

Supporting Information

Nanocrystals of $[\text{Cu}_3(\text{btc})_2]$ (HKUST-1): A Combined Time Resolved Light Scattering and Scanning Electron Microscopy Study.

Denise Zacher, Jianing Liu, Klaus Huber and Roland A. Fischer

^a *Anorganische Chemie II, Ruhr-Universität Bochum, Universitätsstrasse 150, 44780, Bochum, Germany, Fax: +49 (0)234 32-14174; Tel: +49 (0)234 32-24174; E-mail:*

roland.fischer@ruhr-uni-bochum.de

^b *Physikalische Chemie, University Paderborn, Bochum, Germany, Fax: +49 (0) 05251-60-4208; Tel: +49 (0) 05251-60-2125; E-mail: klaus.huber@upb.de.*

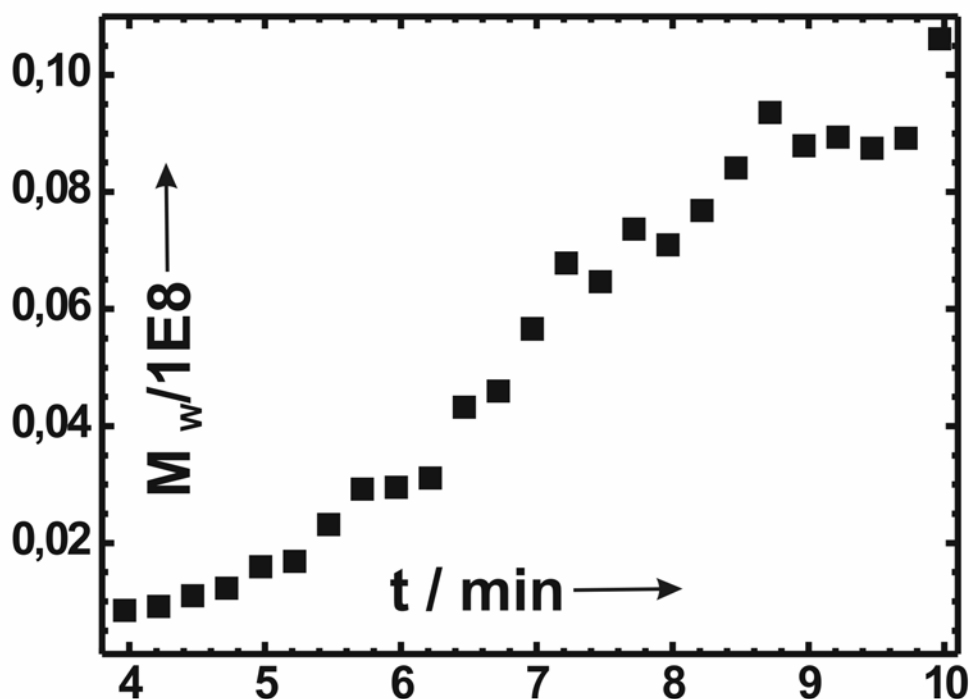


Figure S1.

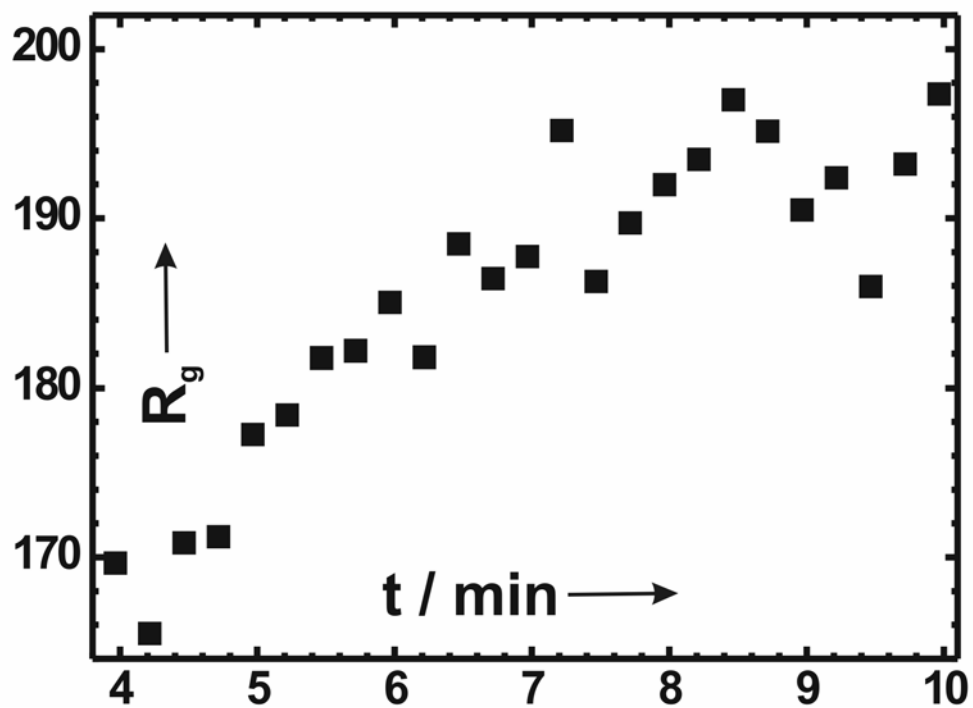


Figure S2.

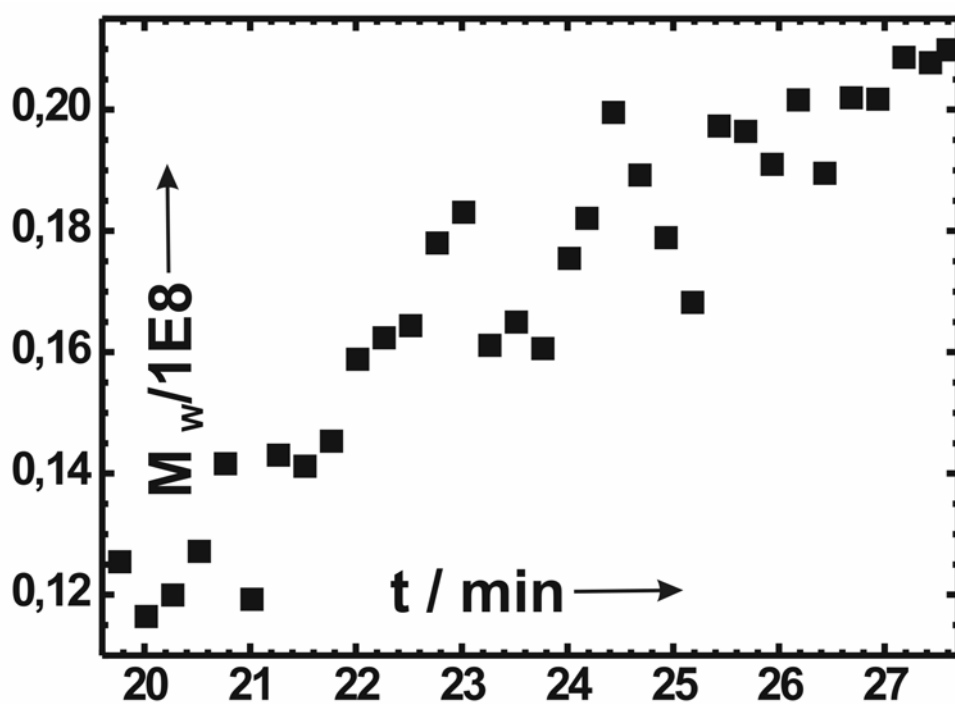


Figure S3.

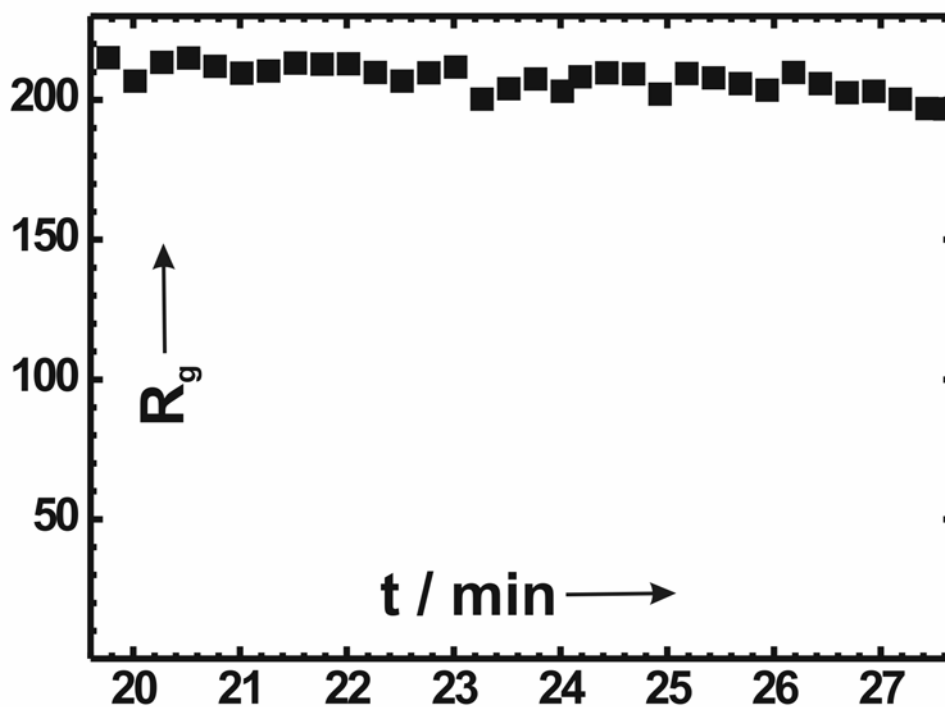


Figure S4.

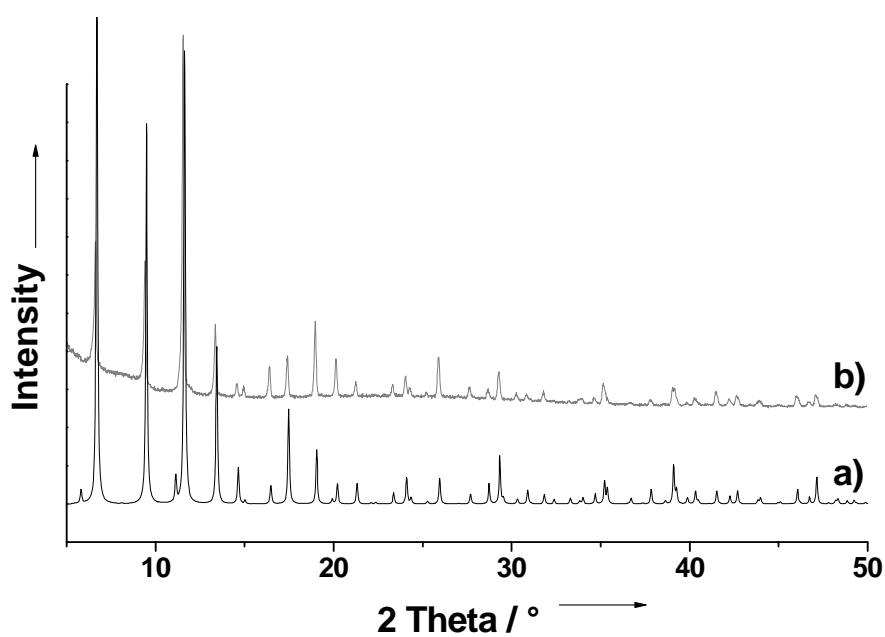


Figure S5. XRD patterns of a) $[\text{Cu}_3(\text{btc})_2]$ reference and b) $[\text{Cu}_3(\text{btc})_2]$ crystals collected out of the reaction mixture 1 hr after the TLS measurement.

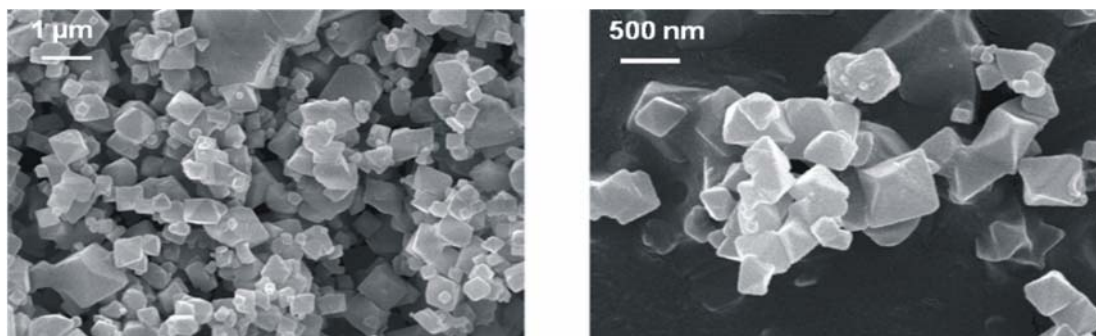


Figure S6. SEM images of $[\text{Cu}_3(\text{btc})_2]$ crystals precipitated from the reaction mixture after 2 hrs.

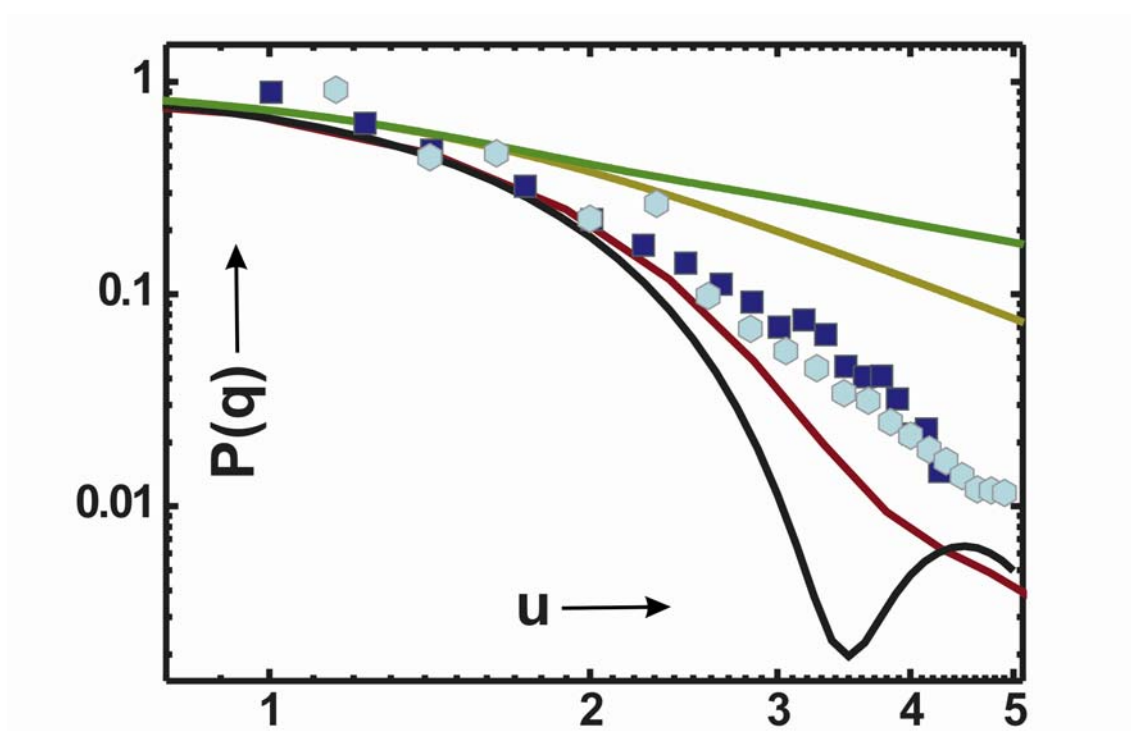


Figure S7.

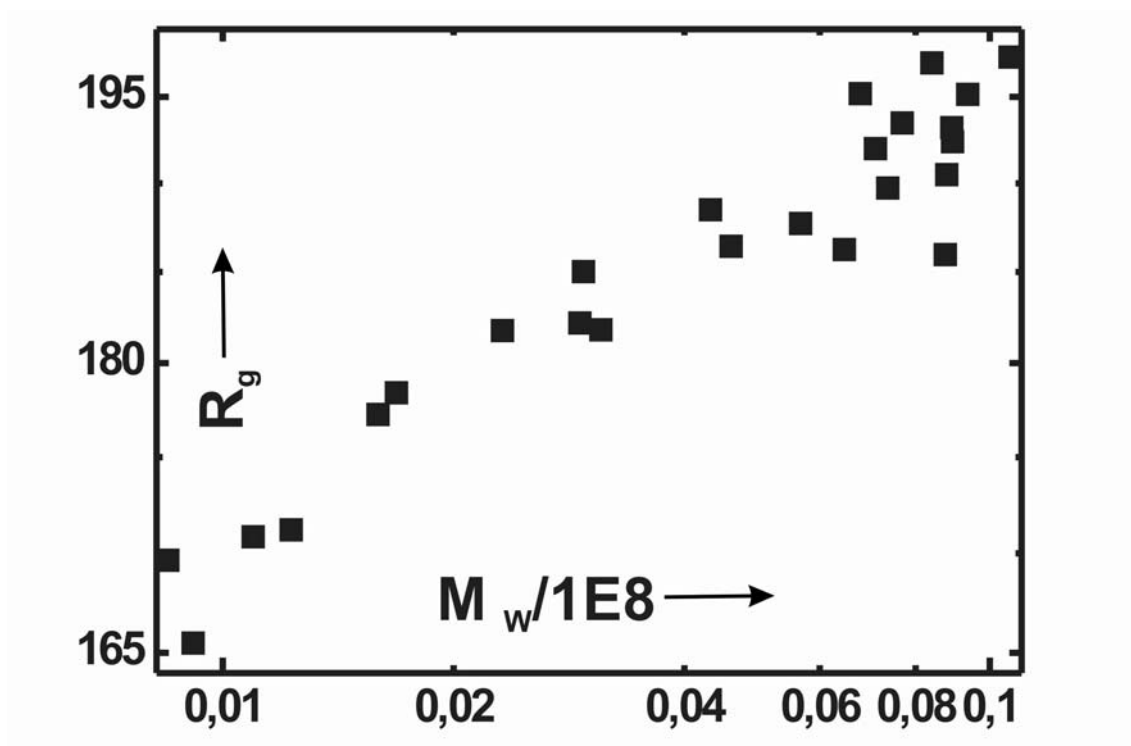


Figure S8.

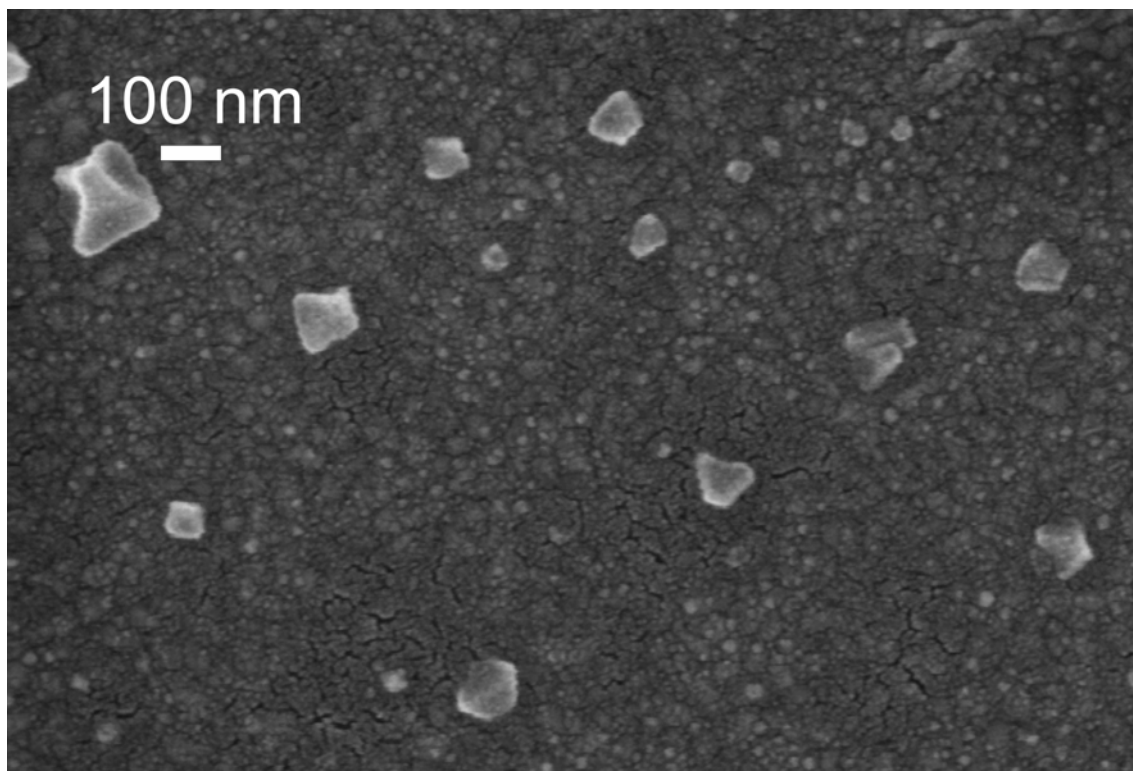


Figure S9.

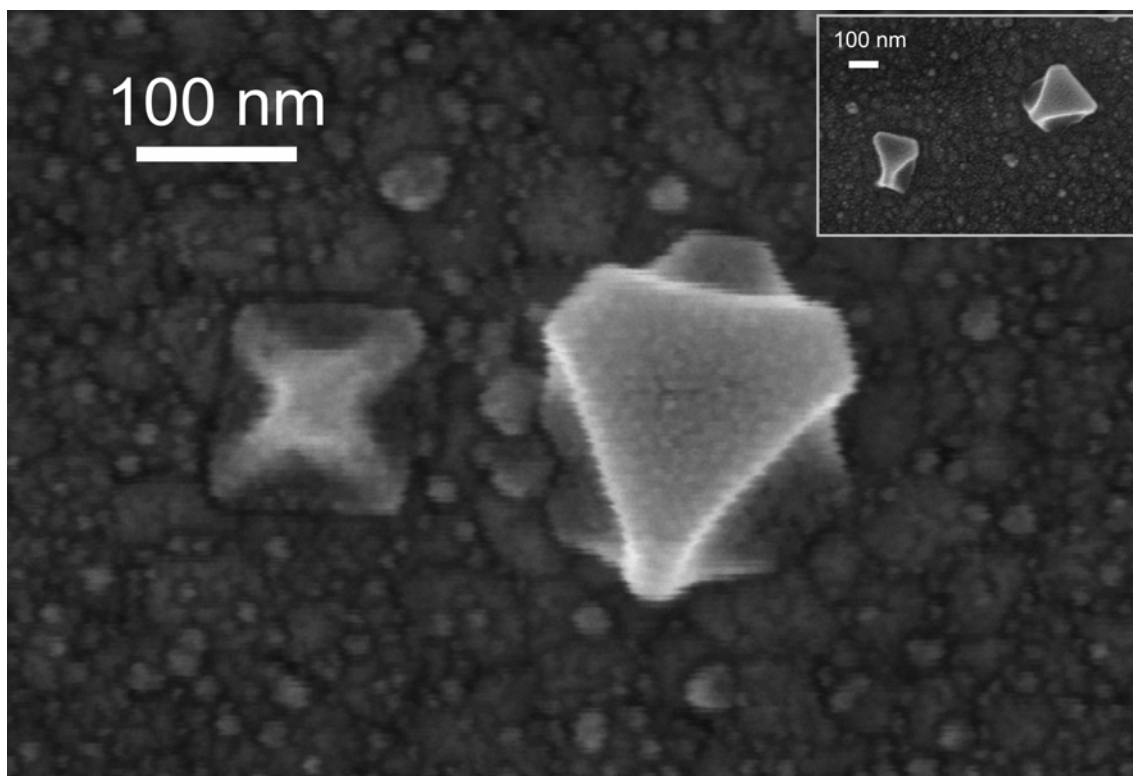


Figure S10.

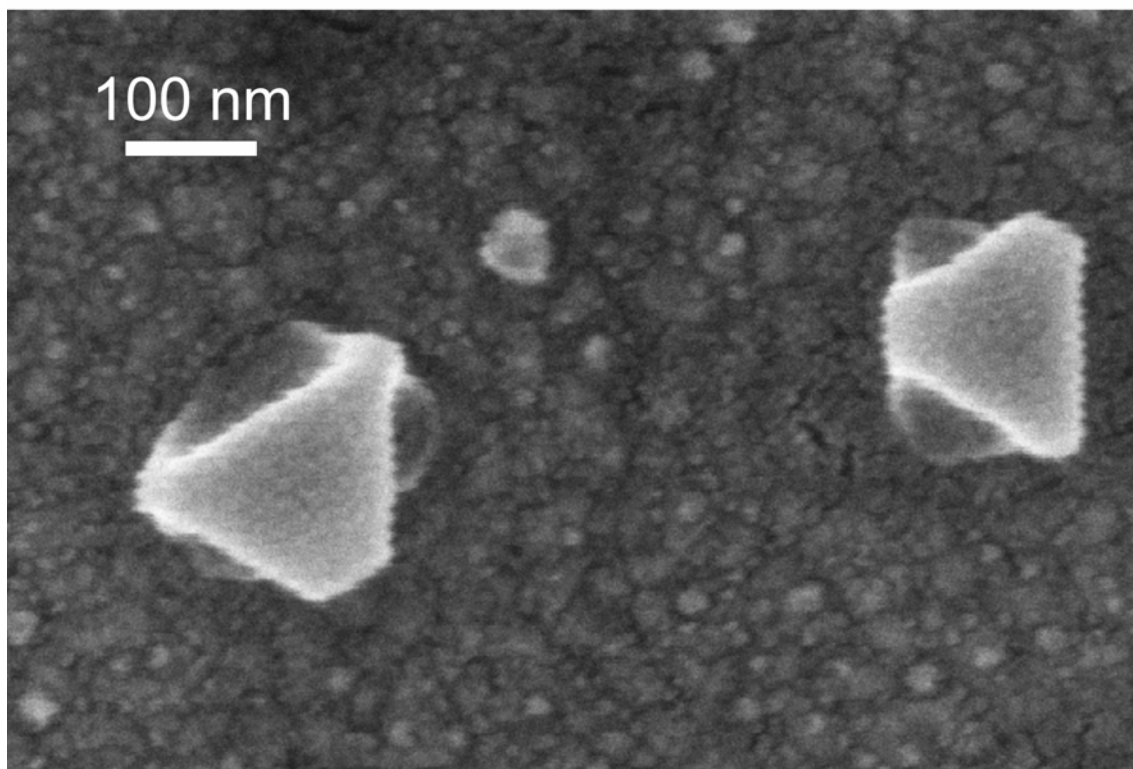


Figure S11.

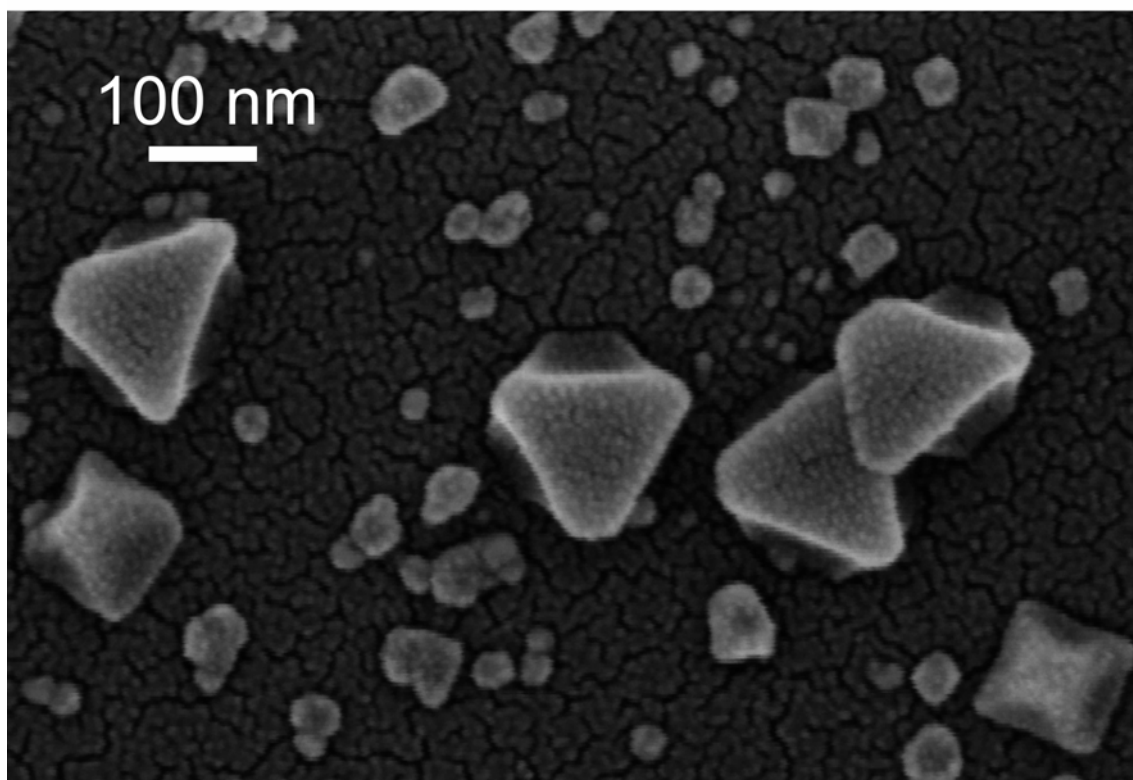


Figure S12.