Supporting Information

A General and Convenient Catalytic Synthesis of Nitriles from Amides and Silanes

Shaolin Zhou, Daniele Addis, Shoubhik Das, Kathrin Junge, and Matthias Beller*

Leibniz-Institut für Katalyse e.V. an der Universität Rostock, Albert-Einstein-Straße 29a, 18059 Rostock, Germany; Fax: (+49) 381-1281-5000 E-mail: matthias.beller@catalysis.de

Contents:

- **1:General experimental procedures (1-2)**
- 2: Characterization data (2-5)
- **3:** In situ experiment (5)
- 4: Copies of in situ ²⁹Si NMR and GC-MS (6-7)
- 5: Copies of product ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR (8-39)

General information: Unless otherwise stated, reactions were run under an argon atmosphere with exclusion of moisture from reagents and glassware using standard techniques for manipulating air-senstive compounds. Toluene, 1,4-dioxane and dibutylether were distilled from sodium. NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AV 300 (¹H and ¹³C) and AV 400 (²⁹Si) spectrometers at 300 MHz (¹H), 75 MHz (¹³C) and 79.5 MHz (²⁹Si). All chemical shift (δ) are reported in ppm and coupling constants (*J*) in Hz; All chemical shifts are relative to tetramethylsilane; the resonance of the residual protons of the solvent was used as the internal standard (7.26 ppm, chloroform; 2.20 ppm, o-xylene) and all *d*-solvent peaks (77.00 ppm, chloroform; 19.60 ppm, o-xylene), respectively. All measurements were carried out at room temperature unless otherwise stated. Mass spectra were in general recorded on an AMD

402/3 or a HP 5989A mass selective detector. Gas chromatography was performed on a HP 6890 chromatography with a HP5 column.

Reagents: $[Et_3NH][HFe_3(CO)_{11}]^1$ was prepared by the method reported preciously. All other chemicals were obtained commercially and were used as received.

General procedure for the dehydration of primary amides to nitriles: A 25 mL oven dried schlenk tube containing a stir bar was charged with primary amides (1.0 mmol), and $[Et_3NH][HFe_3(CO)_{11}]$ (0.02-0.05 mmol). (EtO)₂MeSiH (3.0 mmol; for amide 1k and 1m, 4.0 mmol) and dry toluene or 1,4-dioxane (2mL) were added respectively after purging the schlenk tube with argon. The mixture was stirred for the time indicated in table 3 at 100°C. The cooled reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether (5 mL) and quenched by addition of 2M HCl (5 mL). The reaction mixture was vigorously stirred for 3h at room temperature and was then extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 20 mL) (for amide 1k, about 5 M NaOH (2 mL) was used to adjust the PH value to 7 before extracting). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure (900 mbar, 40°C). the residue was Purified by silica gel column chromatography and gave the corresponding nitriles.

4-Methylbenzonitrile (**2b**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 2.26 (s, 3 H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2 H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 21.75, 109.22, 119.07, 129.76, 131.96, 143.63. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 118 (11), 117 (100), 116 (74), 91 (7), 90 (44), 89 (30), 64 (6), 63 (13), 62 (6), 51 (5), 50 (5), 39 (7).

3-Methylbenzonitrile (**2c**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.38$ (s, 3 H), 7.08-7.44 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 20.36$, 112.66, 118.04, 126.13, 130.14, 132.40, 133.56, 141.83. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 118 (16), 117 (98), 116 (100), 91 (10), 90 (67), 89 (47), 76 (6), 75 (7), 63 (22), 62 (10), 51 (9), 50 (9), 39 (15), 38 (6). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₇N, 117.0573; found 117.0571.

2-Methylbenzonitrile (**2d**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.37$ (s, 3 H), 7.31-7.46 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 21.04$, 112.14, 118.94, 128.90, 129.17, 132.38, 132.56, 139.13. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 118 (12), 117 (100), 116 (66), 91 (7), 90 (54), 89 (36), 64 (6), 63 (14), 51 (6), 50 (6).

4-Methoxylbenzonitrile (**2e**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.85$ (s, 3 H), 6.92-6.97 (m, 2 H), 7.55-7.60 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 55.48$, 103.88, 114.69, 119.17, 133.91, 162.78. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 134 (9), 133 (100), 118 (10), 104 (11), 103 (38), 102 (9), 90 (45), 76 (10), 75 (7), 64 (12), 63 (14), 62 (5) 39 (7).

4-tert-Butylbenzonitrile (**2f**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.32$ (s, 9 H), 7.56-7.57 (m, 2 H), 7.59-7.60 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 30.86$, 35.18, 109.23, 119.08, 126.10, 131.88, 156.56. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 159 (19), 145 (12), 144 (100), 128 (59, 117 (7), 116 (59), 115 (5), 104 (12), 89 (7), 77 (5), 51 (4), 39 (6). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₁₁H₁₃N, 159.1043; found 159.1045.

4-Chlorobenzonitrile (**2g**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.26-7.48$ (m, 2 H), 7.58-7.62 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 110.74$, 117.92, 129.65, 133.33, 139.50. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 139 (34), 138 (8), 137 (100), 102 (30), 75 (14), 74 (79, 73 (4), 51 (6), 50 (11).

4-Bromobenzonitrile (**2h**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.34-7.39$ (m, 2 H), 7.46-8.31 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 111.20$, 118.00, 127.97, 132.61, 133.37. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 182 (98), 180 (100), 103 (8), 102 (93), 76 (12), 75 (26), 74 (10), 51 (13), 50 (17).

1-Cyanonaphthalene (**2i**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.52$ (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.60-7,72 (m, 2 H), 7.90-7.94 (m, 2 H), 8.08 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 8.22-8.25 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 110.15$, 117.78, 124.89, 124.91, 125,10, 127.51, 128.55, 128.61, 132.32, 132.59, 132.88, 133.23. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 154 (13), 153 (100), 152 (6), 127 (5), 126 (18), 76 (7), 75 (5), 63 (9).

2-Cyanonaphthalene (**2j**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.45-7.56 (m, 3 H), 7.84-7.90 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 109.31, 114.43, 122.33, 125.24, 125.69, 127.83, 134.94, 137.39, 141.24. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 154 (13), 153 (100), 152 (7), 127 (6), 126 (18), 76 (6), 63 (9).

4-Aminobenzonitrile (**2k**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 4.20$ (bs, 2 H), 6.61-6.66 (m, 2 H), 7.37-7.42 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 99.98$, 114.36, 120.13, 133.72, 150.42. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 119 (9), 118 (100), 117 (6), 91 (30), 90 (9), 64 (11), 63 (9), 52 (5). HRMS (ESI, m/z) [M-H]⁻, calcd. for C₇H₅N₂, 117.0458; found 117.0459.

Methyl 4-cyanobenzoate (**2l**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.95$ (s, 3 H), 7.72-7.76 (m, 2 H), 8.11-8.15 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 52.69$, 116.36, 117.92, 130.06, 132.19, 133.89, 165.38. HRMS (ESI, m/z) [M+H]⁺, calcd. for C₉H₈O₂N, 161.0471; found 161.07107.

Cinnamonitrile (2m) and **3-Phenylpropionitrile (2m')**: ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.52$ (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.86 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 5.36 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 0.47 H), 5.76-7.39 (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 19.24$, 31.46, 94.99, 96.25, 118.08, 119.07, 128.18, 128.78, 128.85, 128.93, 129.03, 130.89, 131.13, 133.43, 137.98, 148.64, 150.50. cinnamonitrile (2m) MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 130 (11), 129 (100), 128 (27), 103 (14), 102 (32), 78 (8),77 (7), 76 (9), 75 (7), 74 (4), 63 (6), 51 (10); HRMS (EI, m/z) [M], calcd. for C₉H₇N, 129.0573; found 129.0576. **3-phenylpropionitrile (2m')** MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 131 (25), 92 (8), 91 (100), 77 (4), 65 (11), 63 (4), 51 (6), 39 (5). HRMS (EI, m/z) [M], calcd. for C₉H₉N, 131.0729; found 131.0733.

Benzo[b]thiophene-carbonitrile (**2n**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.45-7.56$ (m, 2 H), 7.85-7.90 (m, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 109.61$, 114.42, 122.33, 125.23, 125.68, 127.83, 134.94, 137.38, 141.22. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 161 (5), 160 (11), 159 (100), 133 (2), 132 (5), 115 (5), 114 (4), 79 (2), 69 (5), 63 (3). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₉H₅NS, 159.0137; found 159.0140.

Benzyl nitrile (**2p**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.76$ (s, 2 H), 7.30-7.42 (m, 5 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 23.50$, 117.80, 127.84, 127.97, 129.06, 129.85. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 118 (16), 117 (100), 116 (76), 77 (11), 74 (5), 65 (8), 64 (7), 63 (21), 62 (10), 61 (5), 51 (20), 50 (15), 39 (13), 38 (6). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₇N, 117.0573; found 117.0571.

Decanonitrile (**2q**): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.86$ (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.20-1.31 (m, 10 H), 1.38-1.47 (m, 2 H), 1.59-1.69 (m, 2 H), 2.32 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 13.98$, 17.02, 22.55, 25.29, 28.57, 28.67, 29.07, 29.17, 31.71, 119.77. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 152 (3), 138 (6), 125 (5), 124 (36), 111 (21), 110 (83), 98 (8), 97 (75), 96 (100), 93 (5), 84 (11), 83 (69), 82 (96), 81 (8), 71 (12), 70 (18), 69 (62), 68 (13), 67 (8), 57 (37), 56 (19), 55 (50), 54 (49), 53 (9), 43 (47), 42 (17), 41 (80), 40 (57), 39 (25), 29 (26), 28 (8), 27 (20).

Adamantanecarbonitrile (2r): ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.72$ (bs, 6 H), 2.03 (bs, 9 H); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 27.04$, 30.14, 35.70, 39.86, 125.22. MS (EI): m/z (rel. int.) 161 (33), 160 (12), 131 (11), 130 (100), 103 (4), 102 (48), 76 (9), 75 (14), 51 (7), 50 (7). HRMS (EI, m/z) [M], calcd. for C₁₁H₁₅N, 161.1199; found 161.1206.

Reaction of 1a with (EtO)₂MeSiH in o-xylene-d₁₀ in the presence of [Et₃NH][HFe₃(CO)₁₁]

A 10 mL oven dried schlenk tube containing a stir bar was charged with benzamide (121 mg, 1.0 mmol), and [Et₃NH] [HFe₃(CO)₁₁] (11.6 mg, 0.02 mmol). (EtO)₂MeSiH (0.48 mL, 3.0 mmol), o-xylene-d₁₀ (2 mL) and mesitylene (0.5 mmol, as an internal standard) were added respectively after purging the schlenk tube with argon. The mixture was stirred for 3h at 100 ^oC. The cooled reaction mixture was directly measured by ²⁹Si NMR and GC-MS. ²⁹Si NMR (79.5 MHz, [D₁₀]o-xylene) & = -43.8, -50.4, -51.3; MS [m/z, 267 (M-15), 237 (M-45)].

References

¹ F. Henry, J. R. Holtzelow. Inorganic Synthesis, Vol. 8, John Wiley & Sons, New York, London, 1966, pp146-148.



































































