B-Alkyl Suzuki couplings for the stereoselective synthesis of substituted pyrans

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General: All reactions were carried out under Ar in flame-dried glassware. IR: Nicolet FT-7199 spectrometer, wavenumbers ($\tilde{\nu}$) in cm⁻¹. MS (EI): Finnigan MAT 8200 (70 eV), ESI-MS: Finnigan MAT 95, accurate mass determinations: Bruker APEX III FT-MS (7 T magnet). The solvents used were purified by distillation over the drying agents indicated and were transferred under Argon: THF, Et₂O (Mg-anthracene), CH₂Cl₂, MeCN, Et₃N (CaH₂), DMF (Desmodur[®], dibutyltin dilaurate), MeOH (Mg), toluene (Na/K). Flash chromatography: Merck silica gel 60 (230-400 mesh). NMR: Spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV 400, or DMX 600 spectrometer in the solvents indicated; chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm, coupling constants (J) in Hz. The solvent signals were used as references (CD₂Cl₂: $\delta_{C} = 54.0$ ppm; residual CH₂Cl₂ in CD_2CI_2 : $\delta_H = 5.32$ ppm; C_6D_6 : $\delta_C = 128.0$ ppm; residual C_6H_6 in C_6D_6 : $\delta_H = 7.15$ ppm; CDCl₃: $\delta_{C} = 77.0$ ppm; residual CHCl₃ in CDCl₃: $\delta_{H} = 7.26$ ppm). Where indicated, the signal assignments are unambiguous; the numbering scheme is arbitrary and is shown in the inserts. The assignments are based upon 1D and 2D spectra recorded using the following pulse sequences from the Bruker standard pulse program library: DEPT; COSY (cosygs and cosydgtp); HSQC (invietgssi) optimized for ${}^{1}J(C,H) = 145$ Hz; HMBC (*inv4qslplrnd*) for correlations via ${}^{n}J(C,H)$; HSQC-TOCSY (*invietgsml*) using an MLEV17 mixing time of 120 ms.

Pyran 7

OTBDPS To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (274 mg, 1.123 mmol, 2.0 eq) in THF (2.8 ml) at room temperature was added alcohol **6** (175 mg, 0.562 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting solution was stirred for 6 h (no starting material by TLC). To the borane thus obtained was added a degassed solution of NaOH (1.0 M, 1.68 ml, 3.0 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **5** (218 mg, 1.120 mmol, 2.0 eq), PdCl₂(dppf) (41 mg, 0.056 mmol, 0.1 eq), and AsPh₃ (17 mg, 0.056 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (2.8 ml) and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were stirred with HCl (1.0 M, 30 ml) for 50 min, the layers were separated, and the organic phase dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (10:1 to 4:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded pyran **7** as a mixture of diastereomers¹ (148 mg, 62%, d.r > 10:1).

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +10.0 (*c* 2.0, CH₂Cl₂). IR (ATR) 2921, 2858, 1697, 1468, 1450, 1410, 1387, 1360, 1326, 1298, 1251, 1167, 1107, 1083, 1006, 977 701, 673 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 – 7.62 (m, 4H), 7.45 – 7.34 (m, 6H), 3.81 – 3.67 (m, 3H), 3.52 (m, 1H), 2.60 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.74 – 1.50 (m, 5H), 1.23 – 1.11 (m, 2H), 1.05 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.8, 135.5, 134.0, 129.5, 127.6, 74.7, 74.3, 60.4, 50.5, 39.3, 31.5, 31.4, 30.9, 26.9, 23.5, 19.2. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₂₆H₃₆O₃NaSi (M + Na)⁺: 447.2323; found 447.2326.

Pyran 9

To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (92 mg, 0.377 mmol, 2.1 eq) in THF (0.9 ml) at room temperature was added alcohol **8** (15 mg, 0.180 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting solution was stirred for 4 h. To the borane thus obtained was added a degassed solution of NaOH (1.0 M, 0.54 ml, 3.0 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **5** (53 mg, 0.270 mmol, 1.5 eq), PdCl₂(dppf) (13 mg, 0.018 mmol, 0.1 eq), and AsPh₃ (6 mg, 0.018 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (0.9 ml) and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were stirred with HCl (1.0 M, 30 ml) for 50 min

¹ Diastereomeric ratios determined by NMR analysis.

and the layers were separated. The organic phase was stirred with a pH = 7 buffer solution (15 ml) and 30% H_2O_2 (5 ml) for 30 min. The layers were separated and the organic phase dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (4:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded pyran **9** (20 mg, 73%, d.r > 10:1) as an oil.

 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -31.8$ (*c* 0.5, CH₂Cl₂). IR (ATR) 1699, 1466, 1371, 1244, 1204, 1091, 1073, 973, 929 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.45 (ddd, *J* = 12.5, 8.0, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.84 - 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.63 - 1.47 (m, 3H), 1.21 - 1.10 (m, 2H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.7, 74.1, 74.0, 50.4, 33.0, 31.2, 31.0, 23.5, 22.1. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₉H₁₆O₂H⁺ (M + H)⁺: 157.1226; found 157.1228.

(+)-(S,S)-(cis-6-methyltetrahydropyran-2-yl)acetic acid (10)

To a solution of pyran **9** (46 mg, 0.293 mmol) in dioxane (2.3 ml) at room temperature was added a sodium hypobromite solution (4.6 ml) (freshly O^{OH} prepared from bromine (1.1 ml), aqueous sodium hydroxide (10%, 28.3 ml) and dioxane (6.67 ml)) and the mixture was stirred vigorously for 3 h. The reaction was quenched with aqueous sodium sulfite (10%, 2.0 ml) and acidified to pH = 1 with HCl (3 M). The mixture was extracted with methyl *tert*-butyl ether (2 x 15 ml) and the combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (4:1 to 2:1 to 1:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded **10** (30 mg, 65%) as an oil.

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +19.1 (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃) [lit.,² $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ +18.6 (*c* 2.77, CHCl₃)] . IR (ATR) 2930, 1714, 1440, 1079, 1040 cm ⁻¹. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.82 – 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.64 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 2.56 (m, 1H), 2.54 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.47 (m, 3H), 1.32 – 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.19 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.8, 74.8, 73.9, 40.9, 32.7, 30.7, 23.0, 22.0. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₈H₁₄O₃Na (M + Na)⁺: 158.0943; found 158.0942.

² P. R. Auburn, P. B. Mackenzie and B. Bosnich, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1985, 107, 2033.

Pyran 12



To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (289 mg, 1.184 mmol, 2.1 eq) in THF (2.8 ml) at room temperature was added allylcyclohexanol (**11**) (79 mg, 0.564 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting solution was stirred overnight. To the borane thus obtained was added a degassed solution of NaOH (1.0

M, 1.41 ml, 2.5 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **5** (110 mg, 0.564 mmol, 1.0 eq), PdCl₂(dppf) (41 mg, 0.056 mmol, 0.1 eq), and AsPh₃ (17 mg, 0.056 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (2.8 ml) and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were stirred with HCl (1.0 M, 30 ml) for 50 min, the layers were separated, and the organic phase dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (4:1 to 2:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded pyran **12** (83 mg, 70%) as an oil.

IR (ATR) 1713, 1443, 1359, 1184, 1101, 1070, 1004, 908, 882, 823, 741, 702 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.95 (m, 1H), 2.63 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.72 - 1.42 (m, 6H), 1.42 - 1.28 (m, 4H), 1.28 - 1.08 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.5, 72.5, 66.7, 50.7, 40.4, 35.4, 31.9, 29.6, 27.2, 26.2, 21.7, 21.2, 19.1. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₁₃H₂₂O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 233.1511; found 233.1512.

Pyran 14



To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (272 mg, 1.115 mmol, 2.1 eq) in THF (2.7 ml) at room temperature was added alcohol **13** (130 mg, 0.531 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting solution was stirred overnight. To the borane thus obtained was added a degassed solution of NaOH (1.0 M, 1.59 ml, 3.0 eq) and the mixture was

stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **5** (155 mg, 1.673 mmol, 1.5 eq), $PdCl_2(dppf)$ (39 mg, 0.053 mmol, 0.1 eq), and $AsPh_3$ (16 mg, 0.053 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (2.7

ml) and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were stirred with HCl (1.0 M, 30 ml) for 50 min, the layers were separated, and the organic phase dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (10:1 to 4:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded pyran **14** (107 mg, 64%, d.r > 10:1) as an oil.

[α]²⁰_D = +33.8 (*c* 1.0, CH₂Cl₂). IR (ATR) 1716, 1462, 1358, 1253, 1086, 1006, 949, 833, 774 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 3.83 (ddd, *J* = 9.6, 8.4, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H(10a)), 3.78 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 7.4, 4.6 Hz, 1H, H(10b)), 3.59 (dddd, *J* = 11.0, 7.8, 5.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H(4)), 2.99 (dt, *J* = 9.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H(8)), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 7.9 Hz, 1H, H(3a)), 2.02 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 4.8 Hz, 1H, H(3b)), 1.91 (dddd, *J* = 13.8, 8.0, 7.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H(9a)), 1.82 (s, 3H, H(1)), 1.54 (dddd, *J* = 13.8, 9.6, 6.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H, H(9b)), 1.48 (ddt, *J* = 13.4, 3.8, 3.0 Hz, 1H, H(6_{eq}.)), 1.34 (ddt, *J* = 13.0, 3.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H(5_{eq}.)), 1.16 (tdq, *J* = 10.4, 6.7, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H(7)), 1.08 (ddt, *J* = 13.0, 10.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H(5_{ax}.)), 1.00 (s, 9H), 0.94 (ddt, *J* = 13.2, 11.6, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H(6_{ax}.)), 0.65 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H, *Me*(7)), 0.11 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 204.9 (C2), 80.3 (C8), 74.2 (C4), 59.9 (C10), 50.1 (C3), 37.0 (C9), 35.2 (C7), 33.0 (C6), 32.3 (C5), 30.4 (C1), 26.2 (*Me*7), 18.5, 17.7, -5.13, -5.19.



HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for $C_{17}H_{34}O_3SiH^+$ (M + H)⁺: 315.2355; found 315.2355.

rac-tetrahydrofuran 16



To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (192 mg, 0.787 mmol, 2.1 eq) OBn in THF (1.9 ml) at room temperature was added alcohol **15** (77 mg, 0.375 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting solution was

stirred 4 h (no starting material by TLC). To the borane thus obtained was added a

degassed solution of NaOH (1.0 M, 1.12 ml, 3.0 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **5** (109 mg, 0.563 mmol, 1.5 eq), PdCl₂(dppf) (27 mg, 0.038 mmol, 0.1 eq), and AsPh₃ (11 mg, 0.038 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (1.9 ml) and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were stirred with HCl (1.0 M, 30 ml) for 50 min, the layers were separated, and the organic phase dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (4:1 to 2:1 to 1:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded tetrahydrofuran **16** (63 mg, 61%, d.r = 1.7:1) as an oil.

IR (ATR) 1714, 1456, 1358, 1255, 1168, 1086, 973, 834, 776, 736, 697 cm⁻¹. Characteristic data for the major isomer: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 1H), 5.09 (m, 2H), 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.27 (m, 1H), 2.56 (dd, *J* = 15.1, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (s, 3H), 1.86 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.15 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 207.2, 171.0, 135.9, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 74.8, 74.9, 66.3, 49.6, 40.8, 32.0, 31.7, 30.7. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₁₆H₂₀O₄H⁺ (M + H)⁺: 277.1437; found 277.1440.

Pyrrolidine 17

To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (112 mg, 0.459 mmol, 2.1 eq) in THF (1.1 ml) at room temperature was added N-allylcarbamate (34 mg, 0.219 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting solution was stirred for 6 h. To the borane thus obtained was added a degassed solution of NaOH (1.0 M, 0.66 ml, 3.0 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **5** (64 mg, 0.328 mmol, 1.5 eq), PdCl₂(dppf) (16 mg, 0.022 mmol, 0.1 eq), and AsPh₃ (7 mg, 0.022 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (1.1 ml) and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (2:1 to 1:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded pyrrolidine **17** (27 mg, 55%) as an oil.

IR (ATR) 1714, 1692, 1455, 1394, 1366, 1255, 1167, 1098, 835, 775, 735, 698 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.14 (br, 1H), 3.32 (br, 2H), 2.45 – 2.30 (m, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.12 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.67 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H). HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₁₂H₂₁NO₃H⁺ (M + H)⁺: 228.1599; found 228.1600.

Alkynone 19

To a solution of amide **18** (1.08 g, 2.80 mmol, 1.0 eq) in THF OTBDPS (5.6 ml) at 0 °C was added a solution of ethynyl magnesium bromide (0.5 M, 6.72 ml, 3.36 mmol, 1.2 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (25 ml) and extracted with methyl *tert*-butyl ether (2 x 20 ml). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (10:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded alkynone **19** (0.86 g, 88%) as an oil.

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = +13.2 (*c* 1.0, CH₂Cl₂). IR (ATR) 1684, 1566, 1462, 1427, 1030, 948, 822, 738, 700 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (m, 4H), 7.46 – 7.35 (m, 6H), 3.92 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (s, 1H), 2.83 (m, 1H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.04 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.5, 135.6, 133.3, 129.7, 127.7, 80.7, 79.1, 65.1, 51.0, 26.7, 19.3, 12.3. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₂₂H₂₆O₂NaSi (M + Na)⁺: 373.1593; found 373.1594.

Vinyl iodide 20

To a solution of alkynone **19** (149 mg, 0.425 mmol, 1.0 eq) in OTBDPS CH_2Cl_2 (4.2 ml) at -78 °C was added TMSI (153 mg, 0.765 mmol, 1.8 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The

reaction was quenched by the addition of an $Et_2O:H_2O$ solution (1:1, 0.75 ml) and allowed to warm to 5 °C. The mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (15 ml) and washed

successively with aq. satd. NaHCO₃ (10 ml) and aq. satd. Na₂S₂O₃ (10 ml). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and filtered before *i*-Pr₂NEt (0.75 ml) was added slowly to the filtrate. The resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h and then washed with HCI (1.0 N, 10 ml) and aq. satd. NaHCO₃ (10 ml). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Rapid purification of the residue by flash chromatography (10:1, hexanes:EtOAc) yielded the sensitive iodide **20** (195 mg, 96%) that was used immediately.

[α]_D²⁰ = +17.8 (*c* 1.0, CH₂Cl₂). IR (ATR) 1693, 1564, 1471, 1427, 1388, 1361, 1105, 1029, 947, 822, 799, 700 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.60 (m, 4H), 7.48 – 7.37 (m, 6H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (m, 1H), 1.05 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.02 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.9, 145.8, 137.2, 134.9, 134.8, 131.3, 129.3, 100.3, 67.6, 48.0, 28.1, 20.6, 14.2. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₂₂H₂₇O₂NaSil (M + Na)⁺: 501.0714; found 501.0717.

Pyran 21



To a solution of 9-BBN dimer (147 mg, 0.602 mmol, 2.1 eq) in THF (1.4 ml) at room temperature was added alcohol **8** (25 mg, 0.287 mmol, 1.0 eq) and the resulting

solution was stirred overnight. To the borane thus obtained was added a degassed solution of NaOH (1.0 M, 0.86 ml, 3.0 eq) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting boronate solution was transferred via syringe to a Schlenk tube containing iodide **20** (137 mg, 0.287 mmol, 1.5 eq), PdCl₂(dppf) (21 mg, 0.029 mmol, 0.1 eq), and AsPh₃ (9 mg, 0.029 mmol, 0.1 eq) in degassed THF (1.4 ml) and the mixture was stirred at 65 °C for 8 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, quenched with aq. NH₄Cl (15 ml) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 ml). The combined organic extracts were stirred with HCl (1.0 M, 30 ml) for 50 min, the layers were separated, and the organic phase dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (10:1 to 4:1, hexanes:EtOAc) afforded pyran **21** (68 mg, 54%) along with the minor diastereomer **22** (11 mg, 9%) as an oil.

 $[α]_D^{20} = -28.6$ (*c* 1.0, CH₂Cl₂). IR (ATR) 1712, 1567, 1471, 1388, 1370, 1110, 1074, 1019, 998, 823, 739, 700 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 – 7.62 (m, 4H), 7.45 – 7.35 (m, 6H), 3.81 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (m, 1H), 3.65 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (m, 1H), 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.81 (dd, *J* = 16.1, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (dd, *J* = 16.1, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70 – 1.40 (m, 3H), 1.20 – 1.09 (m, 2H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.8, 135.6, 133.5, 133.4, 129.7, 127.7, 74.1, 73.9, 66.1, 49.5, 49.3, 33.1, 31.4, 26.8, 23.5, 22.1, 19.2, 12.7. HRMS (ESI+): calcd. for C₂₇H₃₈O₃NaSi (M + Na)⁺: 461.2486; found 461.2482.

Pyran 22



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 – 7.62 (m, 4H), 7.45 – 7.35 (m, 6H), 4.31 (m, 1H), 3.87 (m, 1H), 3.81 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.84 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 1.75 – 1.57 (m, 4H), 1.36 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.15 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.7, 135.6, 134.8, 129.7, 127.7, 67.4, 67.2, 66.1, 48.4, 46.7, 31.3, 29.8, 26.8, 19.5, 19.2, 18.2, 12.9.























ppm (f1)