

SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR *CHEM. COMMUN.*

Direct, facile synthesis of *N*-acyl- α -amino amides from α -keto esters and ammonia

Rukundo Ntaganda,^a Tamara Milovic,^a Jorge Tiburcio^b and Avinash N. Thadani^{a*}

^a Department of Chemistry & Biochemistry, University of Windsor
401 Sunset Avenue, Windsor, Ontario N9B 3P4, CANADA
email: athadani@uwindsor.ca

^b Departamento de Química, Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados,
Avenida IPN 2508, Zacatenco 07360, México, D. F., México
email: jtiburcio@cinvestav.mx

EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES, OPTIMIZATION STUDIES, CHARACTERIZATION DATA and NMR SPECTRA

Table of Contents

General Information	S1
Preparation of α -keto esters	S2
General procedure for the Synthesis of <i>N</i> -acyl- α -amino amides 2 from α -keto esters (Table 2)	S3
Optimization Studies	S4
Characterization Data	S5
References	S11
¹ H and ¹³ C NMR Spectra of 2	S12

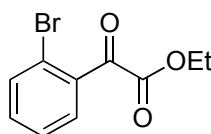
General Information. Ethyl benzoyl formate (**1a**), ethyl pyruvate (**1l**) and ethyl 3-methyl-2-oxobutyrate (**1m**) were purchased from Aldrich. α -Keto esters **1b**, **1c**, **1e**, **1g** and **1h** were prepared as previously described.¹ α -Keto esters **1n** was synthesized from phenyl pyruvic acid as previously described.² α -Keto esters **1d**, **1f**, **1i-k** were prepared according to the procedure developed by Shimizu and Murakami.¹ All other reagents were used as received (Aldrich, Acros). MeOH was dried over magnesium methoxide and distilled prior to use. Melting points are uncorrected, and were measured on a Fisher-Johns melting point apparatus. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at 300 or 500 MHz and 75 or 125 MHz respectively on a Bruker Spectrospin 300 or 500 MHz spectrometer. Proton chemical shifts were internally referenced to the residual proton resonance in (CD₃)₂SO or CD₃OD (δ 2.50 and 3.31 respectively). Carbon chemical shifts were internally referenced to the deuterated solvent signals in (CD₃)₂SO or CD₃OD (δ 39.52 and 49.00 respectively). Infrared spectra were obtained on a Bruker VECTOR22 FT-IR spectrometer.

I. Preparation of α -keto esters

α -Keto esters **1d**, **1f**, **1i-k** were prepared by exactly following the procedure developed by Shimizu and Murakami:¹

A solution of the aryl boronic acid (0.60 mmol, 1.2 equiv), H₃BO₂ (1.00 mmol, 2.0 equiv), [Rh(OH)(cod)]₂ (0.0125 mmol, 2.5 mol%) and ethyl cyanofornate (0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in 1,4-dioxane (1.0 mL) was stirred for 30 min at rt and then at 60 °C for 3 h under argon. The reaction mixture was then cooled to rt and diluted with EtOAc (10 mL) and citric acid (10% in water, 5.0 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (10 mL x 3). The combined organic extracts was washed with water (5 mL), brine (5 mL), dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude α -keto ester, which was subsequently purified by silica gel chromatography (hexanes/EtOAc).

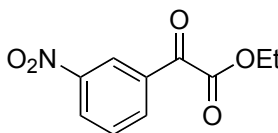
Ethyl 2-(2-bromophenyl)-2-oxoacetate (**1d**)



1d

1d isolated as a brown oil: ¹H NMR [C₆D₆, 500 MHz] δ 7.41 (1H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 7.07 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.67 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.58 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 3.98 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.88 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR [C₆D₆, 75 MHz] δ 187.43, 162.88, 136.29, 133.60, 131.81, 130.18, 130.02, 121.71, 62.48, 18.62.

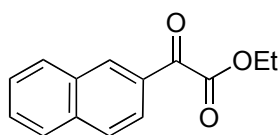
Ethyl 2-(3-nitrophenyl)-2-oxoacetate (**1f**)



1f

1f isolated as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR [CDCl₃, 300 MHz] δ 8.86 (1H, s), 8.51 – 8.47 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 8.48 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.75 (1H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 4.48 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.44 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75 MHz) δ 183.63, 162.25, 148.49, 135.58, 134.01, 130.34, 128.94, 125.04, 63.15, 14.12.

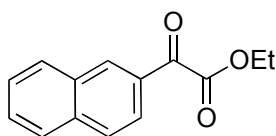
Ethyl 2-(naphthalen-1-yl)-2-oxoacetate (**1i**)



1i

1i isolated as a pale yellow solid: m.p. = 79-82 °C; ^1H NMR [CDCl_3 , 300 MHz] δ 9.04 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 8.13 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.96 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.93 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.73 – 7.68 (1H, m), 7.63 – 7.54 (2H, m), 4.50 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.45 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [CDCl_3 , 75 MHz] δ 188.90, 164.67, 135.83, 134.04, 133.92, 131.09, 129.31, 128.80, 128.40, 127.10, 125.71, 124.36, 62.43, 14.20.

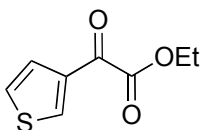
Ethyl 2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-oxoacetate (**1j**)



1j

1j isolated as a dark brown oil; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 300 MHz) δ 8.55 (1H, s), 8.04 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.97 – 7.85 (3H, m), 7.76 – 7.53 (2H, m), 4.52 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.46 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 75 MHz) δ 186.46, 164.06, 136.44, 133.57, 132.35, 130.08, 129.90, 129.67, 129.03, 128.01, 127.26, 124.03, 62.50, 14.26.

Ethyl 2-oxo-2-(thiophen-3-yl)acetate (**1k**)



1k

1k isolated as a yellow oil; ^1H NMR (C_6D_6 , 300 MHz) δ 8.14 (1H, dd, J = 3.0, 1.0 Hz), 7.53 (1H, dd, J = 5.0, 1.0 Hz), 6.50 (1H, dd, J = 5.0, 3.0 Hz), 3.89 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.87 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); ^{13}C NMR (C_6D_6 , 75 MHz) δ 182.13, 162.97, 138.24, 137.21, 125.21, 124.59, 61.96, 13.35.

II. General experimental procedure for the synthesis of *N*-acyl- α -amino amides (Table 2)

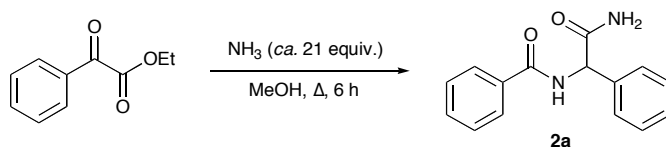
CAUTION: The procedure described below generates pressure in a closed reaction vessel. The reaction vessel should be placed behind a blast shield in a well-ventilated fume hood.

To a solution of ammonia in methanol (*ca.* 7M in MeOH, 3.0 mL, *ca.* 21 equiv.) in a Swagelock[®] 50 mL stainless steel cylinder or an Ace[®] pressure tube was added the α -keto ester (1.00 mmol). The cylinder (or tube) was sealed and heated in an oil bath at 60 °C or 80 °C for 6 h or 12 h respectively. The cylinder (or tube) was then removed and allowed to cool to room temperature (1 h), and then cooled further in a –40 °C bath. The Swagelock[®] cylinder (or pressure tube) was opened and the contents were transferred to a small Erlenmeyer flask (50 mL). A steady stream of air was blown over the reaction mixture until some precipitation was observed. The reaction mixture was then heated slightly to redissolve all solid matter, and allowed to stand at room

temperature for 2 h. The precipitated product was filtered off through a scintered glass funnel, and washed with ice-cold methanol (*ca.* 5 ml).

II. Optimization Studies

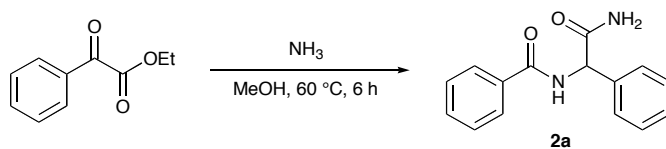
Table 3. Effect of Reaction Time and Temperature on the Isolated Yield of **2a**



Entry	Temperature/°C	Time/h	Yield/% ^a
1	20	6	<10
2	20	18	13
3	35	6	15
4	35	18	29
5	50	6	63
6	50	18	80
7	60	6	90
8	60	18	82
9	90	6	84
10	90	18	68

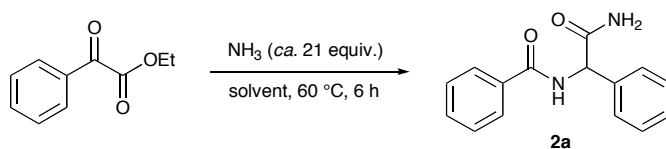
^a Isolated Yield

Table 4. Effect of Equivalence of Ammonia on the Isolated Yield of **2a**



Entry	Equivalence of Ammonia ^b	Yield/% ^a
1	3	9
2	7	17
3	14	49
4	21	90

^a Isolated Yield; ^b Approximate

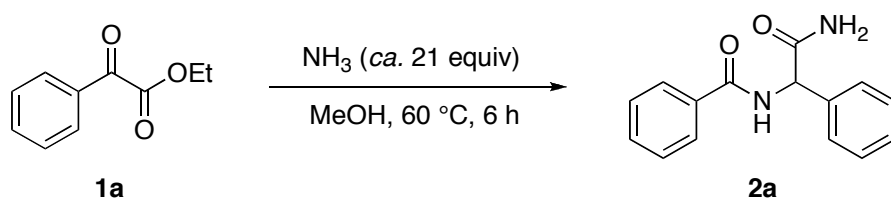
Table 5. Effect of Solvent on the Isolated Yield of **2a**

Entry	Solvent ^b	Yield/% ^a
1	H ₂ O	29
2	MeOH	90
3	EtOH	84
4	PhCH ₃	<10
5	DMSO	<10
6	THF	24
7	DME	34

^a Isolated Yield; ^b Solutions of ca. 7M ammonia were made by adding the appropriate volume of liquid ammonia to the solvent.

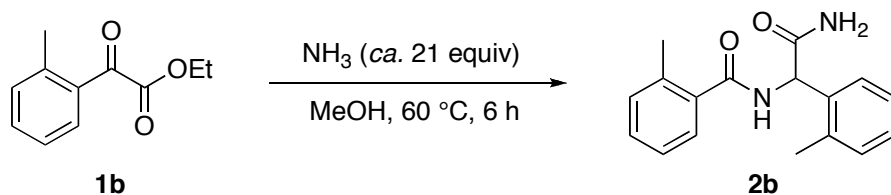
III. Characterization Data

N-(2-Amino-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)benzamide (**2a**)³



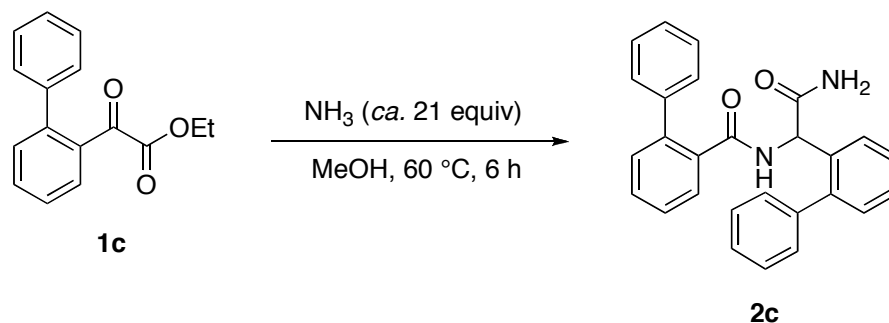
2a isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 199-201 °C (MeOH); ¹H NMR [(CD₃)₂SO, 500 MHz] δ 8.70 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.91 (2H, d, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 7.90 (1H, br s), 7.57 – 7.50 (3H, m), 7.46 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.36 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.30 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 7.24 (1H, br s), 5.63 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 75 MHz) δ 172.16, 166.42, 139.30, 134.47, 131.89, 128.72 (two signals overlapped), 128.10, 127.98 (two signals overlapped), 56.42; IR (KBr) ν 3372, 3321, 3169, 3056, 1698, 1650 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) *m/z*. calcd. for C₁₅H₁₄N₂O₂ (M⁺) 254.1055, found 254.1057.

N-[2-Amino-1-(2-methylphenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-methylbenzamide (**2b**)



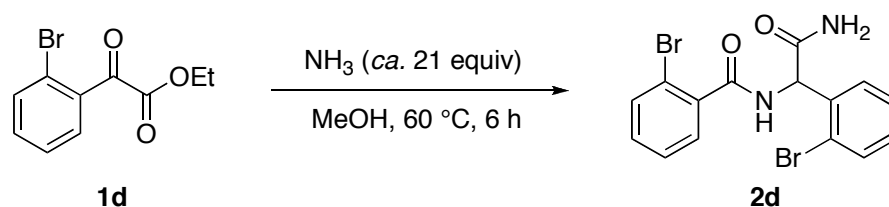
2b isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 205-207 °C (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 500 MHz] δ 8.62 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.48 (1H, br s), 7.43 – 7.28 (3H, m), 7.25 – 7.13 (6H, m), 5.74 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.32 (3H, s); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 172.06, 168.69, 136.75, 136.60 (two signals overlapped), 135.35, 130.24, 130.14, 129.29, 127.58, 127.52, 127.35, 125.86, 125.28, 53.70, 19.38, 19.11; IR (KBr) ν 3431, 3284, 1680, 1629 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 282.1368, found 282.1366.

***N*-[2-Amino-1-(biphenyl-2-yl)-2-oxoethyl]biphenyl-2-carboxamide (2c)**

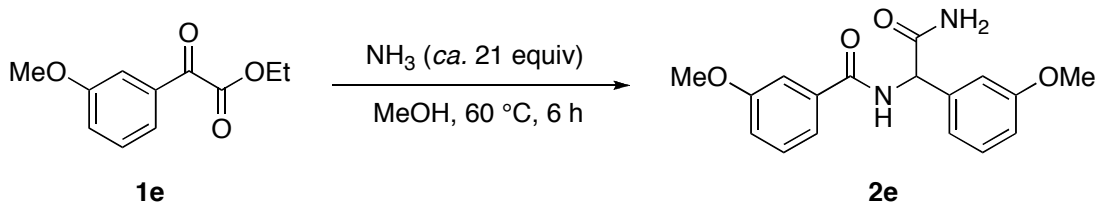


2c isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 108-109 °C (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 8.78 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.55 – 7.15 (19H, m), 6.83 (1H, br s), 5.42 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 172.03, 168.39, 141.85, 140.41, 140.01, 139.35, 136.26, 135.32, 129.89, 129.75, 129.45, 129.21, 128.35, 128.28, 128.08, 128.04, 127.90, 127.51, 127.43, 127.06, 126.97, 126.79, 54.21; IR (KBr) ν 3430, 3253, 3057, 1689, 1631 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 406.1681, found 406.1684.

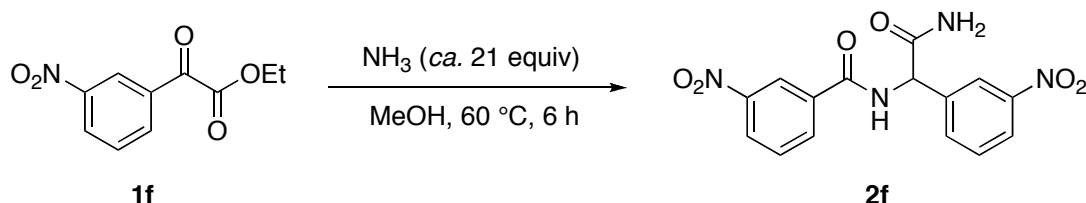
***N*-[2-Amino-1-(2-bromophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-bromobenzamide (2d)**



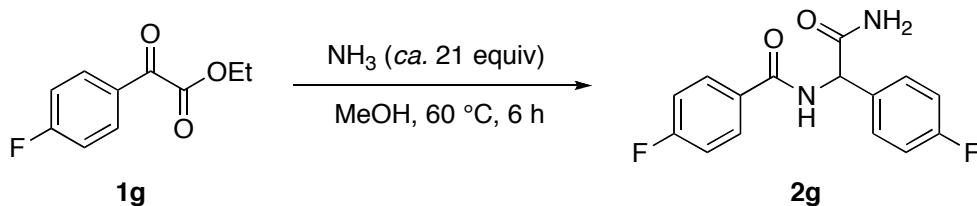
2d isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 181-183 °C (MeOH); ^1H NMR (CD_3OD , 300 MHz) δ 7.70 – 7.15 (11H, m), 6.05 (1H, s); ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD , 75 MHz) δ 173.49, 169.91, 138.77, 137.47, 134.14, 134.06, 132.23, 130.99, 130.53, 130.00, 128.86, 128.37, 125.43, 120.33, 58.41; IR (KBr) ν 3433, 3304, 1669, 1621 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{Br}^{79}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 409.9266, found 409.9261.

***N*-[2-Amino-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-methoxybenzamide (2e)**

2e isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 144-146 °C (MeOH); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CD_3OD , 300 MHz) δ 7.47 – 7.25 (4H, m), 7.13 – 7.05 (3H, m), 6.93 – 6.87 (1H, m), 5.64 (1H, s) [N-H signals absent]; $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (CD_3OD , 75 MHz) δ 175.02, 169.61, 161.60, 161.42, 140.60, 136.69, 130.97, 130.83, 121.10, 120.78, 119.02, 115.02, 114.57, 113.92, 59.03, 56.03, 55.88; IR (KBr) ν 3303, 3154, 1697, 1630 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ (M^+) 314.1267, found 314.1266.

***N*-[2-Amino-1-(3-Nitrophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-nitrobenzamide (2f)**

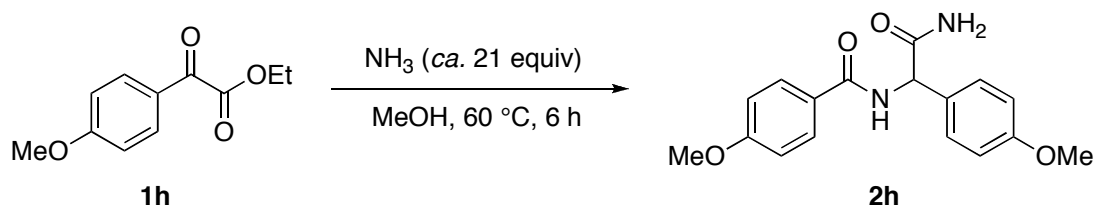
2f isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 178-179 °C (MeOH); $^1\text{H NMR}$ [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 9.55 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 8.78 (1H, t, $J = 2.0$ Hz), 8.46 (1H, t, $J = 2.0$ Hz), 8.40 – 8.25 (2H, m), 8.20 (1H, dt, $J = 8.0, 2.0$ Hz), 8.00 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 7.93 (1H, br s), 7.82 – 7.62 (2H, m), 7.43 (1H, br s), 5.84 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 170.60, 164.34, 147.74, 147.63, 140.69, 135.13, 134.70, 134.37, 129.99, 129.90, 126.15, 122.71, 122.65, 122.53, 56.41; IR (KBr) ν 3310, 3150, 1698, 1635, 1606, 1535, 1348 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$ (M^+) 344.0757, found 344.0760.

***N*-[2-Amino-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-fluorobenzamide (2g)**

2g isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 202-204 °C (MeOH); $^1\text{H NMR}$ [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 8.72 (1H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 7.87 (2H, app t, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 7.60 (1H, br s), 7.44 (2H, app t, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 7.30 – 7.00 (5H, m), 5.50 (1H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 171.59, 165.03, 164.47 (d, $J = 182$ Hz), 161.21 (d, $J = 177$ Hz), 134.96, 134.93, 130.43 (d, $J = 9$ Hz), 129.67 (d, $J = 8$ Hz), 115.20 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 114.92 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 56.21; IR (KBr) ν 3425, 3338, 1699,

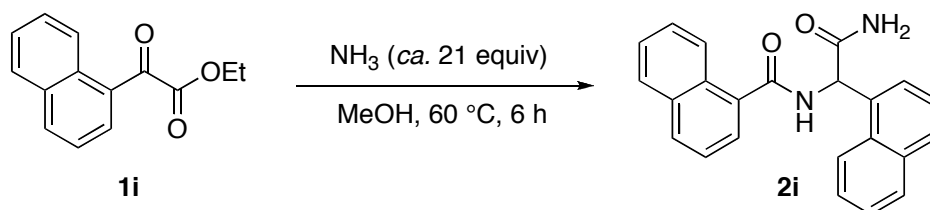
1637 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 290.0867, found 290.0869. [app = apparent]

N-[2-Amino-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-methoxybenzamide (**2h**)



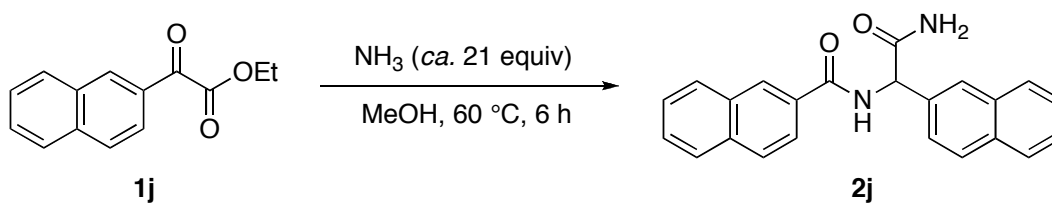
2h isolated as a clear, colourless, crystalline solid: m.p. = 253-255 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 8.48 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.91 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.63 (1H, br s), 7.44 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.20 (1H, br s), 6.99 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 5.56 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.74 (3H, s); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 172.20, 165.28, 161.70, 158.70, 130.98, 129.46, 128.74, 126.22, 113.63, 113.40, 56.16, 55.33, 55.10; IR (KBr) ν 3365, 3321, 1696, 1646, 1622 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ (M^+) 314.1267, found 314.1267.

N-[2-Amino-1-(naphthalen-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-1-naphthamide (**2i**)



2i isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 245-247 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 9.22 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 8.40 – 8.28 (2H, m), 8.05 – 7.90 (4H, m), 7.81 (1H, br s), 7.75 – 7.42 (9H, m), 6.54 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 171.99, 168.19, 134.16, 134.05, 133.41, 132.96, 131.26, 129.81, 129.73, 128.57, 128.24, 128.03, 126.50, 126.37, 126.03, 125.75, 125.70, 125.53, 125.41, 125.27, 124.74, 123.57, 53.65; IR (KBr) ν 3445, 3286, 1685, 1633 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 354.1368, found 354.1367.

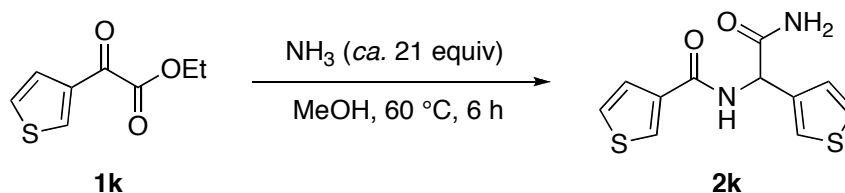
N-[2-Amino-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-naphthamide (**2j**)



2j isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 230-232 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 9.06 (1H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 8.65 (1H, br s), 8.30 – 7.65 (10H, m), 7.60 – 7.25 (5H, m), 5.94 (1H, d, J =

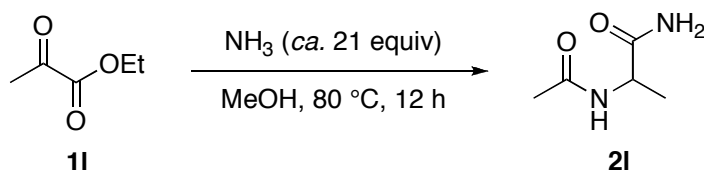
7.0 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 171.74, 166.10, 136.39, 134.27, 132.75, 132.46, 132.12, 131.25, 128.93, 128.00, 127.89, 127.80 (2 signals overlapped), 127.68, 127.61, 127.55, 126.70, 126.38, 126.32, 126.09, 125.89, 124.55, 57.17; IR (KBr) ν 3301, 3142, 1678, 1645 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 354.1368, found 354.1370.

N-[2-Amino-2-oxo-1-(thiophen-3-yl)ethyl]thiophene-3-carboxamide (**2k**)



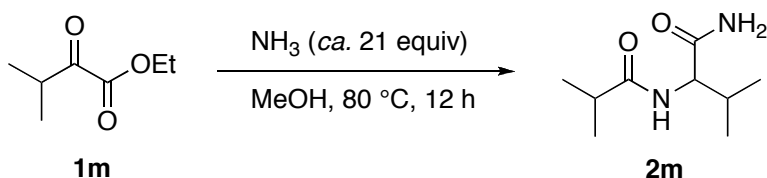
2k isolated as a clear, crystalline solid: m.p. = 216-218 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 8.63 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.35 (1H, t, J = 1.0 Hz), 7.69 (1H, br s), 7.65 – 7.47 (4H, m), 7.28 – 7.22 (2H, m), 5.73 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 172.09, 162.13, 139.60, 137.62, 129.94, 127.87, 127.80, 126.97, 126.58, 123.28, 53.16; IR (KBr) ν 3386, 3276, 1678, 1633 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}_2$ (M^+) 266.0184, found 266.081.

2-Acetamidopropanamide (**2l**)⁴



2l isolated as a clear, crystalline solid: m.p. = 157-159 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 7.96 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.33 (1H, br s), 6.97 (1H, br s), 4.17 (1H, pentet, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.81 (3H, s), 1.15 (3H, d, J = 7.5 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 174.78, 169.15, 48.04, 22.61, 18.36; IR (KBr) ν 3338, 3267, 1697, 1611 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 130.0742, found 130.0742.

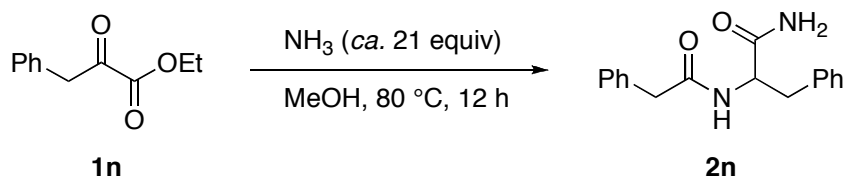
3-Methyl-2-[(2-Methylpropanoyl)amino]butanamide (**2m**)



2m isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 175-177 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 300 MHz] δ 7.64 (1H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.37 (1H, br s), 7.01 (1H, br s), 4.11 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 7.0 Hz), 2.53 (1H, heptet, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.94 (1H, octet, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.99 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.96 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.84 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 0.82 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 176.13,

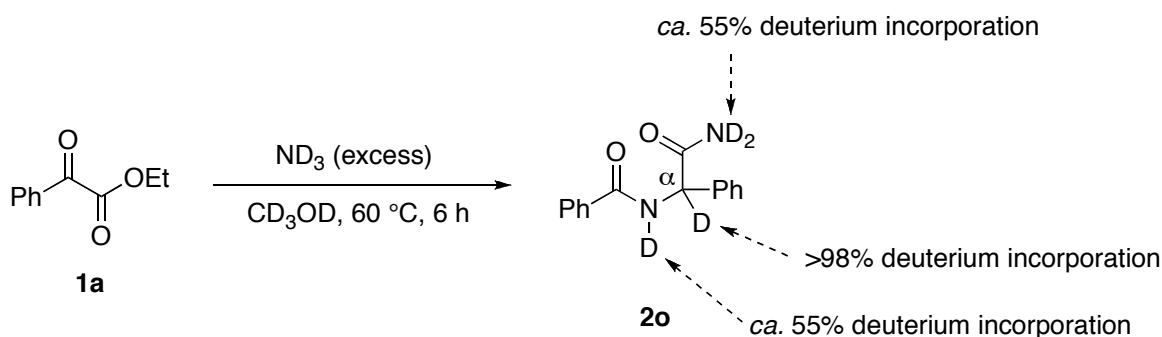
173.34, 57.14, 33.63, 30.41, 20.07, 19.32, 19.25, 18.01; IR (KBr) ν 3335, 3270, 1690, 1638 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 186.1368, found 186.1370.

3-Phenyl-2-(2-phenylacetamido)propanamide (**2n**)⁵



2n isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 204-206 $^\circ\text{C}$ (MeOH); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 500 MHz] δ 8.19 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.46 (1H, br s), 7.25 – 7.13 (8H, m), 7.09 (2H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 7.05 (1H, br s), 4.46 (1H, app dt, $J = 9.0, 4.5$ Hz), 3.43 (1H, d, $J = 14.0$ Hz), 3.37 (1H, d, $J = 14.0$ Hz), 3.01 (1H, dd, $J = 13.5, 4.5$ Hz), 2.77 (1H, dd, $J = 13.5, 9.5$ Hz); ^{13}C NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 75 MHz] δ 173.10, 169.80, 137.98, 136.31, 129.18, 128.94, 128.00 (two signals overlapped), 126.15 (two signals overlapped), 53.76, 42.12, 37.73; IR (KBr) ν 3380, 3297, 1637 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (EI) m/z calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ (M^+) 282.1368, found 282.1364. [app = apparent]

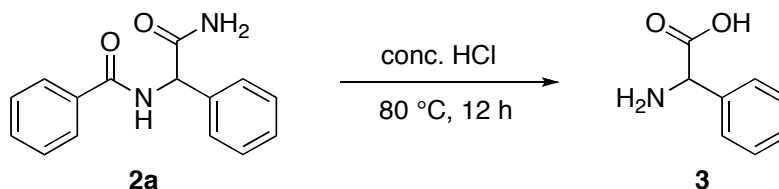
Deuterated **2o**



2o isolated as a white solid: m.p. = 178-180 $^\circ\text{C}$ (CD_3OD); ^1H NMR [$(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{SO}$, 500 MHz] δ 8.78 (0.45H, br s), 7.98 (2H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz), 7.80 (0.45H, br s), 7.65 – 7.15 (8.45H, m), 5.72 (0.01H, m); ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD , 75 MHz) δ 171.87, 166.10, 138.77, 134.00, 131.53, 128.34 (two signals overlapped), 127.69 (two signals overlapped), 127.57, 56.61 (t, $J = 20$ Hz).

The deuterium incorporation at the α -position was calculated by integrating the ^1H NMR signal at δ 5.72 versus the aromatic signals. The deuterium incorporation of the amide protons were calculated by integrating the ^1H NMR signal at δ 8.78 or 7.80 versus the aromatic signals

2-Amino-2-phenylacetic acid [2-Phenylglycine] (**3**)⁶



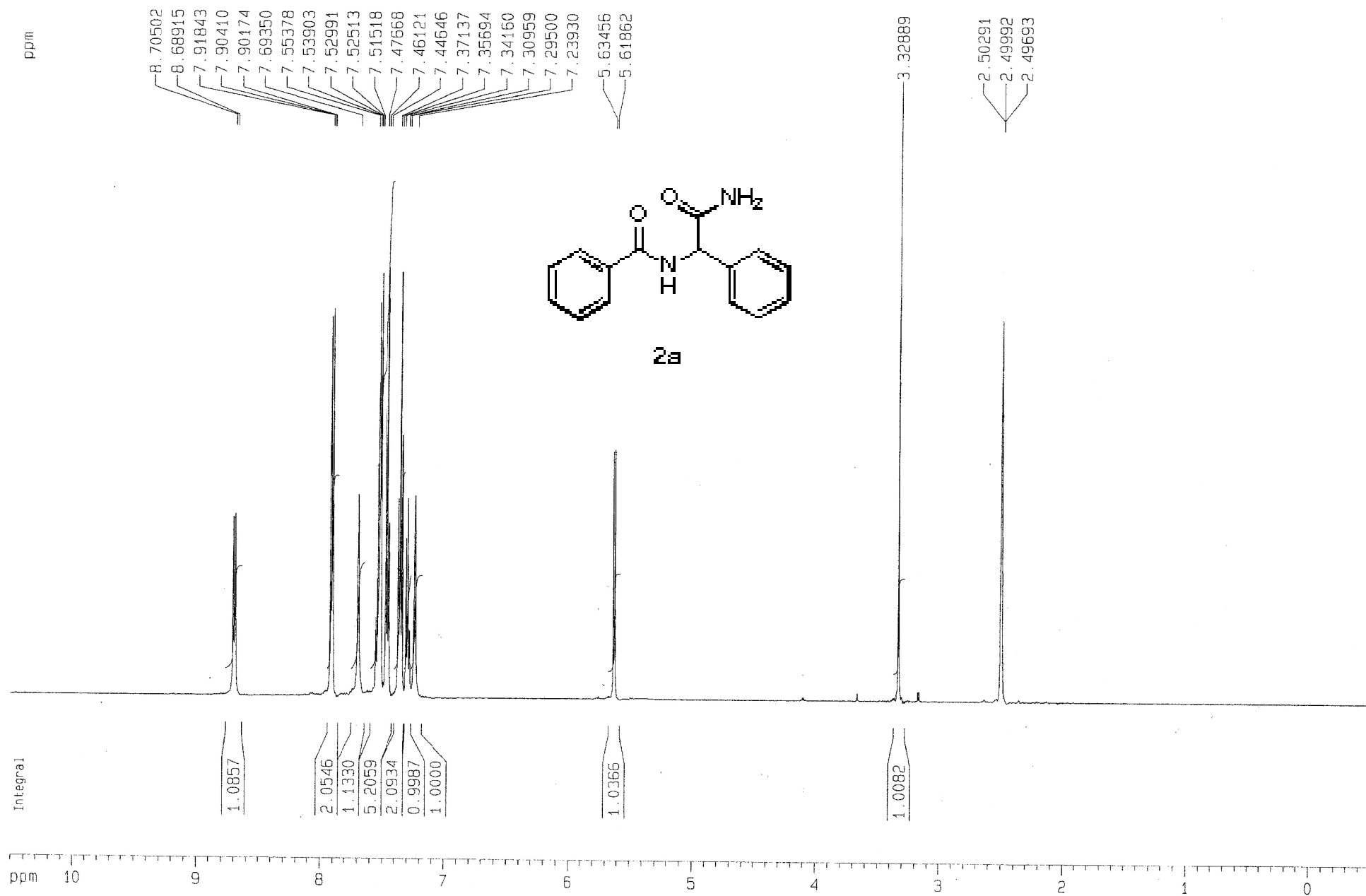
A solution of **2a** (254 mg, 1.00 mmol) in concentrated, aqueous HCl (1 mL) was refluxed for 12 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured into a column containing Dowex 50W-X8 (15 mL, acid form, 50-100 mesh). The column first washed with 50% aqueous isopropanol (50 mL), and the water (50 mL). The amino acid was then eluted with aqueous ammonia (1 M). The eluent was collected and all volatiles were removed *in vacuo* to afford **3** (130 mg, 94%) as a white solid.

3: m.p. = 285-290 °C (H₂O); ¹H NMR [DCI/D₂O/(CD₃)₂SO, 300 MHz] δ 8.10 (3H, s), 7.25 – 7.07 (5H, m), 4.80 (1H, s); ¹³C NMR [DCI/D₂O/(CD₃)₂SO, 75 MHz] δ 171.83, 133.97, 132.89, 132.13, 130.92, 58.55.

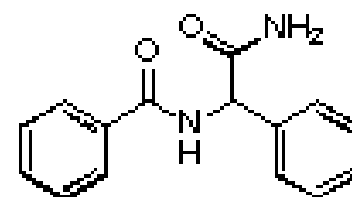
References

1. H. Shimizu and M. Murakami, *Chem. Commun.*, 2007, 2855.
2. J. M. Domagala, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1980, **21**, 4997.
3. W. R. Roderick and P. L. Bhatia, *J. Org. Chem.*, 1963, **28**, 2018.
4. R. Pascal, A. Rousset and A. Commeyras, *New. J. Chem.*, 1989, **13**, 205.
5. H. Yanagawa, Y. Makino, K. Sato, M. Nishizawa and F. Egami, *Origins of Life*, 1984, **14**, 163.
6. M. Kitamura, D. Lee, S. Hayashi, S. Tanaka and M. Yoshimura, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2002, **67**, 8685.

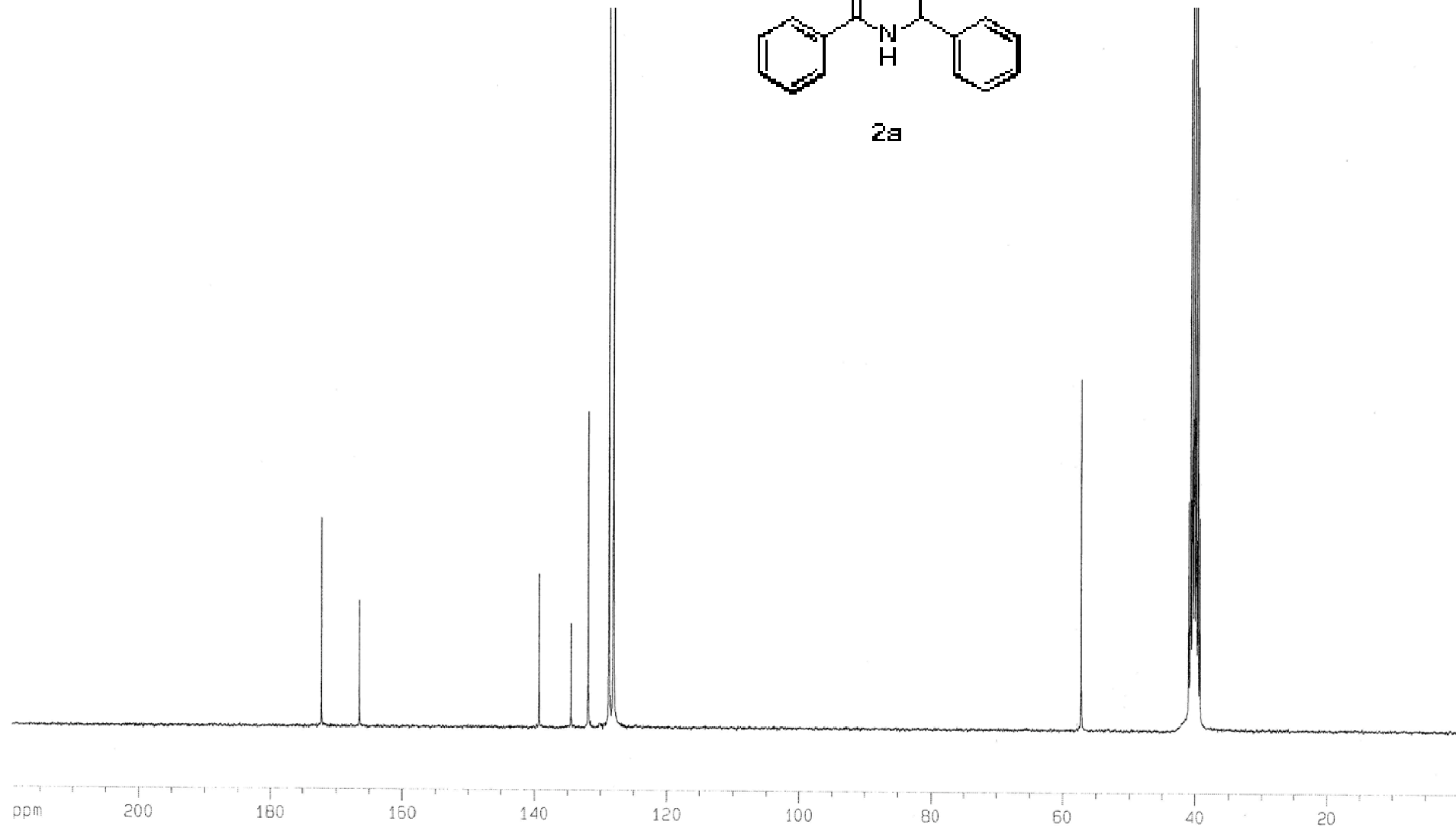
^1H and ^{13}C NMR Spectra of **2** and **3**

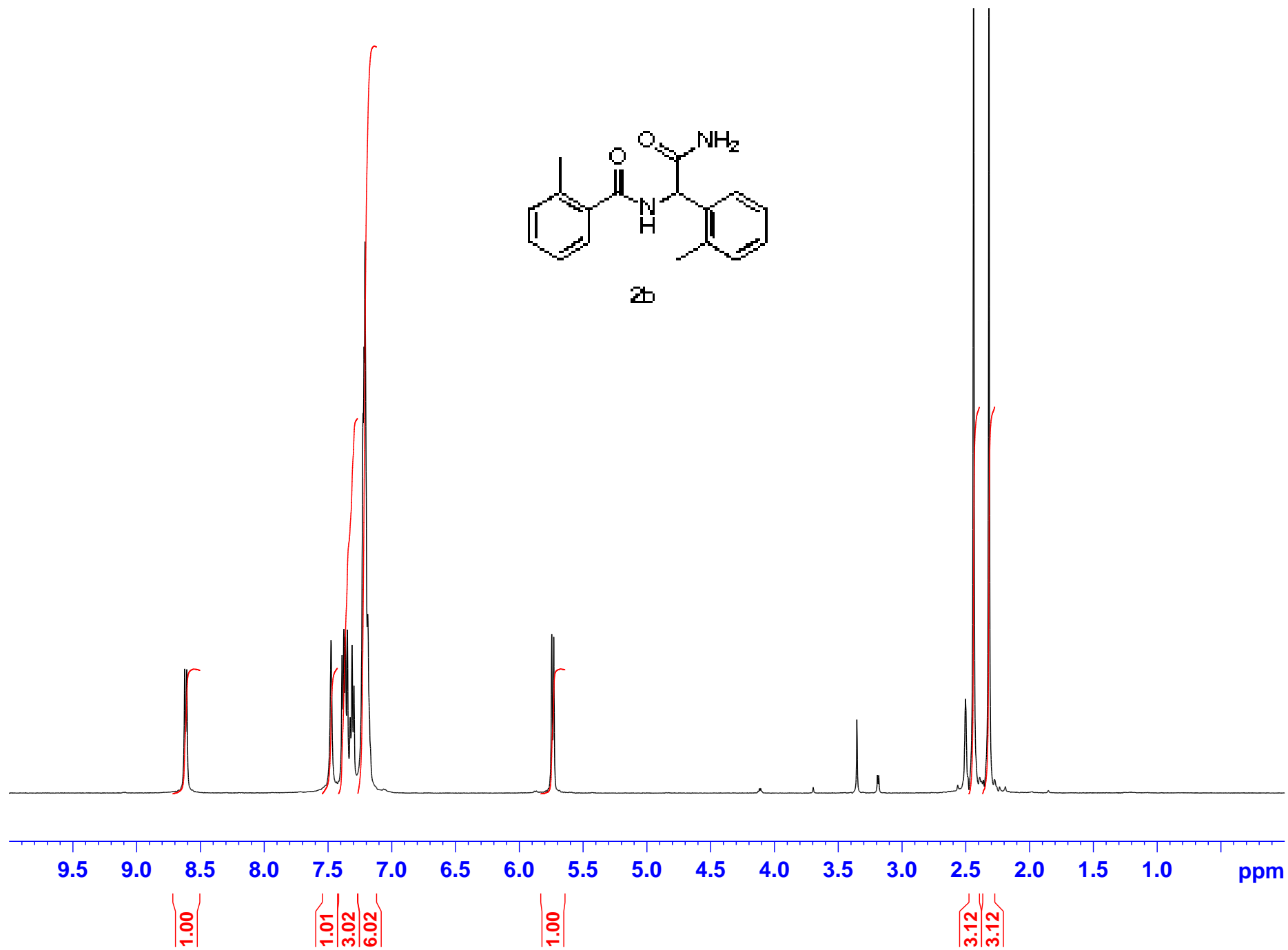
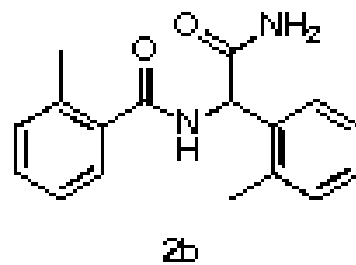


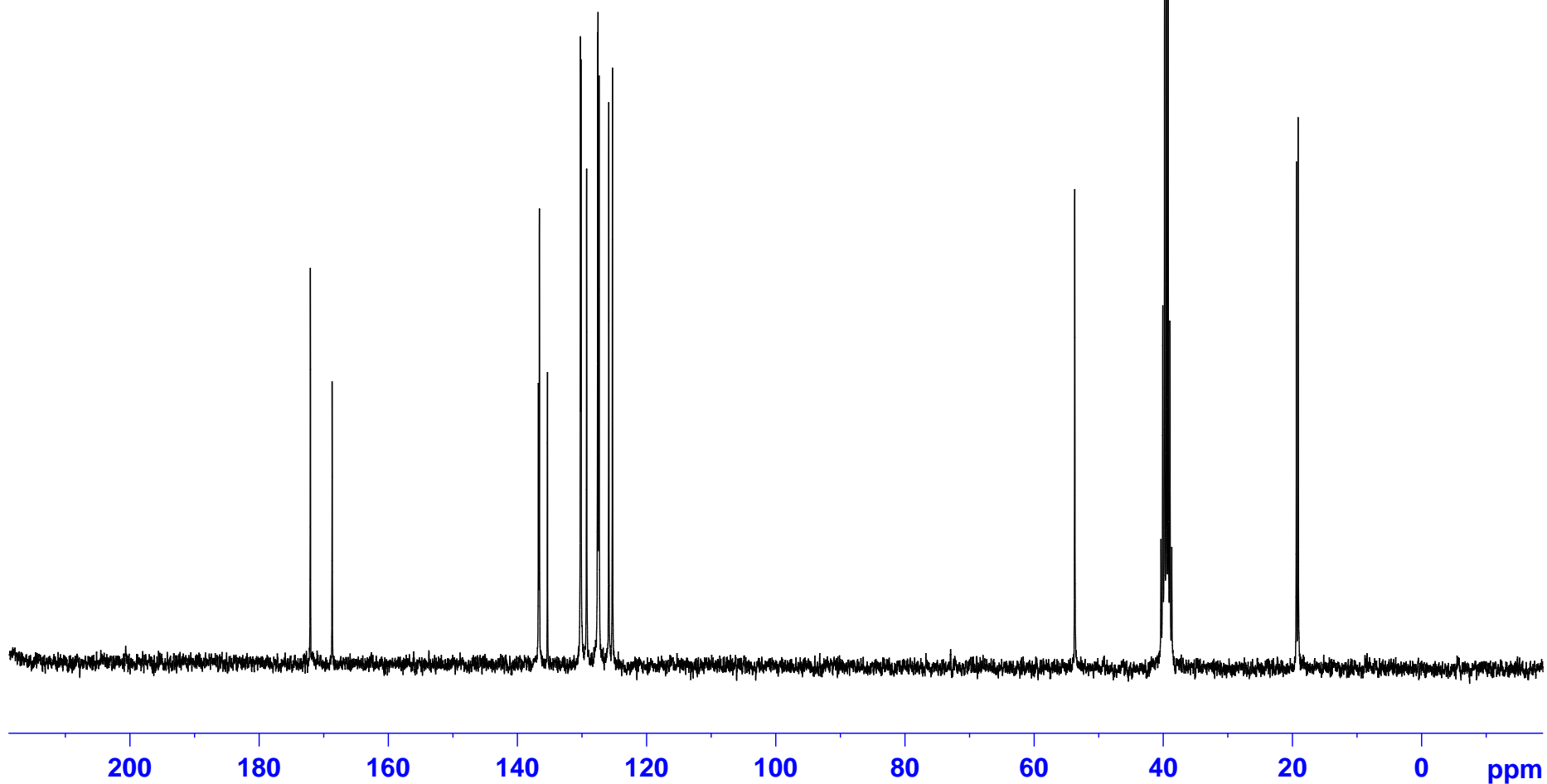
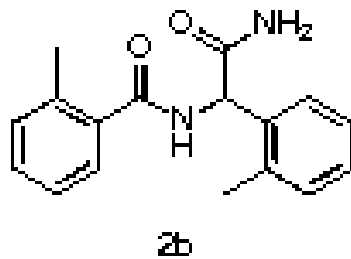
ppm

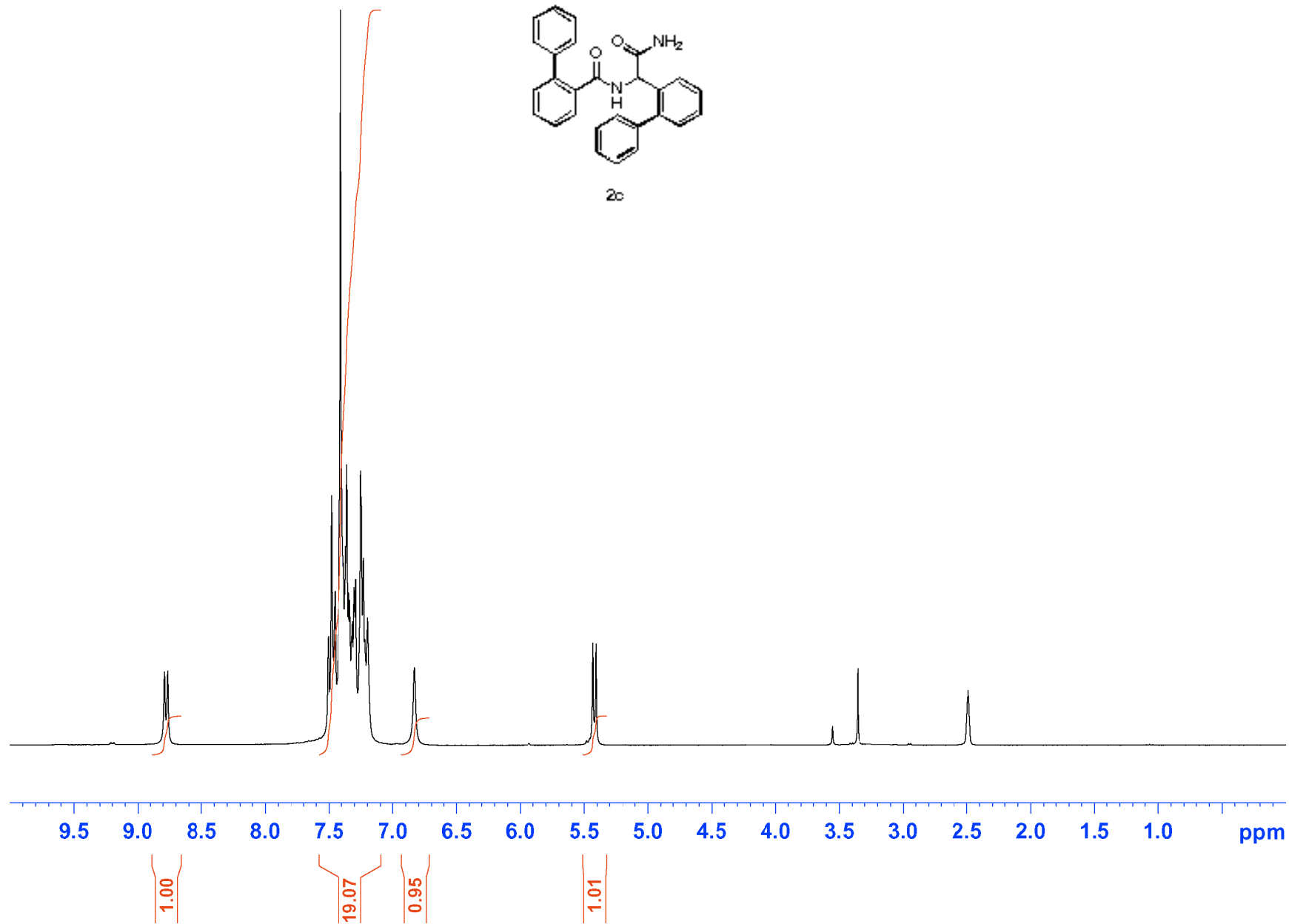
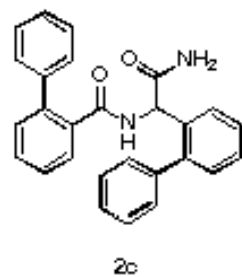


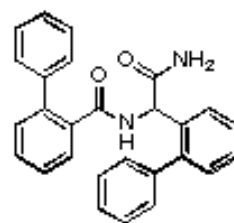
2a



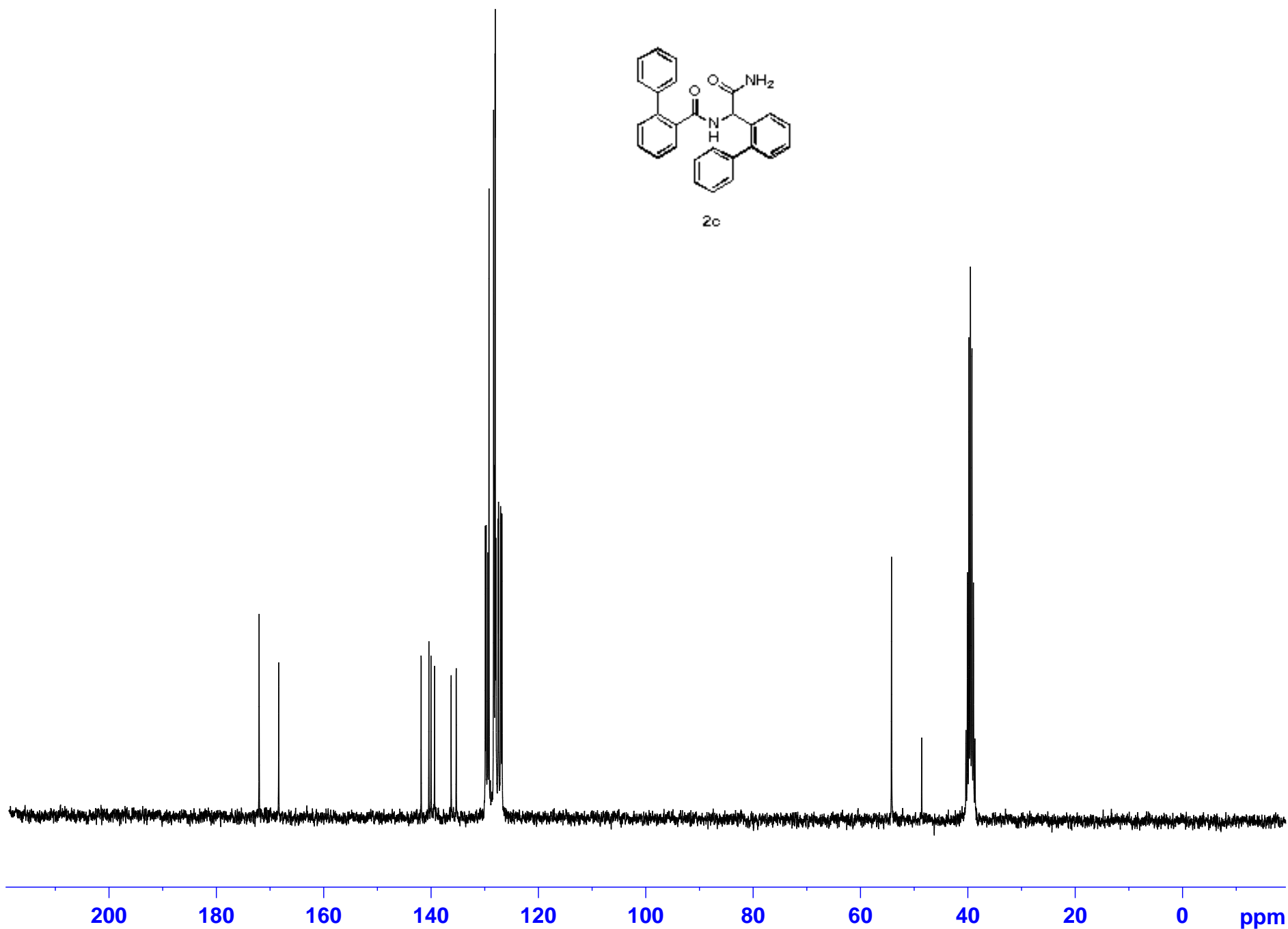


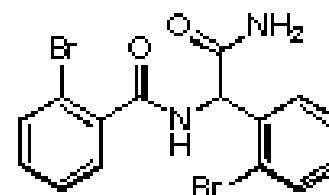




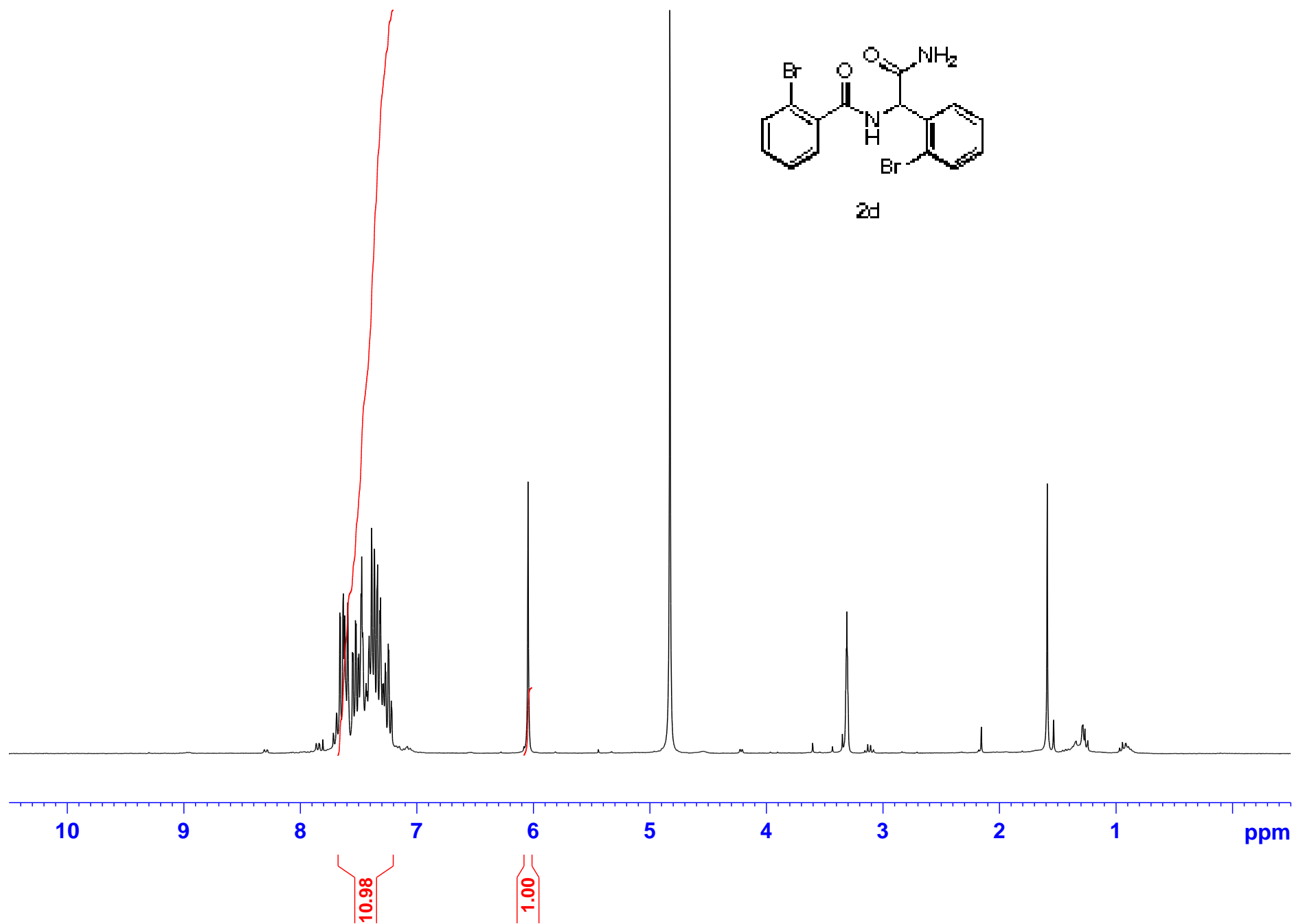


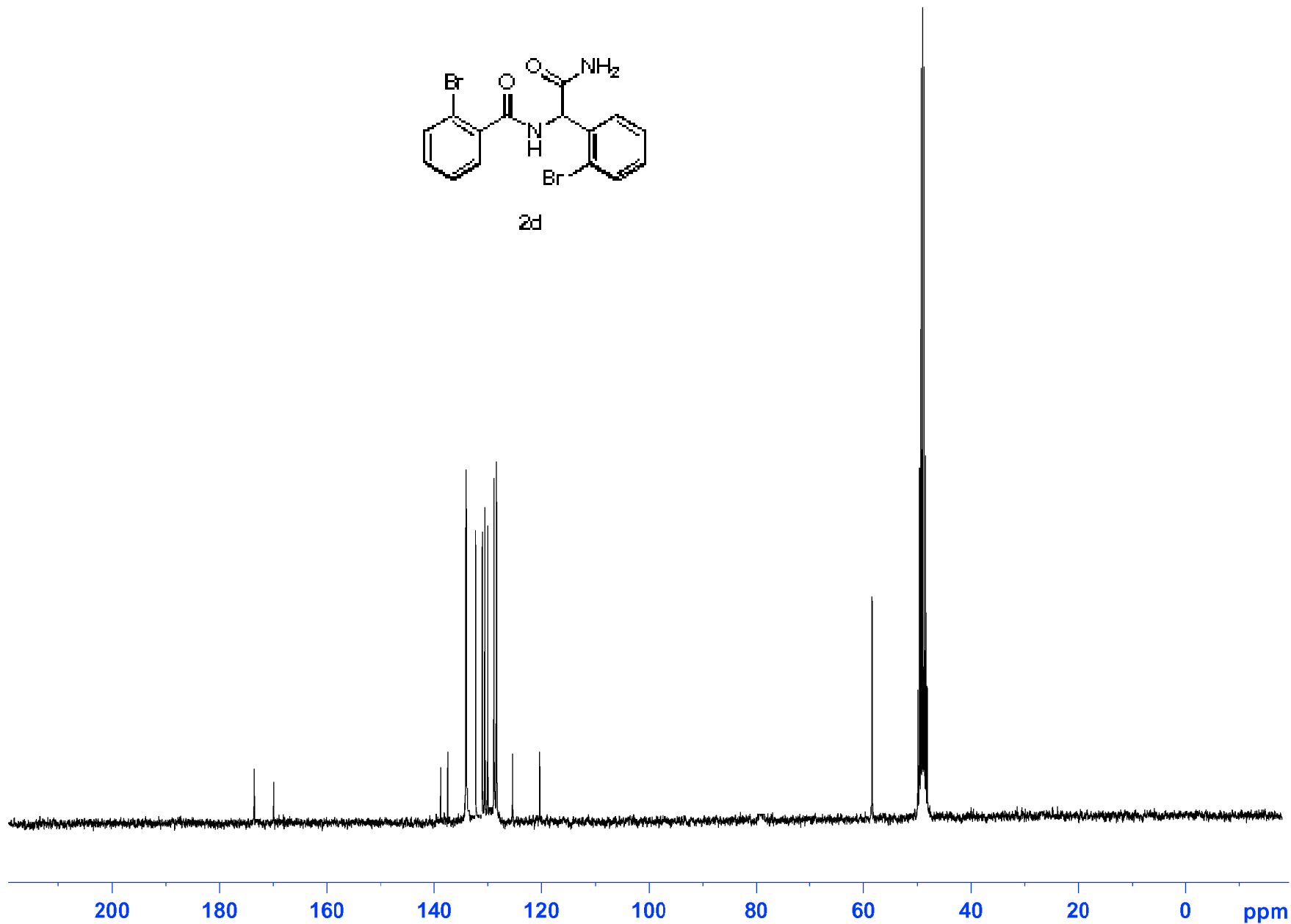
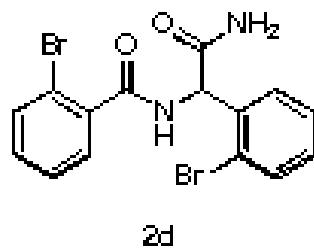
2c

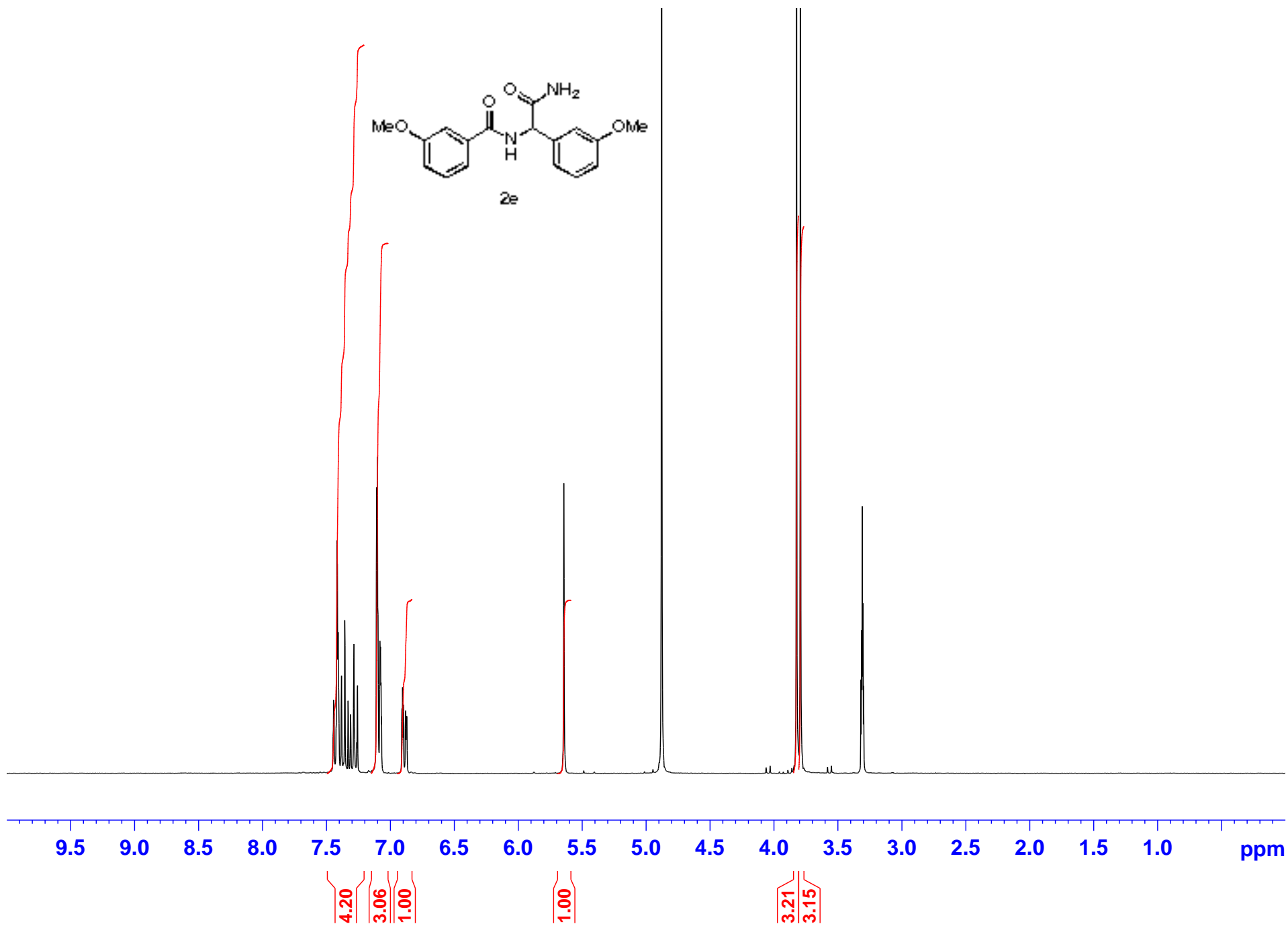


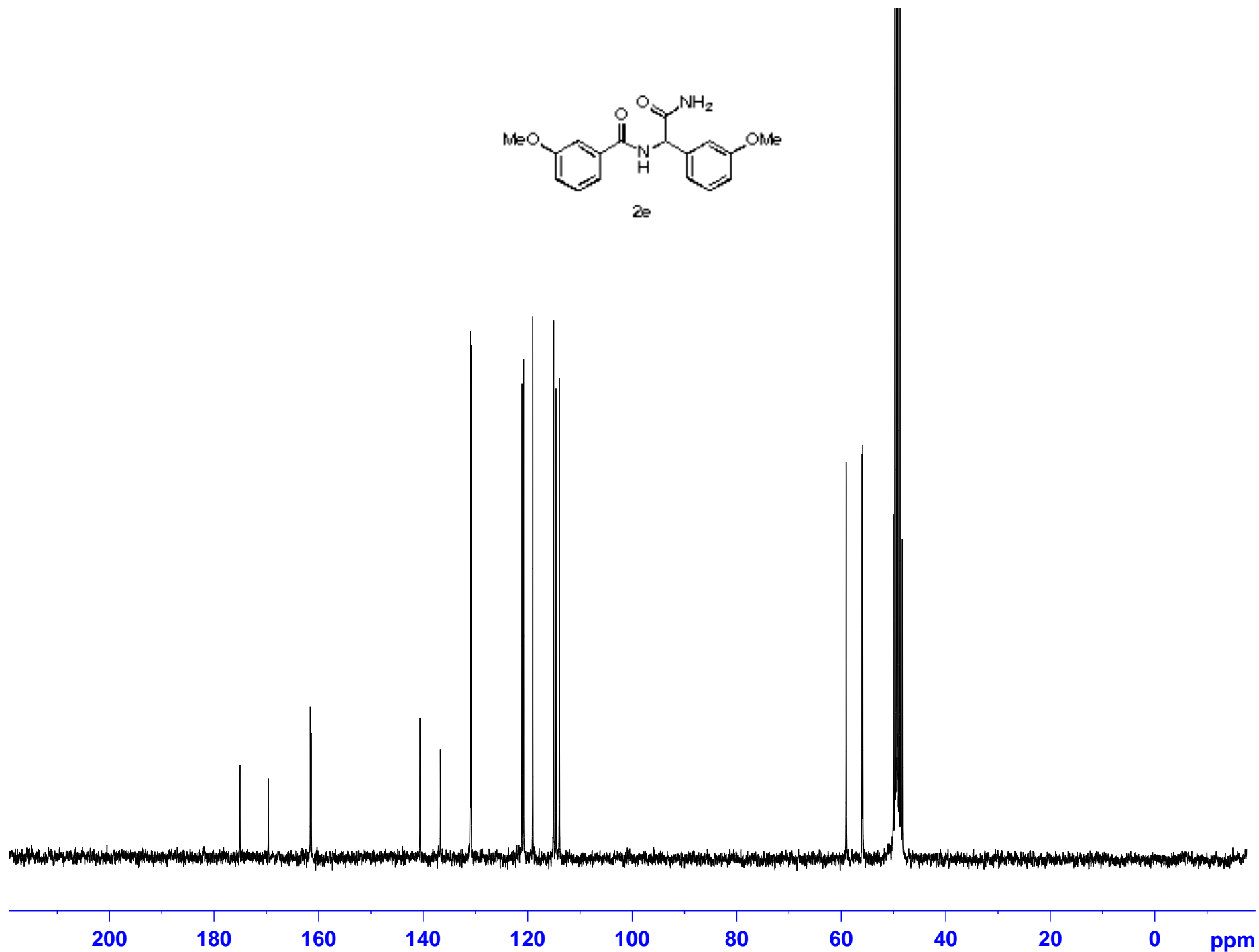
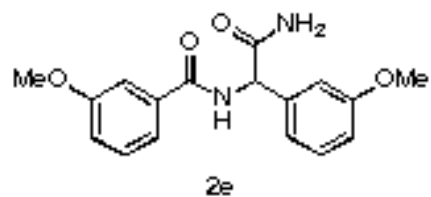


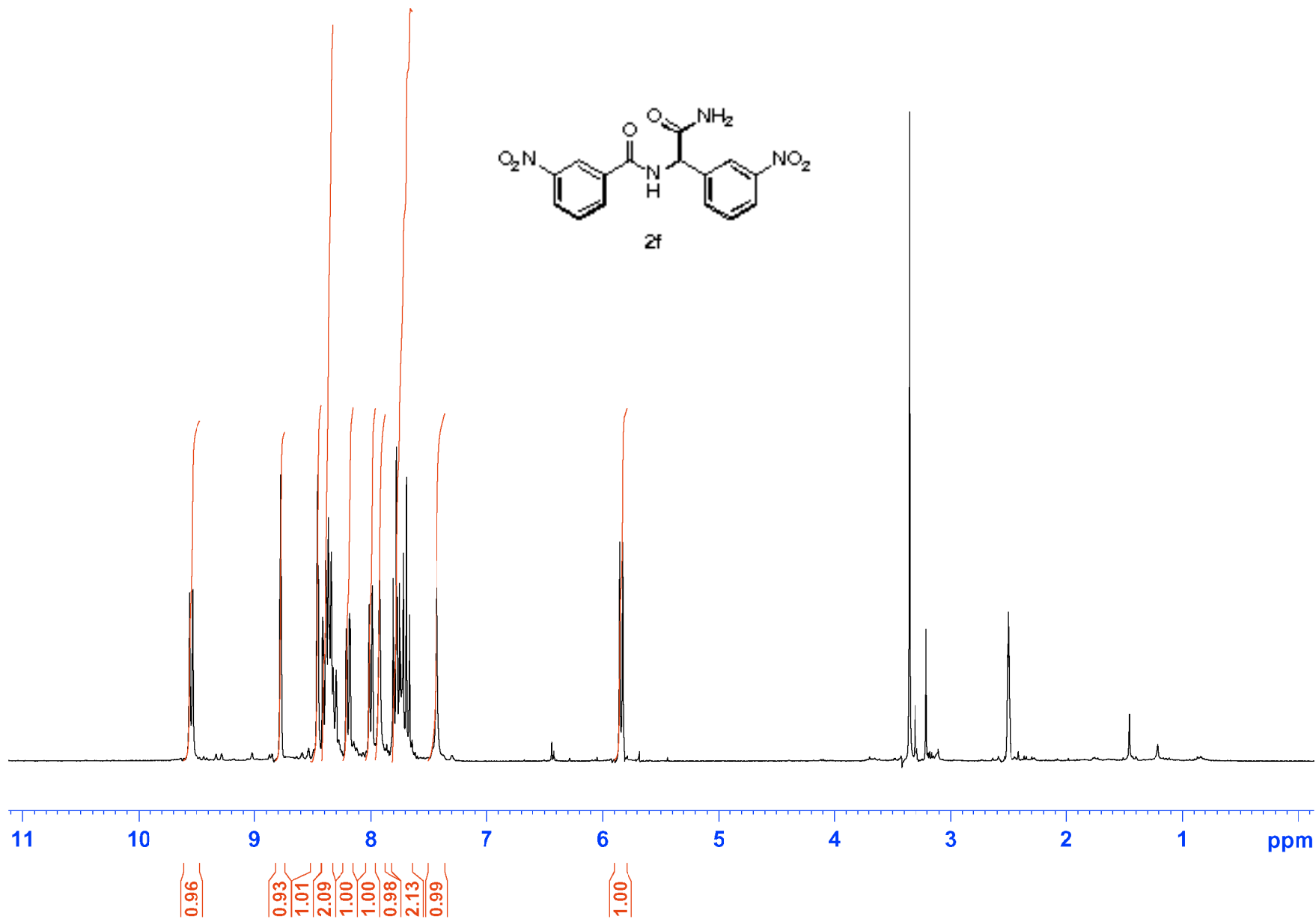
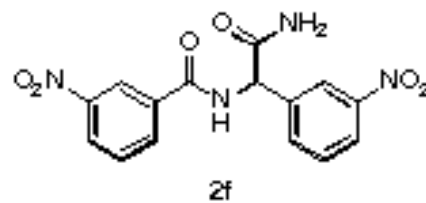
2d

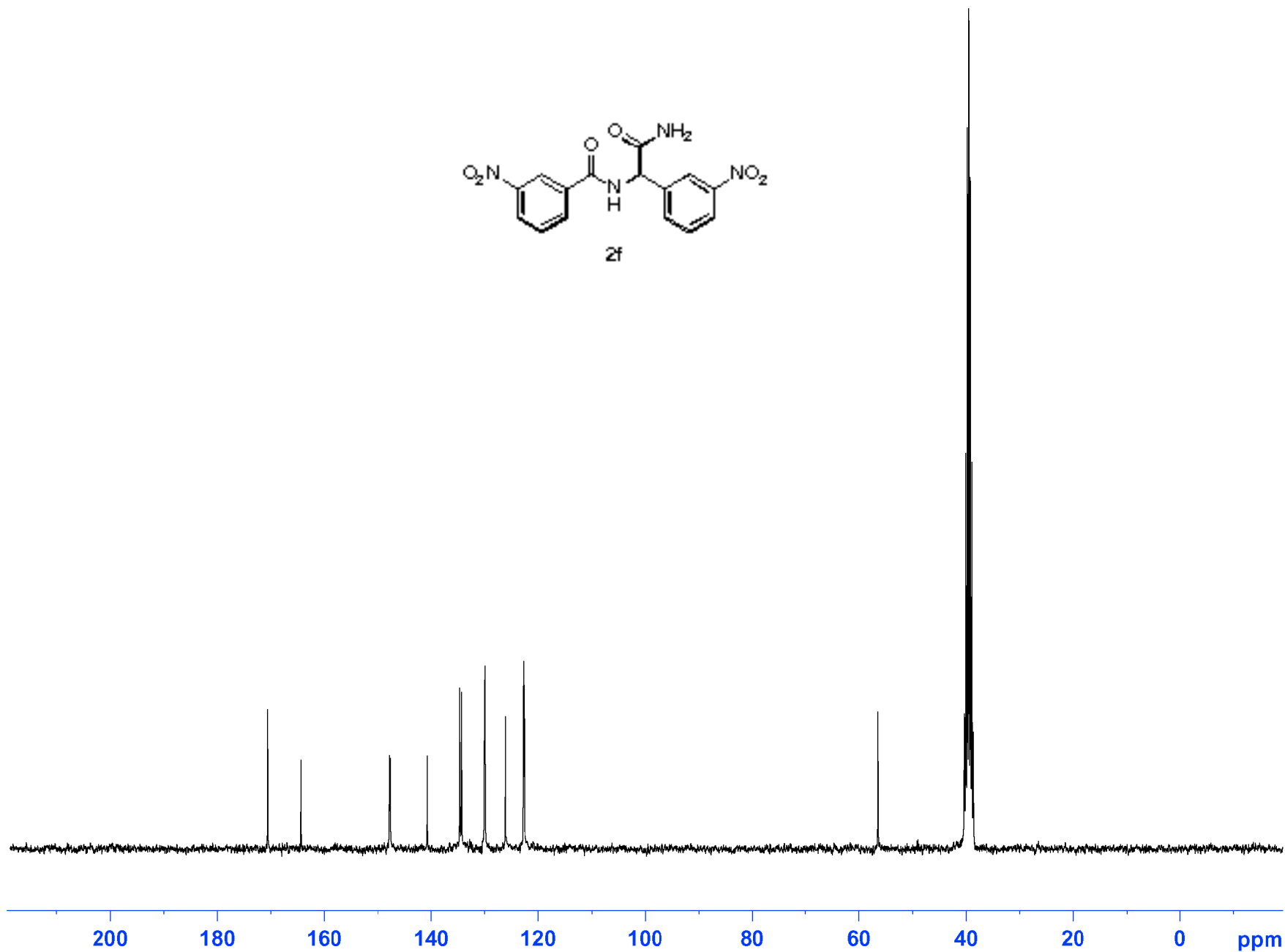
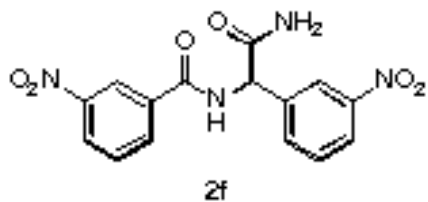


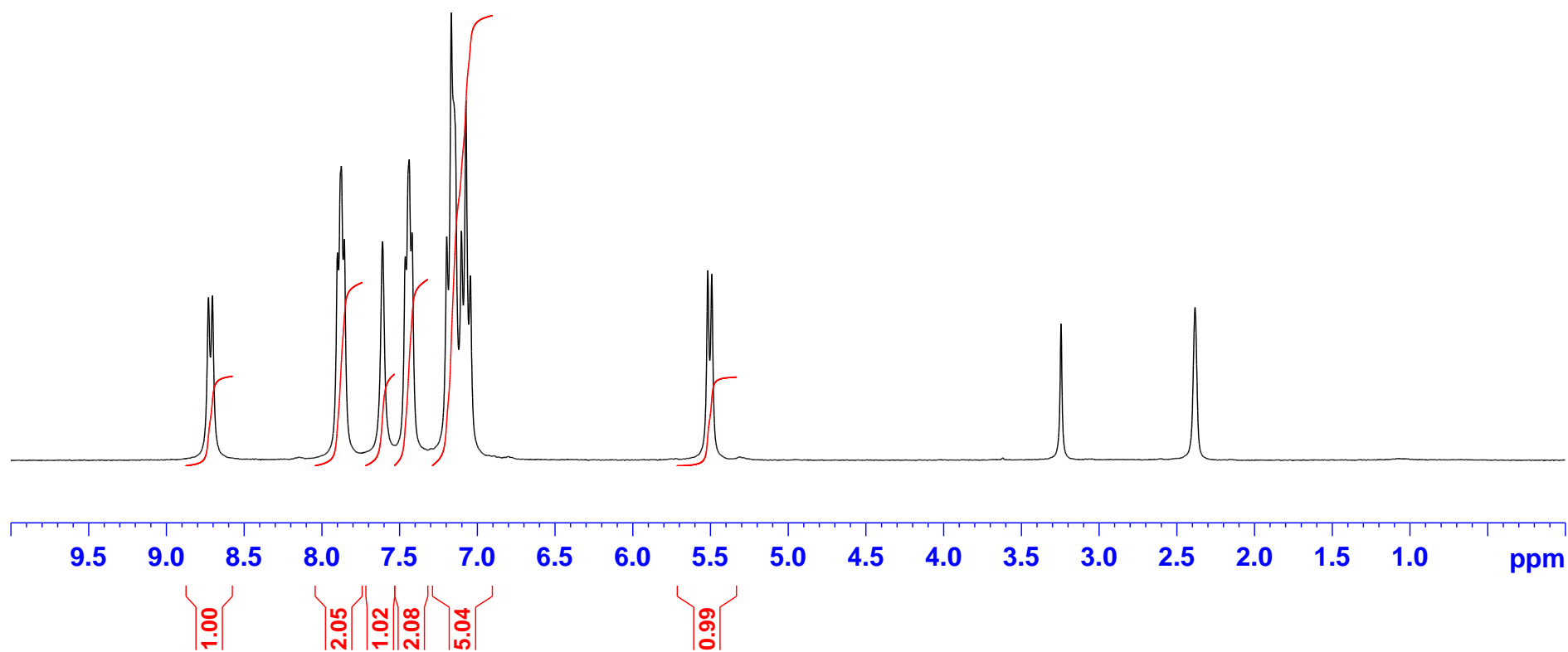
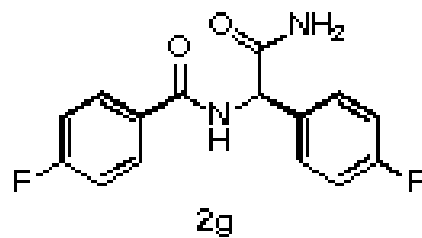


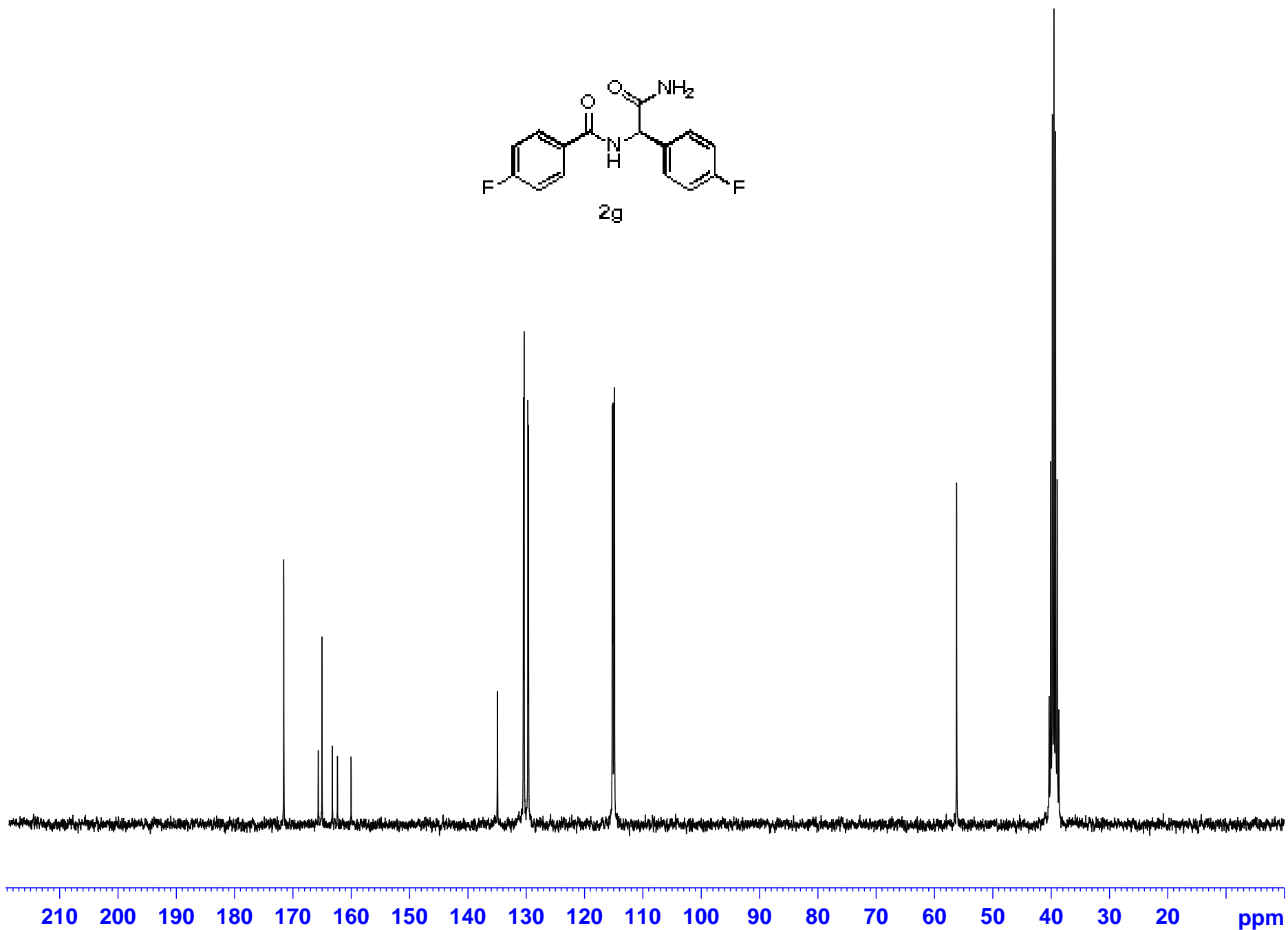
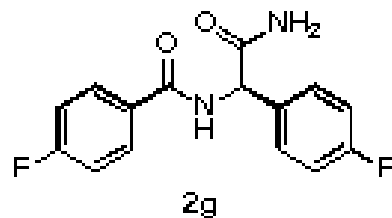


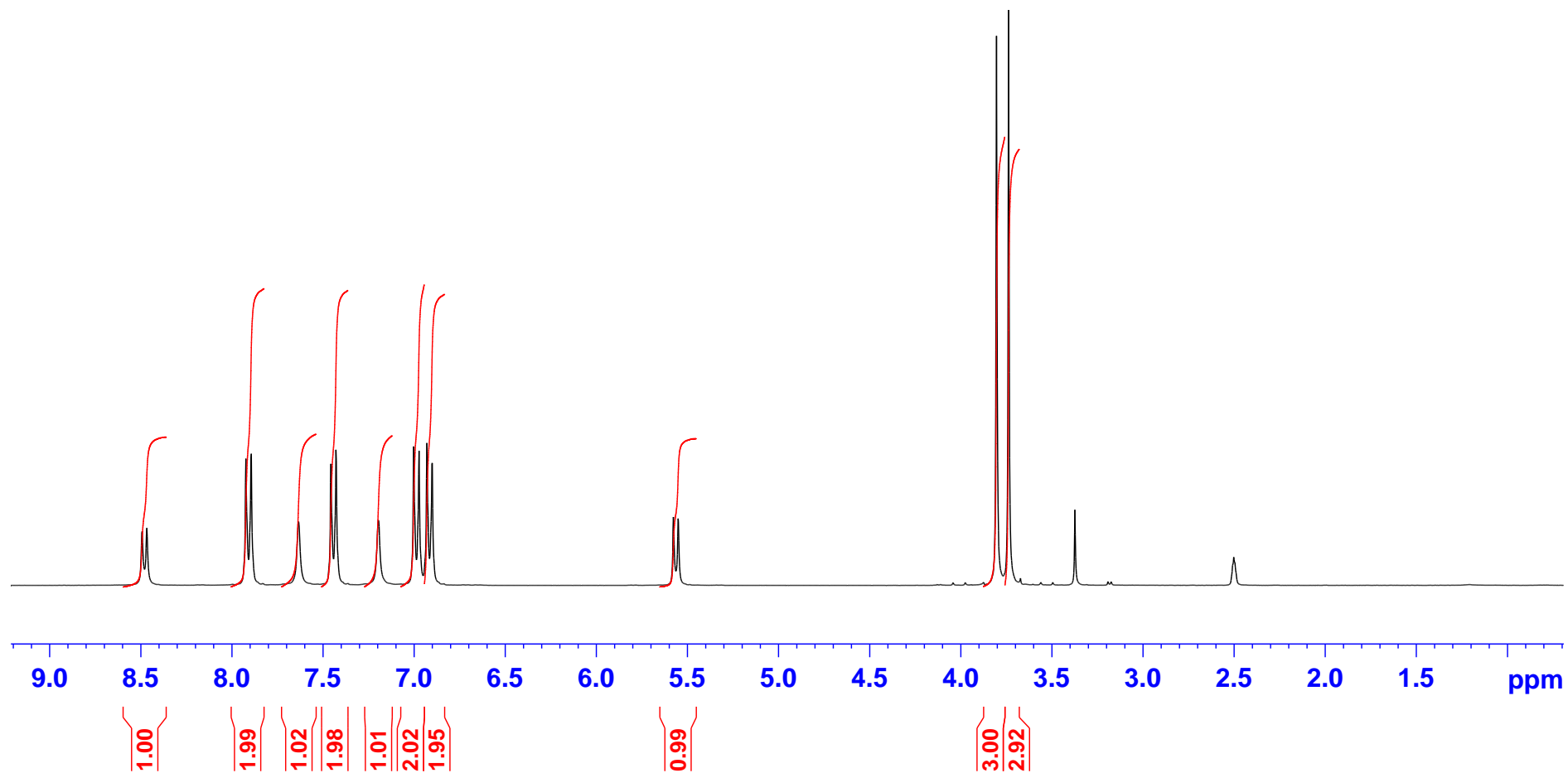
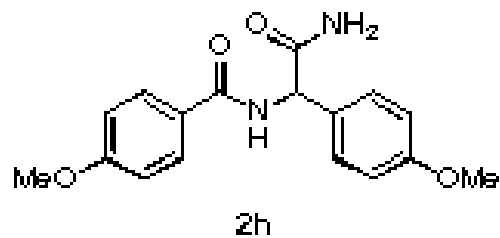


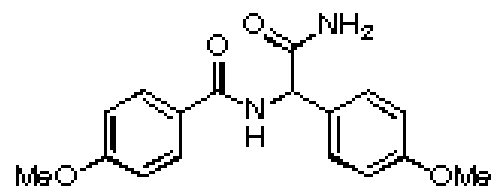




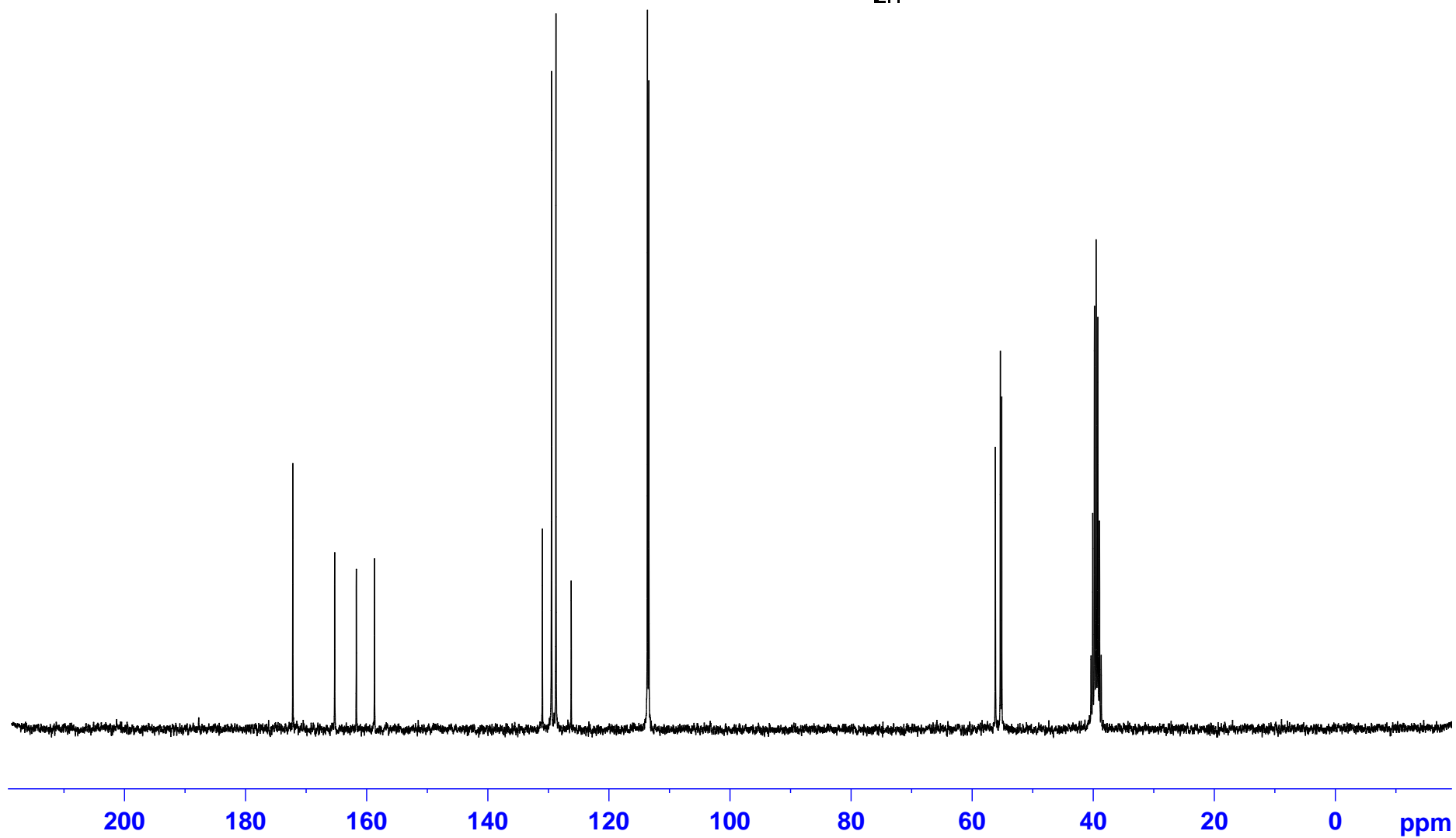


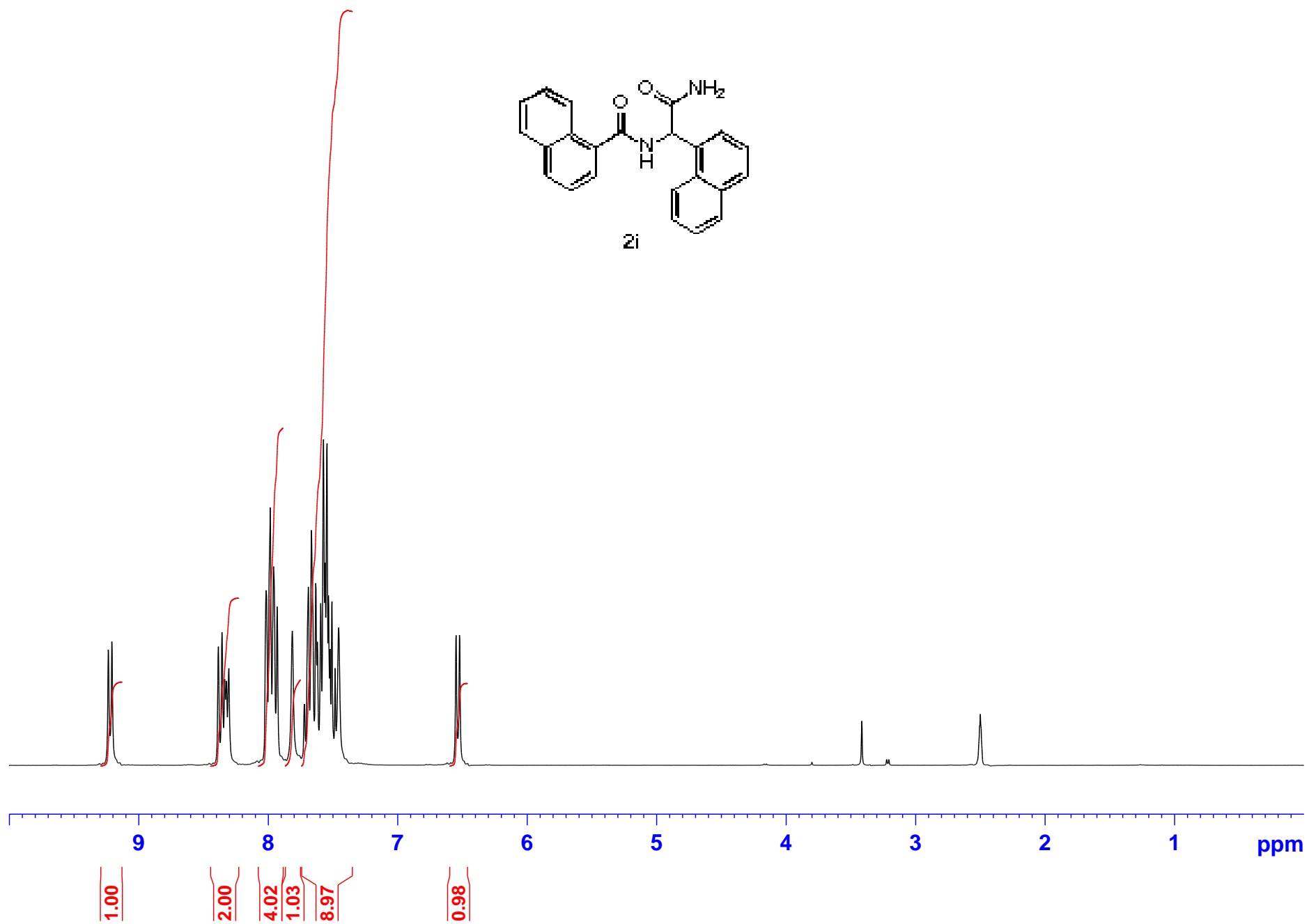
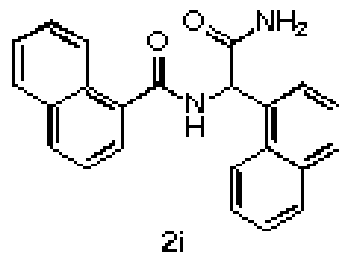


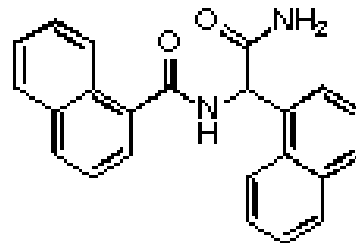




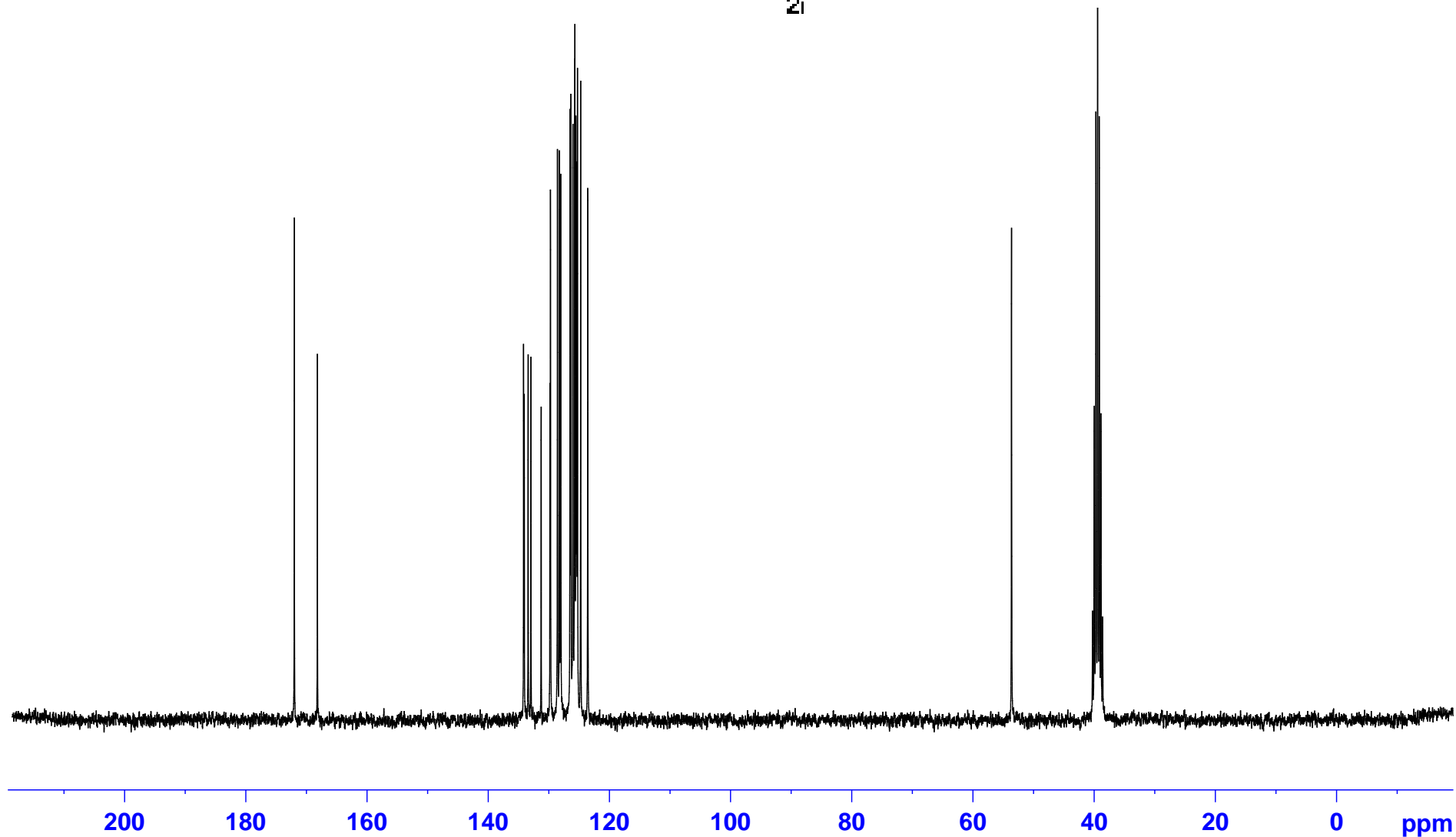
2h

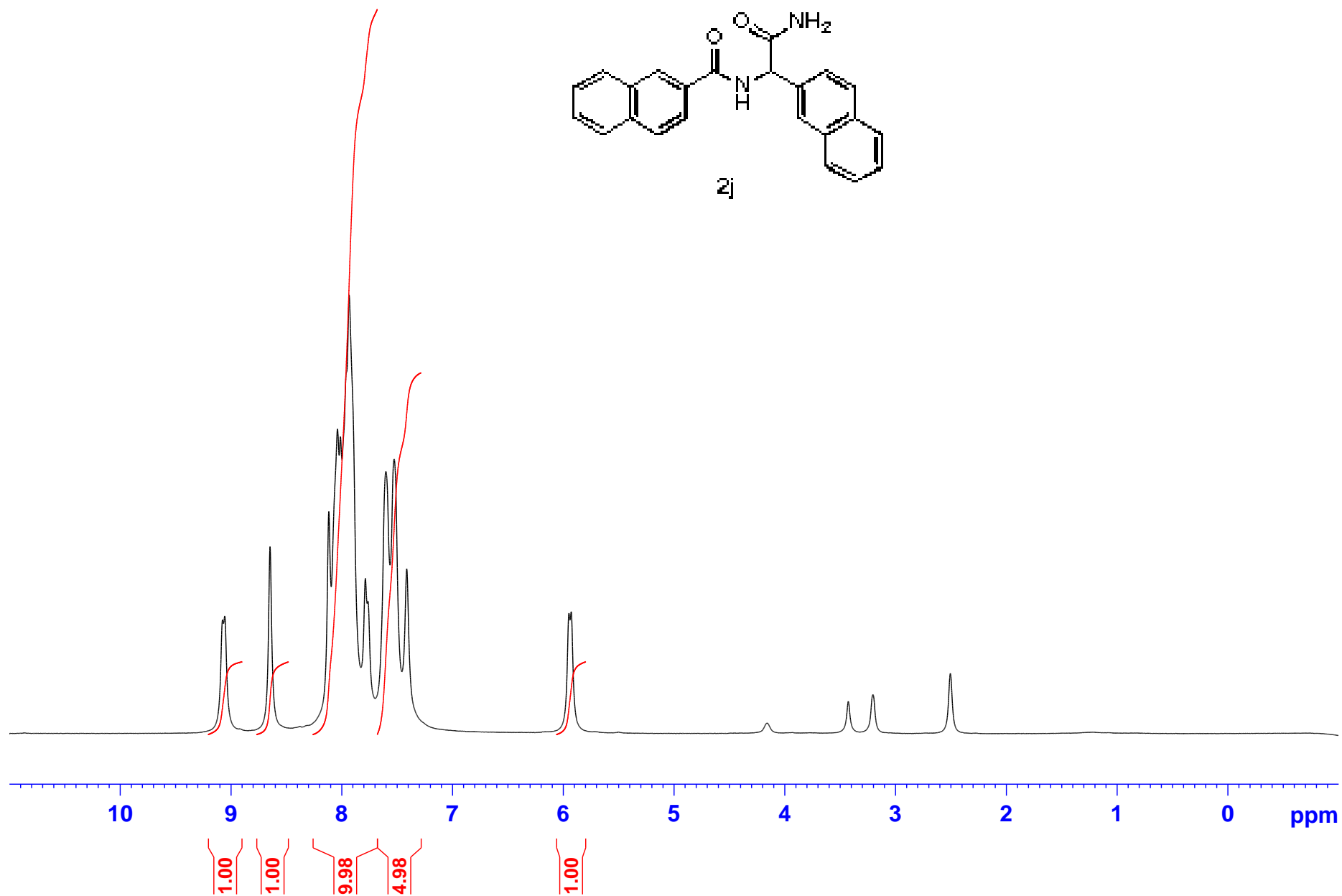
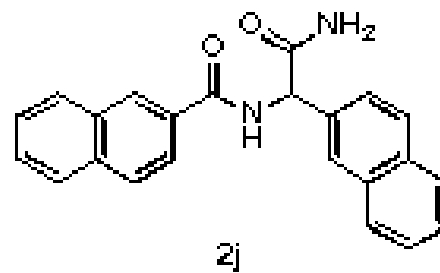


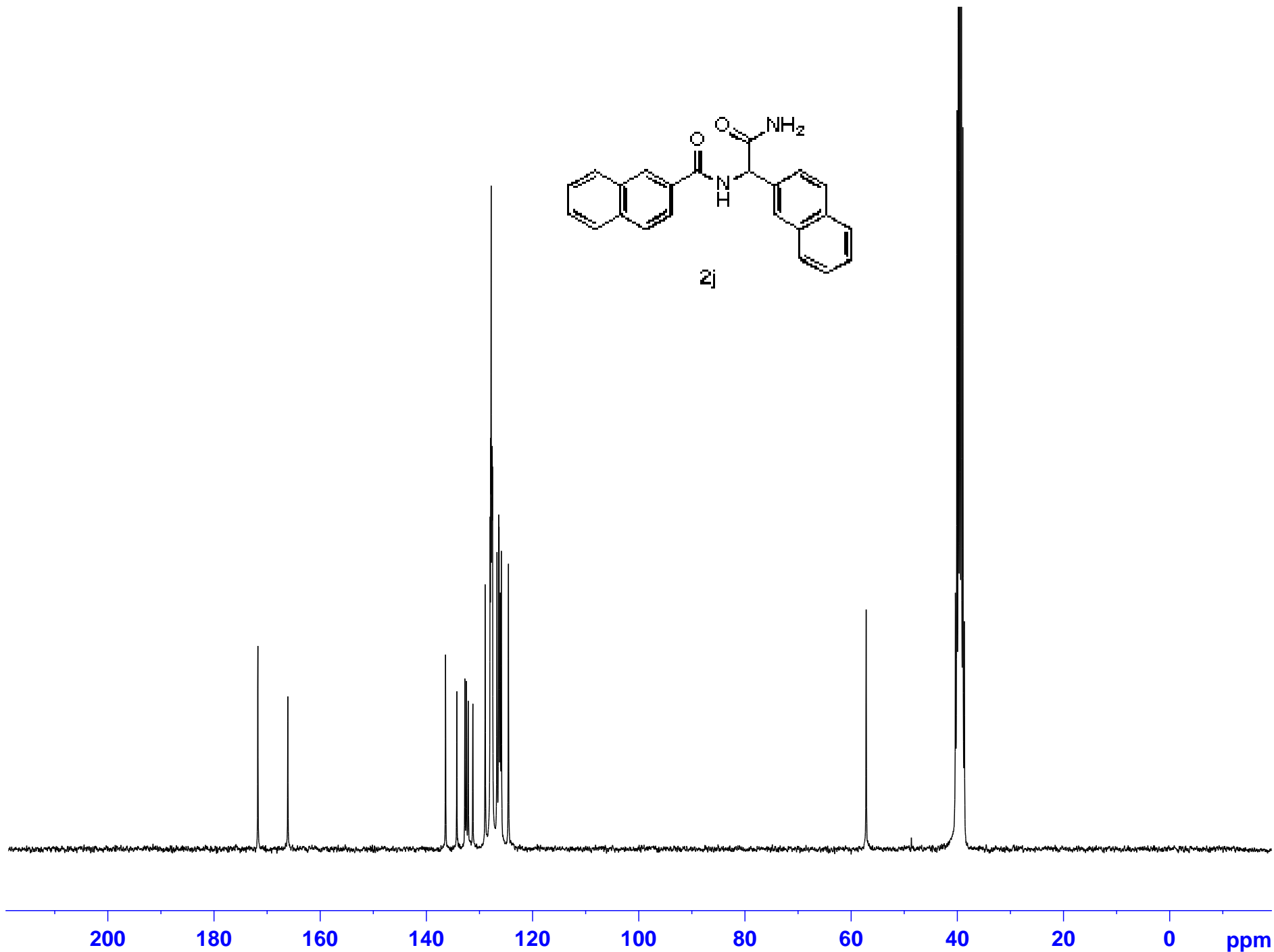
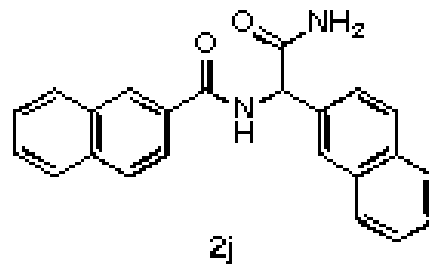


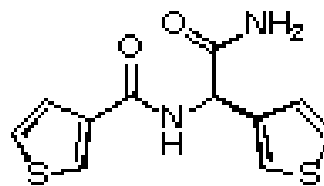


2i

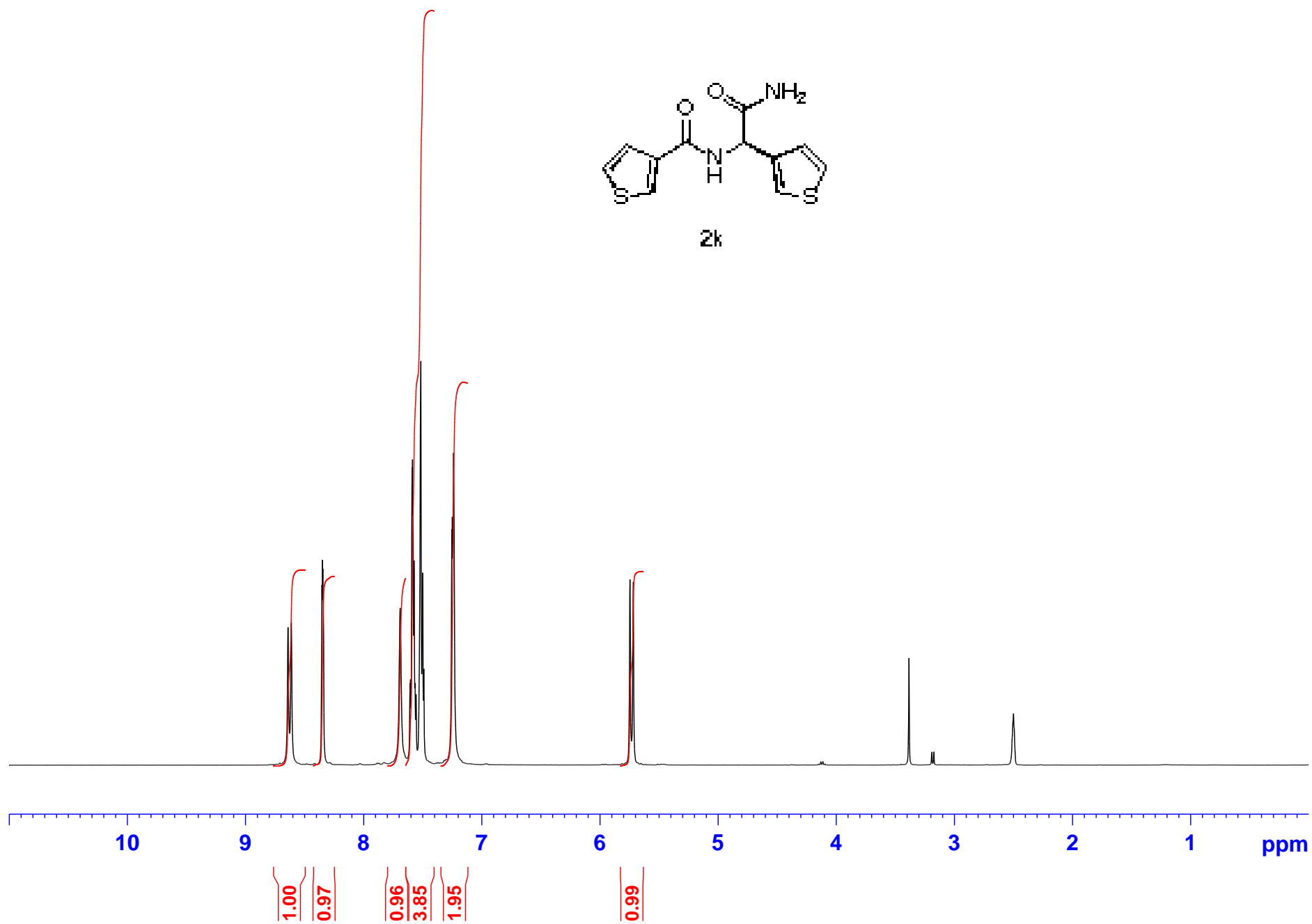


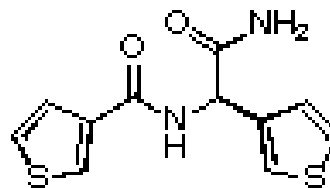






2k





2k

