Supporting Information

Palladium-catalysed *cis*- and *trans*-silaboration of terminal alkynes: complementary access to stereo-defined trisubstituted alkenes

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1. General

All palladium-catalyzed reactions were performed in a drybox or using Schlenk technique under an atmosphere of nitrogen or argon with magnetic stirring. Column chromatography was performed with Ultra Pure Silica Gel (SILICYCLE, pH 7.0, 40-63 μ m, 60Å). ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury-400 (400.44 MHz) spectrometer. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL JNM-A500 (125.65 MHz) spectrometer. ¹¹B NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury-400 (128.48 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts were reported in ppm downfield from tetramethylsilane (¹H and ¹³C) or BF₃•OEt₂ (¹¹B). IR spectra were recorded on a SHIMADZU FTIR-8100 spectrometer. Elemental analyses were performed by Elemental Analysis Center of Kyoto University. High resolution mass spectra were recorded on a JEOL JMS-MS700 spectrometer.

2. Materials

Toluene and tetrahydrofuran (THF) were dried and degassed by The Ultimate Solvent System (GlassContour). Silylboranes $1,^1$ (η^3 -C₃H₅)PdCl(PPh₃),² and Pd(dba)₂³ were synthesized by the method reported previously. Alkynes **2a**, **2c**, **2h** (TCI), **2b**, **2f**-g, and **2j** (Aldrich) were purchased and distilled prior to use. Silylated alkynes **2d-e** were prepared by silylation of 1-butyn-4-ol and 1-pentyn-5-ol (TCI), resprctively.⁴ Ethynylcyclohexane (**2i**) was prepared from 2-cyclohexyl-1,1-dibromoethene by Corey's method.⁵ Pyridine, *i*-PrOH, and Me₃SiCl were purchased and distilled prior to use. Triphenylphosphine (Wako), Pd(OAc)₂ (Mitsuwa), 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl (S-PHOS) (STREM), and Bu₄NF (1.0 M solution in THF, TCI) were used as received from commercial sources. Potassium phosphate *n*-hydrate (nacalai) was purified by sublimation.

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3. Palladium-Catalyzed Reaction of 1 with 1-Octyne (2a) (Scheme 1)

To a toluene solution of $(\eta^3$ -C₃H₅)PdCl(PPh₃) (1.8 mg, 4.0 μ mol) were added **2a** (0.40-0.48 mmol) and **1** (0.38-0.49 mmol), and then the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 1 h, pyridine (57 mg, 0.72 mmol) and *i*-PrOH (36 mg, 0.60 mmol) were added to the solution. Resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 96 h. GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio of **3a** formed. Bulb-to-bulb distillation (90 °C/0.6 mmHg) of the mixture afforded pure **3a**.

When the reaction carried out using 2a (53 mg, 0.48 mmol) and 1 (84 mg, 0.38 mmol), (*Z*)-3a was formed in 91% yield (123 mg) with excellent *Z* selectivity (*Z*:*E* = > 99:1). On the other hand, the reaction of 2a (45 mg, 0.41 mmol) with 1 (108 mg, 0.49 mmol) gave (*E*)-3a in 85% yield (123 mg) with high *E* selectivity (*Z*:*E* = 11:89).

(Z)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)oct-1-ene [(Z)-3a]



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.04 (t, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (septet, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.35-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.24-1.35 (m, 6H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.15 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.29 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.8, 83.1, 64.8, 41.9, 31.8, 29.7, 29.3, 25.8, 24.9, 22.6, 14.1, 0.4. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.5. IR (neat): 1588 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₃₉BO₃Si: C, 64.39; H, 11.09. Found: C, 64.51; H, 11.11. The stereochemistry was assigned by NOE experiments. The NOE was observed between the vinylic proton (δ 6.04 ppm) and the allylic protons (δ 2.27 ppm), whereas no NOE between the vinylic proton (δ 6.04 ppm) and the Si–CH₃ (δ 0.29 ppm) was observed. These results indicate that the double bond of the compound has Z geometry.



(E)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)oct-1-ene [(E)-3a]



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.93 (s, 1H), 3.97 (septet, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.46-2.51 (m, 2H), 1.23-1.45 (m, 8H), 1.28 (s, 12H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.19 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 82.8, 65.1, 34.4, 31.7, 31.2, 29.6, 25.7, 24.8, 22.6, 14.1, -1.3. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3. IR (neat): 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (CI) m/z calcd for C₁₉H₃₉BO₃Si (M⁺): 354.2762, found: 354.2764. The stereochemistry was assigned by NOE experiments. The NOE was observed between the vinylic proton (δ 5.93 ppm) and the Si–CH₃ (δ 0.19 ppm), whereas no NOE between the vinylic proton (δ 6.04 ppm) and the allylic protons (δ 2.46-2.51 ppm) was observed. These results indicate that the double bond of the compound has *E* geometry.



4. Tracing of the Reaction of 1 with 2a (Scheme 2)

To a toluene solution (0.2 ml) of (η^3 -C₃H₅)PdCl(PPh₃) (1.8 mg, 4.0 µmol) were added **2a** (0.40-0.48 mmol) and **1** (0.38-0.49 mmol), and then the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 1 h, the crude reaction mixture was analyzed by GC and ¹H NMR, indicating selective formation of (*Z*)-**4a**.⁶ Pyridine (57 mg, 0.72 mmol) and *i*-PrOH (36 mg, 0.60 mmol) were added to the solution, and resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. GC analysis of the reaction indicated that slow isomerization occurred when the reaction was carried out with excess of **1**.

5. Palladium-Catalyzed cis- and trans-Silaboration of Terminal Alkynes 2 (Table 1)

General Procedure for cis-Silaboration: To a toluene solution (0.2 ml) of $(\eta^3$ -C₃H₅)PdCl(PPh₃) (1.8 mg, 4.0 μ mol) were added **2** (0.48 mmol) and **1** (88 mg, 0.40 mmol), and then the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 1 h, pyridine (57 mg, 0.72 mmol) and *i*-PrOH (36 mg, 0.60 mmol) were added to the solution. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio of **3** formed. Bulb-to-bulb distillation of the mixture afforded pure **3**.

General Procedure for trans-Silaboration: To a toluene solution (0.2 ml) of (η^3 -C₃H₅)PdCl(PPh₃) (3.6 mg, 8.0 μ mol) were added 2 (0.40 mmol) and 1 (106 mg, 0.48 mmol), and then the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 1 h, pyridine (57 mg, 0.72 mmol) and *i*-PrOH (36 mg, 0.60 mmol) were added to the solution. The resulting mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 24 h. GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio of **3** formed. Bulb-to-bulb distillation of the mixture afforded pure **3**. The *Z/E* isomers were separable by column chromatography on silica gel.

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(Z)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hex-1-ene [(Z)-3b, entry 2]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (99 mg, 0.45 mmol) was reacted with **2b** (46 mg, 0.56 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3b** (137 mg, 93%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (85 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3b**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.04 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.31-1.43 (m, 4H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.30 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.7, 83.2, 64.8, 41.6, 31.9, 25.8, 24.9, 22.7, 14.0, 0.4. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1586 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₃₅BO₃Si: C, 62.56; H, 10.81. Found: C, 62.74; H, 11.06.

(*E*)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hex-1-ene [(*E*)-3b, entry 2]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (103 mg, 0.47 mmol) was reacted with **2b** (30 mg, 0.36 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 11:89. The product **3b** (102 mg, 92%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (85 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3b**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.92 (s, 1H), 3.96 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.30-1.43 (m, 4H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.18 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 82.8, 65.1, 34.1, 33.4, 25.7, 24.8, 23.0, 13.9, -1.3. The boron-bound carbon was not

detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for $C_{17}H_{35}BO_3Si$ (M⁺): 326.2449, found: 326.2438.

(Z)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)dec-1-ene [(Z)-3c, entry 3]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (85 mg, 0.38 mmol) was reacted with **2c** (65 mg, 0.47 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3c** (134 mg, 91%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (95 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3c**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.04 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.25-2.30 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.35 (m, 10H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7,2 Hz, 3H), 0.30 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.8, 83.1, 64.8, 41.9, 31.9, 29.7, 29.6, 29.5, 29.3, 25.8, 24.9, 22.7, 14.1, 0.4. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.7. IR (neat): 1586 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₄₃BO₃Si: C, 65.95; H, 11.33. Found: C, 65.77; H, 11.39.

(*E*)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)dec-1-ene [(*E*)-3c, entry 3]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (106 mg, 0.48 mmol) was reacted with **2c** (58 mg, 0.42 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the Z/E ratio as 8:92. The

product **3c** (147 mg, 91%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (95 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3c:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.92 (s, 1H), 3.96 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.45-2.50 (m, 2H), 1.23-1.44 (m, 12H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.18 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 82.8, 65.1, 34.4, 31.9, 31.3, 30.0, 29.4, 29.3, 25.7, 24.9, 22.7, 14.1, -1.3. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₄₂BO₃Si (M-H⁺): 381.2996, found: 381.3000.

(Z)-4-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-

dioxaborolan-2-yl)but-1-ene [(Z)-3d, entry 4]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (81 mg, 0.37 mmol) was reacted with **2d** (86 mg, 0.47 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3d** (141 mg, 90%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (110 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3d:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.09 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.61-3.66 (m, 2H), 2.54 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.17 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.30 (s, 6H), 0.06 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.1, 83.3, 64.9, 63.5, 44.7, 26.0, 25.8, 24.9, 18.4, 0.3, -5.2. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.2. IR (neat): 1590 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₄₅BO₄Si₂: C, 58.85; H, 10.58. Found: C, 58.64; H, 10.72.

dioxaborolan-2-yl)but-1-ene [(*E*)-3d, entry 4]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (103 mg, 0.47 mmol) was reacted with **2d** (67 mg, 0.37 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 9:91. The product **3d** (129 mg, 82%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (110 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3d:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.02 (s, 1H), 3.97 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.58-3.63 (m, 2H), 2.73-2.78 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.19 (s, 6H), 0.06 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.7, 83.0, 65.1, 63.8, 37.8, 26.1, 25.7, 24.8, 18.4, -1.5, -5.1. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1595 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₄₄BO₄Si₂ (M-H⁺): 427.2871, found: 427.2865.

(Z)-5-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2dioxaborolan-2-yl)pent-1-ene [(Z)-3e, entry 5]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (88 mg, 0.40 mmol) was reacted with **2e** (95 mg, 0.49 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3e** (124 mg, 81%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (110 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3e:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.06 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30-2.35 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.30 (s, 6H),

0.05 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.1, 83.2, 64.8, 63.1, 37.9, 32.8, 26.0, 25.8, 24.9, 18.3, 0.4, -5.3. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1588 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₄₇BO₄Si₂: C, 59.70; H, 10.70. Found: C, 59.41; H, 10.98.

(E)-5-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-

dioxaborolan-2-yl)pent-1-ene [(E)-3e, entry 5]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (105 mg, 0.48 mmol) was reacted with **2e** (77 mg, 0.39 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 7:93. The product **3e** (121 mg, 82%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (110 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3e:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.94 (s, 1H), 3.96 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.47-2.52 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 12H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.19 (s, 6H), 0.05 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.0, 82.9, 65.1, 63.8, 34.4, 30.8, 26.0, 25.7, 24.9, 18.4, -1.3, -5.2. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (CI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₄₆BO₄Si₂ (M-H⁺): 441.3028, found: 441.3026.

(Z)-5-Chloro-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)pent-1-ene [(Z)-3f, entry 6]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (84 mg, 0.38 mmol) was reacted with **2f** (48 mg, 0.47 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3f** (125 mg, 94%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (80 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3f**: ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.06 (t, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (septet, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (dt, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.91 (quintet, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.16 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.31 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.9, 83.3, 64.9, 44.8, 38.9, 32.4, 25.8, 24.9, 0.3. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.6. IR (neat): 1588 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₃₂BClO₃Si (M⁺): 346.1902, found: 346.1889. This compound is unstable at room temperature in high concentration.

(*E*)-5-Chloro-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)pent-1-ene [(*E*)-3f, entry 6]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (120 mg, 0.54 mmol) was reacted with **2f** (49 mg, 0.47 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 11:89. The product **3f** (138 mg, 84%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (80 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3f**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.98 (s, 1H), 3.97 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.58-2.63 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.93 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.19 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.7, 83.1, 65.2, 45.2, 33.9, 31.7, 25.7, 24.9, -1.4. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₃₂BClO₃Si (M⁺): 346.1902, found: 346.1903.

(Z)-5-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hex-5-enenitrile [(Z)-3g, entry 7]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (85 mg, 0.39 mmol) was reacted with **2g** (43 mg, 0.46 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3g** (114 mg, 87%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (90 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3g:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.04 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.80 (quintet, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (s, 12H), 1.15 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.29 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.4, 119.8, 83.4, 64.9, 40.7, 25.8, 25.2, 24.9, 16.6, 0.3. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 2247 (CN), 1588 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₃₂BNO₃Si: C, 60.53; H, 9.56; N, 4.15. Found: C, 60.30; H, 9.47; N, 4.21.

(*E*)-5-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)hex-5-enenitrile [(*E*)-3g, entry 7]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (105 mg, 0.48 mmol) was reacted with **2g** (36 mg, 0.39 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 7:93. The product **3g** (106 mg, 81%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (90 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3g:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.00 (s, 1H), 3.98 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.59-2.63 (m, 2H), 2.34 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.80 (quintet, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (s, 12H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.19 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 120.0, 83.2, 65.3, 33.1, 26.4, 25.8, 24.9, 16.9, -1.4. The boron-bound carbon was

not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 2247 (CN), 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₃₂BNO₃Si (M⁺): 337.2245, found: 337.2255.

(Z)-1-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1-phenylethene [(Z)-3h, entry 8]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (80 mg, 0.36 mmol) was reacted with **2h** (48 mg, 0.47 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3h** (109 mg, 87%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (100 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3h**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.21 (m, 3H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 3.96 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (s, 12H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.35 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 148.3, 127.7, 126.7, 126.1, 83.6, 65.4, 25.4, 25.0, 0.9. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.8. IR (neat): 1576 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₃₁BO₃Si: C, 65.89; H, 9.02. Found: C, 65.64; H, 8.98.

(*E*)-1-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1-phenylethene [(*E*)-3h, entry 8]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (104 mg, 0.47 mmol) was reacted with **2h** (38 mg, 0.38 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 62:38. The product **3h** (104 mg, 80%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (110 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3h**: ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.11-7.27 (m, 5H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 3.97 (septet, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.09 (s, 12H), 1.08 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.20 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.1, 144.3, 127.5, 127.4, 126.0, 83.2, 65.4, 25.6, 24.6, -1.3. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1586 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for C₁₉H₃₂BO₃Si (M+H⁺): 347.2214, found: 347.2223.

(Z)-1-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1-cyclohexylethene [(Z)-3i, entry 9]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (82 mg, 0.37 mmol) was reacted with **2i** (52 mg, 0.48 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3i** (118 mg, 90%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (100 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3i**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.04 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.34-2.41 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.77 (m, 4H), 1.23-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 12H), 1.09-1.20 (m, 4H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.29 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.2, 83.2, 64.9, 45.2, 32.9, 27.0, 26.5, 25.8, 24.9, 0.7. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 30.1. IR (neat): 1586 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₃₇BO₃Si: C, 64.76; H, 10.58. Found: C, 64.74; H, 10.52.

(*E*)-1-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-2-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1-cyclohexylethene [(*E*)-3i, entry 9]



According to the general procedure for *trans*-silaboration, **1** (107 mg, 0.48 mmol) was reacted with **2i** (45 mg, 0.41 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 67:33. The product **3i** (129 mg, 91%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (100 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**3i**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.89 (s, 1H), 3.99 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (tt, *J* = 12.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.43-1.77 (m, 6H), 1.28 (s, 12H), 1.10-1.34 (m, 4H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.21 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 83.0, 65.0, 45.8, 33.1, 26.9, 26.1, 25.8, 24.8, 0.4. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. HRMS (FAB) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₃₈BO₃Si (M+H⁺): 353.2683, found: 353.2678.

(Z)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,3-dimethylbut-1ene [(Z)-3j, entry 10]



According to the general procedure for *cis*-silaboration, **1** (80 mg, 0.36 mmol) was reacted with **2j** (37 mg, 0.46 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as > 99:1. The product **3j** (103 mg, 87%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (80 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**3j**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.07 (s, 1H), 4.05 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (s, 12H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.15 (s, 9H), 0.34 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.2, 83.3, 64.9, 40.1, 29.6, 25.8, 25.0, 2.1. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. ¹¹B NMR (128 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

30.5. IR (neat): 1574 (C=C) cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₃₅BO₃Si: C, 62.56; H, 10.81. Found: C, 62.49; H, 10.94.

(*E*)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,3-dimethylbut-1ene [(*E*)-3j, entry 10]



According to the general procedure for *trrans*-silaboration, **1** (107 mg, 0.49 mmol) was reacted with **2j** (34 mg, 0.41 mmol). GC analysis of the crude reaction mixture indicated the *Z/E* ratio as 90:10. The product **3j** (102 mg, 76%) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (80 °C/0.6 mmHg). The minor isomer (*E*)-**3j** was separated by column chromatography on silica gel (hexane:Et₂O = 20:1). (*E*)-**3j**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.86 (s, 1H), 3.99 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (s, 12H), 1.20 (s, 9H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.23 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.5, 83.4, 65.0, 38.6, 31.1, 25.8, 24.8, 1.4. The boron-bound carbon was not detected due to quadrupolar relaxation. IR (neat): 1593 (C=C) cm⁻¹. HRMS (FAB) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₃₄BO₃Si (M-H⁺): 325.2370, found: 325.2374.

6. Isomerization of (Z)-3a to (E)-3a (Table 2)

Isomerization of (Z)-3a to (E)-3a under the conditions shown in entry 1: To a toluene (0.10 mL) solution of $(\eta^3$ -C₃H₅)PdCl(PPh₃) (1.8 mg, 4 μ mol) were added (Z)-3a (Z 100%, 68 mg, 0.19 mmol), 1 (9.0 mg, 0.041 mmol), *i*-PrOH (3.1 mg, 0.051 mmol), pyridine (5.0 mg, 0.063 mmol), and tridecane (35 mg, internal standard) in this order. The mixture was then heated to 50 °C and stirred for 24 h at the temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was analyzed by GC.

The experiments under the conditions shown in entries 2-7 were carried out according to the procedure described above.

7. A Synthetic Application to Stereoselective Preparation of 1,2-Diarylalk-1-enes (Scheme 3)

General Procedure for Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling of (Z)- and (E)-3a with Aryl Iodides: To a mixture of $Pd(OAc)_2$ (1.8 mg, 8 μ mol), S-PHOS (3.9 mg, 9.6 μ mol), K₃PO₄ (170 mg, 0.80 mmol), H₂O (50 mg, 2.8 mmol) in toluene (0.40 mL) was added Ar-I (0.44 mmol) and **3a** (0.40 mmol). The resulting mixture was heated to 100 °C and stirred for 5 h at the temperature. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtrated through a pad of Celite and the resulting solution was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The coupling products, 2-silyl-1-aryloct-1-enes, were isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation.

(Z)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4-methylphenyl)oct-1-ene [(Z)-5]



According to the general procedure, (*Z*)-**3a** (126 mg, 0.35 mmol) was reacted with 4-iodotoluene (81 mg, 0.37 mmol). The product **5** (91 mg, 80%, *E*:*Z* = > 99:1) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (120 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**5**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.27 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.42-1,51 (m, 2H), 1.24-1.40 (m, 6H), 1.12 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.03 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.9, 142.4, 137.1, 136.4, 128.7, 128.4, 65.0, 39.0, 31.8, 30.7, 29.2, 25.6, 22.7, 21.2, 14.1, 0.3. Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₃₄OSi: C, 75.40; H, 10.76. Found: C, 75.47; H, 10.47.

(*E*)-2-(Isopropoxydimethylsilyl)-1-(4-methylphenyl)oct-1-ene [(*E*)-5]



According to the general procedure, (*E*)-**3a** (129 mg, 0.36 mmol, *Z*:*E* = 11:89) was reacted with 4-iodotoluene (85 mg, 0.39 mmol). The product **5** (87 mg, 76%, *Z*:*E* = 14:86) was isolated by bulb-tobulb distillation (120 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**5**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.12-7.20 (m, 4H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 4.40 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.32-2.39 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.42-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.22-1.37 (m, 6H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.27 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2, 138.7, 136.4, 135.4, 128.8, 128.7, 65.1, 31.6, 30.3, 29.8, 25.78, 25.75, 22.6, 21.2, 14.1, -1.0. Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₃₄OSi: C, 75.40; H, 10.76. Found: C, 75.66; H, 10.89.

(Z)-1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)oct-1-ene [(Z)-7]



According to the general procedure, (*Z*)-**3a** (132 mg, 0.37 mmol) was reacted with 4-fluoroiodobenzene (94 mg, 0.42 mmol). The product **7** (98 mg, 82%, *E*:*Z* = > 99:1) was isolated by bulb-to-bulb distillation (130 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*Z*)-**7**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.90-7.00 (m, 2H), 3.95 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.40-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.40 (m, 6H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.02 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9 (¹*J*_{CF} = 245.1 Hz), 143.6, 141.6, 136.1 (⁴*J*_{CF} = 3.4 Hz), 130.4 (³*J*_{CF} = 7.7 Hz), 114.5 (²*J*_{CF} = 21.4 Hz), 65.1, 38.8, 31.8, 30.6, 29.2, 25.6, 22.7, 14.1, 0.2. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₃₁FOSi: C, 70.75; H, 9.69. Found: C, 70.67; H, 9.55.

(E)-1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-(isopropoxydimethylsilyl)oct-1-ene [(E)-7]



According to the general procedure, (*E*)-**3a** (132 mg, 0.37 mmol, *Z*:*E* = 11:89) was reacted with 4-fluoroiodobenzene (93 mg, 0.42 mmol). The product **7** (88 mg, 74%, *Z*:*E* = 10:90) was bulb-to-bulb distillation (130 °C/0.6 mmHg). (*E*)-**7**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20-7.26 (m, 2H), 6.98-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 4.04 (septet, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.30-2.35 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.21-1.34 (m, 6H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.27 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.5 (¹*J*_{CF} = 246.0 Hz), 144.1, 137.6, 134.4 (⁴*J*_{CF} = 3.4 Hz), 130.2 (³*J*_{CF} = 7.7 Hz), 115.0 (²*J*_{CF} = 21.4 Hz), 65.1, 31.5, 30.1, 29.73, 29.71, 25.8, 22.6, 14.0, -1.1. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₃₁FOSi: C, 70.75; H, 9.69. Found: C, 70.72; H, 9.90.

General Procedure for Hiyama Coupling of 1-Aryl-2-silyloct-1-enes 5 and 7 with Aryl Iodides: To a THF (0.40 mL) of solution of Pd(dba)₂ (5.8 mg, 10 μ mol) were added Bu₄NF (1.0 M solution in THF, 0.30 mL, 0.30 mmol), Ar-I (0.22 mmol) and 5 or 7 (0.20 mmol). The resulting mixture was heated to 50 °C and stirred for 3 h at the temperature. After cooling to room temperature, water was added to the mixture and the organic layer was extracted with Et₂O. The extracts were dried over anhydrate MgSO₄ and concentrated by rotary evaporator. The coupling products, 1,2-diaryloct-1-enes, were isolated by column chromatography on silica gel.

(Z)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(4-methylphenyl)oct-1-ene [(Z)-6]



According to the general procedure, (*Z*)-**5** (77 mg, 0.24 mmol) was reacted with 4-fluoroiodobenzene (63 mg, 0.28 mmol). The product **6** (47 mg, 66%, *E*:*Z* = > 99:1) was isolated by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexane). (*Z*)-**6**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.08-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.94-7.01 (m, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 2.44 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.20-1.45 (m, 8H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.7 (¹*J*_{CF} = 245.0 Hz), 141.5, 137.4 (⁴*J*_{CF} = 3.4 Hz), 135.8, 134.5, 130.2 (³*J*_{CF} = 7.7 Hz), 128.8, 128.6, 126.4, 115.4 (²*J*_{CF} = 20.5 Hz), 40.6, 31.7, 28.8, 27.9, 22.6, 21.0, 14.1. HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₅F (M⁺): 296.1940, found: 296.1941.

(E)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(4-methylphenyl)oct-1-ene [(E)-6]



According to the general procedure, (*E*)-**5** (74 mg, 0.23 mmol, *Z*:*E* = 14:86) was reacted with 4-fluoroiodobenzene (59 mg, 0.25 mmol). The product **6** (66 mg, 66%, *Z*:*E* = 10:90) was isolated by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexane). (*E*)-**6**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.00-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 2.63-2.68 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.15-1.45 (m, 8H), 0.84 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.0 (¹*J*_{CF} = 245.1 Hz), 141.7, 139.3

 $({}^{4}J_{CF} = 3.4 \text{ Hz}), 136.3, 135.2, 129.0, 128.6, 128.1 ({}^{3}J_{CF} = 7.7 \text{ Hz}), 128.0, 115.1 ({}^{2}J_{CF} = 21.4 \text{ Hz}), 31.5, 30.3, 29.3, 28.6, 22.6, 21.2, 14.0.$ HRMS (EI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₅F (M⁺): 296.1940, found: 296.1942.

(Z)-1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methylphenyl)oct-1-ene [(Z)-8]



According to the general procedure, (*Z*)-**7** (41 mg, 0.13 mmol) was reacted with 4-iodotoluene (30 mg, 0.14 mmol). The product **8** (26 mg, 70%, *E*:*Z* = > 99:1) was isolated by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexane). (*Z*)-**8**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.07-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.98-7.04 (m, 2H), 6.84-6.91 (m, 2H), 6.73-6.80 (m, 2H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 2.42-2.47 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.20-1.43 (m, 8H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.0 (¹*J*_{CF} = 245.0 Hz), 143.4, 138.1, 136.5, 133.8 (⁴*J*_{CF} = 3.4 Hz), 130.4 (³*J*_{CF} = 7.7 Hz), 129.2, 128.4, 124.6, 114.6 (²*J*_{CF} = 21.4 Hz), 40.6, 31.7, 28.9, 27.9, 22.6, 21.2, 14.1. HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₅F (M⁺): 296.1940, found: 296.1938.

(E)-1-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methylphenyl)oct-1-ene [(E)-8]



According to the general procedure, (*E*)-7 (82 mg, 0.26 mmol, *Z*:*E* = 10:90) was reacted with 4-iodotoluene (62 mg, 0.29 mmol). The product **8** (50 mg, 67%, *Z*:*E* = 9:91) was isolated by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexane). (*E*)-**8**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.01-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 2.61-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.15-1.45 (m, 8H), 0.84 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4 (¹*J*_{CF} = 245.0 Hz),

143.3, 140.0, 136.9, 134.5 (${}^{4}J_{CF}$ = 3.4 Hz), 130.3 (${}^{2}J_{CF}$ = 7.7 Hz), 129.1, 126.4, 126.2, 115.0 (${}^{2}J_{CF}$ = 21.2 Hz), 31.5, 30.1, 29.3, 28.7, 22.6, 21.1, 14.0. HRMS (EI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₅F (M⁺): 296.1940, found: 296.1939.

8. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of the compounds that do not have elemental analysis data

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of (E)-**3a-j**, **6**, and **8** are shown in following pages.

























































