Supporting Information

Development of 5-silylethynyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one as a new prochiral template for asymmetric phase-transfer catalysis

Takuya Hashimoto, Kazuhiro Fukumoto, Naoyuki Abe, Kazuki Sakata and Keiji Maruoka*

Department of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Kyoto University, Sakyo, Kyoto

606-8502, Japan

General Information. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu IRPrestige-21 spectrometer. ¹H NMR spectra were measured on a JEOL JNM-FX400 (400 MHz) spectrometer. Data were reported as follows: chemical shifts in ppm from tetramethylsilane as an internal standard in CDCl₃, integration, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quint = quintet, m = multiplet, br = broad, app = apparent), coupling constants (Hz), and assignment. ¹³C NMR spectra were measured on a JEOL JNM-FX400 (100 MHz) spectrometer with complete proton decoupling. Chemical shifts were reported in ppm from the residual solvent as an internal standard. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) was performed on Shimadzu 10A instruments at 220 nm using 4.6 mm x 25 cm Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, IC and Chiralcel OD-H. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were performed on Brucker microTOF. Optical rotations were measured on a JASCO DIP-1000 digital polarimeter. For thin layer chromatography (TLC) analysis throughout this work, Merck precoated TLC plates (silica gel 60 GF₂₅₄, 0.25 mm) were used. The products were purified by flash column chromatography silica gel 60 (Merck, 230-400 mesh).

In experiments requiring dry solvent, CH₂Cl₂ and THF were purchased from Kanto Chemical Co. Inc. as "Dehydrated", and further purified by passing through neutral alumina under nitrogen atmosphere. Commercially obtained reagents were used as received.



Preparation of Chiral Quaternary Ammonium Bromide (S)-1e.

To a stirred solution of (*S*)-3,3'-bis(3,5-bis(trifluoromethylphenyl)phenyl)-2,2'-bisdimethyl-1,1'binaphthalene¹ (641 mg, 0.50 mmol) and *N*-bromosuccinimide (187 mg, 1.05 mmol) in benzene (5.0 mL) was added 2,2'-azobis(isobutyronitrile) (8.2 mg, 0.05 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then refluxed for 4 h, poured into water and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. To this residue were added acetonitrile (3.0 mL), diisopentylamine (113 μ L, 0.50 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (104 mg, 0.75 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring for 12 h, the resulting mixture was poured into water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with CH₂Cl₂/MeOH = 20:1) to give (*S*)-**1e** (536 mg, 0.36 mmol, 71%).

[α]¹⁸_D 13.5 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (4H, s, ArH), 8.20 (6H, br, ArH), 8.13 (2H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 8.07 (2H, s, ArH), 7.99 (2H, s, ArH), 7.94 (2H, s, ArH), 7.89 (2H, s, ArH), 7.81 (2H, s, ArH), 7.71 (2H, m, ArH), 7.47 (4H, app d, J = 3.6 Hz, ArH), 5.23 (2H, d, J =14.0 Hz, ArCH), 4.04 (2H, d, J = 13.6 Hz, ArCH), 3.56 (2H, t, J = 12.4 Hz, NCH), 2.83 (2H, dt, J =13.2, 4.8 Hz, NCH), 2.18 (2H, br, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.18-0.95 (4H, m, CH₂), 0.71 (6H, d, J = 6.4 Hz, CH₃), 0.45 (6H, d, J = 6.4 Hz, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.70, 141.67, 140.9, 140.7, 138.81, 138.76, 134.0, 132.4 (q, ² $J_{C-F} = 33$ Hz), 132.4, 131.2, 130.0, 128.8, 128.1, 127.8, 127.5, 126.3, 123.5, 123.2 (q, ¹ $J_{C-F} = 272$ Hz), 122.1, 58.4, 57.0, 30.9, 26.2, 23.0, 21.6; IR (neat) 1368, 1279, 1175, 1132, 901, 885, 845, 752, 706, 685, 638 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₇₆H₅₄F₂₄N (M⁺): 1436.3868, Found: 1436.3872. General Procedure for the Preparation of 2,2-Dimethyl-5-silylethynyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Scheme 1).



tert-Butyl 2-(N-Methoxy-N-methylamino)-2-oxoacetate.

Me O_{t-Bu} To a stirred solution of oxalyl chloride (3.87 mL, 45 mmol) in Et₂O (60 mL) was added *t*-BuOH (2.87 mL, 30 mmol) at -78 °C, and the solution was then allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. After cooling to

-78 °C, pyridine (3.64 mL, 45 mmol) was added to this reaction mixture, and the reaction solution was then allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was then concentrated in vacuo, and the residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL). Pyridine (3.64 mL, 45 mmol) and *N*,*O*-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (2.93 g, 30 mmol) were added dropwise to this solution at 0 °C. After stirring for 6 h at room temperature, the resulting mixture was poured into 1N HCl and then extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated. Purification of the crude product by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/AcOEt = 3:1) to give the title compound as colorless oil (5.34 g, 28.2 mmol, 94%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.75 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.21 (3H, s, NCH₃), 1.56 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.2, 161.8, 84.1, 62.0, 31.1, 27.8; IR (neat) 2980, 1736, 1676, 1458, 1369, 1261, 1152, 1092, 993, 845 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₈H₁₅NNaO₄ ([M+Na]⁺): 212.0893, Found: 212.0884.

tert-Butyl 2-hydroxy-4-(triphenylsilyl)but-3-ynoate.

Ph₃Si O To a stirred solution of triphenylsilylacetylene (5.68 g, 20 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added *n*-BuLi (1.6 M in hexane, 12.5 mL, 20 mmol) at

-78 °C. After stirring for 1 h at the same temperature, a THF solution (20 mL) of *tert*-butyl 2-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylamino)-2-oxoacetate (3.78 g, 20 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture, and the solution was stirred for 6 h at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was then poured into 1N HCl and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was then dissolved in THF (20 mL) and treated with LiBH₄ (145 mg, 6.0 mmol) at -78 °C. After gradually warming to 0 °C within 4 h, the solution was poured into 1 N HCl and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/AcOEt= 10:1) to give the title compound as a white solid (15.2 mmol, 6.30 g, 76%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (6H, m, ArH), 7.43 (3H, m, ArH), 7.37 (6H, m, ArH), 4.86 (1H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, CH), 3.17 (1H, d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, OH), 1.50 (9H, s, *t*Bu); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.0, 135.5, 132.9, 130.0, 128.0, 105.5, 85.2, 84.2, 62.4, 27.8; IR (neat) 3485, 2980, 2180, 1732, 1429, 1153, 1113, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NaO₃Si ([M+Na]⁺): 437.1543, Found: 437.1550.

tert-Butyl 2-hydroxy-4-(dimethylphenylsilyl)but-3-ynoate: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 PhMe₂Si O (2H, dd, J = 7.4, 2.1 Hz, ArH), 7.38-7.36 (3H, m, ArH), 4.74 (1H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, CH), 3.08 (1H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, OH), 1.51 (9H, s,*t*Bu), 0.42 (6H, s, Si(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 136.3, 133.6,

129.5, 127.8, 102.6, 88.0, 83.8, 62.2, 27.7, -1.2; IR (neat) 3480, 2978, 2180, 1734, 1250, 1155, 1090, 818, 781, 731, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₆H₂₂NaO₃Si ([M+Na]⁺): 313.1230,

Found: 313.1230.

Ph₃Si

129.8, 127.9, 104.2, 86.5, 84.1, 62.3, 27.8, -2.3; IR (neat) 3478, 2980, 2180, 1734, 1254, 1153, 1111, 1018, 793, 729, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{21}H_{24}NaO_3Si$ ([M+Na]⁺): 375.1387, Found: 375.1398.

2,2-Dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (2a).

To a stirred solution of *tert*-butyl 2-hydroxy-4-(triphenylsilyl)but-3-ynoate (4.15 g, 10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5.0 mL) was added formic acid (10 mL) at room temperature. After stirring for 10 h, the reaction mixture was

concentrated in vacuo. To the residue were added cyclohexane (15 mL), 2,2-dimethoxypropane (15 mL), and PPTS (254 mg, 1.0 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then refluxed at 90 °C for 7 h and poured into water and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/AcOEt = 15:1) to give the title compound as a white solid (2.43 g, 61%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (6H, m, ArH), 7.44 (3H, m, ArH), 7.38 (6H, m, ArH), 5.21 (1H, s, CH), 1.72 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.61 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.4, 135.5, 132.3, 130.2, 128.1, 113.0, 101.2, 89.6, 65.7, 26.9, 26.4; IR (neat) 1800, 1429, 1381, 1267, 1244, 1113, 914, 885, 731, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₅H₂₂KO₃Si ([M+K]⁺): 437.0970, Found: 437.0962.

5-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)ethynyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (2b): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, t-BuMe₂Si \cap CDCl₃) δ 5.06 (1H, s, CH), 1.72 (3H, s, CCH₃), 1.59 (3H, s, CCH₃), 0.94 (9H, s, SitBu), 0.13 (6H, s, Si(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.9, 112.7, 97.5, 92.7, 65.5, 26.8, 26.4, 25.9, 16.5, -5.1; IR (neat) 2930, 1805, 1267, 1117, 1074, 887, 826, 777 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{13}H_{22}NaO_3Si$ ([M+Na]⁺): 277.1230, Found: 277.1236.

5-((Dimethylphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (2c): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, PhMe₂Si CDCl₃) δ 7.61-7.59 (2H, m, ArH), 7.39-7.35 (3H, m, ArH), 5.09 (1H, s, CH), 1.70 (3H, s, CCH₃), 1.57 (3H, s, CCH₃), 0.44 (6H, s, Si(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.6, 135.5, 133.6, 129.6, 127.9, 112.7, 98.3, 92.3, 65.5, 26.7, 26.3, -1.4; IR (neat) 2995, 1798, 1381, 1250, 1115. 1074, 914, 885, 839, 816, 783, 731, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₅H₁₈NaO₃Si ([M+Na]⁺): 297.0917, Found: 297.0911.

2,2-Dimethyl-5-((methyldiphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (2d): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Ph₂MeSi \bigcirc CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (4H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.41-7.35 (6H, m, ArH), 5.15 (1H, s, CH), 1.71 (3H, s, CCH₃), 1.59 (3H, s, CCH₃), 0.71 (3H, s, SiCH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.6, 134.5, 134.0, 130.0, 128.1, 112.9, 99.9,

90.8, 65.7, 26.9, 26.4, -2.5; IR (neat) 2997, 1798, 1429, 1381, 1267, 1115, 1074, 914, 885, 791, 733, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₀H₂₀NaO₃Si ([M+Na]⁺): 359.1074, Found: 359.1074.

Representative Procedure for the Phase-transfer Catalyzed Enantioselective Alkylation of 5-(Triphenylsilyl)ethynyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one.



To a mixture of 2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (0.1 mmol, 39.9 mg) and chiral quaternary ammonium bromide (*S*)-**1e** (0.001 mmol, 1.5 mg) in *tert*-butyl methyl ether (TBME) (0.5 mL) and cyclopentyl methyl ether (CPME) (0.5 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.12 mmol, 14.3 μ L) and CsOH·H₂O (0.25 mmol, 46.6 mg) at -40 °C under argon atmosphere. After stirring vigorously for 11 h at -40 °C, the resulting mixture was then poured into saturated NH₄Cl aq and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate = 30:1) to give the title compound as colorless oil (0.071 mmol, 34.7 mg, 71% yield).

(*R*)-5-Benzyl-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry 1, 3aa): $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +23.2 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (89% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (6H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.37 (6H, app t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.26 (5H, br, ArH), 3.40 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 3.34 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 1.64 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.19 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 135.5, 133.6, 132.4, 131.1, 130.1, 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 111.5, 105.3, 89.1, 76.3, 44.4, 26.9, 26.7; IR (neat) 3069, 1796, 1429, 1273, 1233, 1115, 918, 741, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₂H₂₈NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 511.1700, Found: 511.1681; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 21.9 min (minor) and 23.4 min (major).

(R)-5-Benzyl-2,2-dimethyl-5-((methyldiphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 1, entry

1.64 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.18 (3H, s, CH₃), 0.69 (3H, s, SiCH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 134.5, 134.2, 133.7, 131.1, 129.9, 128.1, 128.0, 127.5, 111.5, 104.1, 90.2, 76.3, 44.4, 26.9, 26.7, -2.4; IR (neat) 2924, 1798, 1429, 1273, 1117, 795, 773, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₇H₂₆NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 449.1543, Found: 449.1556; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 18.5 min (minor) and 20.5 min (major).

(R)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-(4-methylbenzyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2,



entry 2, 3ab): $[\alpha]_{D}^{18}$ +14.1 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (89% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59-7.57 (6H, m, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.38-7.35 (6H, m, ArH), 7.15 (2H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.07 (2H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 3.34 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 3.30 (1H,

11, 3da): $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{19}$ +6.9 [c 1.0, CHCl₃ (68% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 7.57 (4H, dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.41-7.35 (6H, m, ArH), 7.26 (5H, br,

ArH), 3.37 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 3.31 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH),

d, J = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 2.32 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.64 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.23 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 135.5, 132.5, 130.9, 130.5, 130.1, 128.9, 128.2, 128.0, 111.5, 105.4, 89.0, 76.4, 44.0, 26.9, 26.8, 21.1; IR (neat) 2922, 1798, 1429, 1273, 1115, 914, 745, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₃H₃₀KO₃Si([M+K]⁺): 541.1596, Found: 541.1618; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 18.3 min (minor) and 22.1 min (major).

(*R*)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-(3-methylbenzyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, Ph₃Si \cap entry 3, 3ac): $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +6.1 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (87% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (6H, m, ArH), 7.43 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.37 (6H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 7.16 (1H, m, ArH), 7.08-7.06 (3H, m, ArH), 3.35 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 3.31 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 2.27 (3H, s, ArCH₃),

1.64 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.21 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 137.7, 135.5, 133.5,

132.5, 131.8, 130.1, 128.2, 128.1, 111.5, 105.4, 89.0, 76.3, 44.4, 26.9, 26.8, 21.3 (two peaks overlap); IR (neat) 1796, 1429, 1273, 1231, 1115, 914, 772, 743, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{33}H_{30}NaO_3Si([M+Na]^+)$: 525.1856, Found: 525.1850; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 14.2 min (major) and 17.1 min (minor).

(R)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-(2-methylbenzyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2,



Ph₃Si

entry 4, 3ad): $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +5.6 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (95% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (6H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (3H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.37 (6H, app t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.26 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.18-7.07 (3H, m, ArH), 3.50 (1H, d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, ArCH), 3.35 (1H, d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, ArCH),

2.35 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 1.63 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.18 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 138.4, 135.5, 132.4, 132.4, 131.3, 130.3, 130.1, 128.0, 127.5, 125.8, 111.5, 105.4, 88.9, 76.9, 40.8, 26.9, 26.7, 20.2; IR (neat) 3069, 1796, 1429, 1269, 1234, 1115, 920, 737, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₃H₃₀NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 525.1856, Found: 525.1866; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 13.5 min (major) and 17.5 min (minor).

(R)-2,2-dimethyl-5-(4-phenylbenzyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2,

entry 5, 3ae): $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +16.1 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (88% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60-7.55 (8H, m, ArH), 7.50 (2H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, ArH), 7.44-7.40 (5H, m, ArH), 7.38-7.31 (9H, m, ArH), 3.41 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 1.66 (3H, s,

CH₃), 1.26 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 140.7, 140.3, 135.5, 132.7, 132.4, 131.5, 130.2, 128.7, 128.1, 127.3, 127.0, 126.8, 111.6, 105.2, 89.3, 76.3, 44.1, 26.9 (one peak overlaps); IR (neat) 1794, 1429, 1269, 1229, 1113, 912, 762, 733, 710, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₈H₃₂NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 587.2013, Found: 587.1986; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 27.3 min (major) and 33.3 min (minor).

(*R*)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-(naphthalen-2-ylmethyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry 6, 3af): $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +8.5 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (87% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (1H,



m, ArH), 7.75-7.72 (3H, m, ArH), 7.56-7.54 (6H, m, ArH), 7.46-7.40 (6H, m, ArH), 7.33 (6H, t, J = 6.8 Hz, ArH), 3.53 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 1.64 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.21 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 135.5, 133.2, 132.7, 132.4, 131.2, 130.1, 130.0, 129.0, 128.03, 127.95, 127.62,

127.57, 126.0, 125.9, 111.6, 105.2, 89.4, 76.4, 44.6, 26.9, 26.8; IR (neat) 3051, 1796, 1429, 1275, 1236, 1115, 912, 743, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{36}H_{30}NaO_3Si([M+Na]^+)$: 561.1856, Found: 561.1877; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 300:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 33.8 min (major) and 38.9 min (minor).

(*R*)-5-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry 7, 3ag): $[\alpha]_{D}^{19}$ +12.8 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (84% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (6H, dd, *J* =

Ph₃Si i 8.0, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, J = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.37 (6H, app t, J = 7.2 Hz, ArH), 7.22 (2H, dd, J = 8.8, 5.6 Hz, ArH), 6.94 (2H, t, J = 8.8 Hz, ArH), 3.33 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 1.65 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.26 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.0, 162.4 (d, ¹ $J_{C-F} = 247$ Hz), 135.5, 132.6 (d, ³ $J_{C-F} = 8$ Hz), 132.3, 130.2, 129.4 (d, ⁴ $J_{C-F} = 3$ Hz), 128.1, 115.0 (d, ² $J_{C-F} = 21$ Hz), 111.6, 105.0, 89.5, 76.2, 43.6, 26.9, 26.8; IR (neat) 3071, 1798, 1510, 1429, 1275, 1225, 1115, 916, 737, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₂H₂₇FNaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 529.1606, Found: 529.1602; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 13.4 min (major) and 17.4 min (minor).

(*R*)-5-(4-Bromobenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, Ph₃Si \cap entry 8, 3ah): $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ +27.3 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (86% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (6H, app dt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.40-7.36 (8H, m, ArH), 7.13 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, ArH), 3.30 (2H, s, ArCH₂), 1.65 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.30 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9, 135.5, 132.7, 132.6, 132.3, 131.3, 130.2, 128.1, 121.7, 111.6, 104.7, 89.7, 75.9, 43.8, 27.0, 26.7; IR (neat) 2924, 1796, 1429, 1271, 1115, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $C_{32}H_{27}BrNaO_3Si([M+Na]^+)$: 589.0805, Found: 589.0820; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 23.4 min (minor) and 26.8 min (major).

(R)-5-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2,



entry 9, 3ai): $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +13.5 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (85% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (6H, app dt, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.40-7.34 (8H, m, ArH), 7.20 (1H, m, ArH), 7.13 (1H, m, ArH), 3.73 (1H, d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, ArCH), 3.45 (1H, d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, ArCH), 1.65 (3H, s,

CH₃), 1.27 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 135.9, 135.5, 132.3, 132.2, 132.0, 130.1, 129.6, 128.8, 128.0, 126.7, 111.7, 104.8, 89.5, 76.3, 40.8, 26.82, 26.79; IR (neat) 3069, 2997, 1796, 1429, 1271, 1113, 1082, 914, 739, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₂H₂₇ClKO₃Si([M+K]⁺): 561.1050, Found: 561.1040; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 14.5 min (major) and 19.2 min (minor).

(R)-5-(4-Methoxybenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2,

Ph₃Si entry 10, 3aj): $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +4.8 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (83% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (6H, app dt, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.39-7.35 (6H, m, ArH), 7.18 (2H, d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, ArH), 6.79 (2H, d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, ArH), 3.77 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.33 (1H, d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, ArCH₂), 3.29 (1H, d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, ArCH₂), 1.64 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.24 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 159.0, 135.5, 132.5, 132.1, 130.1, 128.0, 125.7, 113.5, 111.5, 105.4, 89.0, 76.4, 55.2, 43.6, 26.87, 26.85; IR (neat) 1796, 1514, 1429, 1273, 1252, 1115, 735, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₃H₃₀NaO₄Si([M+Na]⁺): 541.1806, Found: 541.1805; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 21.7 min (major) and 27.4 min (minor). (*R*)-5-Allyl-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry 11, 3ak):

Ph₃Si $(\alpha)_{D}^{22}$ +3.2 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (76% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (6H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.43 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.37 (6H, app t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 5.84 (1H, m, CH₂CH=CH₂), 5.27-5.23 (2H, m, C=CH₂), 2.86 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.4, 7.2 Hz, C=CCH), 2.76 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.4, 7.2 Hz, C=CCH), 1.70 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.59 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 135.5, 132.4, 130.2, 130.0, 128.0, 121.1, 111.4, 105.1, 89.0, 75.4, 42.8, 27.2, 26.7; IR (neat) 3069, 2997, 1798, 1429, 1275, 1115, 914, 743, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₆NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 461.1543, Found: 461.1540; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 13.8 min (major) and 17.2 min (minor).

(R)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-5-prenyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry 12,



3al): $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$ +5.2 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (80% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (6H, dd, *J* = 6.4, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.43 (3H, tt, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.37 (6H, app t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, ArH), 5.23 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, C=CH), 2.82 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, C=CCH₂), 2.72 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, C=CCH₂), 1.73 (3H,

s, C=CCH₃), 1.69 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.63 (3H, s, C=CCH₃), 1.56 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 138.1, 135.5, 132.5, 130.1, 128.0, 115.8, 111.2, 105.6, 88.3, 76.0, 37.4, 27.1, 26.8, 26.0, 18.2; IR (neat) 2995, 1796, 1429, 1273, 1240, 1113, 1086, 920, 739, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₀H₃₀KO₃Si([M+K]⁺): 505.1596, Found: 505.1590; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 11.6 min (major) and 14.4 min (minor).

(R)-5-methallyl-2,2-Dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry 13,



3am): $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$ +10.1 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (86% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (6H, dd, *J* = 6.4, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.43 (3H, tt, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.38-7.34 (6H, m, ArH), 4.97 (1H, app t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, C=CH₂), 4.92 (1H, d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, C=CH₂), 2.81 (1H, d, *J* = 14 Hz, ArCH), 2.75 (1H, d, *J* = 14 Hz,

ArCH), 1.83 (3H, s, CH₂=CCH₃), 1.70 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.58 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 169.4, 138.9, 135.5, 132.5, 130.1, 128.0, 116.9, 111.3, 105.4, 88.9, 76.0, 45.8, 27.2, 26.7, 24.1; IR (neat) 2922, 1798, 1429, 1275, 1234, 1115, 914, 743, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₉H₂₈NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 475.1700, Found: 475.1704; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 12.4 min (major) and 15.9 min (minor).

(*R*)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-(prop-2-ynyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (Table 2, entry Ph₃Si $(\alpha)_D^{21} + 17.5 \ [c \ 1.0, CHCl_3 \ (86\% \ ee)]; ^1H NMR \ (400 \ MHz, CDCl_3) \delta$ 7.59 (6H, dd, $J = 8.0, 1.6 \ Hz, ArH$), 7.44 (3H, tt, $J = 7.2, 1.6 \ Hz, ArH$), 7.39-7.35 (6H, m, ArH), 3.01 (2H, d, $J = 2.4 \ Hz, C \equiv CCH_2$), 2.14 (1H, t, J = 12

2.4 Hz, C=CH), 1.72 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.67 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.1, 135.5, 132.2, 130.2, 128.1, 111.9, 103.8, 89.8, 77.1, 74.7, 72.4, 29.8, 26.9, 26.8; IR (neat) 3291, 2999, 1798, 1429, 1275, 1240, 1113, 920, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₈H₂₄KO₃Si([M+K]⁺): 475.1126, Found: 475.1136; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 18.4 min (major) and 27.6 min (minor).



Determination of the Absolute Configuration by X-ray Crystallographic Analysis.

(*R*)-5-(2,6-Dimethylbenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one: $[\alpha]_{p}^{25}$ +12.1 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (81% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (6H, app dt, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.42 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.40-7.32 (6H, m, ArH), 7.06 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8 Hz, ArH), 6.97 (2H, d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 3.63 (1H, d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, ArCH), 3.41 (1H, d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, ArCH), 2.35 (6H, s, ArCH₃), 1.63 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.39 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.1, 138.7, 135.5, 132.3, 131.6, 130.1, 128.3, 128.0, 127.1, 111.5, 105.2, 89.4, 76.9, 38.1, 27.2, 26.7, 21.2; IR (neat) 1796, 1429, 1267, 1231, 1113, 1086, 903, 773, 739, 710, 698 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₄H₃₂NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 539.2013, Found: 539.2001; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralpak IC, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 200:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 12.0 min (major) and 13.7 min (minor).

To a stirred solution of (*R*)-5-(2,6-dimethylbenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (0.1 mmol, 51.7 mg) in (*S*)-1-phenylethylamine (1.0 mmol, 110 μ L) was stirred at 130 °C for 24 h. The reaction mixture was then poured into 1N HCl and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate = 3:1) to give the title compound as a white solid (0.048 mmol, 27.8 mg, 48% yield).

N-(*S*)-1-Phenylethyl (*R*)-2-(2,6-dimethylbenzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(triphenylsilyl)but-3-ynamide: $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ +5.3 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (6H, app dt, *J* = 6.4, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.42 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.35-7.31 (6H, m, ArH), 7.23-7.20 (3H, m, ArH), 7.13-7.10 (2H, m, ArH), 7.01 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 6.86 (2H, d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArH), 6.71 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, NH), 5.05 (1H, app quint, *J* = 7.6 Hz, ArCHN), 3.59 (1H, s, OH), 3.46 (1H, d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, ArCH), 3.31 (1H, d, J = 14.4 Hz, ArCH), 2.21 (6H, s, ArCH₃), 1.36 (3H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, NCHCH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.0, 142.1, 138.7, 135.5, 132.4, 132.0, 130.1, 128.7, 128.4, 128.0, 127.4, 126.8, 125.9, 108.9, 88.0, 73.5, 49.7, 39.7, 21.9, 21.2; IR (neat) 1657, 1516, 1427, 1111, 1080, 907, 733, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₃₉H₃₇NNaO₂Si([M+Na]⁺): 602.2486, Found: 602.2488.

The product was recrystallized from hexane/dichloromethane. The single crystal was mounted on a MicroMeshTM (MiTeGen). Data of X-ray diffraction were collected by a Rigaku RAXIS-RAPID Imaging Plate two-dimensional area detector using graphite-monochromated CuKa (l = 1.54187 Å) to a maximam 2θ value of 136.5°. The crystal structure was solved by the direct methods and refined by the full-matrix least squares using the program SHELXL-97.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms were refined by using the riding model. The crystallographic data were summarized in the following table.

The absolute configuration was determined by reference to the Flack parameter⁴ -0.01(3). The crystallographic data were summarized in the following table.

empirical formula	C ₃₉ H ₃₇ NO ₂ Si
formula weight	579.81
crystal system	orthorhombic
space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁ (#19)
<i>a</i> , Å	10.22255(18)
b, Å	13.9241(3)
<i>c</i> , Å	22.6976(4)
$V, Å^3$	3230.77(10)
Ζ	4
$D_{\text{cale}}, \text{g/cm}^3$	1.192
T, ℃	-150
μ (CuK α), cm ⁻¹	9.022
no. of reflns meased	32834
no. of reflns obsd	5875
no. of reflns variable	397
R (All reflections)	0.0808
R _w (All reflections)	0.1222
Goodness of Fit	1.174
Flack Parameter (Friedel pairs = 2555)	-0.01(3)

The crystal structure has been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC 733521). The data can be obtained free of charge via the Internet at www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html.







To a mixture of 2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (39.9 mg, 0.1 mmol) and chiral quaternary ammonium bromide (*S*,*S*)-7 (1.7 mg, 0.001 mmol) in *tert*-butyl methyl ether (TBME) (1.0 mL) was added 3-buten-2-one (16.2 μ L, 0.20 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (65.2 mg, 0.20 mmol) at -40 °C. After stirring for 24 h at -40 °C, the resulting mixture was then poured into saturated NH₄Cl aq and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate = 6:1) to give the title compound as a white solid (38.0 mg, 0.081 mmol, 81% yield).

(*R*)-2,2-Dimethyl-5-(3-oxobutyl)-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (8): $[\alpha]_{D}^{23}$ +39.1 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (90% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61-7.57 (6H, m, ArH), 7.44 (3H, tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.38 (6H, m, ArH), 2.79 (1H, dq, *J* = 18.0, 5.2 Hz, COCH), 2.63 (1H, dq, *J* = 18.0, 5.2 Hz, COCH), 2.63 (1H, dq, *J* = 18.0, 5.2 Hz, COCH), 2.12 (3H, s, COCH₃), 1.70 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.59 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.3, 169.2, 135.4, 132.3, 130.2, 128.1, 111.4, 104.7, 89.5, 74.7, 37.9, 32.7, 29.9, 27.4, 26.5; IR (neat) 1796, 1719, 1429, 1385, 1267, 1244, 1213, 1113, 916, 741, 708, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₉H₂₈NaO₄Si([M+Na]⁺): 491.1649, Found: 491.1633; HPLC analysis: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/isopropyl alcohol = 60:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, retention time; 16.3 min (major) and 18.7 min (minor).

Determination of the Absolute Configuration by X-ray Crystallographic Analysis.

The product was recrystallized from methanol. The single crystal was mounted on a MicroMeshTM (MiTeGen). Data of X-ray diffraction were collected by a Rigaku RAXIS-RAPID Imaging Plate two-dimensional area detector using graphite-monochromated CuKa (l = 1.54187 Å) to a maximam 2θ value of 136.5°. The crystal structure was solved by the direct methods and refined by the full-matrix least squares using the program SHELXL-97.³ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atoms were refined by using the riding model. The crystallographic data were summarized in the following table.

The absolute configuration was determined by reference to the Flack parameter⁴ 0.00(2). The crystallographic data were summarized in the following table.

empirical formula	$C_{29}H_{28}O_4Si$
formula weight	468.62
crystal system	orthorhombic
space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁ (#19)
<i>a</i> , Å	11.1919(2)
b, Å	14.0119(3)
<i>c</i> , Å	16.5141(3)
<i>V</i> , Å ³	2589.72(8)
Ζ	4
$D_{\text{calc}}, \text{g/cm}^3$	1.202
T, °C	-150
μ (CuK α), cm ⁻¹	10.533
no. of reflns meased	26668
no. of reflns obsd	4720
no. of reflns variable	309
R (All reflections)	0.0370
R _w (All reflections)	0.0830
Goodness of Fit	1.043
Flack Parameter (Friedel pairs = 2043)	0.00(2)

The crystal structure has been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC 719866). The data can be obtained free of charge via the Internet at www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html.



Selective Transformation of the Protecting Groups of 3aa (Scheme 4). (*R*)-2-Benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-(triphenylsilyl)but-3-ynoic acid (9).



To a stirred solution of 5-benzyl-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one **3aa** (0.1 mmol, 48.9 mg) in dioxane (2.0 mL) and H₂O (0.5 mL) was added conc. HCl (0.5 mL) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was refluxed at 90 °C for 3 h, and then poured into water and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate/acetic acid = 1:1:0.05) to give the title compound as colorless oil (0.097 mmol, 43.5 mg, 97% yield).

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$ -21.8 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (89% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 (6H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, ArH), 7.42-7.33 (9H, m, ArH), 7.29-7.20 (5H, m, ArH), 3.38 (1H, d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, ArCH), 3.29 (1H, d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, ArCH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.8, 135.5, 133.9, 132.6, 130.7, 130.1, 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 106.4, 87.3, 72.0, 45.9; IR (neat) 1724, 1429, 1113, 907, 735, 708, 696 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₂₉H₂₄NaO₃Si([M+Na]⁺): 471.1387, Found: 471.1391.

(R)-Methyl 2-benzyl-2-hydroxybut-3-ynoate (10).



To a stirred solution of 5-benzyl-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one **3aa** (0.1 mmol, 48.9 mg) in methanol (1.0 mL) was added K₂CO₃ (0.5 mL) at 0 °C. After stirring for 2 h, the reaction mixture was poured into 1N HCl and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent with hexane/ethyl acetate = 5:1) to give the title compound as colorless oil (0.096 mmol, 19.6 mg, 96% yield).

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{24}$ 2.5 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (89% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32-7.24 (5H, m, ArH), 3.83 (3H, s, CO₂CH₃), 3.42 (1H, s, OH), 3.29 (1H, d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, ArCH), 3.25 (1H, d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, ArCH), 2.59 (1H, s, C=CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.8, 134.2, 130.4, 128.2, 127.4, 82.0, 73.8, 71.3, 53.7, 46.1; IR (neat) 1742, 1456, 1437, 1263, 1209, 1098, 1032, 743, 700, 667 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂NaO₃([M+Na]⁺): 227.0679, Found: 227.0674.

(R)-5-Benzyl-5-ethynyl-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-one (11).



To a stirred solution of 5-benzyl-2,2-dimethyl-5-((triphenylsilyl)ethynyl)-1,3-dioxolan-4-one **3aa** (0.1 mmol, 48.9 mg) in THF (1.0 mL) was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M in THF, 0.1 mL) at 0 °C. After stirring for 10 min, the reaction mixture was poured into saturated NH₄Cl aq and extracted with AcOEt. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate = 20:1) to give the title compound as colorless oil (0.087 mmol, 20.0 mg, 87% yield).

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{19}$ +8.8 [*c* 1.0, CHCl₃ (89% ee)]; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31-7.24 (5H, m, ArH), 3.34 (1H, d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, ArCH), 3.27 (1H, d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, ArCH), 2.73 (1H, s, C=CH), 1.65 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.12 (3H, s, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 133.5, 131.1, 128.2, 127.6, 111.6, 80.3, 76.2, 75.7, 44.3, 26.9, 26.6; IR (neat) 3289, 1794, 1389, 1379, 1275, 1233, 1121, 920, 700 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C₁₄H₁₄NaO₃([M+Na]⁺): 253.0835, Found: 253.0829.

References

- (1) T. Ooi, M. Kameda, M. Taniguchi, K. Maruoka, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2005, 127, 9685.
- (2) L. G. Mueller, R. G. Lawton, J. Org. Chem. 1979, 44, 4741.
- (3) G. M. Sheldrick, SHELX-97: Program for Crystal Structure Refinement, University of Gottingen, Germany, 1997.
- (4) H. D. Flack, Acta Cryst. 1983, A39, 876.

































S31

PPM















































































