# **Supporting Information**

# Enantio- and stereoselective route to the phoslactomycin family of antibiotics: formal synthesis of (+)-fostriecin and (+)-phoslactomycin B

Shaheen M. Sarkar, Everlyne N. Wanzala, Setsuya Shibahara, Keisuke Takahashi, Jun Ishihara and Susumi Hatakeyama\*

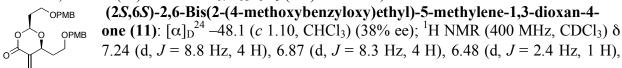
Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences, Nagasaki University, Nagasaki 852-8521, Japan. susumi@nagasaki-u.ac.jp

General. Where appropriate, reactions were performed in flame-dried glassware under argon atmosphere. All extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated by rotary evaporation below 30 °C at 25 Torr unless otherwise noted. Commercial reagents and solvents were used as supplied with following exceptions. N,N-Dimethyformamide (DMF), dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), acetonitrile (MeCN), and pyridine were distilled from CaH<sub>2</sub>. Methanol (MeOH) was distilled from sodium. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using glass-packed silica gel plates (0.2 or 0.5 mm thickness). Column chromatography was performed using silica gel (particle size 100-210 µm (regular), 40-50 µm (flush)). Optical rotations were recorded on a digital polarimeter at ambient temperature. IR spectra were measured on a Fourier transform infrared spectrometer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were measured using CDCl<sub>3</sub> as solvent, and chemical shifts are reported as δ values in ppm based on internal TMS (0.00 ppm, <sup>1</sup>H) or CHCl<sub>3</sub> (7.26 ppm, <sup>1</sup>H; 77.0 ppm, <sup>13</sup>C). HRMS spectra were taken in EI or FAB mode.

**Baylis-Hillman Reaction of 3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)propanal (9):** β-ICD·H<sub>2</sub>O·MeOH<sup>1</sup> (0.90 g, 2.50 mmol) was dissolved into THF (5 mL) and the solution was evaporated by rotary evaporation at room temperature. After repeating this operation three times, the resulting amorphous solid was dried under vacuum at room temperature for 10 min, and dissolved in DMF (24 mL). To this solution were added a solution of  $9^2$  (5.26 g, 27.1 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) and HFIPA (6.3 mL, 37.8 mmol) at -55 °C. After stirring at -55 °C for 23 h, the reaction was quenched with 0.1 M HCl (25 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 5:1 to 2:1) to give 10 (6.14 g, 58 %) and 11 (1.52 g, 14 %) each as a pale yellow oil.

5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-(R)-1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexafluoropropan-2-yl 5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-hydroxy-2-methylenepentanoate (10):  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +21.1 (*c* 1.01, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) (99% ee); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.24 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.88 (d, *J* =

8.0 Hz, 2 H), 6.52 (s, 1 H), 6.25 (s, 1 H), 5.83-5.80 (m, 1 H), 4.74-4.71 (m, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 4 H), 3.67 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 2 H), 2.06-2.01 (m, 1 H), 1.86-1.77 (m, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 162.4, 159.4, 140.2, 129.4, 129.0, 113.8, 72.9, 69.6, 68.0, 66.5, 55.0, 35.4; IR (neat) 3473, 1752, 1613, 1513, 1385, 1361, 1248, 1204, 1110, 1038 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{18}F_6O_5$  (M<sup>+</sup>) 416.1058, found 416.1053.



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5.59 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.50 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.75 (m, 1 H), 4.42 (m, 4 H), 3.80 (s, 6 H), 3.63-3.53 (m, 4 H), 2.2.11-2.03 (m, 3 H), 1.96-1.91 (m, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.5, 159.25, 136.7, 130.1, 129.2, 125.6, 113.7, 99.6, 74.6, 72.8, 65.0, 64.2, 55.2, 35.2, 34.8; IR (neat) 1732, 1610, 1508, 1236, 1176, 1082 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 442.1991, found 442.1984.

(*R*)-Methyl 5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-hydroxy-2-methylene-pentanoate (12): A mixture of 10 (5.63 g, 13.52 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (6.8 mL) in MeOH (68 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The reaction mixture was neutralized with Dowex 50 (H<sup>+</sup> form), filtered, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 3:1) to give 12 (3.73 g, 98 %,) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +21.5 (*c* 0.95, CHCl<sub>3</sub>): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 5.92 (s, 1H), 4.69-4.65 (m, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.64 (m, 3H), 2.07-2.01 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.82 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.6, 159.2, 142.2, 129.3, 124.9, 113.8, 72.8, 69.9, 68.1, 66.5, 55.1, 51.7, 35.6; IR (neat) 3466, 1714, 1613, 1514, 1443, 1299, 1252, 1152, 1088, 1037 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 280.1311, found 280.1305.

> (*R*)-Methyl 5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-oxy-2methylenepen-tanoate: To a stirred solution of 12 (3.72 g, 13.3 mmol) and 2,6-lutidine (4.0 mL, 34.5 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (133 mL) at -78 °C was added

TBSOTF (4.0 mL, 17.3 mmol). After stirring at -78 °C for 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 20 min. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 10:1) to give the corresponding TBS-ether (5.22 g, quant) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  +28.0 (*c* 0.86, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 4.73-4.70 (m, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.54-3.52 (m, 1H), 3.50-3.47 (m 1H), 2.0-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.73 (m, 1H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.04 (s, 3H), -0.02 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.3, 158.9, 143.8, 130.5, 129.0, 124.1, 113.5, 72.2, 67.7, 66.1, 55.0, 51.5, 37.5, 25.6, 17.9; IR (neat) 1722, 1613, 1513, 1465, 1251, 1098, 1038 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>) 394.2176, found 394.2178.

# ормв (*R*)-5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-2-methylene-

**pentan-1-ol (13):** To a stirred solution of the TBS-ether (5.11 g, 13.0 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (65 mL) at -78 °C was added DIBAH (0.98 M in hexane, 30.4 mL, 29.8 mmol). After stirring at -78 °C for 30 min, saturated Rochelle's salt (35 mL) and Et<sub>2</sub>O (60 mL) were added, the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature over 1 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) to give **13** (4.36 g, 99 %) as a clear oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +15.7 (*c* 1.13, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.24 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.04 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 4.43-4.34 (m, 3H), 4.23 (dd, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.49-3.43 (m, 2H), 2.27 (t, *J* = 5.9, 1H), 1.93-1.85 (m, 2H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 3H), 0.04 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.1, 150.2, 130.3, 129.3, 113.7,111.2, 72.6, 72.4, 66.3, 62.8, 55.1, 37.0, 25.8, 18.0, -4.8, -5.2; IR (neat) 3433, 1612, 1513, 1465, 1360, 1300, 1248, 1176, 1088, 1036 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>) 309.1522, found 309.1506.

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EtO<sub>2</sub>C

# (*R*)-5-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-2-methylene-

**pentanal:** To a solution of **13** (4.23 g, 11.54 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL) was added Dess-Martin periodinane (7.33 g, 17.31 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. After addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (30 mL) and 10 % Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (15 mL), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The reaction mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) to give the aldehyde (4.20 g, quant) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +12.0 (*c* 0.63, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.56 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 6.05 (s, 1H), 4.75-4.72 (m, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.55-3.45 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.76-1.54 (m, 1H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.03 (s, 3H), -0.04 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  193.0, 159.0, 153.4, 133.5, 130.5, 129.1, 113.6, 65.9, 65.8, 55.0, 37.2, 25.7, 18.0, -4.9, -5.3; IR (neat) 1691, 1613, 1513, 1465, 1360, 1301, 1251, 1176, 1105, 1037, 1008 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 364.2070, found 364.2065.

### **(R,E)-Ethyl 7-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-5-(***tert*-butyldimethyl-silyl)oxy-4methylene-hept-2-enoate: To a suspension of NaH (60 % dispersion in mineral oil, 673 mg, 16.83 mmol) in THF (100 mL) was added triethyl

phosphonoacetate (4.5 mL, 22.44 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 45 min and cooled to -78 °C, and a solution of the aldehyde (4.08 g, 11.19 mmol) in THF (12 mL) was added. After stirring at -78 °C for 11 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (40 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with water and brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 15:1) to give the unsaturated ester (3.72 g, 77 %) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  +32.2 (*c* 1.35, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.28 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.12 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.54 (s, 1H), 5.42 (s, 1H), 4.58-4.45 (m, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.58-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.47-3.43 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.87 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (s, 9H), 0.03 (s, 3H), -0.03 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.0, 159.0, 147.8, 143.4, 130.5, 129.1, 121.7, 118.9, 113.6, 72.6, 69.5, 66.4, 60.3, 55.2, 37.9, 25.7, 18.0, 14.2, -4.7, -5.2; IR (neat) 1716, 1611, 1513, 1465, 1305, 1250, 1175, 1097, 1039 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>) 434.2489, found 434.2483.

# (*R*,*E*)-Ethyl 7-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-5-hydroxy-4-methylene-hept-2enoate (14): To a solution of the unsaturated ester (3.54 g, 8.54 mmol) in THF (17 mL) was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 12.8 mL, 12.81 mmol) at 0

°C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc, washed with water and brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane: EtOAc = 3:1) to give **14** (2.62 g, 90 %) as a pale yellow viscous oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  +18.0 (*c* 1.08, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.30 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.96 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (s, 1H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 4.64-4.61 (m, 1H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.20 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.69-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.44 (s, 1H), 1.99-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.8, 159.3, 146.5, 143.8, 129.7, 129.3, 121.7, 118.4, 113.8, 73.0, 70.5, 68.4, 60.4, 55.2, 35.7, 14.2; IR (neat) 3470, 1711, 1611, 1513, 1462, 1366, 1303, 1248, 1179, 1095, 1035 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 320.1623, found 320.1612.

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3-((S)-2-((R)-3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-1-hydroxypropyl)-(E)-Ethyl EtO<sub>2</sub>C oxiran-2-vl)acrvlate (15): To a solution of 14 (900 mg, 2.81 mmol) and *`*′0  $V(O)(acac)_2$  (149 mg, 0.56 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (28 mL) at -20 °C was added tert-butyl hydroperoxide (2.97 M in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 2.0 mL, 5.62 mmol) over 5 min. The mixture was gradually warmed to room temperature over 1 h, diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and stirred vigorously with saturated  $Na_2S_2O_3$  (20 mL) until the layers were separated. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite, extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 3:1) to give 15 (799 mg, 87 %) as a clear viscous oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +71.7 (*c* 1.56, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.24 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.10 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.72-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.62 (m, 1H), 3.34 (brs, 1H), 3.02 (d, J= 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 1.86-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.28 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 165.9, 159.2, 142.6, 129.6, 129.31, 122.4, 113.8, 72.9, 72.4, 68.1, 60.5, 59.5, 55.2, 55.1, 32.7, 14.1; IR (neat) 3474, 1719, 1655, 1612, 1513, 1463, 1367, 1251, 1177, 1096, 1036 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{24}O_6$  (M<sup>+</sup>) 336.1573, found 336.1569.

3-((S)-2-((R)-3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-1-(methoxy-meth-(E)-Ethyl OPMB момо EtO<sub>2</sub>C oxy)propyl)oxiran-2-yl)acrylate (16): To a solution of 15 (699 mg, 2.05 0 mmol) and *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>EtN (1.43 mL, 8.32 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) was added methoxymethyl chloride (0.32 mL, 4.16 mmol) at 0 °C. After being heated at reflux for 12 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc, washed with brine (10 mL), dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 6:1) to give 16 (689 mg, 93 %) as a clear oil:  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25}$  +68.8 (c 1.12, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.24 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3 H), 3.57-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.47-3.44 (m, 1H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 3.01 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 1.99-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 165.8, 159.0, 142.6, 130.3 129.1, 122.3, 113.6, 96.1, 76.2, 72.4, 65.5, 60.4, 58.0, 56.8, 55.5, 55.1. 32.5. 14.0: IR (neat) 1719. 1655. 1610. 1513. 1463. 1366. 1306. 1251. 1213. 1170. 1102. 1035 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $C_{20}H_{28}O_7$  (M<sup>+</sup>) 380.1836, found 380.1830.

### (E,4R,5R)-7-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-5-(methoxymethoxy)-4-methylhept-

**2-ene-1.4-diol (18):** To a solution of **16** (315 mg, 0.82 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was added LiEt<sub>3</sub>BH (1.0 M in THF, 3.4 mL, 3.4 mmol) at -78 °C. After being

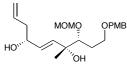
stirred at -78 °C for 30 min, the mixture was warmed to 0 °C over 45 min. Water (8 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 1:1) to give **18** (282 mg, 98 %) as a clear oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  – 17.3 (c 1.61, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.24 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H) 2H), 5.95 (dt, J = 15.6, 10.7 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.17-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 4H), 3.54-3.48 (m, 3H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 1.91-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.35 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 159.0, 135.2, 130.2, 129.5, 129.1, 113.8, 98.5, 85.1, 73.9, 72.7, 66.6, 63.1, 56.1, 55.3, 31.4, 32.7, 22.7; IR (neat) 3415, 1612, 1513, 1460, 1368, 1301, 1248, 1151, 1098, 1034 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 340.1886, found 340.1869.

# O MOMO OPMB

# (E,4R,5R)-7-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)-4-hydroxy-5-(methoxymeth-oxy)-4-

**methylhept-2-enal (19):** To a solution of **18** (50 mg, 0.15 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2(3 mL)$  was added Dess-Martin periodinane (97.5 mg, 0.23 mmol) at 0 °C, and

the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. After addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (4 mL) and 10 % Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (2 mL), the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 3:1) to give **19** (51 mg, quant) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{2^5}$  –13.2 (*c* 1.02, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.62 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 4.48 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (s, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.67-3.54 (m, 3H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 1.92-1.87 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.36 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  193.7, 161.0, 131.2, 129.7, 129.5, 113.9, 97.8, 83.7, 74.7, 72.9, 66.2, 56.2, 55.3, 31.4, 23.6; IR (neat) 3439, 1689, 1612, 1513, 1460, 1366, 1300, 1248, 1150, 1102, 1032 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 338.1763, found 338.1713.



# (*E*,4*R*,7*R*,8*R*)-10-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)-8-(methoxymethoxy)-7-meth-yldeca-1,5-diene-4,7-diol (20).

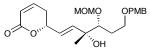
Brown's Method: To a stirred solution of (+)-B-methoxydiisopinocampheylborane (674 mg, 2.13 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (8.5 mL) was added allylmagnesium bromide (1.0 M in Et<sub>2</sub>O; 2.1 mL, 2.1 mmol) at -78 °C. After 30 min, the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 16 h. The resulting solution was added to a mixture of 19 (288 mg, 0.85 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (4 mL) via cannula at -78 °C. After stirring for 1 h at -78 °C, 30% NaOH (3 mL) and 30% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) were added at 0 °C. After being stirred at room temperature overnight, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (10 ml), extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed water and saturated NaCl, dried, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flush chromatography (benzene: EtOAc = 2:1) to give 20 (256 mg, 79%) as a pale yellow oil. Yamamoto's Method: A mixture of AgF (11.5 mg, 0.0914 mmol) and (R)-p-Tol-BINAP<sup>3</sup> (62 mg, 0.0914 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 10 min with exclusion of direct light. To the resulting solution were added dropwise a solution of **19** (155 mg, 0.457 mmol) in MeOH (1.5 mL) and allyltrimethoxysilane (115 µL, 0.685 mmol) successively at -20 °C. After stirring at -20 °C for 5 h, the reaction was guenched by the addition of a mixture of 1 M HCl (2.2 mL) and KF (220 mg), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The resulting precipitates were filtered off through Celite and silica gel. The filtrate was dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hnexane: EtOAc = 2:1) to give 20 (141 mg, 81%) as a colorless oil. The absolute configuration and diastereomeric ratio (dr = 94:6) of the newly formed asymmetric center were determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the corresponding (R)- and (S)-MTPA ester:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{24}$  -16.9 (c 1.21, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.86-5.72 (m, 3H), 5.14 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 10.5 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.20-4.19 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 1H), 3.57-3.48 (m, 3H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 2.33-2.28 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.25 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 159.2, 134.8, 134.2, 131.8, 129.4, 118.2, 113.8, 98.4, 85.2, 73.8, 72.6, 71.1, 66.5, 56.0, 55.2, 4.8, 31.4, 22.9; IR (neat) 3422, 1611, 1513, 1459, 1368, 1301, 1248, 1150, 1098 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{32}O_6(M^+)$  380.2199, found 380.2172.

# момо ормв

# (E,4R,7R,8R)-10-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-7-hydroxy-8-(methoxyme-

thoxy)-7-methyldeca-1,5-dien-4-yl Acrylate: To a solution of **20** (1 g, 2.63 mmol) and *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>EtN (0.99 mL, 5.79 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (25 mL) was added acryloyl chloride (0.43 mL, 5.26 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture

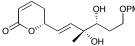
was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min. After addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (7.0 mL), the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) to afford the acrylate (891 mg, 78 %) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  –2.2 (*c* 1.32, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2 H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.36 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.83-5.71 (m, 4H), 5.44-5.40 (m, 1H), 5.11-5.05 (m, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.56-3.46 (s, 3H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.43 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 1.88-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.3, 159.2, 137.1, 133.1, 130.5, 129.3, 128.7, 127.3, 117.9, 113.8, 98.3, 85.0, 73.9, 73.4, 72.5, 66.5, 56.0, 55.2, 39.0, 31.2, 23.0; IR (neat) 3445, 1724, 1614, 1513, 1460, 1405, 1367, 1296, 1249, 1193, 1100, 1040 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>7</sub>(M<sup>+</sup>) 434.2305, found 434.2299.



# (R)-6-((E,3R,4R)-6-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-hydroxy-4-(metho-

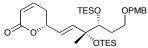
**xymethoxy)-3-methylhex-1-enyl)-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one (21):** To a solution of the acrylate (880 mg, 2.02 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (30 mL) was

added Grubbs second generation catalyst (172 mg, 0.202 mmol), and the mixture was heated at reflux for 45 min. After addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (6 mL) at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was then chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) to give **21** (700 mg, 85%.) as a pale brown oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  +10.3 (*c* 0.33, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 3H), 6.03 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 4.93 (m, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.53-3.08 (m, 3H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.44-2.39 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.9, 159.2, 144.2, 137.9, 137.8, 137.7, 130.1, 129.6, 129.4, 126.3, 121.5, 113.8, 98.2, 84.8, 73.8, 72.6, 66.3, 56.0, 55.2, 31.3, 29.7, 23.0; IR (neat) 3442, 1718, 1612, 1512, 1456, 1378, 1299, 1246, 1152, 1092, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 406.1991, found 406.1982.



# (6*R*)-6-[(3*R*,4*R*,1*E*)-6-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-methyl-3,4-dihydroxyhexen-1-yl]-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one (22): To a solution of 21 (51 mg, 0.125 mmol) in *i*-PrOH (1.5 mL) was added $ZrCl_4$ (23 mg, 0.1

mmol), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h.<sup>4</sup> The solvent was evaporated and the residue was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 1:2) gave **22** (31 mg, 67%) as a pale yellow oil. This compound was shown to be enantiomerically pure by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) analysis of the corresponding (*R*)- and (*S*)-MTPA esters:  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$  +34.7 (*c* 0.99, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.23 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (m, 1H), 6.02 (dt, *J* = 9.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dt, *J* = 9.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.72-3.64 (m 3H), 3.48 (brs, 1H), 2.78 (brs, 1H), 2.46-2.42 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.1, 159.4, 144.9, 138.5, 129.7, 129.5, 126.1, 121.5, 113.9, 76.9, 74.3, 73.1, 69.0, 55.3, 30.5, 29.9, 22.8; IR (neat) 3446, 1722, 1612, 1513, 1460, 1381, 1299, 1249, 1151, 1096, 1034 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (FAB, NBA) *m/z* 363 (M+H<sup>+</sup>).



TESO

TESO

#### (6R)-6-[(3R,4R,1E)-6-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-methyl-3,4-di(triethylsilanyloxy)hex-en-1-yl]-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one (23): To а solution of 22 (851 mg, 2.35 mmol) and 2,6-litidine (0.82 mL, 7.04

mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (17 mL) was added TESOTf (1.3 mL, 5.75 mmol) at -78 °C. After stirring at -78 °C for 30 min, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (100 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$ , dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 6:1) gave 23 (1.26 g, 91%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{18}$  +36.5 (c 1.04, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.25 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (m, 1H), 6.04 (dt, J = 9.6, 1.7Hz, 1H), 5.92 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, J = 6.6, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.58 (dd, J = 3.6, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (dd, J = 6.3, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (m, 2H), 1.94 (ddt, J = 3.6, 14.1, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (ddt, J = 7.8, 14.1 6.3 Hz, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 0.94 (t, J) = 7.8 Hz, 9H), 0.94 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 9H), 0.59 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 6H), 0.58 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & 164.3, 159.1, 144.8, 138.3, 129.3, 125.6, 121.7, 113.7, 78.1, 77.8, 76.9, 72.5, 67.5, 55.3, 33.4, 29.9, 25.6, 7.2, 7.1, 6.9, 5.4; IR (neat) 1730, 1514, 1246, 1105, 1007 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (FAB, NBA) m/z 363 (M+H<sup>+</sup>).

# (6R)-6-[(3R,4R,1E)-6-Hydroxy-3-methyl-3,4-di(triethylsilan-yloxy)-

hexen-1-yl]-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one: To an ice-cooled solution of 23 (356 mg, 0.603 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O (20:1, 27 mL) was added DDQ

OTES (344 mg, 0.731 mmol). After being stirred at room temperature for 1 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL), extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, washed with water and brine, dried, and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 4:1 to 2:1) gave the alcohol (282.4 mg, 99%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +42.8 (*c* 1.01, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.88 (dt, J = 3.9, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dt, J = 1.5, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (dd, J = 0.9, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, J = 6.3, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (brquint, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 1.95 (brt, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.58 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 3H), 1.53 (m, 1H), 0.97 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 9H), 0.96 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 9H), 0.63 (q, J = 8.1 Hz, 6H), 0.62 (q, J = 8.1 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 164.1, 144.7, 138.0, 125.8, 121.59, 78.0, 77.9, 77.7, 60.2, 36.4, 29.8, 25.4, 7.1, 7.0, 6.8, 5.2; IR (neat) 3448, 1724, 1459, 1381, 1244, 1105, 1012 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (FAB, NBA) m/z 493 (M+Na<sup>+</sup>).

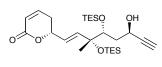
#### (3R,4R,5E)-4-Methyl-6-[(2R)-6-oxo-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-yl]-3,4di(triethylsilan-vloxy)-hex-5-enal (24): To an ice-cooled solution of the

alcohol (997 mg, 2.121 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) Dess-Martin periodinane

OTES (2.70 g, 6.378 mmol). After stirring at 0 °C for 1 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL) and 10% Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (50 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt, washed with saturated NaHCO3 and brine, dried, and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) gave 24 (996 mg, quant) as a colorless oil:  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{24}$  +42.5  $(c 1.00, CHCl_3)$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.70 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (ddd, J = 4.5, 5.1, 5.19.6 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dt, J = 2.1, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (dd, J = 6.3, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dt, J = 6.3, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, J = 5.1, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (ddd, J = 2.1, 6.0, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.36 (ddd, J = 2.1, 5.1, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 0.95 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 9H), 0.94 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 9H), 0.62 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 6H), 0.59 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz,

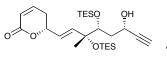
CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.5, 164.1, 144.7, 137.0, 128.3, 126.8, 121.1, 77.6, 75.2, 47.9, 29.8, 25.6, 6.9, 4.99; IR (neat) 1728, 1240, 1107, 1011 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (FAB, NBA) *m/z* 491 [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>].

**Ethynylation of 24:** A suspension of anhydrous CeCl<sub>3</sub> (609 mg, 2.47 mmol) in THF (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. To this suspension was added ethynylmagnesium bromide (0.5 M in THF, 4.9 mL, 2.45 mmol) at -78 °C over 5 min. After stirring at -78 °C for 1 h, a solution of **24** (366 mg, 0.781 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added to the mixture at -78 °C over 7 min. After 10 min, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to -50 °C, and stirred for 50 min. The reaction was quenched with water (15 mL) and the reaction mixture was filtered through Celite. The filtrate was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with water, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:AcOEt = 4:1 to 2:1) gave an epimeric mixture of the ethynylated compounds (379 mg, 98%) (11*R*:11*S* = 36:64) as a colorless oil. The following data were collected after separation of the epimers by flash column chromatography.



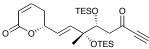
(*R*)-isomer:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  +46.0 (*c* 1.03, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.89 (ddd, J = 4.2, 5.1, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dt, J = 9.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (dd, J = 0.6, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (dd, J = 6.3, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (ddt, J = 0.6, 6.0, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (brd, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (dd, J =

4.8, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (m, 2H), 2.40 (brs, 1H), 2.02 (ddd, J = 4.8, 9.6, 14.1 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (ddd, J = 3.6, 6.9, 14.1 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 1H), 0.97 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 9H), 0.96 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 9H), 0.65 (q, J = 8.1 Hz, 6H), 0.63 (q, J = 8.1 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.2, 144.7, 137.7, 126.3, 121.8, 85.4, 77.9, 72.6, 59.6, 41.7, 29.9, 25.5, 7.2, 7.1, 6.9, 5.4; IR (neat) 3440, 3309, 1722, 1382, 1242, 1103, 1009 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (FAB, NBA) *m/z* 517 [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>].



(S)-isomer:  $[\alpha]_D^{17}$  +25.8 (c 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.88 (dt, J = 3.6, 9.9 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dt, J = 9.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (dd, J = 0.6, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, J = 6.3, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (ddt, J = 0.6, 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (brq, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (dd, J = 5.1, 6.3 Hz,

1H), 2.46 (m, 3H), 2.02 (ddd, J = 5.1, 6.9, 14.1 Hz, 1H), 1.70 (dt, J = 14.1, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 1.25 (s, 1H), 0.97 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 18H), 0.65 (q, J = 8.1 Hz, 12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.1, 144.7, 137.6, 126.3, 121.7, 84.9, 78.1, 77.8, 76.8, 73.5, 60.3, 41.6, 30.0, 25.5, 7.2, 7.1, 6.9, 5.4; IR (neat) 3429, 3309, 1724, 1382, 1242, 1105 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (FAB, NBA) m/z 517 [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>].



# (6R)-6-[(3R,1E)-3-Methyl-6-oxo-3,4-di(triethylsilanyloxy)-oct-1-

en-7-ynyl]-5,6-dihyd-ropyran-2-one (3): To an ice-cooled solution of

(40 mL) was added Dess-Martin periodinane (3.78 g, 8.90 mmol). After stirring at 0 °C for 4 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (120 mL) and 10% Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (60 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and saturated NaCl, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) to give **3** (841 mg, 95%) as a colorless oil.  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  +56.2 (*c* 1.05, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.88 (ddd, *J* = 3.6, 4.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (ddd, *J* = 1.5, 2.1, 9.6 Hz), 5.88 (1H, d, *J* = 15.6 Hz), 5.78 (1H, dd, *J* = 5.7, 15.6 Hz), 4.96 (1H, dt, *J* = 5.7, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 1H), 2.89 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.40 (dd, *J* = 6.6, 16.5 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 9H), 0.59 (q, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 12 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.3, 164.2, 144.7, 136.9, 126.6, 121.7, 81.9, 78.6, 77.6, 77.3, 75.2, 50.0, 29.9, 25.6, 7.2, 7.0, 6.8, 5.1;

IR (neat) 1730, 1682, 1460, 1383, 1244, 1111, 1007 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $C_{26}H_{44}O_5Si_2$  (M<sup>+</sup>): 492.2727, found: 492.2776.

# **(E)-3-((S)-2-((R)-3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-1-(methoxymethoxy)propyl)oxiran-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-ol (17):** To a solution of **16** (2.0 g, 5.26 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was added DIBAH (1.03 M in hexane, 17.2 mL, 18.2 mmol) at –

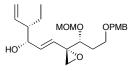
78 °C. After stirring at -78 °C for 1 h, the mixture was treated with saturated Rochelle's salt (10 mL), diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and allowed to warm to room temperature over 1 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 3:1) to give **17** (1.5 g, 85 %) as a clear oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  +68.9 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.99 (s, 2H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.17-4.15 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.58-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 3.4, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 2.93 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.99-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.39 (brs, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  158.9, 131.8, 130.7, 129.1, 125.1, 113.5, 95.9, 76.0, 72.3, 65.8, 62.3, 58.1, 55.5, 55.4, 55.0, 32.3; IR (neat) 3437, 1612, 1513, 1462, 1363, 1300, 1247, 1153, 1100, 1035 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 338.1663, found 338.1729.

# О МОМО ОРМВ

# (E)-3-((S)-2-((R)-3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-1-(methoxymethoxy)propyl)-

**oxiran-2-yl)acrylaldehyde (25):** To a solution of **17** (1.4 g, 4.1 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) was added Dess-Martin periodinane (2.6 g, 6.2 mmol) at 0 °C,

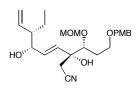
and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (8 mL) and 10 % Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (4 mL), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and then extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc = 3:1) to give **25** (1.18 g, 86%.) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +77.4 (*c* 1.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.59 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.38 (dd, 7.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.58-3.50 (m, 3H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 3.10 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.05-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.76 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  129.8, 159.1, 151.3, 132.4, 130.2, 129.2, 127.3, 113.6, 96.3, 76.2, 72.5, 65.3, 58.2, 57.29, 55.6, 55.1, 32.6; IR (neat) 1691, 1613, 1513, 1462, 1363, 1301, 1248, 1116, 1039 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 336.1577, found 336.1581.



# (*E*,3*S*,4*S*)-1-((*S*)-2-((*R*)-3-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-1-(methoxymethoxy)propyl)oxiran-2-yl)-4-ethylhexa-1,5-dien-3-ol (26): To a stirred suspension of *t*-BuOK (1.2 g, 10.7 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at -78 °C were added (*Z*)-2-pentene (1.7 mL, 16 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (1.65 M in hexane, 6.4

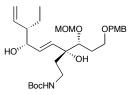
mL, 10.7 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at -50 °C for 20 min. The mixture was cooled to -78 °C and a solution of (+)-*B*-methoxydiisopinocampheylborane (4.46 g, 13.3 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (12 mL), BF<sub>3</sub>·Et<sub>2</sub>O (2.1 mL, 21.3 mmol) and **25** (0.90 g, 2.67 mmol) were sequentially added. After being stirred at -78 °C for 3 h, 1 M NaOH (30 mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 8 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite, extracted with AcOEt, washed with water and brine, dried and concentrated. Purification of the residue by flash chromatography (hexane:AcOEt = 5:1 to 2:1 to 1:1) gave **26** (0.90 g, 83%) as a pale colorless oil:

[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> +63.2 (*c* 1.15, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.24 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.96 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (dd, J = 6.3 Hz, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (ddd, J = 7.8, 10.2, 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 2H), 4.71 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.11-4.06 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.56-3.52 (m, 2H), 3.44 (dd, J = 3.4, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 2.92 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.11-2.08 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.9-1.20 (m, 1H), 1.85 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 159.0, 137.8, 132.5, 130.4, 129.2, 126.1, 118.2, 113.6, 95.9, 76.3, 73.9, 72.4, 65.9, 58.2, 56.2, 55.5, 55.2, 52.4, 32.5, 23.1, 11.7; IR (neat) 3461, 1612, 1512, 1460, 1364, 1300, 1247, 1154, 1104, 1037 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>6</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 406.2314, found 406.2355.



(E,3R,6S,7S)-3-((R)-3-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)-1-(methoxyme-thoxy)propyl)-7-ethyl-3,6-dihydroxynona-4,8-dienenitrile (27): To a degassed solution of 26 (390 mg, 0.96 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added LiCN.acetone<sup>5</sup> (349 mg, 3.84 mmol), and the mixture was heated at 45 °C for 20 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted

with EtOAc, washed with brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 3:1 to 1:1) to give **27** (333 mg, 80%) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  +26.0 (*c* 1.10, MeOH); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.22 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.99 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (dt, *J* = 17.1, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 4.12 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 3H), 3.63 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.57-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.73 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.14-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.99-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.86 (s, 1H), 1.72-1.68 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.21 (m, 1H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.3, 137.9, 133.2, 130.1, 129.4, 129.2, 118.3, 117.5, 113.8, 97.6, 83.6, 74.1, 73.6, 72.8, 66.5, 56.1, 55.1, 52.4, 31.2, 27.5, 23.1, 11.8; IR (neat) 3423, 2253, 1612, 1513, 1459, 1419, 1363, 1300, 1247, 1090, 1028 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>24H35</sub>NO<sub>6</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 433.2473, found 433.2464.

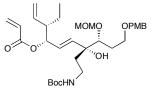


# (E,3S,4S,7R,8R)-10-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-7-(2-(butoxycarbonyl-

**aminoethyl)-3-ethyl-8-(methoxymethoxy)deca-1,5-diene-4,7-diol** (28): To a solution of 27 (370 mg, 0.85 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (15 mL) was added LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (129 mg, 3.41 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The reaction was quenched with water (2.5 mL) at 0 °C,

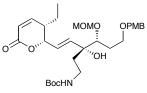
and the reaction mixture was filtered through Celite which was washed with MeOH (5 mL). The filtrate and washings were combined. To this solution were added NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (573 mg, 6.9 mmol) and (Boc)<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mL, 1.70 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. Most of the MeOH was evaporated and the residue was extracted with EtOAc. The extract was concentrated, dried and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 2:1 to 1:1) to give **28** (379 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  +13.8 (*c* 1.00, MeOH); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.22 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.85 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H) 5.17 (brs, 1H), 5.12 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (s, 1H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.55-3.41 (m, 3H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.29-3.21 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 

159.2, 155.9, 138.2, 133.1, 131.4, 129.8, 129.3, 117.8, 113.7, 98.0, 85.4, 78.7, 76.3, 74.1, 72.5, 66.6, 55.9, 55.1, 52.4, 36.2, 35.1, 31.1, 28.3, 23.1, 11.78; IR (neat) 3411, 1694, 1613, 1513, 1456, 1366, 1249, 1170, 1097, 1033 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for  $C_{29}H_{47}NO_8$  (M<sup>+</sup>) 537.3297, found 537.3302.



# (*E*,3*S*,4*S*,7*R*,8*R*)-10-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)-7-(2-(butoxy-carbonyl)aminoethyl)-3-ethyl-7-hydroxy-8-(methoxy-methoxy)deca-1,5-dien-4-yl acrylate: To a solution of 28 (537 mg, 0.32 mmol) and *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>EtN (92 $\mu$ L, 0.71 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) was added acryloyl chloride (51 $\mu$ L, 0.65 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h.

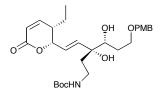
After addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1 mL), the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min and then extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed with brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed on florisil (hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) to give the acrylate (155 mg, 81 %) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  +34.7 (*c* 1.00, MeOH); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.23 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.41 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (dd, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (ddd, *J* = 9.2, 10.2, 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (brs, 1H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 2H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (s, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.57-3.47 (m, 2H), 3.42-3.39 (m, 1H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.25-3.22 (m, 1H), 3.13-3.10 (m, 1H), 2.26-2.22 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.76-1.61 (m, 3H), 1.52-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.2 (s, 9H), 1.30-1.25 (m, 1H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.2, 159.1, 155.9, 137.3, 135.1, 130.5, 129.8, 129.2, 128.6, 127.3, 117.5, 113.7, 97.9, 85.2, 76.3, 72.4, 66.5, 55.9, 55.1, 49.6, 35.3, 31.0, 28.3, 23.0, 11.4; IR (neat) 3398, 1715, 1614, 1512, 1458, 1403, 1365, 1250, 1176, 1096, 1034 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>49</sub>NO<sub>9</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 591.3427, found 591.3408.



# (5*S*,6*S*)-6-((*E*,3*R*,4*R*)-6-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-(2-(butoxycarbonyl)aminoethyl)-3-hydroxy-4-(methoxy-methoxy)hex-1-enyl)-5ethyl-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one (29): To a solution of the acrylate (140

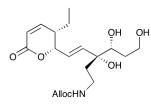
mg, 0.236 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL) was added Grubbs second generation catalyst (20 mg, 0.0236 mmol), and the mixture was heated

at reflux for 12 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, treated with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (5 mL) and extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed with brine, dried, concentrated and purified by flash chromatography (hexane:EtOAc = 1:1.5) to give **29** (101 mg, 76 %.) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  +80.7 (*c* 1.20, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.22 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (s, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (s, 2H), 5.17 (brs, 1H), 5.01 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.55-3.44 (m, 3H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 3.25-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.12-3.07 (m, 1H), 2.41-2.38 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.55 (m, 5H), 1.46 (s, 10H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.8, 159.1, 155.8, 149.8, 129.7, 129.3, 125.5, 120.6, 113.6, 97.9, 85.2, 79.7, 76.3, 72.5, 66.3, 55.9, 55.1, 39.1, 35.1, 31.0, 28.3, 21.4, 10.9; IR (neat) 3394, 1716, 1612, 1513, 1463, 1365, 1249, 1172, 1097, 1031 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>46</sub>NO<sub>9</sub>[(M+1)<sup>+</sup>] 564.3145, found 564.3117.



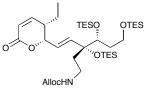
# (5*S*,6*S*)-6-((*E*,3*R*,4*R*)-6-(4-Methoxybenzyloxy)-3-(2-(butoxycarbonyl)aminoethyl)-3,4-dihydroxyhex-1-enyl)-5-ethyl-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one (30): To a solution of 29 (50 mg, 0.08 mmol) in *i*-PrOH (1.5 mL) was added ZrCl<sub>4</sub> (16.5 mg, 0.071 mmol) at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 12 h. The solvent was evaporated, and

the residue was extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed brine, dried and concentrated. Purification of the residue by preparative TLC (hex:EtOAc = 1:2.5) gave **30** (30 mg, 72%) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ +83.2 (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.23 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.04 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.91-5.89 (m, 2H), 5.10-4.95 (m, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.70-3.60 (m, 3H), 3.48-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.09 (m, 2H), 3.09 (s, 1H), 2.44-2.40 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.65-1.54 (m,1H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.59-1.39 (m, 1H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.0, 159.2, 156.1, 150.1, 135.7, 129.6, 129.2, 125.0, 120.6, 113.7, 100.5, 79.9, 79.0, 76.5, 72.8, 68.8, 55.1, 39.1, 36.0, 35.3, 30.5, 28.3, 21.4, 10.9; IR (neat) 3417, 1730, 1612, 1520, 1260, 1180 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>41</sub>NO<sub>8</sub> (M+) 519.2833, found 519.2841.



(55,65)-6-((E,3R,4R)-(2-(Allyloxycarbonylamino)ethyl)-3,4,6-trihydroxy-3-hex-1-enyl)-5-ethyl-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one. To an ice-cooled solution of 30 (720 mg, 1.39 mmol) in THF (9.8 ml) was added 5 M HCl (4.2 mL), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 days. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2.0 g, 28.8 mmol) and allyl chloroformate (0.3 mL, 2.78 mmol) were added. After being stirred

at room temperature for 3 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL), extracted with EtOAc, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (EtOAc) to give the triol (520 mg, 98%) as an amorphous solid:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ +90.6 (*c* 0.53, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.96 (dd, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.97-5.89 (m, 3H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.28-5.19 (brs, 1H), 5.08-5.01 (m, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.95-3.80 (m, 2H), 3.75-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.43 (m, 1H), 3.38-3.28 (m, 2H), 3.28-3.14 (m, 2H), 2.49-2.41 (m, 1H), 2.45-2.27 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.63 (m, 3H), 1.55-1.40 (m, 1H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.3, 156.5, 150.4, 135.3, 132.7, 125.0, 120.3, 117.4, 80.1, 75.8, 74.6, 65.4, 60.5, 39.1, 36.6, 35.3, 32.7, 21.5, 11.0; IR (neat) 3390, 1714, 1533, 1385, 1257, 1061 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>29</sub>NO<sub>7</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 383.1944, found 383.1930.

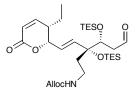


#### (5*S*,6*S*)-6-((*E*,3*R*,4*R*)-3-(2-(Allyloxycarbonylamino)ethyl)-3,4,6tris(triethylsilyloxy)-3-hex-1-enyl)-5-ethyl-5,6-dihydropyran-2-one

(31): To a solution of the triol (500 mg, 1.3 mmol) and 2,6-litidine (1.5 mL, 13 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (13 ml) was added TESOTf (2.1 mL, 9.1

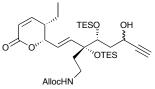
<sup>AllocHN</sup> mmol) at -78 °C. After stirring at -78 °C for 3 h, the reaction was quenched with brine (15 mL), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 h. The reaction mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with brine, dried, concentrated and chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) gave **31** (700 mg, 74%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  +52.2 (*c* 0.65, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.93 (dd, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.97-5.74 (m, 3H), 5.29 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.03-5.00 (m, 1H), 4.96-4.82 (brs, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.77-3.52 (m, 3H), 3.38-3.06 (m, 2H), 2.46-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.08-1.99 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.24 (m, 1H),

1.00-0.87 (m, 30H), 0.72-0.50 (m, 18H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.6, 155.8, 149.5, 136.5, 132.8, 124.4, 120.7, 117.0, 80.3, 79.8, 75.0, 65.1, 59.4, 39.5, 37.6, 36.5, 35.6, 21.5, 10.9, 7.1, 7.0, 6.8, 6.7, 5.4, 4.3; IR (neat) 3350, 1727, 1520, 1461, 1382, 1244, 1104, 1011 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>71</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>Na [(M + Na)<sup>+</sup>] 748.4439, found 748.4422.



(3R,4R,5E)-4-(2-(Allyloxycarbonylamino)ethyl)-6-((2S,3S)-3-ethyl-3,6dihydro-6-oxo-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)-3,4-bis(triethylsilyloxy)hex-5-enal (32). To a stirred solution of oxalyl chloride (0.68 ml, 7.82 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) at -78 °C were added DMSO (1.11 mL, 15.6 mmol) a solution of 31 (1.29 g, 1.78 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (8 mL), and stirring was kept at -78 °C for

20 min and at -40 °C for 20 min. The mixture was cooled to -78 °C and triethylamine (3.72 ml, 26.7 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 20 min. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with 1 M HCl, water, and saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, dried, concentrated and chromatographed on Florisil (hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) to give **32** (909 mg, 84%) as a pale yellow oil:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +24.8 (*c* 0.75, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.77 (s, 1H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.89 (m, 2H), 5.83 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.88-4.75 (brs, 1H), 4.65-4.55 (m, 2H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.64 (dd, *J*=18.0, 3.9 Hz, 1h), 2.49-2.37 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.85-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.10-0.80 (m, 21H), 0.64 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 6H), 0.62 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  200.7, 163.8, 156.0, 149.7, 135.3, 133.0, 125.9, 121.0, 117.5, 80.1, 79.8, 73.0, 65.5, 47.7, 39.5, 37.8, 36.8, 21.8, 11.2, 7.3, 7.1, 6.9, 5.2; IR (neat) 3346, 1718, 1525, 1460, 1242, 1107, 1005 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>55</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 609.3517, found 609.3515.



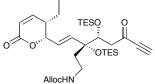
**Ethynylation of Aldehyde 32:** Commercially available anhydrous  $CeCl_3$  (1.07 g, 4.33 mmol) was heated under vacuum at 140 °C for 2 h. THF (4.9 mL) was added and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 35 h. Ethynylmagnesium bromide (1.07 M in THF, 4.0 mL, 4.33 mmol) was added at -78 °C, and stirring was kept at

the same temperature for 1.5 h. To this mixture at -78 °C was added a solution of **32** (909 mg, 1.49 mmol) in THF (10 ml), and the mixture was stirred at -50 °C for 4 h. The reaction was quenched with water (20 ml) and the reaction mixture was filtered through Celite. The filtrate was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with water and brine, dried, and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 5:1 to 2:1) to give the corresponding ethynylated compound (698 mg, 74%), a colorless oil, as a 1:1 epimeric mixture.

Less Polar Epimer:  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ +46.9 (*c* 0.75, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.95 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.96-5.85 (m, 2H), 5.83 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 5.00-4.91 (brs, 1H), 4.64-4.50 (m, 2H), 4.49-4.39 (br, 1H), 3.85 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.31-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.39 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.10 (br, 1H), 2.08-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.44 (m, 3H), 0.99-0.84 (m, 21H), 0.72-0.58 (m, 12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.7, 155.9, 149.5, 136.3, 132.9, 125.1, 120.8, 117.3, 85.2, 80.2, 79.6, 74.6, 72.4, 65.3, 58.6, 41.0, 39.5, 37.4, 36.5, 21.6, 11.1, 7.2, 7.0, 6.9, 5.4; IR (neat) 3408, 1714, 1520, 1456, 1244, 1103, 1007 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>57</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 635.3673, found 635.3672.

**More Polar Epimer**:  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  +27.3 ( *c* 0.81, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.94 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.85 (m, 2H), 5.82 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H),

5.30 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 5.03-4.94 (brs, 1H), 4.62-4.50 (m, 2H), 4.49-4.40 (m, 1H), 3.79 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.36-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.53 (s, 1H), 2.50-2.40 (m, 1H), 2.08-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.44 (m, 1H), 1.00-0.88 (m, 21H), 0.72-0.64 (m, 12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.7, 156.0, 149.5, 136.2, 132.9, 125.2, 120.8, 117.3, 84.6, 80.2, 79.7, 75.6, 74.1, 65.4, 60.5, 41.0, 39.4, 37.4, 36.6, 21.7, 11.1, 7.2, 7.1, 6.9, 5.5; IR (neat) 3305, 1712, 1522, 1456, 1242, 1107, 1009 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>57</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 635.3673, found 635.3669.



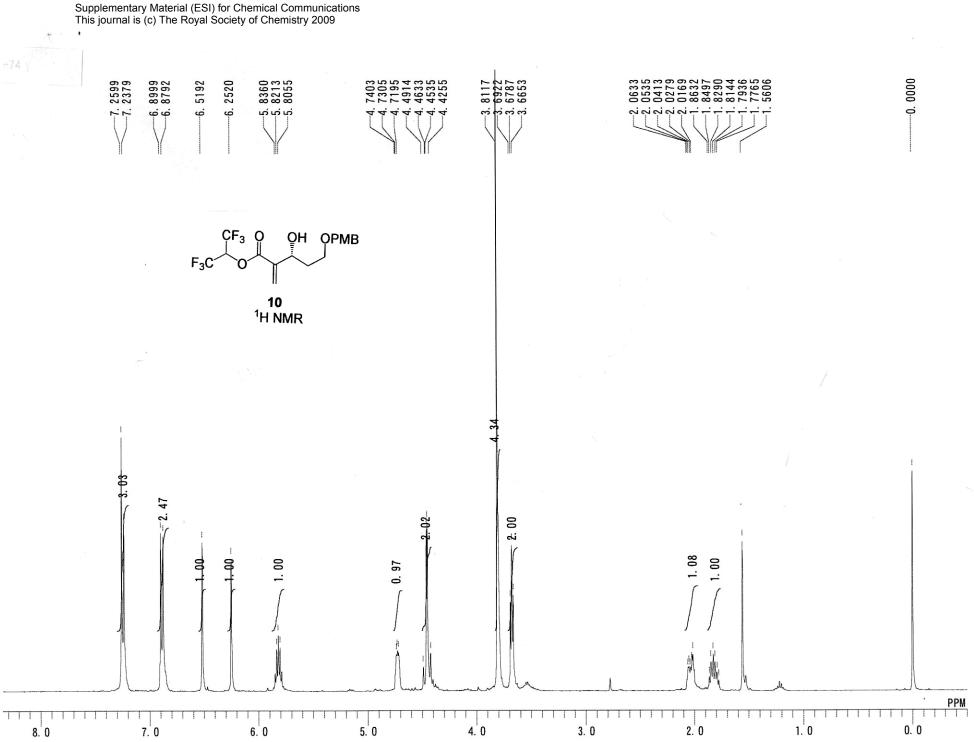
#### (5S,6S)-6-((E,3R,4R)-3-(2-(Allyloxycarbonylamino)ethyl)-6-oxo-3,4-bis(triethylsilyloxy)oct-1-en-7-ynyl)-5-ethyl-5,6-dihydropyran-2 ono (4) To an ioo cooled colution of the choice mantioned enimer

**2-one (4).** To an ice-cooled solution of the above-mentioned epimeric mixture (698 mg, 1.10 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (11 mL) were added Dess-Martin periodinane (1.42 g, 3.29 mmol) and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (924 mg, 11.0

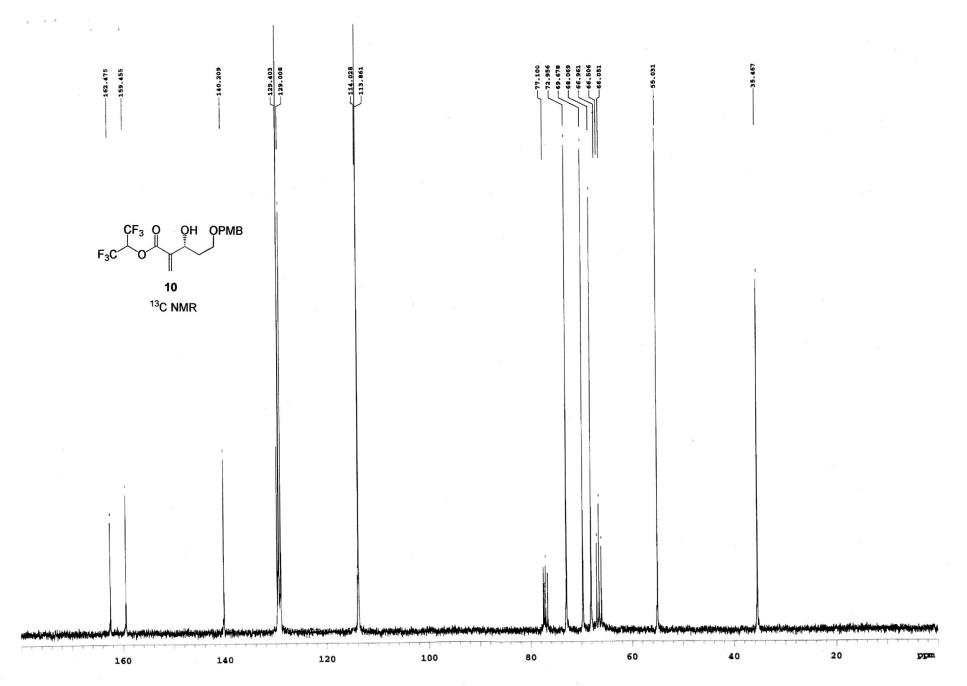
mol). After being stirred at 0 °C for 4 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with 10% Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, water, saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, dried, and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed (hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) to give **4** (666 mg, 96%) as a colorless oil:  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ +38.6 ° (*c* 1.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.95 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.97-5.85 (m, 2H), 5.82 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 17.3 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.84-4.75 (brs, 1H), 4.62-4.45 (m, 2H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (s, 1H), 3.35-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.88 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.49-2.40 (m,1H), 2.13-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.01-0.92 (m, 21H), 0.71-0.56 (m, 12H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.1, 163.7, 156.0, 149.5, 135.3, 133.0, 125.5, 120.9, 117.5, 81.7, 80.1, 79.5, 79.1, 73.0, 65.5, 49.9, 39.6, 37.6, 36.7, 21.8, 11.2, 7.3, 7.1, 6.9, 5.2; IR (neat) 3350, 1720, 1523, 1460, 1242, 1105, 1009 cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>55</sub>NO<sub>7</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 633.3517, found 633.3509.

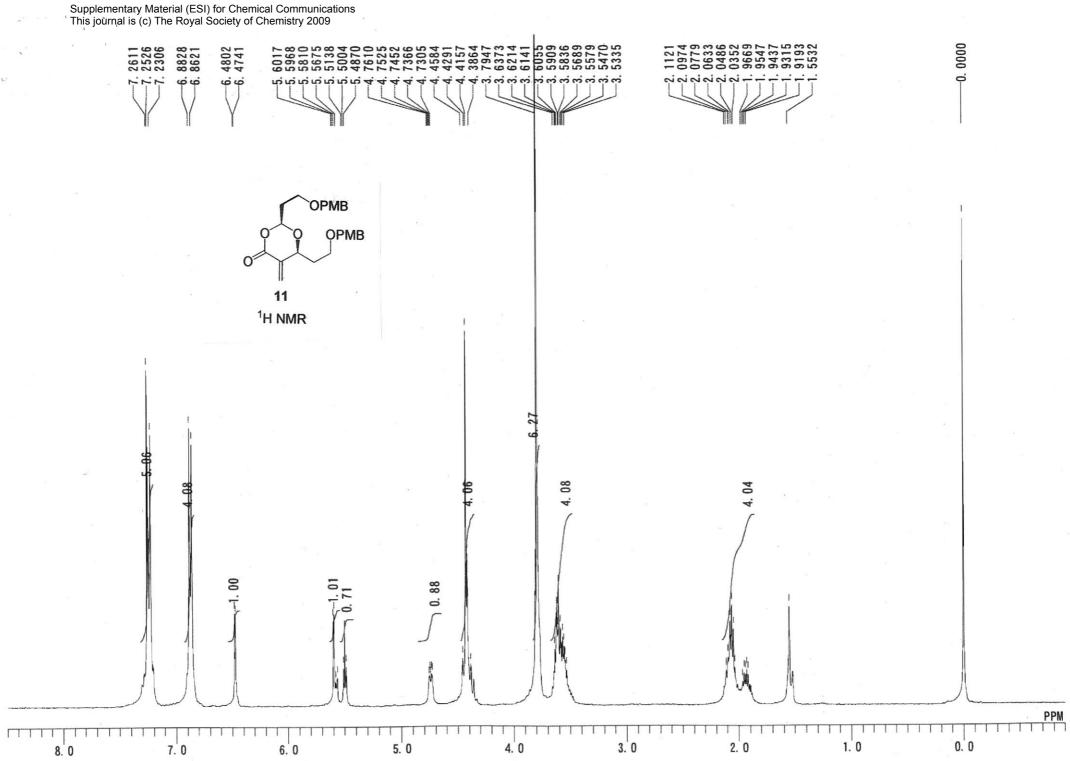
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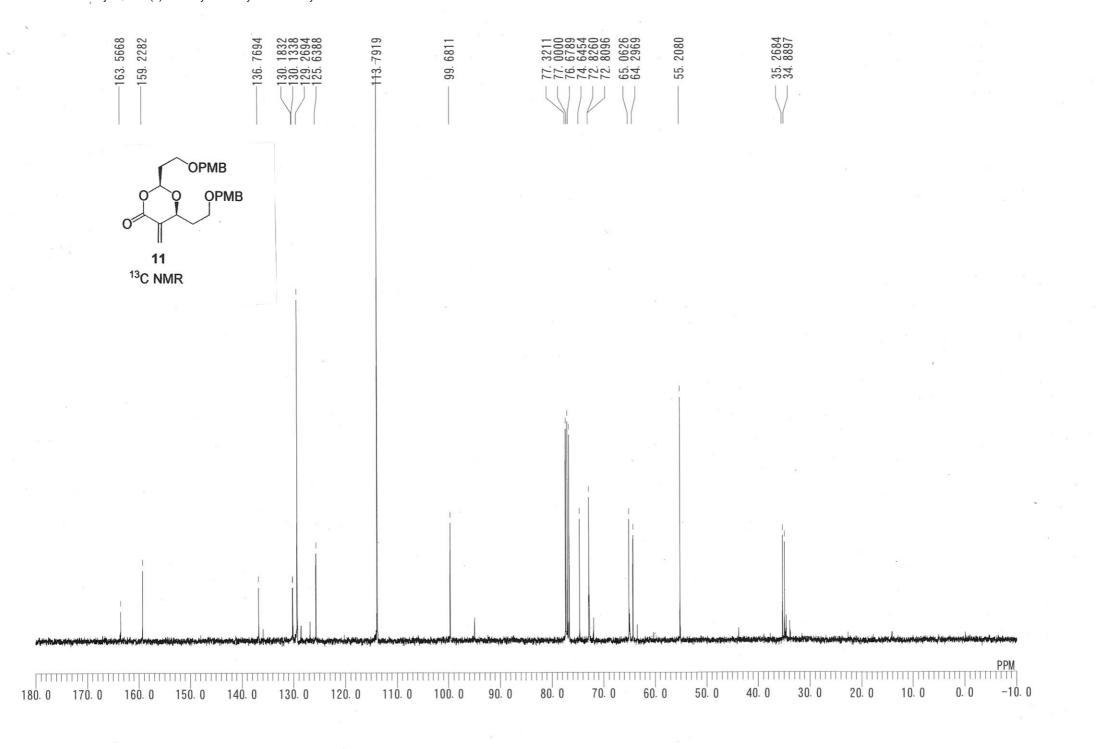
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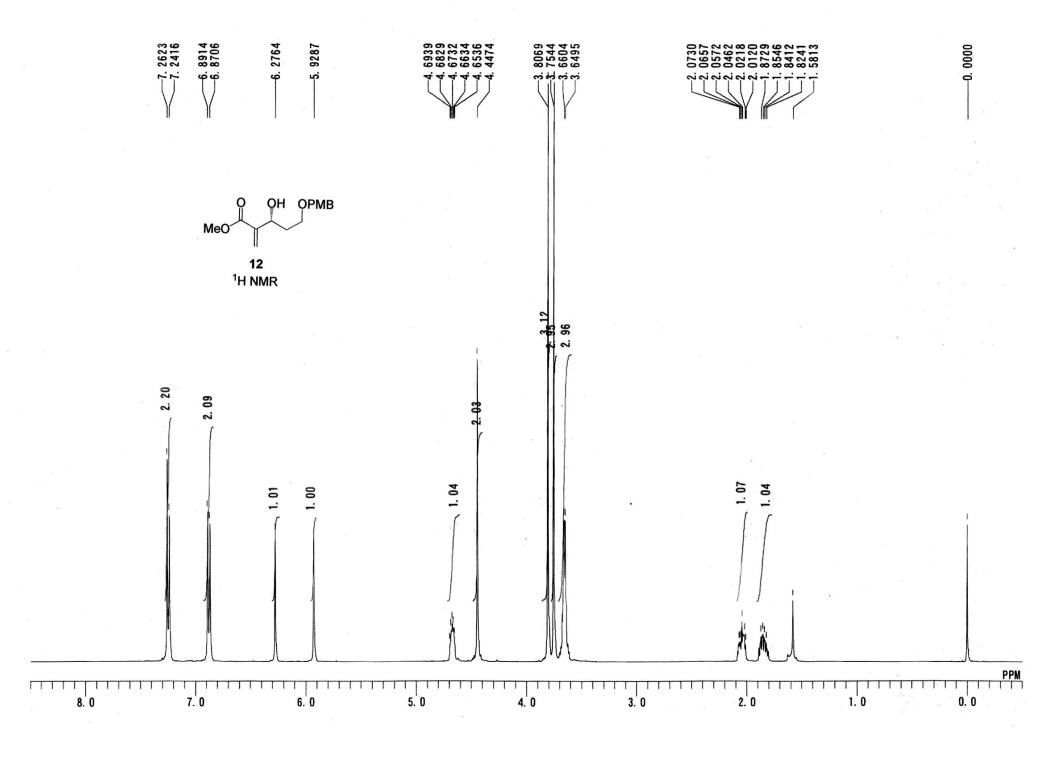


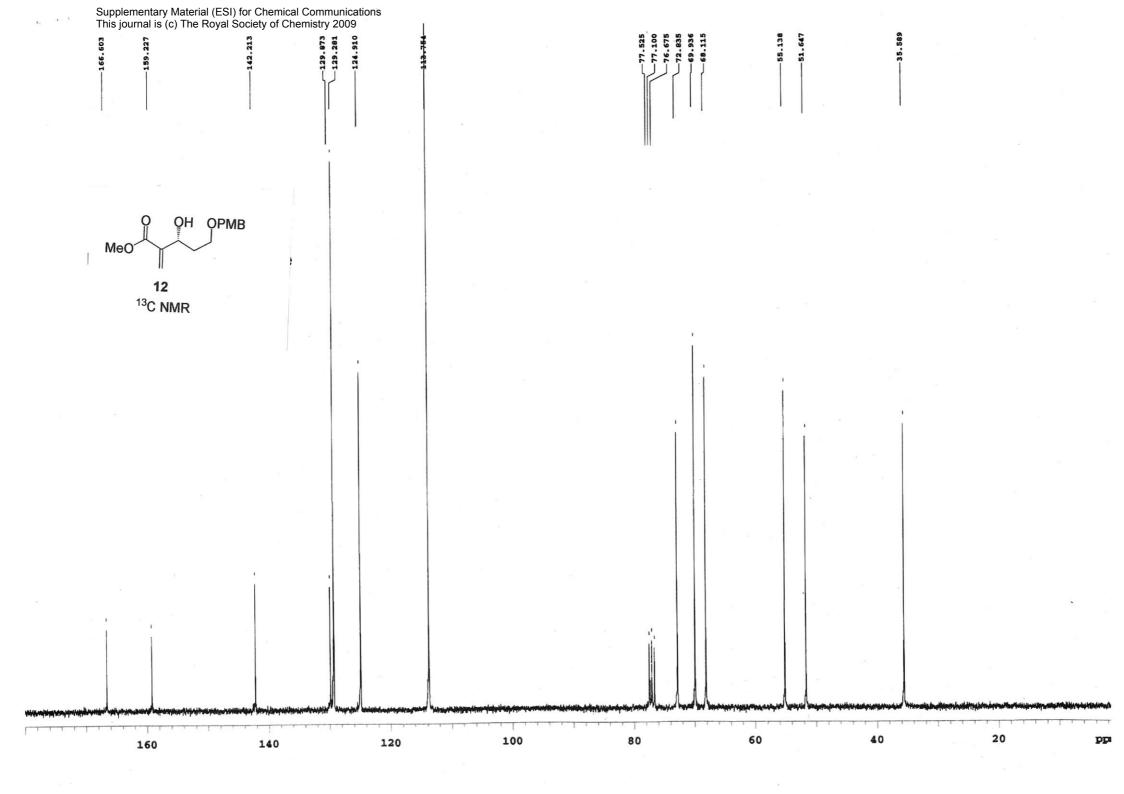


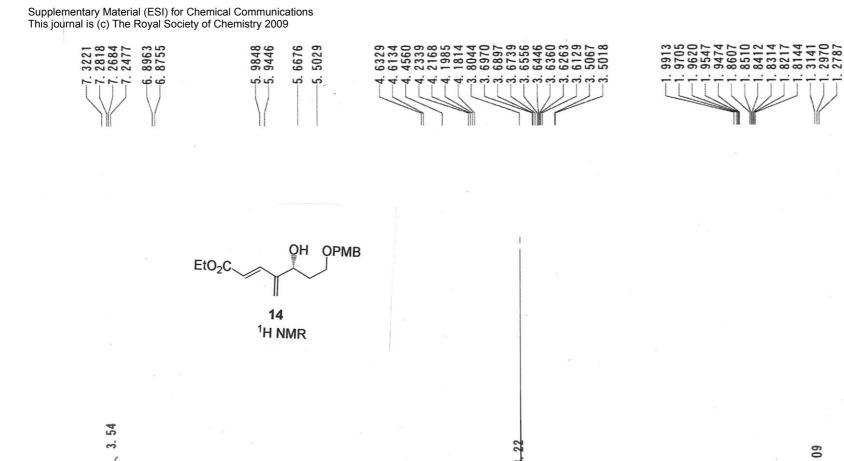
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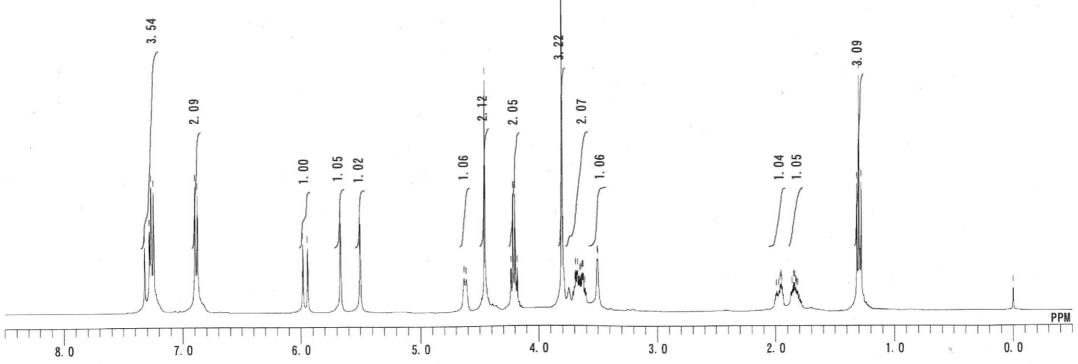
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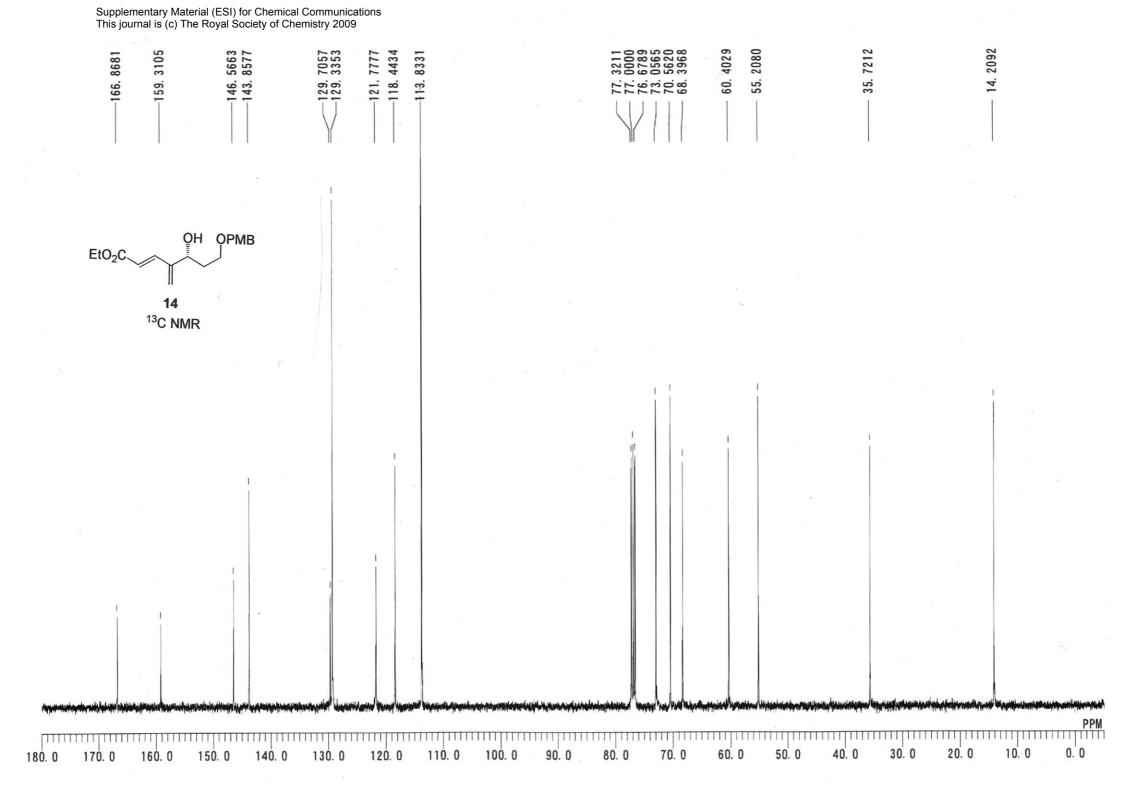


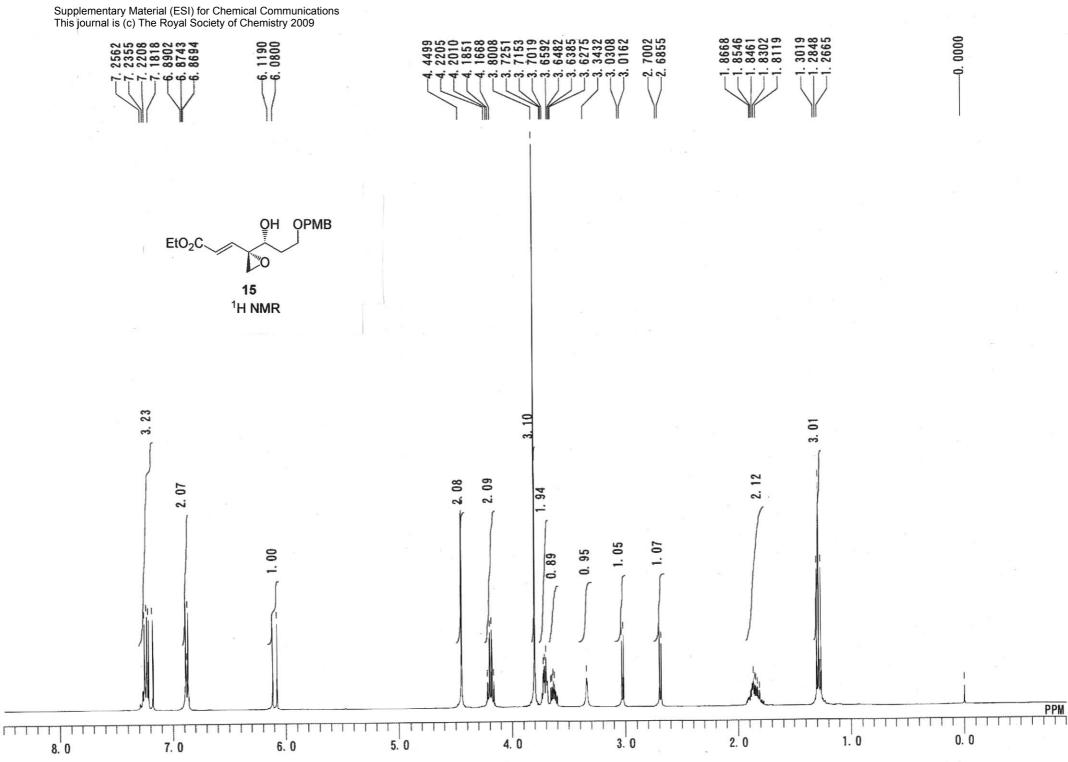


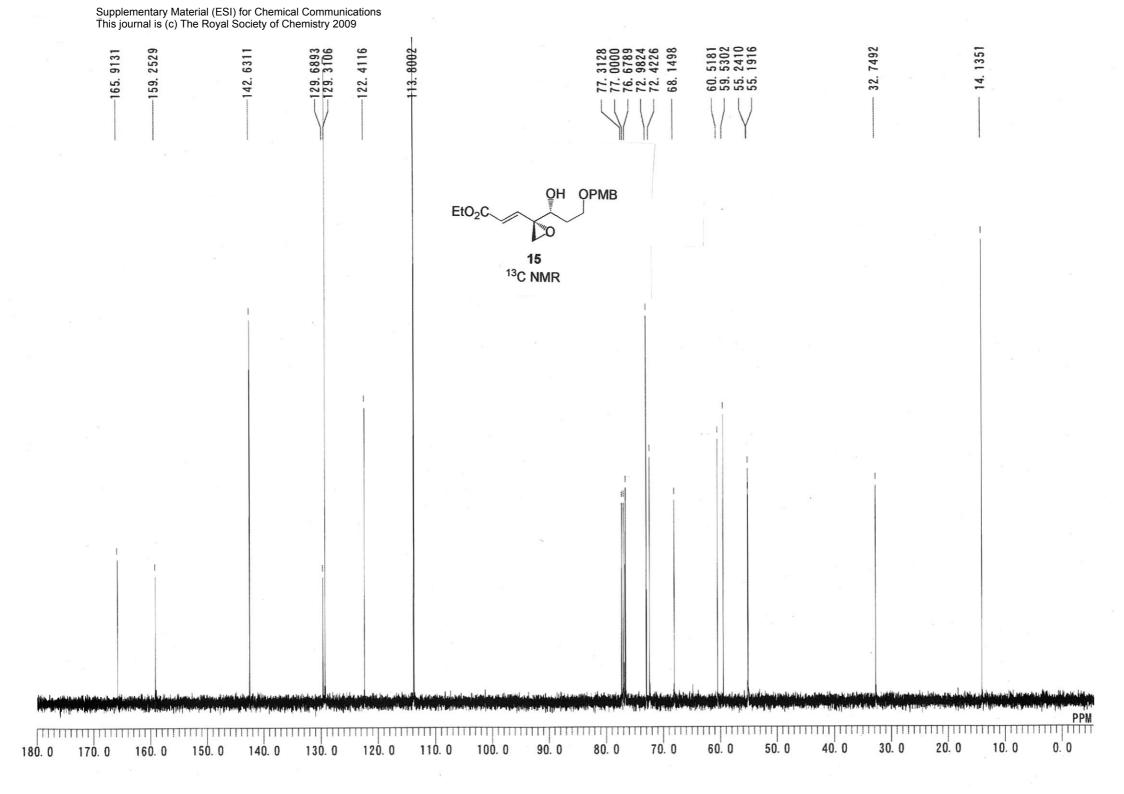


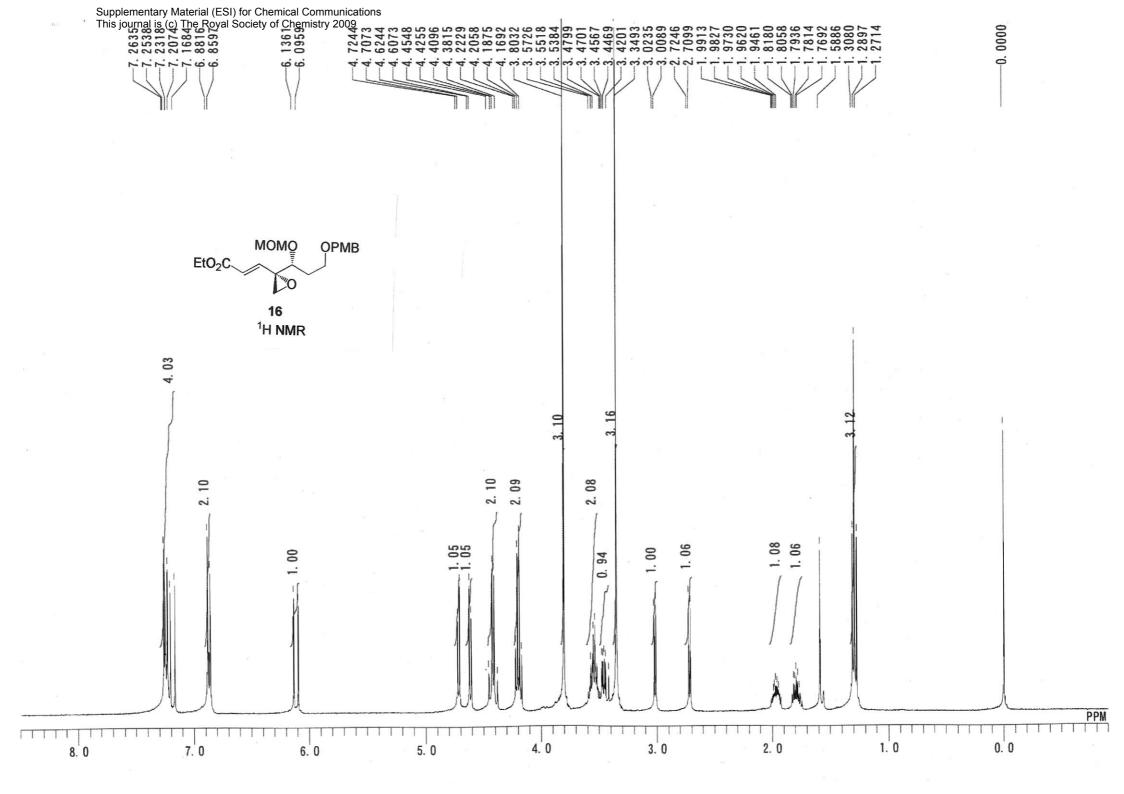


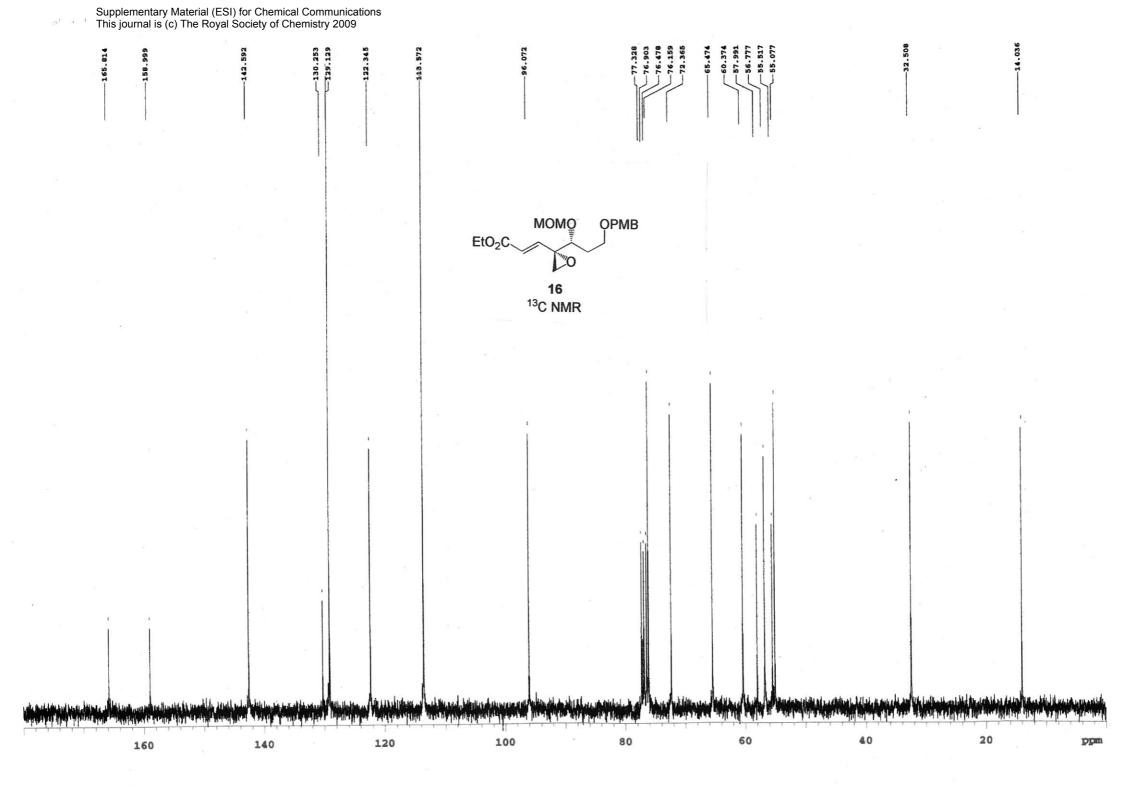
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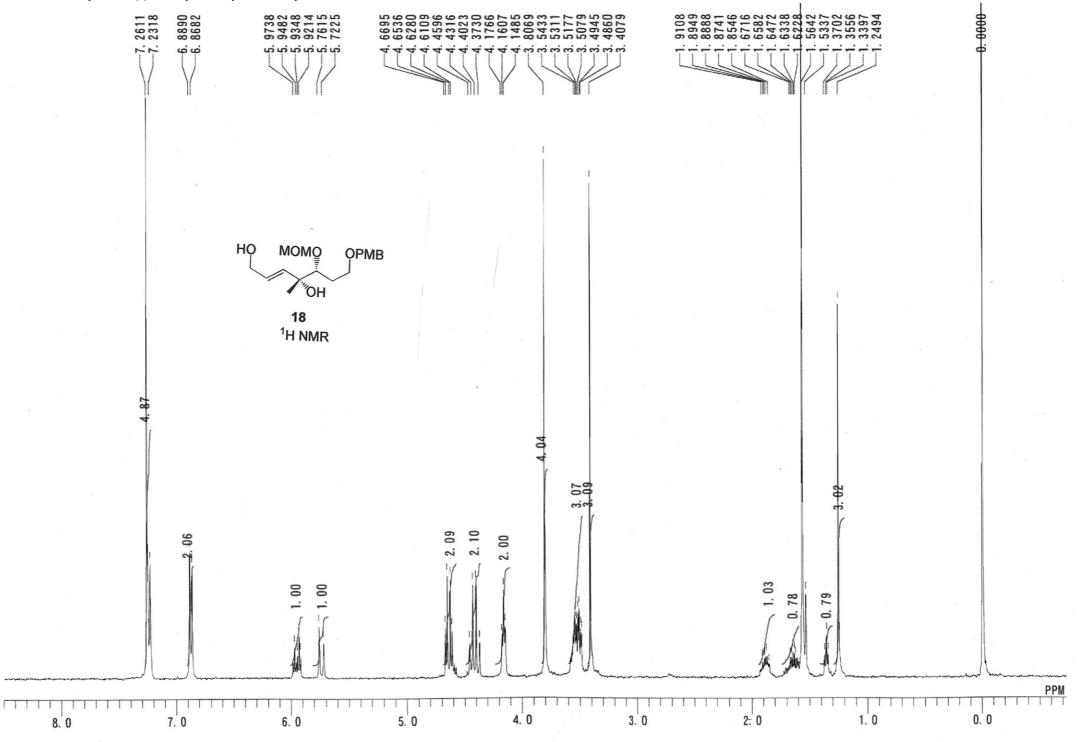


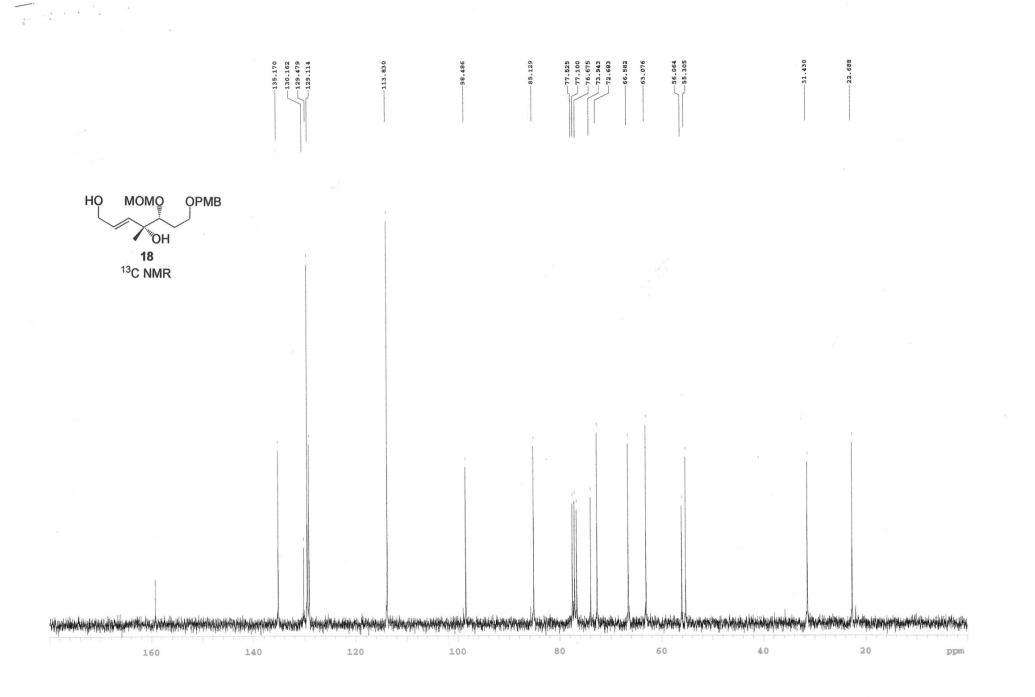


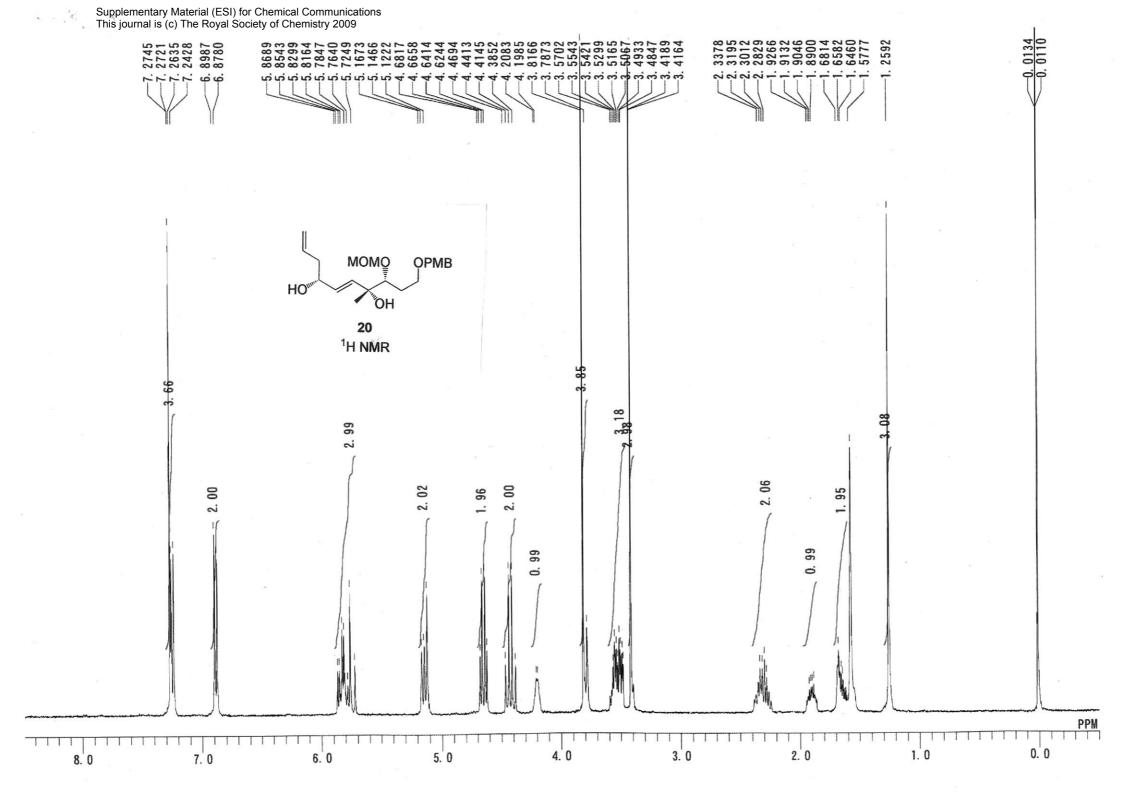


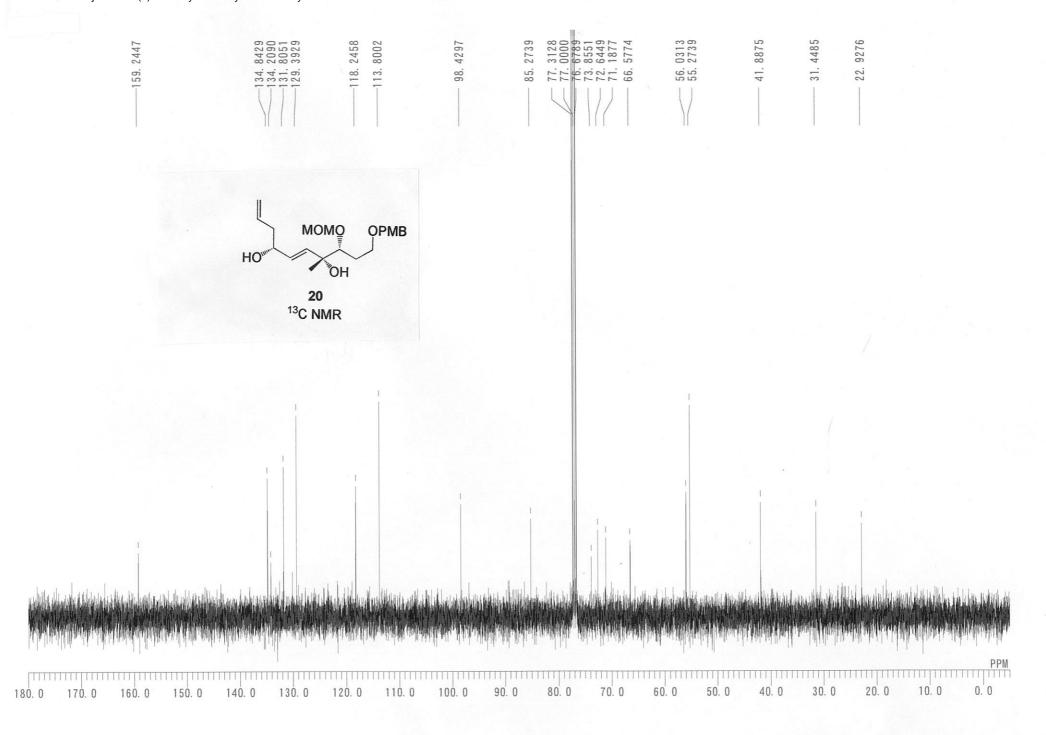


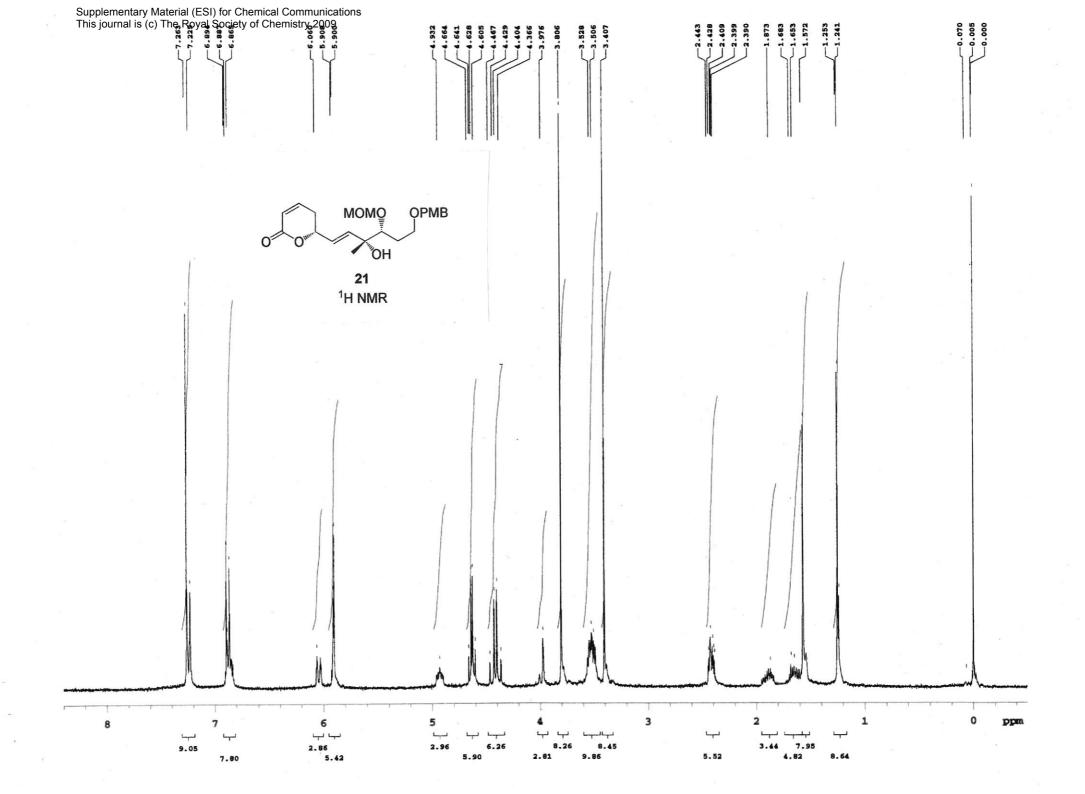


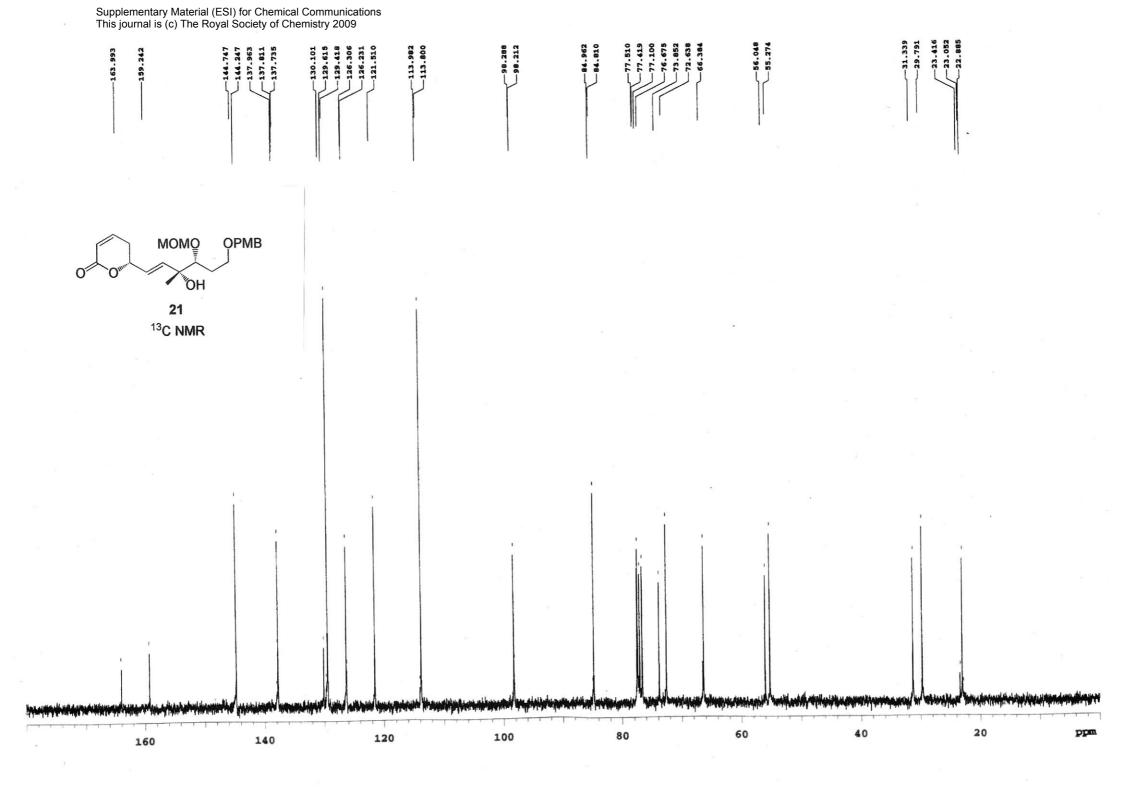


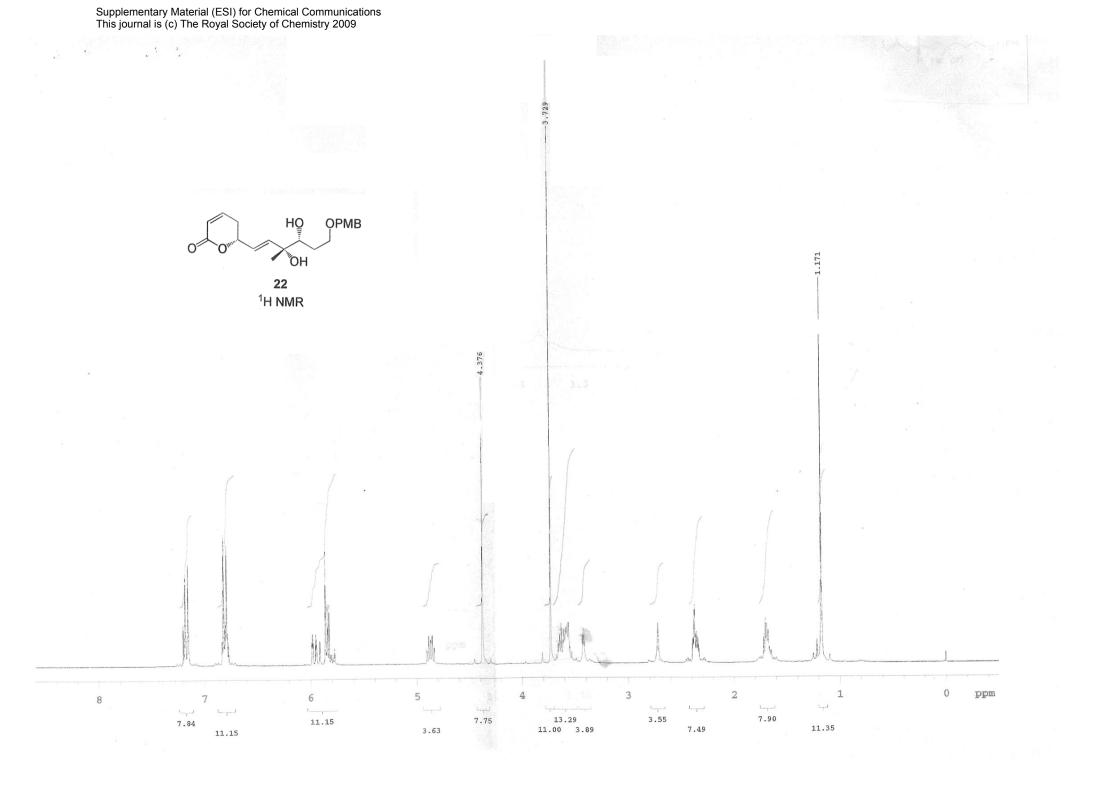


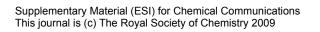


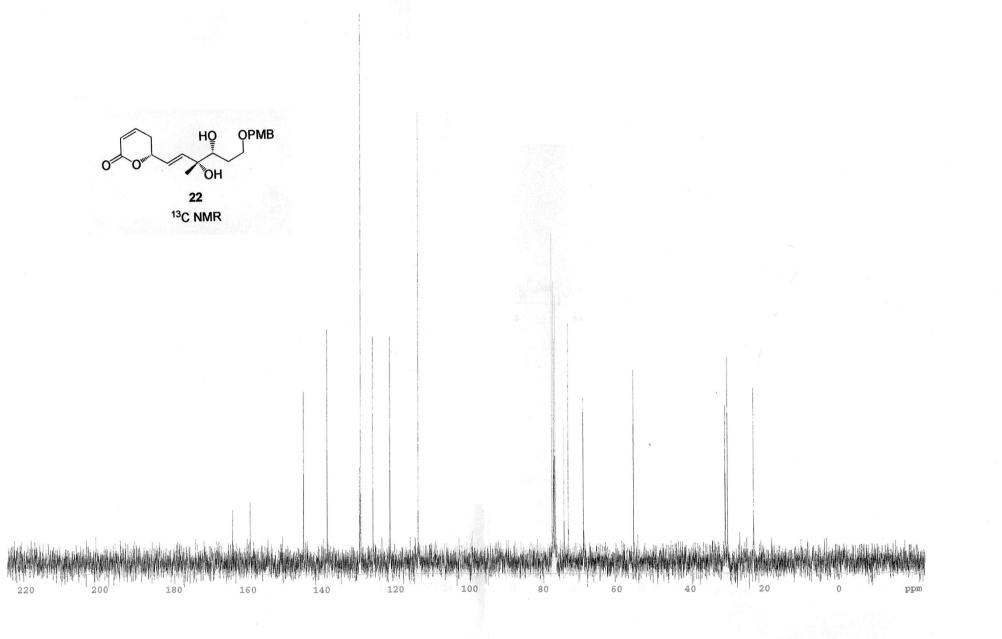




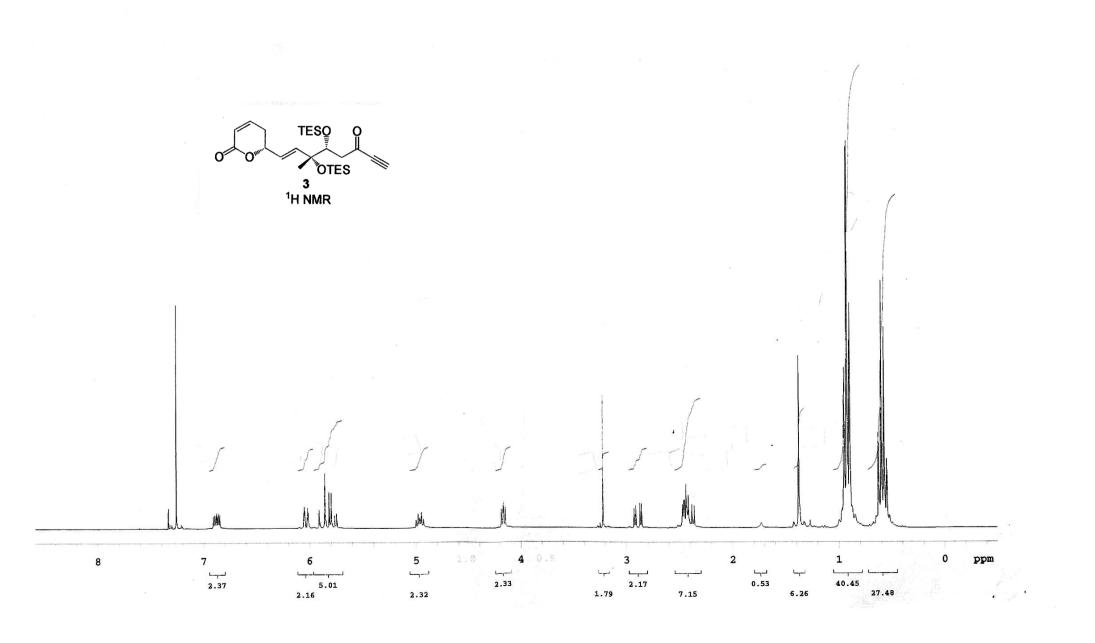


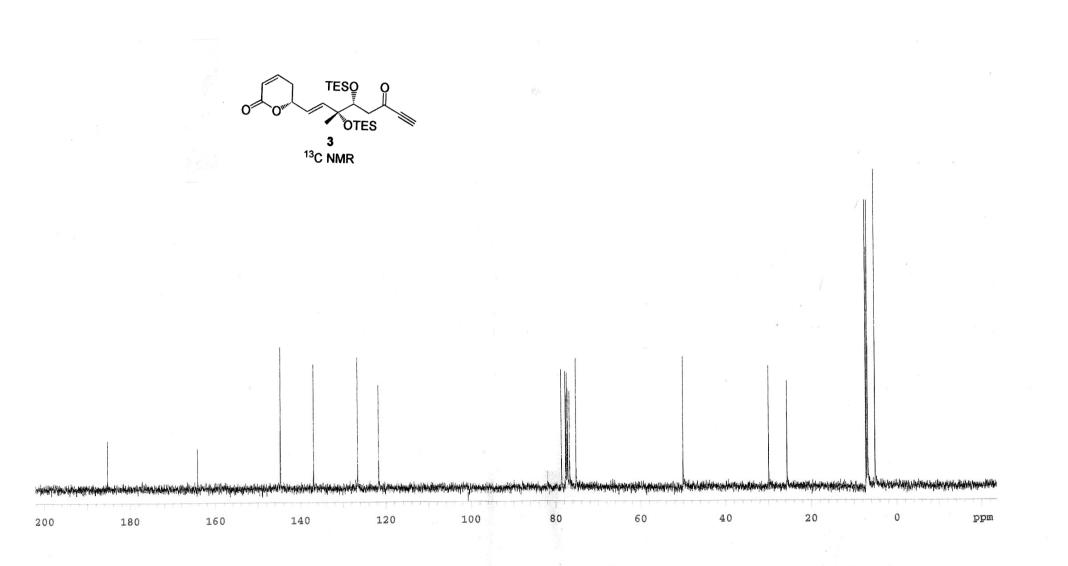






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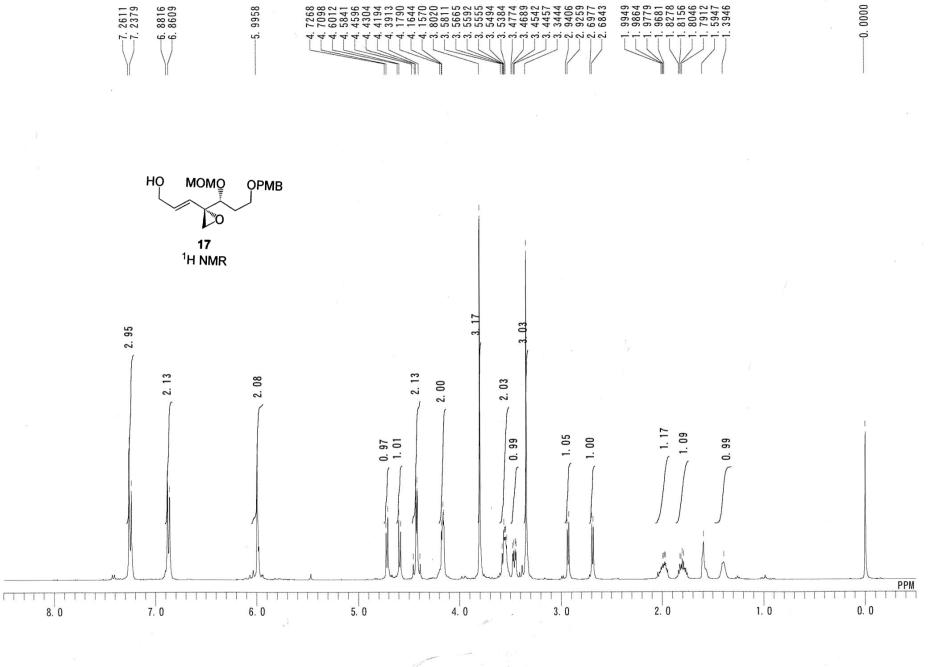


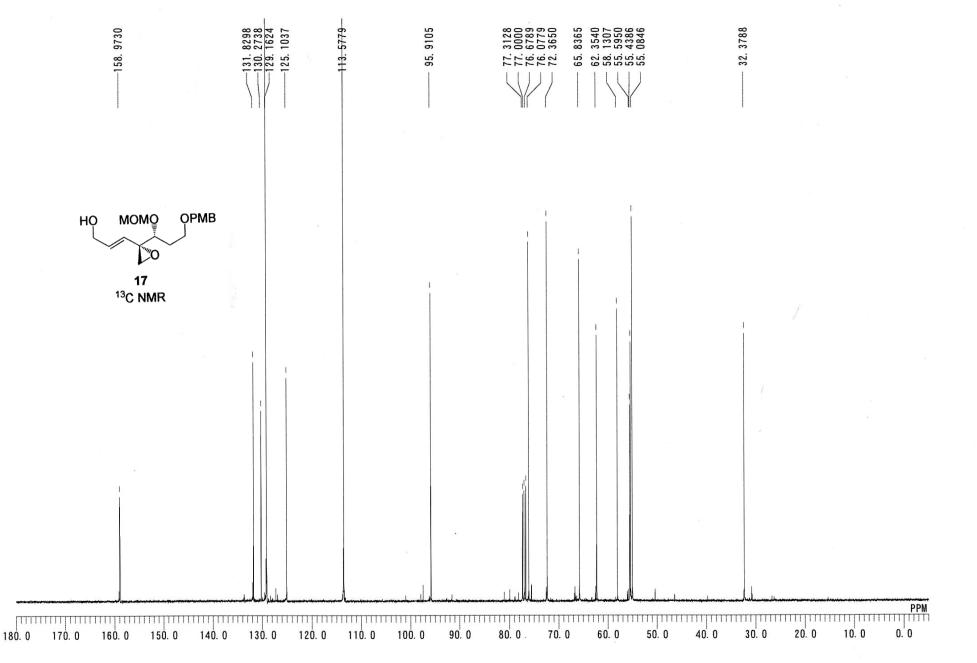


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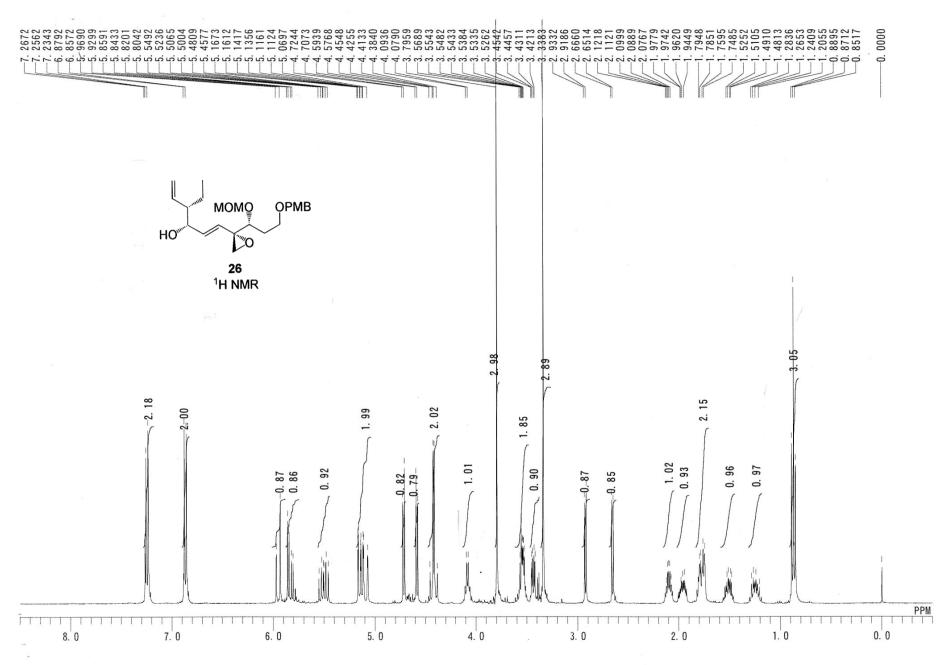
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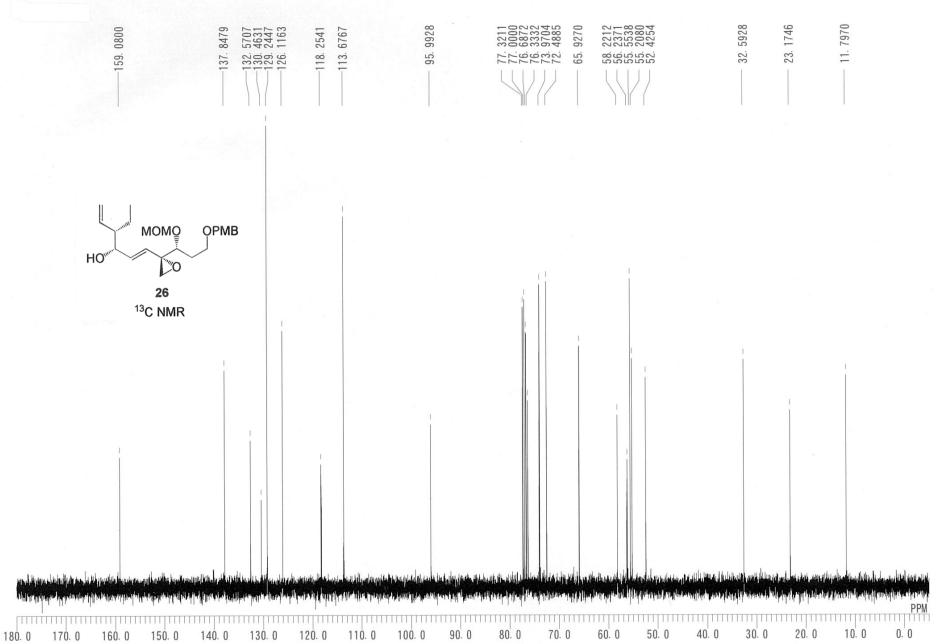


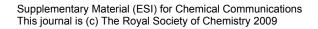


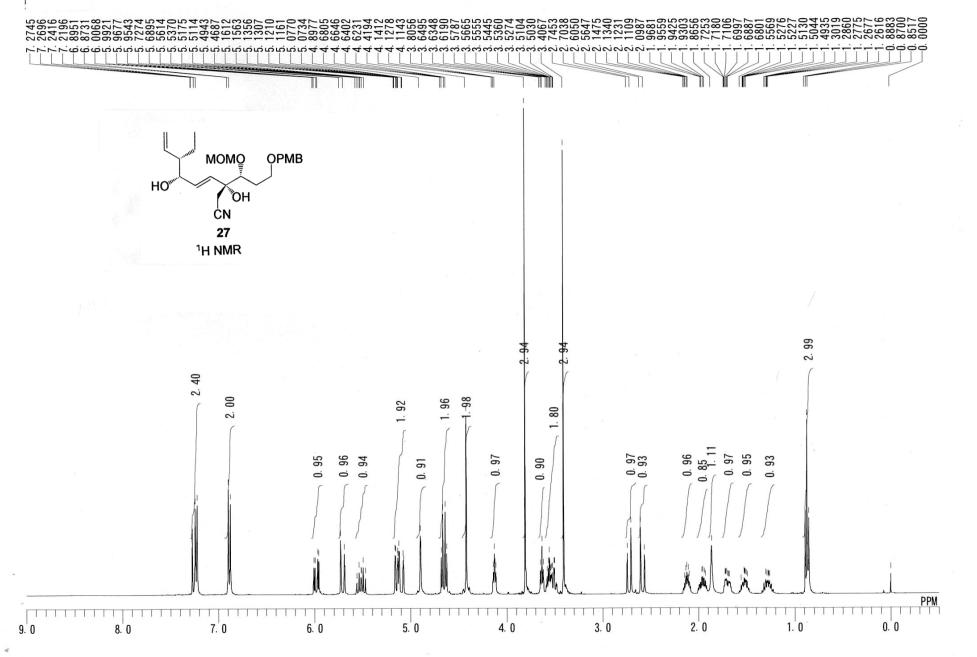
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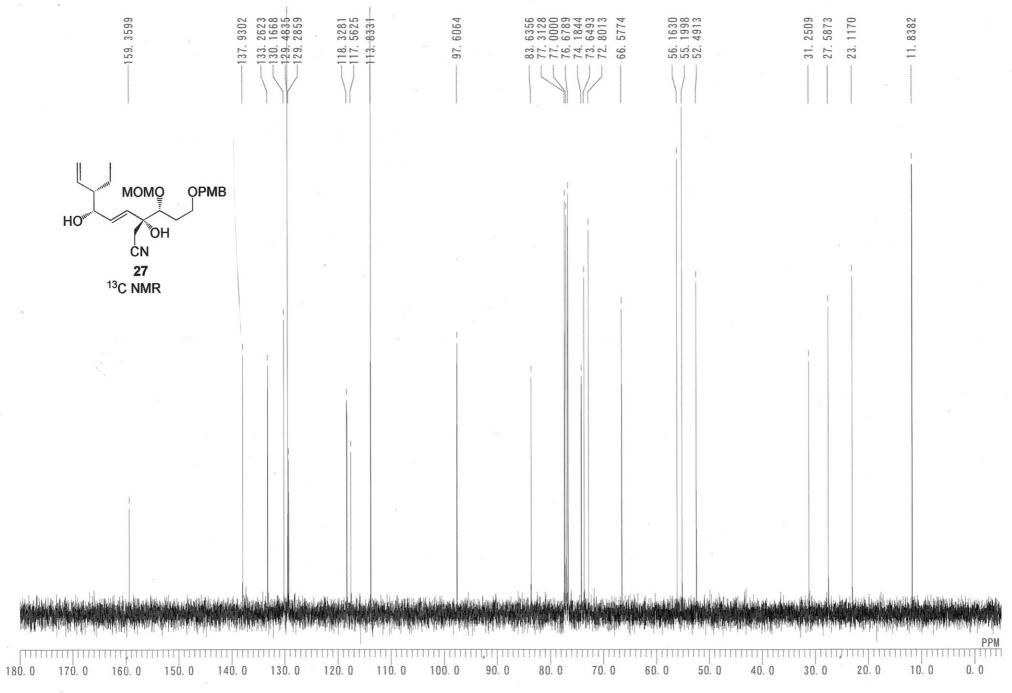


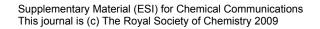


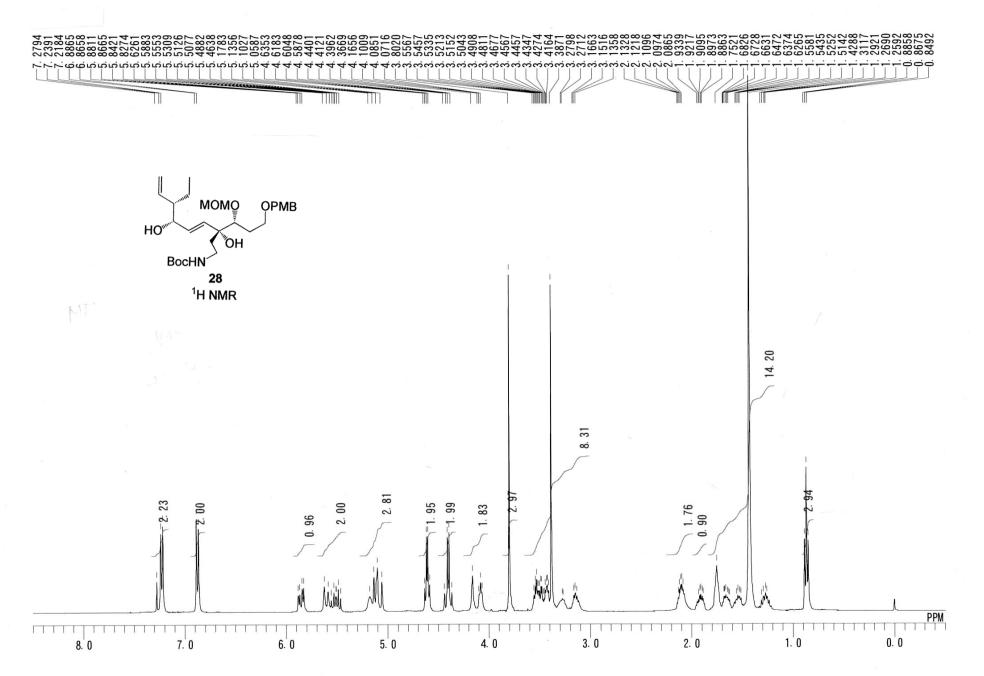




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