Supporting Information

A Concise Synthesis of the Molecular Framework of Pleuromutilin

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General Methods. All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of argon with magnetic stirring unless otherwise indicated. Palladium (II) acetate was purchased from Gelest. In other cases, commercial reagents of high purity were purchased from either Aldrich or Acros and used without further purification. Tetrahydrofuran (THF), dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂), toluene, benzene, ether (Et₂O), acetonitrile (CH₃CN), triethylamine (NEt₃), and pyridine were dried by passing through activated alumina columns. Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) carried out on 0.25 mm Whatman silica gel plates Partisil K6F (60 Å) using UV light as a visualizing agent and aqueous potassium permanganate or ethanolic *p*-anisaldehyde solution and heat as developing agents. Silica gel from SiliCycle silicaFlash P60 40-63 μ m (230-400 mecsh) or from Dynamic Adsorbent Inc 32-63 μ m was used for flash column chromatography.

Instrumentation. FT-IR spectra were obtained on a Perkin-Elmer Paragon 500. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were obtained on a 500 MHz Bruker AVANCE spectrometer and calibrated to the residual solvent peak. Coupling constant values were extracted assuming first-order coupling and are given in Hz. The multiplicities are abbreviated as follows: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, and br = broad signal. High resolution mass spectra were obtained on a Kratos MS 50 using electrospray ionization (ESI).



3a-vinyloctahydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (**10**): To a suspension of copper(I) bromide dimethyl sulfide complex (CuBr•Me₂S, 10.4 g, 50 mmol, 2 eq.) in 150 mL ether, vinylmagnesium bromide (1.0 M in THF, 100 mL, 100 mmol, 4 eq.) was added dropwise at -40 °C and the mixture turned dark. After stirring at - 40 °C for 1.5 hours, the mixture was cooled to -78 °C and BF₃• Et₂O (7.7 mL, 7.1 g, 50 mmol, 2 eq.) was added dropwise. 10 minutes later, enone 4¹ (3.4 g, 25 mmol, 1 eq.) in 50 mL ether was added dropwise at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 5 hours, and then was slowly warmed to room temperature. 200 mL of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl was added, and the mixture was extracted with ether (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl twice and brine once, then dried over MgSO₄ and filtered through Celite before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ether/pentane: 1/19) to give ketone 10 (2.7 g, 66%) as an oil and as a 2:1 mixture of diastereomers. Major diastereomer: ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.92 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 10.8), 5.13 (1H, d, J = 10.8), 5.08 (1H, d, J = 10.8) (17.5), 2.37 - 2.23 (2H, m), 2.17 (1H, s), 2.01 (1H, dd, J = 13.5, 2.8), 1.84 - 1.69 (2H, m), 1.60 (1H, t, J = 14.2), 1.52 - 1.42 (3H, m), 1.40 - 1.29 (1H, m), 1.28 - 1.20 (1H, m), 1.11- 1.00 (1H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 219.7, 145.0, 112.9, 53.8, 44.8, 34.9, 32.9, 32.1, 22.7, 21.7, 21.3. IR (neat): v 2932, 2859, 1741, 1638, 1448 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for $C_{11}H_{17}O([M+H]^+)$ 165.12794, found 165.12746.



3a-vinyl-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (**13**): Hexamethyldisilazane (HMDS, 26 mL, 20 g, 125 mmol, 7.6 eq.) was added dropwise to a solution of ketone 10 (2.7 g, 16.5 mmol, 1 eq.) in 50 mL dichloromethane at -20 °C, followed by dropwise addition of trimethylsilyl iodide (TMSI, 8.8 mL, 13 g, 63 mmol, 3.8 eq.). The mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature and stirred for 4 hours. The dark greenish mixture was cooled back to -20 °C, and another portion of HMDS (10 mL, 8.0 g, 50 mmol, 3 eq.) and TMSI (3.5 mL, 5.1 g, 25 mmol, 1.5 eq.) was added dropwise. The system was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred overnight. 300 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added to the orange mixture at 0 °C before extraction with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with brine and then dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure to give crude silvl enol ether 11. Palladium (II) acetate (Pd(OAc)₂, 3.7 g, 16.5 mmol, 1 eq.) was added to a solution of the crude **11** in 50 mL acetonitrile in one portion at room temperature. After the solution was stirred for 2.5 hours, Pd(OAc)₂ (1.9 g, 8.5 mmol, 0.5 eq.) was added in three portions during the next 2 hours. Ether, saturated aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ and an excess of Na₂S₂O₃ solid were added after the mixture was filtered through Celite, and the resultant two-phase solution was stirred overnight until the organic layer turned colorless. After filtration through Celite, the mixture was extracted with ether, and the combined organic layers were washed with brine twice, and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ether/pentane: 1/10) to give enone 12 (1.8 g, 68%) as a volatile oil. Due to this compound's volatility, not all the ether could be removed, and the yield was calculated by integration of the ¹H-NMR spectrum; the mixture was used directly in the next step. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.80 (1H, d, J = 3.2, 5.74 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 10.3), 5.15 (1H, d, J = 10.3), 4.75 (1H, dd, J = 17.3, 1.0), 2.36 - 2.05 (5H, m), 1.91 (1H, dd, J = 12.6, 3.1), 1.68 - 1.53 (3H, m), 1.34 - 1.23 (1H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 207.0, 143.8, 141.4, 134.2, 117.0, 46.6, 35.2, 34.4, 33.9, 25.5, 17.9.

(3aS,4*R*,7aS)-3-oxo-7a-vinyloctahydro-1*H*-indene-4-carbonitrile (**13**): To a solution of enone **12** (160mg, 1.0 mmol, 1 eq.) in 5 mL of benzene was added diethylaluminum cyanide (1.0 M in toluene, 3.0 mL, 3.0 mmol, 3 eq.) dropwise at -10 °C. The solution was slowly warmed to room temperature over 3 hours, and the reaction mixture turned red. Saturated aqueous sodium potassium tartrate (Rochelle's salt) was added, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The mixture was extracted with ether, and the combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ether/pentane: 1/3) to give ketone **13** (166 mg, 89%, >95:5 dr) as a solid. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.14 (1H, dd, J = 17.4, 10.9), 5.27 (1H, d, J = 10.8), 5.26 (1H, d, J = 17.6), 3.42 (1H, dd, J = 3.6, 0.9), 2.46 - 2.25 (3H, m), 1.94 - 1.71 (5H, m), 1.60 - 1.52 (1H, m), 1.28 (1H, dddd, J = 8.1, 4.8, 4.0, 1.6), 1.21 - 1.13 (1H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 214.5, 142.8, 121.8, 114.5, 55.4, 44.1, 33.9, 33.0, 30.3, 25.4, 23.9, 18.2. M.P.: 41-42 °C. IR (neat): v 3084, 2940, 2868, 2237, 1745, 1452 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₂H₁₆NO ([M+H]⁺) 190.12319, found 190.12271.



(3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-5,5-dimethyl-3a'-vinyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxane-2,1'-indene]-7'carbonitrile (**14**): A solution of **13** (0.51 g, 2.7 mmol, 1 eq.), 2,2-dimethylpropane-1,3diol (1.4 g, 13.5 mmol, 5 eq.), and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (0.26 g, 1.35 mmol, 0.5 eq.) in 25 mL benzene was stirred at reflux using a Dean-Stark trap for removal of water. Upon consumption of **13** by TLC, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (50 ml) was added at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ether/hexane: 1/9) to give ketal **14** (0.71 g, 95%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.99 (1H, dd, *J* = 17.5, 10.8), 5.13 (1H, d, *J* = 17.6), 5.11 (1H, d, *J* = 10.8), 3.54 (2H, t, *J* = 11.6), 3.45 - 3.34 (2H, m), 3.23 - 3.14 (1H, m), 2.19 (1H, s), 2.05 (1H, ddd, *J* = 13.2, 9.0, 4.0), 2.00 - 1.86 (2H, m), 1.75 - 1.61 (4H, m), 1.55 - 1.42 (3H, m), 1.19 (3H, s), 0.72 (3H, s). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 145.4, 123.8, 112.8, 109.0, 72.5, 71.4, 54.7, 44.2, 36.7, 30.1, 30.0, 28.6, 25.9, 23.9, 22.8, 22.2, 18.4. IR (neat): v 3083, 2951, 2868, 2237, 1638, 1471, 1396 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₇H₂₆NO₂ ([M+H]⁺) 276.19635, found 276.19539.



(3a'R,7'R,7a'S)-5,5-dimethyl-3a'-(3-methylbut-3-enyl)octahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxane-2,1'indene]-7'-carbonitrile (**15**): 9-borabicyclo(3.3.1)nonane (9-BBN, 0.5 M in THF, 2.67 mL, 1.33 mmol, 2 eq.) was added to ketal **14** (183 mg, 0.67 mmol, 1 eq.) at room temperature under argon. The solution was stirred for 3.5 hours until **14** was consumed by TLC. In a separate flask, a solution of 2-bromopropene (0.29 mL, 0.40 g, 3.3 mmol, 5 eq.) in 10 mL DMF was stirred, and cesium carbonate (Cs₂CO₃, 0.54 g, 1.67 mmol, 2.5 eq.), triphenylarsine (AsPh₃, 41 mg, 0.13 mmol, 0.2 eq.), [1,1-bis(diphenylphosphino) ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II) (PdCl₂(dppf), 97 mg, 0.13 mmol, 0.2 eq.), and H₂O (0.5

mL) were added successively at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 5 minutes, and the crude alkyl borane from **14** was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred overnight and then quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/20) to give **13** (150 mg, 71%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 4.70 (1H, s), 4.68 (1H, s), 3.53 (2H, t, *J* = 11.1), 3.43 - 3.33 (2H, m), 3.21 - 3.13 (1H, m), 2.04 - 1.85 (7H, m), 1.76 - 1.44 (10H, m), 1.35 (1H, td, *J* = 13.8, 4.2), 1.17 (3H, s), 0.71 (3H, s). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 146.2, 124.1, 109.9, 109.2, 72.5, 71.3, 54.7, 41.2, 36.7, 34.7, 32.8, 30.1, 29.7, 28.2, 26.1, 23.6, 22.8, 22.8, 22.2, 18.0. IR (neat): v 2941, 2867, 2235, 1648, 1457, 1133, 1100 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₂₀H₃₂NO₂ ([M+H]⁺) 318.24330, found 318.24323.



1-((3a'R,7'R,7a'S)-5,5-dimethyl-3a'-(3-methylbut-3-enyl)octahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)prop-2-en-1-one (17): To a solution of nitrile 15 (13 mg, 0.041 mmol, 1 eq.) in 1.5 mL toluene was added diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL, 1.0 M in toluene, 0.05 mL, 0.05 mmol, 1.2 eq.) dropwise at -78 °C. Upon completion by TLC, 0.3 mL methanol was added at -78 °C. The bath was removed, and 0.5 mL aqueous citric acid (1.0 M) was then added. The reaction was stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and brine and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, giving crude aldehyde 16 in quantative yield without purification. To a solution of crude 16 in 2 mL THF was added vinylmagnesium bromide (1.0 M in THF, 0.045 mL, 0.045 mmol, 1.1 eq.) at -78 °C. Upon consumption of 16, saturated aqueous NH₄Cl was added at -78 $^{\circ}$ C. After extraction with ether, drying, and removal of the solvent, the crude allylic alcohol mixture was subjected to a solution of Dess-Martin periodinane (DMP, 52 mg, 0.12 mmol, 3 eq.) and pyridine (0.1 mL) in 2 mL dichloromethane. After quenching with NaHCO₃ and extraction with dichloromethane, the mixture was dried over Na₂SO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/19) to give 17 (7 mg, 50% over 3 steps). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 6.42 (1H, dd, J = 17.4, 10.6), 6.22 (1H, d, J = 17.4), 5.65 (1H, d, J = 10.5), 4.64 (2H, s), 3.48 (1H, d, J = 11.2), 3.44 (1H, d, J = 11.1), 3.33 (1H, d, J = 11.2), 3.25(1H, d, J = 11.0), 2.97 (1H, m), 2.33 (1H, d, J = 7.9), 2.03 - 1.80 (4H, m), 1.75 - 1.31(13H, m), 1.03 (3H, s), 0.67 (3H, s). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.5, 146.9, 136.1, 126.7, 109.8, 109.4, 71.7, 71.7, 55.1, 43.8, 41.7, 38.0, 33.1, 32.6, 30.8, 30.3, 28.9, 25.8, 22.9, 22.8, 22.3, 19.7. IR (neat): v 2935, 2865, 1698, 1456, 1397, 1133, 1110 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for $C_{22}H_{35}O_3$ ([M+H]⁺) 347.25862, found 347.25838.

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tricyclic pleuromutilin derivative **18:** To a solution of enone **17** (7 mg, 0.02 mmol) in 10 mL dichloromethane was added Grubbs' second generation olefin metathesis catalyst (Grubbs II, 2 mg, 0.002 mmol, 0.1 eq.) at room temperature. The solution was refluxed for 24 hours, and additional Grubbs II was added during this period (2 x 2 mg). Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added, and the solution was extracted with dichloromethane. The organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/9) to give **18** (2-3 mg, 31-47%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.66 (1H, s), 3.57 (1H, d, *J* = 10.9), 3.55 (1H, d, *J* = 10.9), 3.42 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.1, 2.8), 3.38 (1H, dd, J 11.1, 2.8), 2.65 (1H, s), 2.61 - 2.56 (1H, m), 2.26 - 2.05 (5H, m), 1.94 (1H, tt, *J* = 13.3, 5.1), 1.85 - 1.72 (5H, m), 1.65 (1H, td, *J* = 13.3, 4.6), 1.45 (1H, qd, *J* = 13.7, 9.5), 1.37 - 1.30 (1H, m), 1.26 - 1.21 (2H, m), 1.15 (3H, s), 1.04 (1H, d, *J* = 13.7), 0.71 (3H, s). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 210.4, 148.5, 124.4, 110.1, 72.8, 71.0, 49.9, 45.9, 41.0, 33.2, 32.0, 31.9, 31.0, 30.1, 29.2, 27.1, 22.6, 22.2, 20.9, 17.7. IR (neat): v 2944, 2867, 2360, 1666, 1457 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₂₀H₃₁O₃ ([M+H]⁺) 319.22732, found 319.22691.



3a-allyl-2,3,3a,4,5,6-hexahydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (**21**): To a suspension of CuBr•Me₂S (5.06 g, 24.6 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in THF (100 ml) was added 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 4.00 g, 32.8 mmol, 2.0 eq.) at -78 °C. The green suspension was stirred for 5 minutes at -78 °C before dropwise addition of Grignard reagent **19**² (2.5 M solution in THF, 20 ml, 50 mmol, 3.0 eq.). After 30 minutes of stirring, a solution of **5**³ (2.00 g, 16.4 mmol, 1 eq.) in THF (20 ml) and trimethylsilyl chloride (4.10 ml, 32.78 mmol, 2.0 eq.) were added successively at -78 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1 hour at -78 °C and was allowed to warm to room temperature overnight. Upon consumption of **5** by TLC, aqueous HCl (5 M, 100 ml) was added, and the mixture was refluxed for 6 hours until the reaction was complete. Upon cooling to room temperature, the reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (200 ml), followed by addition of ether (200 ml). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ether (2 x 100 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel

(ether/pentane: 1/9) to give **21** (1.77 g, 61% from **5**) as a pale orange oil. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.64 (1H, t, J = 3.7), 5.78 (1H, ddt, J = 17.4, 10.2, 7.4), 5.11 – 5.05 (2H, m), 2.43 - 2.26 (2H, m), 2.24 - 2.07 (5H, m), 2.04 (1H, dt, J = 13.0, 3.4), 1.74 – 1.68 (2H, m), 1.38 (1H, ddd, J = 12.6, 9.6, 0.7), 1.11 (1H, td, J = 12.6, 5.4). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 207.4, 145.4, 134.4, 132.7, 118.1, 41.6, 40.2, 35.2, 32.5, 32.0, 25.1, 17.7. IR (neat): v 2935, 2870, 1718, 1651, 1458, 1419 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₂H₁₇O ([M+H]⁺) 177.12794, found 177.1266.



(3aS,4*R*,7aS)-7a-allyl-3-oxooctahydro-1*H*-indene-4-carbonitrile (**S1**): To a solution of **21** (1.77 g, 10 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in 50 mL toluene was added Et₂AlCN (1.0 M solution in toluene, 20 mL, 20 mmol, 2.0 eq.) dropwise at -10 °C. The reaction was stirred at 0 °C and was monitored by TLC. Upon complete consumption of **21** by TLC (~3 hours), the solution was cooled to -20 °C, and saturated aqueous Rochelle's salt (125 ml) was added. The bath was removed, and the reaction was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ether (2 x 25 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/10) to give **S1** (1.93 g, 94%, >95:5 dr). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.91 - 5.77 (1H, m), 5.27 - 5.16 (2H, m), 3.39 (1H, d, *J* = 2.3), 2.61 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.0, 7.9), 2.49 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.0, 6.9), 2.37 - 2.17 (3H, m), 1.91 - 1.48 (6H, m), 1.30 - 1.16 (1H, m), 1.07 (1H, td, *J* = 13.8, 3.1). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 215.4, 133.2, 122.2, 119.8, 54.0, 41.4, 41.2, 33.6, 30.6, 25.5, 23.6, 17.6. IR (neat): v 3076, 2938, 2067, 2236, 1744, 1639, 1453, 1409 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₃H₁₈NO ([M+H]⁺) 204.13884, found 204.13864.



(3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-carbonitrile (**22**): A solution of **S1** (1.93 g, 9.5 mmol, 1.0 eq.), ethylene glycol (5.30 ml, 95 mmol, 10 eq.), and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (900 mg, 4.75 mmol, 0.5 eq.) in benzene (150 ml) was refluxed using a Dean-Stark trap for removal of water. Upon consumption of **S1** by TLC, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (50 ml) was added at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ether (50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over

MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 7.5/92.5) to give **22** (1.93 g, 82%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.84 - 5.71 (1H, m), 5.14 - 5.07 (2H, m), 4.00 - 3.83 (4H, m), 2.65 (1H, td, *J* = 7.2, 4.7), 2.42 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.9, 7.6), 2.24 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.8, 7.3), 2.02 - 1.95 (2H, m), 1.92 (2H, dd, *J* = 8.6, 7.1), 1.71 - 1.56 (2H, m), 1.56 - 1.36 (5H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 134.4, 123.8, 118.6, 118.2, 65.1, 64.3, 51.5, 43.5, 42.7, 34.6, 32.0, 30.8, 27.2, 25.5, 18.7. IR (neat): v 3075, 2236, 1638, 1455 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₅H₂₂NO₂ ([M+H]⁺) 248.16505, found 248.1652.



(S)-1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3methylbut-3-en-1-ol (23) & (R)-1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3-methylbut-3-en-1-ol (24): To a solution of 22 (200 mg, 0.81 mmol, 1 eq.) in 15 mL toluene was added DIBAL (1.0 M in toluene, 2.45 mL, 2.45 mmol, 3 eq.) at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for three hours at - 78 °C before addition of 5 mL methanol and 10 mL 10% aqueous citric acid at -78 °C. The mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature before extraction with ether. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure to give the crude aldehyde. To a solution of the resultant aldehyde in 15 mL THF was added (2methylallyl)magnesium chloride (0.5 M in THF, 1.7 mL, 0.85 mmol, 1.05 eq.) dropwise at -78 °C. The solution was stirred for 10 minutes at -78 °C, and saturated aqueous NH₄Cl was added at this temperature. The mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature and extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine successively and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 3/17) to give a mixture of 23 and 24 (206 mg, 84%, 1:2 dr). These two diastereomers were further separated by repeated chromatography (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/19).

(23): ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.86 (1H, td, J = 17.0, 7.4), 5.09 - 5.00 (2H, m), 4.88 (1H, s), 4.81 (1H, s), 3.96 - 3.89 (3H, m), 3.78 (2H, dt, J = 17.4, 10.5), 2.36 (1H, d, J = 13.5), 2.26 (1H, dd, J = 13.7, 7.6), 2.17 (1H, dd, J = 13.6, 7.2), 2.10 (2H, s), 1.93 (1H, dd, J = 13.1, 10.8), 1.82 - 1.60 (8H, m), 1.51 - 1.37 (4H, m), 1.37 - 1.23 (2H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.8, 136.0, 119.4, 117.4, 113.6, 69.5, 64.7, 63.7, 49.1, 44.9, 43.4, 41.6, 37.9, 34.5, 34.3, 31.6, 22.7, 22.4, 18.0. IR (neat): v 3555, 3073, 2934, 1640, 1455 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₉H₃₀NaO₃ ([M+Na]⁺) 329.20926, found 329.20896.

(24): ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.87 - 5.75 (1H, m), 5.09 - 5.01 (2H, m), 4.85 (1H, s), 4.79 (1H, s), 3.95 - 3.80 (5H, m), 2.27 - 2.19 (2H, m), 2.13 (2H, ddd, *J* = 13.9, 8.4,

5.8), 1.89 (2H, dd, J = 12.5, 5.9), 1.81 - 1.72 (5H, m), 1.70 - 1.29 (9H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.7, 135.8, 119.4, 117.5, 113.1, 69.3, 64.5, 63.8, 50.1, 45.2, 43.9, 41.8, 37.5, 34.1, 34.1, 31.6, 22.5, 20.7, 18.0. IR (neat): v 3478, 3073, 2939, 1639, 1455 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₁₉H₃₀NaO₃ ([M+Na]⁺) 329.20926, found 329.20887.



1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3-methylbut-3-en-1-one (25): To a solution of 24 (0.43 g, 1.4 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in 20 mL dichloromethane was added NaHCO₃ (1.2 g, 14 mmol, 10 eq.) and Dess-Martin periodinane (DMP, 0.78 g, 1.8 mmol, 1.3 eq.) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours and then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. After the organic layer turned transparent, the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/9 to give **25** (0.32 g, 75%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.89 - 5.71 (1H, m), 5.08 -5.00 (2H, m), 4.95 - 4.92 (1H, m), 4.78 (1H, d, *J* = 0.8), 3.92 (1H, ddd, *J* = 8.2, 6.4, 3.4), 3.73 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 6.7), 3.57 (1H, dt, J = 8.5, 6.6), 3.40 (1H, td, J = 6.7, 3.4), 3.31 (1H, td, J = 6.7, 3.4), 3.4, 3.31 (1H, td, J = 6.7, 3.4), 3.4, 3. d, J = 16.6), 3.20 (1H, dd, J = 16.6), 2.50 - 2.42 (1H, m), 2.25 (2H, qd, J = 13.7, 7.4), 2.15 (1H, d, J = 11.3), 2.06 - 2.01 (2H, m), 1.83 - 1.68 (5H, m), 1.66 - 1.60 (1H, m), 1.46- 1.31 (4H, m), 0.96 (1H, tdd, J = 12.4, 5.7, 3.5). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 210.9, 140.0, 135.4, 119.7, 117.7, 114.8, 64.7, 64.3, 51.8, 51.1, 48.2, 45.0, 43.6, 34.7, 32.0, 29.6, 28.4, 23.0, 21.1. IR (neat): v 3075, 2928, 2857, 1714 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for $C_{19}H_{29}O_3$ ([M+H]⁺) 305.21167, found 305.2113.



(S)-1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3methylbut-3-en-1-ol (**23**): To a solution of **25** (80 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 eq.) in 5 mL THF was added lithium aluminum hydride (LAH, 1.0 M in ether, 8 mL, 8 mmol, 30 eq.) at -78 °C, and the solution was stirred at -78 °C for 2 hours. The reaction was carefully quenched with Rochelle's salt at -78 °C and slowly warmed to room temperature. The mixture was extracted with ether, and the combined organic layers were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and brine, then dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under

reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 1/7) to give **23** (73 mg, 91%, 10:1 dr).



(S)-1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3methylbut-3-enyl 2-(trityloxy)acetate (27): To a solution of 23 (53 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 eq.) in 5 mL dichloromethane was added 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 0.10 g, 0.85 mmol, 5 eq), N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC, 0.10 g, 0.50 mmol, 3 eq), and acid 26^4 (0.11 g, 0.35 mmol, 2 eq.) successively at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 5 hours before quenching with 10 mL saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture was filtered through Celite and then extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 7/93) to give 27 (100 mg, 95%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48 (6H, d, J = 7.4), 7.33 - 7.22 (9H, m), 5.80 (1H, td, J = 17.5, 7.4), 5.46 (1H, ddd, J = 10.3, 4.3, 2.0), 5.08 - 5.00 (2H, m), 4.71 (1H, 1H, 1H)s), 4.63 (1H, s), 4.12 (1H, dd, J = 13.5, 6.7), 4.05 (1H, dd, J = 12.5, 6.9), 3.92 (1H, dd, J = 12.6, 7.1), 3.84 (1H, dd, J = 13.7, 6.9), 3.70 (2H, q, J = 15.4), 2.25 - 1.99 (5H, m), 1.76 - 1.62 (7H, m), 1.61 - 1.15 (7H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.4, 143.6, 142.6, 135.6, 128.7, 128.1, 127.3, 118.7, 117.7, 113.1, 87.3, 72.9, 64.8, 64.0, 62.9, 50.0, 45.3, 41.3, 38.1, 35.5, 34.6, 33.8, 30.8, 22.2, 20.0, 17.6. IR (neat): v 3060, 3024, 2929, 2870, 1754, 1730, 1491, 1448 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for $C_{40}H_{46}NaO_5$ ([M+Na]⁺) 629.32429, found 629.32415.



(*R*)-1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3methylbut-3-enyl 2-(trityloxy)acetate (**28**): To a solution of **24** (50 mg, 0.16 mmol, 1 eq.) in 5 mL dichloromethane was added 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 0.10 g, 0.80 mmol, 5 eq), N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC, 0.10 g, 0.50 mmol, 3 eq), and acid **26**⁴ (0.11 g, 0.35 mmol, 2 eq.) successively at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 5 hours before quenching with 10 mL saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The mixture was filtered through Celite and then extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 7/93) to give **28** (94 mg, 95%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.51 - 7.47 (6H, m), 7.33 - 7.22 (9H, m), 5.75 (1H, ddt, *J* = 17.3, 10.1, 7.3), 5.42 (1H, td, *J* = 6.9, 4.4), 4.97 (2H, ddd, *J* = 14.7, 12.6, 2.3), 4.75 - 4.73 (1H, m), 4.68 (1H, s), 4.00 - 3.90 (2H, m), 3.86 (2H, dq, *J* = 12.4, 6.9), 3.72 (2H, s), 2.25 (3H, dd, *J* = 12.0, 7.2), 2.13 (1H, dd, *J* = 13.7, 7.3), 1.85 - 1.66 (7H, m), 1.64 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0), 1.56 - 1.49 (2H, m), 1.45 - 1.26 (5H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.9, 143.6, 142.2, 135.6, 128.7, 128.1, 127.3, 119.6, 117.6, 113.4, 87.4, 73.3, 64.7, 63.9, 62.9, 50.3, 45.4, 42.5, 41.5, 36.0, 34.8, 33.2, 31.9, 22.3, 21.6, 18.5. IR (neat): v 3060, 2935, 1754, 1727, 1492, 1449 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₄₀H₄₆NaO₅ ([M+Na]⁺) 629.32429, found 629.32418.



tricyclic pleuromutilin derivative **29:** To a solution of **27** (260 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 eq.) in 300 mL dichloromethane was added Hoveyda-Grubbs catalyst 2nd Generation (Hoveyda-Grubbs II, 30 mg, 0.05 mmol, 0.11 eq.) at room temperature. The solution was refluxed for 24 hours, and another portion of Hoveyda-Grubbs II (30 mg, 0.11 eq.) was added. The solution was refluxed for one week and monitored by TLC. Upon consumption of **27**, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane: 7/93) to give **29** (200 mg, 80%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.50 (6H, d, *J* = 7.5), 7.31 (6H, t, *J* = 7.6), 7.24 (3H, t, *J* = 7.3), 5.43 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8), 4.69 (1H, dd, *J* = 10.6, 5.4), 3.94 - 3.66 (6H, m), 2.85 (1H, t, *J* = 12.3), 2.48 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.0, 8.6), 2.09 (1H, t, *J* = 6.3), 1.90 (1H, s), 1.88 (3H, s), 1.85 - 1.61 (7H, m), 1.54 (3H, m), 1.36 - 1.29 (1H, m), 1.17 (1H, d, *J* = 12.6). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.2, 143.5, 137.8, 128.8, 128.1, 127.3, 123.5, 119.4, 87.4, 75.4, 65.1, 63.4, 63.0, 47.3, 42.9, 36.3, 35.4, 35.3, 34.2, 33.4, 31.5, 24.1, 20.0, 19.7. IR (neat): v 2931, 2869, 1754, 1449, 1203, 1113, 1030 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₃₈H₄₂NaO₅ ([M+Na]⁺) 601.29299, found 601.29247.



tricyclic pleuromutilin derivative **31**: To a solution of **29** (35 mg, 0.061 mmol, 1 eq.) in 5 mL dichloromethane was added NaHCO₃ (20 mg, 0.24 mmol, 4.0 eq.). The suspension

was cooled to -20 °C and 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (77% m-CPBA, 21 mg, 0.094 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in 2 mL dichloromethane was added dropwise. The mixture was slowly warmed to 0 °C and stirred for 1 hour. Then the reaction was cooled back to -20 °C before addition of another portion of *m*-CPBA (15 mg, 0.087 mmol, 1.4 eq.) in 1 mL dichloromethane. The mixture was slowly warmed to 0 °C and stirred for 1 hour before saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The mixture was extracted with ether, and the combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl/hexane: 15/85) to give epoxide **31** (34 mg, 95%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.50 (6H, d, J = 7.5), 7.33 (6H, t, J = 7.5), 7.27 (3H, dd, J= 8.2, 6.0), 4.95 (1H, s), 3.99 - 3.86 (3H, m), 3.81 (2H, s), 3.79 - 3.72 (1H, m), 2.81 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 4.7, 2.17 (1H, s), 1.96 (1H, dd, J = 14.8, 4.6), 1.93 - 1.69 (7H, m), 1.61 -1.40 (9H, m), 1.11 (1H, d, J = 12.6). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.2, 143.3, 128.6, 128.0, 127.3, 119.2, 87.4, 74.5, 65.2, 63.4, 62.8, 60.5, 58.7, 48.0, 40.0, 36.7, 36.4, 36.0, 35.0, 32.1, 31.4, 22.3, 19.4, 19.2. M.P.: 201-202 °C. IR (neat): v 2935, 2870, 1754, 1448, 1202, 1112, 1030 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₃₈H₄₂NaO₆ ([M+Na]⁺) 617.28791, found 617.28752.



((S)-1-((3a'S,7'R,7a'S)-3a'-allyloctahydrospiro[[1,3]dioxolane-2,1'-indene]-7'-yl)-3methylbut-3-envloxy)triethylsilane (S2): To a solution of 23 (40 mg, 0.13 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in 5 mL dichloromethane, triethylamine (Et₃N, 0.05 mL, 36 mg, 0.36 mmol, 2.8 eq.) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 1.5 mg, 0.012 mmol, 0.1 eq.) were added before addition of triethylsilyl chloride (TESCl, 0.035 mL, 30 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.5 eq.) dropwise at room temperature. The solution was stirred overnight before addition of another portion of Et₃N (0.05mL, 36 mg, 0.36 mmol, 2.8 eq.) and TESCI (0.05 mL, 45 mg, 0.30 mmol, 2.3 eq.). The solution was stirred for 3 hours, and Et₃N (0.5 mL, 0.36 g, 3.6 mmol, 28 eq.) was added. Upon consumption of 23, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The mixture was extracted with ether, and the combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl/hexane: 5/95) to give silvl ether S2. (53 mg, 96%) ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.82 (1H, td, *J* = 16.5, 7.5), 5.06 (2H, d, *J* = 12.3), 4.72 (2H, d, *J* = 13.0), 4.01 (2H, dd, *J* = 15.7, 9.7), 3.96 - 3.81 (3H, m), 2.21 - 2.06 (3H, m), 1.98 (1H, t, J = 11.6), 1.90 (2H, dd, J = 13.0, 9.7, 1.76 - 1.68 (4H, m), 1.67 - 1.59 (2H, m), 1.56 - 1.49 (2H, m), 1.48 - 1.33 (3H, m), 1.33 - 1.24 (1H, m), 1.03 (1H, ddd, J = 18.1, 12.7, 9.0), 0.93 (9H, t, J = 7.9), 0.57 (6H, q, J = 7.7). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 144.4, 136.0, 119.1, 117.5, 112.3, 72.0, 64.0, 63.4, 50.2, 45.6, 41.9, 39.7, 38.7, 34.3, 33.2, 31.4, 23.0, 19.1, 18.1, 7.1, 5.1. IR

(neat): v 2954, 2912, 2876, 1639, 1458, 1074, 1005 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for $C_{25}H_{45}O_3Si$ ([M+H]⁺) 421.31380, found 421.31331.



tricyclic pleuromutilin derivative **S3**: A solution of diene **S2** (53 mg, 0.13 mmol. 1.0 eq.) and Hoveyda-Grubbs II (12 mg, 0.018 mmol, 0.14 eq.) in 100 mL dichloromethane was refluxed for 24 hours. Saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added, and the mixture was extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and dried over MgSO₄ before removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl/hexane: 5/95) to give **S3** (42mg, 85%). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.37 (1H, t, *J* = 7.9), 3.97 - 3.89 (1H, m), 3.85 (2H, dq, *J* = 11.9, 6.1), 3.77 - 3.68 (1H, m), 3.55 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.9, 5.4), 2.88 (1H, t, *J* = 12.2), 2.51 (1H, dd, *J* = 14.0, 8.5), 2.05 - 1.91 (2H, m), 1.89 - 1.78 (6H, m), 1.77 - 1.62 (4H, m), 1.55 - 1.39 (3H, m), 1.35 - 1.28 (1H, m), 1.16 (1H, d, *J* = 12.8), 0.96 (9H, t, *J* = 7.9), 0.66 - 0.53 (6H, m). ¹³C-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.7, 122.8, 120.0, 73.1, 65.3, 63.6, 47.9, 42.9, 39.7, 36.8, 36.3, 35.5, 34.4, 32.0, 24.6, 20.4, 18.6, 7.1, 4.9. IR (neat): v 2934, 2874, 1734, 1474, 1458, 1071, 1034 cm⁻¹. HRMS (ESI+): calculated for C₂₃H₄₁O₃Si ([M+H]⁺) 393.28250, found 393.28175.

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