Remarkable effect of phosphine on the reactivity of *O*,*P*-acetal —Efficient substitution reaction of *O*,*P*-acetal

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General

The ¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁹F and ³¹P NMR spectra were measured by JEOL JNM-ECS 400 or JEOL JNM-AL 300 spectrometers with tetramethylsilane as an internal standard at 20-25 °C. IR spectra were recorded by SHIMADZU FTIR-8400 using a diffuse reflectance measurement of samples dispersed in KBr powder. HRMS spectra were recorded by JEOL LMS-D 300 spectrometers. Merck silica gel 60 (230-400 mesh) was used for column chromatography.

Materials

Acetals **1a**, **1b** and **1d** were synthesized from commercially available corresponding aldehydes and alcohols. $(o-CF_3Ph)_3P$ was prepared according to the literature.¹ Other reagents were commercially available and used without further purification.

General procedure for the preparation of acetals 1a, 1b and 1d.²

A solution of aldehyde (1 equiv.), 10-camphorsulfonic acid (0.15 equiv.) and alcohol (100 equiv.) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (0.1 M) was stirred at room temperature. After checking for the disappearance of the aldehyde on TLC, sat. NaHCO₃ aq. was added to the reaction mixture and the solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered, then evaporated under vacuum. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on SiO₂ to give the acetal.

n-Dodecanal dimethyl acetal $(1a)^2$: colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.88 (3H, t, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.26 (18H, brm), 1.56-1.61 (2H, m), 3.31 (6H, s), 4.36 (1H, t, J = 5.7 Hz).

3-Phenylpropionaldehyde dimethyl acetal (1b)²: colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.89-1.96 (2H, m), 2.68 (2H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 3.33 (6H, s), 4.37 (1H, t, J = 5.8 Hz), 7.16-7.31 (5H, m).

n-Dodecanal diisopropyl acetal (1d): colorless oil; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2972, 2926, 2855, 1266, 1381, 1111, 1015; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.88 (3H, t, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 1.14 (6H, d, *J* = 6.2 Hz), 1.19 (6H, d, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 1.26-1.39 (18H, brm), 1.53-1.58 (2H, m), 3.86 (2H, sept, *J* = 6.2 Hz), 4.54 (1H, t, *J* = 5.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 14.1, 22.6, 22.7, 23.5, 24.9, 29.3, 29.5, 29.6 (3C), 31.9, 35.4, 67.4, 100.4; HRFABMS calcd for C₁₈H₃₈O₂ (M+Na⁺): 309.2770, found: 309.2780.

General procedure for the substitution reaction of *O*,*P*-acetal with nucleophiles (Table 2)

In a flame-dried two-necked Schrenk tube with nitrogen, TESOTf (2 equiv.) was added slowly to a stirred solution of acetal 1 (1 equiv.) and $(o-\text{tol})_3P$ (3 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.1 M) at -5 °C and the resulting solution was stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. After checking for the disappearance of 1 and the formation of *O*,*P*-acetal on TLC, H₂O (10 ml/mmol) or nucleophile (1.2 or 3.0 equiv.) was added to the mixture, and the solution was then stirred at rt. After checking for the disappearance of *O*,*P*-acetal on TLC, sat. NaHCO₃ aq. was added to the reaction mixture. The resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent, the residue was subjected to silica-gel column chromatography to give the products **2-6**. Compounds **2a-2c** are commercially available and **3b**³, **3c**⁶, **4b**⁴, **4c**⁴, **5b**⁵, **5c**⁷ are known compounds.

(1-Methoxydodecyl)phenylsulfide (3a) (entry 2); colorless oil; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2926, 2855, 2253, 1468, 1379, 1098; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.88 (3H, t, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 1.24 (16H, brm), 1.44 (2H, brm), 1.69-1.78 (2H, m), 3.47 (3H, s), 4.62 (1H, t, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 7.26-7.33 (3H, m), 7.46-7.49 (2H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 14.1, 22.7, 26.2, 29.1, 29.3, 29.5 (2C), 29.6 (2C), 31.9, 35.6, 55.3, 91.0, 127.4, 128.7, 133.4, 133.5; HREIMS calcd

for $C_{19}H_{32}OS$: 308.2174, found: 308.2193.

2-Methoxytridecanonitrile (4a) (entry 3): colorless oil; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2928, 2855, 2255, 1462, 1109; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.88 (3H, t, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 1.26-1.29 (16H, brm), 1.43-1.50 (2H,m), 1.79-1.87 (2H, m), 3.49 (3H, s), 4.04 (1H, t, *J* = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 14.1, 22.7, 24.7, 29.0, 29.3 (2C), 29.4, 29.6 (2C), 31.9, 33.3, 57.9, 70.7, 118.2; HRFABMS calcd for C₁₄H₂₇NO (M+Na⁺): 248.1990, found: 248.1968.

1-Methoxydodecylbenzene (5a) (entry 4): colorless oil; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2926, 2853, 1454, 1263, 1099; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.87 (3H, t, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 1.24-1.38 (18H, brm), 1.60-1.65 (1H, m), 1.75-1.81 (1H, m), 3.20 (3H, s), 4.07 (1H, t, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 7.24-7.37 (5H, m); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 14.1, 22.7, 25.8, 29.3, 29.5, 29.6 (4C), 31.9, 38.2, 56.6, 84.2, 126.7, 127.4, 128.3, 142.5; HREIMS calcd for C₁₉H₃₂O: 276.2445, found: 276.2453.

2-Methoxytridecane (6a) (entry 5): colorless oil; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 2959, 2924, 2855, 2820, 1464, 1373, 1261, 1142, 1123, 1092; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.88 (3H, t, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 1.12 (3H, d, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 1.26-1.38 (20H, brm), 3.25-3.31 (1H, m), 3.31 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 14.1, 19.0, 22.7, 25.4, 29.3, 29.6 (2C), 29.7, 29.8, 29.9, 31.9, 36.3, 55.9, 76.9;

(1-Methoxy-3-phenylpropyl)phenylsulfide (3b)³ (entry 7); colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.98-2.12 (2H, m), 2.76 (2H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 3.48 (3H, s), 4.54 (1H, t, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 7.13-7.31 (8H, m), 7.45-7.48 (2H, m).

2-Methoxy-4-phenylbutyronitrile (4b)⁴ (entry 8); colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 2.05-2.25 (2H, m), 2.82 (2H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 3.48 (3H, s), 3.96 (1H, t, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 7.17-7.26 (3H, m), 7.29-7.34 (2H, m).

1,3-Diphenyl-1-methoxypropane (5b)⁵ (entry 9); colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.92-2.14 (2H, m), 2.63-2.73 (2H, m), 3.21 (3H, s), 4.08 (1H, t, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 7.16-7.34 (10H, m).

[Methoxy(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]phenylsulfide (3c)⁶ (entry 11); colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.48 (3H, s), 3.78 (3H, s), 5.69 (1H, s), 6.78-6.83 (2H, m), 7.20-7.26 (5H, m), 7.31-7.36 (2H, m).

2-Methoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetonitrile (4c)⁴ (entry 12); colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.42 (3H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 5.06 (1H, s), 6.86 (2H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz).

1-Methoxy-4-[methoxy(phenyl)methyl]benzene (5c)⁷ (entry 13); colorless oil; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.28 (3H, s), 3.69 (3H, s), 5.12 (1H, s), 6.77 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.16-7.25 (7H, m).

Isolation and characterization of the stable O,P-acetal generated from 1a and $(p-tol)_3P$

In a flame-dried two-necked Schrenk tube with nitrogen, TESOTf (2 equiv.) was added slowly to a stirred solution of acetal **1a** (1 equiv.) and $(p-\text{tol})_3P$ (3 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (0.1 M) at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. After checking for the disappearance of **1** and the formation of *O*,*P*-acetal on TLC, sat. NaHCO₃ aq. was added to the reaction mixture. The resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent, the residue was subjected to silica-gel column chromatography to give the stable *O*,*P*-acetal.

(1-Methoxydodecyl)tris(*p*-tolyl)phosphonium trifluoromethanesulfonate; colorless gummy oil; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3061, 3032, 2926, 2853, 2249, 1599, 1503, 1454, 1435, 1402, 1379, 1316, 1261, 1225, 1194, 1157, 1111, 1032; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.87 (3H, t, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 1.22-1.30 (16H, brm), 1.61-1.62 (2H, brm), 1.70-1.88 (2H, m), 2.49 (9H, s), 3.49 (3H, s), 5.45 (1H, dt, *J* = 9.9, 2.9 Hz), 7.49 (6H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 3.0 Hz), 7.67 (6H, dd, *J* = 11.9, 8.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 14.0, 21.7, 22.5, 26.0, 26.2, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4 (2C), 31.7, 32.1 (2C), 62.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 6.7 Hz), 78.4 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 61.3 Hz), 113.5 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 84.3 Hz), 120.8 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 321.1 Hz), 130.9 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 12.5 Hz), 134.1 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 10.5 Hz), 146.2 (d, *J*_{C-P} = 2.9 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃): δ -78.1; ³¹P NMR (CDCl₃): δ 21.1; HRFABMS (positive) calcd for C₃₄H₄₈OP (M⁺): 503.3437, found: 503.3423; HRFABMS (negative) calcd for CO₃F₃S (M⁻): 148.9520, found: 148.9521.

¹H and ¹³C NMR of **1d**





¹H and ¹³C NMR of **3a**



¹H and ¹³C NMR of **4a**

50 25





¹H and ¹³C NMR of **5a**





¹H and ¹³C NMR of **6a**



¹H, ¹³C, ¹⁹F and ³¹P NMR of *O*, *P*-acetal generated from **1a** and (*p*-tol)₃P









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