Highly Enantioselective Organocatalytic Michael Addition of

Nitroalkanes to 4-Oxo-Enoates

Hai-Hua Lu, Xu-Fan Wang, Chang-Jiang Yao, Jian-Ming Zhang, Hong Wu and Wen-Jing Xiao*

The Key Laboratory of Pesticide and Chemical Biology, Ministry of Education, College of Chemistry, Central China Normal University, 152 Luoyu Road, Wuhan, Hubei 430079, China Fax: (+86)-27-67862041; E-mail: wxiao@mail.ccnu.edu.cn

Contents

1. General Methods	S-1
2. Materials	S-1
3. Experimental Procedures and Characterizations	S-2
4. Synthesis of functionalized β^2 -amino acid derivatives	S-22
5. NMR Spectra of 4- <i>oxo</i> -enoates 1b-t , γ-keto esters 3 , 4 , 5 , 7 and 8	S-28

1. General methods

IR was recorded on a Perkin-Elmer PE-983 infrared spectrometer with absorption in cm⁻¹. Melting points were determined on X4 type melting point apparatus and were uncorrected. Proton and carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H & ¹³C NMR) spectra were recorded on Varian-Mercury 400/600 (400/600 MHz) spectrometers. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to residual solvent signals (CHCl₃, 7.26 ppm for ¹H NMR, CDCl₃, 77.0 ppm for ¹³C NMR). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift (δ), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, dd = doublet of doublets, dd = doublet of triplets, m = multiplet, brs = broad signal), coupling constants (Hz). Mass spectra were measured on a Finnigan Trace MS spectrometer. Elementary analyses were taken on a Vario EL III elementary analysis instrument. Chromatographic purification of products was accomplished using nitrogen-forced-flow chromatography according to the method of Still. The enantiomeric excess (ee) of the products was determined by chiral stationary phase HPLC. Optical rotations were measured with JASCO P-1020 polarimeter.

2. Materials

Commercial reagents were purified prior to use following the guidelines of Perrin and Armarego.² Flash chromatography was conducted using 60 silica (mesh 230-400). Catalysts V-I were prepared according to literature procedures.³

3. Experimental Procedures and Characterizations

Step A.

Representative procedure for the preparation of 4-oxo-enoates. Periodic acid dihydrate (10 mmol, 2.28 g) was added in portionwise to a stirred solution of dibenzyl tartrate (10 mmol, 3.30 g) in 20 mL of freshly distilled diethyl ether at RT. After stirred for 3 hours, the suspension was sunction-filtrated and the solid was washed with 25 mL of freshly distilled terahydrofuran. Magnesium sulfate (3.0 g) was added to the organic phase, and the mixture was then cooled by an ice bath. 30 minutes later, 2-(triphenylphosphoranylidene)acetophenone (15 mmol, 5.71 g) was added and the suspension was allowed to warm slowly to RT. After completed (monitored by TLC analysis), suction filtration and concentration, the residue was subjected to flash chromatography (petroleum ether/EtOAc = 15/1) to afford (*E*)-benzyl 4-phenyl-4-oxo-2-butenoate 1d as a yellow solid in 72% yield (2 steps). *NOTE:* 1a was use as received.

(*E*)-Methyl 4-phenyl-4-oxo-2-butenoate (1b). Yellow liquid, 46% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.00 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 189.3, 165.9, 136.5, 133.8, 132.0, 128.8, 128.8, 52.3; MS (EI) m/z 190 (M⁺).

(*E*)-Isopropyl 4-phenyl-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1c). Yellow liquid, 67% yield.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.00 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19-5.13 (m, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 189.4, 164.9, 136.5, 136.0, 133.6, 132.9, 128.7, 68.8, 21.6; MS (EI) m/z 219 (M^+ +1).

(*E*)-Benzyl 4-phenyl-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1d). Yellow solid, 72% yield.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.99 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.35 (m, 5H), 6.93 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 189.3, 165.3, 136.7, 136.4, 135.2, 133.8, 132.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 67.0; MS (EI) m/z 266 (M⁺).

(*E*)-Ethyl 4-(4-nitro-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1e). Yellow solid, 65% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.37 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.16 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C

$$O_2N$$

NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 188.1, 165.0, 150.5, 141.0, 135.1, 134.2, 130.0, 124.0, 61.6, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 249 (M⁺).

(*E*)-Ethyl 4-(3-nitro-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1f). Yellow solid, 73% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, J O₂N = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 187.3, 164.9, 148.4, 137.6, 134.7, 134.1, 134.0, 130.1, 127.8, 123.3, 61.6, 14.0; MS (EI) m/z 249 (M⁺).

- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(2-nitro-phenyl)-4-oxo-2-butenoate (1g). Yellow solid, 64% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.22 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 191.9, 164.8, 146.2, 139.3, 135.0, 134.5, 132.8, 132.3, 128.5, 124.5, 61.5, 14.0; MS (EI) m/z 249 (M⁺).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1h). Yellow solid, 80% yield. 1 H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.01 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 187.4, 165.6, 164.0, 136.3, 132.6, 131.3, 129.5, 114.0, 61.1, 55.4, 14.0; MS (EI) m/z 234 (M $^{+}$).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1i). Yellow solid, 75% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.89 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, MeO 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 189.1, 165.4, 159.9, 137.8, 136.2, 132.4, 129.7, 121.4, 120.4, 112.6, 61.2, 55.3, 14.0; MS (EI) m/z 234 (M⁺).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(4-methyl-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1j). Yellow liquid, 77% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.92-7.90 (m, 3H), 7.31 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 188.7, 165.5, 144.7, 136.3, 134.0, 132.0, 129.4, 128.8, 61.2, 21.6, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 218 (M⁺).

- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1k). Yellow liquid, 73% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.05 (dd, J = 8.4 and 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 187.6, 166.8, 165.3, 166.1, 135.8, 132.9, 132.8, 132.6, 131.5, 131.4, 116.0, 115.9, 61.3, 14.0; MS (EI) m/z 222 (M⁺).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (11). Yellow liquid, 69% yield. 1 H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 188.2, 165.4, 140.4, 135.7, 134.9, 133.0, 129.2, 61.4, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 237 (M^{+} -1), 239 (M^{+} +1).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(4-bromo-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1m). Yellow liquid, 74% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.87 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 188.4, 165.3, 135.6, 135.2, 133.0, 132.1, 130.0, 129.2, 61.4, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 282 (M⁺-1), 284 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-Benzyl 4-(4- bromo-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1n). Yellow solid, 85% yield. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.88 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 188.3, 165.2, 136.1, 135.2, 132.6, 132.2, 130.2, 129.2, 128.2, 128.5, 128.4, 67.2; MS (EI) m/z 344 (M⁺-1), 346 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(3-nitro-phenyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1o). Yellow solid, 72% yield. 1 H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 7.8 Br Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 187.6, 164.9, 138.0, 136.3, 135.2, 132.9, 131.4, 130.1, 127.1, 122.9, 61.2, 13.9; MS (EI) m/z 282 (M⁺-1), 284 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-Ethyl 4-(2-furanyl)-4-oxo-2-butenoate (1p). Yellow solid, 74% yield.

 ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.87 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR

(150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 181.0, 165.4, 144.2, 135.8, 135.6, 133.4, 132.0, 128.5, 61.3, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 194 (M⁺).

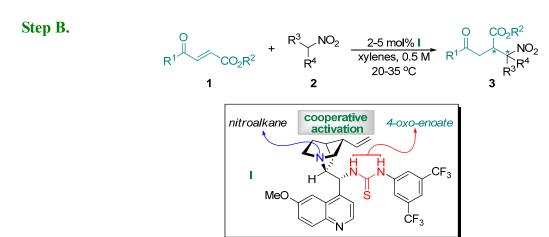
(*E*)-Ethyl 4-(2-thienyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1q). Yellow solid, 76% yield.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.87 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 181.0, 165.4, 144.2, 135.8, 135.6, 133.4, 132.0, 128.5, 61.3, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 210 (M⁺).

(*E*)-Ethyl 4-(*tert*-butyl)-4-*oxo*-2-butenoate (1r). Colorless liquid, 59% yield.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.51 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (s, 9H);

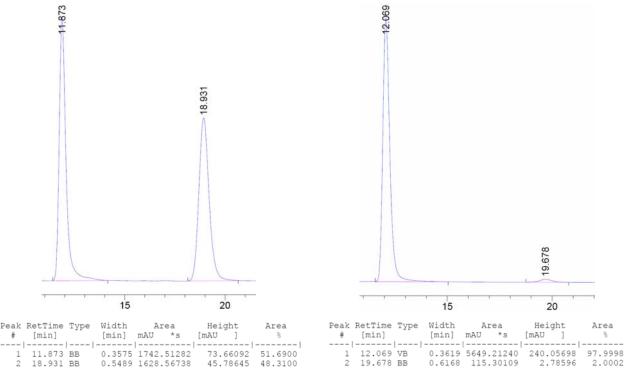
¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 203.0, 165.2, 135.0, 131.1, 60.8, 43.2, 25.4, 13.8; MS (EI) m/z 184 (M⁺).



General procedure for the asymmetric nitro-Michael reaction. To a solution of nitroalkane 2(1.0 mmol or 15 mmol) and 4-oxo-enoate 1 (0.25 or 5 mmol) in xylenes (0.5 mL or 10 mL) was added catalyst I at ambient temperature. After completed (monitored by TLC analysis), the mixture was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (PE/EA = 4/1 as eluant) to afford the desired product 3.

(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (3a). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 12 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (95% yield, 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.96 (d,

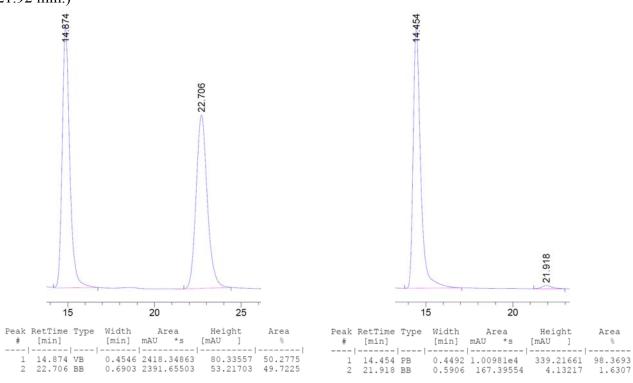
J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.87 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.21 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.61 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR(100)



MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.4, 170.8, 135.9, 133.8, 128.7, 128.0, 74.7, 61.8, 38.3, 36.9, 13.9; MS (EI) m/z 264 (M⁺-1); *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₃H₁₅NO₅: C, 58.86; H, 5.70; N, 5.28; Found: C, 58.95; H, 5.57; N, 5.18; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -3.2$ (c = 0.58, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{major} = 12.07$ min, $t_{minor} = 19.68$ min.)

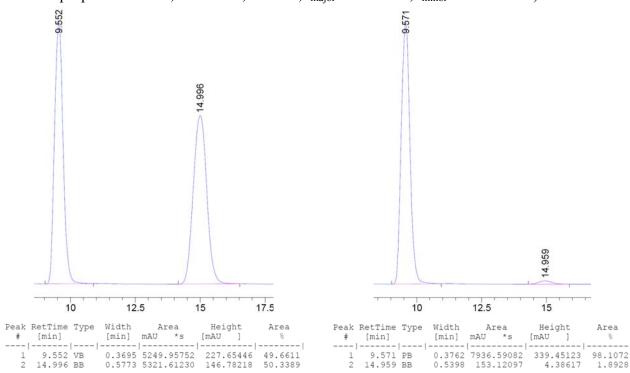
(*R*)-Methyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (3b). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1b (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 10 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (89% yield, 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃)

 δ (ppm) 7.96 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.88 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.62 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.3, 171.3, 135.7, 133.8, 128.7, 128.0, 74.6, 38.1, 37.0, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₂H₁₃NO₅: C, 57.37; H, 5.22; N, 5.58; Found: C, 57.43; H, 5.33; N, 5.47; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 14.45 min, t_{minor} = 21.92 min.)



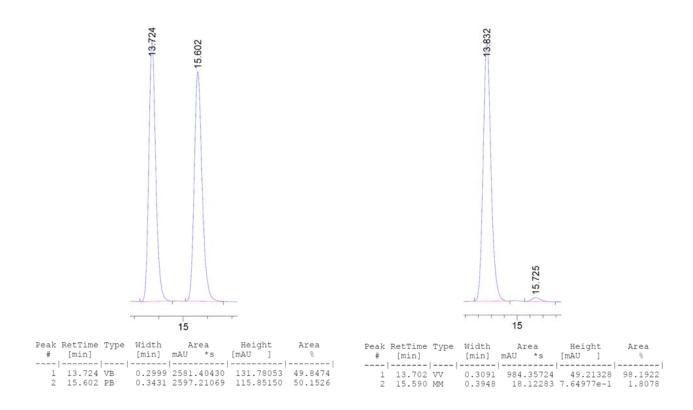
(*R*)-Isopropyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-*oxo*-4-phenylbutanoate (3c). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1c (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 12 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (97% yield, 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃)

 δ (ppm) 7.96 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.10-5.06 (m, 1H), 4.85 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74-3.70 (m, 1H), 3.60 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.5, 170.3, 135.9, 133.8, 128.7, 128.0, 74.8, 69.6, 38.5, 36.9, 21.5; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₄H₁₇NO₅: C, 60.21; H, 6.14; N, 5.02; Found: C, 60.27; H, 6.03; N, 4.95; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 9.57 min, t_{minor} = 14.96 min.)



(*R*)-Benzyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (3d). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1d (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 12 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (98% yield, 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃)

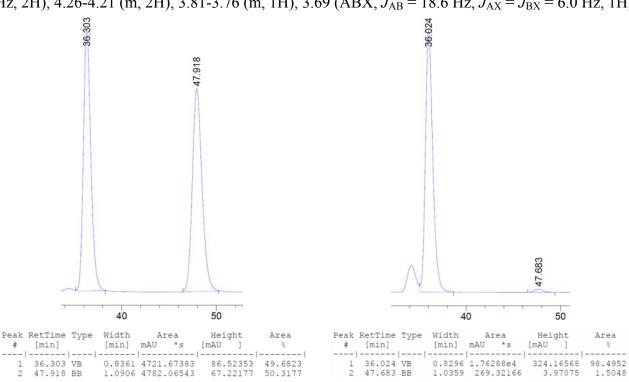
 δ (ppm) 7.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (br, 5H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 4.88 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.4, 170.7, 135.8, 135.0, 133.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 128.0, 67.6, 38.3, 36.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₈H₁₇NO₅: C, 66.05; H, 5.23; N, 4.28; Found: C, 66.12; H, 5.19; N, 4.17; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 13.70 min, t_{minor} = 15.59 min.)



 O_2N O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2

(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxobutanoate (3e). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1e (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 8 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (94% yield, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600

MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.34 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.14 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (dd, J = 5.4 and 1.8 Hz, 2H), 4.26-4.21 (m, 2H), 3.81-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.69 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H),

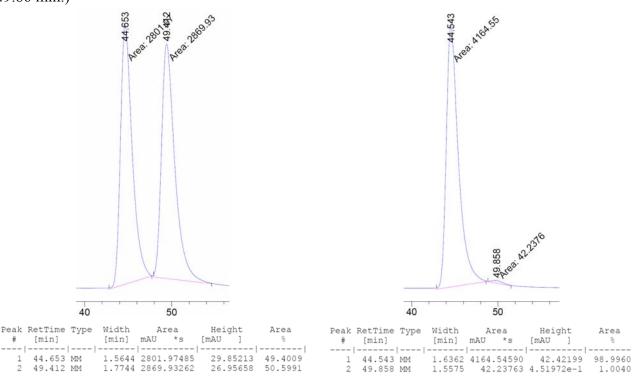


3.40 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 195.3, 170.3, 150.6, 140.2, 129.2, 124.0, 74.6, 62.1, 38.3, 37.4, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₃H₁₄N₂O₇: C, 50.33; H, 4.55; N, 9.03; Found: C, 50.47; H, 4.36; N, 8.88; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 36.02 min, t_{minor} = 47.68 min.)

$$O_2N$$
 O_2
 O_2
 O_2
 O_2

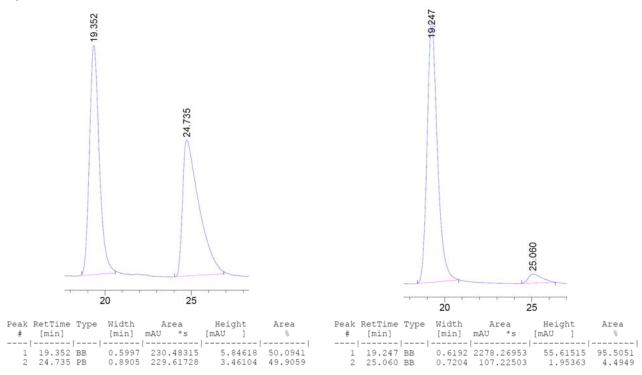
(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-(3-nitrophenyl)-4-oxobutanoate (3f). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1f (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 4 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (95% yield, 98% ee). ¹H NMR (600

MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.83-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.71 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 194.6, 170.3, 148.4, 137.0, 133.6, 130.1, 127.9, 122.9, 74.6, 62.0, 38.2, 37.2, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₃H₁₄N₂O₇: C, 50.33; H, 4.55; N, 9.03; Found: C, 50.29; H, 4.48; N, 8.54; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -6.2 (c = 2.5, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 44.54 min, t_{minor} = 49.86 min.)



(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-(2-nitrophenyl)-4-oxobutanoate (3g). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1g (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 20 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (65% yield, 91% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃)

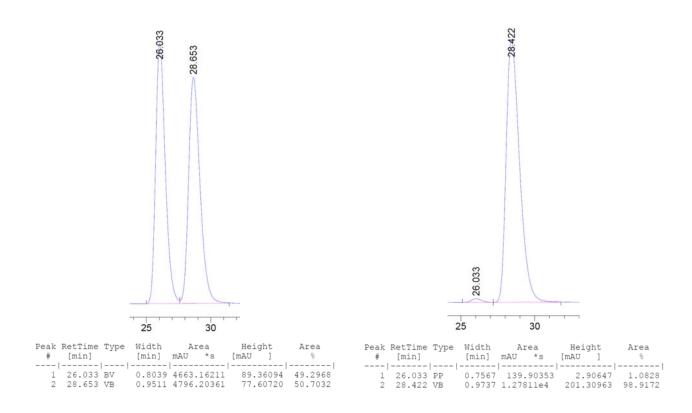
 δ (ppm) 8.16 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.94-4.88 (m, 2H), 4.27-4.23 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.42 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 199.2, 170.5, 145.3, 136.8, 134.6, 130.9, 127.3, 124.6, 73.9, 62.0, 41.2, 38.0, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₃H₁₄N₂O₇: C, 50.33; H, 4.55; N, 9.03; Found: C, 50.23; H, 4.66; N, 8.95; [α]_D²⁵ = 13.8 (c = 2.1, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 19.25 min, t_{minor} = 25.06 min.)

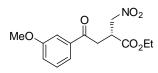


 $\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \text{NO}_2 \\ \text{CO}_2 \text{Et} \end{array}$

(*R*)-Ethyl 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4- oxobutanoate (3h). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1h (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 14 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (84% yield, 98% ee). ¹H

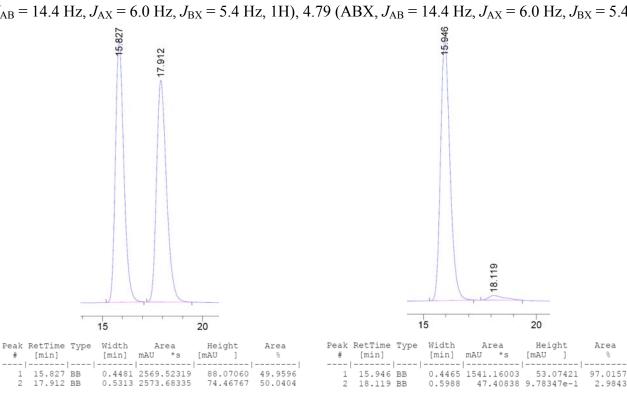
NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.94 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.6 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.6 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.23-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.76-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.55 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 194.8, 171.0, 163.9, 130.4, 128.9, 113.9, 74.8, 61.8, 55.5, 38.4, 36.5, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₄H₁₇NO₆: C, 56.94; H, 5.80; N, 4.74; Found: C, 57.01; H, 5.76; N, 4.67; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = 4.4 (c = 1.3, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AS column: hexane/2-propanol = 75/25, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{minor} = 26.03 min, t_{major} = 28.42 min.)





(R)-Ethyl 4-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4- oxobutanoate (3i). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1i (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 14 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (91% yield, 94% ee). ¹H NMR (600

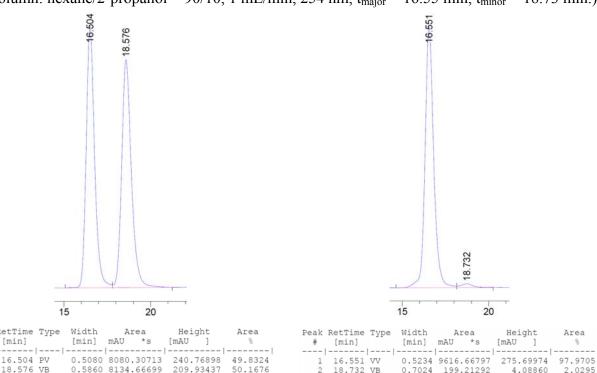
MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.54 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}, J_{AX} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}, J_{BX} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 4.79 \text{ (ABX, } J_{AB} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}, J_{AX} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}, J_{BX} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$



Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.77-3.73 (m, 1H), 3.59 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 4.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 4.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.3, 170.8, 159.8, 137.1, 129.7, 120.6, 120.2, 112.2, 74.7, 61.8, 55.4, 38.3, 37.1, 13.9; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₇NO₆: C, 56.94; H, 5.80; N, 4.74; Found: C, 57.02; H, 5.85; N, 4.47; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 1.4$ (c = 3.0, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AS column: hexane/2-propanol = 75/25, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{\text{maior}} = 15.95 \text{ min}, t_{\text{minor}} = 18.12 \text{ min}.$

2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-p-tolylbutanoate according to the general procedure from 1j (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 7 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (93% yield, 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz,

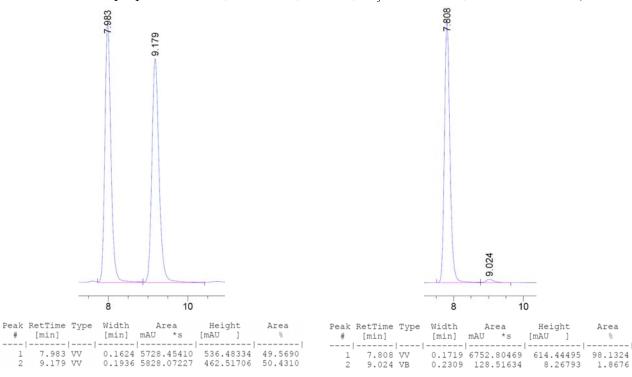
CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.86 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 1.8$ 6.0 Hz, $J_{\text{BX}} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), $4.79 \text{ (ABX, } J_{\text{AB}} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{\text{AX}} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{\text{BX}} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), $4.24-4.19 \text{ (m, } J_{\text{AB}} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}$), $J_{\text{AB}} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{\text{A$ 2H), 3.76-3.73 (m, 1H), 3.58 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 4.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.36 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0 \text{ Hz}, J_{AX} = 4.8 \text{ Hz}, J_{BX} = 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 2.42 \text{ (s, 3H)}, 1.26 \text{ (t, } J = 7.2 \text{ Hz, 3H)}; ^{13}\text{C NMR}$ $(150 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta \text{ (ppm)} 196.0, 170.9, 144.7, 133.4, 129.4, 128.2, 74.7, 61.8, 38.4, 36.8, 21.7, 129.4, 129$ 13.9; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₇NO₅: C, 60.21; H, 6.14; N, 5.02; Found: C, 60.27; H, 6.09; N, 4.96; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 6.3$ (c = 1.6, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{major} = 16.55$ min, $t_{minor} = 18.73$ min.)



Peak RetTime

[min]

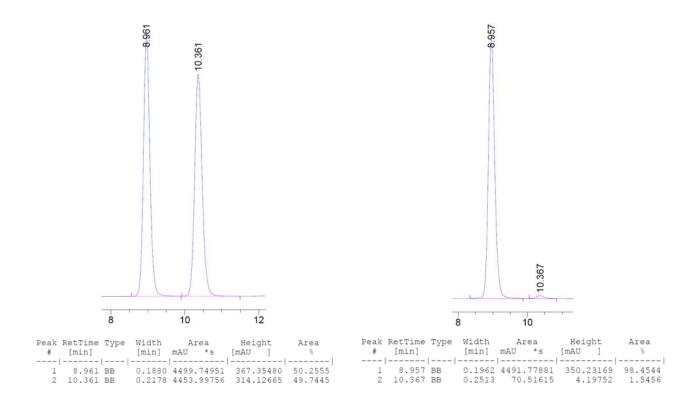
(R)-Ethyl 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxobutanoate (3k). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1k (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 8 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (93% yield, 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.00 (d, J = 8.4 and 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.19 (m, 2H), 3.77-3.73 (m, 1H), 3.59 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 194.9, 170.7, 166.9, 165.2, 132.3, 132.3, 130.8, 130.7, 116.0, 115.8, 74.7, 61.9, 38.3, 36.8, 13.9; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₃H₁₄FNO₅: C, 55.12; H, 4.98; N, 4.94; Found: C, 55.03; H, 4.89; N, 4.78; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -4.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 7.81 min, t_{minor} = 9.02 min.)

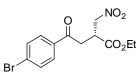


O NO₂
CO₂E

(*R*)-Ethyl 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxobutanoate (31). Prepared according to the general procedure from 11 (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 6 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (96% yield, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600

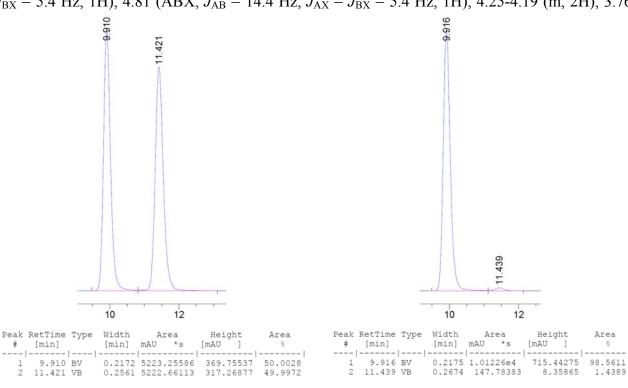
MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.91 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.76-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.59 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 4.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 195.3, 170.6, 140.2, 134.2, 129.4, 129.0, 74.7, 61.9, 38.3, 36.9, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₃H₁₄ClNO₅: C, 52.10; H, 4.71; N, 4.67; Found: C, 52.15; H, 4.73; N, 4.55; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = 4.65 (c = 2.28, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 8.96 min, t_{minor} = 10.37 min.)



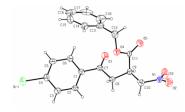


(*R*)-Ethyl 4-(4-bromophenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxobutanoate (3m). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1m (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 8 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (91% yield, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.19 (m, 2H), 3.76-

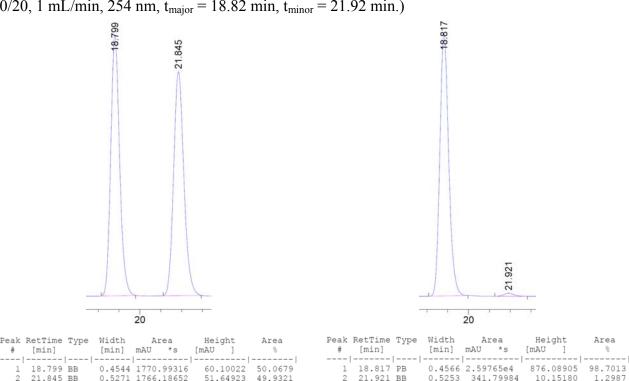


3.72 (m, 1H), 3.58 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 195.5, 170.1, 134.5, 132.0, 129.5, 129.0, 74.7, 61.9, 38.2, 36.8, 13.9; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₃H₁₄BrNO₅: C, 45.37; H, 4.10; N, 4.07; Found: C, 45.29; H, 4.17; N, 3.98; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 5.0$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 70/30, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{maior} = 9.92$ min, $t_{minor} = 11.44$ min.)



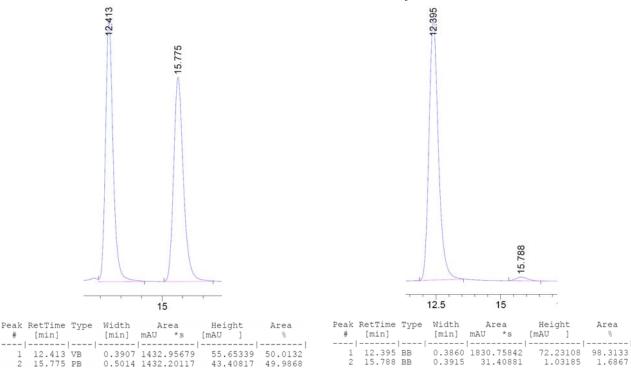
(R)-Benzyl 4-(4-bromophenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4- oxobutanoate (3n). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1n (0.50 mmol), 2a (2.00 mmol), I (0.025 mmol) and xylenes (1.0 mL) at 25 °C for 10 h to provide the title compound as a white solid (85% yield, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J =8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 5H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 4.86 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz,

 $J_{AX} = 4.8 \text{ Hz}, J_{BX} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, 4.82 \text{ (ABX, } J_{AB} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}, J_{AX} = 4.8 \text{ Hz}, J_{BX} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H},$ 3.82-3.78 (m, 1H), 3.58 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.34 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.6$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 18.6$ 18.6 Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 195.4, 170.5, 134.9, 134.5, 132.0, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 74.6, 67.6, 38.3, 36.8; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₆BrNO₅: C, 53.22; H, 3.97; N, 3.45; Found: C, 53.26; H, 3.89; N, 3.37; $[\alpha]_D^{16} = -6.3$ (c = 0.89, CH₂Cl₂); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{major} = 18.82$ min, $t_{minor} = 21.92$ min.)



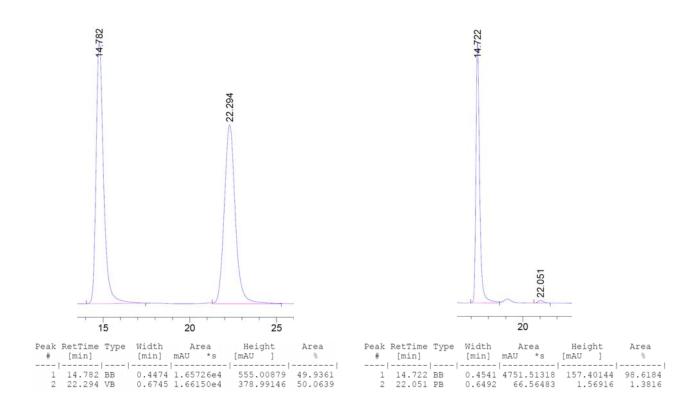
[min]

(R)-Ethyl 4-(3-bromophenyl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxobutanoate (30).Prepared according to the general procedure from 1n (0.50 mmol), 2a (2.00 mmol), I (0.025 mmol) and xylenes (1.0 mL) at 25 °C for 4 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (90% yield, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.77-3.73 (m, 1H), 3.59 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.0 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 195.2, 170.5, 137.5, 136.6, 131.1, 130.3, 126.6, 123.1, 74.6, 61.9, 38.2, 37.0, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₃H₁₄BrNO₅: C, 45.37; H, 4.10; N, 4.07; Found: C, 45.33; H, 4.21; N, 4.00; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -2.5 (c = 2.5, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 12.40 min, t_{minor} = 15.79 min.)

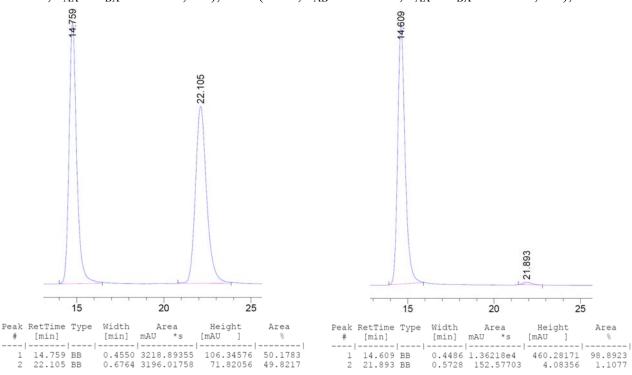


according to the general procedure from **1n** (0.50 mmol), **2a** (2.00 mmol), **I** (0.025 mmol) and xylenes (1.0 mL) at 25 °C for 6 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (92% yield, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.76 (br, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (br, 1H), 4.85 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.80 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.71 (m, 1H), 3.55 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 189.2, 170.6, 142.8, 134.5, 132.6, 128.3, 74.6, 61.9, 38.3, 37.4, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₁H₁₃NO₆: C, 51.77; H, 5.13; N, 5.49; Found: C, 51.90; H, 5.08; N, 5.37; [α]_D²⁵ = -1.3 (c = 2.6, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{major} = 14.72$ min, $t_{minor} = 22.05$ min.)

4-(furan-2-yl)-2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxobutanoate (3p).

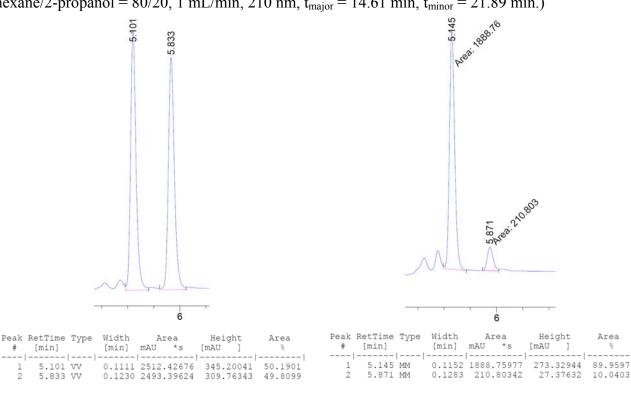


(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-(thiophen-2-yl)butanoate (3q). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1n (0.50 mmol), 2a (2.00 mmol), I (0.025 mmol) and xylenes (1.0 mL) at 25 °C for 4 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (86% yield, 98% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.77 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.81 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.19

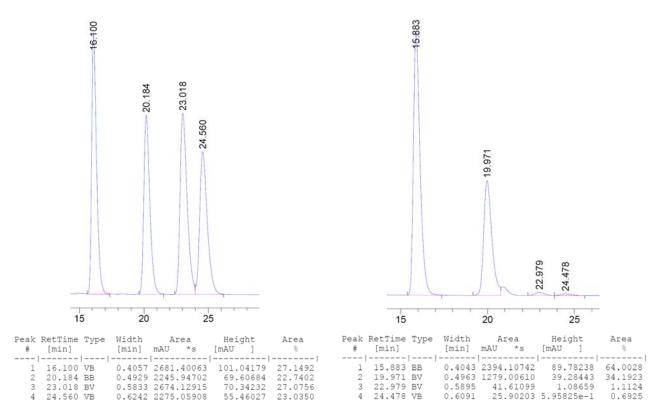


(m, 2H), 3.75-3.71 (m, 1H), 3.55 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 18.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 5.4$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 189.2, 170.6, 142.8, 134.5, 132.6, 128.3, 74.6, 61.9, 38.3, 37.3, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₁H₁₃NO₅S: C, 48.70; H, 4.83; N, 5.16; Found: C, 48.80; H, 4.76; N, 5.03; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -4.7$ (c = 2.1, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, $t_{major} = 14.61$ min, $t_{minor} = 21.89$ min.)

(*R*)-Ethyl 5,5-dimethyl-2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxohexanoate (3r). Prepared according to the general procedure from 3r (0.25 mmol), 2a (1.00 mmol), I (0.025 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 4 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (47% yield, 80% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 4.76 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.67 4.76 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 6.0 Hz, J_{BX} = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (ABX, J_{AB} = 18.6 Hz, J_{AX} = 5.4 Hz, J_{BX} = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (t, J_{AX} = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.17 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 212.7, 170.8, 74.8, 61.7, 44.0, 38.2, 35.3, 26.3, 14.0; *Anal. Calcd.* C₁₁H₁₉NO₅: C, 53.87; H, 7.81; N, 5.71; Found: C, 53.81; H, 7.73; N, 5.63; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_{major} = 14.61 min, t_{minor} = 21.89 min.)

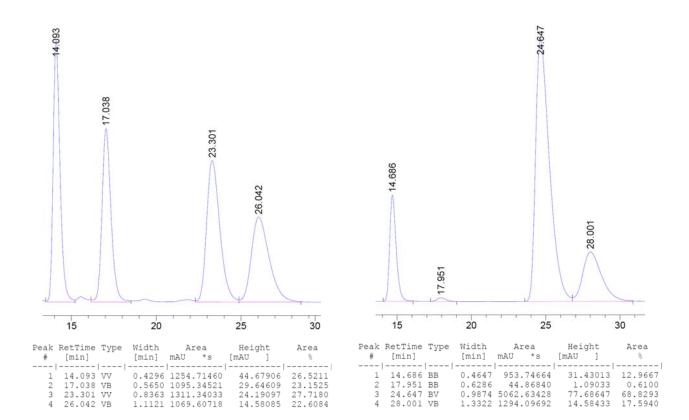


Ethyl 2-(1-nitroethyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (3s). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.25 mmol), 2b (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 4 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (89% yield, d.r. = 65 : 35, 97 and 96% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.96 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 5.07-



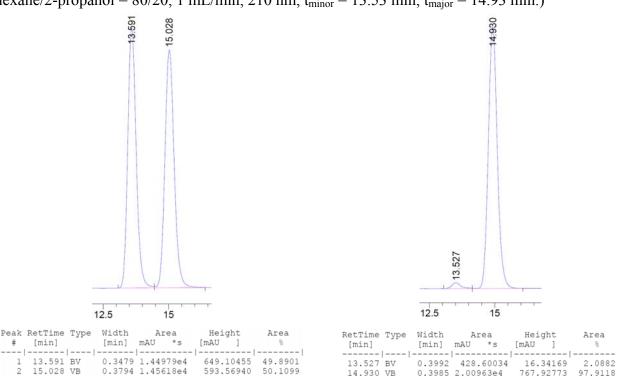
5.02 (m, 1H), 4.24-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.29-3.05 (m, 1H), 1.63-1.62 (m, 3H), 1.27-1.23 (m, 3H); 13 C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.5, 170.6, 136.0, 135.9, 133.6, 128.7, 128.1, 128.0, 82.7, 82.3, 61.7, 44.3, 43.7, 36.0, 16.8, 13.9; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₄H₁₇NO₅: C, 60.21; H, 6.14; N, 5.02; Found: C, 60.27; H, 6.08; N, 4.96; [α]_D²⁵ = 7.2 (c = 2.4, CHCl₃); the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OJ column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{major} = 15.88 min, t_{minor} = 22.98 min and t_{major} = 19.97 min, t_{minor} = 24.48 min.)

Diethyl 2-methyl-2-nitro-3-(2-oxo-2-phenylethyl)succinate (3t). Prepared according to the general procedure from 1a (0.25 mmol), 2c (1.00 mmol), I (0.0125 mmol) and xylenes (0.5 mL) at 25 °C for 4 h to provide the title compound as a colorless oil (99% yield, d.r. = 82 : 18, 68 and 92% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.96 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.31-4.24 (m, 4H), 4.17-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.71-3.66 (m, 1H), 3.25 (d, J = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.32-1.29 (m, 3H), 1.23-1.21 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 196.3, 169.8, 165.9,135.9, 133.5, 128.6, 128.0, 127.9, 92.8, 63.3, 61.8, 45.7, 37.1, 20.2, 13.8, 13.6; *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₇H₂₁NO₇: C, 58.11; H, 6.02; N, 3.99; Found: C, 58.15; H, 6.17; N, 3.89; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OJ column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 254 nm, t_{minor} = 14.69 min, t_{major} = 24.65 min, and t_{minor} = 17.95 min, t_{major} = 28.00 min.)

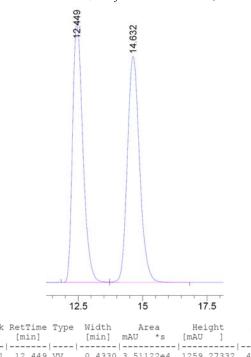


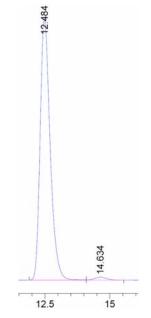
4. Synthesis of functionalized β^2 -amino acid derivatives

(R)-Benzyl 3-nitro-2-[(2-phenyl-1,3-dithiolan-2-yl)methyl] propanoate (5). To an oven-dried three-necked flash condenser was sequentially added equipped with a 2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (3d, 1.10 g), 1,2-ethanedithiol (1.5 mL), and HOAc (8.0 mL) was added BF₃.Et₂O (1.5 mL) under nitrogen at room temperature. The mixture was then stirred at 50 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. Then HOAc was removed under high vacuum at 40 °C and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography to afford 5 (PE/EtOAc = 7/1, 1.10 g, 81%, 96% ee) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.65 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.27-7.24 (m, 1H), 5.08 (q, J = 12.0 Hz, 2H),4.56 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 7.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (ABX, J_{AB} = 14.4 Hz, J_{AX} = 7.8 Hz, J_{BX} = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.33 (m, 3H), 3.28-3.25 (m, 2H), 2.99 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), 2.39 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{AX} = J_{BX} = 5.4 \text{ Hz}$, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 171.41, 143.6, 135.0, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.6, 126.8, 75.6, 72.9, 67.3, 43.5, 41.9, 39.5, 39.2; MS (EI) *m/z* 403 (M⁺); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₁NO₄S₂: C, 59.53; H, 5.25; N, 3.47; Found: C, 59.61; H, 5.23; N, 3.40; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, $t_{minor} = 13.53$ min, $t_{major} = 14.93$ min.)



(R)-Ethyl 3-nitro-2-((2-phenyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methyl)propanoate (4). To an oven-dried three-necked flash equipped with a water separator was sequentially charged with (R)-ethyl 2-(nitromethyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutanoate (3a, 0.56 g), benzene (25 mL) and p-TSA·H₂O (80 mg). The mixture was then heated to reflux under nitrogen for 24 h. After cooling, the reaction system was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL), washed with sat. NaHCO₃ and dried over MgSO₄. Suction filtration and concentration afforded the residue, which was purified by flash column chromatography to obtain the desired product 4 (PE/EtOAc = 7/1, 0.56 g, 94%, 97% ee) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.44 (br, 1H), 7.43 (br, 1H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 3H), 4.82 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{AX} = 9.0 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{BX} = 4.2 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.74 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{AX} = 9.0 \text{ Hz}$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.22-4.13 (m, 2H), 4.06-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.79-3.71 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.40 (m, 1H), 2.44 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{AX} = 4.8 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{BX} = 7.8 \text{ Hz}$, 1H), 2.16 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0 \text{ Hz}$, $J_{AX} = 4.8 \text{ Hz}$ Hz, $J_{\rm BX} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 171.9, 141.3, 128.3, 125.4, 125.3, 75.1, 61.3, 38.8, 38.6, 13.9; MS (EI) m/z 413 (M⁺); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₃H₂₇NO₆: C, 66.81; H, 6.58; N, 3.39; Found: C, 66.89; H, 6.38; N, 3.27; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, $t_{minor} = 12.48 \text{ min}, t_{major} = 14.63 \text{ min.})$

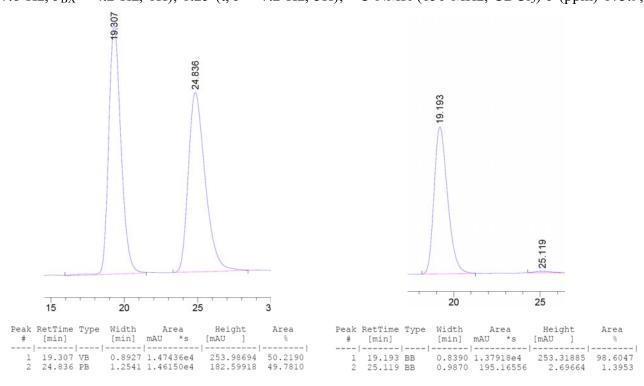




Peak	RetTime	Type	Width	Area		Height		Area
#	[min]		[min]	mAU	*s	[mAU]	%
1	12.449	VV	0.4330	3.511	22e4	1259.2	7332	49.2623
2	14.632	VB	0.5134	3.616	38e4	1094.9	99072	50.7377

Peak RetTime Type Width Height [min] [mAU [min] 12.484 BV 1.27289e4 98.6026 14.634 VB 0.4987 180.39078 5.46495 1.3974

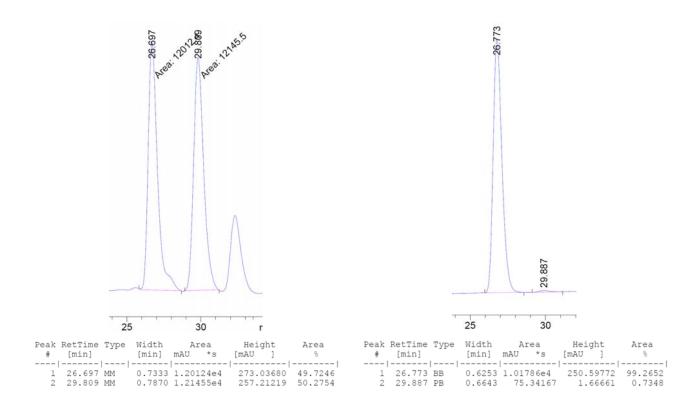
(*R*)-Ethyl 3-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-2-((2-phenyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methyl) propanoate (7). NaBH₄ (1.35 g) was added slowly in portionwise to a stirred solution of 4 (1.10 g) and NiCl₂•6H₂O (0.98 g) in EtOH (20 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 0.5 h before quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (50 mL). The mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 40 mL), dried over MgSO₄. Suction filtration over Celite and concetration *in vacuo* afforded the crude amine, which was dissolved in 20 mL of freshly distilled CH₂Cl₂. Et₃N (0.7 mL) was added and the mixture was cooled by an ice-bath for 15 min. Then benzyl chloroformate (0.55 mL) was added dropwise via syringe over 15 min. 3 h later, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phase was dried over MgSO₄. The residue obtained after filtration and concentration was subjected to flash chromatography to obtain the desired product 7 as a colorless oil (PE/EtOAc = 3/1, 1.07 g, 80%, 97% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.44 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.24 (m, 8H), 5.11-5.06 (m, 3H), 4.16-4.04 (m, 2H), 4.03-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.74 (br, 2H), 3.50-3.37 (m, 2H), 2.87 (br, 1H), 2.40 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 173.9,



155.8, 141.8, 136.1, 127.8, 127.7, 127.5, 127.4, 127.3, 127.2, 124.9, 108.6, 65.7, 63.9, 63.8, 59.8, 59.7, 42.5, 40.6, 39.3, 13.5; MS (EI) m/z 413 (M⁺); $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -5.1$ (c = 5.0, CH₂Cl₂); *Anal. Calcd.* for C₂₃H₂₇NO₆: C, 66.81; H, 6.58; N, 3.39; Found: C, 66.89; H, 6.38; N, 3.27; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak OD column: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, $t_{major} = 19.19$ min, $t_{minor} = 25.12$ min.)

3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-((2-phenyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)methyl)propanoate. 1 H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.45 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34-7.28 (m, 3H), 4.82 (br, 1H), 4.17-4.09 (m, 2H), 4.05-3.96 (m, 2H), 3.74 (br, 2H), 3.39-3.29 (m, 2H), 2.83 (br, 1H), 2.40 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 9.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.01 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 15.0$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 9.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 174.2, 155.3, 141.9, 127.7, 127.6, 125.1, 108.9, 78.5, 64.1, 64.0, 59.9, 42.3, 40.9, 39.5, 27.9, 13.8; MS (EI) m/z 379 (M[†]); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₉NO₆: C, 63.31; H, 7.70; N, 3.69; Found: C, 63.26; H, 7.75; N, 3.60;

(*R*)-1-Ethyl 4-(4-methoxyphenyl) 2-(nitromethyl)succinate (8).⁴ To a three-necked flask containing 3h (1 mmol, 295 mg) were sequentially added dichloromethane (5 mL), TfOH (20 mol%, 30 mg) and *m*-Chloro perbenzoic acid (430 mg, 2.0 equiv., ~80% purity) under nitrogen at RT. The mixture was stirred at RT for 21 h. Then the white solid was remoed by suction filtration and washed with dichloromethane. The organics were removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography to provide the desired product as a colorless oil (89%, 99% ee). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.00 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.88 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.80 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 14.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.27-4.23 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.65-3.59 (m, 1H), 3.10 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 17.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.97 3.10 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 17.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 6.0$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 6.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 169.9, 169.5, 157.1, 143.5, 121.8, 114.1, 74.1, 61.7, 55.1, 38.7, 32.6, 13.6; MS (EI) m/z 311 (M⁺); *Anal. Calcd.* for C₁₄H₁₇NO₇: C, 54.02; H, 5.50; N, 4.50; Found: C, 54.12; H, 5.39; N, 4.35; the enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral HPLC (Chiralpak AD column: hexane/2-propanol = 90/10, 1 mL/min, 210 nm, t_{major} = 26.77 min, t_{minor} = 29.89 min.)



(R)-ethyl 5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylate. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 6.90 (br, 1H), 4.20 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.64-3.62 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.32 (m, 1H), 2.67 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 17.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.58 (ABX, $J_{AB} = 17.4$ Hz, $J_{AX} = 7.8$ Hz, $J_{BX} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 176.7, 172.6, 61.3, 44.4, 38.8, 33.1, 14.1; MS (EI) m/z 157 (M⁺); Anal. Calcd. for C₇H₁₁NO₃: C, 53.49; H, 7.05; N, 8.91; Found: C, 53.57; H, 7.13; N, 8.83;

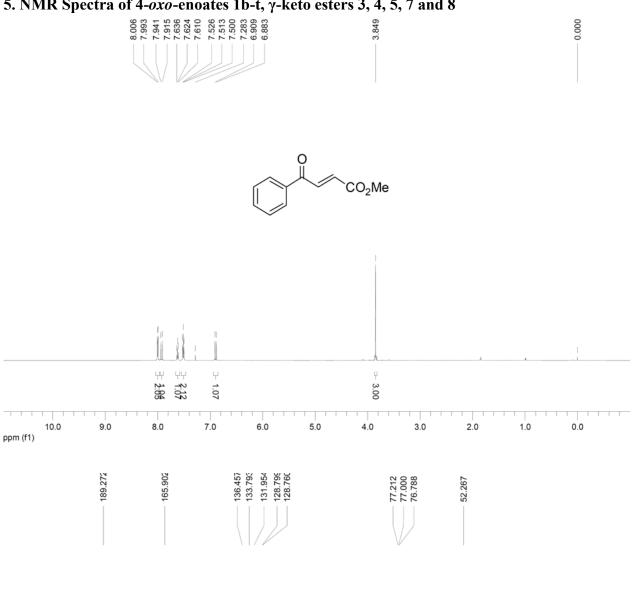
¹ Still, W. C.; Kahn, M.; Mitra, A. J. J. Org. Chem. 1978, 43, 2923.

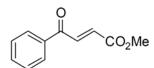
² Perrin, D. D.; Armarego, W. L. F. *Purification of Laboratory Chemicals, 4th ed.*; Pergamon Press: Oxford, 1997.

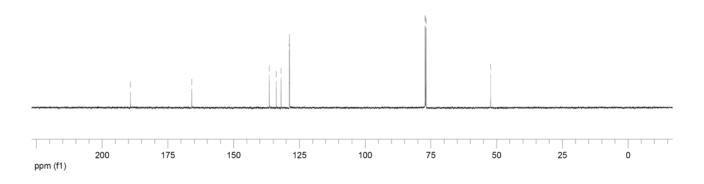
³ a) Okino, T.; Hoashi, Y.; Takemoto, Y. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, *125*, 12672; b) Li, B.; Jiang, L.; Liu, M.; Chen, Y.; Ding, L.; Wu, Y. *Synlett* **2005**, 603; c) McCooey, S. H.; Connon, S. J. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2005**, *44*, 6367; d) Ye, J.; Dixon, D. J.; Hynes, P. S. *Chem. Commun.* **2005**, 4481.

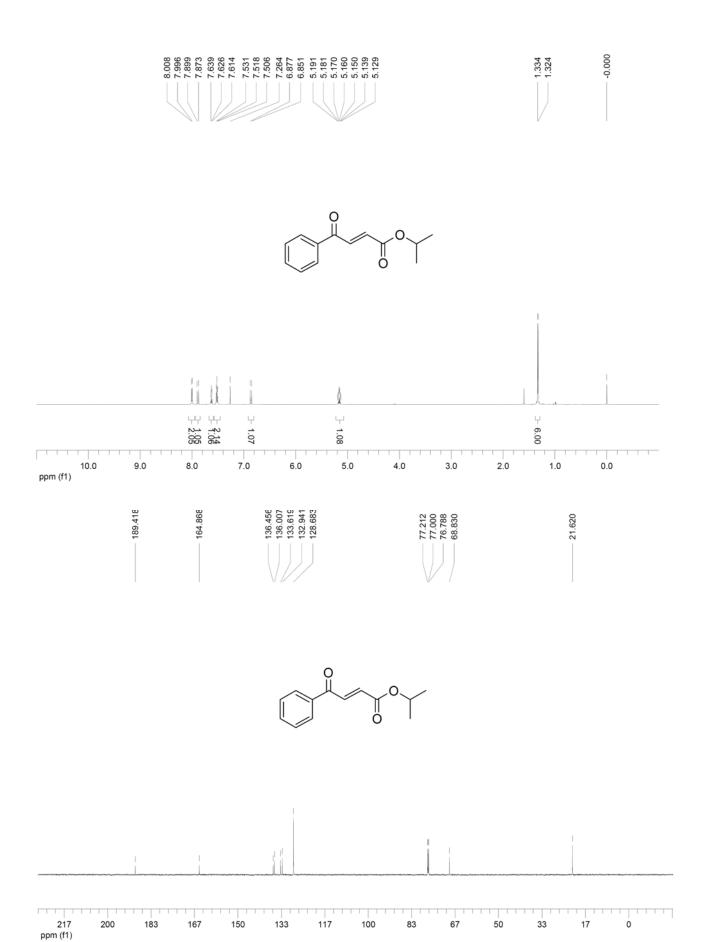
⁴ Kotsuki, H.; Arimura, K.; Araki, T.; Shinohara, T. Synlett 1999, 462.

5. NMR Spectra of 4-oxo-enoates 1b-t, γ-keto esters 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8



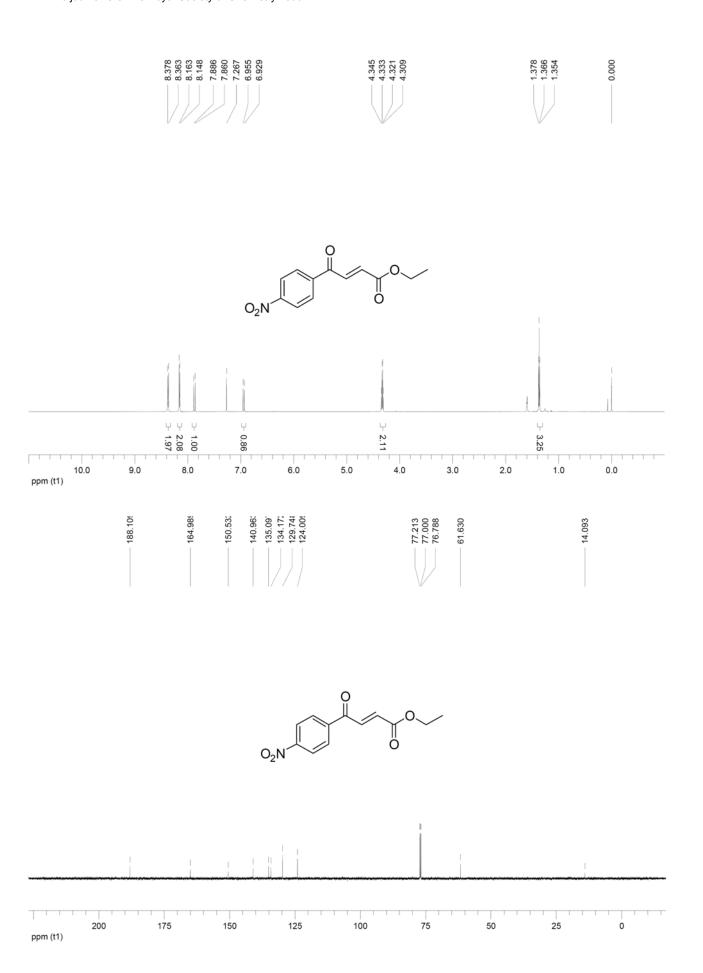


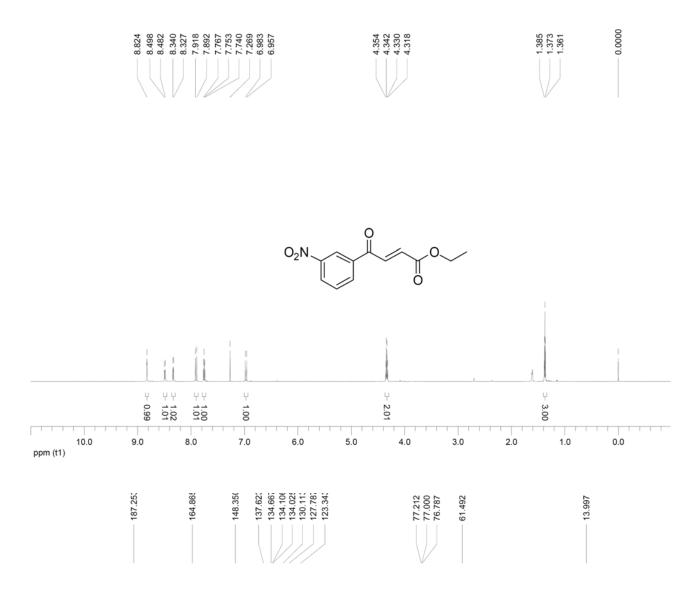




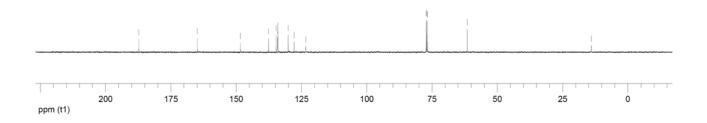


ppm (t1)

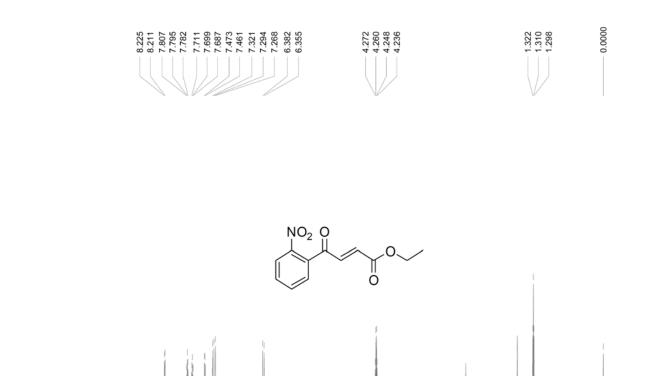


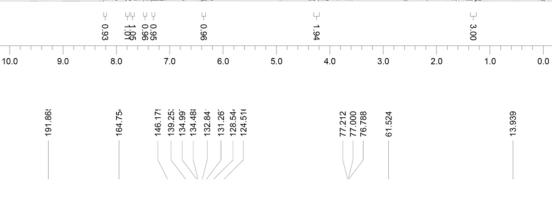


$$O_2N$$

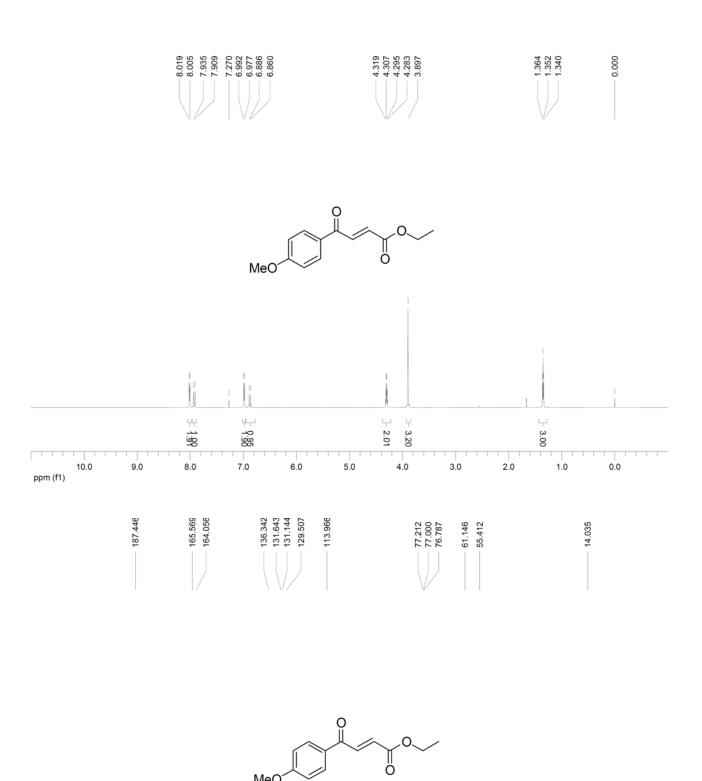


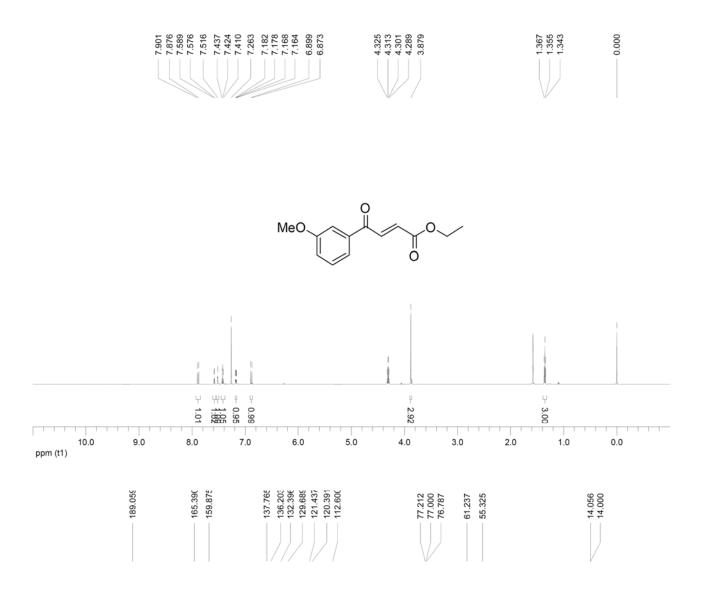
ppm (t1)

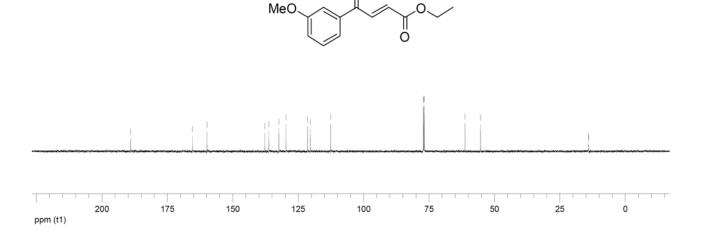


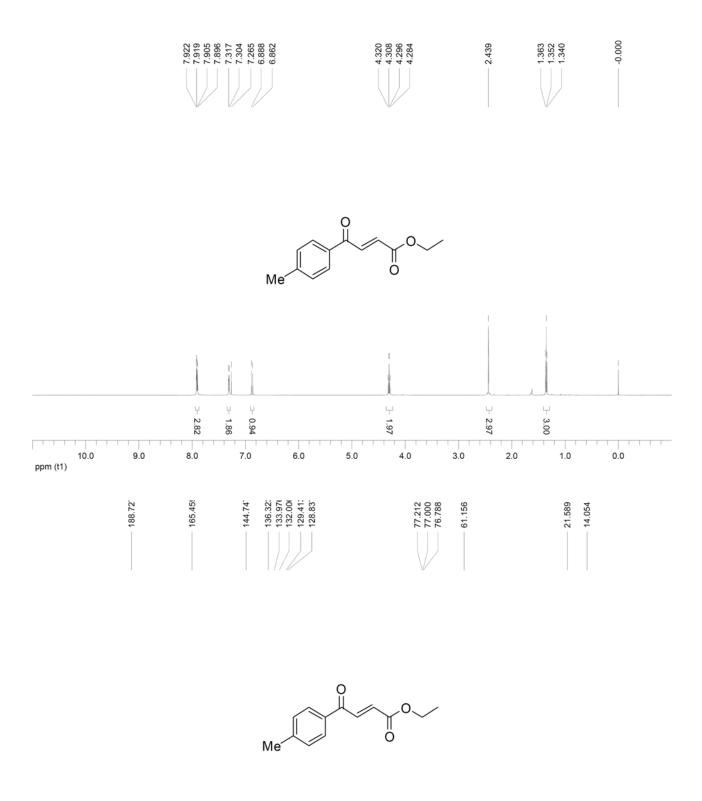




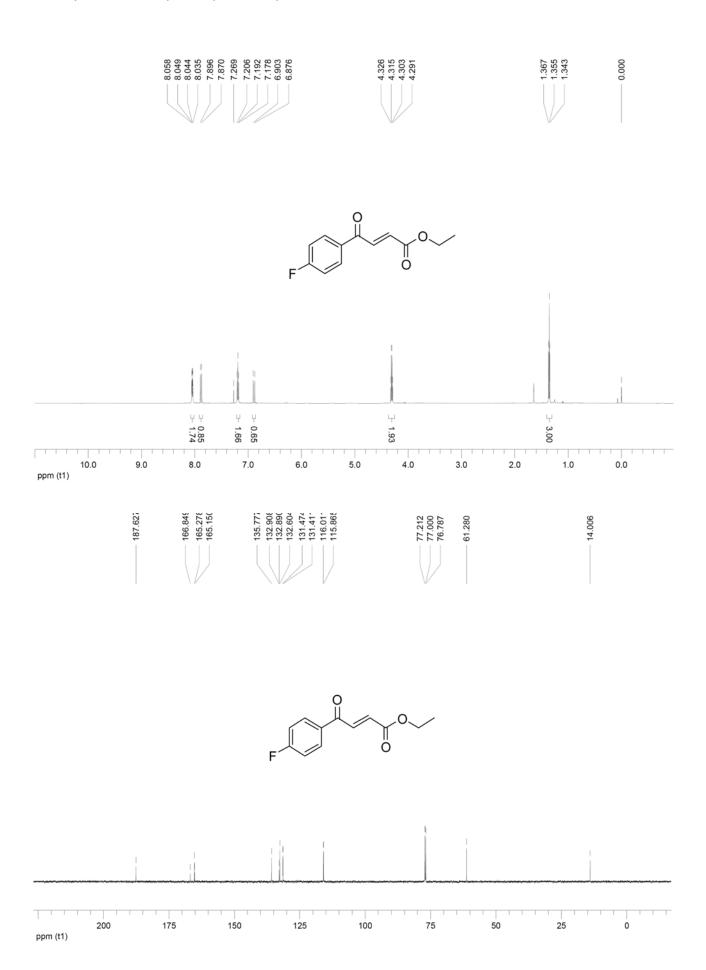


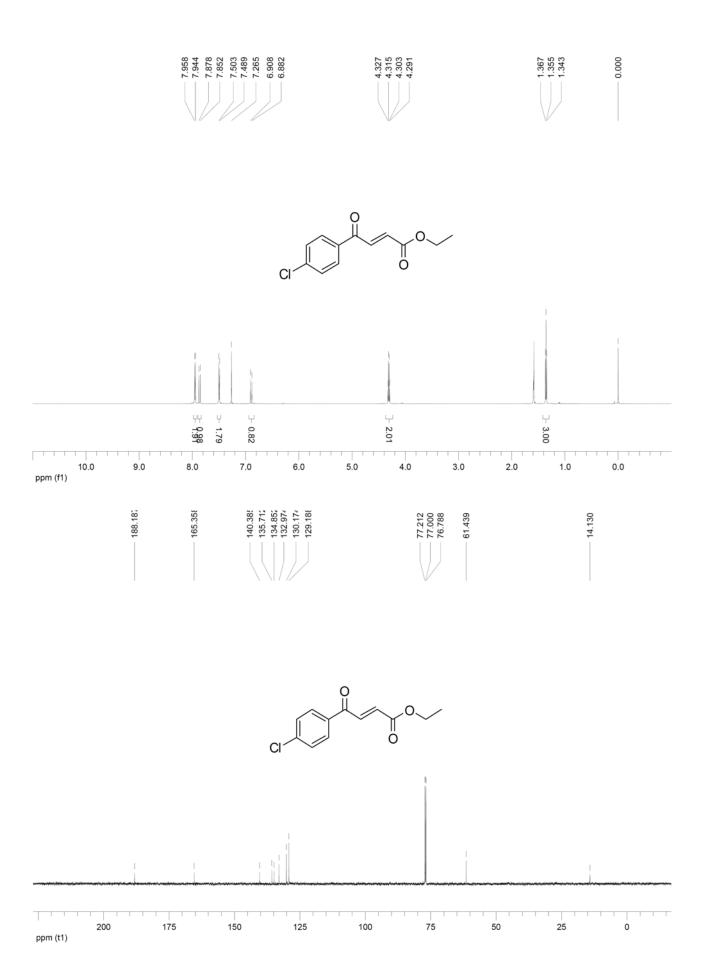




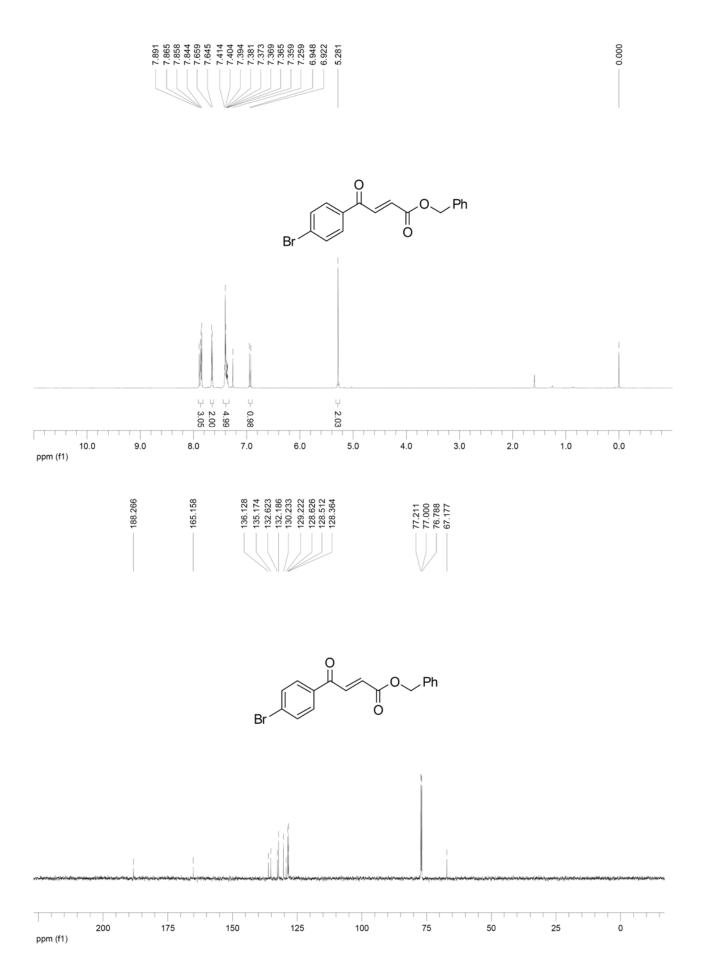


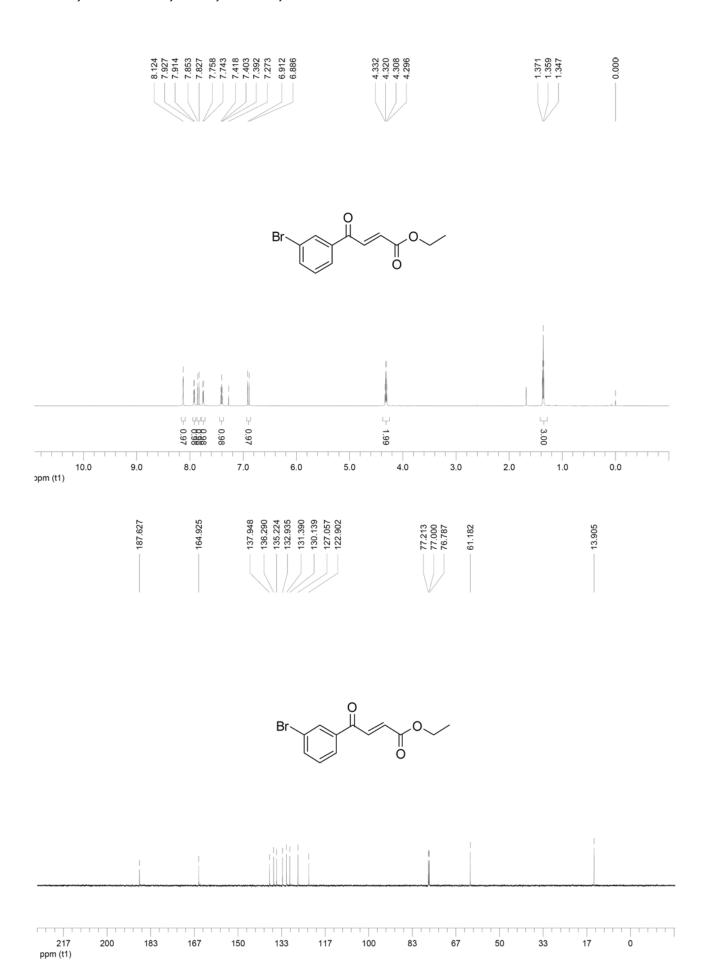
ppm (t1)

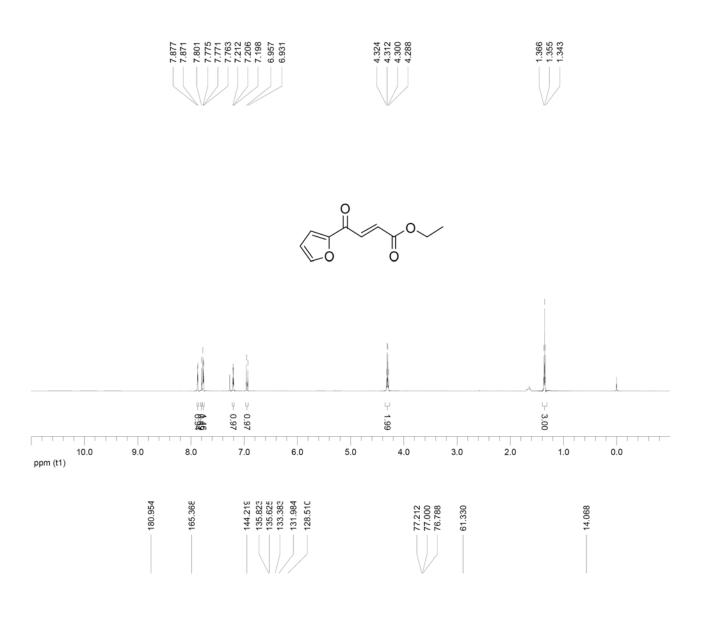


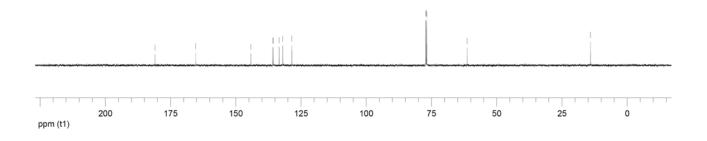








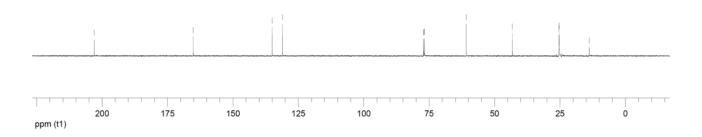


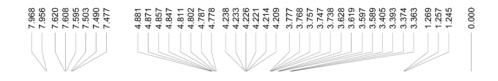


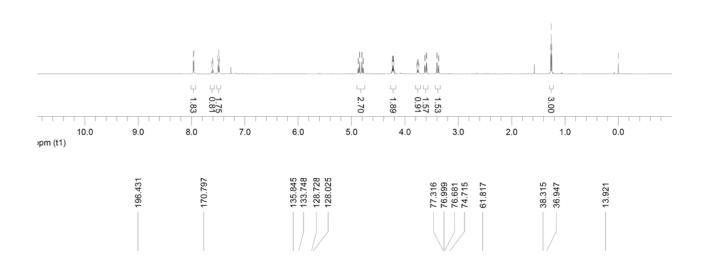


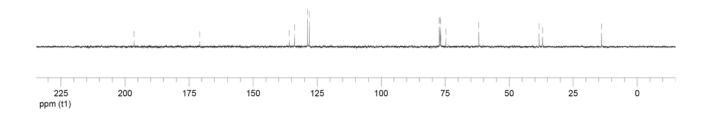
ppm (f1)



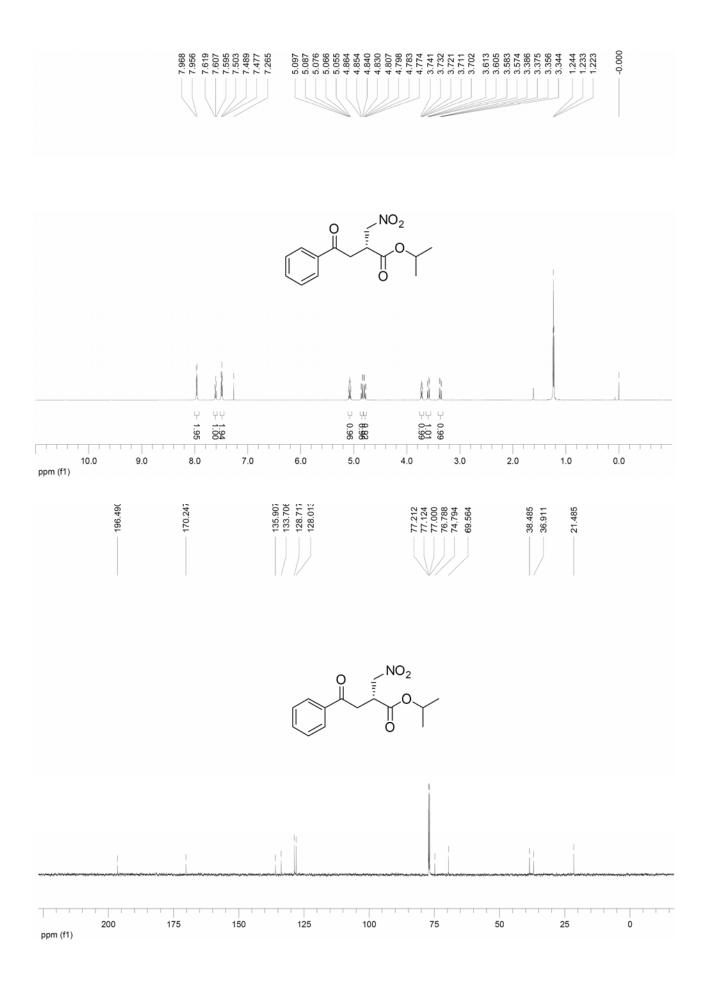


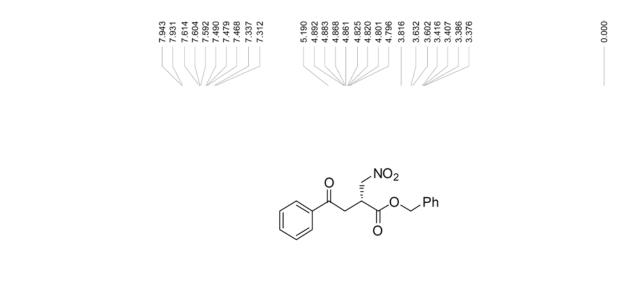


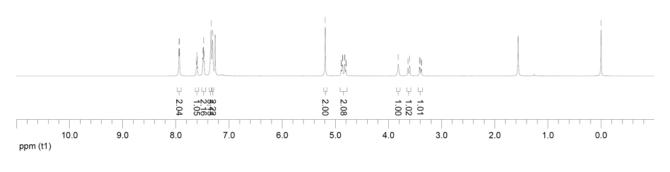


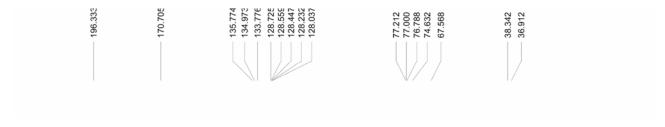


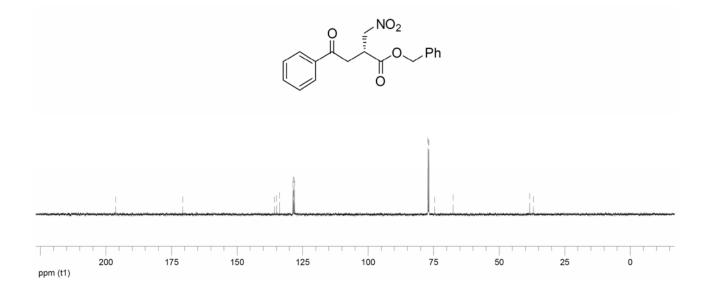


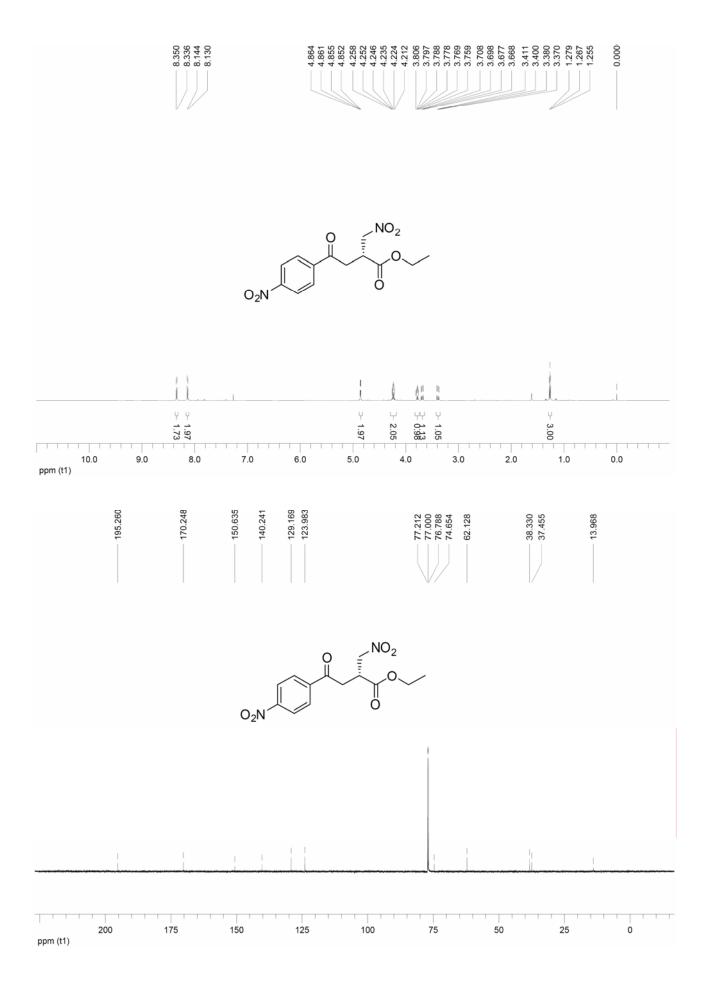




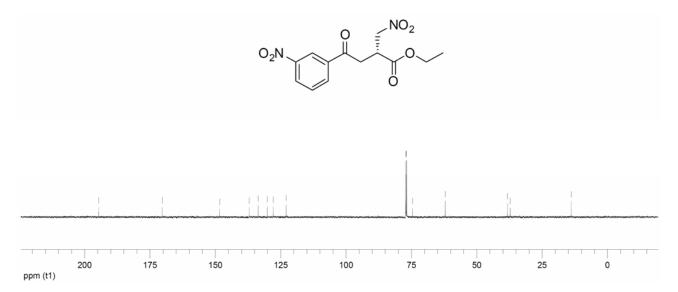


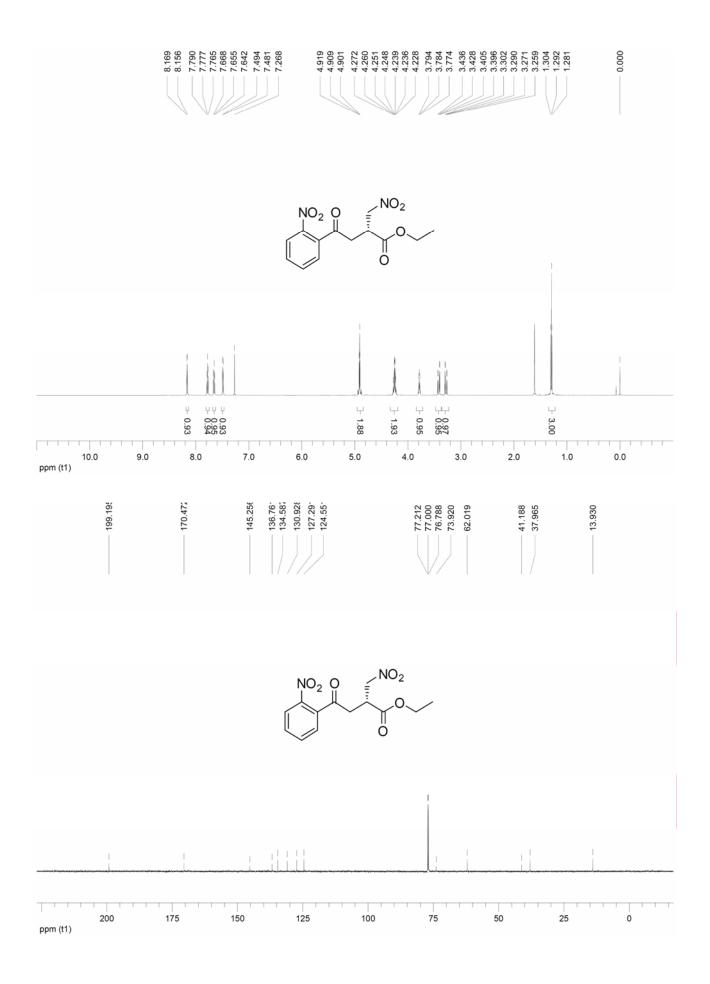




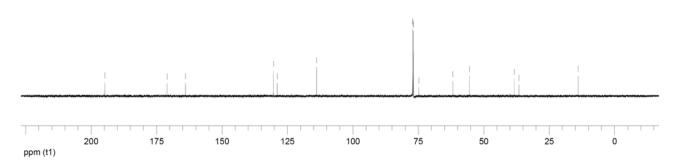


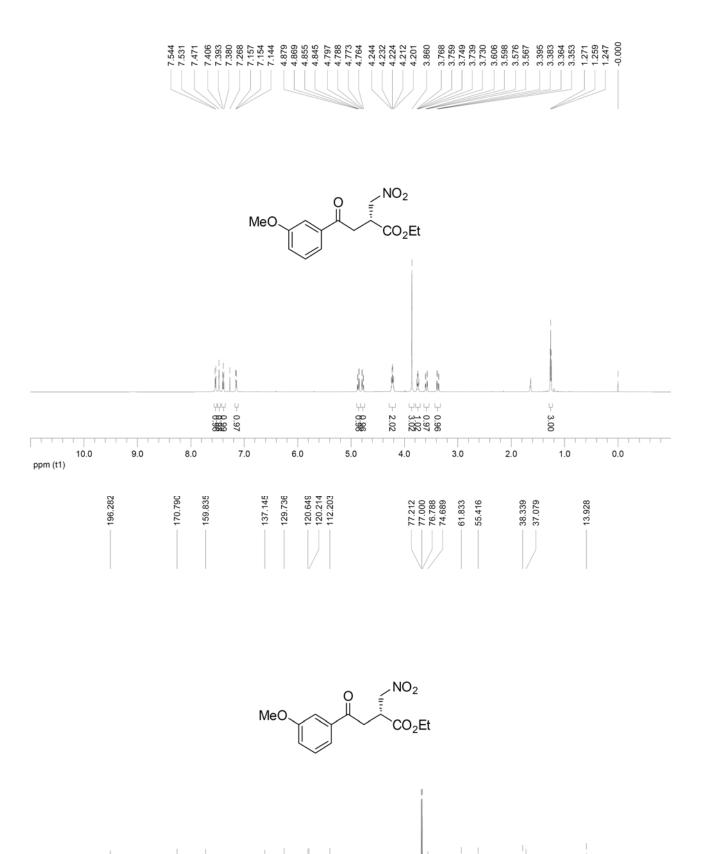












Ó

ppm (t1)

