Supporting Information

The First F-ring Modified Ciguatoxin Analogue Showing Significant Toxicity

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Experimental

All reactions sensitive to air or moisture were carried out under argon or nitrogen atmosphere in dry, freshly distilled solvents under anhydrous conditions, unless otherwise noted. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using E. Merck Silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated plates. Column chromatography was performed using 100-210 µm Silica Gel 60N (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.), and for flash column chromatography 40-50 µm Silica Gel 60N (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.) was used.

¹H- NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian INOVA 500 (500 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in δ (ppm) down field from tetramethylsilane with reference to solvent signals [¹H NMR: CHCl₃ (7.26), C₅HD₄N (7.56)]. Signal patterns are indicated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; m, multiplet; br, broad peak. MALDI-TOF MS spectra were measured on Applied Biosystems Voyager DE STR SI-3 instrument. High resolution mass spectra were measured on Themo Fisher Scientific Orbitrap Discovery (ESI LTO Orbitrap).



To a suspension of alcohol 6 (3.2 mg, 1.9 μ mol) and powdered 4Å MS in pyridine (500 μ L) Tosvlate. at room temperature was added TsCl (1.8 mg, 9.5 µmol). After being stirred for 5 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 5:1–3:1) gave the tosylate (3.0 mg, 1.7 μmol) in 87% yield: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85–7.14 (32H, m, NAPx4, Ts), 5.88 (1H, m, H2), 5.82 (1H, m, H23), 5.78 (1H, m, H3), 5.77 (1H, m, H13), 5.64 (1H, m, H18), 5.62 (1H, m, H14), 5.20 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.0, 5.5 Hz, H19), 5.11 (1H, m, H23'), 5.08 (1H, m, H23'), 5.06 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 5.00 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.96 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.82 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.78 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.75 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.62 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.58 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.32 (1H, dd, J = 16.0, 6.0 Hz, H1), 4.26 (1H, m, H51), 4.05 (1H, m, H26), 4.04 (1H, m, H1), 4.01 (1H, m), 4.01H25'), 3.97 (1H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, H52), 3.89 (1H, m, H41), 3.82 (1H, m, H12), 3.81 (1H, m, H52), 3.78 (1H, m, H15), 3.71 (1H, m, H20), 3.67 (1H, m, H29), 3.64 (1H, m, H45), 3.62 (1H, m, H25'), 3.54 (1H, m, H7), 3.53 (1H, m, H16), 3.42 (1H, m, H27), 3.41 (1H, m, H44), 3.39 (1H, m, H31), 3.38 (1H, m, H46), 3.33 (1H, m, H6), 3.31 (1H, m, H34), 3.29 (1H, m, H5), 3.22 (1H, m, H11), 3.14 (1H, m, H8), 3.13 (1H, m, H39), 3.12 (1H, m, H9), 3.09 (1H, m, H33), 3.00 (1H, m, H38), 2.91 (1H, m, H21), 2.88

(1H, dd, J = 9.5, 4.5 Hz, H42), 2.66 (1H, ddd, J = 16.0, 8.0, 4.0 Hz, H4), 2.58 (1H, m, H17), 2.43 (1H, m, H22), 2.43 (3H, s, Ts), 2.36 (1H, m, H4), 2.34 (1H, m, H10), 2.31 (1H, m, H40), 2.28 (1H, m, H43), 2.19 (1H, m, H17), 2.15 (1H, m, H50), 2.14 (1H, m, H50), 2.04 (1H, m, H22), 2.01 (1H, m, H32), 1.93 (1H, m, H47), 1.92 (1H, m, H35), 1.89 (1H, m, H37), 1.88 (1H, m, H36), 1.79 (1H, m, H28), 1.68 (1H, m, H28), 1.64 (1H, m, H37), 1.62 (1H, m, H25), 1.62 (1H, m, H25), 1.60 (1H, m, H32), 1.55 (1H, m, H35), 1.53 (1H, m, H10), 1.41 (1H, m, H40), 1.29 (1H, m, H48), 1.27 (3H, s, Me53), 1.11 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, Me55), 1.05 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me54), 1.03 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me56), 0.97 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, Me57); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd. for C₁₀₉H₁₂₄NaO₂₀S 1807.83 (M+Na⁺), found 1807.65.



Nitrile 7. To a solution of tosylate (3.0 mg, 1.7 µmol) in DMSO (500 µL) at room temperature was added NaCN (1.0 mg, 17 mmol). The stirred mixture was allowed to warm up to 45 °C. After being stirred for 12 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with EtOAc and aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 10:1–1:1) gave the nitrile **7** (2.8 mg, 1.7 µmol) in 99% yield: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85–7.14 (28H, m, NAPx4), 5.88 (1H, m, H2), 5.82 (1H, m, H23), 5.76 (1H, m, H3), 5.74 (1H, m, H13), 5.66 (1H, m, H18), 5.62 (1H, m, H14), 5.23 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.0, 5.0 Hz, H19), 5.12 (1H, m, H23'), 5.09 (1H, m, H23'), 5.06 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.96 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.82 (1H, d, *J* =

12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.78 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.75 (1H, d, J = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.62 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.58 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.33 (1H, dd, J = 15.5, 6.0 Hz, H1), 4.25 (1H, m, H51), 4.05 (1H, m, H26), 3.97 (1H, m, H1), 3.95 (1H, m, H52), 3.86 (1H, m, H41), 3.82 (1H, m, H12), 3.81 (1H, m, H52), 3.80 (1H, m, H15), 3.76 (1H, m, H20), 3.73 (1H, m, H29), 3.61 (1H, d, J = 9.0 Hz, H45), 3.54 (1H, m, H7), 3.53 (1H, m, H16), 3.43 (1H, m, H27), 3.41 (1H, m, H44), 3.40 (1H, m, H31), 3.39 (1H, m, H34), 3.38 (1H, m, H46), 3.29 (1H, m H5), 3.23 (1H, m, H6), 3.22 (1H, m, H11), 3.14 (1H, m, H39), 3.13 (1H, m, H9), 3.12 (1H, m, H8), 3.08 (1H, m, H33), 2.99 (1H, m, H38), 2.92 (1H, m, H42), 2.87 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 5.0 Hz, H21), 2.66 (1H, ddd, J = 16.0, 8.0, 4.0 Hz, H4), 2.60 (1H, m, H17), 2.44 (1H, m, H22), 2.43 (1H, m, H25'), 2.41 (1H, m, H4), 2.36 (1H, m, H10), 2.35 (1H, m, H25'), 2.30 (1H, m, H40), 2.29 (1H, m, H43), 2.17 (1H, m, H17), 2.15 (1H, m, H50), 2.14 (1H, m, H50), 2.03 (1H, m, H22), 2.02 (1H, m, H32), 1.92 (1H, m, H35), 1.89 (1H, m, H37), 1.88 (1H, m, H36), 1.72 (1H, m, H28), 1.64 (1H, m, H37), 1.62 (1H, m, H28), 1.60 (1H, m, H32), 1.55 (1H, m, H35), 1.54 (1H, m, H47), 1.53 (1H, m, H10), 1.49 (1H, m, H25), 1.47 (1H, m, H25), 1.41 (1H, m, H40), 1.29 (1H, m, H48), 1.27 (3H, s, Me53), 1.11 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, Me55), 1.05 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me54), 1.03 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me56), 0.97 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, Me57); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd. for C₁₀₃H₁₁₇NNaO₁₇ 1662.82 (M+Na⁺), found 1662.66.



Pentaene 9. To a solution of nitrile **7** (2.8 mg, 1.7 μ mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (500 μ L) at -50 °C was added DIBAL (0.98 M solution of in hexane, 17 μ L, 17 μ mol). After being stirred for 1.5 h at -50 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with EtOAc and 1N HCl. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and filtration through a pad of flash silica gel gave the aldehyde **8**, which was used in the next reaction without further purification.

To a suspension of Ph₃PCH₃Br (60.0 mg, 168 µmol) in THF (1.7 mL) at 0 °C was added *t*-BuOK (15.5 mg, 84.0 µmol). After 15 min, a solution of aldehyde **8** in THF (3.6 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. After being stirred for 30 min at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous NH₄Cl. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 10:1–3:1) gave the pentaene **9** (2.4 mg, 15 µmol) in 90% yield over 2 steps: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85–7.14 (28H, m, NAPx4), 5.89 (1H, m, H2), 5.81 (1H, m, H23), 5.79 (1H, m, H3), 5.75 (1H, m, H13), 5.67 (1H, m, H24), 5.65 (1H, m, H18), 5.62 (1H, m, H14), 5.25 (1H, dd, *J* = 10.5, 5.0 Hz, H19), 5.10 (1H, m, H23'), 5.09 (1H, m, H24'), 5.08 (1H, m, H23'), 5.07 (1H, m, H24'), 5.06 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.96 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.82 (1H, d,

J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.78 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.75 (1H, d, J = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.62 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.58 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.32 (1H, dd, J = 15.0, 5.5 Hz, H1), 4.26 (1H, m, H51), 4.05 (1H, m, H1), 3.97 (1H, dd, J = 9.5, 1.5 Hz, H52), 3.85 (1H, m, H41), 3.84 (1H, m, H12), 3.82 (1H, m, H52), 3.80 (1H, m, H15), 3.71 (1H, m, H20), 3.70 (1H, m, H29), 3.63 (1H, m, H45), 3.56 (1H, m, H26), 3.55 (1H, m, H16), 3.54 (1H, m, H7), 3.44 (1H, m, H44), 3.40 (1H, m, H6), 3.40 (1H, m, H34), 3.39 (1H, m, H46), 3.37 (1H, m, H27), 3.29 (1H, ddd, J = 9.0, 9.0, 1.5 Hz, H5), 3.22 (1H, m, H31), 3.21 (1H, m, H11), 3.14 (1H, m, H8), 3.13 (1H, m, H39), 3.12 (1H, m, H9), 3.10 (1H, m, H33), 3.09 (1H, m, H38), 3.04 (1H, m, H21), 2.87 (1H, m, H42), 2.66 (1H, m, H4), 2.57 (1H, m, H17), 2.48 (1H, m, H22), 2.41 (1H, m, H25'), 2.36 (1H, m, H4), 2.29 (1H, m, H10), 2.27 (1H, m, H40), 2.20 (1H, m, H43), 2.16 (1H, m, H17), 2.15 (1H, m, H50), 2.14 (1H, m, H50), 2.03 (1H, m, H22), 2.01 (1H, m, H32), 1.93 (1H, m, H47), 1.92 (1H, m, H35), 1.89 (1H, m, H37), 1.88 (1H, m, H36), 1.82 (1H, m, H28), 1.77 (1H, m, H28), 1.68 (1H, m, H25'), 1.64 (1H, m, H37), 1.60 (1H, m, H32), 1.55 (1H, m, H35), 1.53 (1H, m, H10), 1.48 (1H, m, H25), 1.41 (1H, m, H40), 1.31 (1H, m, H25), 1.29 (1H, m, H48), 1.27 (3H, s, Me53), 1.11 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, Me55), 1.05 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me54), 1.03 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me56), 0.97 (3H, d, d, J = 6.5 Hz), 0.97 (3H, d, d, d, d)J = 7.0 Hz, Me57); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd. for C₁₀₉H₁₂₄NaO₂₀S 1807.83 (M+Na⁺), found 1807.65.



Tetrakis-NAP 10-membered F-ring 51-hydroxyCTX3C 10. To a degassed solution of pentaene 9 (2.4 mg, 15 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3.0 mL) at room temperature was added (PCy₃)₂Cl₂Ru=CHPh (1.0 mg, After being stirred for 12 h at 40 °C, two drops of Et₃N were added at room temperature, 1.2 µmol). and the mixture was concentrated and subjected to flash column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 8:1-1:1) gave tetrakis-NAP 10-membered F-ring 51-hydroxyCTX3C 10 (2.4 mg, 15 µmol) in 99% yield: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85–7.44 (28H, m, NAPx4), 5.87 (1H, m, H2), 5.82 (1H, m, H13), 5.80 (1H, m H19), 5.77 (1H, m, H3), 5.68 (1H, m, H18), 5.62 (1H, m, H23), 5.60 (1H, m, H14), 5.52 (1H, m, H24), 5.04 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.99 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, NAP), 4.82 (1H, d, J = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.82 (1H, d, J = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.77 (1H, d, J = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.74 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.62 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.59 (1H, d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, NAP), 4.31 (1H, dd, J = 15.5, 6.0 Hz, H1), 4.27 (1H, m, H51), 4.05 (1H, m, H1), 3.99 (1H, m, H15), 3.99 (1H, m, H52), 3.84 (1H, m, H41), 3.83 (1H, m, H20), 3.82 (1H, m, H52), 3.81 (1H, m, H12), 3.64 (1H, m, H45), 3.70 (1H, m, H29), 3.57 (1H, m, H26), 3.55 (1H, m, H16), 3.52 (1H, m, H7), 3.51 (1H, m, H21), 3.45 (1H, m, H44), 3.40 (1H, m, H46), 3.38 (1H, m, H6), 3.36 (1H, m, H34), 3.29 (1H, m, H27), 3.28 (1H, m, H5), 3.22 (1H, m, H11), 3.14 (1H, m, H31), 3.12 (1H, m, H8), 3.11 (1H, m, H39), 3.12 (1H, m, H9), 3.09 (1H, m, H33), 3.00 (1H, m, H38), 2.99 (1H, m, H22), 2.88 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.5, 4.0 Hz, H42), 2.72 (1H, m, H25'), 2.65 (1H, ddd, J = 16.0, 8.0, 4.0 Hz, H4), 2.64 (1H, m, H17), 2.36 (1H, m, H4), 2.30 (1H, m, H10), 2.26 (1H, m, H40), 2.23 (1H, m, H28), 2.21 (1H, m, H43), 2.18 (1H, m, H17), 2.16 (1H, m, H50), 2.15 (1H, m, H50), 2.13 (1H, m, H22), 2.09 (1H, m, H32), 2.08 (1H, m, H28), 2.04 (1H, m, H25'), 1.87 (1H, m, H35), 1.87 (1H, m, H36), 1.87 (1H, m, H37), 1.82 (1H, m, H25), 1.69 (1H, m, H32), 1.60 (1H, m, H47), 1.56 (1H, m, H10), 1.53 (1H, m, H48), 1.52 (1H, m, H37), 1.46 (1H, m, H35), 1.43 (1H, m,

H25), 1.42 (1H, m H40), 1.24 (3H, s, Me53), 1.11 (3H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, Me55), 1.06 (3H, d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, Me54), 1.05 (3H, d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, Me56), 1.04 (3H, d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, Me57); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd. for

 $C_{102}H_{116}NaO_{17}$ 1635.81 (M+Na⁺), found 1635.64.



10-membered F-ring 51-hydroxyCTX3C 4. To a solution of tetrakis-NAP 10-membered F-ring 51-hydroxyCTX3C 10 (1.8 mg, 1.1 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (310 µL) and H₂O (310 µL) at room temperature was added DDQ (3.0 mg, 11 µmol). After being stirred for 30 min at room temperature, the mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous $Na_2S_2O_3$ at room temperature, diluted with EtOAc and saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, and extracted with EtOAc (x3). The organic layer was concentrated, and the residue were separated by reversed-phase HPLC (Shodex Asahipak ODP 50-6D, 6.0x150 mm, UV 210 nm, CH₃CN/H₂O 55:45, 1.0 mL/min) to give pure 10-membered F-ring 51-hydroxyCTX3C (4, $t_R = 22.5$ min, 496 μ g, 0.47 μ mol) in 43% yield: coorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₅N, 25 °C) δ 7.28 (1H, d, J = 3.5 Hz, OH7), 6.72 (1H, d, J = 3.5 Hz, OH44), 6.52 (1H, d, J = 4.0 Hz, OH51), 6.07 (1H, m, H19), 5.89 (1H, m, H13), 5.85 (1H, m, H23), 5.83 (1H, m, H18), 5.81 (1H, m, H2), 5.72 (1H, m, H3), 5.69 (1H, m, H14), 5.57 (1H, m, H24), 4.98 (1H, m, OH29), 4.84 (1H, m, H51), 4.46 (1H, ddd, *J* = 10.5, 10.5, 4.5 Hz, H41), 4.30 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 5.5 Hz, H1), 4.22 (1H, m, H29), 4.21 (1H, m, H44), 4.19 (1H, m, H12), 4.16 (2H, m, H52x2), 4.16 (1H, m, H15), 4.05 (1H, m, H20), 4.05 (1H, m, H45), 4.02 (1H, m,

H1), 3.99 (1H, m, H7), 3.95 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 10.5 Hz, H46), 3.89 (1H, m, H27), 3.71 (1H, m, H16), 3.68 (1H, m, H26), 3.62 (1H, m, H6), 3.55 (1H, m, H5), 3.49 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 8.5 Hz, H11), 3.44 (1H, ddd, J = 9.5, 9.5, 3.5 Hz, H21), 3.40 (1H, m, H34), 3.38 (1H, m, H9), 3.37 (1H, m, H8), 3.32 (1H, m, H39), 3.26 (1H, ddd, J = 12.5, 10.5, 4.5 Hz, H33), 3.20 (1H, m, H31), 3.19 (1H, m, H38), 3.17 (1H, m, H22), 3.15 (1H, m, H42), 2.87 (1H, m, H17), 2.66 (1H, m, H4), 2.62 (1H, m, H28), 2.60 (1H, m, H47), 2.58 (1H, m, H40), 2.57 (1H, m, H22), 2.50 (1H, ddd, J = 11.0, 4.5, 4.5 Hz, H10), 2.43 (1H, m, H4), 2.32 (1H, dd, J = 13.5, 3.5 Hz, H50), 2.29 (1H, m, H25'), 2.28 (1H, m, H28), 2.27 (1H, m, H17), 2.25 (1H, m, H32), 2.04 (1H, m, H25), 2.02 (1H, m, H25'), 2.01 (1H, m, H37), 1.99 (1H, m, H43), 1.91 (1H, m, H32), 1.90 (1H, m, H36), 1.83 (1H, m, H35), 1.78 (1H, m, H40), 1.74 (1H, m, H10), 1.71 (1H, m, H37), 1.66 (1H, m, H48), 1.61 (1H, m, H25), 1.60 (1H, m, H35), 1.46 (3H, s, Me53), 1.29 (3H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, Me56), 1.27 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me55), 1.21 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz, Me57) 0.92 (3H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, Me54); HRMS (ESI), calcd. for C₅₈H₈₄NaO₁₇ 1075.5601 (M+Na⁺), found 1075.5601.



¹ Inoue, M.; Wang, G.-X.; Wang, J.; Hirama, M. Org. Lett. 2002, 4, 3439.

Scheme S1. Synthesis of EF'(10)GH model 11

Alcohol S2. To a solution of methylester S1 (9.1 mg, 9.4 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at -90 °C was added DIBAL (0.9 M solution of in hexane, 105 µL, 94 µmol). After being stirred for 1 hour at -90 °C to -40 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with EtOAc and aqueous NH₄Cl. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 10:1) gave primary alcohol S2 (8.5 mg, 9.1 μmol) in 97% yield: colorless oil; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.20 (25H, m, Bn), 5.95 (1H, ddt, J = 17.0, 10.0, 6.5 Hz, H23), 5.75 (1H, dddd, J = 11.5, 11.5, 6.5, 2.0 Hz, H18), 5.61 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 11.5, 11.5, 6.5, 2.0 Hz, H18), 5.61 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 11.5.0 Hz, H19), 5.04 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 4.99 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 4.89 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.63 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.62 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.61 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.60 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.55 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.52 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.48 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.43 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.36 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 3.92 (1H, m, H20), 3.91 (1H, m, H26), 3.77 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 3.0 Hz, H29), 3.77 (1H, m, H16), 3.75 (1H, m, H35), 3.75 (1H, m, H14), 3.72 (1H, m, H25'), 3.67 (1H, m, H14), 3.67 (1H, m, H35), 3.64 (1H, m, H25'), 3.61 (1H, m, H34), 3.51 (1H, m, H15), 3.49 (1H, m, H27), 3.46 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.5, 5.0 Hz, H31), 3.39 (1H, ddd, J = 12.5, 10.0, 5.0 Hz, H33), 3.36 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 9.0, 3.5 Hz, H21), 2.56 (1H, m, H22), 2.51 (1H, m, H17), 2.45 (1H, ddd, J = 13.0, 6.5, 3.0 Hz, H17), 2.25 (1H, ddd, J = 12.5, 5.0, 5.0 Hz, H32), 2.21 (1H, m, H22), 1.96 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 7.0, 3.0 Hz, H28), 1.83 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 11.5 Hz, H28), 1.65(1H, m, H25), 1.60 (1H, m, H25), 1.51 (1H, m, H32), 1.28 (3H, s, Me53); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd for $C_{59}H_{70}O_{10}Na 961.4867 (M+Na^{+})$, found 961.4402.

Tosylate S3. To a suspension of alcohol S2 (9.0 mg, 9.6 µmol) and powdered 4Å MS in pyridine (1

mL) at room temperature was added TsCl (3.7 mg, 19 µmol). After being stirred for 4 h, the reaction mixture was guenched with aqueous $NaHCO_3$. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 5:1-3:1) gave the tosylate S3 (10.5 mg, 9.6 µmol) in 99% yield: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) & 7.89–7.78 (4H, m, Ts), 7.34–7.21 (25H, m, Bn, Ts), 5.95 (1H, ddt, J = 17.0, 10.0, 7.0 Hz, H23), 5.76 (1H, m, H18), 5.59 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 5.5 Hz, H19), 5.04 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 4.99 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 4.89 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.63 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.62 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.61 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.60 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.55 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.52 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.48 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.43 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.36 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.15 (1H, m, H25'), 4.05 (1H, m, H25'), 3.88 (1H, m, H20), 3.78 (1H, m, H26), 3.77 (1H, m, H29), 3.76 (1H, m, H16), 3.75 (1H, m, H14), 3.64 (1H, m, H14), 3.62 (1H, m, H35), 3.60 (1H, m, H34), 3.51 (1H, m, H15), 3.48 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, H35), 3.44 (1H, m, H27), 3.38 (1H, m, H31), 3.37 (1H, m, H33), 3.34 (1H, m, H21), 2.53 (1H, m, H17), 2.50 (1H, m, H22), 2.45 (1H, m, H17), 2.42 (3H, s, Ts), 2.20 (1H, m, H22), 2.19 (1H, m, H32), 1.91 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 6.5, 2.5 Hz, H28), 1.67 (1H, m, H28), 1.61 (1H, m, H25), 1.58 (1H, m, H25), 1.50 (1H, ddd, J = 12.0, 12.0, 12.0, Hz, H32), 1.26 (3H, s, Me53); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd for $C_{60}H_{76}O_{12}NaS 1115.4950 (M+Na^{+})$, found 1115.4076.

Nitrile S4. To a solution of tosylate **S3** (10.5 mg, 9.6 μ mol) in DMSO (1 mL) at room temperature was added NaCN (4.7 mg, 96 mmol). The stirred mixture was allowed to warm up to 45 °C. After being stirred for 20 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with EtOAc and aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture

was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na_2SO_4 . Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 10:1-1:1) gave the nitrile S4 (5.8 mg, 6.2 umol) in 64% yield: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.24 (25H, m, Bn), 5.95 (1H, ddt, J = 17.0, 10.0, 7.0 Hz, H23), 5.76 (1H, m, H18), 5.61 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 5.5 Hz, H19), 5.06(1H, dd, J = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 5.01 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 4.88 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn),4.63 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.62 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.61 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.60 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.55 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.52 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.48 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.43 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.36 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 3.91 (1H, m, H20), 3.79 (1H, m, H26), 3.76 (1H, m, H29), 3.75 (1H, m, H16), 3.74 (1H, m, H35), 3.66 (1H, m, H35), 3.64 (1H, m, H14), 3.60 (1H, m, H34), 3.53 (1H, m, H15), 3.47 (1H, m, H14), 3.45 (1H, m, H27), 3.42 (1H, m, H31), 3.39 (1H, m, H33), 3.36 (1H, m, H21), 2.56 (1H, m, H22), 2.52 (1H, m, H17), 2.46 (1H, ddd, J = 13.0, 6.5, 3.0 Hz, H17), 2.42 (1H, m, H25'), 2.40 (1H, m, H25'), 2.26 (1H, ddd, *J* = 12.5, 5.0, 5.0 Hz, H32), 2.22 (1H, m, H22), 1.95 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 7.0, 3.0 Hz, H28), 1.74 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 12.0 Hz, H28), 1.65 (1H, m, H25), 1.62 (1H, m, H32), 1.61 (1H, m, H25), 1.28 (3H, s, Me53); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd for $C_{59}H_{70}O_{10}Na 961.4867 (M+Na^{+})$, found 961.4402.

Pentaene S5. To a solution of nitrile **S4** (6.2 mg, 6.5 μ mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) at -80 °C was added DIBAL (0.98 M solution of in hexane, 70 μ L, 65 μ mol). After being stirred for 1 h at -50 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with EtOAc and 1N HCl. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and filtration through a pad of flash silica gel gave the aldehyde, which was used in the next reaction without further

purification.

To a suspension of Ph₃PCH₃Br (234 mg, 654 µmol) in THF (1 mL) at 0 °C was added *t*-BuOK (60.3 mg, 327.0 µmol). After 15 min, a solution of aldehyde in THF (1 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. After being stirred for 30 min at 0 °C, the reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous NH₄Cl. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 10:1–3:1) gave the pentaene S5 (3.0 mg, 3.2 µmol) in 48% yield over 2 steps: colorless amorphous; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.20 (25H, m, Bn), 5.94 (1H, ddt, J = 17.0, 10.0, 6.5 Hz, H23), 5.78 (1H, m, H24), 5.75 (1H, m, H18), 5.62 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 5.5 Hz, H19), 5.04 (1H, dd, J = 18.0, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 5.01 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 2.0 Hz, H23'), 4.99 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 1.0 Hz, H24'), 4.96 (1H, dd, J = 10.5, 1.0 Hz, H24'), 4.89 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.63 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.62 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.61 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.60 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.55 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.52 (1H, d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.48 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.43 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 4.36 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, Bn), 3.89 (1H, m, H20), 3.80 (1H, m, H29), 3.77 (1H, m, H35), 3.75 (1H, m, H16), 3.67 (1H, m, H34), 3.65 (1H, m, H35), 3.63 (1H, m, H26), 3.59 (1H, m, H14), 3.52 (1H, m, H15), 3.49 (1H, m, H27), 3.48 (1H, m, H14), 3.39 (1H, m, H31), 3.36 (1H, m, H33), 3.35 (1H, m, H21), 2.55 (1H, m, H22), 2.51 (1H, m, H17), 2.47 (1H, m, H25'), 2.23 (1H, m, H22), 2.21 (1H, m, H17), 2.17 (1H, m, H25'), 2.06 (1H, m, H32), 1.92 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 7.0, 3.0 Hz, H28), 1.91 (1H, m, H25), 1.80 (1H, ddd, J = 14.0, 12.0 Hz, H28), 1.63(1H, m, H25), 1.62 (1H, m, H32), 1.26 (3H, s, Me53); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd for C₆₁H₇₂O₉Na 971.3883 (M+Na⁺), found 971.5069.

EF'(10)GH model 11. To a degassed solution of pentaene **S5** (3.0 mg, 3.2 μ mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (4.0 mL) at room temperature was added (PCy₃)₂Cl₂Ru=CHPh (0.4 mg, 0.42 μ mol). After being stirred for 12 h at 40 °C, two drops of Et₃N were added at room temperature. Concentration and filtration through a pad of flash silica gel gave tetrakis-Bn EF'(10)GH model, which was used in the next reaction without further purification.

To a solution of tetrakis-Bn EF'(10)GH model in THF (310 μ L) and EtOH (310 μ L) at -90 °C was added liquid ammonia (ca. 400 μ L). Then, Sodium (ca. 1 mg) was added to this solution, and the mixture was stirrered at 3 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with solid NH₄Cl, diluted with EtOAc, and extracted with EtOAc (x3). The organic layer was concentrated, and the residue was used for next reaction without further purification.

To a solution of tetraol in THF (300 µL) at room temperature were added 10-camphorsulfonic acid (1.0 mg, 3.3 µmol) PhCH(OEt)₂ (4.6 µL, 31 µmol). After stirring for 4 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (x3), and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 10:1–3:1) gave the pentaene **S5** (1.0 mg, 1.5 µmol) in 47% yield over 3 steps.: colorless solid; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₅N, 25 °C) δ 7.75–7.70 (3H, m, Ph), 7.42–7.37 (7H, m, Ph), 6.14 (1H, m, H19), 5.87 (1H, m, H23), 5.85 (1H, m, H18), 5.79 (1H, s, Ph acetal), 5.66 (1H, s, Ph acetal), 5.57 (1H, m, H24), 4.36 (1H, m, H35), 4.34 (1H, m, H14), 4.27 (1H, m, H29), 4.07 (1H, m, H20), 3.99 (1H, m, H27), 3.95 (1H, m, H16), 3.88 (1H, m, H35), 3.86 (1H, m, H14), 3.83 (1H, m, H34), 3.77 (1H, m, H21), 3.67 (1H, m, H15), 3.64 (1H, m, H33), 3.61 (1H, m, H26), 3.47 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5 Hz, H31), 3.16 (1H, m, H22), 2.98 (1H, m, H17), 2.51 (1H, m, H17), 2.48 (1H, m, H32), 2.43 (1H, m, H25'), 2.28 (1H, m, H22), 2.19 (1H, m, H28, 2.15 (1H, ddd, *J* =

11.5, 11.5, 11.5 Hz, H32), 2.06 (1H, m, H25'), 2.05 (1H, m, H28), 1.91 (1H, m, H25), 1.55 (1H, m, H25), 1.57 (3H, s, Me53); MALDI-TOF MS, calcd for C₃₈H₄₆O₉Na 669.3034 (M+Na⁺), found 669.3158.

Mouse neuroblastoma cell assays. Neuro-2a cells (ATCC, CCL131), obtained from Institute of Development Aging and Cancer (Tohoku University, Sendai, Japan), were grown and maintained in 75 cm² tissue culture flasks (Falcon) at 37 °C in a humidified 5% CO₂ atmosphere using RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 10% heat inactivated fetal bovine serum (Gibco), 2 mM L-glutamine, non-essential amino acid, and 1% of antibiotic antifungal solution (50 unit/ ml penicillin G, 50 µg/ ml streptomycin). Cells were harvested by trypsin-EDTA solution (0.5%-0.2%, 5 min at room temperature) and transferred into 96 well microplates (Falcon). For the assay, each well was inoculated with 100 μ L of a suspension of 4 x 10⁵ cell/ ml in the assay medium. Small aliquots of 100 µL containing the synthetic polyether (51-hydroxyCTX3C or 10-membered F-ring analogue) in the growth medium to give a range of concentrations between 10⁻⁶ and 10⁻¹⁶ M were added to replicate wells (n=3) in the presence of veratridine (20 µM), a site 2-specific sodium channel activator and ouabain (45 μ M), a blocker of the Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase. After incubation for 20 hours, cells were treated with 50 μ L of PMS/XTT solution¹ in the growth medium, followed by further incubation for 4 hours. Absorbance at 490 nm was measured on the microplate reader (Bio Rad Model 550). The EC_{50} values of the synthetic polyethers were calculated using GraphPad Prism (v. 4.0) (Figure S1, Table S1).

¹ Scudiero, D. A.; Shoemaker, R. H.; Paull, K. D.; Monks, A.; Tierney, S.; Nofziger, T. H.; Currens, M. J.; Seniff, D.; Boyd, M. R. *Cancer Res.* 1998, *48*, 4827.



concentration [log pM]

Figure S1. Cytotoxicity of 51-hydroxyCTX3C analogues on Neuro2a (blue diamonds: 51-hydroxyCTX3C (1), magenta squares: 10-membered F-ring analogue (4)).

	51-hydroxyCTX3C (1)	10-membered F-ring analogue (4)
EC ₅₀ (pM)	4.9	240

 Table S1.
 50% efficient concentration (EC₅₀) of 51-hydroxyCTX3C analogues

Mouse acute toxicity assays. Male ddY mice weight 14-15 g, were obtained from Kumagai Shouten Co., LTD. (Sendai, Japan). Mouse acute toxicity of 10-membered F-ring analogue was evaluated by i.p. injection of the toxin of 14-15 g ddY mice (male). Three mice were administered with different increase dosage of **4** suspended in 0.5 mL of a PBS containing 0.1% Tween 60. Mice were monitored for 24 hours. Signs, death-times and percentage of dead animals were recorded, and LD_{50} was calculated to give 600 µg/kg for **4**.

Molecular Modeling of Synthetic Polyethers. It should be noted that the purpose of this study was not to obtain a statistical distribution of the various possible structures, but to arrive at the conformation that generally satisfied the spectral data in solutions. The molecular modeling was performed using MacroModel Ver. 8.1. Monte Carlo method was used to search the conformational space in which each conformer was minimized with the MM2* force field using a Polak-Ribier conjugate gradient. A ring closure distance range of 0.5-2.5 Å was used. The obtained conformations were subjected to a multiconformer minimization, where a truncated Newton conjugate gradient was applied. The final structure was selected so that the nine- and ten-membered rings adopted a conformation that correlated well with NOE and coupling constant data (**Figures S2** and **S3**).



Figure S2. The most stable conformations of 51-hydroxyCTX3C analogues (green: 51-hydroxyCTX3C (1), yellow: 10-membered F ring analogue (4)). Two molecules were superimposed at ABCDE rings (MM2*, MacroModel ver. 8.1).



Figure S3. Energy minimized structures of two characteristic conformations of 10-membered F ring analogue (**4**) of 51-hydroxyCTX3C (yellow: the most stable bent form, pink: the straight form found at 2.74 kcal/mol higher level from the most stable conformation). Two conformations were superimposed at ABCDE rings (MM2*, MacroModel ver. 8.1).

























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