

Supporting Information for the Paper Entitled “**Phosphinidene Group-Transfer with the Phospha-Wittig Reagent $\text{Me}_3\text{P}=\text{PAr}$ ($\text{Ar} = 2,4,6\text{-}^t\text{Bu}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2$ and $2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$).** New Entry Way to Transition Metal Phosphorus Multiple Bonds.”

Authors: Uriah J. Kilgore,^a Hongjun Fan,^a Maren Pink,^a Eugenijus Urnezius,^b John D. Protasiewicz*^b and Daniel J. Mindiola*^a

Experimental Section

General Considerations.

Unless otherwise stated, all operations were performed in a M. Braun Lab Master double drybox under an atmosphere of purified N₂ or using high-vacuum standard Schlenk techniques under an Ar atmosphere.¹ Anhydrous *n*-hexane, pentane, toluene, and benzene were purchased from Aldrich in sure-seal reservoirs (18 L) and dried by passage through two columns of activated alumina and a Q-5 column. Diethyl ether and CH₂Cl₂ were dried by passage through two columns of activated alumina.¹ Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was distilled, under N₂, from purple sodium benzophenone ketyl and stored under Na metal. Distilled THF was transferred under vacuum into bombs before being pumped into a drybox. C₆D₆ was purchased from Cambridge Isotope Laboratory, degassed and dried over CaH₂, and then vacuum transferred to 4-Å molecular sieves. Celite, alumina, and 4-Å molecular sieves were activated under vacuum overnight at 200 °C. Compounds Me₃P=PAr (Ar = 2,4,6-^tBu₃C₆H₂ and 2,6-Mes₂C₆H₃),² Cp₂Zr(PMe₃)₂,³ (PNP)V(CH₂^tBu)₂,⁴ Cp*₂Ti(η²-CH₂CH₂),⁵ V{N(CH₂CH₂NSiMe₃)₃}⁶ were prepared according to literature procedures. ¹H, ¹³C, ⁵¹V, ¹⁵N and ³¹P-NMR spectra were recorded

on Varian 500, 400 or 300 MHz NMR spectrometers. ^1H and ^{13}C -NMR are reported with reference to residual solvent resonances: for ^1H -NMR residual C_6H_6 in C_6D_6 at 7.16 ppm, for ^{13}C -NMR C_6D_6 at 128 ppm. ^{31}P NMR chemical shifts are reported with respect to external H_3PO_4 (0.0 ppm). ^{51}V NMR chemical shifts are reported with respect to VOCl_3 (0.0 ppm). Values of $\nu_{1/2}$ in ^{51}V spectra are reported with the line broadening parameter set to 20. X-ray diffraction data were collected on a Bruker APEX Kappa DUO using Mo radiation under a stream of N_2 (g) at low temperatures. CI mass spectra were collected with a MAT-95 XP mass spectrometer. Peak matching was done with CMASS and LIST subroutines of XCalibur.

Synthesis of $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}=\text{P}\{2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\}(\text{PMe}_3)$ (1**) from $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}(\text{PMe}_3)_2 + \text{Me}_3\text{P}=\text{P}\{2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\}$.** $\text{Me}_3\text{P}=\text{P}\{2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\}$ (0.013 g, 0.032 mmol) was mixed with 0.012 g (0.032 mmol) of $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}(\text{PMe}_3)_2$ in *ca.* 0.5 mL C_6D_6 in an NMR tube. No formation of $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}=\text{P}\{2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\}(\text{PMe}_3)$ was observed by ^{31}P NMR spectroscopy after keeping the reaction mixture at room temperature overnight. In a separate reaction, a mixture of 0.014 g (0.037 mmol) of $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}(\text{PMe}_3)_2$ and 0.017 g (0.037 mmol) of $\text{Me}_3\text{P}=\text{P}\{2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\}$ were dissolved in *ca.* 0.5 mL of toluene in an NMR tube. The NMR tube was flame-sealed under vacuum and brought up to room temperature. The NMR tube was then heated at 45°C overnight. Analysis of mixture by ^{31}P NMR spectroscopy revealed the major products as $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}=\text{P}\{2,6\text{-Mes}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\}(\text{PMe}_3)$ (**1**) and PMe_3 . The presence of unreacted $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}(\text{PMe}_3)_2$ and $\text{DmpP}=\text{PMe}_3$ was also noted, but prolonged heating for an additional 24 h did not notably increase the yield of **1**. Some starting material and the formation of other unidentified compounds in minor amounts was also observed.

Compound **1** was prepared independently from $\text{Cp}_2\text{Zr}(\text{Me})\text{Cl}$ and $\text{Li}(\text{OEt}_2)(\text{PAr})$ in the presence of PMe_3 .⁷

Synthesis of $(\text{PNP})\text{V}=\text{P}\{2,4,6-\text{tBu}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2\}(\text{CH}^{\text{tBu}})$ (2**) from $(\text{PNP})\text{V}(\text{CH}_2\text{tBu})_2 + \text{Me}_3\text{P}=\text{P}\{2,4,6-\text{tBu}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2\}$.** To a C_6D_6 solution of $(\text{PNP})\text{V}(\text{CH}_2\text{tBu})_2$ (50 mg, 0.0804 mmol) in an NMR tube with a J. Young screw top valve was added $\text{Me}_3\text{P}=\text{P}\{2,4,6-\text{tBu}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2\}$ (29 mg, 0.0822 mmol) in C_6D_6 . This solution was heated to 50 °C overnight over the course of which time the green solution went brown. Through the course of heating, formation of neopentane and PMe_3 was observed by $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectroscopy along with other resonances corresponding to $(\text{PNP})\text{V}=\text{P}\{2,4,6-\text{tBu}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2\}(\text{CH}^{\text{tBu}})$ (**2**). Formation of **2** was clean and high yield (90% conversion to **2**) when judged by ^{31}P and ^1H NMR spectroscopy using 1,4-dioxane as an internal standard. To isolate pure product the solution was then dried, and taken up into pentane and filtered. The filtrate was dried and taken up into diethyl ether. X-ray diffraction quality crystals were grown from this solution at room temperature over several days (15 mg, 0.0181 mmol, two crops, 22 % yield based on vanadium precursor). The reaction can be up scaled to 200 mg of $(\text{PNP})\text{V}(\text{CH}_2\text{tBu})_2$, and isolation of pure brown microcrystalline material, **2**, can be increased to ~40% yield.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (25 °C, 400.1 MHz, C_6D_6): 7.52 (s, 1H, ArH); 7.33(s, 1H, ArH); 7.26(broad, 2H, ArH); 6.96 (s, 1H, ArH); 6.84 (m, 3H, ArH); 2.53 (septet, 1H, CHMe_2); 2.44 (septet, 1H, CHMe_2); 2.35 (septet, 1H, CHMe_2 , partially obscured by CMe_3 resonance); 2.27 (s, 9H, CMe_3); 2.18 (s, 3H, CH_3); 2.16 (s, 3H, CH_3) ; 2.10 (septet, 1H, CHMe_2 , partially obscured by CH_3 resonance); 1.56 (s, 9H, CMe_3); 1.56 (m, 3H, CHMe_2 , obscured by

CMe_3 resonance); 1.42 (s, 9H, CMe_3); 1.32 (m, 6H, CHMe_2); 1.29 (s, 9H, CMe_3); 1.09 (m, 6H, CHMe_2); 0.95 (m, 3H, CHMe_2); 0.71 (m, 3H, CHMe_2). The alkylidene CH resonance could not be located. ^{51}V -NMR (25 °C, 131.5 MHz, C_6D_6): 168.5 ($\Delta\nu_{1/2} = 1620$ hz). ^{31}P -NMR (25 °C, 121.5 MHz, C_6D_6): 339.9 (V= P -Mes*); 63.8 (PNP). $^{13}\text{C}\{\text{H}, \text{P}\}$ -NMR (25 °C, 100.6 MHz, C_6D_6): δ 296.5 (V= C' Bu), 160.8 (Ar), 155.2 (Ar), 153.7 (Ar), 151.1 (Ar), 149.8 (Ar), 132.3 (Ar), 131.6 (Ar), 131.4 (Ar), 130.9 (Ar), 125.3 (Ar), 125.0 (Ar), 123.2 (Ar), 121.9 (Ar), 120.6 (Ar), 116.4 (Ar), 115.9 (Ar), 48.9 (CMe_3), 39.0 (CMe_3), 38.4 (CMe_3), 35.0 (CMe_3), 34.5 (CMe_3), 33.9 (CMe_3), 33.2 (CMe_3), 31.3 (CMe_3), 27.3 (CHMe_2), 26.7 (CHMe_2), 21.0 (CHMe_2), 20.8 (ArMe), 20.4 (CHMe_2), 20.1 (CHMe_2), 19.4 (CHMe_2), 19.1 (CHMe_2), 18.7 (CHMe_2), 18.2 (CHMe_2), 18.2 (CHMe_2), 17.1 (CHMe_2), 16.4 (CHMe_2). Resonances for ArMe (PNP ligand tolyl groups) are thought to be accidentally degenerate. MS-CI for formula $\text{C}_{49}\text{H}_{79}\text{NP}_3\text{V}$: Theoretical $[\text{M}]^+$, 825.4860; Experimental $[\text{M}]^+$, 825.4835.

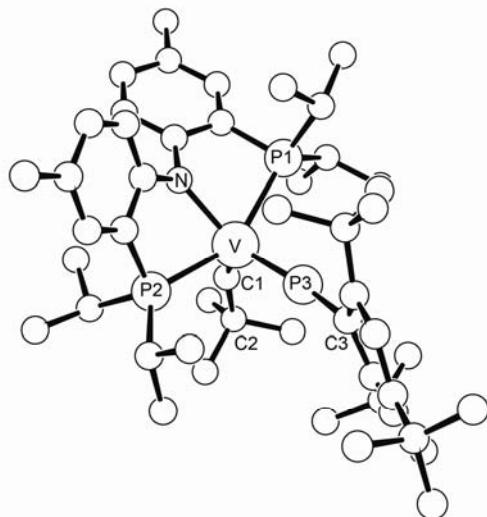
Formatted: Portuguese (Brazil)

Computational Details. All calculations were carried out using Density Functional Theory as implemented in the Jaguar 6.0 suite⁸ of ab initio quantum chemistry programs. Geometry optimizations were performed with the B3LYP⁹⁻¹² and the 6-31G** basis set with no symmetry restrictions. Transition metals were represented using the Los Alamos LACVP basis¹³⁻¹⁵. The NMR chemical shift calculation was computed by additional single-point calculations on each optimized geometry using Dunning's correlation-consistent triple- ζ basis set cc-pVTZ(-f) that includes a double set of polarization functions. For all transition metals, we used a modified version of LACVP, designated as

LACV3P, in which the exponents were decontracted to match the effective core potential with the triple- ζ quality basis.

The models used in this study consist of up to \sim 100 atoms, which represent the non-truncated molecules that were also used in the related experimental work. These calculations challenge the current state of computational capabilities, and the numerical efficiency of the Jaguar program allows us to accomplish this task in a bearable time frame.

S1. Geometry, bond order and frontier orbitals.

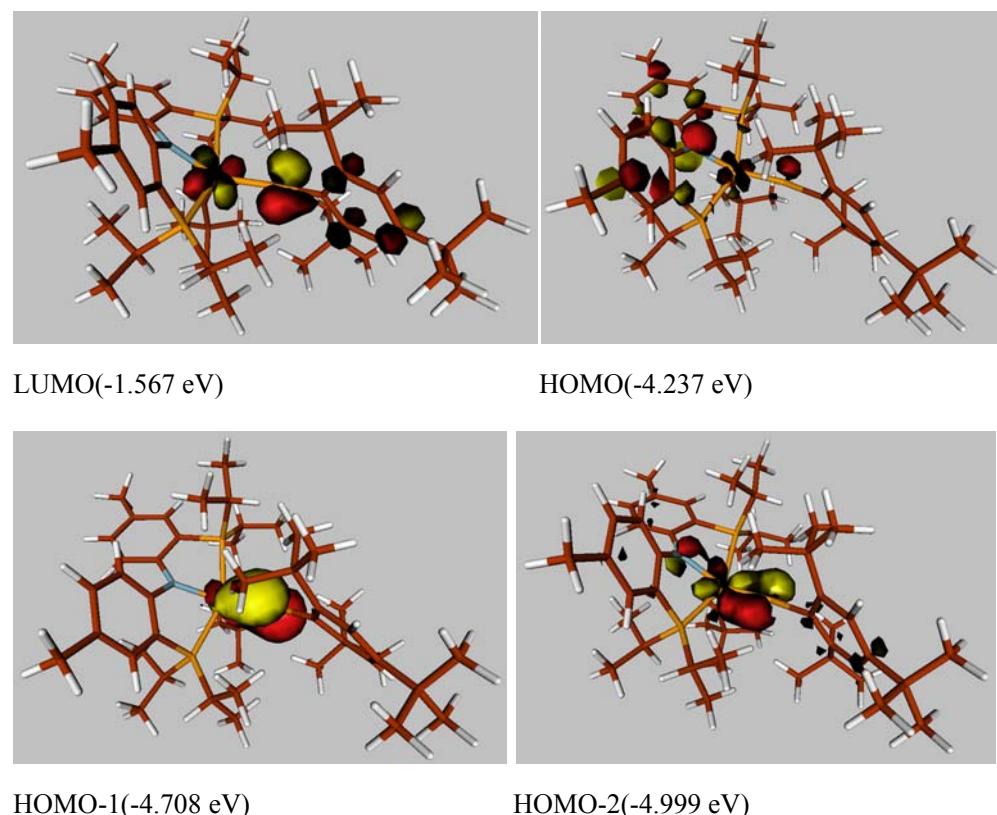


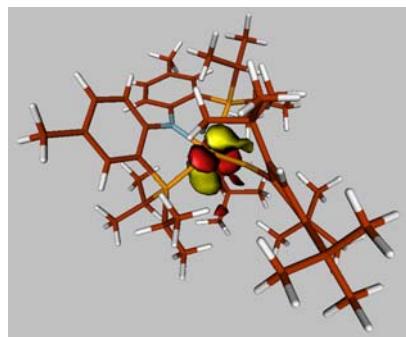
Select bond lengths (\AA) and bond angles ($^\circ$).

V-P3	2.140
V-P2	2.568
V-P1	2.540
V-C1	1.804
V-N	2.083
V-P3-C3	162.1

V-C1-C2	157.2
P1-V-P2	149.8
N-V-C1	114.4
N-V-P3	135.6
C1-V-P3	110.0
P2-V-C1	96.6
P1-V-C1	97.4

Mayer bond order: V-P3 1.75, V-P1 0.57, V-P2 0.61, V-C1 1.70, V-N 0.51.





HOMO-3(-5.273 eV)

S2. Optimized Structures

V	6.681170601	4.038231037	16.783336735
P	6.235250549	2.217513853	15.028472475
P	6.105095984	6.293020024	17.801547471
P	8.797877501	4.291212102	16.598634324
N	5.006929250	4.697159085	15.732958797
C	6.779958894	2.439409038	13.217853334
H	7.874282668	2.445688148	13.265165675
C	6.312148667	3.800737245	12.682577074
H	6.760653819	3.988265390	11.699303569
H	6.583230670	4.623179735	13.345345085
H	5.224408921	3.813217177	12.558079312
C	6.335643505	1.319351342	12.263097097
H	6.627374462	1.577766343	11.237383369
H	5.246764392	1.197376379	12.269459346
H	6.792692404	0.352893222	12.493299810
C	6.507397101	0.374330171	15.290739301
H	6.084732494	-0.127423245	14.412591239
C	5.790361029	-0.168517401	16.529974326
H	5.974552019	-1.245990416	16.622179002
H	4.709347574	-0.012856654	16.482528764
H	6.160657644	0.315415946	17.433671264
C	8.016045653	0.075905605	15.342044358
H	8.182393057	-1.000802085	15.467742537
H	8.488408151	0.591959108	16.183921630
H	8.532937237	0.384584993	14.427366327
C	4.427535656	2.463440672	14.947324539
C	3.480279557	1.517387017	14.546473195
H	3.809785836	0.521335637	14.257546473
C	2.110970804	1.809041422	14.508485978
C	1.098054252	0.760937073	14.108956875
H	0.129674317	1.213181215	13.874038765
H	0.930787931	0.031548619	14.912376517
H	1.425517793	0.197160665	13.227875969
C	1.724247000	3.101553729	14.882867650
H	0.667990600	3.364467262	14.873335025
C	2.650216468	4.062613664	15.277371730
H	2.302815018	5.051380317	15.557303261
C	4.030927997	3.776171267	15.314753971
C	4.798775429	6.058143877	15.446325439
C	4.174076597	6.523558592	14.269259831

H	3.795024816	5.808114679	13.547180601
C	4.050962245	7.884808757	14.010775987
H	3.575578961	8.200209452	13.083463266
C	4.533767138	8.857604606	14.896884302
C	4.371662082	10.332523504	14.610198466
H	5.164042015	10.923488186	15.081096953
H	3.413631204	10.716206647	14.985518876
H	4.398835080	10.535560664	13.534176225
C	5.159678934	8.399694418	16.062377395
H	5.554721503	9.131814162	16.763291543
C	5.299573418	7.035760760	16.340595730
C	4.720982668	6.332052954	19.114180511
H	5.161914074	5.818178663	19.975897327
C	4.294109002	7.745567569	19.543887053
H	3.454662228	7.677208012	20.246870517
H	3.952951827	8.334619829	18.685369327
H	5.090910853	8.300348445	20.046454838
C	3.489175888	5.535613266	18.659610773
H	2.761285918	5.484014353	19.478493784
H	3.735614339	4.515501328	18.361991759
H	2.999471454	6.024405749	17.811410201
C	7.276063382	7.618509687	18.456340754
H	6.646724821	8.498999385	18.632534348
C	7.890670649	7.193361284	19.798983666
H	8.524569683	7.998804787	20.189024421
H	8.517735287	6.305928898	19.676488066
H	7.134893067	6.972401530	20.559011666
C	8.366384575	8.017079202	17.455250998
H	8.961832186	8.839239444	17.872544920
H	7.946230458	8.356304897	16.505562790
H	9.043750933	7.186838850	17.247506920
C	6.302085807	3.049189579	18.244258940
H	5.223043970	3.038378974	17.946307634
C	6.561918209	2.346874013	19.572506081
C	6.813511472	3.405367299	20.675224023
H	7.049820076	2.912444155	21.626979699
H	5.925358583	4.025288383	20.834083706
H	7.645659142	4.060889534	20.410345278
C	7.805051594	1.434791086	19.483890380
H	8.041017552	1.015054839	20.470137516
H	8.670270429	1.994371470	19.128717328
H	7.643833997	0.599635760	18.796471486

C 5.335208046 1.504515130 19.998410545
H 5.518436522 1.012420005 20.961620371
H 5.101974015 0.726594542 19.265351574
H 4.446335327 2.136480101 20.109390391
C 10.462993826 5.053210579 16.337309104
C 10.725784680 5.939322459 15.229503651
C 11.831420321 6.788126793 15.309985642
H 12.000702030 7.491853175 14.507069732
C 12.743635779 6.774183750 16.367572029
C 12.578731818 5.772375183 17.317286285
H 13.324569007 5.673960034 18.089368310
C 11.492804547 4.883630020 17.324028106
C 9.924576379 5.951735458 13.892241071
C 9.785149786 4.499021639 13.381167847
H 9.245897398 4.485453556 12.427481725
H 9.242148020 3.871588902 14.088770732
H 10.773690998 4.054019110 13.218661367
C 10.670222142 6.714878313 12.769572939
H 10.117880850 6.581821813 11.833424563
H 11.685467359 6.336098298 12.612712978
H 10.725756401 7.792915927 12.953072839
C 8.545156323 6.634313231 14.033925724
H 8.018515790 6.617705558 13.072468086
H 8.668091455 7.683164989 14.324790489
H 7.915968198 6.145805121 14.777935297
C 13.898840041 7.791079600 16.401947047
C 14.804760927 7.609415752 17.634343011
H 15.295318848 6.630130069 17.640775119
H 14.245785231 7.717489499 18.569917615
H 15.592392852 8.370545134 17.628895740
C 13.309760076 9.222349297 16.441690930
H 12.680936365 9.427207628 15.569840683
H 14.113544298 9.967931553 16.456323903
H 12.695679843 9.368081255 17.336922793
C 14.773085895 7.631423199 15.133869786
H 15.200119157 6.624255936 15.077210625
H 15.600831740 8.350317332 15.147930083
H 14.200792681 7.802784386 14.217127249
C 11.522392384 3.759354416 18.403044119
C 10.539344315 4.082714403 19.551162086
H 9.515116911 4.165511618 19.185228157
H 10.813403927 5.030108459 20.030216661
H 10.570871525 3.297668787 20.316242987
C 11.217512847 2.380560499 17.765992952
H 10.226647782 2.339246106 17.311338183
H 11.269128712 1.597717602 18.531512505
H 11.958358532 2.144654142 16.993225286
C 12.921557430 3.607819298 19.048862280
H 13.197427802 4.462691544 19.674350411
H 13.706489200 3.456283007 18.300726188
H 12.910820868 2.728864926 19.701681739

References

1. A. B. Pangborn, M. A. Giardello, R. H. Grubbs, R. K. Rosen, F. J. Timmers, *Organometallics*, 1996, **15**, 1518.
2. (a) S. Shah and J. D. Protasiewicz, *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.*, 1998, 1585. (b) S. Shah, G. P. Yap and J. D. Protasiewicz, *J. Organomet. Chem.*, 2000, **608**, 12.
3. K. I. Gell, J. Schwartz, *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.*, 1979, 244.
4. (a) U. J. Kilgore, C. A. Sengelaub, M. Pink, A. R. Fout and D. J. Mindiola, *Angew. Chem. Int.*, 2008, **47**, 3769. (b) U. J. Kilgore, C. A. Sengelaub, H. Fan, J. Tomaszewski, M. Pink, J. A. Karty, M.-H. Baik, D. J. Mindiola, *Organometallics*, 2009, **28**, 843.
5. S. A. Cohen, P. R. Auburn and J. E. Bercaw, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1983, **105**, 1136.
6. C. C. Cummins, R. R. Schrock and W. M. Davis, *Inorg. Chem.*, 1994, **33**, 1448.
7. E. Urnezius, K.-C. Lam, A. L. Rheingold and J. D. Protasiewicz, *J. Organomet. Chem.*, 2001, **630**, 193.
8. Jaguar, 5.5 ed, Schrödinger, L.L.C, Portland, OR, 1991-2003.
9. A. D. Becke, *Phys. Rev. A* 1988, **38**, 3098.
10. A. D. Becke, *J. Chem. Phys.* 1993, **98**, 5648.
11. S. H. Vosko, L. Wilk, M. Nusair, *Can. J. Phys.* 1980, **58**, 1200.
12. C. T. Lee, W. T. Yang, R. G. Parr, *Phys. Rev. B* 1988, **37**, 785.
13. P. J. Hay, W. R. Wadt, *J. Chem. Phys.* 1985, **82**, 270.
14. P. J. Hay, W. R. Wadt, *J. Chem. Phys.* 1985, **82**, 299.
15. W. R. Wadt, P. J. Hay, *J. Chem. Phys.* 1985, **82**, 284.

Formatted: English (U.K.)