

Functionalisation of aldehydes via aerobic hydroacylation of azodicarboxylates 'on' water

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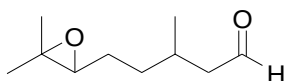
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General Experimental

All reagents were purchased from Aldrich or AlfaAesar and were used as received without further purification. Aldehydes **1g**, **1l** and **1m** were synthesised using the methods of Vanderhaeghe, Terashima and Quici respectively.¹⁻³ All reactions were carried out with HPLC gradient grade water (demineralised) purchased from Fisher Scientific. All reactions were carried out in carousel tubes (15 cm × 2 cm) equipped with an octagon-shaped magnetic stirrer bar (12.7 mm × 3 mm). Where described below petrol refers to petroleum ether (40-60). All reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on pre-coated silica gel plates (254µm). Flash column chromatography was carried out with Kiesegel 60M 0.04/0.063mm (200-400 mesh) silica gel. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded at 500 MHz and 600 MHz and ¹³C NMR at 125 MHz and 150 MHz on Bruker AMX500 and AMX600 spectrometers at ambient temperature in CDCl₃ as indicated below. The chemical shifts (δ) for ¹H and ¹³C are quoted relative to residual signals of the solvent on the ppm scale. Coupling constants (*J* values) are reported in Hertz (Hz) and are H-H coupling constants unless otherwise stated. Signal multiplicities in ¹³C NMR were determined using the distortionless enhancement by phase transfer (DEPT) spectral editing technique. For hydrazides **2a-d** and hydrazides **3a-m** only the peaks for the major rotamer are assigned. Mass spectra were obtained on a VG70-SE mass spectrometer. Infrared spectra were obtained on a Perkin Elmer Spectrum 100 FTIR Spectrometer operating in ATR mode. Melting points were measured with a Gallenkamp apparatus and are uncorrected. Optical rotations were measured using a Perkin Elmer 343 polarimeter. Chiral High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) was performed on a Varian HPLC instrument equipped with a manual injector, binary pump, and a UV detector (214 nm) using CHIRALCEL[®] OD column (4.6mm x 250mm, 10µm) from Chiral Technologies (West Chester, PA) eluting with hexane:*i*-PrOH (99:1) with a flow rate of 0.6 mL/min.

5-(3,3-dimethyloxiran-2-yl)-3-methylpentanal **1h**

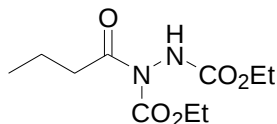


To a stirring solution of (±)-citronellal (771 mg, 902 μ L, 5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added dropwise a solution of *m*-CPBA (1.04 g, 6 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) at 0 °C under argon. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 21 °C and stirred for a further 90 min. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate washed with sat. K_2CO_3 (3×30 mL), dried (MgSO_4) and the solvent removed *in vacuo* to afford 5-(3,3-dimethyloxiran-2-yl)-3-methylpentanal as a colourless oil (809 mg, 4.75 mmol, 95%) as a 1:1 mixture of diastereoisomers A and B: ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.76 (t, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.70-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.42 (ddd, $J = 2.0, 3.5$ and 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.30-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.42 (m, 4H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 3H of diastereoisomer A, 1.5H), 1.26 (s, 3H of diastereoisomer B, 1.5H), 0.98 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 202.7 (CH), 202.6 (CH), 64.3 (CH_2), 64.2 (CH_2), 58.4 (C), 58.3 (C), 51.0 (CH_2), 50.9 (CH_2), 33.5 (CH_2), 27.9 (CH), 26.4 (CH_2), 26.4 (CH_2), 25.0 (CH_3), 19.9 (CH_3), 19.8 (CH_3), 18.7 (CH_3), 18.7 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 2960, 2927, 1722 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 193 (60, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$), 169 (100); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 193.1205, observed 193.1208.

General Procedure for the functionalisation of aldehyde with DEAD and DIAD

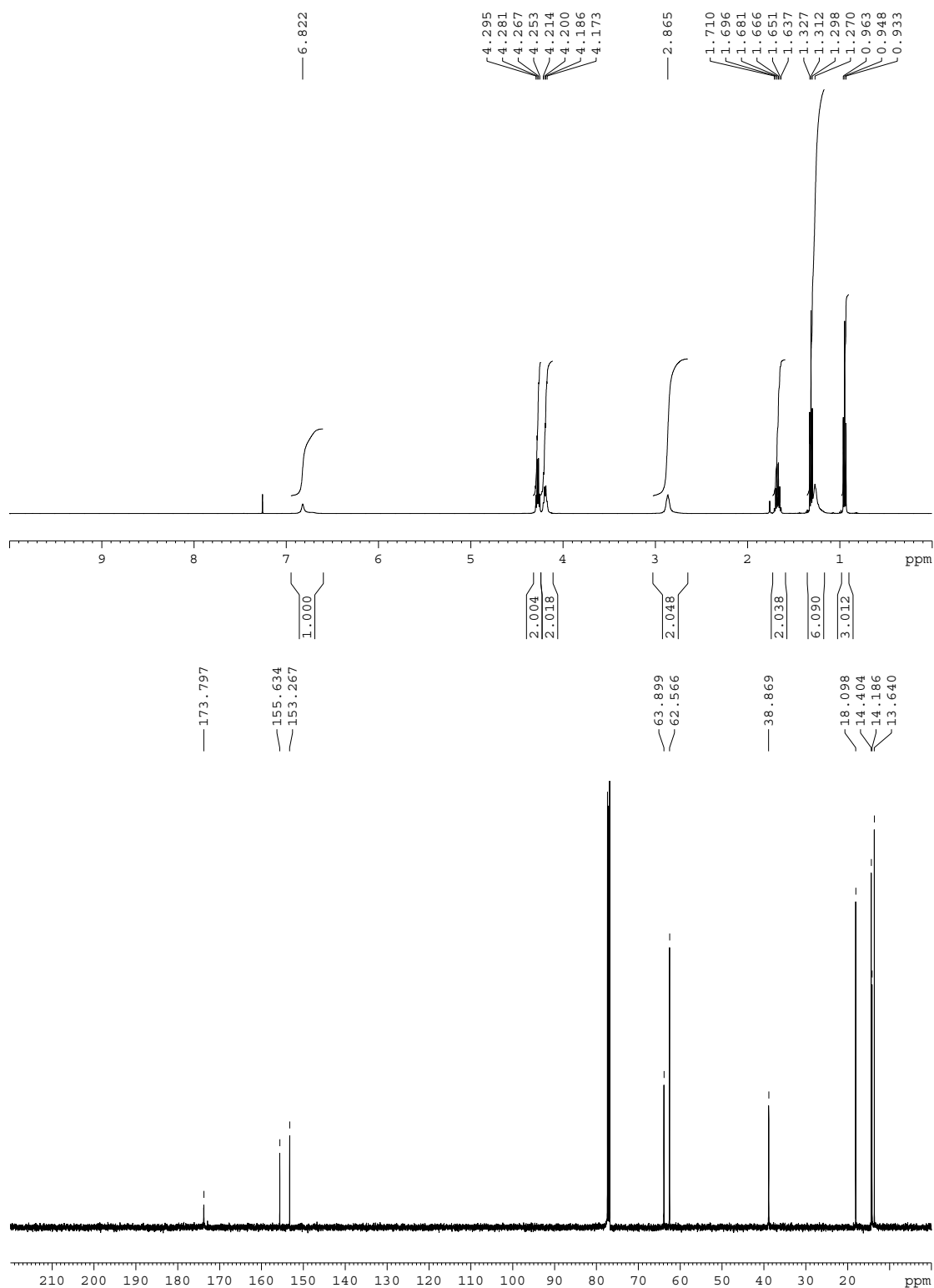
Aldehyde (1.0 mmol) was added to a mixture of azodicarboxylate (1.2 mmol) and H_2O (500 μ L) and the reaction mixture stirred at 300 rpm at 21 °C in a stoppered carousel tube for the time specified below. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the product purified as specified below.

Diethyl 1-butanoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **2a**

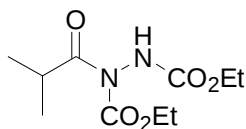


Reaction was stirred for 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (20%-50% EtOAc/petrol) gave diethyl 1-butanoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (221 mg, 0.90 mmol, 90%): ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.77 (br s, NH, 1H), 4.28 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.19 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.90-2.80 (m, 2H), 1.68 (sextet, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.35-1.17 (m, 6H), 0.97 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.8 (C), 155.6 (C), 153.3 (C), 63.9 (CH_2), 62.6 (CH_2), 38.9 (CH_2), 18.1 (CH_2), 14.4 (CH_3), 14.2 (CH_3), 13.6 (CH_3); IR

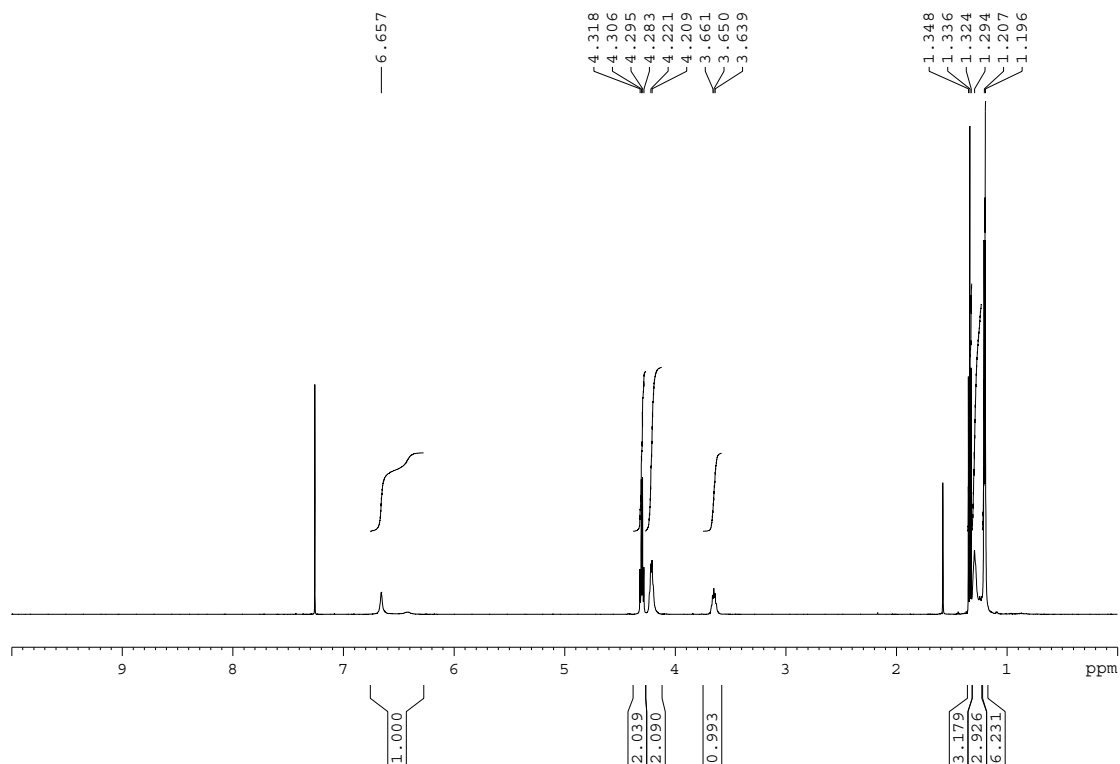
(thin film) 3309, 2968, 2877, 1738, 1717 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 269 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 269.1113, observed 269.1118.

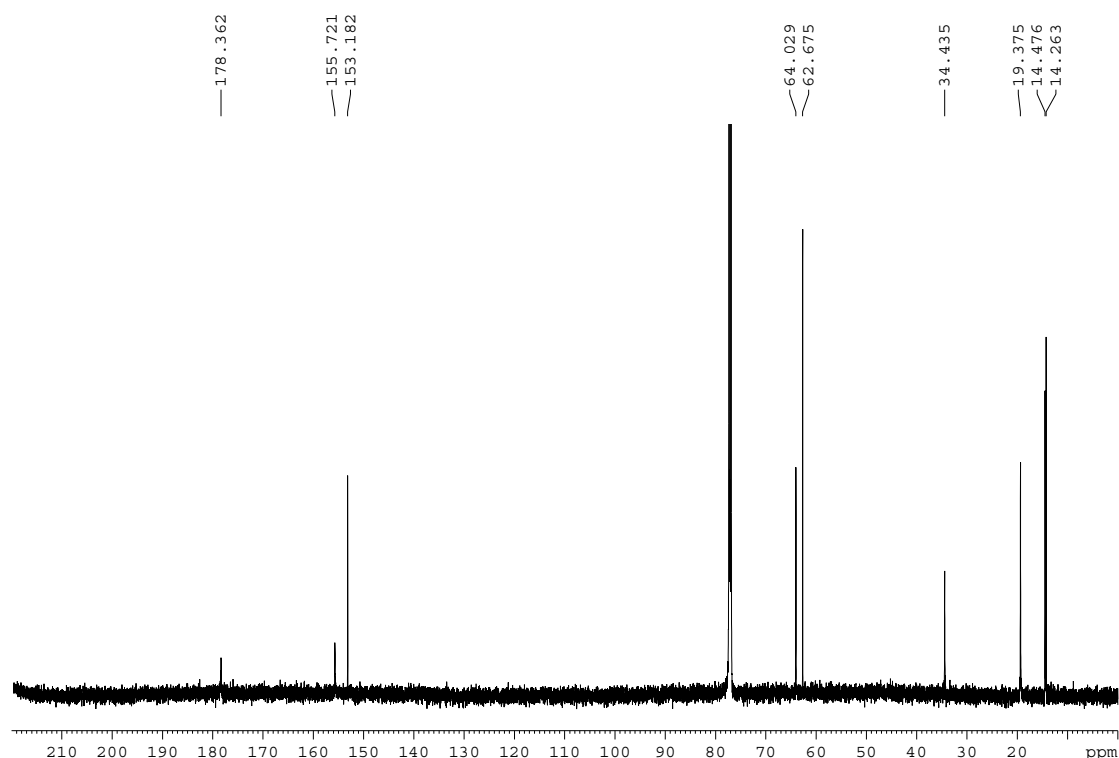


Diethyl 1-(2-methylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 2b

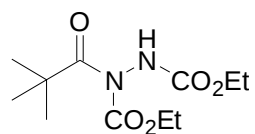


Reaction was stirred for 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (20%-50% EtOAc/petrol) gave diethyl 1-(2-methylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (177 mg, 0.72 mmol, 72%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.65 (br s, NH, 1H), 4.29 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (br septet, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.35-1.24 (m, 6H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 178.4 (C), 155.7 (C), 153.2 (C), 64.0 (CH_2), 62.7 (CH_2), 34.4 (CH), 19.4 (CH_3), 14.5 (CH_3), 14.3 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3312, 2984, 2938, 1742, 1725 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 247 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 247.1294, observed 247.1284.

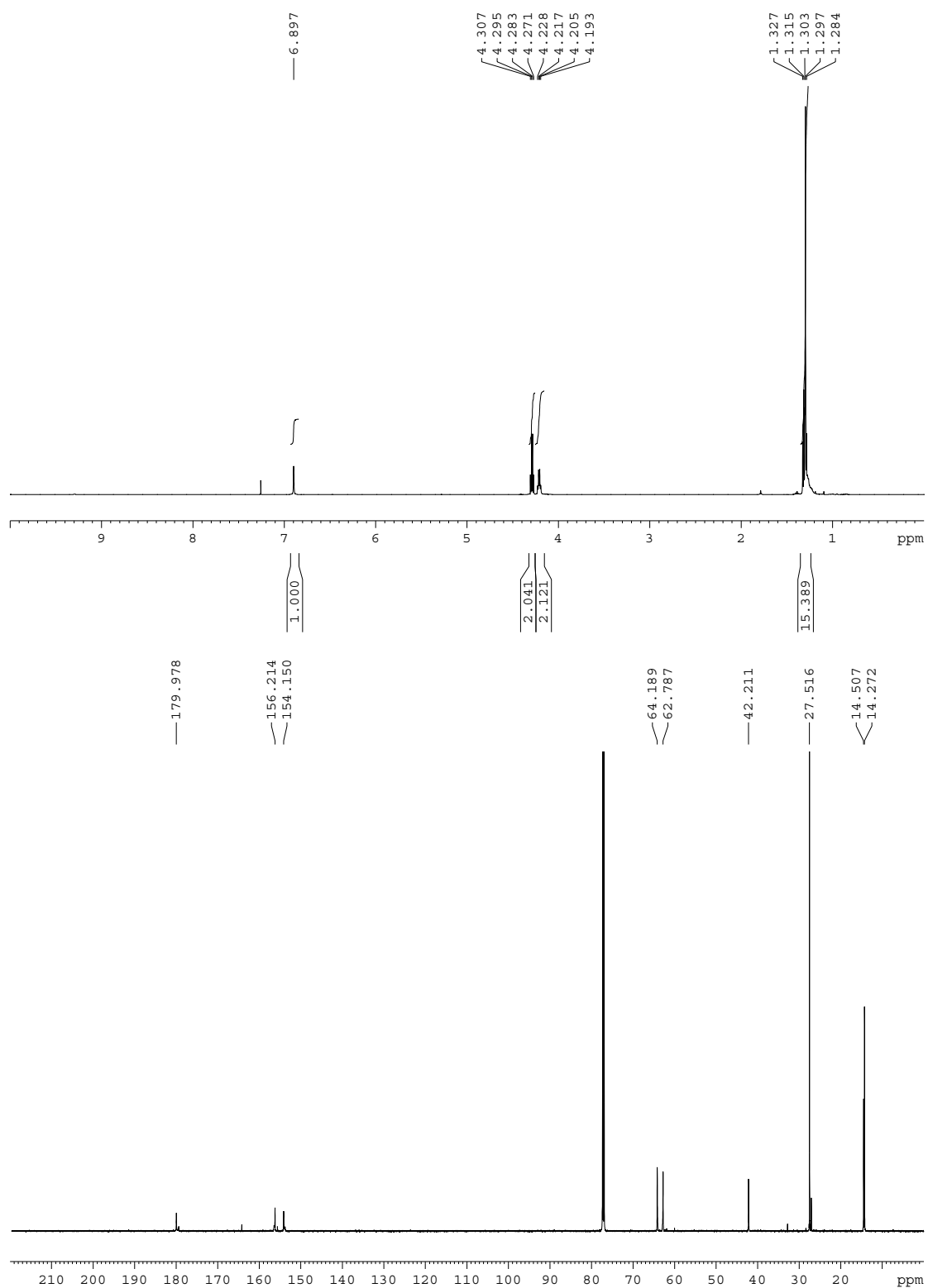




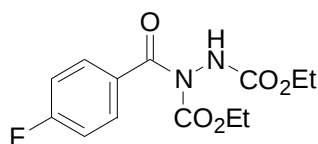
Diethyl 1-(2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 2c



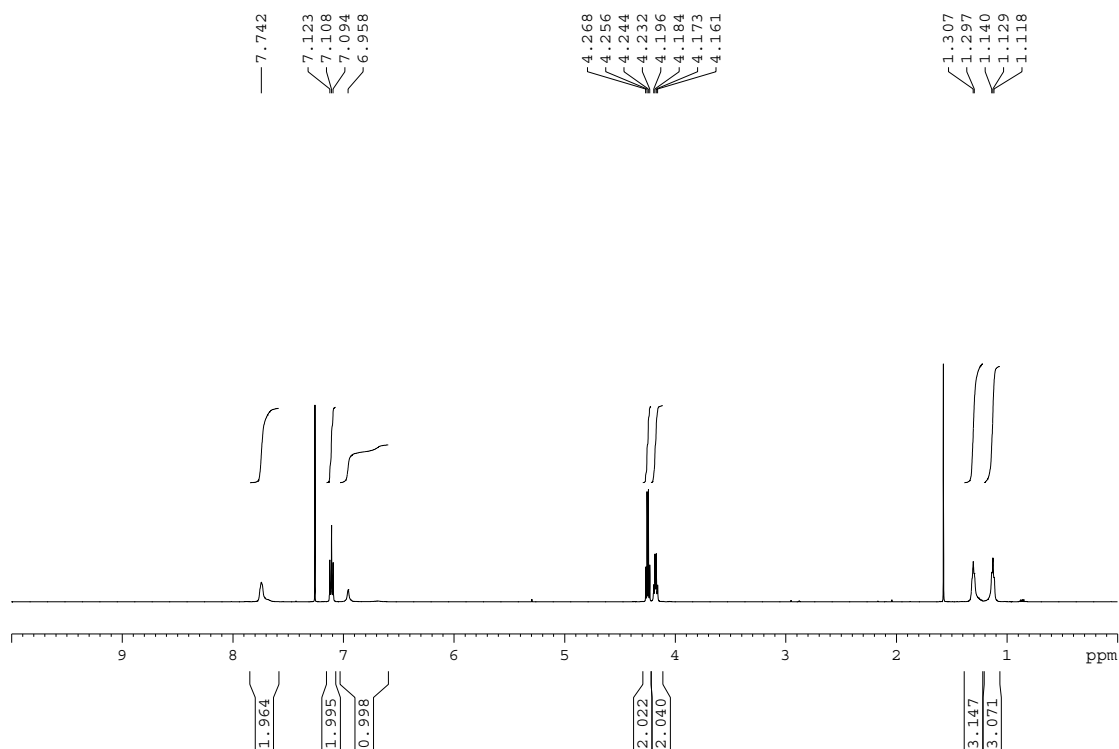
Reaction was stirred for 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (20%-50% EtOAc/petrol) gave diethyl 1-(2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (166 mg, 0.64 mmol, 64%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.90 (br s, NH, 1H), 4.29 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.21 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.34-1.20 (m, 15H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 180.0 (C), 156.2 (C), 154.2 (C), 64.2 (CH_2), 62.8 (CH_2), 42.2 (C), 27.5 (CH_3), 14.5 (CH_3), 14.3 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3295, 2982, 2938, 1782, 1734, 1715 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 283 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 283.1270, observed 283.1270.

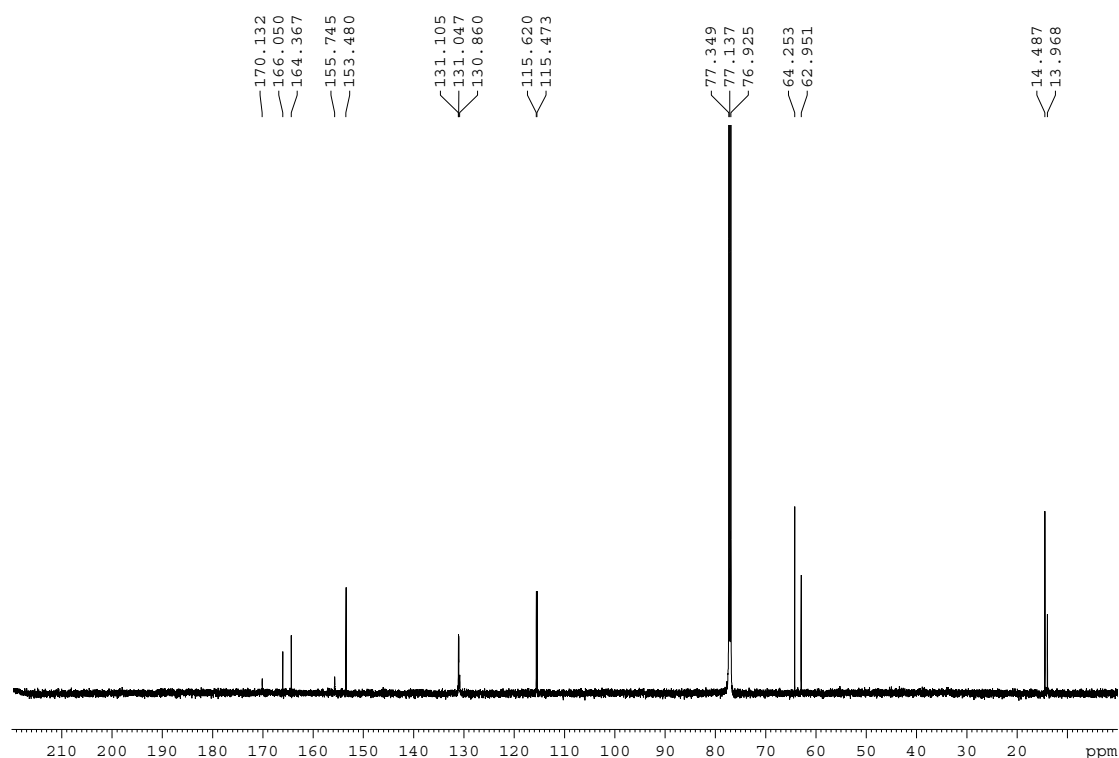


Diethyl 1-(4-fluorobenzoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 2d

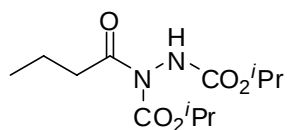


Reaction was stirred for 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave diethyl 1-(4-fluorobenzoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (185 mg, 0.62 mmol, 62%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.96 (br s, NH, 1H), 4.25 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.17 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.31-1.23 (m, 3H), 1.17-1.11 (m, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.1 (C), 165.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 252$ Hz, C), 155.8 (C), 153.5 (C), 131.1 (C), 130.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 8.0$ Hz, CH), 115.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 21.0$ Hz, CH), 64.2 (CH_2), 63.0 (CH_2), 14.5 (CH_3), 14.0 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3309, 2986, 2938, 1740, 1706, 1603, 1507 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 321 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{FNa}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 321.0863, observed 321.0856.

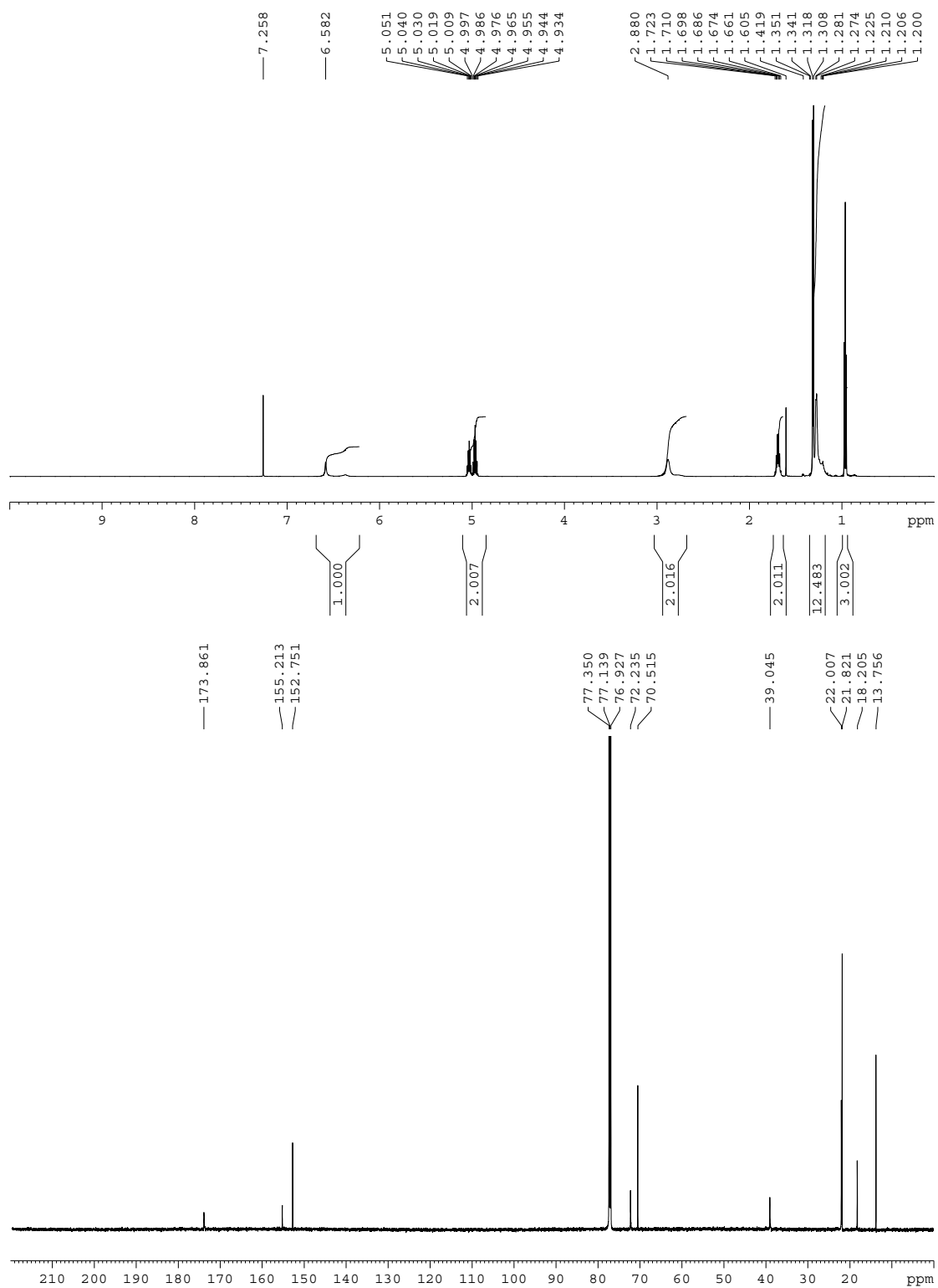




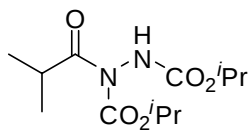
Dipropan-2-yl 1-butanoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 3a



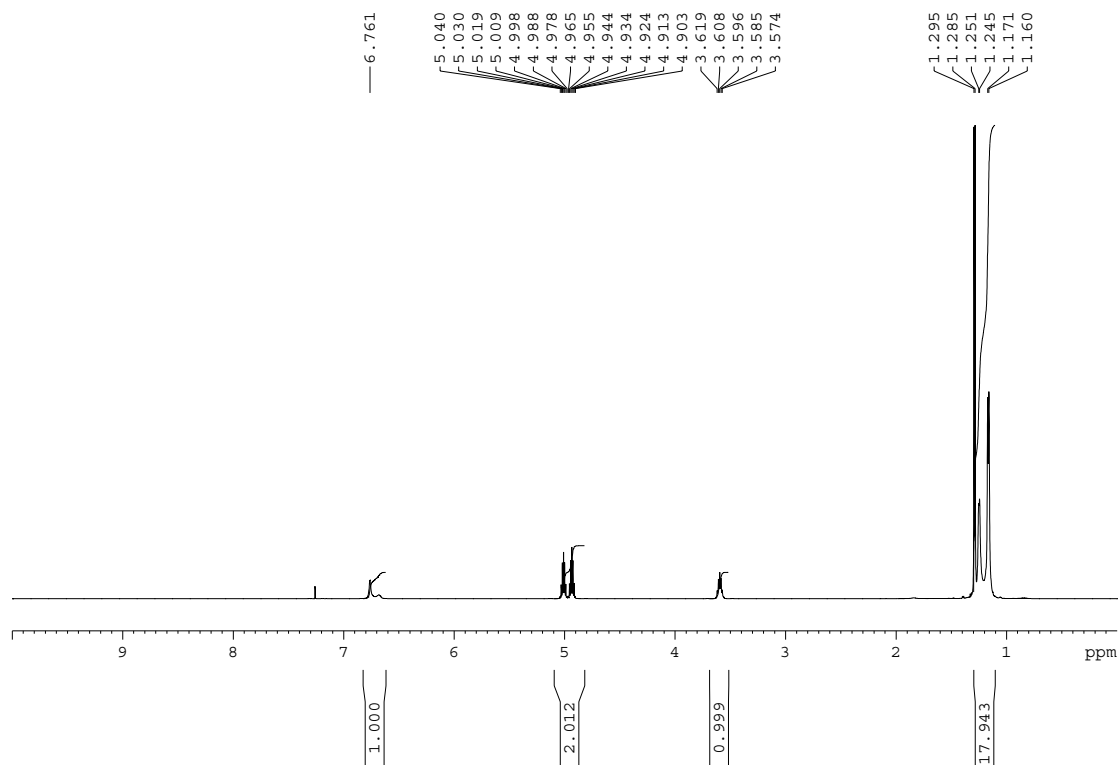
Reaction was stirred for 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-40% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-butanoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (249 mg, 0.91 mmol, 91%): ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.58 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.03 (septet, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (septet, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.94-2.74 (m, 2H), 1.69 (sextet, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.34-1.17 (m, 12H), 0.96 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.9 (C), 155.2 (C), 152.8 (C), 72.2 (CH), 70.5 (CH), 39.1 (CH_2), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.8 (CH_3), 18.2 (CH_2), 13.8 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3317, 2982, 2938, 1736, 1717 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (CI) 275 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); HRMS (CI) calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 275.1607, observed 275.1609.

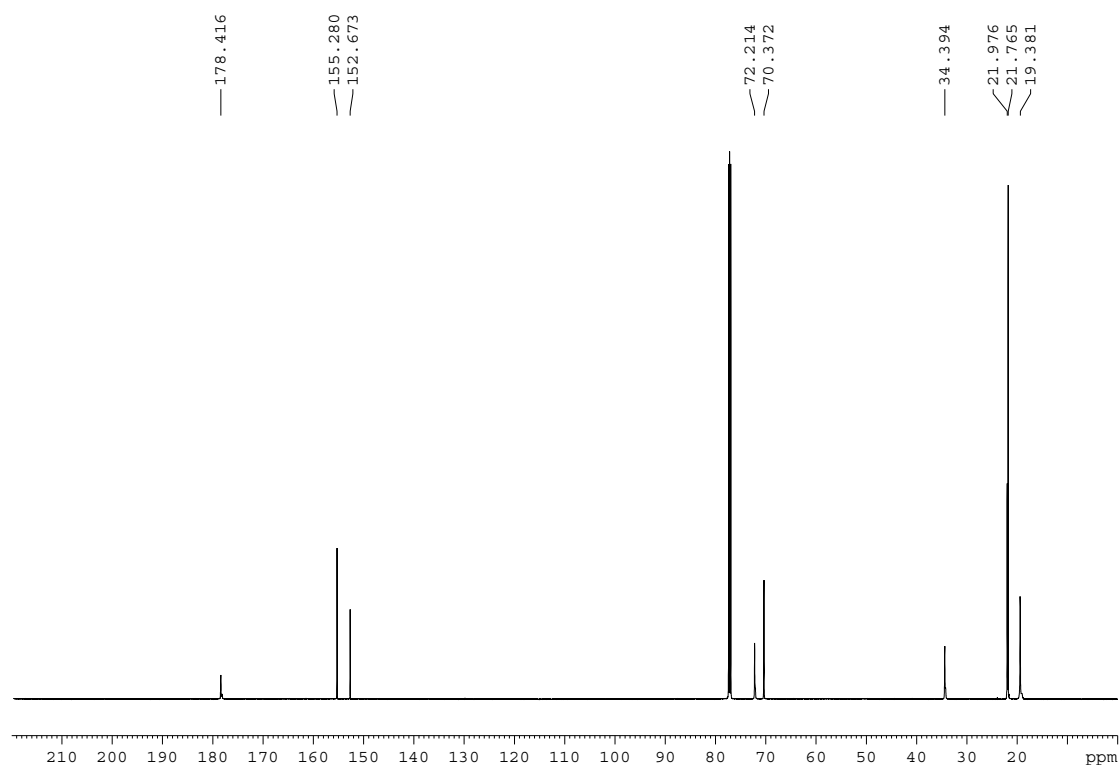


Dipropan-2-yl 1-(2-methylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **3b**

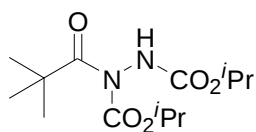


Reaction was stirred for 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-40% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-(2-methylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (217 mg, 0.79 mmol, 79%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.76 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.00 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.93 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.60 (septet, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.33-1.12 (m, 18H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 178.4 (C), 155.3 (C), 152.7 (C), 72.2 (CH), 70.4 (CH), 34.4 (CH), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.8 (CH_3), 19.4 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3322, 2982, 2938, 1736, 1718 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (CI) 275 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); HRMS (CI) calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 275.1607, observed 275.1598.

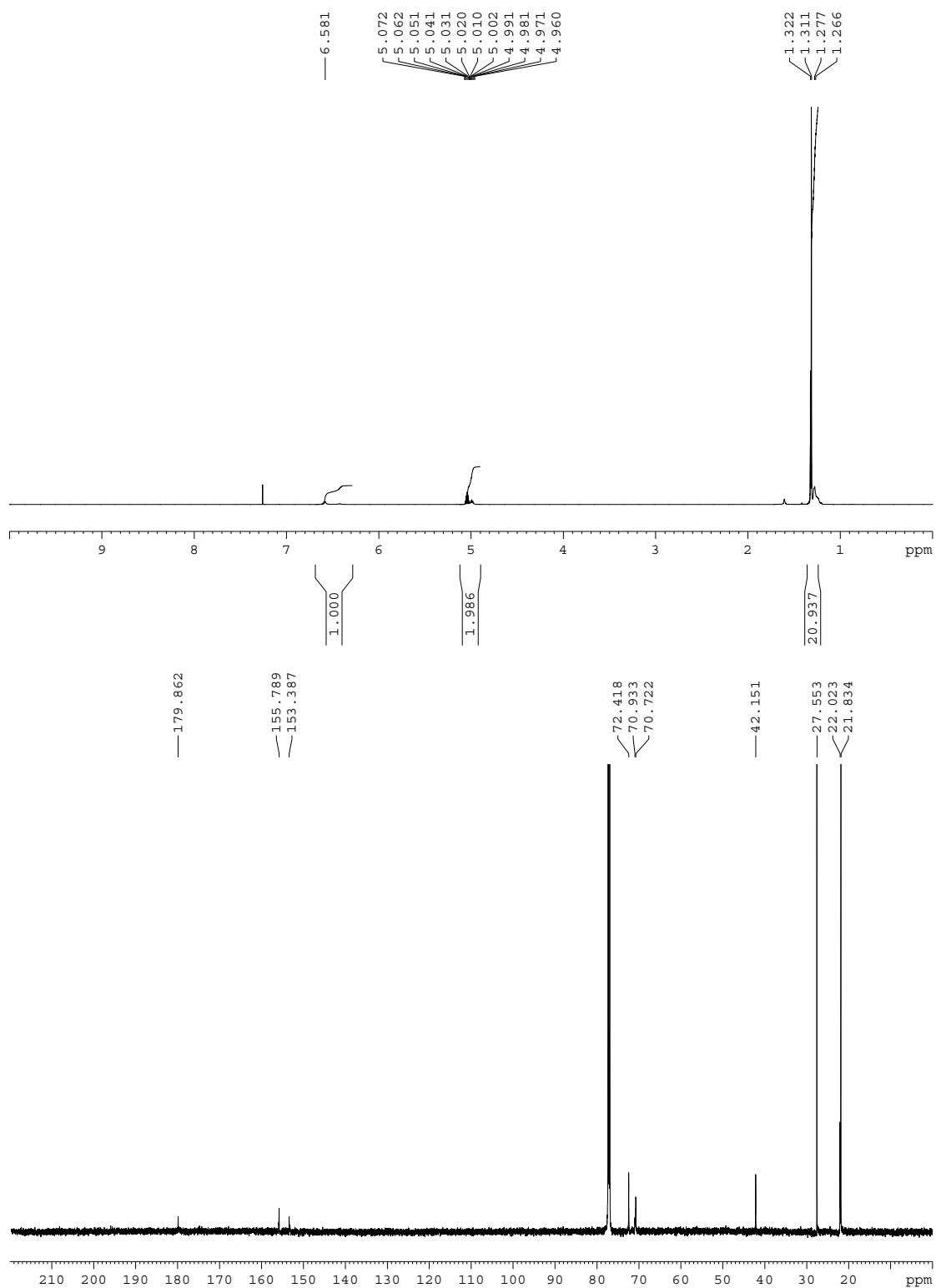




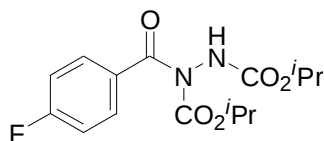
Dipropan-2-yl 1-(2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 3c



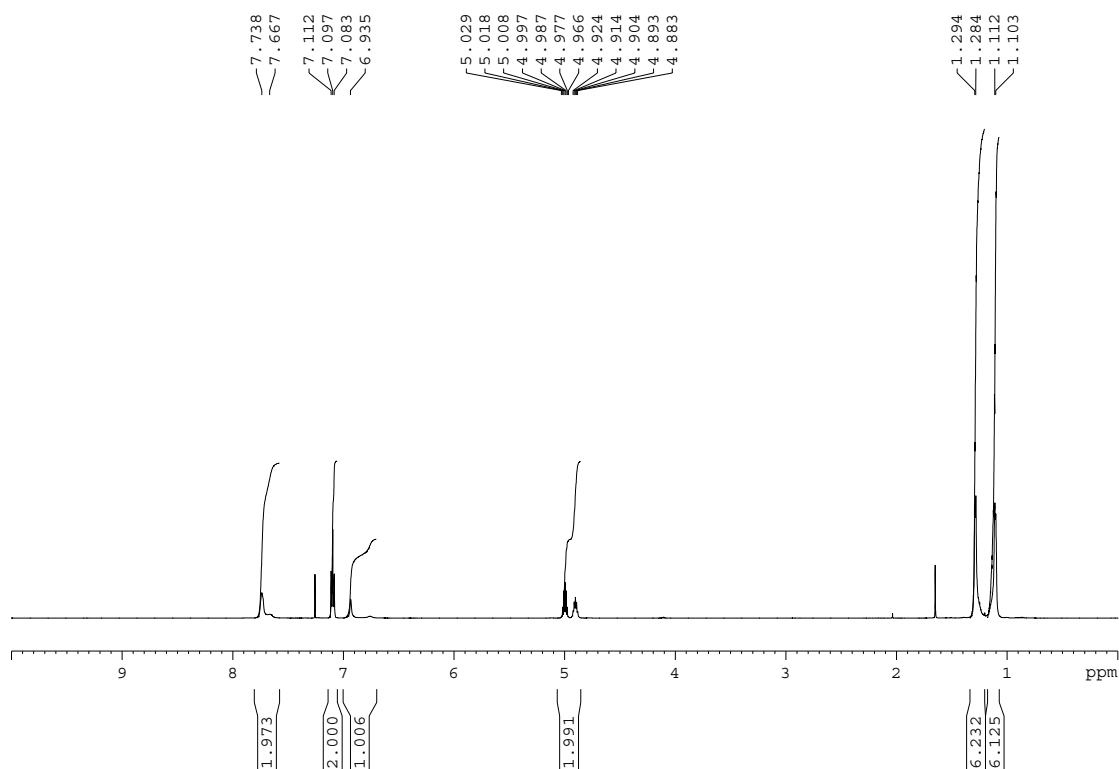
Reaction was stirred for 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-40% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-(2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (199 mg, 0.69 mmol, 69%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.58 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.04 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.99 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.33-1.18 (m, 21H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 179.9 (C), 155.8 (C), 153.4 (C), 72.4 (CH), 70.7 (CH), 42.2 (C), 27.6 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3293, 2982, 2937, 1777, 1734, 1721 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 311 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 311.1583, observed 311.1588.

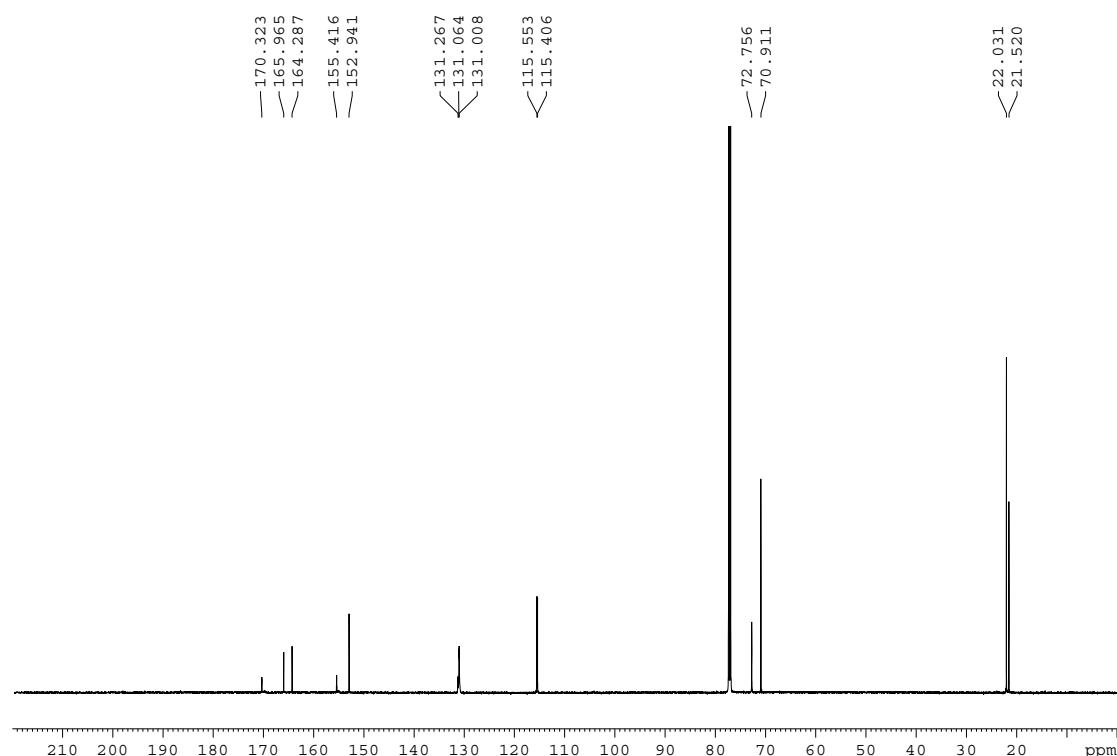


Dipropan-2-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 3d

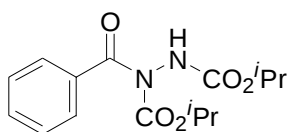


Reaction was stirred for 96 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (245 mg, 0.75 mmol, 75%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.93 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.00 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.90 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.30-1.22 (m, 6H), 1.20-1.05 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.3 (C), 165.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 252$ Hz, C), 155.4 (C), 153.0 (C), 131.3 (C), 131.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 8.0$ Hz, CH), 115.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 21.0$ Hz, CH), 72.8 (CH), 70.9 (CH), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.5 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3313, 2984, 2938, 1734, 1705, 1603, 1507 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 349 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{FNa}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 349.1176, observed 349.1171.

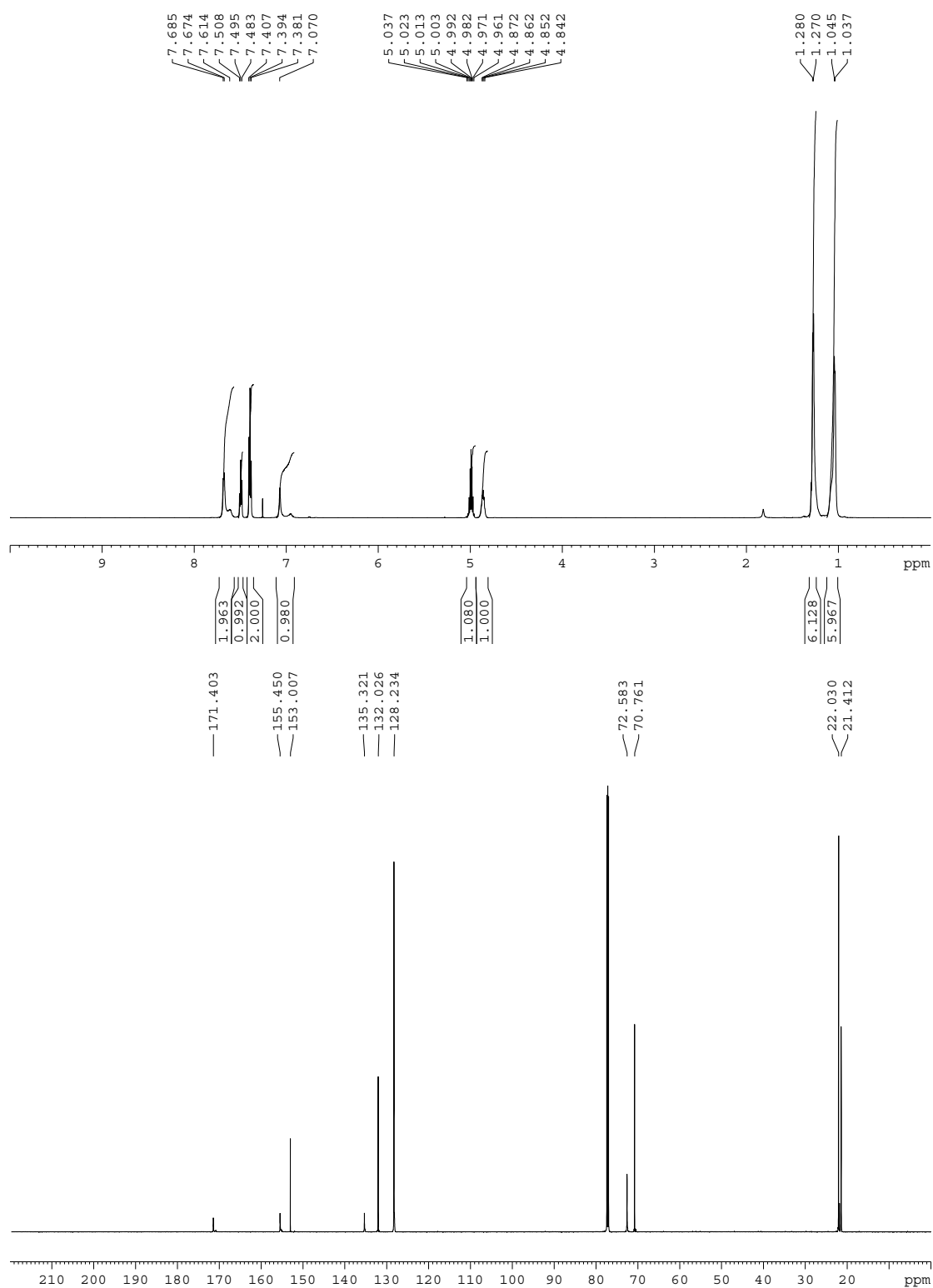




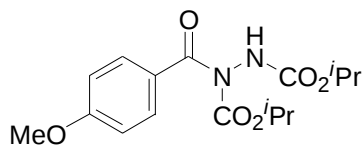
Dipropan-2-yl 1-benzoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **3e**



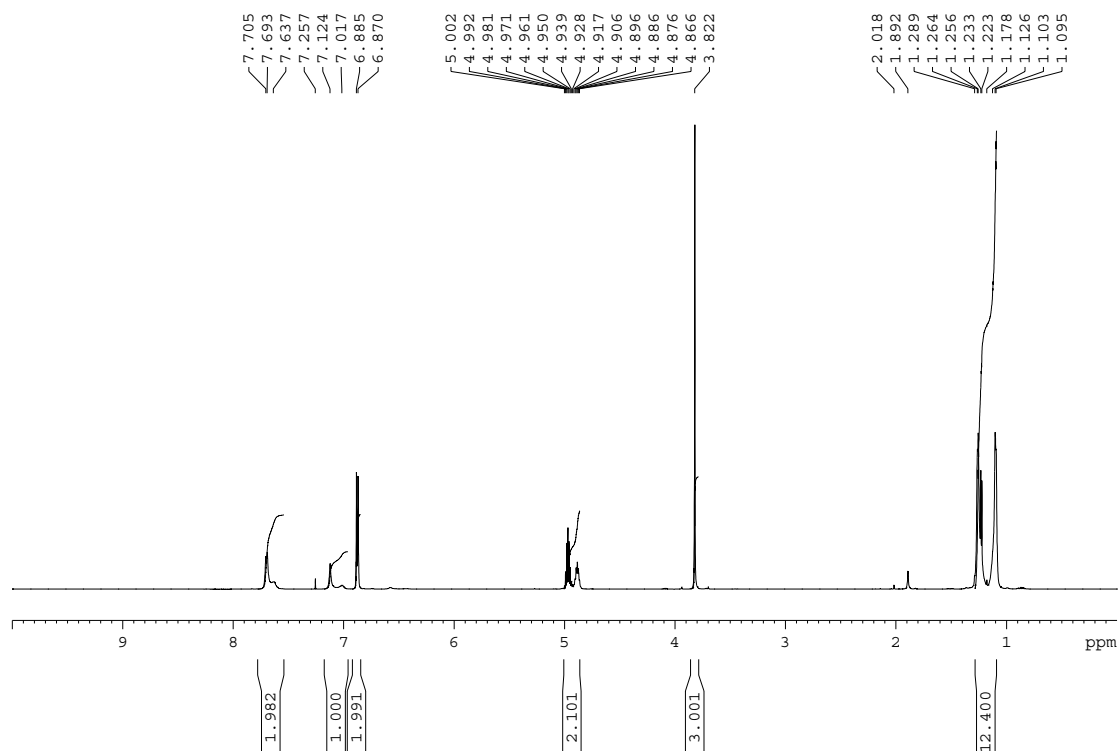
Reaction was stirred for 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-benzoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (243 mg, 0.79 mmol, 79%): m.p. 98-101 °C; ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.72-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.48 (m 1H), 7.43-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.07 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.00 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.92-4.84 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.23 (m, 6H), 1.10-1.02 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.3 (C), 155.4 (C), 152.9 (C), 135.2 (C), 131.9 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 72.5 (CH), 70.6 (CH), 21.9 (CH_3), 21.3 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3265, 2988, 1755, 1738, 1682, 1601, 1519 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (ES^-) 307 (100, $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); HRMS (ES^-) calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ 307.1294, observed 307.1289. Data agrees with that reported by Ni and Headley.⁴

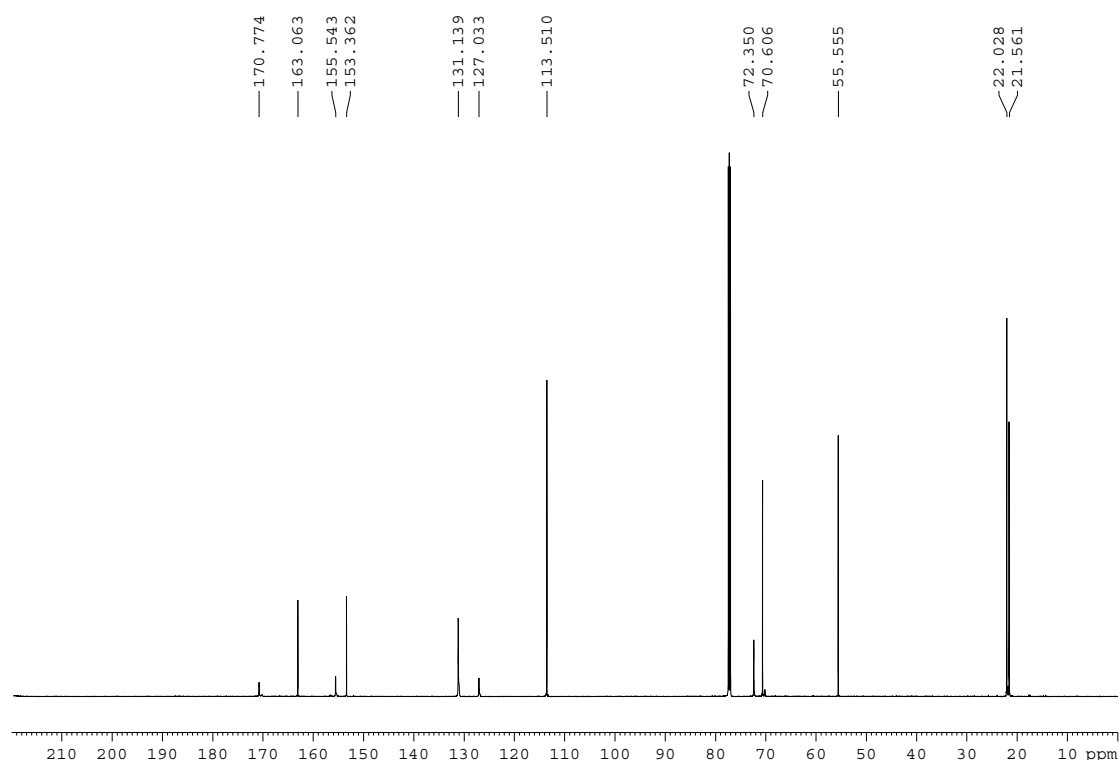


Dipropyl 2-yl 1-(4-methoxybenzoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 3f

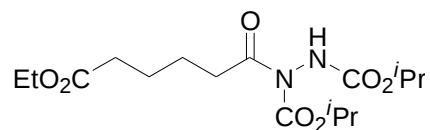


Reaction was stirred for 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropyl 2-yl 1-(4-methoxybenzoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (149 mg, 0.44 mmol, 44%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.73-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.12 (br s, NH, 1H) 6.87 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (septet, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (septet, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H) 3.82 (s, 3H), 1.29-1.07 (m, 12H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.8 (C), 163.1 (C), 155.5 (C), 153.4 (C), 131.1 (CH), 127.0 (C), 113.5 (CH), 72.4 (CH), 70.6 (CH), 55.6 (CH_3), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.6 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3309, 2982, 2938, 1733, 1701, 1604, 1579 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (ES^-) 337 (100, $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); HRMS (ES^-) calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ 337.1400, observed 337.1406. Data agrees with that reported by Lee.⁵

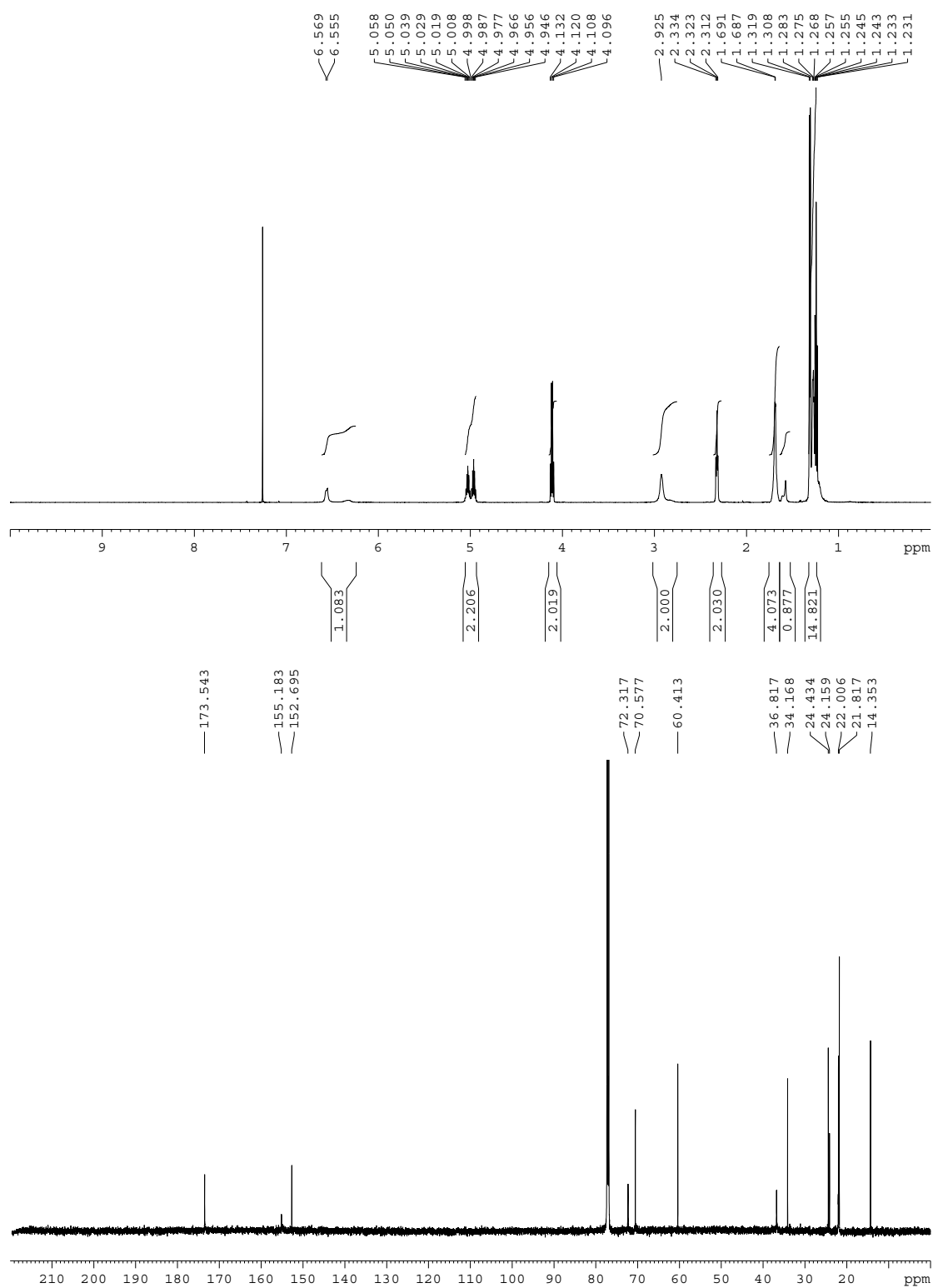




Dipropyl 1-(6-ethoxy-6-oxohexanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 3g

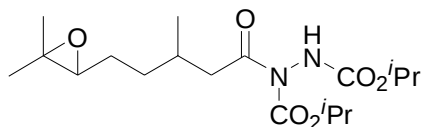


Reaction was stirred for 96 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropyl 1-(6-ethoxy-6-oxohexanoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (288 mg, 0.80 mmol, 80%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.56 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.03 (septet, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.97 (septet, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.97-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.32 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.73-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.32-1.23 (m, 15H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.5 (C), 173.4 (C), 155.2 (C), 152.7 (C), 72.3 (CH), 70.6 (CH), 60.4 (CH₂), 36.8 (CH₂), 34.2 (CH₂), 24.4 (CH₂), 24.2 (CH₂), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃), 14.4 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3321, 2982, 1788, 1727, 1725 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (ES^-) 359 (100, $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$); HRMS (ES^-) calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_2\text{O}_7$ $[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$ 359.1818, observed 359.1826.

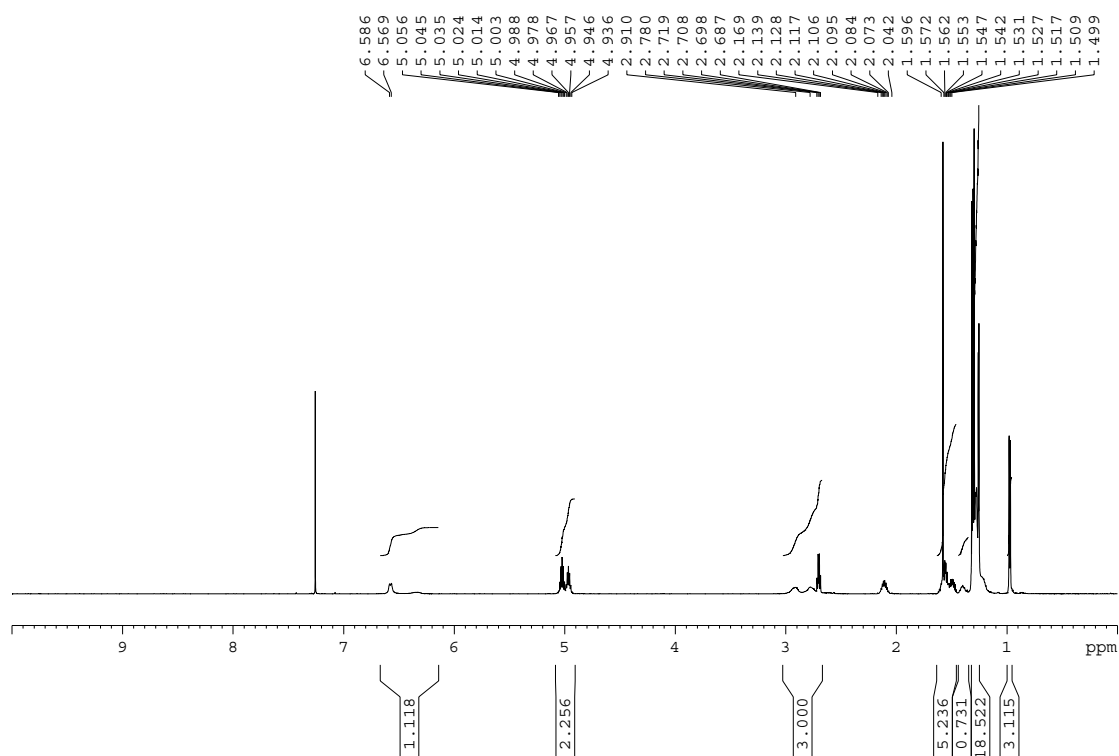


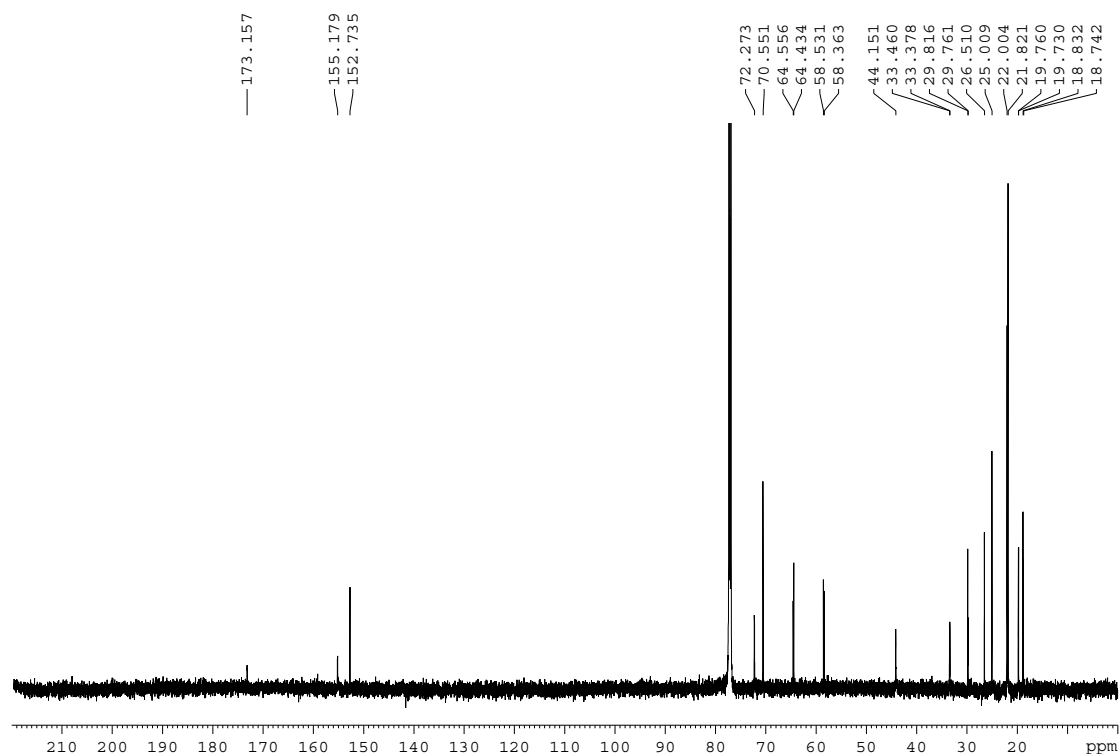
**Dipropen-2-yl
dicarboxylate 3h**

1-[5-(3,3-dimethyloxiran-2-yl)-3-methylpentanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-

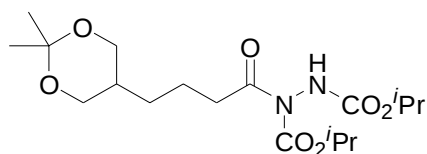


Reaction was stirred for 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropen-2-yl 1-[5-(3,3-dimethyloxiran-2-yl)-3-methylpentanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (249 mg, 0.67 mmol, 67%) as a 1:1 mixture of diastereoisomers: ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.58 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.02 (septet, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H) 4.97 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.97-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.72-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.11 (m, 1H) 1.62-1.35 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.23 (m, 18H), 0.96 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.2 (C), 155.2 (C), 152.7 (C), 72.3 (CH), 70.6 (CH), 64.6 (CH), 64.4 (CH), 58.5 (C), 58.4 (C), 44.2 (CH_2), 33.5 (CH_2), 33.4 (CH_2), 29.8 (CH), 29.8 (CH), 26.53 (CH_2), 26.51 (CH_2), 25.0, 22.0, 21.8, 19.8, 19.7, 18.8, 18.7; IR (thin film) 3298, 2932, 1788, 1736, 1722, 1104 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (ES^+) 395 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (ES^+) calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 395.2158, observed 395.2150.

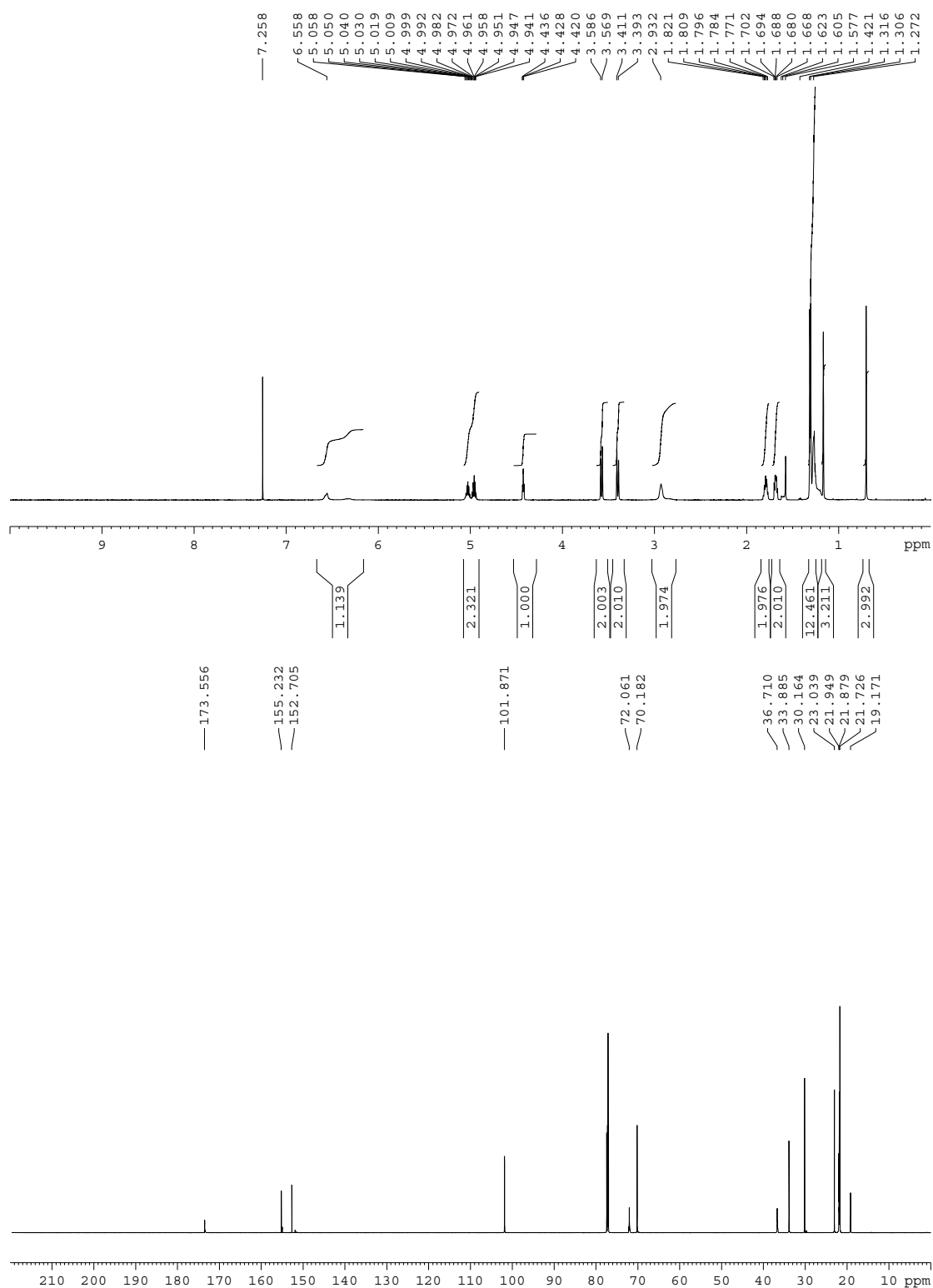




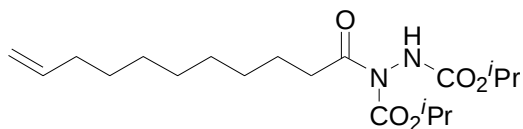
Dipropyl 1-[4-(5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-2-yl)butanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate
3i



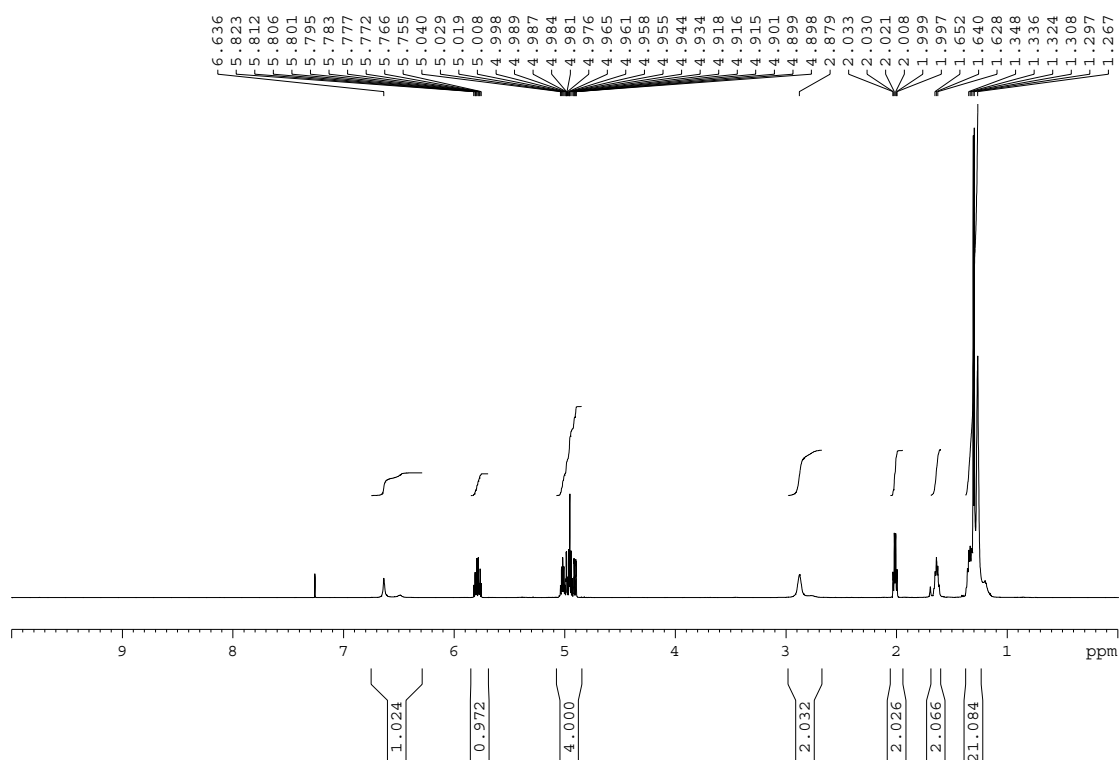
Reaction was stirred for 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropyl 1-[4-(5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-2-yl)butanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (268 mg, 0.69 mmol, 69%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.56 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.03 (septet, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.96 (septet, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.43 (t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, $J = 10.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.97-2.87 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.77 (m 2H), 1.70-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.20 (m, 12H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 0.70 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.6 (C), 155.2 (C), 152.7 (C), 101.9 (CH), 77.5 (CH_2), 72.1 (CH), 70.2 (CH), 36.7 (CH_2), 33.9 (CH_2), 30.2 (C), 23.0 (CH_3), 21.9 (CH_3), 21.8 (CH_3), 21.7 (CH_3), 19.2 (CH_2); IR (thin film) 3299, 2955, 2848, 1780, 1738, 1734 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (ES^+) 411 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (ES^+) calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_7\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 411.2107, observed 411.2116.

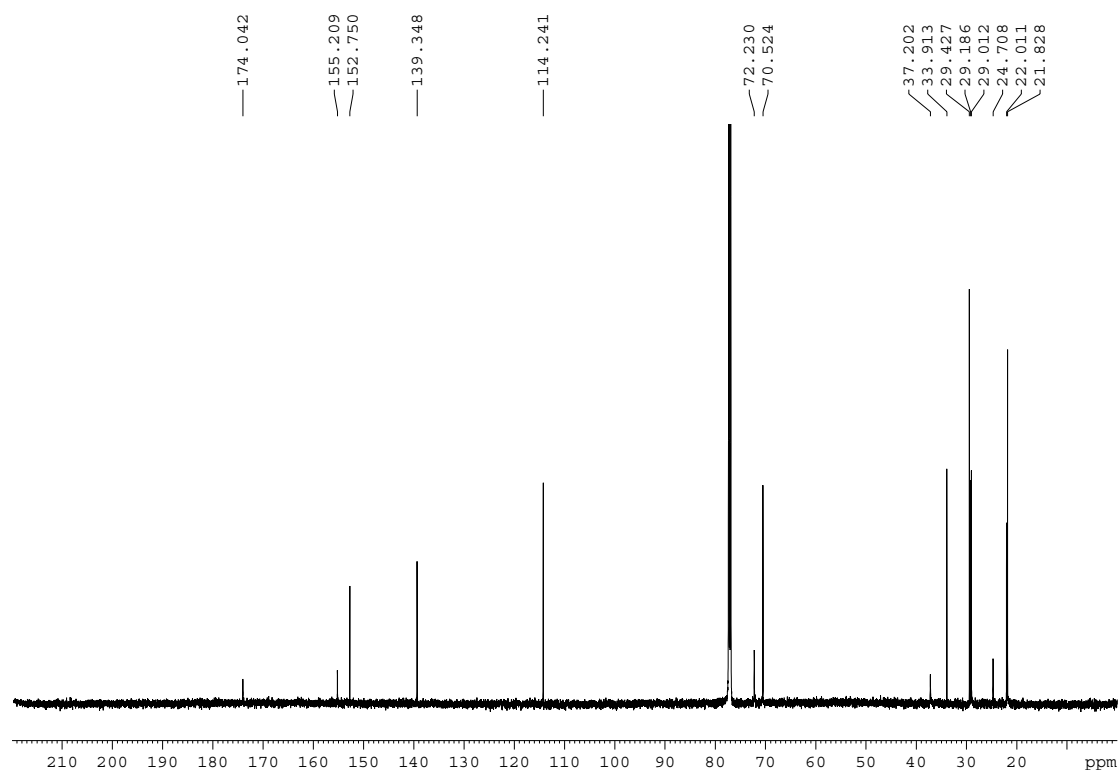


Dipropan-2-yl 1-(undec-10-enoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **3j**

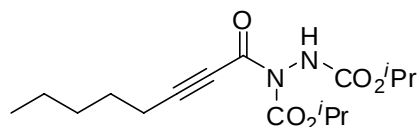


Reaction was stirred for 72 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-20% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-(undec-10-enoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (285 mg, 0.77 mmol, 77%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.63 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.80 (ddt, $J = 17.0, 10.0$ and 6.5 Hz 1H), 5.03 (septet, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.01-4.90 (m, 3H), 2.94-2.89 (m, 2H), 2.03 (q, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.65 (quin, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 1.38-1.22 (m, 22H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.0 (C), 155.2 (C), 152.8 (C), 139.4 (CH), 114.2 (CH_2), 72.2 (CH), 70.5 (CH), 37.2 (CH_2), 33.9 (CH_2), 29.4 (CH_2), 29.2 (CH_2), 29.0 (CH_2), 24.7 (CH_2), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.8 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3313, 2981, 2855, 1788, 1736, 1722 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (CI) 371 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); HRMS (CI) calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 371.2546, observed 371.2548.

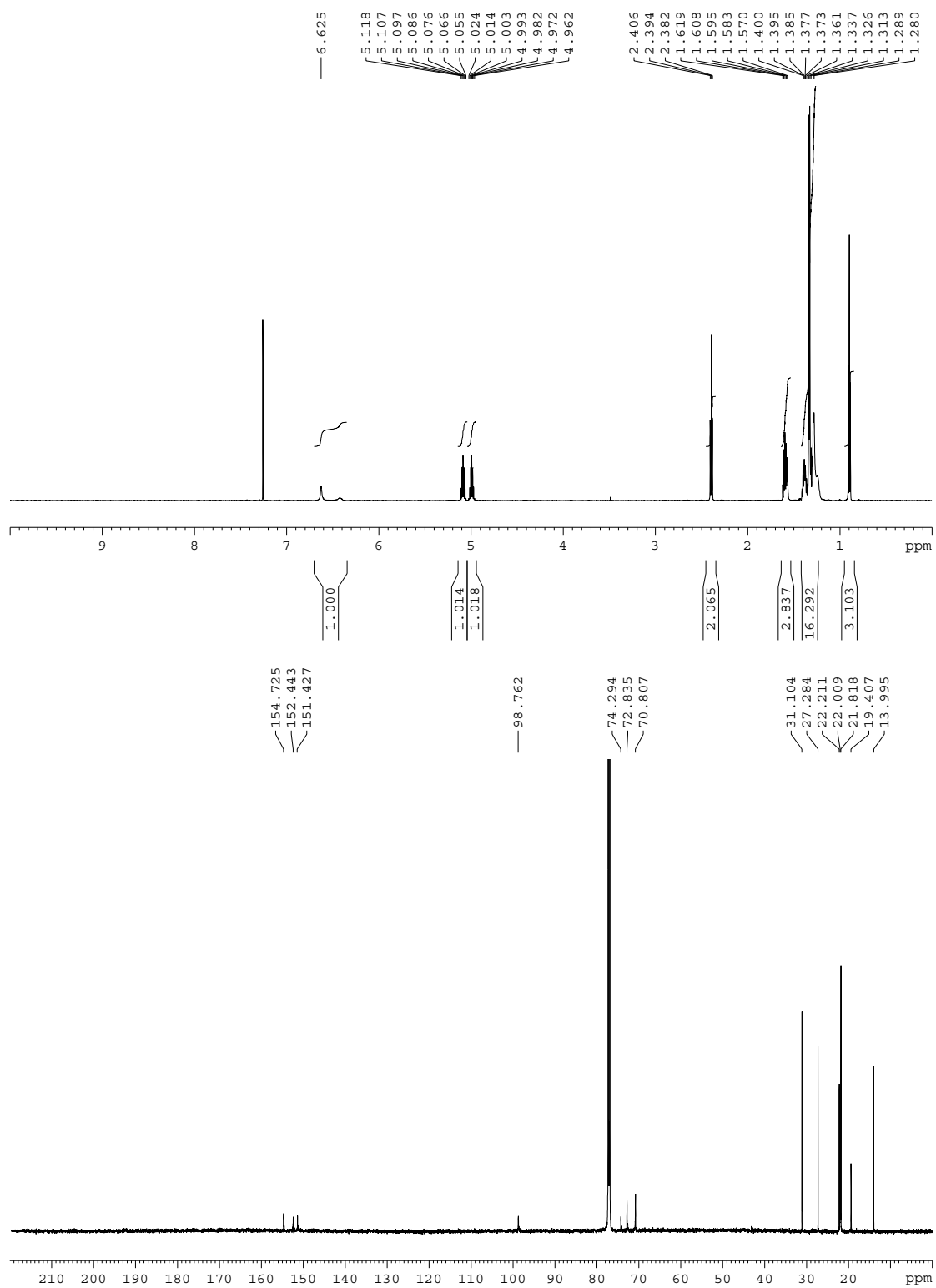




Dipropan-2-yl 1-(oct-2-ynoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 3k

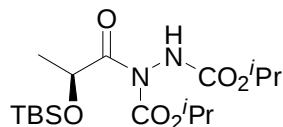


Reaction was stirred for 72 h. Purification by column chromatography (10-40% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-(oct-2-ynoyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (179 mg, 0.55 mmol, 55%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.63 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.08 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.99 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.39 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.62-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.22 (m, 16H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 154.7 (C), 152.4 (C), 151.4 (C), 98.8 (C), 74.3 (C), 72.8 (CH), 70.8 (CH), 31.1 (CH_2), 27.3 (CH_2), 22.2 (CH_2), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.8 (CH_3), 19.4 (CH_2), 14.0 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3314, 2983, 2936, 2873, 2229, 1741, 1724, 1687 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (FAB) 349 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 349.1739, observed 349.1733.

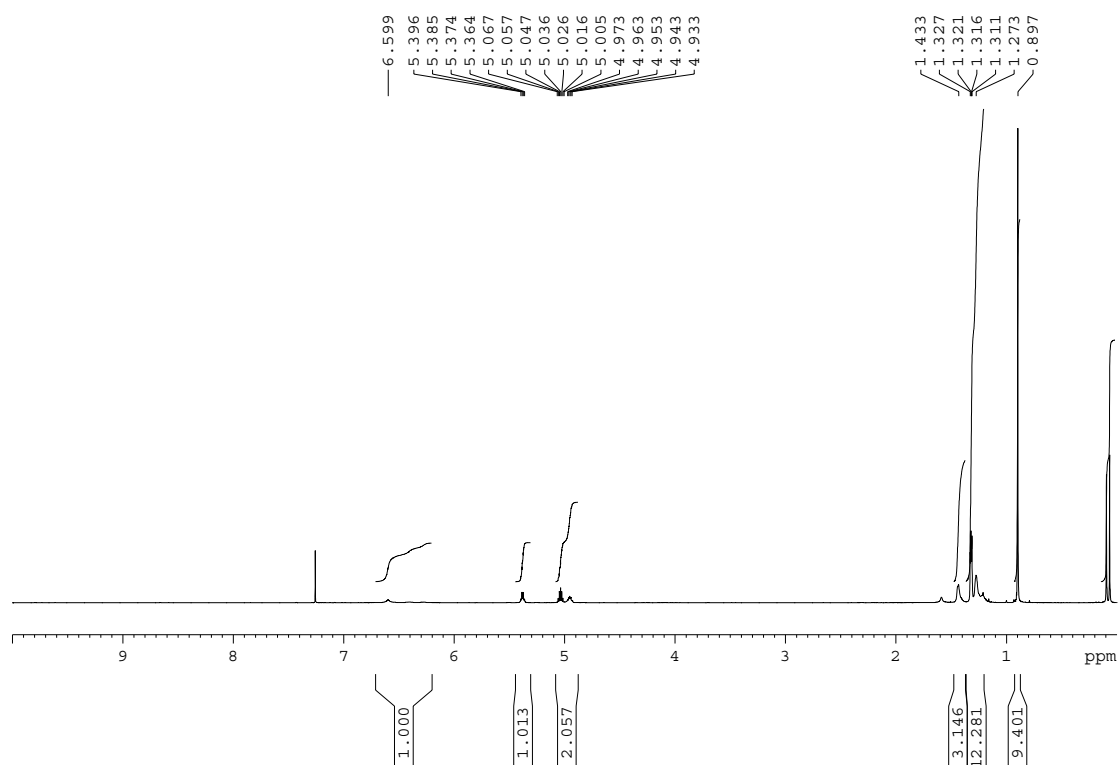


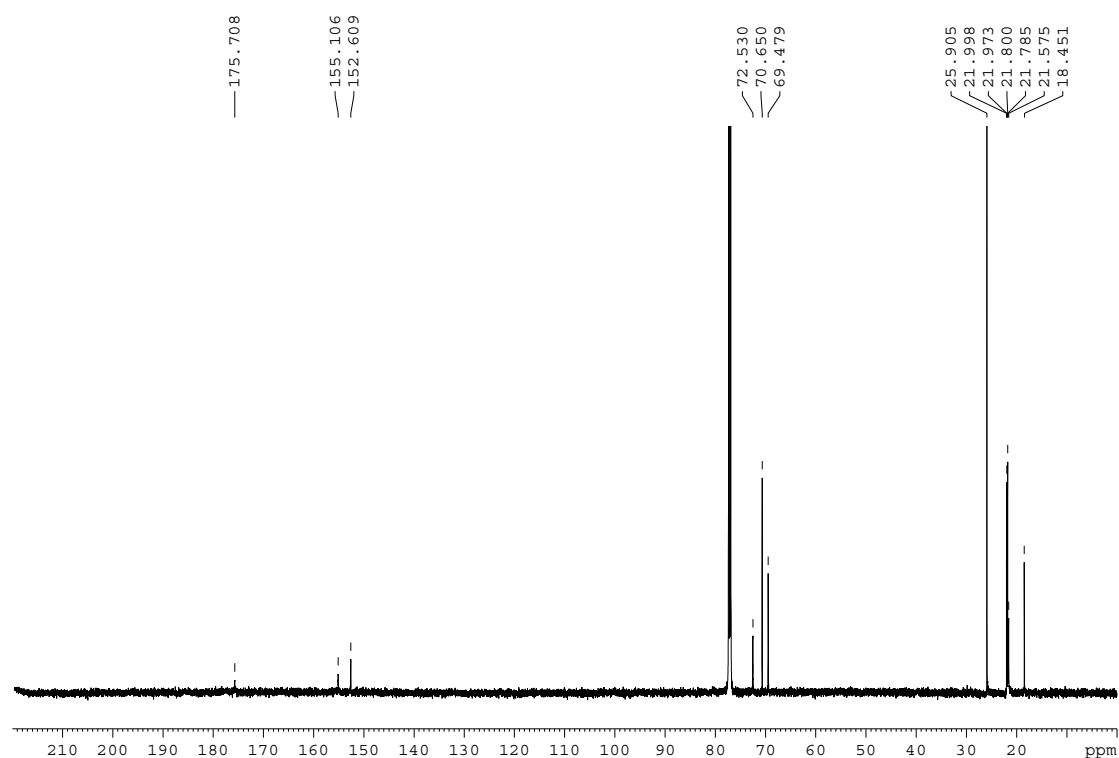
Dipropan-2-yl
dicarboxylate

1-[(2S)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-

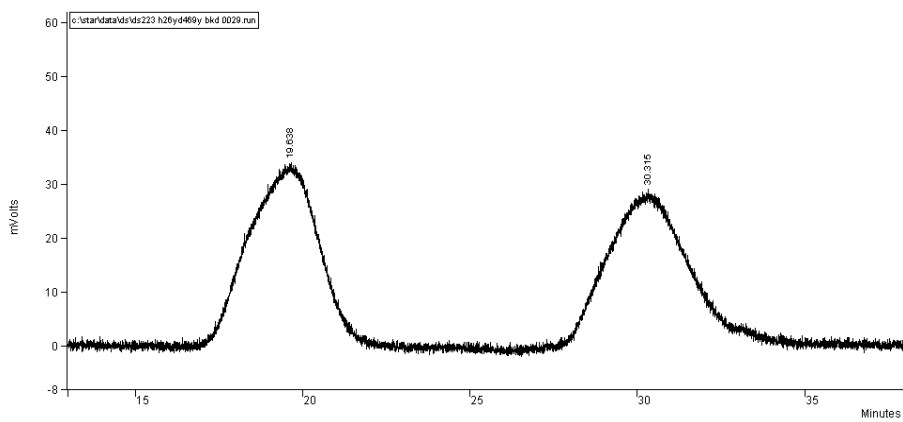


Reaction was stirred for 96 h. Purification by column chromatography (5-10% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropan-2-yl 1-[(2S)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (238 mg, 0.61 mmol, 61%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.60 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.38 (q, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.04 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.98-4.92 (m, 1H), 1.47-1.40 (m, 3H), 1.34-1.17 (m, 12H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.09 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 175.7 (C), 155.1 (C), 152.6 (C), 72.5 (CH), 70.7 (CH), 69.5 (CH), 25.9 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃), 21.6 (CH₃), 18.5 (C), -4.7 (CH₃), -5.1 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3309, 2931, 2858, 1788, 1741, 1727 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (ES^+) 413 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$); HRMS (ES^+) calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{NaSi}$ $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 413.2084, observed 413.2069. $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +22.7$ (c 0.55, CHCl_3); HPLC analysis indicates 99% ee, t_{R} (major) = 19.8 min, t_{R} (minor) = 30.1 min

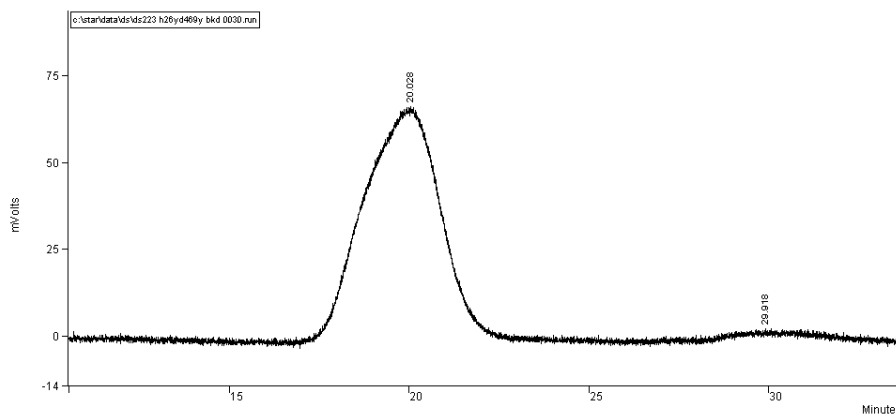




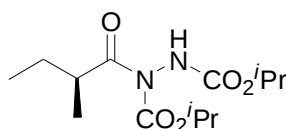
HPLC trace for *rac*-dipropyl 1-[-2-(*tert*-butyl dimethylsilyloxy)propanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate



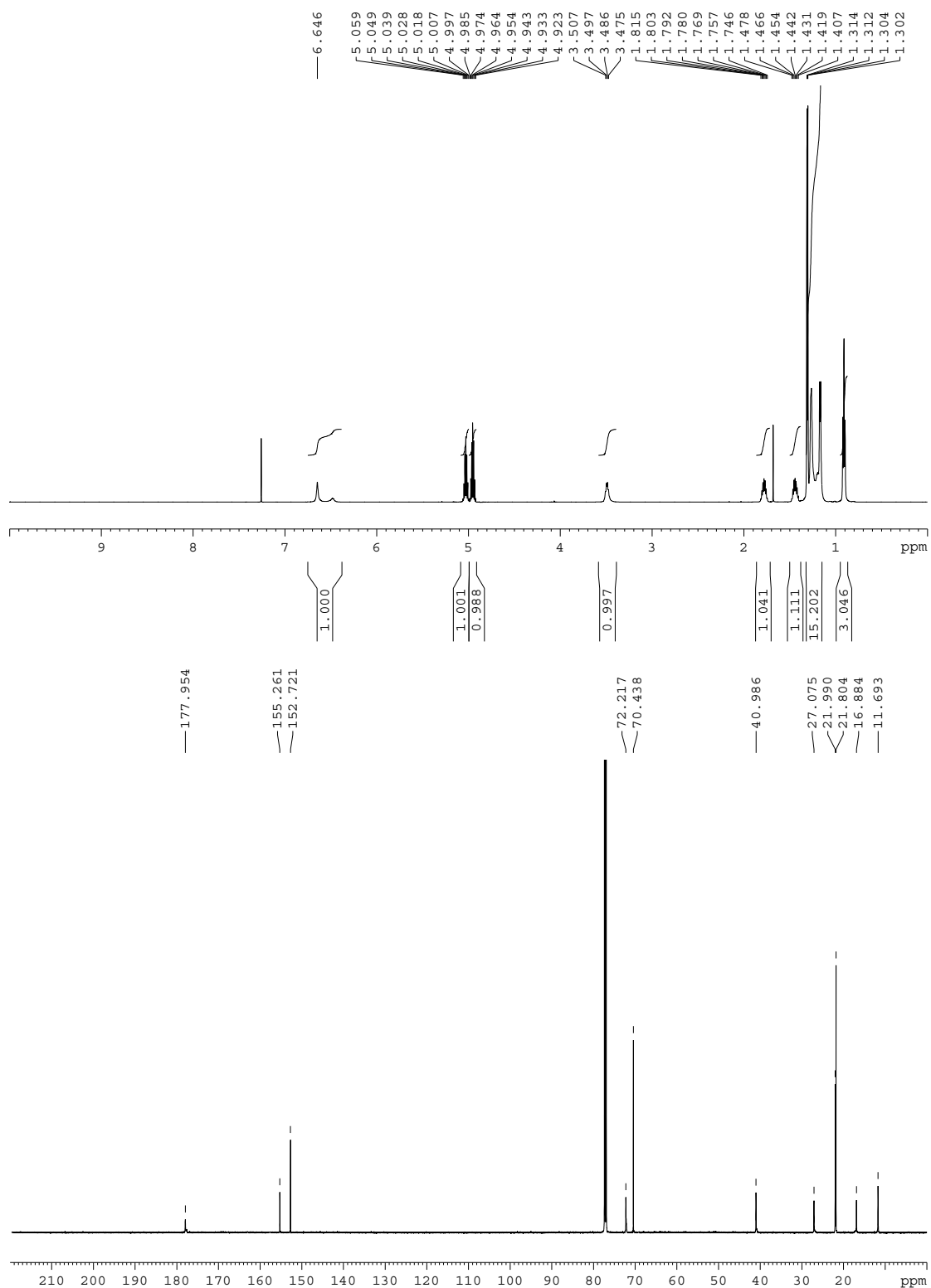
HPLC trace for dipropyl 1-[(2S)-2-(*tert*-butyl dimethylsilyloxy)propanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **31**



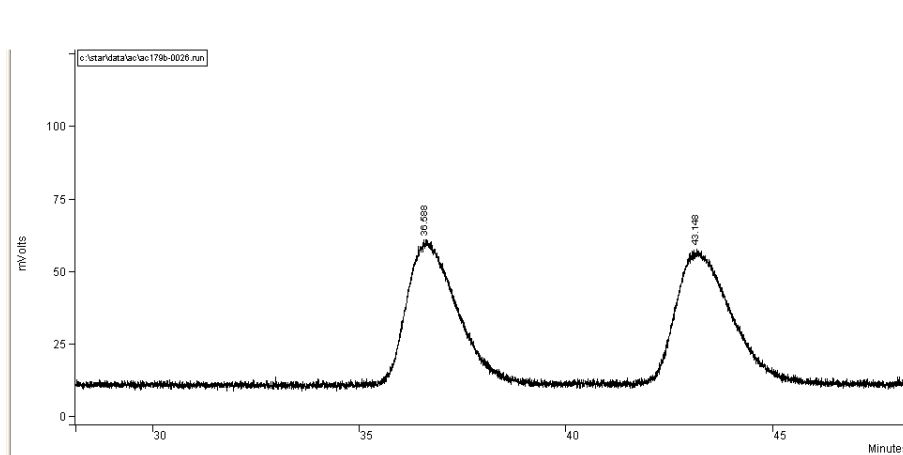
Dipropyl 2-yl 1-[(2*S*)-2-methylbutanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **3m**



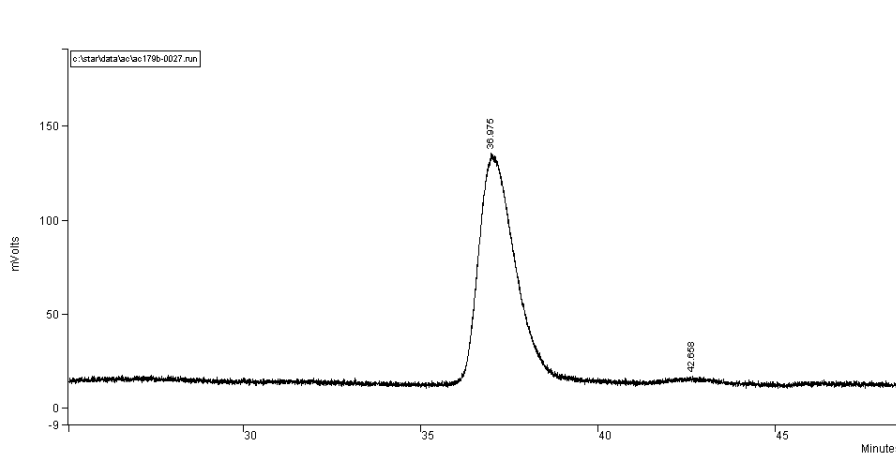
Reaction was stirred for 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-40% EtOAc/Petrol) gave dipropyl 2-yl 1-[(2*S*)-2-methylbutanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a colourless oil (254 mg, 0.88 mmol, 88%): ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.65 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.05 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.97 (septet, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.55-3.47 (m, 1H), 1.80 (doublet of quintets, $J = 14.5, 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.46 (doublet of quintets, $J = 14.5, 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.34-1.17 (m, 15H), 0.93 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 178.0 (C), 155.3 (C), 152.7 (C), 72.2 (CH), 70.4 (CH), 41.0 (CH), 27.1 (CH_2), 22.0 (CH_3), 21.8 (CH_3), 16.9 (CH_3), 11.7 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3313, 2981, 2938, 1736, 1718 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (CI) 289 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); HRMS (CI) calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 289.1764, observed 289.1757; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +20.0$ (c 0.48, CHCl_3); HPLC analysis indicates 98% ee, t_{R} (major) = 36.8 min, t_{R} (minor) = 42.9 min.



HPLC trace for *rac*-dipropan-2-yl 1-[2-methylbutanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate



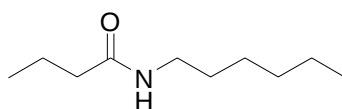
HPLC trace for dipropan-2-yl 1-[(2*S*)-2-methylbutanoyl]hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **3m**



General procedure for the synthesis of amides

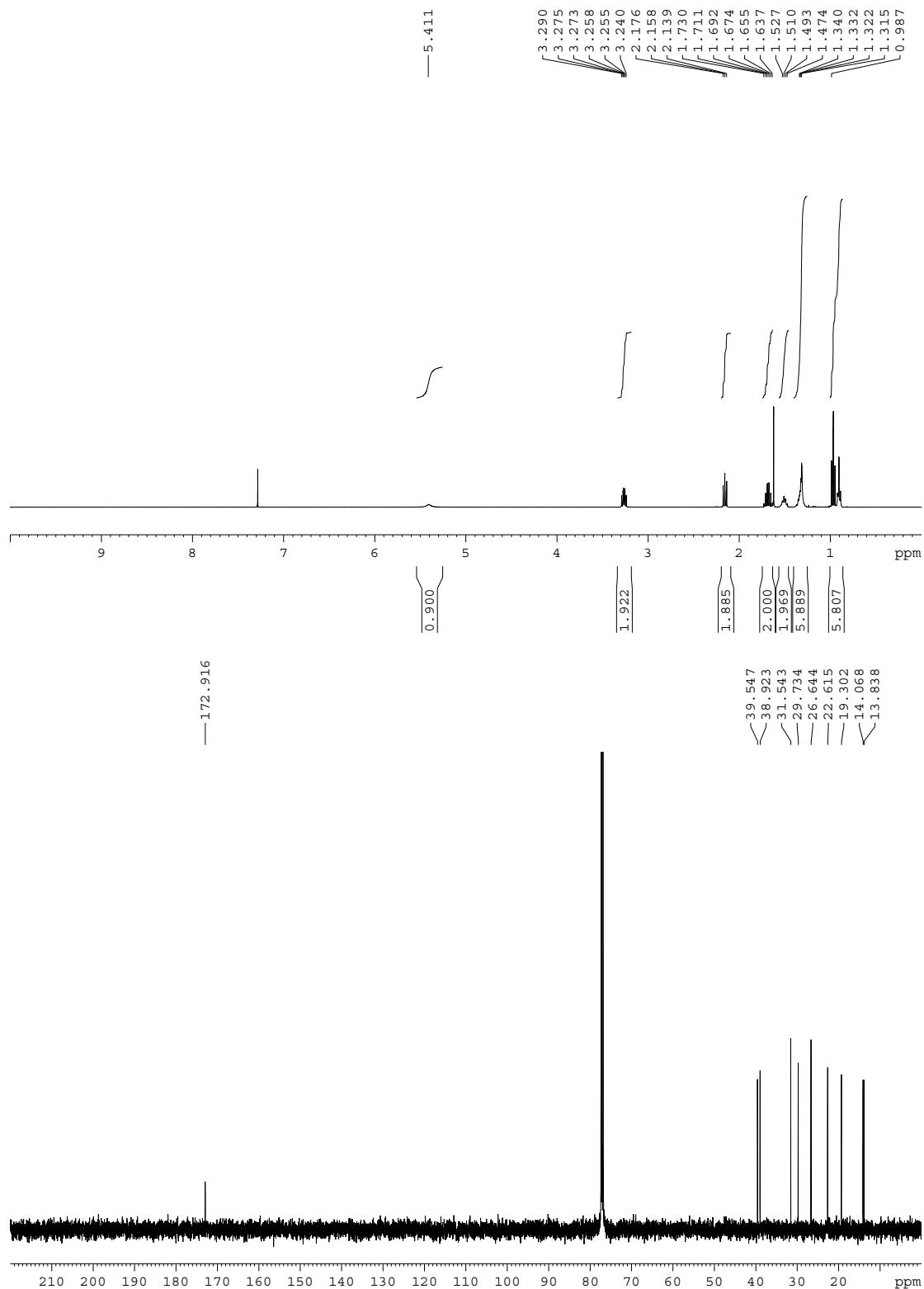
Amine (2.5 mmol) was added to a solution of *N,N'*-bis[(propan-2-yloxy)carbonyl]butanehydrazide (1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL) and the reaction mixture stirred at 300 rpm at 21 °C in a stoppered carousel tube for 16 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the product purified as described below.

N-Hexylbutanamide **6**

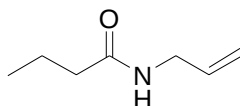


Purification by column chromatography (20%-60% EtOAc/petrol) gave *N*-hexylbutanamide as a colourless oil (164 mg, 0.96 mmol, 96%): ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.45-5.35 (m, NH, 1H), 3.26 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.68 (sextet, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.51 (quintet, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.36-1.24 (m, 6H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H);

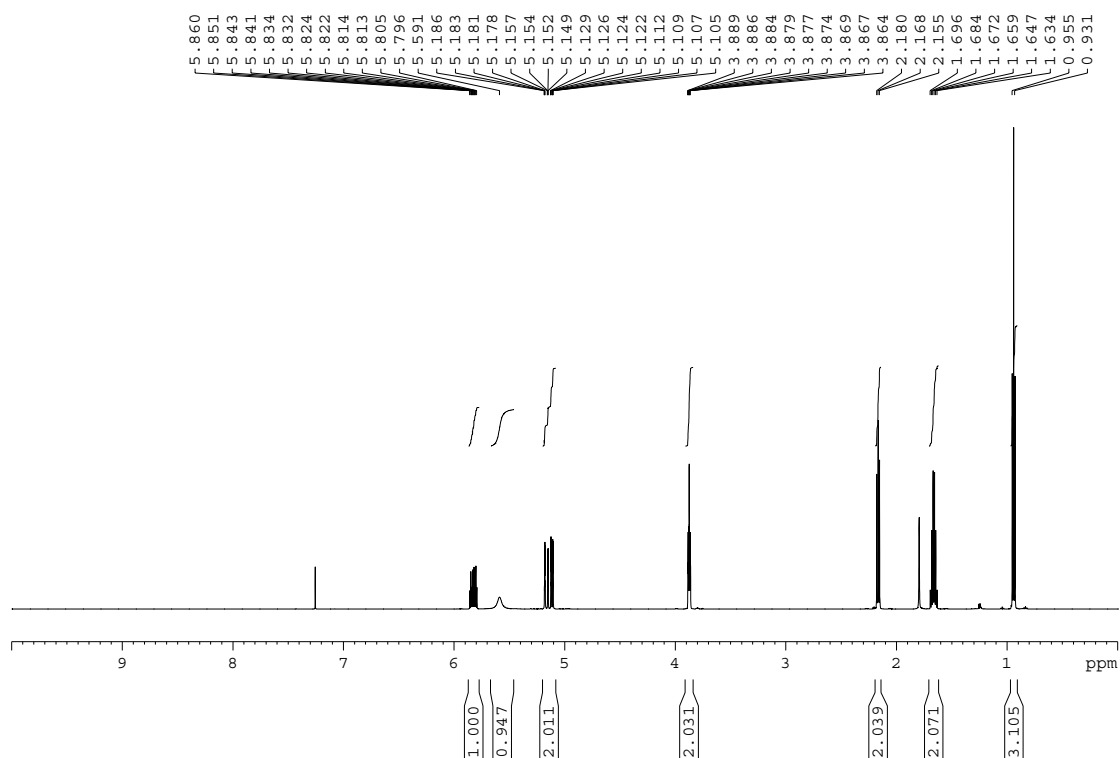
^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.9 (C), 39.6 (CH_2), 38.9 (CH_2), 31.5 (CH_2), 29.7 (CH_2), 26.6 (CH_2), 22.6 (CH_2), 19.3 (CH_2), 14.1 (CH_3), 13.8 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3290, 3083, 2959, 2929, 2872, 1643, 1550 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (CI) 172 (100, $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$); HRMS (CI) calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 172.1701, observed 172.1698.

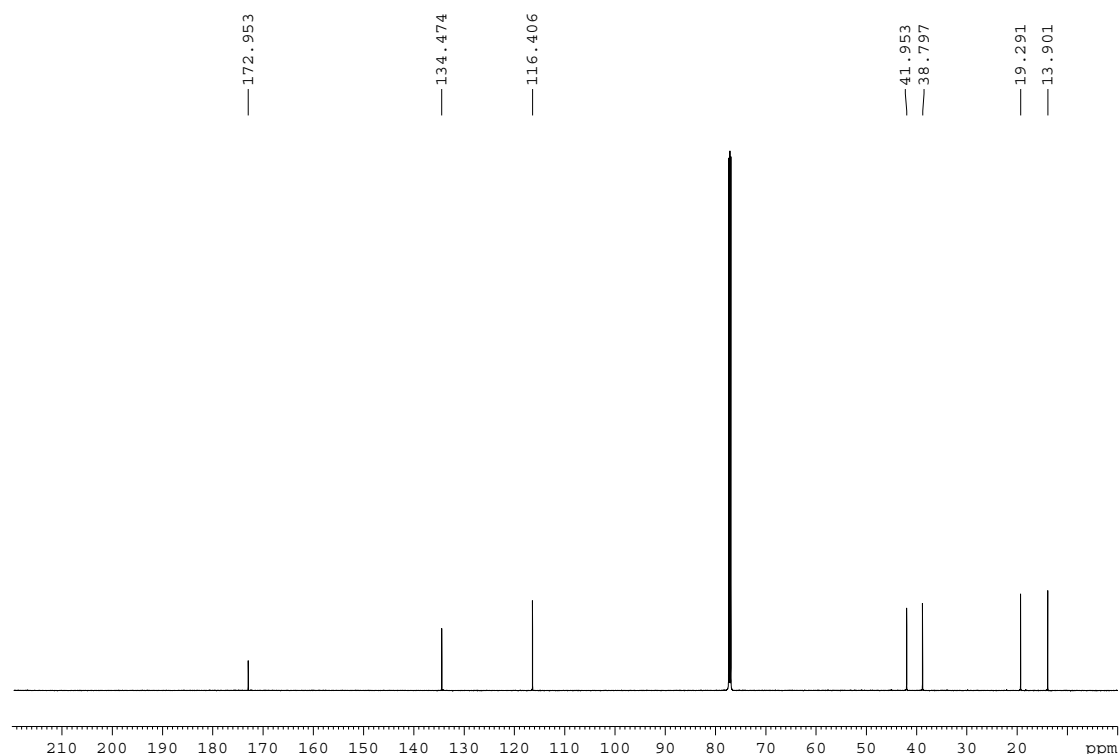


***N*-(Prop-2-en-1-yl)butanamide**

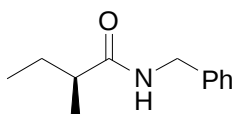


Purification by column chromatography (20%-60% EtOAc/petrol) gave *N*-(prop-2-en-1-yl)butanamide as a colourless oil (121 mg, 0.95 mmol, 95%): ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.83 (ddt, $J = 17.0, 11.5, 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.64-5.56 (m, NH, 1H), 5.08 (dq, $J = 17.0, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dq, $J = 11.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.88 (tt, $J = 6.0, 1.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.17 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.67 (sextet, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.0 (C), 134.5 (CH), 116.4 (CH_2), 42.0 (CH_2), 38.8 (CH_2), 19.3 (CH_2), 13.9 (CH_3); IR (thin film) 3290, 3083, 2964, 2930, 2874, 1643, 1548 cm^{-1} ; LRMS (EI) 127 (100, $[\text{M}]^+$); HRMS (EI) calcd for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}$ $[\text{M}]^+$ 127.0992, observed 127.0995.

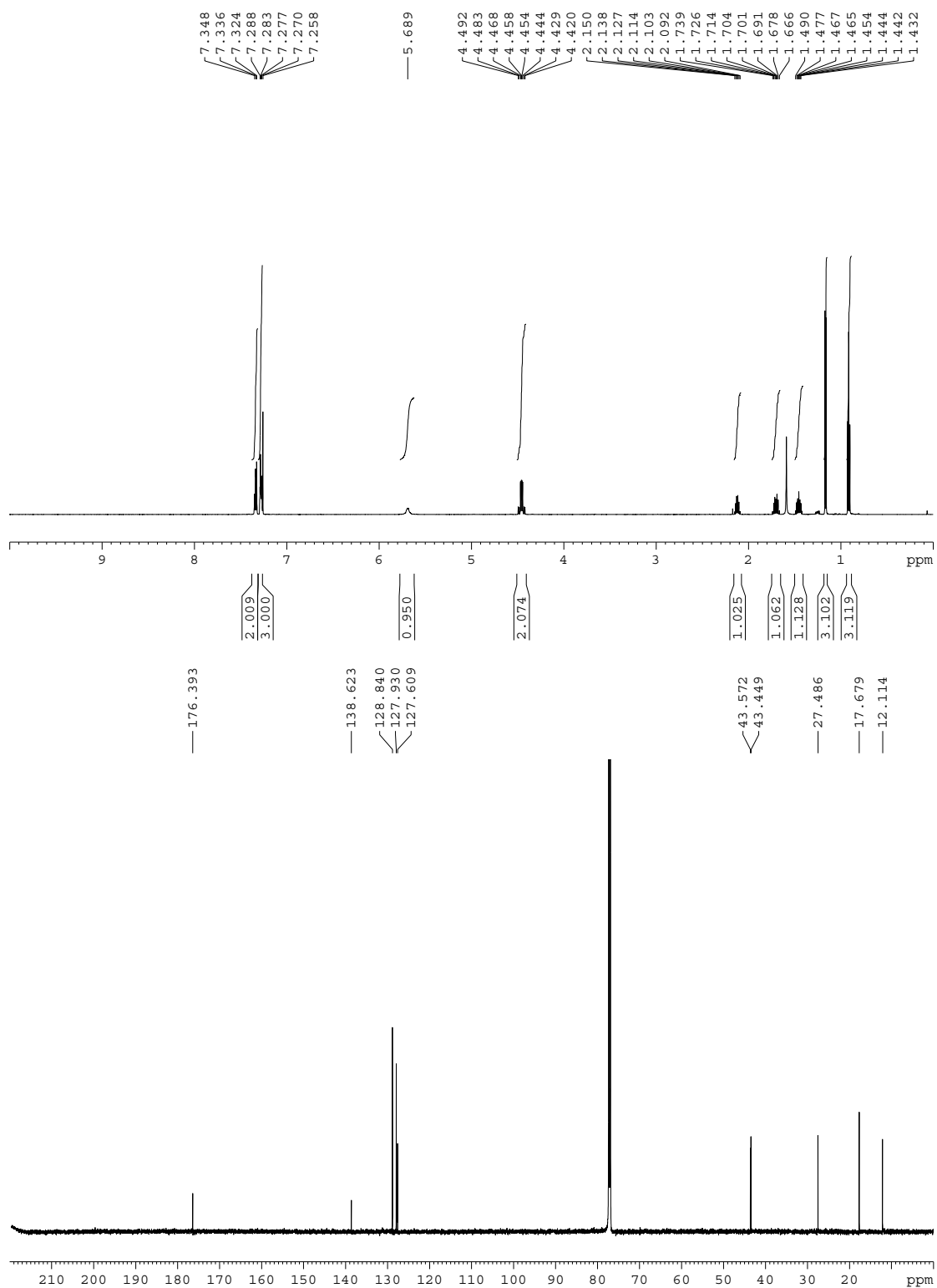




(2S)-N-Benzyl-2-methylbutanamide



Purification by column chromatography (50% Et₂O/petrol) gave (2S)-N-benzyl-2-methylbutanamide (86% yield, determined by integration of crude ¹H NMR relative to pentachlorobenzene as internal standard) as a colourless oil: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +16.0$ (*c* 1.08, Acetone); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 3H), 5.70-5.62 (m, NH, 1H), 4.49-4.42 (m, 2H), 2.12 (sextet, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.74-1.66 (m, 1H), 1.45 (ddq, *J* = 14.5, 13.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.4 (C), 138.6 (C), 128.8 (CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 43.6 (CH₂), 43.4 (CH), 27.5 (CH₂), 17.7 (CH₃), 12.1 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3282, 2965, 2929, 2876, 1646, 1548 cm⁻¹; LRMS (CI) 192 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₈NO [M+H]⁺ 192.1388, observed 192.1392 ; Data agrees with that reported by Yamakawa⁶ and Gago.⁷



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