71 (br s, 1H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 6H), 1.61 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR: 177.9, 169.7, 154.3, 138.6, 137.1, 130.3, 128.4, 126.3, 120.3, 117.6, 79.3, 43.7, 25.1, 21.2; IR (thin film): 3317, 2982, 2900, 2515, 1693, 1615, 1508, 1464, 1136 cm⁻¹; HR-MS (MALDI): calcd for C₁₇H₂₅O₅ 309.1697 [*M*+H]⁺, found 309.1699.













ppm (f1)



































































Т

