

## Convergent synthesis and inclusion properties of novel $C_n$ -symmetric triazole-linked cycoglucopyranosides

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**General Experimental Section.** All moisture-sensitive reactions were performed under a nitrogen atmosphere using oven-dried glassware. Anhydrous solvents were dried over standard drying agents<sup>19</sup> and freshly distilled prior to use. Reactions were monitored by TLC on silica gel 60 F<sub>254</sub> with detection by charring with sulfuric acid. Flash column chromatography<sup>20</sup> was performed on silica gel 60 (40-63 µm). Optical rotations were measured at 20 ± 2 °C in the stated solvent; [α]<sub>D</sub> values are given in deg·mL·g<sup>-1</sup>·dm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 and 400 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra (75 MHz) were recorded from CDCl<sub>3</sub> solutions at room temperature unless otherwise specified. Peak assignments were aided by <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY and gradient-HMQC experiments. In the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra reported below, the *n* and *m* values quoted in geminal or vicinal proton-proton coupling constants J<sub>n,m</sub> refer to the number of the corresponding sugar protons. The closed vessel MW experiments were performed using a single-mode cavity Biotage Initiator microwave reactor; the temperature was measured externally on the outside vessel wall by an IR sensor; the reaction time was counted when the reaction mixture reached the preset temperature. For accurate mass measurements the compounds were analyzed in positive ion mode by electrospray hybrid quadrupole orthogonal acceleration time-of-flight mass spectrometer (Q-TOF) fitted with a Z-spray electrospray ion source. The capillary source voltage and the cone voltage were set at 3500 V and 35 V, respectively; the source temperature was kept at 80 °C; nitrogen was used as a drying gas at a flow rate of ca. 50 L/h. The time-of-flight analyzer was externally calibrated with NaI from *m/z* 300 to 2000 to yield an accuracy near to 5 ppm. When necessary an internal lock mass was used to further increase the mass accuracy. Accurate mass data were collected by directly infusing samples (10 pmol/µL in 1:1 CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O containing 10 mM ammonium formate) into the system at a flow rate of 5 µL/min. The monoisotopic masses were calculated according to the reported<sup>21</sup> atomic weights of the elements.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-1-*C*-(trimethylsilyl)-8-*O*-(1-trimethylsilyloxy-vinyl)-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (2).** To a stirred solution of known<sup>22</sup> **1** (4.77 g, 8.98 mmol) and Bu<sub>3</sub>SnC≡CSiMe<sub>3</sub> (6.08 g, 17.96 mmol) in anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (35 mL) was added dropwise trimethylsilyl triflate (3.2 mL, 18.0 mmol). The solution was kept at r.t. for 2 h, then diluted with Et<sub>3</sub>N (5 mL) and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with 7:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt to give **2** (3.28 g, 57%), as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +43.7 (*c* 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz): δ 7.41-7.25 (m, 15H, Ar), 4.99 and 4.84 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.8 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.90 and 4.59 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.7 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.78 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 5.8 Hz, H-3), 4.72 and 4.68 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.5 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.37 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>7,8a</sub> = 2.3 Hz *J*<sub>8a,8b</sub> = 12.2 Hz, H-8a), 4.22 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>7,8b</sub> = 5.0 Hz, H-8b), 4.04 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>6,7</sub> = 10.0 Hz, H-7), 3.96 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 9.5 Hz, *J*<sub>5,6</sub> = 9.0 Hz, H-5), 3.60 (dd, 1H, H-4),

3.42 (dd, 1H, H-6), 1.94 and 1.90 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.5$  Hz, C=CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.22 and 0.14 (2 s, 18H, 6 CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR:  $\delta$  172.7 (C), 138.6 (C), 138.1 (C), 137.9 (C), 128.5 (CH), 128.40 (CH), 128.37 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.73 (CH), 127.67 (CH), 99.7 (C), 95.1 (C), 82.6 (CH), 79.1 (CH), 77.7 (CH), 75.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.2 (CH), 66.7 (CH), 62.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), -0.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -1.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF)  $m/z$  calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>52</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>Si (M+NH<sub>4</sub>)<sup>+</sup> 662.3333, found 662.3358.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (3).** To a solution of **2** (3.28 g, 5.08 mmol) in 5:1 CH<sub>3</sub>OH-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (250 mL) was added 1 M NaOH (4.3 mL). The solution was kept at r.t. for 1 h, then neutralized with AcOH and concentrated. A solution of the residue in AcOEt (200 mL) was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2  $\times$  50 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with 5:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt to give **3** (1.75 g, 75%) as a syrup;  $[\alpha]_D = +31.5$  (*c* 0.9, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.40-7.25 (m, 15H, Ar), 5.01 and 4.86 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.89 and 4.65 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.0$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.76 and 4.71 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.8$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.68 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.3$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 6.0$  Hz, H-3), 3.99 (dd, 1H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{5,6} = 10.1$  Hz, H-5), 3.90 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{6,7} = 10.0$  Hz,  $J_{7,8a} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{7,8b} = 4.2$  Hz, H-7), 3.82 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{8a,8b} = 12.1$  Hz,  $J_{8a,OH} = 5.5$  Hz, H-8a), 3.71 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{8b,OH} = 7.5$  Hz, H-8b), 3.60 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.52 (dd, 1H, H-6), 2.62 (d, 1H, H-1), 1.67 (dd, 1H, OH). <sup>13</sup>C NMR:  $\delta$  138.6 (C), 138.0 (C), 137.7 (C), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.7 (CH), 82.9 (CH), 78.8 (CH), 78.3 (C), 77.7 (CH), 75.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 74.2 (CH), 73.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.5 (CH), 61.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF)  $m/z$  calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub> (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 481.1991, found 481.1992.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-8-O-tosyl-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (4).** A solution of **3** (739 mg, 1.61 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride (470 mg, 2.42 mmol), and Et<sub>3</sub>N (330  $\mu$ L, 2.42 mmol) in anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) was kept at r.t. for 14 h, then diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2  $\times$  100 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with toluene-Et<sub>2</sub>O (from 120:1 to 60:1) to give **4** (630 mg, 64%) as a syrup;  $[\alpha]_D = +35.1$  (*c* 1.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.78-7.76 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.38-7.26 (m, 15H, Ar), 7.19-7.16 (m, 2H, Ar), 5.00 and 4.82 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 10.8$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.85 and 4.49 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 10.6$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.73 and 4.67 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.63 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.3$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 5.7$  Hz, H-3), 4.30 (dd, 1H,  $J_{7,8a} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{8a,8b} = 10.7$  Hz, H-8a), 4.18 (dd, 1H,  $J_{7,8b} = 2.0$  Hz, H-8b), 3.99 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{6,7} = 10.0$  Hz, H-7), 3.94 (dd, 1H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{5,6} = 9.2$  Hz, H-5), 3.56 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.49 (dd, 1H, H-6), 2.58 (d, 1H, H-1), 2.41 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR:  $\delta$  144.9 (C), 138.5 (C), 137.7 (C), 137.6 (C), 132.7 (C), 129.8 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.0

(CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 127.7 (CH), 82.8 (CH), 78.5 (CH), 78.0 (C), 76.5 (CH), 75.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 71.8 (CH), 68.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.4 (CH), 21.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>36</sub>NaO<sub>7</sub>S (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 635.2079, found 635.2117.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-1-*C*-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (**5**).** To a cooled (-30 °C), stirred solution of **3** (700 mg, 1.52 mmol) in anhydrous THF (11 mL) was added a 1 M solution of sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in THF (3.1 mL, 3.10 mmol) and, after 10 min, a solution of *t*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (460 mg, 3.06 mmol) in anhydrous THF (2 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to reach -10 °C in 2 h, then was diluted with H<sub>2</sub>O (1 mL) and concentrated. A solution of the residue in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL) was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL) and concentrated. A solution of the residue in 1% HCl in methanol (4 mL) was kept at r. t. for 15 min, then neutralized with Et<sub>3</sub>N, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (120 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with cyclohexane-AcOEt (from 4:1 to 2:1) to give **5** (556 mg, 64%) as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +92.5 (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz): δ 7.40-7.25 (m, 15H, Ar), 4.96 and 4.66 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.2 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.90 and 4.81 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.2 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.78 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 5.8 Hz, H-3), 4.70 (s, 2H, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.97 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 9.6 Hz, *J*<sub>5,6</sub> = 9.0 Hz, H-5), 3.89 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>6,7</sub> = 9.8 Hz, *J*<sub>7,8a</sub> = 2.6 Hz, *J*<sub>7,8b</sub> = 4.2 Hz, H-7), 3.82 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>8a,8b</sub> = 12.0 Hz, *J*<sub>8a,OH</sub> = 5.5 Hz, H-8a), 3.70 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>8b,OH</sub> = 7.5 Hz, H-8b), 3.59 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.49 (dd, 1H, H-6), 1.67 (dd, 1H, OH), 0.98 (s, 9H, 3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.19 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR: δ 138.6 (C), 138.2 (C), 128.5 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 100.4 (C), 93.4 (C), 82.7 (CH), 79.4 (CH), 77.0 (CH), 75.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 74.2 (CH), 72.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.9 (CH), 62.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>44</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub>Si (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 595.2856, found 595.2881.

**3,7-Anhydro-8-azido-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2,8-trideoxy-1-*C*-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (**6**).** A solution of **5** (1.01 g, 1.80 mmol), *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride (684 mg, 3.60 mmol), and Et<sub>3</sub>N (0.50 mL, 3.60 mmol) in anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5.5 mL) was kept at r.t. for 14 h, then diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated to give crude 3,7-anhydro-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-1-*C*-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-8-*O*-tosyl-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol. A mixture of this product, NaN<sub>3</sub> (570 mg, 9.00 mmol), and anhydrous DMF (7 mL) was stirred at 55 °C for 16 h, then cooled to r. t., diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (200 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with 10:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt to give **6** (770 mg, 84%) as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +100.2 (c 1.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz): δ 7.40-7.26 (m, 15H, Ar), 4.96 and 4.78 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.8 Hz,

PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.91 and 4.59 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.0 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.82 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 5.9 Hz, H-3), 4.69 (s, 2H, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.00 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>6,7</sub> = 10.0 Hz, *J*<sub>7,8a</sub> = 2.5 Hz, *J*<sub>7,8b</sub> = 4.7 Hz, H-7), 3.94 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 9.4 Hz, *J*<sub>5,6</sub> = 9.0 Hz, H-5), 3.62 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.54 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>8a,8b</sub> = 13.3 Hz, H-8a), 3.44 (dd, 1H, H-6), 3.35 (dd, 1H, H-8b), 0.99 (s, 9H, 3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.18 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR: δ 138.5 (C), 138.1 (C), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.7 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 100.2 (C), 93.7 (C), 82.6 (CH), 79.3 (CH), 77.8 (CH), 75.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.1 (CH), 72.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.9 (CH), 51.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 620.2921, found 620.2890.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2,8-trideoxy-1-C-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-8-[4-(2',3',4'-tri-O-benzyl-6'-O-tosyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (7).** A mixture of alkyne **4** (471 mg, 0.77 mmol), azide **6** (458 mg, 0.77 mmol), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (260 μL, 1.50 mmol), CuI (30 mg, 0.15 mmol), and anhydrous DMF (3 mL) in a vial sealed with a Teflon septum and aluminum crimp was subjected to microwave irradiation for 15 min at 80 °C, then cooled to room temperature, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL), washed with an aqueous solution of EDTA disodium salt (0.01 M, 2 × 30 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated to give crude **7**. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz) selected data: δ 7.66 (s, 1H, H-5 Tr), 5.14 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>1',2'</sub> = 6.0 Hz, H-1'), 2.40 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>).

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2,8-trideoxy-1-C-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-8-[4-(6'-azido-2',3',4'-tri-O-benzyl-6'-deoxy-α-D-glucopyranosyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (8).** A mixture of crude **7**, NaN<sub>3</sub> (250 mg, 3.85 mmol), and DMF (15 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 14 h, then cooled to r. t., diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (150 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 × 50 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with 3:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt to give **8** (458 mg, 55% from **4**) as a foam; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +78.5 (*c* 0.9, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz): δ 7.68 (s, 1H, H-5 Tr), 7.42-7.20 (m, 30H, Ar), 5.24 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>1',2'</sub> = 6.0 Hz, H-1'), 4.96 and 4.79 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.8 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.94 and 4.81 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.0 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.94 and 4.78 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.8 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.90 and 4.62 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.3 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.68 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 5.8 Hz, H-3), 4.67 and 4.59 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.5 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.58 (s, 2H, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.57 (d, 2H, *J*<sub>7,8</sub> = 4.1 Hz, 2 H-8), 4.26 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>2',3'</sub> = 9.0 Hz, *J*<sub>3',4'</sub> = 8.5 Hz, H-3'), 4.16 (dt, 1H, *J*<sub>6,7</sub> = 10.0 Hz, H-7), 3.98 (dd, 1H, H-2'), 3.96 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 9.4 Hz, *J*<sub>5,6</sub> = 9.0 Hz, H-5), 3.83 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>4',5'</sub> = 9.7 Hz, *J*<sub>5',6'a</sub> = 2.5 Hz, *J*<sub>5',6'b</sub> = 4.5 Hz, H-5'), 3.62 (dd, 1H, H-4'), 3.51 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>6'a,6'b</sub> = 13.3 Hz, H-6'a), 3.42 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.34 (dd, 1H, H-6'b), 3.14 (dd, 1H, H-6), 0.95 (s, 9H, 3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.12 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR: δ 143.3 (C-4 Tr), 138.6 (C), 138.3 (C), 138.2 (C), 138.1 (C), 137.9 (C), 128.5

(CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 127.5 (CH), 125.9 (C-5 Tr), 99.8 (C), 94.2 (C), 82.7 (CH), 82.2 (CH), 79.8 (CH), 79.2 (CH), 78.4 (CH), 77.3 (CH), 75.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 74.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.4 (CH), 72.3 (CH), 69.0 (CH), 66.9 (CH), 51.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>64</sub>H<sub>72</sub>N<sub>6</sub>NaO<sub>8</sub>Si (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 1103.5079, found 1103.5045.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2,8-trideoxy-8-[4-(6'-azido-2',3',4'-tri-*O*-benzyl-6'-deoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (9).** A solution of **7** (120 mg, 0.10 mmol) and tetrabutylammonium fluoride trihydrate (63 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was kept at r. t. for 16 h, then diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with 3:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt to give **9** (87 mg, 90%) as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +67.3 (*c* 0.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz): δ 7.67 (s, 1H, H-5 Tr), 7.40–7.20 (m, 30H, Ar), 5.25 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>1',2'</sub> = 6.0 Hz, H-1'), 4.99 and 4.82 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.8 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.95 and 4.79 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.0 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.94 and 4.79 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 10.7 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.89 and 4.59 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.2 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.66 and 4.60 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 11.8 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.64 and 4.59 (2 d, 2H, *J* = 12.0 Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.60 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>1,3</sub> = 2.3 Hz *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 5.8 Hz, H-3), 4.58 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>7,8a</sub> = 2.8 Hz, *J*<sub>8a,8b</sub> = 14.3 Hz, H-8a), 4.51 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>7,8b</sub> = 6.0 Hz, H-8b), 4.20 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>2',3'</sub> = 9.2 Hz, *J*<sub>3',4'</sub> = 8.6 Hz, H-3'), 4.17 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>6,7</sub> = 10.0 Hz, H-7), 3.97 (dd, 1H, H-2'), 3.97 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 9.6 Hz, *J*<sub>5,6</sub> = 9.0 Hz, H-5), 3.76 (ddd, 1H, *J*<sub>4',5'</sub> = 9.7 Hz, *J*<sub>5',6'a</sub> = 2.5 Hz, *J*<sub>5',6'b</sub> = 4.5 Hz, H-5'), 3.60 (dd, 1H, H-4'), 3.49 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>6'a,6'b</sub> = 13.3 Hz, H-6'a), 3.46 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.33 (dd, 1H, H-6'b), 3.19 (dd, 1H, H-6), 2.49 (d, 1H, H-1). <sup>13</sup>C NMR: δ 143.3 (C-4 Tr), 138.5 (C), 138.3 (C), 138.0 (C), 137.8 (C), 137.5 (C), 128.6 (CH), 128.52 (CH), 128.48 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.09 (CH), 128.05 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 125.4 (C-5 Tr), 82.8 (CH), 82.1 (CH), 79.7 (CH), 78.7 (CH), 78.4 (CH), 78.3 (C), 77.6 (CH), 75.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 74.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.3 (CH), 69.1 (CH), 66.5 (CH), 51.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>58</sub>H<sub>58</sub>N<sub>6</sub>NaO<sub>8</sub> (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 989.4214, found 989.4214.

**Benzylated Cyclic Diglucoside (10).** A mixture of **9** (48 mg, 0.05 mmol), *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (45 μL, 0.25 mmol), CuI (9.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and anhydrous toluene (8 mL) was stirred in the dark at r. t. for 24 h, then cooled to room temperature, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (50 mL), washed with an aqueous solution of EDTA disodium salt (0.01 M, 3 × 10 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was triturated with boiling cyclohexane to give **10** (39 mg, 82%) as a white solid; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +47.4 (*c* 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz): δ 7.40–7.15 (m, 32H, Ar, 2 H-5 Tr), 5.04 (d, 2H, *J*<sub>1,2</sub> = 6.4 Hz, 2 H-1), 4.94 and 4.76 (2 d, 4H, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 2 PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.80

and 4.56 (2 d, 4H,  $J = 11.7$  Hz, 2 PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.68 (dd, 2H,  $J_{5,6a} = 1.4$  Hz,  $J_{6a,6b} = 13.8$  Hz, 2 H-6a), 4.62 and 4.50 (2 d, 4H,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 2 PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.45 (dd, 2H,  $J_{2,3} = 7.2$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 6.1$  Hz, 2 H-3), 3.98 (dd, 2H, 2 H-2), 3.92 (dd, 2H,  $J_{5,6b} = 10.3$  Hz, 2 H-6b), 3.42 (dd, 2H,  $J_{4,5} = 10.0$  Hz, 2 H-4), 3.24 (ddd, 2H, 2 H-5). <sup>13</sup>C NMR:  $\delta$  144.4 (C-4 Tr), 138.3 (C), 137.8 (C), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 124.7 (C-5 Tr), 81.1 (CH), 78.7 (CH), 77.9 (CH), 74.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.7 (CH), 69.7 (CH), 51.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF)  $m/z$  calcd for C<sub>58</sub>H<sub>58</sub>N<sub>6</sub>NaO<sub>8</sub> (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 989.4214, found 989.4213.

**Cyclic Diglucoside (11).** To a solution of **10** (39 mg, 0.04 mmol) and ammonium formate (121 mg, 1.92 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>OH (4 mL), THF (2 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (1 mL) was added 10% palladium on carbon (255 mg, 0.24 mmol). The mixture was stirred in a closed vial at 50 °C for 16 h, then cooled to r. t., filtered through a pad of Celite, and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of Sephadex LH20 (1 × 60 cm) with 1:1 H<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>3</sub>OH to give **11** (13 mg, 76%) as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +86.4 (*c* 0.3, H<sub>2</sub>O). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  7.98 (s, 2H, 2 H-5 Tr), 5.32 (d, 2H,  $J_{1,2} = 6.6$  Hz, 2 H-1), 4.81 (dd, 2H,  $J_{5,6a} = 0.8$  Hz,  $J_{6a,6b} = 14.5$  Hz, 2 H-6a), 4.18 (dd, 2H,  $J_{5,6b} = 9.4$  Hz, 2 H-6b), 4.08 (dd, 2H,  $J_{2,3} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 8.5$  Hz, 2 H-3), 4.01 (dd, 2H, 2 H-2), 3.40 (dd, 2H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.8$  Hz, 2 H-4), 2.44 (ddd, 2H, 2 H-5). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O):  $\delta$  144.1 (C-4 Tr), 128.2 (C-5 Tr), 75.6 (CH), 74.8 (CH), 70.9 (CH), 70.8 (CH), 70.3 (CH), 51.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF)  $m/z$  calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>8</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup> 427.1577, found 427.1575.

**3,7-Anhydro-4,5,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2,8-trideoxy-8-[4-(2',3',4'-tri-O-benzyl-6'-O-tosyl- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl]-D-glycero-D-gulo-oct-1-ynitol (12).** A solution of **7** (400 mg, 0.33 mmol) and tetrabutylammonium fluoride trihydrate (208 mg, 0.66 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was kept at r. t. for 16 h, then diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (200 mL), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (50 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of silica gel with 4:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt to give **12** (280 mg, 74%) as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +39.2 (*c* 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.79–7.76 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.65 (s, 1H, H-5 Tr), 7.40–7.25 (m, 30H, Ar), 7.22–7.18 (m, 2H, Ar), 5.16 (d, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 6.0$  Hz, H-1'), 5.01 and 4.84 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.0$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.95 and 4.79 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 10.8$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.95 and 4.79 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.0$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.85 and 4.55 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 10.7$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.65 and 4.57 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.5$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.65 and 4.61 (2 d, 2H,  $J = 11.0$  Hz, PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.63 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.3$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 5.8$  Hz, H-3), 4.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{7,8a} = 2.8$  Hz,  $J_{8a,8b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-8a), 4.50 (dd, 1H,  $J_{7,8b} = 6.1$  Hz, H-8b), 4.29 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 10.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.18 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 9.2$  Hz,  $J_{3',4'} = 8.5$  Hz, H-3'), 4.18 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{6,7} = 9.8$  Hz, H-7), 4.14 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.99 (dd, 1H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{5,6} = 8.7$  Hz, H-5), 3.92 (dd, 1H, H-2').

3.80 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{4',5'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-5'), 3.65 (dd, 1H, H-4'), 3.48 (dd, 1H, H-4), 3.22 (dd, 1H, H-6), 2.51 (d, 1H, H-1), 2.40 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR:  $\delta$  144.7 (C), 143.1 (C-4 Tr), 138.5 (C), 138.2 (C), 137.9 (C), 137.7 (C), 137.5 (C), 132.7 (C), 129.7 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.42 (CH), 128.36 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 125.4 (C-5 Tr), 82.8 (CH), 81.9 (CH), 79.3 (CH), 78.7 (CH), 78.3 (CH), 77.6 (CH), 75.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 75.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 74.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 73.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 72.3 (CH), 71.1 (CH), 69.0 (CH), 68.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 66.4 (CH), 50.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 21.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>65</sub>H<sub>65</sub>N<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>11</sub>S (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 1118.4238, found 1118.4230.

**Tosylated Tetraglucoside (13).** The coupling of alkyne **12** (289 mg, 0.26 mmol) with azide **8** (285 mg, 0.26 mmol) was performed as described for the synthesis of **7** to give, after column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt), **13** (453 mg, 79%) as a foam;  $[\alpha]_D = +64.5$  (*c* 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) selected data:  $\delta$  7.83, 7.76, and 7.65 (3 s, 3H, 3 H-5 Tr), 7.76-7.73 (m, 2H, Ar), 5.20, 5.18, and 5.09 (3 d, 3H,  $J = 6.3$  Hz, H-1', H-1'', H-1'''), 4.62 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 5.8$  Hz, H-3), 3.94 (dd, 1H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.4$  Hz,  $J_{5,6} = 8.6$  Hz, H-5), 3.87, 3.73, and 3.72 (3 dd, 3H,  $J = 6.3$ , 9.5 Hz, H-2', H-2'', H-2'''), 3.40 (dd, 1H, H-4), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR selected data:  $\delta$  144.7 (C), 143.1 (C-4 Tr), 142.6 (C-4 Tr), 142.5 (C-4 Tr), 126.3 (C-5 Tr), 126.1 (C-5 Tr), 125.9 (C-5 Tr), 99.8 (C), 94.2 (C), 50.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for (C<sub>129</sub>H<sub>139</sub>N<sub>9</sub>O<sub>19</sub>SSi)/2 (M+2H)<sup>2+</sup> 1088.9839, found 1088.9791.

**Azidated Tetraglucoside (14).** The tosylated tetraglucoside **13** (218 mg, 0.10 mmol) was azidated as described for the synthesis of **8** to give, after column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt), **14** (143 mg, 70%) as a syrup;  $[\alpha]_D = +36.5$  (*c* 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) selected data:  $\delta$  7.83, 7.81, and 7.65 (3 s, 3H, 3 H-5 Tr), 7.40-7.10 (m, 60H, Ar), 5.21 and 5.19 (2 d, 3H,  $J = 6.3$  Hz, H-1', H-1'', H-1'''), 4.62 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 6.0$  Hz, H-3), 4.33 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2''',3'''} = J_{3''',4'''} = 8.7$  Hz, H-3'''), 3.86 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{4''',5'''} = 9.6$  Hz,  $J_{5''',6'''}_a = 2.4$  Hz,  $J_{5''',6'''}_b = 4.5$  Hz, H-5'''), 3.60 (dd, 1H, H-4'''), 3.47 (dd, 1H,  $J_{6''',a,6'''}_b = 13.2$  Hz, H-6'''a), 3.40 (dd, 1H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4), 3.33 (dd, 1H, H-6'''b), 0.92 (s, 9H, 3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.09 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR selected data:  $\delta$  143.3 (C-4 Tr), 142.6 (C-4 Tr), 142.5 (C-4 Tr), 126.3 (C-5 Tr), 126.1 (C-5 Tr), 125.9 (C-5 Tr), 99.8 (C), 94.2 (C), 51.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), -4.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>122</sub>H<sub>130</sub>N<sub>12</sub>NaO<sub>16</sub>Si (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 2069.9395, found 2069.9248.

**Azidated Tetraglucoside Alkyne (15).** The azidated tetraglucoside **14** (184 mg, 0.09 mmol) was desilylated as described for the synthesis of **12** to give, after column chromatography on silica gel (1.5:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt), **15** (130 mg, 75%) as a foam;  $[\alpha]_D = +63.7$  (*c* 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz) selected data:  $\delta$  7.84, 7.82, and 7.64 (3 s, 3H, 3 H-5 Tr), 7.40-7.11 (m, 60H, Ar), 5.22, 5.21, and 5.20 (2 d, 3H,  $J$  = 6.3 Hz, H-1', H-1'', H-1'''), 3.86 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{4''',5'''} = 9.7$  Hz,  $J_{5''',6'''}_a = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{5''',6'''}_b = 4.5$  Hz, H-5'''), 3.60 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3''',4''' = 8.7}$  Hz, H-4'''), 3.47 (dd, 1H,  $J_{6'''_a,6'''_b} = 13.4$  Hz, H-6''') $_a$ , 3.46 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 6.0$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4), 3.33 (dd, 1H, H-6''') $_b$ , 2.42 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.3$  Hz, H-1).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR selected data:  $\delta$  143.3 (C-4 Tr), 142.66 (C-4 Tr), 142.60 (C-4 Tr), 126.3 (C-5 Tr), 126.0 (C-5 Tr), 125.2 (C-5 Tr), 51.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 50.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF)  $m/z$  calcd for C<sub>116</sub>H<sub>116</sub>N<sub>12</sub>NaO<sub>16</sub> (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 1955.8530, found 1955.8368.

**Cyclic Tetraglucoside (16).** The tetraglucoside **15** (135 mg, 0.07 mmol) was submitted to the cycloaddition as described for the synthesis of **10** to give the corresponding benzylated cyclotetramer as a yellow syrup (140 mg).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz) selected data:  $\delta$  7.55 (s, 4H, 4 H-5 Tr), 5.16 (d, 4H,  $J_{1,2} = 6.0$  Hz, 4 H-1), 4.93 and 4.69 (2 d, 8H,  $J = 11.3$  Hz, 4 PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.90 and 4.76 (2 d, 8H,  $J = 10.8$  Hz, 4 PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.60 (s, 8H, 4 PhCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.60 (dd, 4H,  $J_{5,6a} = 2.2$  Hz  $J_{6a,6b} = 14.2$  Hz, 4 H-6a), 4.32 (dd, 4H,  $J_{5,6b} = 7.3$  Hz, 4 H-6b), 4.18 (dd, 4H,  $J_{2,3} = 8.5$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 8.1$  Hz, 4 H-3), 4.02 (ddd, 4H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz, 4 H-5), 3.90 (dd, 4H, 4 H-2), 3.36 (dd, 4H, 4 H-4). To a solution of the crude product and ammonium formate (424 mg, 6.72 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>OH (12 mL), THF (6 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (3 mL) was added 10% palladium on carbon (90 mg, 0.84 mmol). The mixture was stirred in a closed vial at 50 °C for 16 h, then cooled to r. t., filtered through a pad of Celite, and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of Sephadex LH20 (1 x 60 cm) with 1:1 H<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>3</sub>OH to give **16** (45 mg, 74%) as a syrup;  $[\alpha]_D = +9.1$  (*c* 0.5, DMF).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.68 (s, 4H, 4 H-5 Tr), 5.04 (d, 4H,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1$  Hz, 4 H-1), 4.62 (dd, 4H,  $J_{5,6a} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{6a,6b} = 14.6$  Hz, 4 H-6a), 4.33 (dd, 4H,  $J_{5,6b} = 10.0$  Hz, 4 H-6b), 3.88 (dd, 4H,  $J_{2,3} = 9.5$  Hz, 4 H-2), 3.82 (dd, 4H,  $J_{3,4} = 8.8$  Hz, 4 H-3), 3.56 (ddd, 4H,  $J_{4,5} = 9.7$  Hz, 4 H-5), 3.32 (dd, 4H, 4 H-4).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O):  $\delta$  142.0 (C-4 Tr), 126.1 (C-5 Tr), 73.7 (CH), 72.7 (CH), 71.8 (CH), 70.5 (CH), 70.2 (CH), 51.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF)  $m/z$  calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>44</sub>N<sub>12</sub>NaO<sub>16</sub> (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 875.2896, found 875.2853.

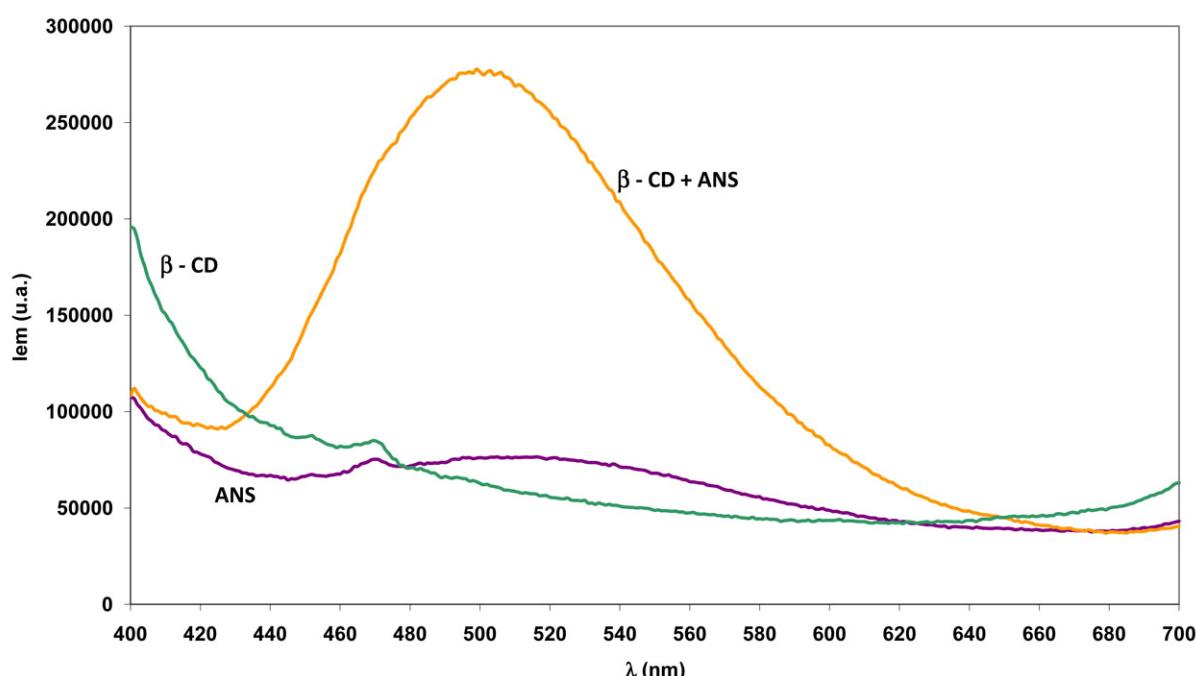
**Tosylated Hexaglucoside (17).** The coupling of alkyne **12** (120 mg, 0.11 mmol) with azide **14** (224 mg, 0.11 mmol) was performed as described for the synthesis of **7** to give, after column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt), **17** (240 mg, 70%) as a syrup;  $[\alpha]_D = +54.3$  (*c* 0.7, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz) selected data:  $\delta$  7.83, 7.80, 7.78, 7.74, and 7.64 (5 s, 5H, 5 H-5 Tr), 5.18, 5.16, 5.14, 5.13, and 5.07 (5 d, 5H,  $J = 6.2$  Hz, 5 anom. H), 3.39 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 5.8$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4), 3.12 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6} = 8.7$  Hz,  $J_{6,7} = 10.0$  Hz, H-6), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.98 (s, 9H, 3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.08 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR selected data:  $\delta$  142.5 (C-4 Tr), 138.2 (C), 138.1 (C), 137.9

(C), 126.1 (C-5 Tr), 50.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>). ESI/Q-TOF MS *m/z* calcd for (C<sub>187</sub>H<sub>197</sub>N<sub>15</sub>O<sub>27</sub>SSi)/2 (M+2H)<sup>2+</sup> 1573.429, found 1573.429.

**Azidated Hexaglucoside Alkyne (18).** The tosylated hexaglucoside **17** (189 mg, 0.06 mmol) was azidated as described for the synthesis of **8** and desilylated as described for the synthesis of **9** to give, after column chromatography on silica gel (1.5:1 cyclohexane-AcOEt), **18** (103 mg, 59%) as a syrup; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +101.7 (*c* 0.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) selected data: δ 7.86, 7.81, 7.79, 7.63 (4 s, 5H, 5 H-5 Tr), 3.45 (dd, 1H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 5.8 Hz, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 9.5 Hz, H-4), 2.40 (d, 1H, *J*<sub>1,3</sub> = 2.3 Hz, H-1). <sup>13</sup>C NMR selected data: δ 142.5 (C-4 Tr), 138.2 (C), 137.9 (C), 137.7 (C), 137.5 (C), 126.1 (C-5 Tr), 50.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>). ESI/Q-TOF MS *m/z* calcd for (C<sub>174</sub>H<sub>176</sub>N<sub>18</sub>O<sub>24</sub>)/2 (M+2H)<sup>2+</sup> 1451.709, found 1451.712.

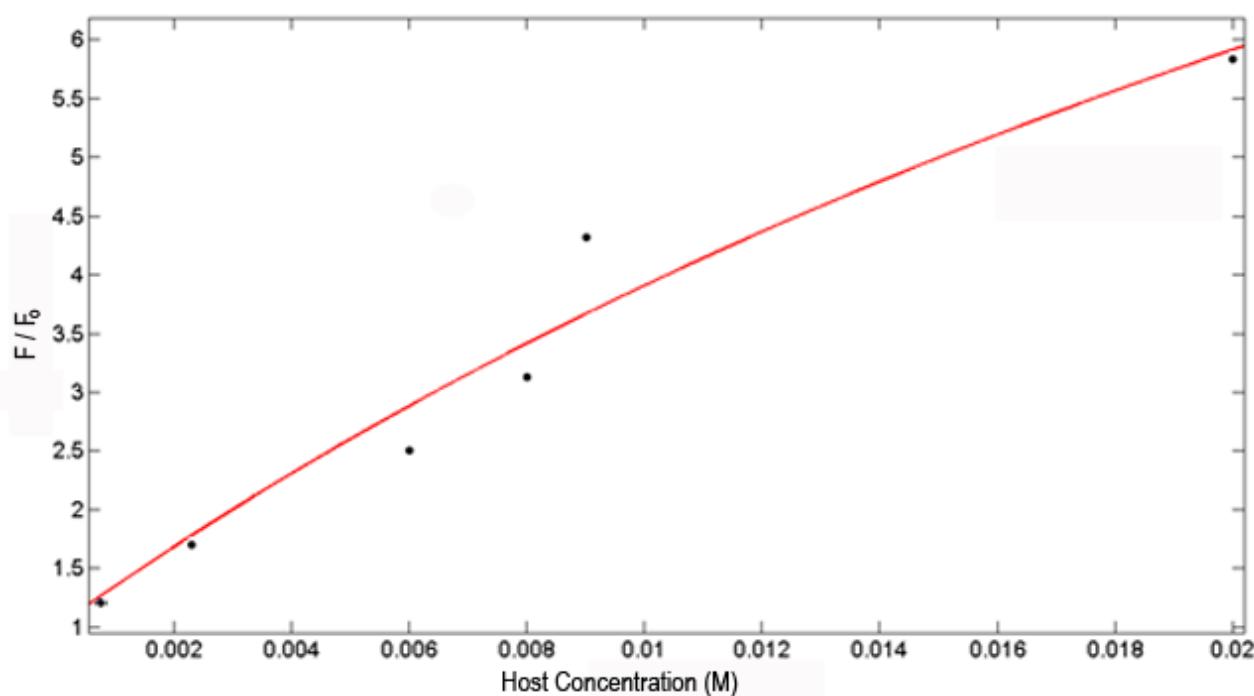
**Cyclic Hexaglucoside (19).** The hexaglucoside **18** (87 mg, 0.03 mmol) was submitted to the cycloaddition as described for the synthesis of **11** to give the corresponding benzylated cyclohexamer as a yellow syrup (88 mg). To a solution of the crude product and ammonium formate (272 mg, 4.32 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>OH (8 mL), THF (4 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) was added 10% palladium on carbon (575 mg, 0.54 mmol). The mixture was stirred in a closed vial at 50 °C for 16 h, then cooled to r. t., filtered through a pad of Celite, and concentrated. The residue was eluted from a column of Sephadex LH20 (1 × 60 cm) with 1:1 H<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>3</sub>OH to give **19** (27 mg, 71%) as a foam; [α]<sub>D</sub> = +26.5 (*c* 0.5, DMF). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 400 MHz): δ 7.78 (s, 6H, 6 H-5 Tr), 5.05 (d, 6H, *J*<sub>1,2</sub> = 6.3 Hz, 6 H-1), 4.53 (dd, 6H, *J*<sub>5,6a</sub> = 2.3 Hz, *J*<sub>6a,6b</sub> = 14.5 Hz, 6 H-6a), 4.40 (dd, 6H, *J*<sub>5,6b</sub> = 8.2 Hz, 6 H-6b), 3.81 (dd, 6H, *J*<sub>2,3</sub> = 10.0 Hz, 6 H-2), 3.75 (dd, 6H, *J*<sub>3,4</sub> = 8.3 Hz, 6 H-3), 3.53 (ddd, 6H, *J*<sub>4,5</sub> = 10.2 Hz, 6 H-5), 3.12 (dd, 6H, 6 H-4). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O): δ 142.4 (C-4 Tr), 126.7 (C-5 Tr), 74.0 (CH), 72.5 (CH), 71.5 (CH), 70.7 (CH), 51.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>). HRMS (ESI/Q-TOF) *m/z* calcd for C<sub>48</sub>H<sub>66</sub>N<sub>18</sub>NaO<sub>24</sub> (M+Na)<sup>+</sup> 1301.4395, found 1301.4296.

**Fluorescence measurements.** The solutions of ammonium 8-anilino-1-naphthalenesulfonate (ANS) (0.30 mM), **11** (42.0 mM), **16** (42.0 mM), **19** (42.0 mM), and commercially available β-cyclodextrin (42.0 mM) were prepared in 20 mM phosphate buffer at pH 7.22. The test solutions were then obtained by combining the same volume (60 μL) of the stock solutions of ANS and cyclic oligosaccharides. The fluorescence emission spectra were recorded by scanning the emission monochromator in 1 nm steps (1 s integration time) from 400 to 700 nm while exciting at a fixed wavelength of 365 nm (1.0 mm optical path length quartz cell).

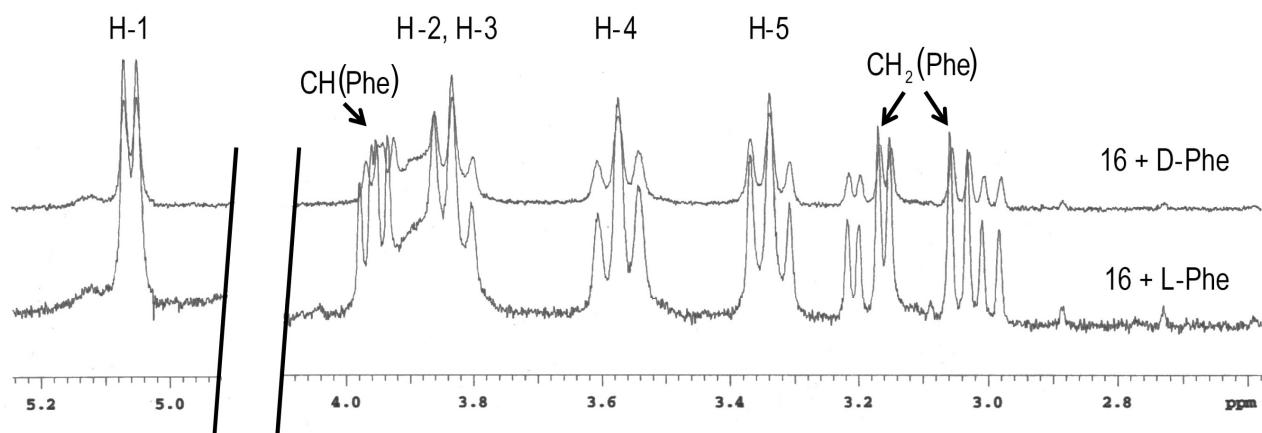


**Figure S1** Fluorescence emission spectra ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 365 \text{ nm}$ ) of phosphate buffer solutions (pH 7.22) of ammonium 8-anilino-1-naphthalenesulfonate (ANS),  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin ( $\beta$ -CD), and a mixture of ANS and  $\beta$ -CD.

**Determination of the association constant.** The association constant between ammonium 8-anilino-1-naphthalenesulfonate (ANS) and cyclohexaglucoside **19** was determined by fluorescence spectroscopy as described by K. L. Bodine *et al.*<sup>13a</sup> Fluorescence spectra were recorded at host-guest ratios of 10:1, 30:1, 80:1, 110:1, 125:1, and 138:1. The plot of  $F/F_0$  ( $F_0$  = fluorescence intensity of ANS solution at  $\lambda_{\text{max}} = 540 \text{ nm}$ ;  $F$  = fluorescence intensity of the host-guest mixture at  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$ ) versus host concentration showed the rectangular hyperbolic shape expected for 1:1 complex formation (Figure S2). Using the equations derived by Conners,<sup>23</sup> an association constant of  $22.5 \pm 1.3 \text{ M}^{-1}$  was obtained.



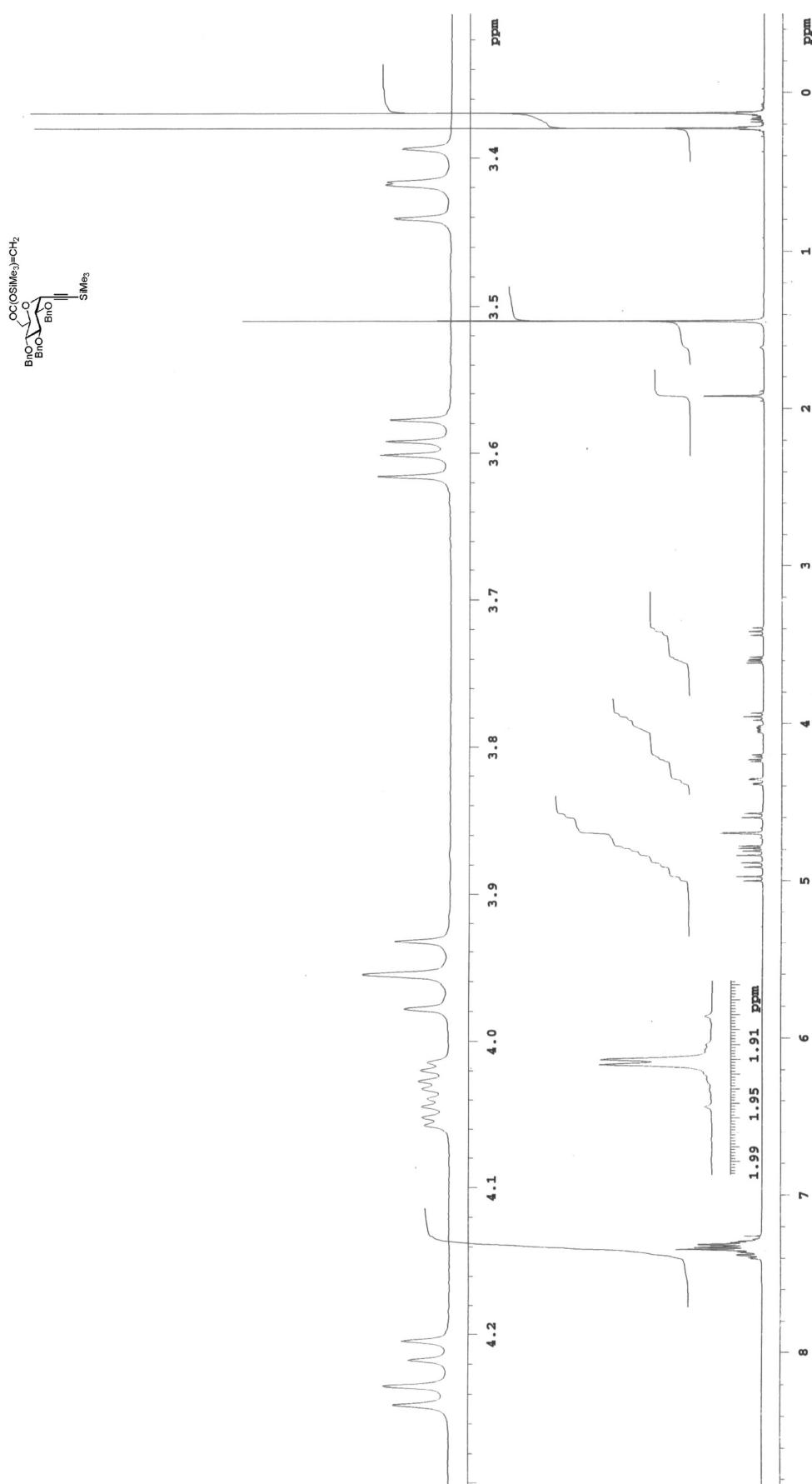
**Figure S2** Plot of  $F/F_0$  versus concentration of **19** with non-linear regression curve ( $R: 0.9538$ ).

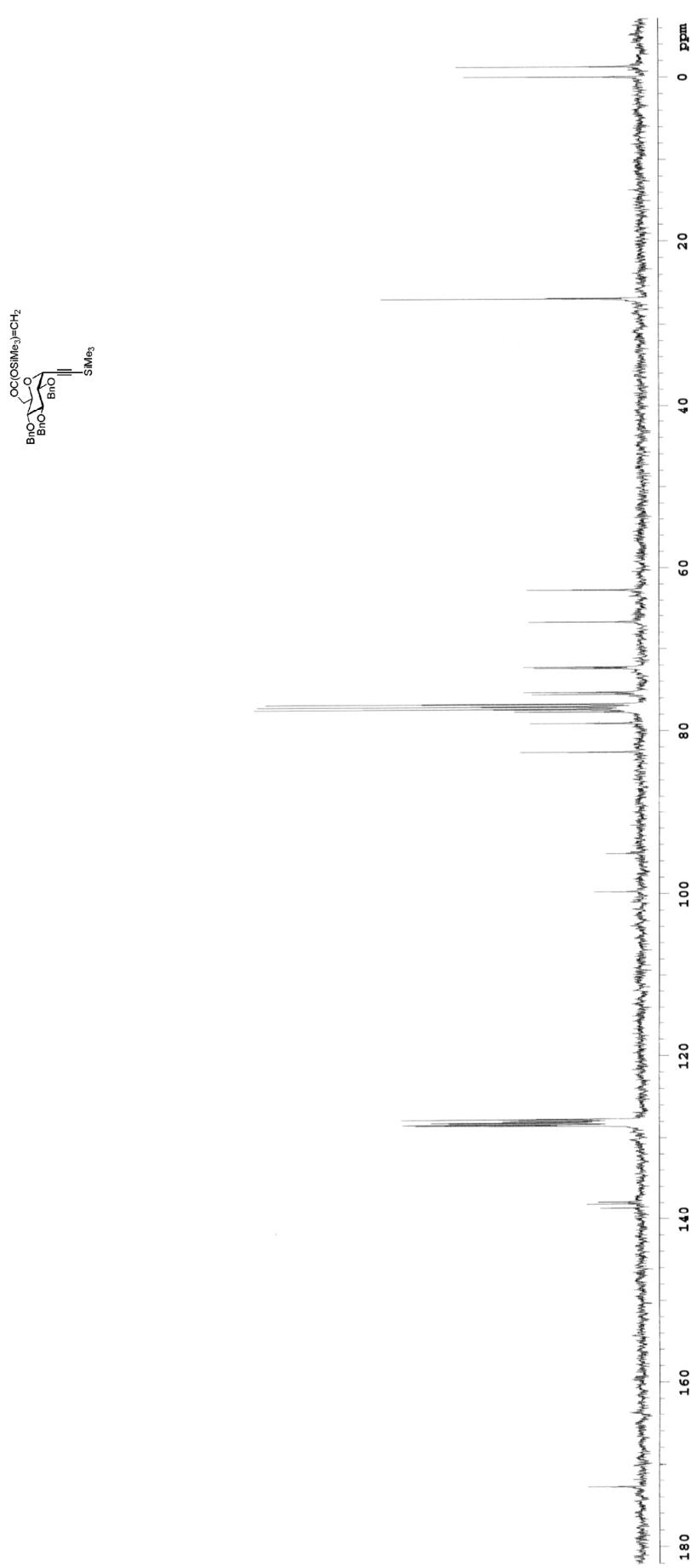


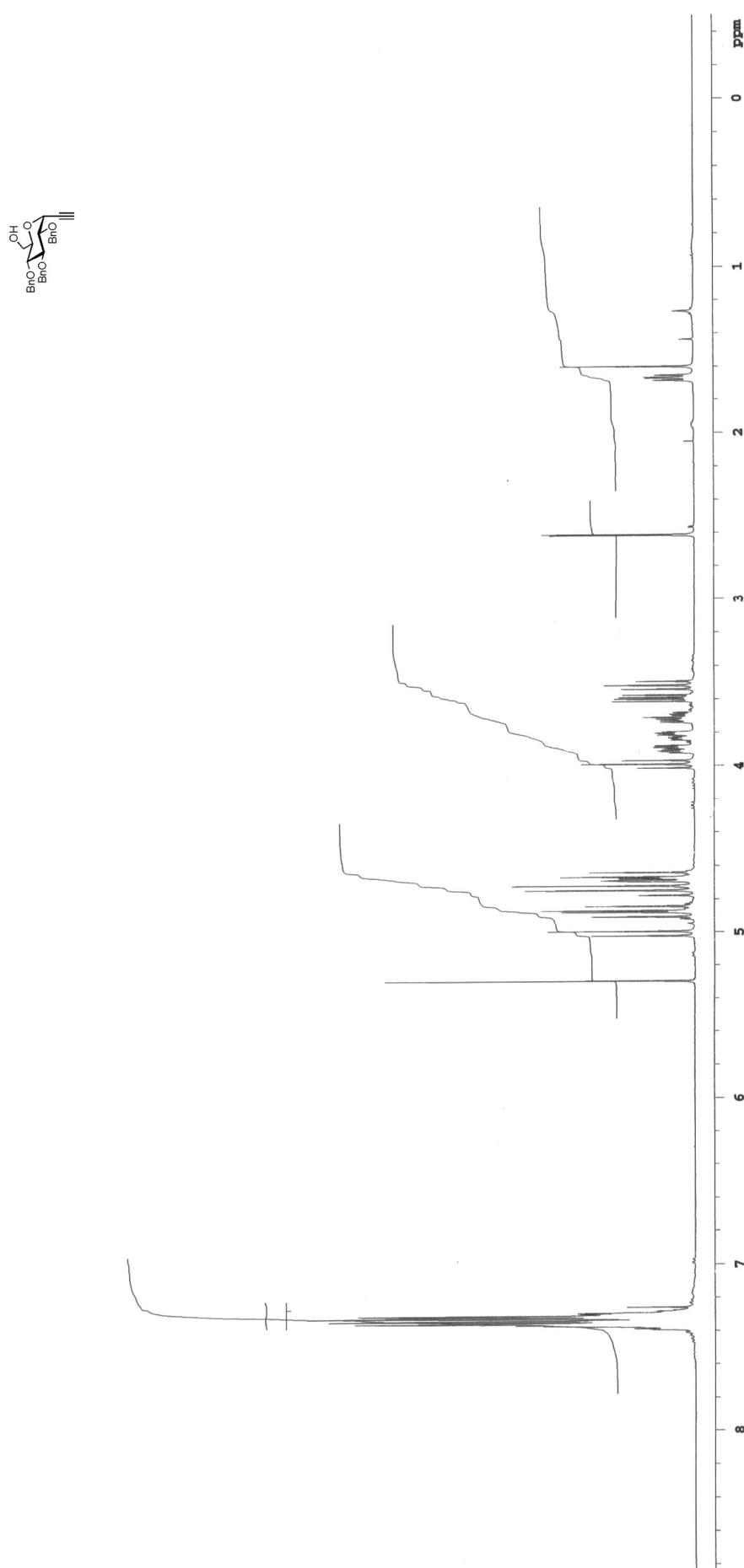
**Figure S3** Comparison of the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ , 300 MHz) of cyclotetraglucoside **16** and L-phenylalanine hydrochloride (L-Phe) or D-phenylalanine hydrochloride (D-Phe).

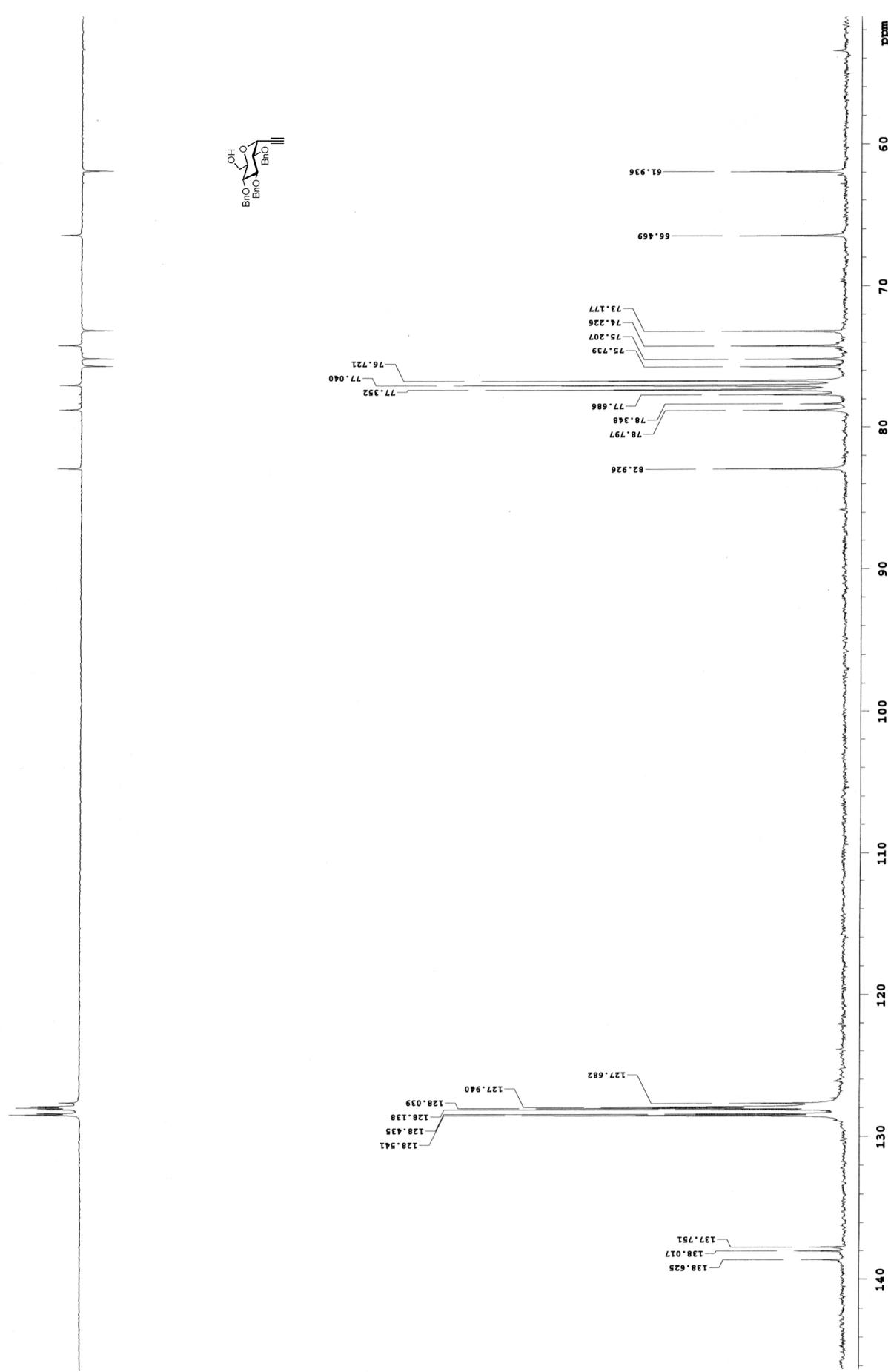
## References

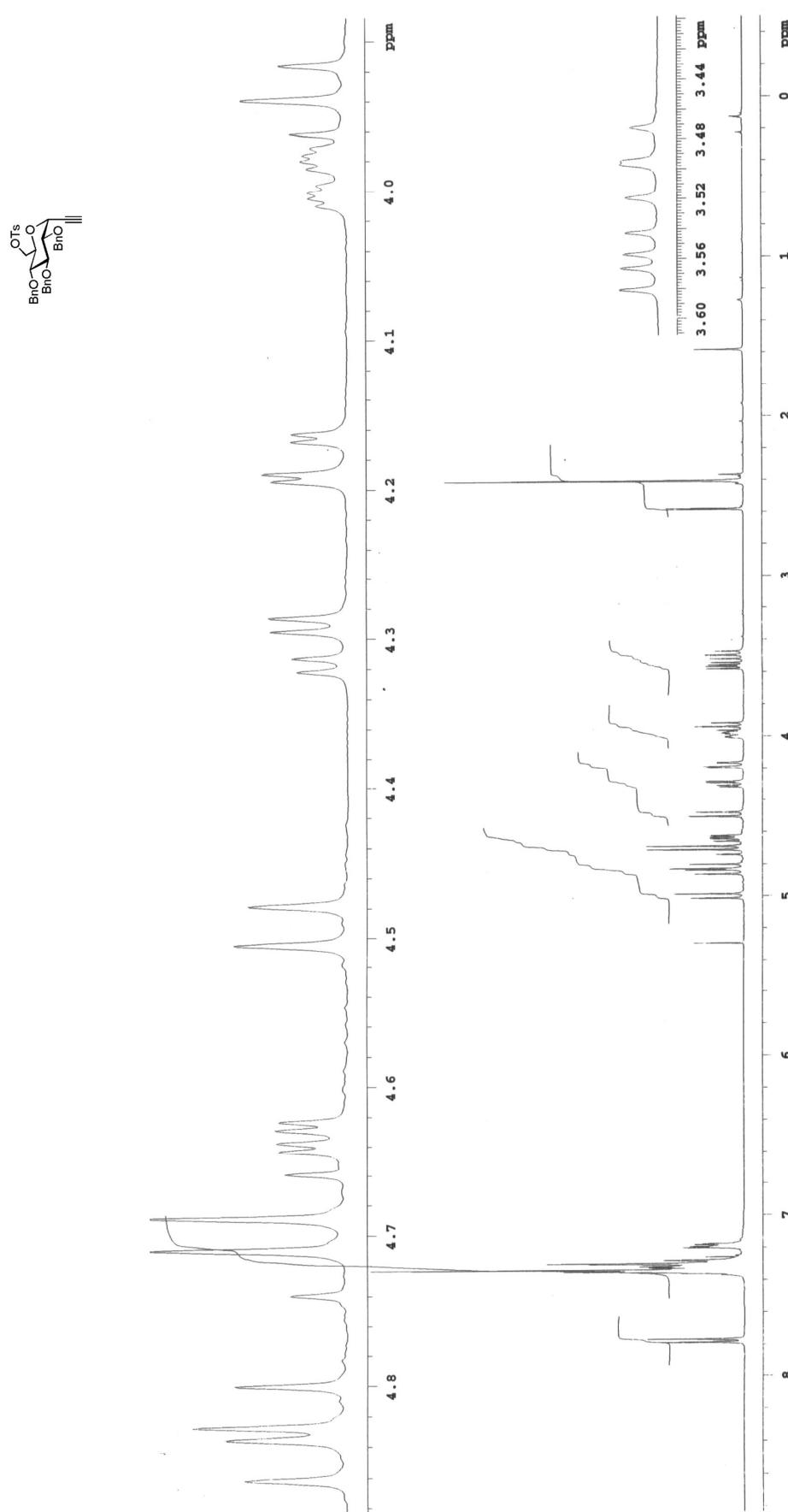
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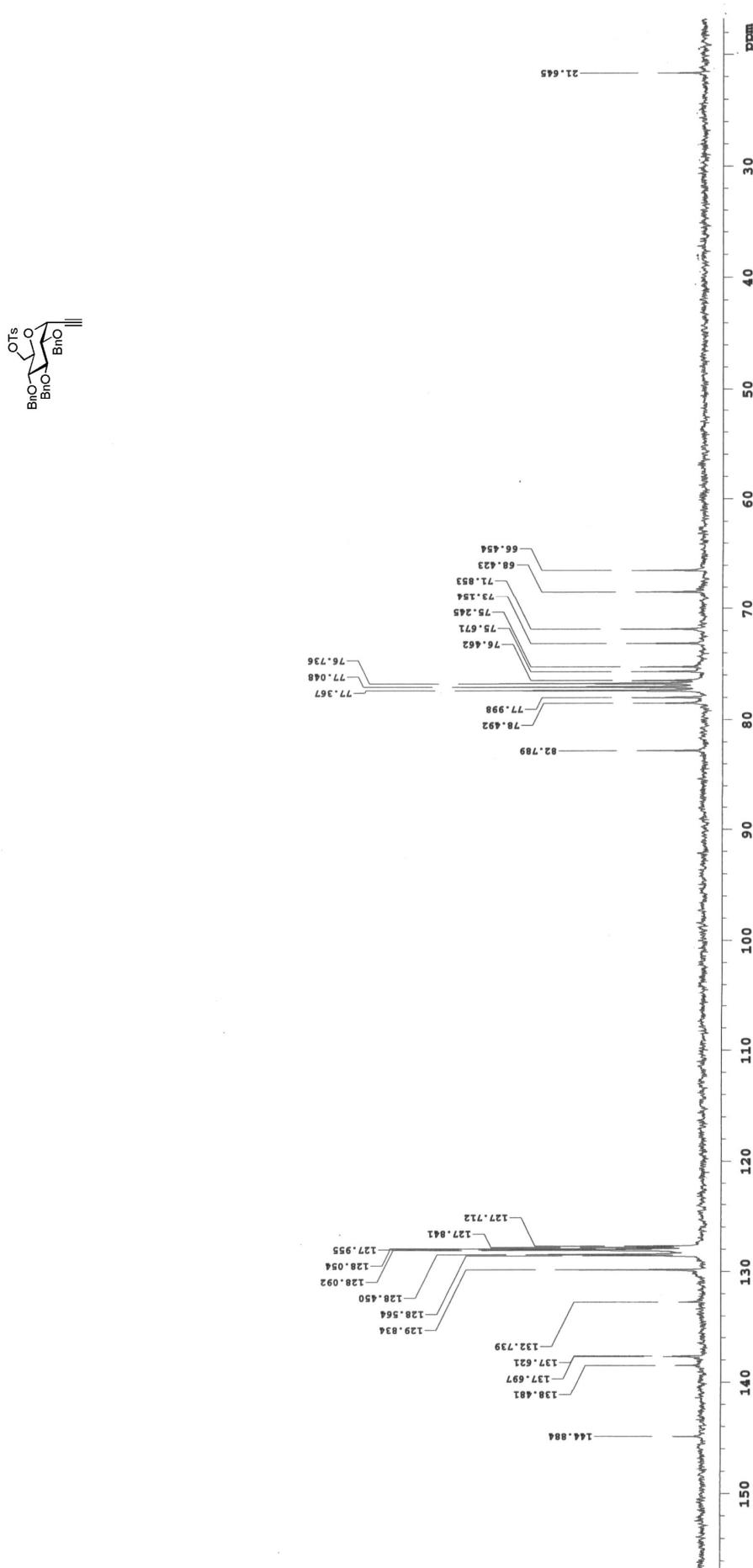




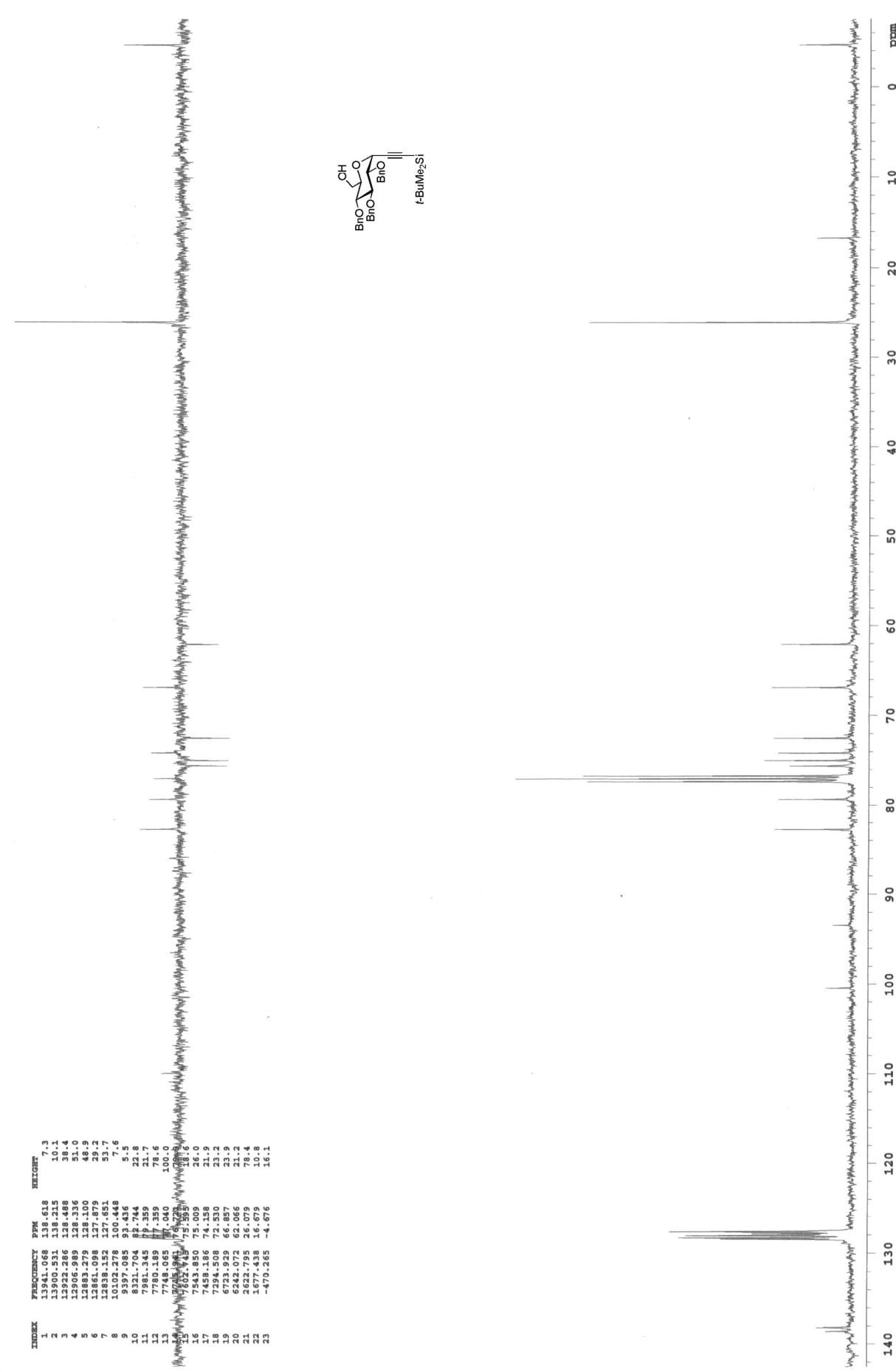


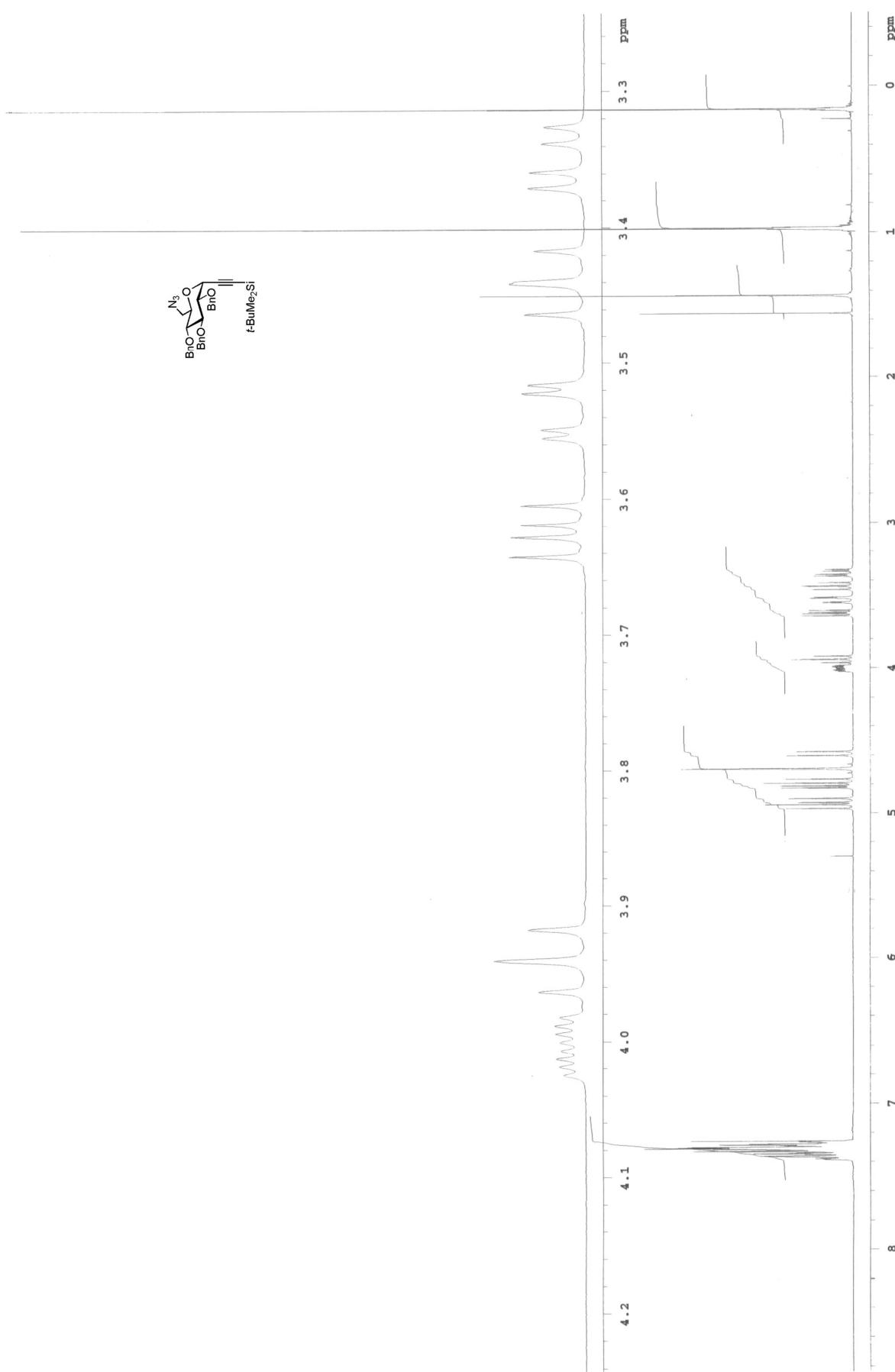




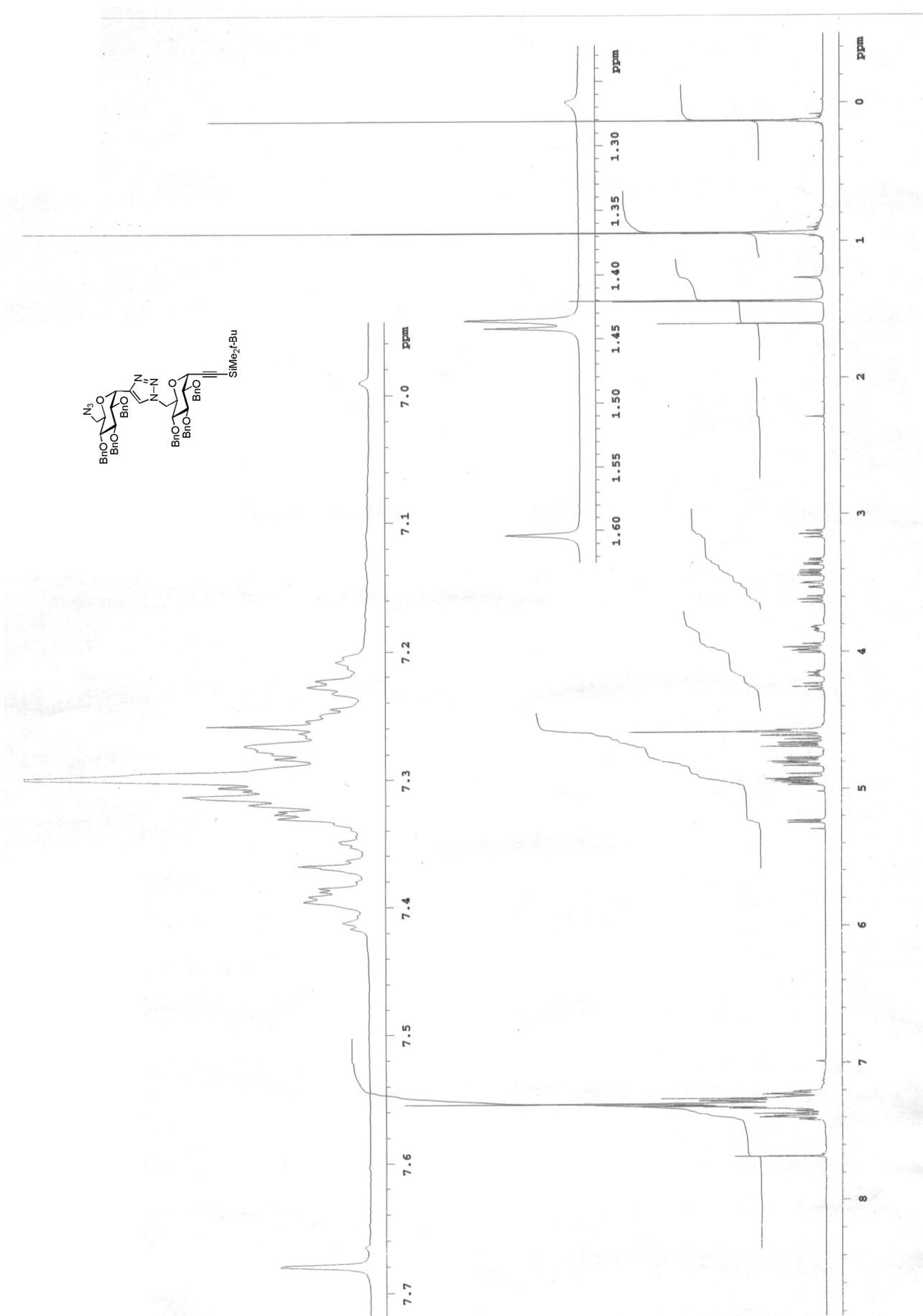


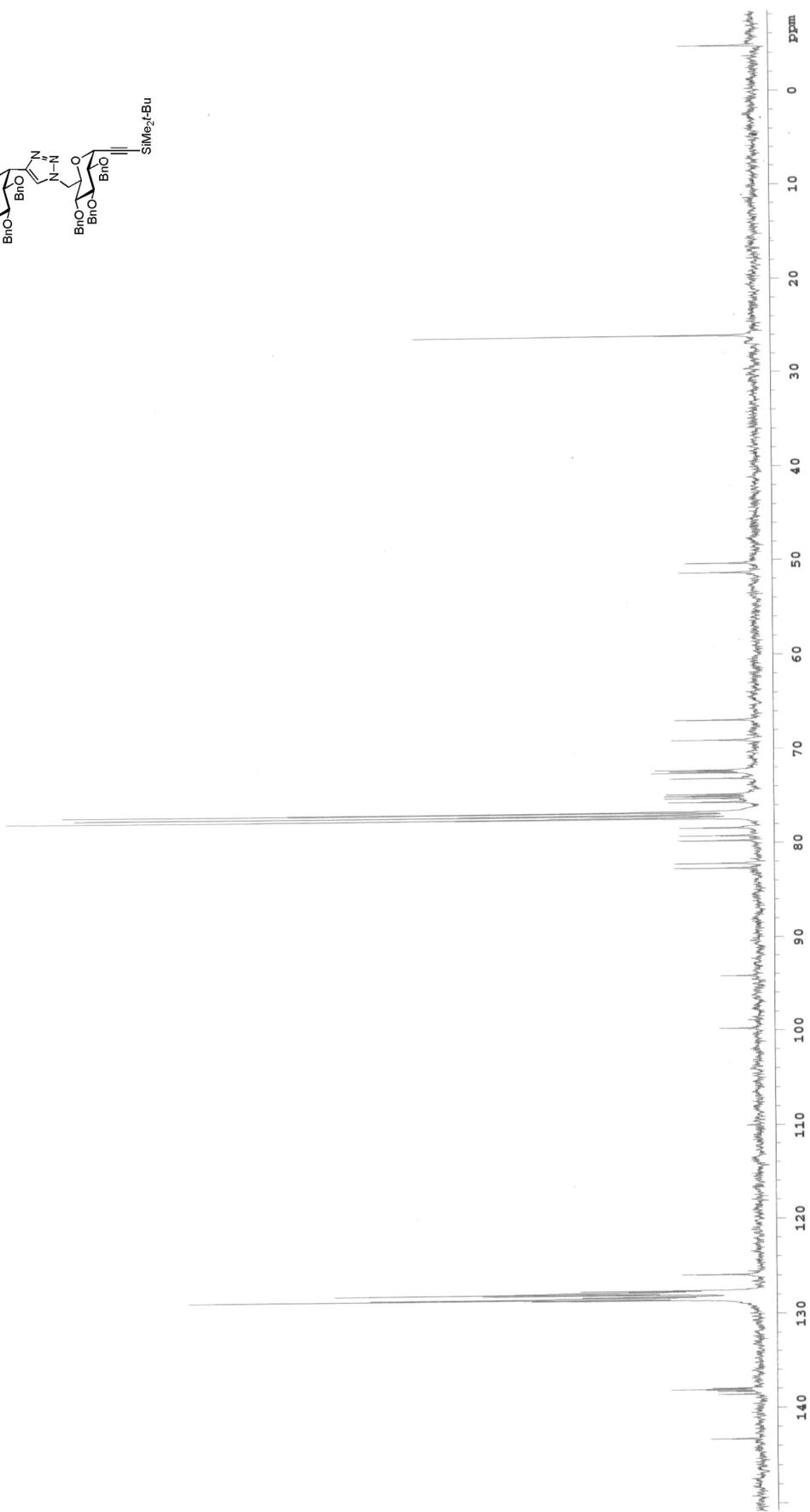
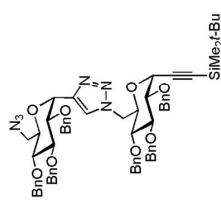


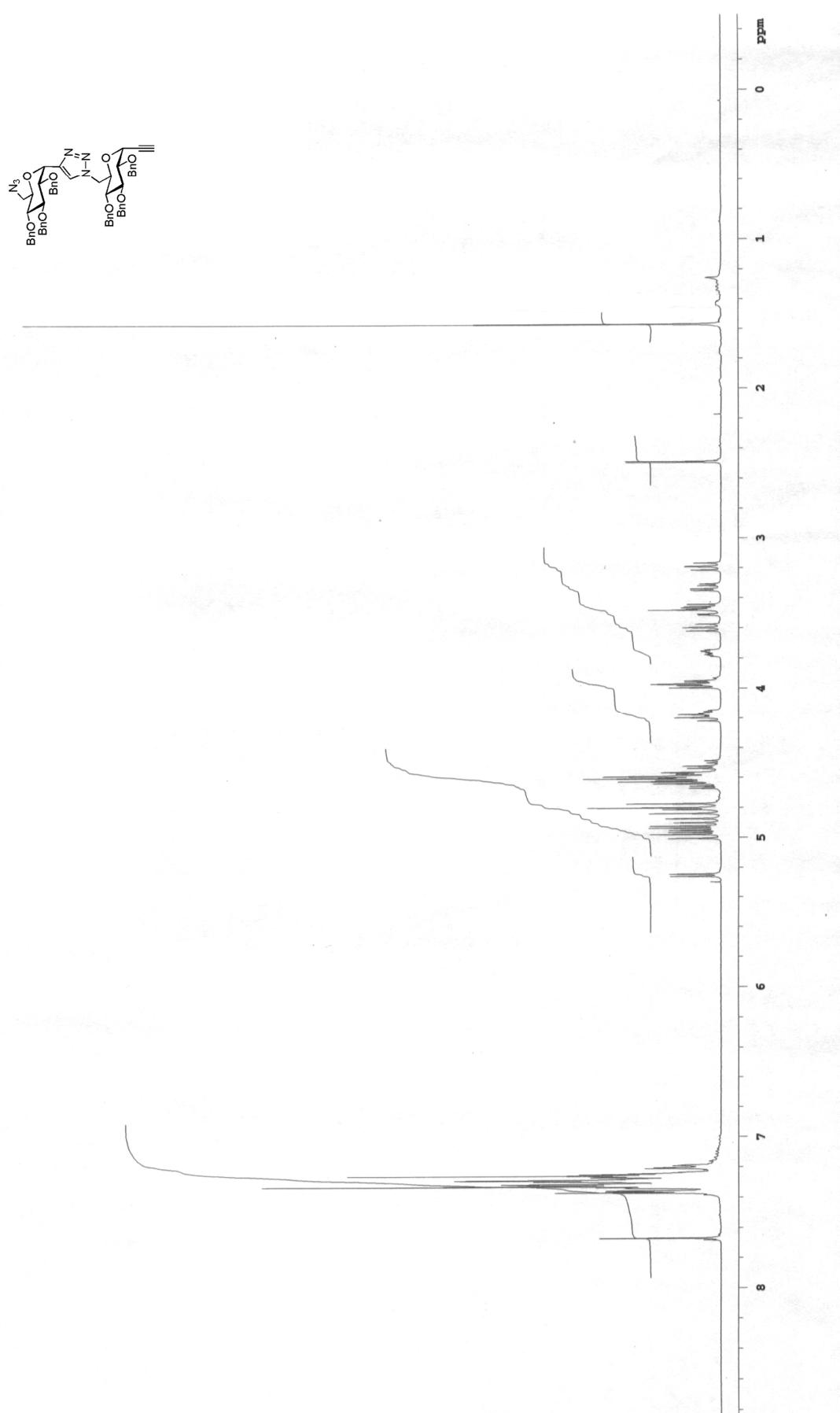


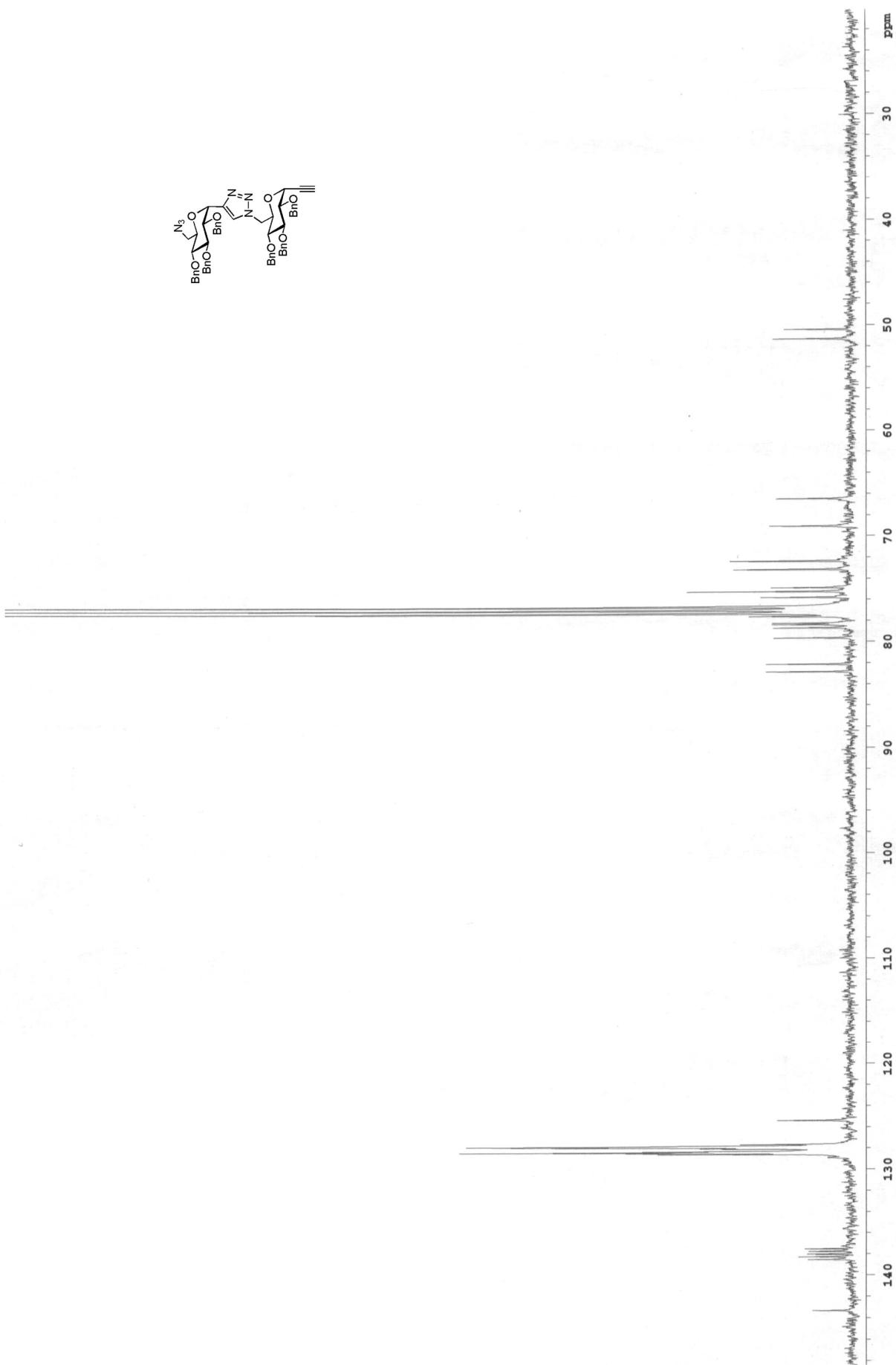
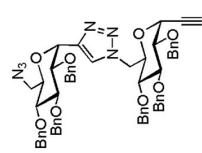




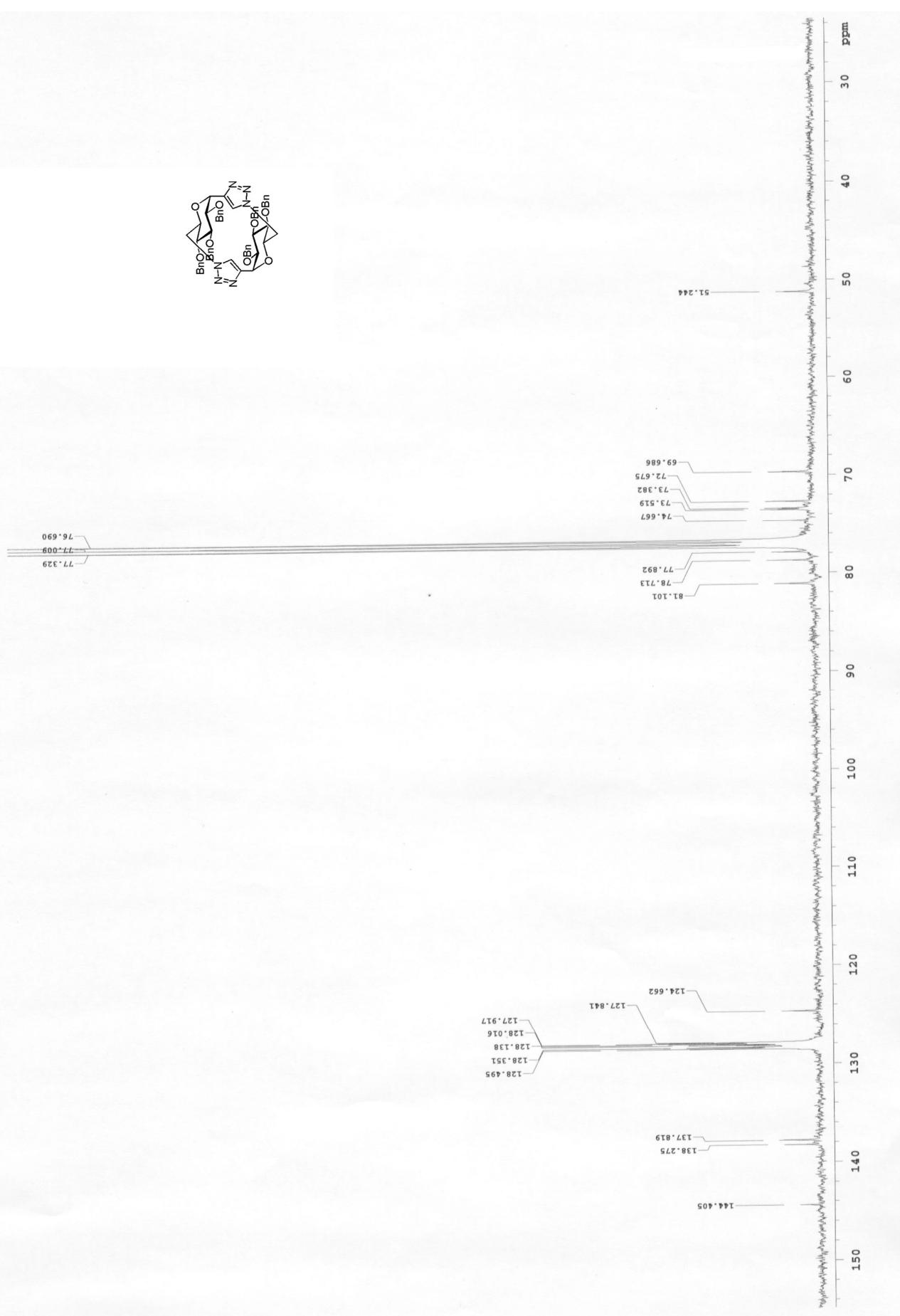


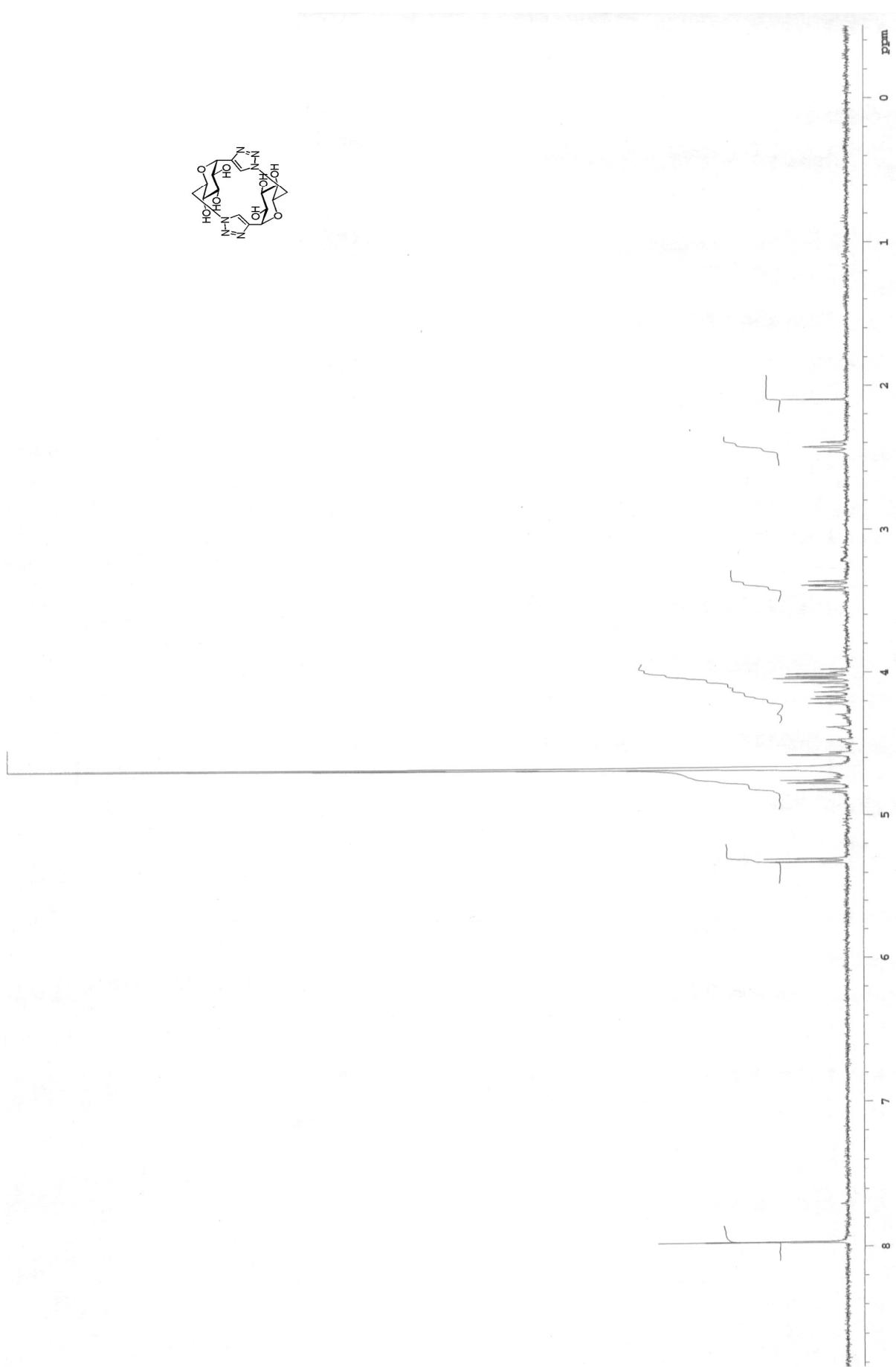


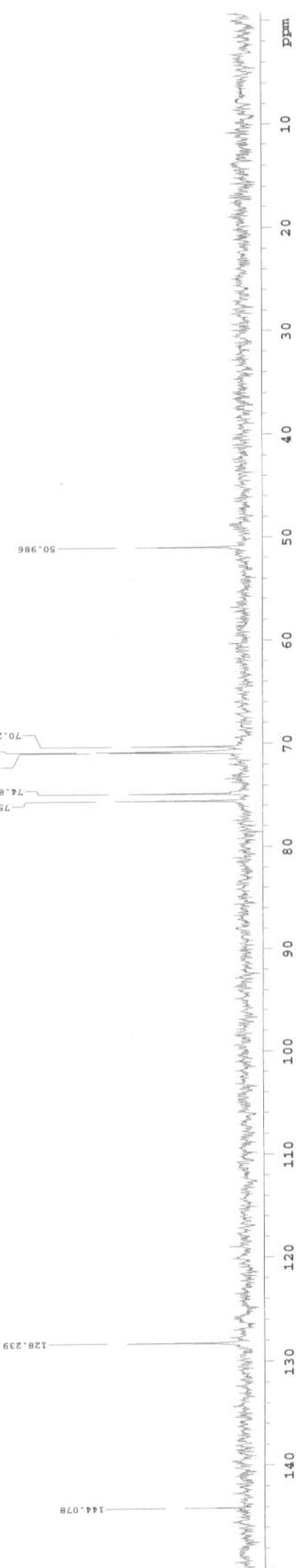
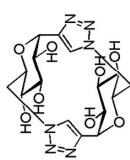


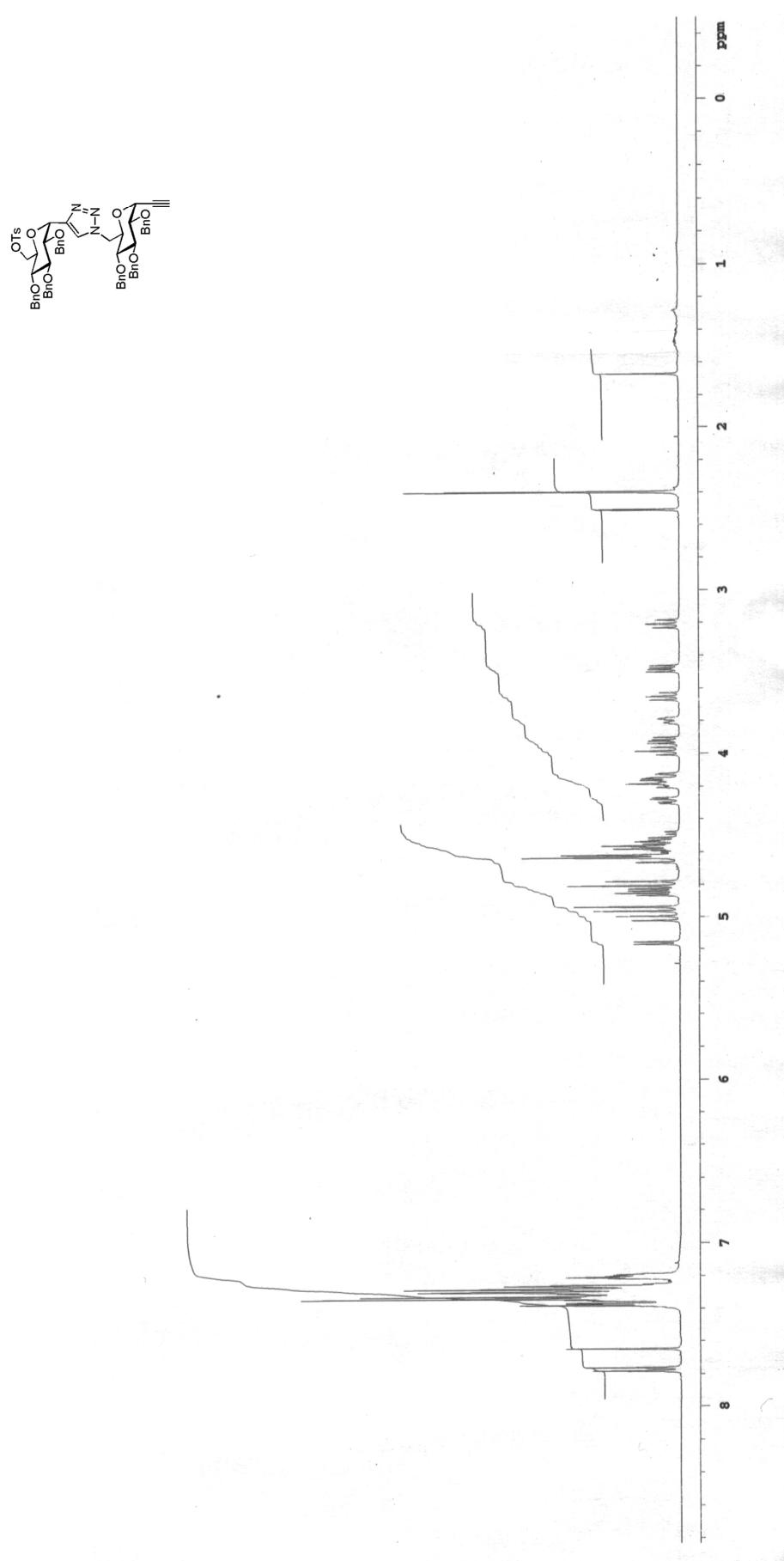


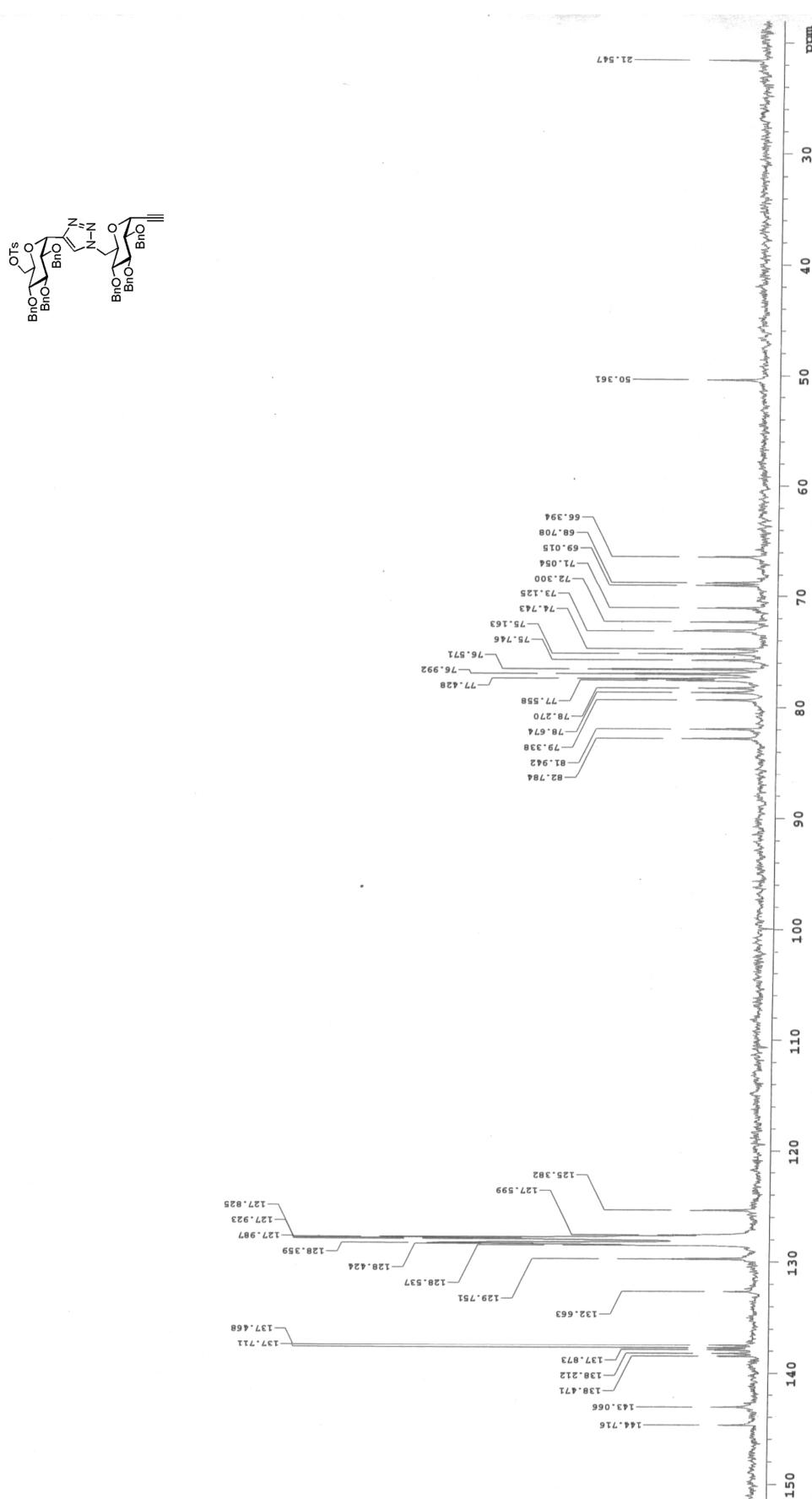


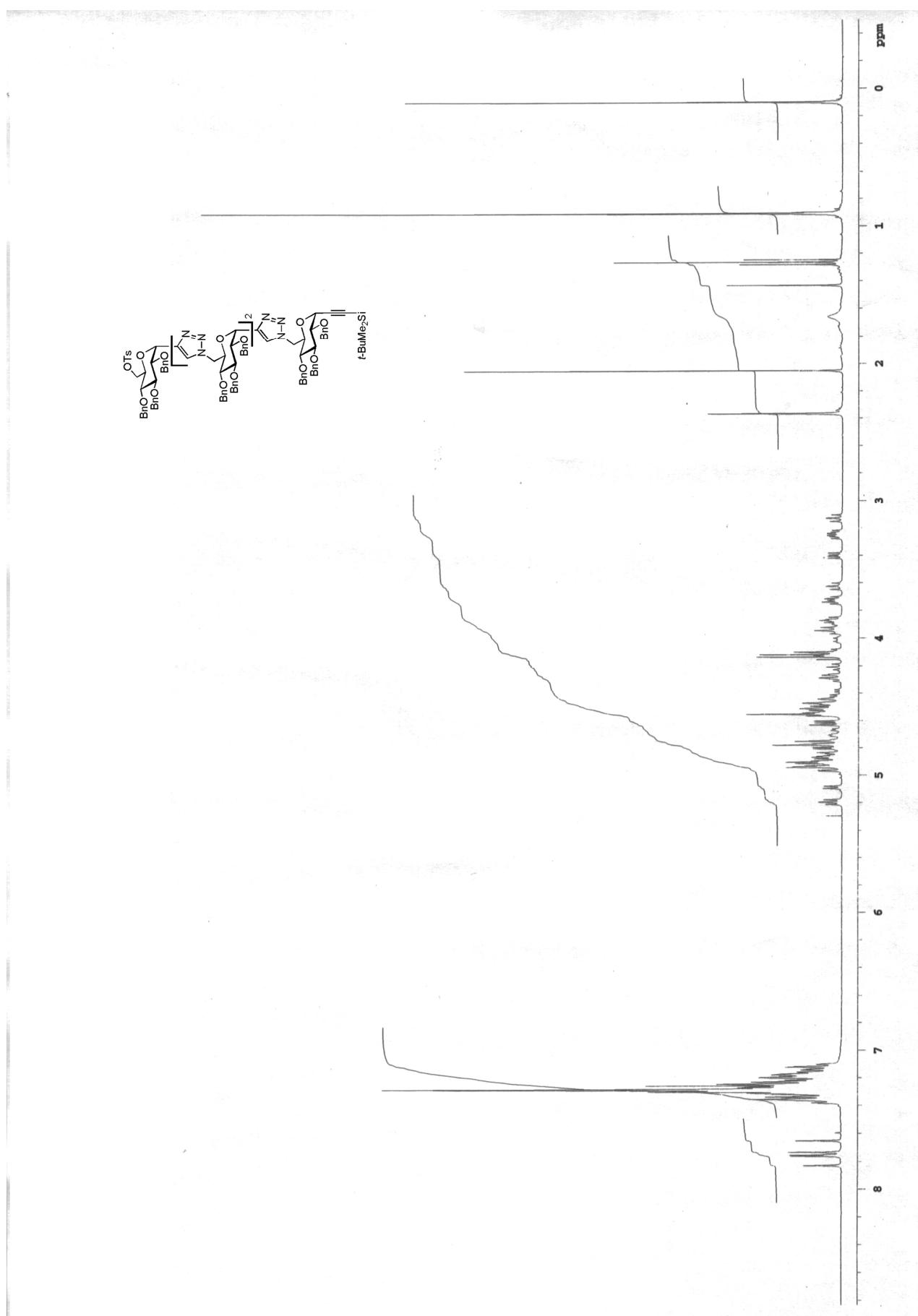


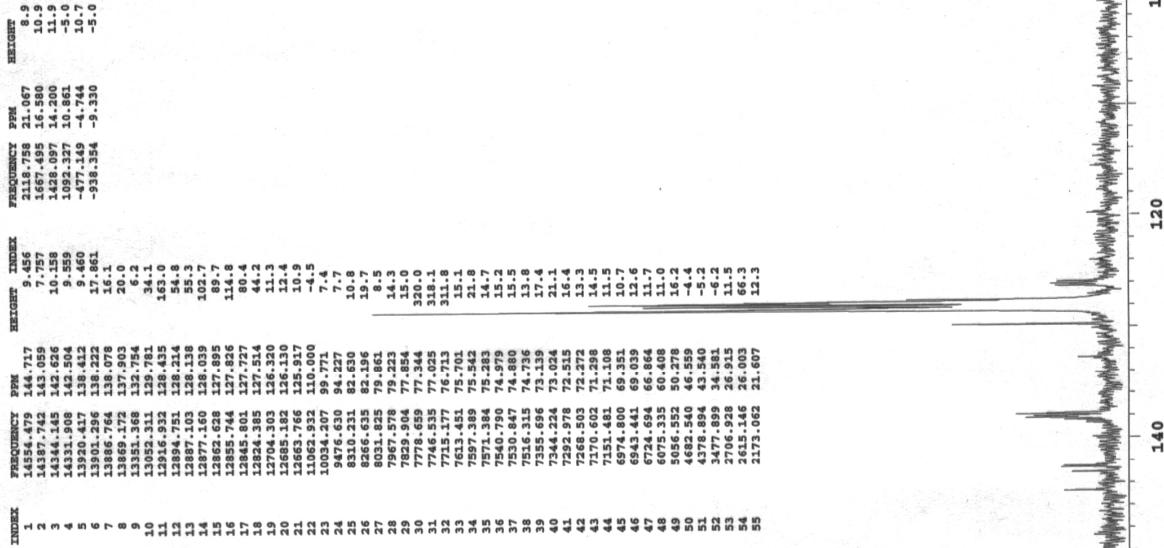
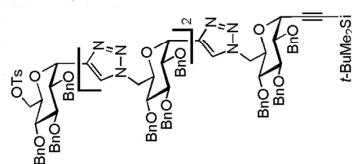


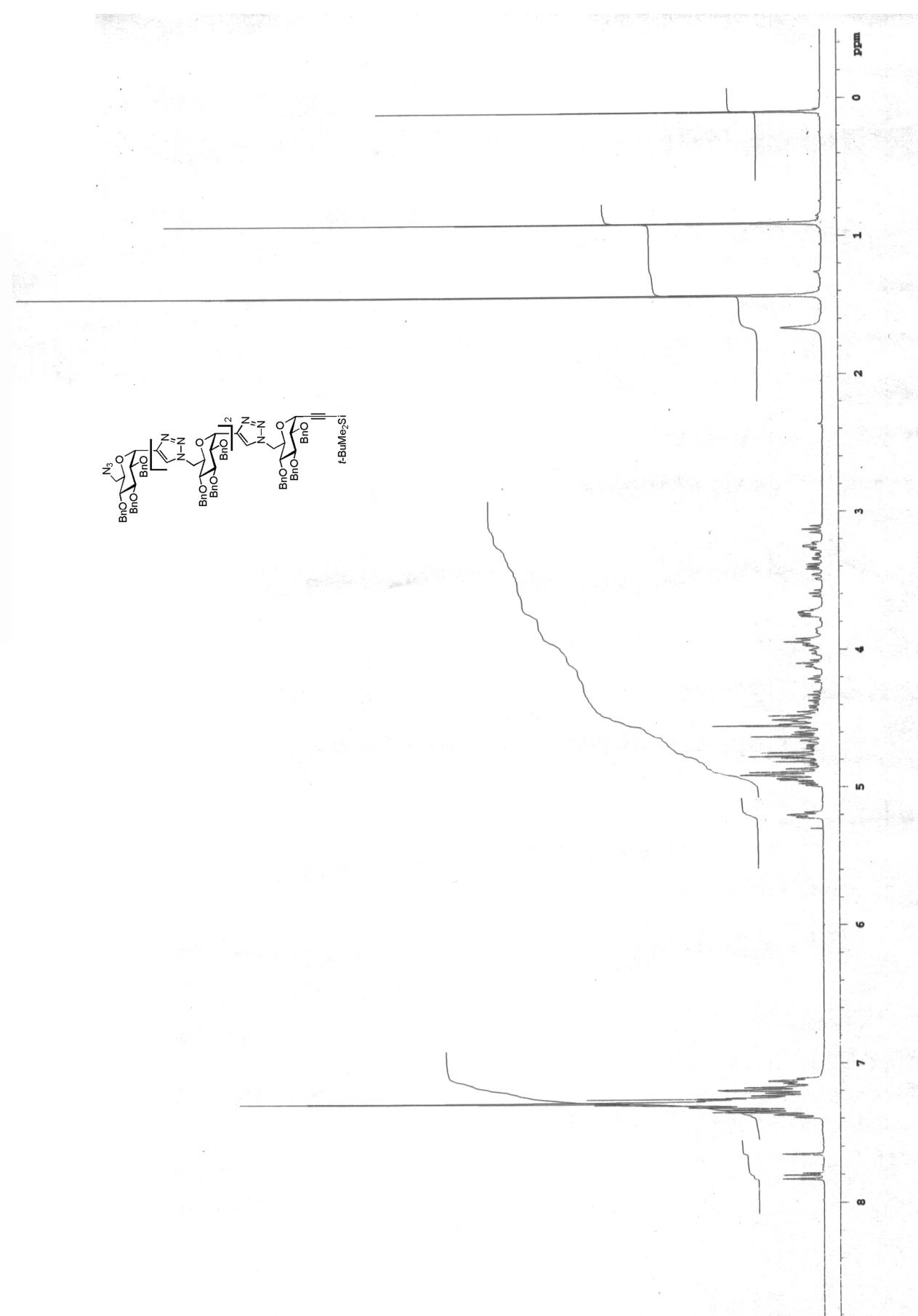


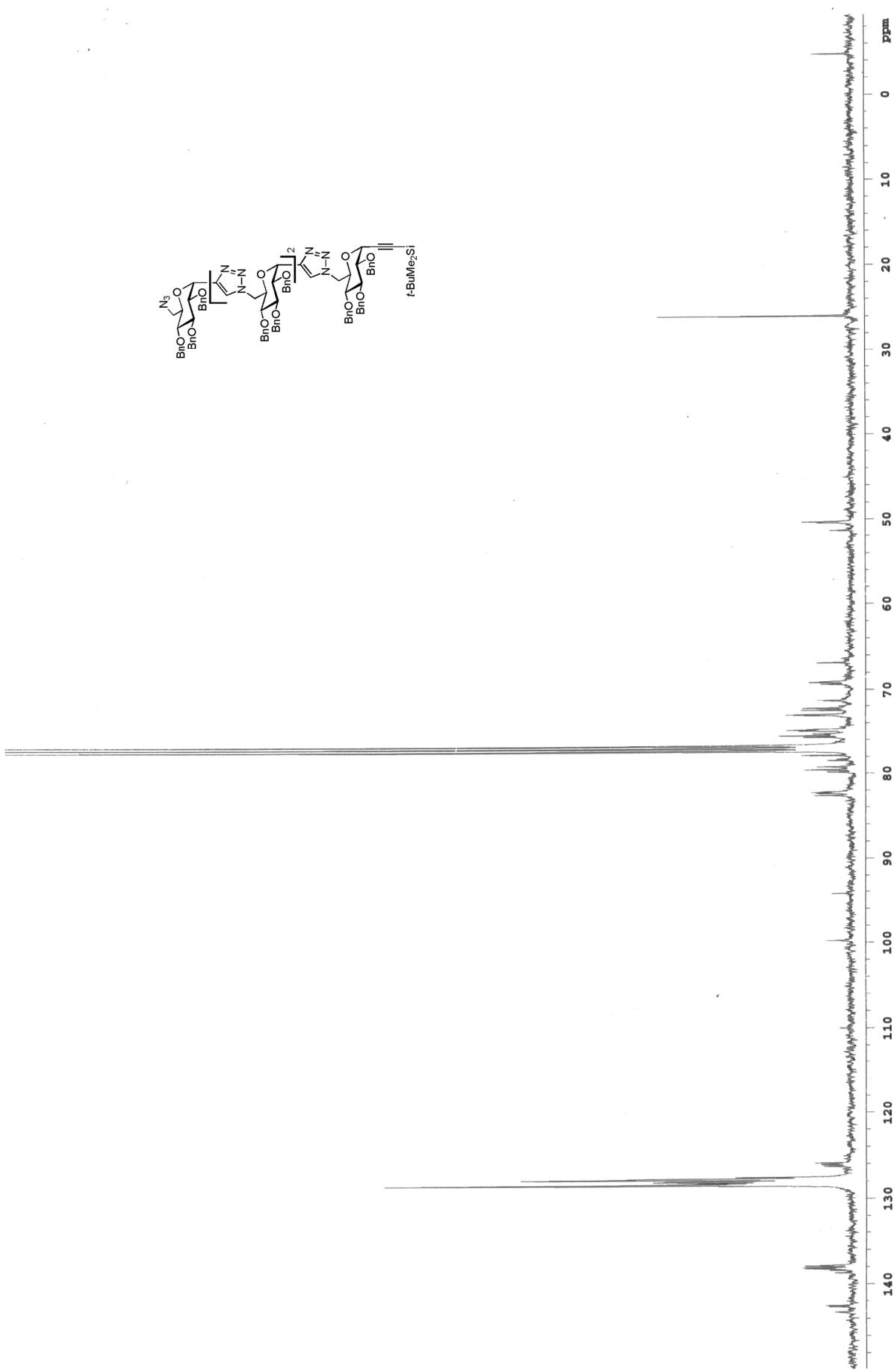


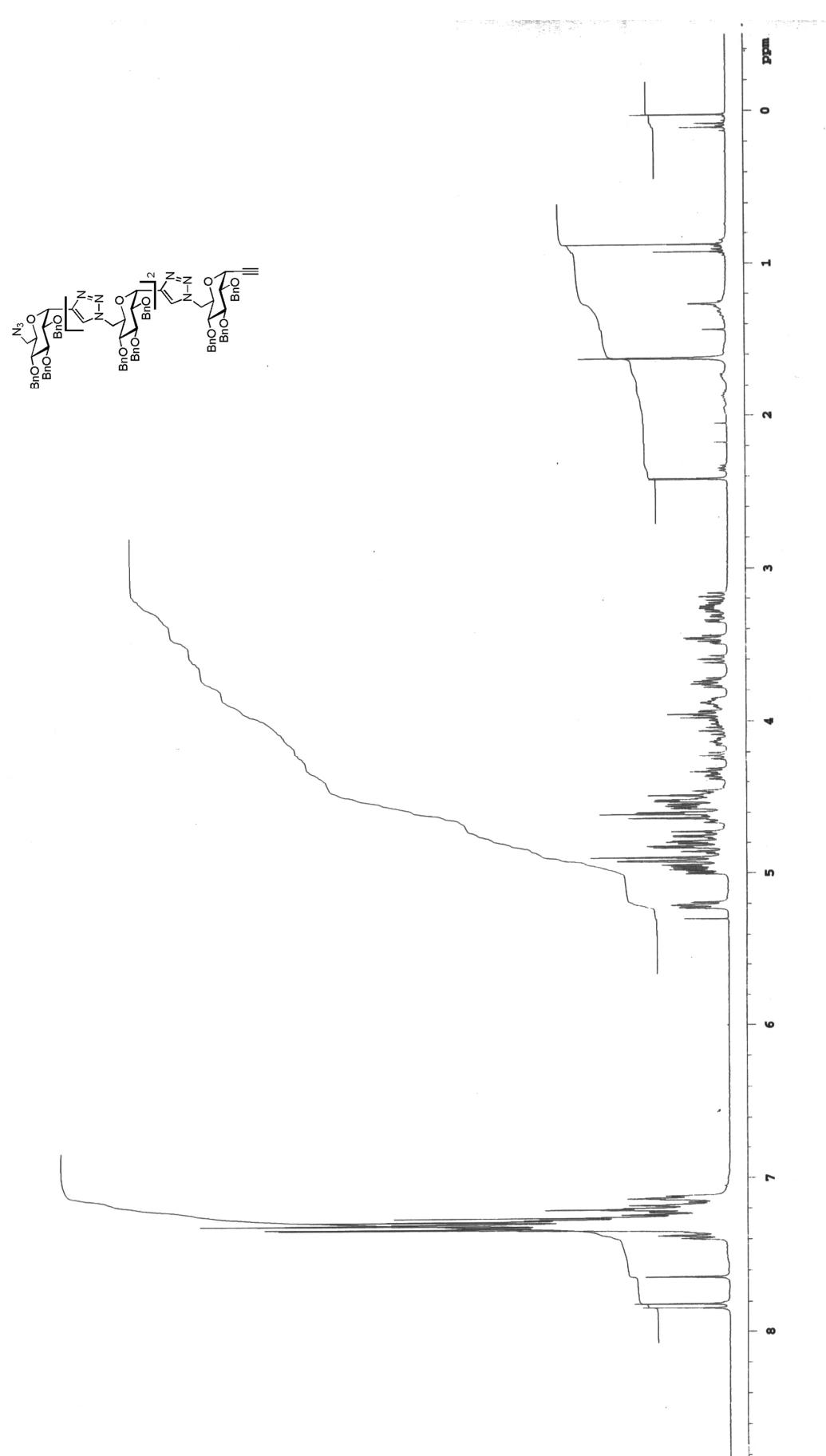


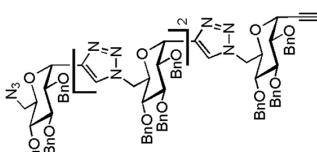












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4	13.95	24.7	138.709	9	8.259	29.705	4.0
5	13.92	4.7	138.443	10	7.8	25.693	25.693
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7	13.90	0.8	138.437	12	9.7		
8	13.95	7.1	137.401	13	9.1		
9	13.95	1.8	137.496	14	7.2		
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11	13.92	0.0	137.407	16	8.6		
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13	12.92	1.1	128.495	18	109.3		
14	12.91	5.0	128.495	19	128.495		
15	12.90	1.6	128.419	20	133.9		
16	12.88	1.9	128.298	21	49.0		
17	12.87	1.0	128.161	22	58.2		
18	12.86	2.8	128.039	23	76.7		
19	12.85	4.9	127.895	24	77.8		
20	12.84	1.9	127.819	25	124.8		
21	12.83	2.9	127.689	26	57.6		
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26	8327	1.07	82.310	31	11.8		
27	8362	8.10	82.158	32	12.1		
28	8021	8.82	82.158	33	8.9		
29	8006	5.85	79.610	34	10.5		
30	7916	3.32	78.713	35	19.6		
31	7892	6.22	78.477	36	13.0		
32	7878	8.85	78.340	37	12.2		
33	7842	1.42	77.975	38	12.0		
34	7830	6.69	77.861	39	10.7		
35	7817	6.67	77.732	40	10.7		
36	7778	6.59	77.344	41	11.6		
37	7746	5.35	77.025	42	15.9		
38	7714	4.12	76.705	43	15.9		
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40	7594	1.30	75.511	45	27.6		
41	7573	6.79	75.306	46	20.8		
42	7565	2.66	75.222	47	13.8		
43	7535	4.16	74.926	48	14.1		
44	7521	6.69	74.789	49	11.9		
45	7380	2.85	73.184	50	14.7		
46	7351	8.72	73.101	51	16.2		
47	7343	4.59	73.017	52	19.9		
48	7278	4.65	72.370	53	22.9		
49	7133	6.62	71.329	54	14.4		
50	7130	2.66	71.245	55	10.4		
51	6937	8.60	71.245	56	10.5		
52	6924	0.92	69.245	57	10.8		
53	6947	2.66	69.077	58	10.1		
54	6878	0.98	66.401	59	12.0		
55	5169	7.50	51.403	60	11.1		

