Fe-catalyzed Highly Selective Ring Expansion of Alkynylcyclopropyl Alkanols to Cyclobutanols: 1,2-Carbon Shift *Versus* 2,3- C-C Bond Cleavage

Supporting Information

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	5 5 5	Dh
	Ph \	
	// cat. 10 mol%	
	OH acetone/nitrometha	une(1:1). OH
	O ₂ balloon, r.t.	48 h ′′′ └──
	,	Ň
	1a	2a
Entry	Catalyst(10%)	Yield of 2a $(\%)^b$
1	TsOH·H ₂ O	Trace
2	$AgNO_3$	Trace
3	CuCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	Trace
4	AuCl ₃	Trace
5	PtCl ₄	0
6	Fe(NO ₃) ₃ ·9H ₂ O	Trace
7	$S_{C}(OTf)_{3}$	5
8	AlCl ₃	Trace
9	HOAc	Trace
10	Cu(OTf) ₂	8
11	IrCl ₃	7
12	RhCl ₃ ·3H ₂ O	Trace
13	NiCl ₂ ·6H ₂ O	NR
14	Ga(OTf) ₃	10
15	InCl ₃	NR
16	$Mn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$	NR
17 ^c	HCl	NR
$18^{c,d}$	FeCl ₃	6
19^{e}	FeCl ₃	36
20	FeBr ₂	43
21	$Fe(acac)_2$	Trace
22	Fe(OTf) ₃	15
23	$Fe(OAc)_2$	NR
24	FeCl ₃ /4 ÅMS	NR
25	$Fe_2(SO_4)_3$	NR
26	FeF ₃	NR
27	FeF ₂	NR

^{*a*} **1a** (37.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 10 mol% catalyst, 2 mL solvent, under O_2 (1 atm). ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} The reaction was carried out in 2 mL nitromethane. ^{*d*} The reaction was carried out at 40 °C. ^{*e*} The reaction was carried out in 2 mL acetone.



	$\begin{array}{c} Ph \\ FeCl_2, \ 10 \ mol\%, \ additive \\ \hline oH \hline \mathbf{acetone/nitromethane(1:1)} \\ r.t., \ 48 \ h \end{array}$	Рh /e :1) ОН	
	1a	2a	
Entry	additives (eq.)	Yield of 2a $(\%)^b$	
1	$PhI(OAc)_2(0.2)$	7	
2	BQ (0.2)	32	
3	$AgBF_4(0.2)$	10	
4	AgOTf (0.2)	43	
5	$AgClO_4(0.2)$	15	
6	$AgNO_3(0.2)$	trace	
7	^{<i>t</i>} BuOO ^{<i>t</i>} Bu (3.0)	38	
8	Bipyridine (0.2)	NR	
9	$H_2O_2(1.0)$	7	
10	4-chlorobenzoperoxic acid (1.0)	6	
11	$H_2O(1.0)$	trace	
12	Hydroquinone (0.2)	14	

^{*a*} 1a (37.2 mmg, 0.2 mmol), 10 mol% catalyst, 2 mL acetone/nitromethane(1:1), under O₂. ^{*b*} Isolated yield.

Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications This journal is $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$ The Royal Society of Chemistry 2009



	Ph		Γ Ρ	h \\
		cat. 10 mol%	_	
	ОН	solvent, O ₂ balloon		ОН
	1a	2a		
Entry	Solvent	T(°C)	time(h)	yield $(\%)^b$
1	CH ₃ OH	RT	24	NR
2	CH ₃ NO ₂	RT	16	22
3	DCM	RT	72	16
4	CH ₃ CN	RT	8	NR
5	DMA	RT	8	NR
6	Toluene	RT	24	trace
7	H_2O	RT	8	NR
8	THF	RT	8	NR
9	DMF	RT	24	NR
10	Dioxane	RT	24	NR
11	CHCl ₃	RT	24	trace
12 ^c	2:1	RT	24	43
13 ^c	3:1	RT	48	32
14 ^c	10:1	RT	48	30
15 ^c	4:1	RT	48	30
16	Acetone	RT	23	40
17	Acetone	reflux	40	6
18^{c}	1:1	50	40	10

^{*a*} **1a** (37.2 mmg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂, 10 mol%, 2 mL solvent, under O₂. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} Ratio of acetone/nitromethane.

Experimental section

General Remarks.

All manipulations were conducted with a standard Schlenk technique under oxygen atmosphere. ¹H-NMR spectra were recorded on a JEOL AL-300 or Bruker AVIII-400 spectrometers. Chemical shifts (in ppm) were referenced to tetramethylsilane ($\delta = 0$ ppm) in CDCl₃ as an internal standard. ¹³C-NMR spectra were obtained by using the same NMR spectrometers and were calibrated with CDCl₃ ($\delta = 77.00$ ppm). Mass spectra were recorded using a PE SCLEX QSTAR spectrometer. Unless otherwise noted, materials obtained from commercial suppliers were used without further purification. Iron (II) chloride (anhydrous, 99.99 %) were purchased from Sream. Some spectra of *cis*-isomers were not obtained due to the less separated amount of *cis*-products.

Substrates 1 are synthesized according to literature procducer¹

General producer for 1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (1a):

To a solution of 1-cyclopropyl-2-phenylethyne (1.85 g, 13 mmol) in dry THF (100 mL) was added dropwise *n*-BuLi (2.5 M, 15 mmol) in hexane at 0 °C, The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt before acetaldehyde was added. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by addition of 50 mL of water. The mixture was neutralized with 1 N HCl and extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄. After filtration and evaporation, the crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford 1.5 g (Yield 63%.) of **1a**.



1)

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (1a): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.43-7.38$ (m, 2 H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 3 H), 3.20 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.90 (brs, 1 H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.10-0.98 (m, 2 H), 0.94-0.89 (m, 1 H), 0.78-0.73 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.7$, 128.2, 127.7, 123.5, 91.0, 79.3, 73.2, 21.1, 19.9, 14.3, 13.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 186.2 (6) [M⁺], 144.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3419, 2958, 2927, 2866, 2206, 1716, 1598, 1491, 1446, 756.4, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₅O (M + H)⁺: 187.11174, found 187.11143.



2)

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) propanol (1b): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.40-7.37 (m, 2 H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 3 H), 2.8 (q, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.80-1.72 (m, 2 H), 1.69 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.08-0.90 (m, 5 H), 0.91-0.78 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.7, 128.1, 127.7, 123.5, 91.1, 79.1, 78.9, 28.9, 18.8, 13.9, 13.7, 10.5 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 200.2 (8) [M⁺], 127.9 (100); IR (neat): v = 3423, 2964, 2932, 2876, 2361, 2225, 1715, 1598, 1491, 1460, 975, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆ONa (M + Na)⁺: 223.10934, found 223.10859.



3)

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) butanol (1c): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.47-7.32$ (m, 2 H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.91 (m, 1 H), 1.81-1.74 (m, 3 H), 1.60-1.35 (m, 2 H), 1.10-1.02 (m, 2 H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 0.91-0.84 (m, 1 H), 0.83-0.73 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.7$, 128.1, 127.7, 123.5, 91.1, 79.1, 77.2, 38.0, 19.2, 19.1, 14.1, 13.9, 13.8 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 214.2 (2) [M⁺], 71.0 (100); IR (neat): v = 3406, 2959, 2932, 2872, 2224, 1717, 1491, 1460, 1030, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 237.12499, found 237.12452.



4)

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl)-2-methyl propanol (1d): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.41-7.36 (m, 2 H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 3 H), 2.48 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.20-2.03 (m, 1 H), 1.79 (brs, 1 H), 1.16-1.13 (m, 1 H), 1.08-1.00 (m, 7 H), 0.96-0.82 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.7, 128.1, 127.6, 123.6, 91.3, 83.2, 78.8, 34.1, 19.5, 19.3, 18.0, 15.6, 13.4 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 214.2 (2) [M⁺], 105.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3447, 2960, 2938, 2874, 2224, 1718, 1599, 1271, 1037, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 237.12499, found 237.1248.



5)

1-Cyclohexyl-(1-(phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) methanol (1e): solid, mp 42~44 °C (*n*-hexane/ethyl aceate); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.43-7.35$ (m, 2 H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 3 H), 2.55-2.47 (m, 1 H), 2.18-1.98 (m, 2 H), 1.90-1.56 (m, 6 H), 1.19-1.06 (m, 2 H), 1.04-0.98 (m, 1 H), 0.94-0.73 (m, 5 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.7$, 128.1, 127.6, 123.6, 91.3, 82.3, 78.3, 43.6, 29.7, 29.6, 26.5, 26.2, 25.9, 17.8, 15.5, 13.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 254.3 (2) [M⁺], 43.1 (100) ; IR (neat): v = 3401, 2927, 2953, 2853, 2225, 2007, 1710, 1449, 1032, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₂₂ONa (M + Na)⁺: 277.15629, found 277.15683.



6)

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl)-2,2-dimethyl propanol (1f): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.43-7.36 (m, 2 H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 3 H), 2.99 (m, 1 H), 1.92-1.1.62 (m, 2 H), 1.61-1.49 (m, 1 H), 1.09-1.00 (m, 2 H), 0.98-0.75 (m, 9 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.7, 128.1, 127.7, 123.5, 91.2, 79.2, 75.4, 44.8, 24.4, 23.5, 22.0, 19.5, 14.2, 13.7 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 228.1 (1) [M⁺], 158 (100); IR (neat): v = 3395, 2956, 2928, 2870, 2222, 1708, 1598, 1491, 1466, 1071, 1030, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₆H₂₁ONa (M + Na)⁺: 251.14064, found 251.14152.

7)

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl)-3-phenyl propanol (1g): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.42-7.29 \text{ (m, 2 H)}, 7.29-7.14 \text{ (m, 8 H)}, 2.99-2.68 \text{ (m, 3 H)}, 2.17-2.00 \text{ (m, 2 H)}, 1.78 \text{ (d, } J = 4.2 \text{ Hz, 1 H)}, 1.10-1.00 \text{ (m, 2 H)}, 0.90-0.83 \text{ (m, 1 H)}, 0.80-0.71 \text{ (m, 1 H)} {}^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 141.9$, 131.7, 128.4, 128.1, 127.7, 125.8, 123.4, 91.0, 79.3, 76.6, 37.3, 32.1, 19.1, 14.0, 13.8 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 276.2 (6) [M⁺] 91.1 (100), IR (neat): v = 3416, 3060, 3026, 2931, 2862, 2223, 1708, 1600, 1493, 1450, 1077, 1047, 952, 754, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₀H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 299.14064, found 299.14114.



1-Benzyl-1-(1-(phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) methanol (1h): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.49-7.40 \text{ (m, 2 H)}, 7.35-7.18 \text{ (m, 8 H)}, 3.24-3.15 \text{ (m, 2 H)}, 3.09-2.98 \text{ (m, 1 H)}, 1.84 \text{ (brs, 1 H)}, 1.10-0.80 \text{ (m, 3 H)}, 0.66-0.57 \text{ (m, 1 H)}; ^{13}C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): <math>\delta = 138.3, 131.8, 129.5, 128.4, 128.2, 127.8, 126.4, 123.5, 91.2, 78.2, 77.2, 42.3, 18.5, 13.9, 13.7 \text{ ppm}; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 262.2 (10) [M⁺], 127.9 (100); IR (neat): <math>v = 3448, 3060, 3028, 2924, 2856, 2220, 1952, 1725, 1600, 1493, 1449, 1267, 1077, 1032, 754, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 285.12499, found 285.12459.$



1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) cyclohexanol (1i): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.42-7.30 (m, 2 H), 7.29-7.23 (m, 3 H), 1.90-1.76 (m, 2 H), 1.75-1.38 (m, 9 H), 1.05-0.95 (m, 2 H), 0.90-0.80 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.6, 128.1, 127.5, 123.8, 94.1, 77.9, 70.9, 37.5, 34.9, 25.7, 22.9, 22.7, 21.7, 11.1, 8.1 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 240 (1) [M⁺], 105 (100) ; IR (neat): v = 3456, 2934, 2856, 2221, 2010, 1598, 1491, 1445, 1145, 1060, 975, 930, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 263.14064, found 263.1406.



10) (1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) methanol (1j): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.50-7.33$ (m, 2 H), 7.32-7.24 (m, 3 H), 3.57 (s, 2 H), 1.92 (brs, 1 H), 1.07-1.03 (m, 2 H), 0.92-0.82 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.7$, 128.2, 127.8, 123.3, 92.2, 78.2, 68.8, 15.6, 13.6 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 172.2 (12) [M⁺], 144.2 (100) ; IR (neat): v = 3424, 3083, 3061, 3025, 2930, 2862, 2223, 1709, 1493 1453, 1077, 1045, 1033, 755, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₃O (M + H)⁺: 173.09609, found 173.09665.

11)

1-(1-(*o***-Tolylethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (1k)**: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.36$ (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.18-7.00 (m, 3 H), 3.21 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.42 (s, 3 H), 1.83 (brs, 1 H), 1.43 (d, J = 6.3

Hz , 3 H), 1.10-0.94 (m, 2 H), 0.93-0.85 (m, 1 H), 0.84-0.70 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta =$ 140.1, 131.8, 129.3, 127.7, 125.4, 123.2, 95.04, 78.2, 73.2, 21.2, 20.8, 20.1, 14.5, 13.4 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 200.2 (53) [M⁺], 115.1 (100) IR (neat): v = 3345, 2959, 2866, 2220, 1740, 1720, 1486, 1454, 1377, 1161, 1090, 757, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆ONa (M + Na)⁺: 223.10934, found 223.10912.



12)

1-(1-(*m***-Tolylethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (12)**: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.27-7.04$ (m, 4 H), 3.25-3.11 (m, 1 H), 2.31 (s, 3 H), 1.79 (d, J = 4.2 Hz , 1 H), 1.42 (d, J = 6.3 Hz , 3 H), 1.12-0.97 (m, 2 H), 0.96-0.83 (m, 1 H), 0.80-0.71 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 137.8$, 132.3, 128.7, 128.6, 128.0, 123.2, 90.6, 79.4, 73.2, 21.1, 19.9, 14.2, 13.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 200.1 (45), [M⁺], 141.1 (100). IR (neat): v = 3396, 2974, 2926, 2221, 2008, 1720, 1602, 1485, 1449, 1375, 1106, 784, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆ONa (M + Na)⁺: 223.10934, found 223.10933.



13)

1-(1-(*p***-Tolylethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (1m)**: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.29$ (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.18 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.32 (s, 3 H), 1.93 (brs, 1 H), 1.41 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 1.09-0.95 (m, 2 H), 0.94-0.85 (m, 1 H), 0.79-0.70 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 137.7$, 131.6, 128.9, 120.3, 90.0, 79.4, 73.3, 21.4, 21.1, 19.9, 14.3, 13.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 200.2 (5) [M⁺], 141.1 (100). IR (neat): v = 3386, 2972, 2925, 2870, 2221, 1904, 1510, 1450, 1375, 1023, 955, 925, 880, 817, 524 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆ONa (M + Na)⁺: 223.10934, found 223.10905.



14)

1-(1-((4-Methoxyphenyl)ethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (1n): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.34$ (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.80 (s, 3 H), 3.18 (q, J = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.84 (brs, 1 H), 1.41 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 1.05-0.95 (m, 2 H), 0.93-0.84 (m, 1 H), 0.80-0.70 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 159.2$, 133.1, 115.6, 113.8, 89.2, 79.1, 73.3, 55.2, 21.1, 18.9, 14.3, 13.1 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 216.0 (43) [M⁺], 43.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3407, 2971, 2932, 2838, 2221, 2006, 1719, 1606, 1510 1287, 1247, 1173, 1032, 925, 833, 749 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₇O₂ (M + H)⁺: 217.12231, found 217.12219.



1-(1-(4-Phenyl-phenyl-ethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (10): solid, mp 52~54 °C, ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.63-7.27$ (m, 9 H), 3.28-3.15 (m, 1 H), 1.81 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.44 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.15-0.98 (m, 2 H), 0.97-0.94 (m, 1 H), 0.83-0.72 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 140.40$, 140.35, 132.1, 128.8, 127.5, 126.9, 126.8, 122.4, 91.7, 79.2, 73.2, 21.2, 20.0, 14.3, 13.3 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 262.1 (100) [M⁺]; IR (neat): v = 3351, 2969, 2926, 2881, 2218, 1487, 1447, 1103, 1088, 924, 841, 762, 721, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 285.12499, found 285.12458.

(CH₂)₃Ph OH 1p

16)

1-(1-(5'-Phenylpent-1-ynyl)cyclopropyl) butanol² (**1p**): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.34$ -7.25 (m, 2 H), 7.23-7.14 (m, 3 H), 2.80 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 2.70 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.17 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 1.89-1.60 (m, 5 H), 1.58-1.30 (m, 2 H), 0.99-0.80 (m, 5 H), 0.78-0.70 (m, 1 H), 0.69-0.60 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 141.7$, 128.4, 128.3, 125.8, 81.6, 78.7, 77.2, 37.9, 34.8, 30.6, 19.1, 18.6, 18.2, 14.1, 13.5, 13.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 256.3 (4) [M⁺], 60.1 (100) ; IR (neat): v = 3462, 3024, 2974, 2932, 2866, 2237, 1738, 1686, 1453, 1376, 1243, 1111, 964, 748, 701 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₂₄ONa (M + Na)⁺: 279.17194, found 279.1721.



1-(1-(Oct-1-ynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol² (**1q**): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 3.15$ -2.96 (m, 1 H), 2.16 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 1.47 (q, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 1.42-1.20 (m, 10 H), 1.01-0.81 (m, 5 H), 0.80-0.70 (m, 1 H), 0.66-0.54 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 80.7$, 79.7, 73.4, 31.3, 29.0, 28.5, 22.5, 21.0, 19.4, 18.8, 14.0, 13.9, 12.6 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 194.3 (1) [M⁺], 115.1 (100) ; IR (neat): v = 3376, 2959, 2928, 2859, 2237, 2019, 1723, 1459, 1374, 1096, 1052 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₂₃O (M + H)⁺: 195.17434, found 195.17418.



18)

1-Phenyl-(1-(phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) methanol (1r): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.52$ (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 7.50-7.02 (m, 8 H), 4.32 (s, 1 H), 2.33 (brs, 1 H), 1.20-0.95 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 141.6$, 131.6, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 126.7, 123.4, 91.4, 79.6, 78.2, 19.9, 14.5, 13.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 248.2 (8) [M⁺], 91.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3451, 3026, 2958, 2926, 2861, 2237, 1693, 1493, 1450, 1360, 1134, 747, 697 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₆O (M + H)⁺: 271.10934, found 271.1091.

General producer for 2-Methyl-1-(phenylethynyl) cyclobutanol (2a):

1-(1-(Phenylethynyl)cyclopropyl) ethanol (1a) (0.2 mmol, 37.2 mg) was added to the a mixture of FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1. The mixture was stirred at RT for 48 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/ether = 5:1) to afford 25 mg (78 %, based on the conversion, *trans/cis* = 9:1) of **2a**; liquid; and 4.3 mg (12%) of **1a** was recovered.



19)

Trans-2-methyl-1-(phenylethynyl) cyclobutanol (*trans*-2a): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.50-7.38$ (m, 2 H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.58-2.38 (m, 2 H), 2.28 (brs, 1 H), 2.16 (q, J = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.99-1.85 (m, 1 H), 1.44-1.24 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 1.99-1.85$ (m, 1 H), 1.44-1.24 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 1.99-1.85$ (m, 1 H), 1.44-1.24 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 1.99-1.85$ (m, 1 H), 1.44-1.24 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 1.99-1.85$ (m, 1 H), 1.44-1.24 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 1.99-1.85$ (m, 1 H), 1.19 (m,

131.7, 128.2, 122.7, 89.8, 86.3, 72.6, 44.0, 36.0, 20.6, 16.1 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%):186.3 (5) [M⁺], 144.2 (100); IR (neat): v = 3396, 2958, 2867, 2224, 1630, 1598, 1090, 756, 691 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₅O (M + H)⁺: 187.11174, found 187.11143.



20)

Cis-2-methyl-1-(phenylethynyl) cyclobutanol (*cis*-2a): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.52$ -7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.82-2.68 (1, 2 H), 2.54-2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.34-2.19 (m, 1 H), 2.16-1.91 (m, 1 H), 1.70-1.51 (m, 1 H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.6$, 128.2, 122.8, 92.8, 83.4, 69.4, 42.3, 35.3, 22.7, 13.9 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%):186.3 (2) [M⁺], 144.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3335, 2958, 2923, 2866, 2222, 1601, 1485, 1451, 1090, 756, 691 cm⁻¹.



Trans-2b

21)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl) -2-ethyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2b): The reaction of 1b (40 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 24 mg (88 %, based on the conversion, *trans/cis* = 6:1) of 2b, and 12.8 mg (32 %) of 1b was recovered. *Trans*-2b: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.49-7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.38-7.24 (m, 3 H), 2.69 (brs, 1 H), 2.44-2.22 (m, 2 H), 2.18-1.97 (m, 1 H), 1.96-1.84 (m, 1 H), 1.80-1.63 (m, 1 H), 1.62-1.44 (m, 1 H), 1.42-1.26 (m, 1 H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.7, 128.3, 122.8, 89.9, 86.0, 72.1, 51.0, 35.8, 25.0, 19.0, 11.4 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 200.0 (10) [M⁺], 127.7 (100); IR (neat): v = 3410, 2965, 2931, 2876, 2224, 1491 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆ONa (M + Na)⁺: 223.10934, found 223.10874.



22)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl)-2-propyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2c): The reaction of 1c (42.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 24.5 mg (57 %, *trans/cis* = 4:1) of 2c. *Trans*-2c liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.39 (m, 2 H), 7.33-7.31 (m, 3 H), 2.50-2.30 (m, 3 H), 2.12 (q, J = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 1.90-1.80 (m, 1 H), 1.76-1.64, (m, 1 H), 1.55-1.26

(m, 4 H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.7$, 128.3, 122.8, 90.0, 86.0, 72.2, 49.1, 35.9, 34.1, 20.2, 19.2, 14.3 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 213.9 (4) [M⁺], 127.9 (100); IR (neat): v = 3339, 2956, 2927, 2868, 2228, 1714, 1598, 1491, 1460, 1107, 975, 756, 692 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 237.12499, found 237.12461. *Cis*-2c liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): $\delta = 7.50-7.39$ (m, 2 H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 3 H), 2.72-2.60 (m, 1 H), 2.50-2.39 (m, 1 H), 2.25-2.15 (m, 1 H), 2.06-1.91 (m, 1 H), 1.78-1.64 (m, 2 H), 1.50-1.30 (m, 3 H), 1.00-0.90 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.7$, 131.6, 128.2, 122.8, 92.8, 83.6, 69.6, 47.3, 35.3, 31.1, 21.9, 20.1, 14.2 ppm;



Trans-2d

23)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl)-2-isopropyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2d): The reaction of 1d (85.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.04 mmol, 5.1 mg, 10 mol%) and 4 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 42.0 mg (49 %, *trans/cis* = 2:1) of 2d. *Trans*-2d: solid, mp 56~58 °C (*n*-hexane/ethyl aceate); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.39-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.40-2.20 (m, 2 H), 2.19-1.80 (m, 4 H), 1.47-1.25 (m, 1 H), 1.03 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 0.84 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.7, 128.2, 122.8, 90.1, 85.5, 71.7, 56.9, 35.4, 31.3, 20.3, 19.5, 18.2 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 213.9 (2) [M⁺], 144.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3333, 2958, 2866, 2224, 1491, 1090, 756, 691 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₄₅H₅₄O₃Na (3M + Na)⁺: 362.24081, found 362.24226. *Cis*-2d: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.39 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.45-2.30 (m, 1 H), 2.30-2.20 (m, 1 H), 2.18-1.98 (m, 1 H), 1.95-1.75 (m, 4 H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 0.83 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.5, 128.22, 128.16, 122.9, 92.8, 83.9, 69.7, 54.4, 34.4, 28.1, 21.9, 20.6, 19.1 ppm.





24)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl)-2-cyclohexyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2e): The reaction of 1e (102 mg, 0.4 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.04 mmol, 5.1 mg, 10 mol%) and 4 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 38 mg (38 %, *trans/cis* = 4:1) of 2e. *Trans*-2e: solid, mp 96~98 °C (*n*-hexane/ethyl aceate); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.52-7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.38-7.25 (m, 3 H), 2.33 (q, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 2 H), 2.20-1.98 (m, 3 H), 1.85-1.50 (m, 6 H), 1.48-1.10 (m, 3 H), 1.05-0.75 (m, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.8, 128.3,

122.9, 90.2, 85.6, 71.8, 55.2, 40.9, 35.5, 31.1, 29.7, 26.6, 26.0, 25.9, 17.7 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 254.3 (5) [M⁺], 184.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3417, 2968, 2926, 2855, 2219, 2156, 1715, 1451, 1375, 1089, 1028, 928, 808 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₂₂ONa (M + Na)⁺: 277.15629, found 277.15683. *Cis*-2e: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.50-7.36$ (m, 2 H), 7.34-7.24 (m, 3 H), 2.50-2.20 (m, 2 H), 2.15-1.98 (m, 1 H), 1.96-1.80 (m, 4 H), 1.73-1.50 (m, 6 H), 1.10-0.77 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 131.5$, 128.2, 128.1, 122.9, 92.8, 83.9, 69.8, 52.6, 37.5, 34.7, 31.3, 29.2, 26.6, 26.0, 25.6, 21.5 ppm.



Trans-2f

25)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl)-2-tert-butyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2f): The reaction of 1f (45.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 6.5 mg (14 %, *trans/cis* >99:1) of 2f, *Trans*-2f: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.38 (m, 2 H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.80-2.67 (m, 1 H), 2.54-2.38 (m, 1 H), 2.30-2.13 (m, 1 H), 2.10-1.94 (m, 1 H), 1.87-1.26 (m, 2 H), 1.10-0.80 (m, 9 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.6, 128.2, 122.8, 92.7, 83.7, 69.9, 45.6, 38.0, 35.2, 26.0, 23.0, 22.9, 22.5 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 228.1 (1) [M⁺], 142.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3418, 3027, 2940, 2222, 1718, 1452, 1079, 756, 697 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₆H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 277.15629, found 277.15509.

Ph
$$OH$$
 $(CH_2)_2$ Ph $Trans-2g$

26)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl)-2-phenethyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2g): The reaction of 1g (55.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 30.0 mg (54 %, *trans/cis* = 2:1) of 2g. *Trans*-2g liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.52-7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.39-7.10 (m, 8 H), 2.80-2.55 (m, 2 H), 2.52-2.34 (m, 2 H), 2.27 (brs, 1 H), 2.21-1.96 (m, 2 H), 1.95-1.73 (m, 2 H), 1.47-1.30 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 142.4, 131.7, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 125.7, 122.7, 89.8, 86.2, 72.1, 48.7, 35.9, 33.8, 33.4, 19.1 ppm (one carbon missing as a result of overlap); MS (70 eV): m/z (%): [M⁺], 276.0 (1), 43.2 (100); IR (neat): v = 3416, 3082, 3060, 3027, 2923, 2220, 1720, 1599, 1493, 1071, 1033, 755, 697 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₂₀H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 299.14064, found 299.14151. *Cis*-2g liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.56-7.37 (m, 2 H), 7.35-7.10 (m, 8 H), 2.72-2.53 (m, 3 H), 2.52-2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.28-2.16 (m, 1 H), 2.12-1.90 (m, 3 H), 1.85-1.65 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 142.3, 131.6, 128.5, 128.3, 125.7, 122.7, 92.7, 83.8, 69.4, 46.7, 35.3, 33.1, 30.9, 21.7 (two carbons missing as a result of overlap) ppm;



27)

Trans-1-(phenylethynyl)-2-benzyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2h): The reaction of 1h (52.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 26 mg (50 %, *trans/cis* = 4:1) of 2h, *Trans*-2h: liquid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.51-7.10 (m, 10 H), 3.09-2.95 (m, 2 H), 2.89-2.70 (m, 1 H), 2.60-2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.33-2.25 (m, 1 H), 2.17 (s, 1 H), 2.03-1.80 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 140.0, 131.7, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7, 126.7, 122.4, 89.6, 77.2, 74.0, 54.6, 35.5, 29.7, 17.1 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 262.2 (28), [M⁺], 142.2 (100); IR (neat): v = 3363, 3092, 3010, 2975, 2219, 1715, 1449, 1370, 1070, 1029, 929, 807, cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 285.12499, found 285.12459.



28)

1-(Phenylethynyl)- spiro[3.5]nonan-1-ol (2i): The reaction of **1i** (48 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 9.6 mg (20 %) of **2i** and 14 mg (31%) of **3i. 2i:** liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.40 (m, 2 H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 3 H), 2.49-2.30 (m, 1 H), 2.28-2.13 (m, 1 H), 2.07 (brs, 1 H), 1.85-1.10 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 131.6, 128.2, 122.9, 90.8, 85.9, 73.2,, 48.2, 35.4, 33.6, 30.9, 26.0, 25.7, 22.9, 22.5 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 241.2 (4) [M⁺ + 1], 158.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3448, 3060, 3028, 2931, 2858, 2223, 1720, 1493, 756, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₀ONa (M + Na)⁺: 263.14064, found 263.14016.



29)

3-Cyclohexylidene-5-phenylpent-4-yn-1-ol (3i): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.38 (m, 2 H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 3 H), 3.84 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2 H), 2.55 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 4 H), 2.32 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2 H), 1.80-1.50 (m, 7 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 151.0, 131.2, 128.2, 127.7, 123.8, 110.0, 92.0,

89.6, 61.7, 34.7, 34.2 30.4, 28.1, 28.0, 26.5 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 241.3 (3) [M⁺+2], 144.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3426, 3064, 2973, 2928, 2219, 1734, 1376, 1108, 1024, 757 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₂₁O (M + H)⁺: 241.15869, found 241.15897.





30)

Trans-1-(*o*-tolylethynyl)-2-methyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2k): The reaction of 1k (80 mg, 0.4 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.04 mmol, 5.0 mg, 10 mol%) and 4 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 49.4 mg (62 %, *trans/cis* = 3:1) of 2k. *Trans*-2k: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.25-7.05 (m, 3 H), 2.57-2.34 (m, 2 H), 2.45 (s, 3 H), 2.18 (q, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 1.98-1.85 (m, 1 H), 1.45-1.26 (m, 2 H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 140.1, 132.1, 129.4, 128.3, 125.5, 122.5, 93.8, 85.1, 72.8, 44.0, 36.3, 20.8, 20.7, 16.3 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 199.2 (2) [M⁺-1], 115.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3357, 2959, 2866, 2221, 1740, 1720, 1486, 1454, 1377, 1090, 757, 716 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆ONa (M + Na)⁺: 223.10934, found 223.10914. *Cis*-2k: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.26-7.10 (m, 3 H), 2.76 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 2.60-2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.43 (s, 3 H), 2.38-2.20 (m, 1 H), 2.14-1.90 (m, 2 H), 1.72-1.51 (m, 1 H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 140.1, 131.8, 129.4, 128.2, 125.5, 122.5, 96.9, 82.3, 69.4, 42.6, 35.6, 22.7, 20.6, 13.9 ppm;



Trans-2l

31)

Trans-1-(*m*-tolylethynyl)-2-methyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2l): The reaction of 1l (40 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 21.2 mg (53 %, *trans/cis* = 3:1) of **2l.** *Trans*-2l: liquid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.35-7.10 (m, 4 H), 2.56-2.25 (m, 3 H), 2.33 (s, 3 H), 2.16 (q, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.98-1.83 (m, 1 H), 1.45-1.26 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, *J*=6.61 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 138.0, 132.300, 129.2, 128.8, 128.2, 122.5, 89.4, 86.5, 72.6, 44.0, 36.0, 21.2, 20.6, 16.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 199.9 (18) [M⁺], 127.9 (100); IR (neat): v = 3412, 2961, 2928, 2866, 2220, 1687, 1601, 1485, 1453, 1376, 1094, 785, 691 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₇O (M + H)⁺: 201.12739, found 201.12669. *Cis*-2l: liquid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.00 (m, 4 H), 2.74 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.54-2.35 (m, 1 H), 2.34-2.19 (m, 1 H), 2.32 (s, 3 H), 2.16-1.90

(m, 1 H), 1.70-1.51 (m, 1 H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 137.9$, 132.2, 129.1, 128.7, 128.1, 122.6, 92.4, 83.6, 69.4, 42.4, 35.4, 22.7, 21.2, 13.9 ppm;



Trans-2m

32)

Trans-1-(*p*-tolylethynyl)-2-methyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2m): The reaction of 1m (40 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 24.1 mg (60 %, *trans/cis* = 3:1) of 2m. *Trans*-2m: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.35 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.55-2.25 (m, 3 H), 2.35 (s, 3 H), 2.15 (q, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.97-1.82 (m, 1 H), 1.45-1.26 (m, 1 H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 138.4, 131.6, 129.0, 119.7, 89.0, 86.4, 72.6, 44.0, 36.1, 21.4, 20.6, 16.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 200.0 (5) [M⁺], 141.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3436, 2956, 2926, 2870, 2202,1763, 1717, 1492, 1449, 1103, 756, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₇OH (M + H)⁺: 201.12739, found 201.12741. *Cis*-2m: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.74 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.50-2.37 (m, 1 H), 2.40 (s, 3 H), 2.34-2.18 (m, 1 H), 2.15-1.91 (m, 2 H), 1.70-1.51 (m, 1 H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 138.3, 131.5, 129.0, 119.7, 92.0, 83.5, 69.4, 42.3, 35.4, 22.7, 21.4, 13.9 ppm;



33)

1-((4-Methoxyphenyl)ethynyl)-2-methyl cyclobutanol (2n): liquid; The reaction of **1n** (40 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 27 mg (63 %, *trans/cis* = 5:1) of **2n**. *Trans-***2n**: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.82 (s, 3 H), 2.56-2.34 (m, 2 H), 2.29 (brs, 1 H), 1.96-1.85 (m, 2 H), 1.49-1.26 (m, 1 H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 159.6, 133.2, 114.1, 113.9, 88.3, 86.2, 72.7, 55.3, 44.0, 36.1, 20.6, 16.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 216.2 (5) [M⁺], 127.8 (100); IR (neat): v = 3378, 2958, 2931, 2869, 2221, 1719, 1508, 1457, 1377, 1091, 835 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₆O₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 239.10425, found 239.10432; *Cis-***2n**: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.79 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2 H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2 H), 3.87 (s, 3 H), 2.37 (brs, 1 H), 2.15 (q, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.96-1.85 (m, 1 H), 1.49-1.26 (m, 3 H), 1.60 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H).



34)

Trans-1-(4-phenyl-phenyl-ethynyl)-2-methyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2o): The reaction of 1o (52.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 33.5 mg (64 %, *trans/cis* = 4:1) of 2o. *Trans*-2o: solid, mp 102~104 °C (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.65-7.26 (m, 9 H), 2.55-2.35 (m, 2 H), 2.31 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.80 (q, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.00-1.85 (m, 1 H), 1.45-1.30 (m, 1 H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 141.1, 140.3, 132.2, 128.8, 127.6, 127.0, 121.6, 90.4, 86.2, 72.7, 44.0, 36.1, 20.7, 16.2 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 262.2 (8) [M⁺], 220.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3400, 2960, 2925, 2865, 2202, 1486, 1109, 842, 767, 695 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₈ONa (M + Na)⁺: 285.12499, found 285.12485. *Cis*-2o: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.70-7.28 (m, 9 H), 2.77 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.60-2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.35-2.20 (m, 1 H), 2.15-1.95 (m, 1 H), 2.00 (brs, 1 H), 1.70-1.60 (m, 1 H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 141.1, 140.3, 132.1, 128.8, 127.6, 127.0, 121.7, 104.2, 90.4, 86.2, 72.7, 44.0, 36.1, 20.7, 16.2 ppm;



Trans-2p

35)

Trans-1-(5'-phenylpent-1-ynyl)-2-propyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2p): The reaction of 1p (51.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 29 mg (75 %, based on the conversion, *trans/cis* = 4:1) of 2p, and 13 mg (25 %) of 1p was recovered. *Trans*-2p: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.40-7.25 (m, 2 H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 3 H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.46-2.15 (m, 3 H), 2.12 (s, 1 H), 2.04 (q, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 1.97-1.75 (m, 3 H), 1.68-1.59 (m, 2 H), 1.52-1.20 (m, 4 H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 141.6, 128.5, 128.3, 125.9, 86.1, 81.5, 72.0, 48.9, 36.1, 34.8, 34.1, 30.4, 20.2, 19.2, 18.2, 14.3 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 258.3 (3) [M⁺ + 2], 144.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3356, 2975, 2927, 2219, 1715, 1367, 1073, 1030, 929, 885, 807 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₂₅O (M + H)⁺: 257.18999, found 257.19039.



36)

Trans-1-(oct-1-ynyl)-2-methyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2q): The reaction of 1q (38.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 21 mg (54 %, *trans/cis* = 4:1) of 2q. *Trans*-2q: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 2.45-2.30 (m, 1 H), 2.36 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 2.11 (s, 1 H), 2.04 (q, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1 H), 1.90-1.75 (m, 1 H), 1.52 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.47-1.15 (m, 7

H), 1.09 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 87.0, 80.7, 72.4, 43.8, 36.2, 31.3, 28.8, 28.5, 22.6, 20.6, 18.7, 16.0, 14.0 ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 194.2 (5) [M⁺], 177.1 (100); IR (neat): <math>v = 3443, 2958, 2930, 2860, 2225, 1725, 1458, 1378, 1260, 1100 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₂₃O (M + H)⁺: 195.17434, found 195.17426.



37)

Trans-1-(Phenylethynyl)-2-phenyl cyclobutanol (*trans*-2r): The reaction of 1r (49.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), FeCl₂ (0.02 mmol, 2.5 mg, 10 mol%) and 2 mL acetone/nitromethane = 1/1 afforded 2.3 mg (5%, *trans/cis* > 99:1) of 2r and 43.8 mg (86%) of 3r. *Trans*-2r: liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.50-7.26 (m, 5 H), 7.25-7.01 (m, 5 H), 3.72 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.05-2.44 (m, 2 H), 2.35 (q, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1 H), 2.18-2.00 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 141.6, 131.6, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 126.7, 123.4, 91.4, 79.6, 78.2, 19.9, 14.5, 13.3 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 248.1 (51) [M⁺], 91.2 (100); IR (neat): v = 3408, 3079, 3059, 2973, 2927, 2875, 2225, 1949, 1721, 1601, 1495, 1446, 1122, 1080, 761, 702 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇O (M + H)⁺: 249.12739, found 249.12704.



38)

(*E*)-3-Benzylidene-3-phenylethynyl propanol (3r): liquid; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): $\delta = 7.80$ (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 7.43-7.52 (m, 2 H), 7.40-7.24 (m, 6 H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 3.97 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2 H), 1.67 (s, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): $\delta = 136.8$, 136.3, 131.5, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 123.1, 118.1, 96.3, 88.8, 61.3, 42.5 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 248.1 (54) [M⁺], 215.1 (100); IR (neat): v = 3359, 3060, 2953, 2197, 1698, 1598, 1490, 1049, 1027, 755, 691 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₈H₁₇O (M + H)⁺: 249.12739, found 249.12704.



39)

2-(diphenylmethylene)-5-methylcyclopentanone (4) was synthesized according to literature procedure³

DMF (5 mL), Pd(OAc)₂ (11 mg, 0.05 mmol), PPh₃ (26 mg, 0.1 mmol), iodobenzene (204 mg, 1.0 mmol), *i*-Pr₂NEt (130 mg, 1.0 mmol), *n*-Bu₄NCl (277 mg, 1.0 mmol), and **1a** (93 mg, 0.5 mmol) were placed in a standard Schlenk tube under N₂ atmosphere. The Schlenk tube was flushed with N₂ and heated in an oil bath at 80 °C for 12 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC to establish completion. The reaction mixture was cooled, diluted with 30 mL of diethyl ether, washed with 40 mL of saturated NaCl, dried (Na₂SO₄), and filtered. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the product was isolated by chromatography on a sillica gel column to afford 44 mg (67%) 2-(diphenylmethylene)-5methylcyclopentanone (4): solid, mp 84~86 °C (*n*-hexane/ethyl acetate); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz): δ = 7.45-7.27 (m, 6 H), 7.26-7.16 (m, 2 H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 2 H), 2.80-2.68 (m, 2 H), 2.41-2.13 (m, 2 H), 1.50-1.34 (m, 1 H), 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 75.4 MHz): δ = 208.1, 148.5, 141.8, 140.1, 133.8, 129.4, 129.2, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 45.0, 30.4, 19.2, 14.9 (one carbon missing as a result of overlap) ppm; MS (70 eV): m/z (%): 262.3 (64) [M⁺], 261.3 (100); IR (neat): v = 2960, 2925, 2868, 1710, 1592, 1443, 1190, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS m/z (ESI) calcd for C₁₉H₁₉O (M + H)⁺: 263.14304, found 263.14325.

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