Supporting Information

Facile synthesis of 4-vinyl- and 4-fluorovinyl-1,2,3-triazoles via

bifunctional "click-olefination" reagents

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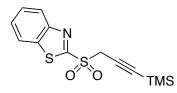
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GENERAL EXPERIMENTAL METHODS

THF was distilled over LiAlH₄, and then over sodium. Toluene was distilled over sodium. DMF and DMPU were obtained from commercial sources and were used without further purification. For reactions, which were performed under a nitrogen atmosphere, glassware was flame dried under vacuum. LDA (2.0 M solution in heptane/THF/EtPh) and LHMDS (1.0 M in THF) were obtained from commercial sources. Fluorinating reagent *N*-fluorobenzenesulfonimide (NFSI) was a gift from Honeywell (Dr. Andrew Poss), but is also commercially available. Thin layer chromatography was performed on 250 μ m silica plates and column chromatographic purifications were performed on 200-300 mesh silica gel. All other reagents were obtained from commercial sources and used without further purification. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl₃, acetone-*d*₆ and C₆D₆. ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded at 282 MHz using CFCl₃ as internal standard. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million and coupling constants (*J*) are in hertz.

2-[3-(Trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylsulfonyl]benzo[d]thiazole (1)

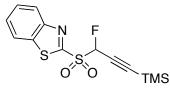


Step 1: Synthesis of 2-[3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylthio]benzo[*d*]thiazole. To a solution of (3-bromoprop-1-ynyl)trimethylsilane (2.00 g, 10.5 mmol, 1 molar equiv) in DMF (40.0 mL) at room temperature, the sodium salt of 2-mercapto-1,3-benzothiazole (2.57 g, 13.6 mmol, 1.3 molar equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The combined organic layer was thoroughly washed with water and then with brine and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to yield 2.81 g (97%) of crude 2-[3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylthio]benzo[*d*]thiazole¹ as a light yellow solid, that was subjected to oxidation without further purification. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.90 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.78 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.43 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.32 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 4.16 (s, 2H, CH₂), 0.15 (s, 9H, SiMe₃).

Step 2: Oxidation of 2-[3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylthio]benzo[d]thiazole. To a stirring solution of 2-[3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylthio]benzo[d]thiazole (2.00 g, 7.22 mmol) in CHCl₃

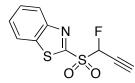
(30.0 mL) at –10 °C (ice-salt) a solution of *m*-CPBA (3.74 g, 21.7 mmol, 3 molar equiv) in CHCl₃ (55.0 mL) was added dropwise. After complete addition, the mixture was stirred for an additional 10 min at –10 °C, allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 15 h. The reaction was quenched with 35 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3x). The combined organic layer was thoroughly washed with water and finally with brine and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to yield 2.19 g (98%) of 2-[3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylsulfonyl]benzo[*d*]thiazole (1)¹ of crude product as an off-white solid that was subjected to fluorination without further purification. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.26 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 8.03 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.68-7.60 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 4.39 (s, 2H, CH₂), 0.02 (s, 9H, SiMe₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.1, 152.7, 137.4, 128.4, 127.9, 125.8, 122.4, 95.8, 90.8, 48.7, –0.5.

2-[1-Fluoro-3-(trimethylsilyl)prop-2-ynylsulfonyl]benzo[d]thiazole (2)



To a stirring solution of sulfone 1 (2.00 g, 6.47 mmol, 1 molar equiv) in dry toluene (40.0 mL) cooled to -78 °C (dry ice/isopropanol) under nitrogen, LDA (1.1 molar equiv of a 2.0 M solution in heptane/THF/EtPh) was added. After 12 min, solid NFSI (2.45 g, 7.76 mmol, 1.2 molar equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at -78 °C for 50 min then warmed to room temperature and the stirring was continued for an additional 50 min. Saturated aq NH₄CI was added to the reaction mixture and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x), and the combined organic layer was washed with water, saturated ag NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude reaction mixture was rapidly purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, mesh 200-300, 10% EtOAc in hexanes) to yield 1.33 g (63%) of **2** as a white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.29 (d, 1H, Ar-H, J = 8.3 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, Ar-H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.69-7.63 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 6.12 (d, 1H, CHF, ${}^{2}J_{\text{FH}}$ = 48.8 Hz), 0.17 (s, 9H, SiMe₃). ${}^{13}C$ NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 160.9, 152.6, 137.6, 128.8, 128.0, 125.9, 122.3, 104.5 (d, ${}^{3}J_{CF}$ = 8.2 Hz), 91.8 (d, ${}^{1}J_{CF}$ = 222.0 Hz), 89.6 (d, ${}^{2}J_{CF}$ = 23.4 Hz), 0.9. ${}^{19}F$ NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -164.6 (d, ${}^{2}J_{FH}$ = 48.8 Hz). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₃H₁₅FNO₂S₂Si [M + H]⁺ 328.0292, found 328.0296.

2-(1-Fluoroprop-2-ynylsulfonyl)benzo[d]thiazole (2a)



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.29 (d, 1H, Ar-H, J = 8.3 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, Ar-H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.70-7.63 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 6.21 (dd, 1H, CHF, ² $J_{FH} = 48.1$ Hz, $J_{HH} = 2.1$ Hz), 3.13 (dd, 1H, J = 5.8, 2.1 Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 160.9, 152.9, 137.9, 128.9, 128.2, 126.2, 122.5, 91.4 (d, ¹ $J_{CF} = 222.4$ Hz), 84.8 (d, ³ $J_{CF} = 9.6$ Hz), 70.0 (d, ² $J_{CF} = 24.7$ Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -168.5 (d, ² $J_{FH} = 45.8$ Hz). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₀H₇FNO₂S₂ [M + H]⁺ 255.9897, found 255.9898.

Synthesis of Azides

4-Methoxyphenyl azide was prepared from the corresponding boronic acid.² Aliphatic azides were obtained from the corresponding halides by nucleophilic substitution.^{3,4}

4-Methoxyphenyl Azide

In a 10 mL round bottom flask, boronic acid (76.0 mg, 0.500 mmol, 1 molar equiv) was dissolved in 2.0 mL MeOH. NaN₃ (39.0 mg, 0.600 mmol, 1.2 molar equiv) and CuSO₄.5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.050 mmol, 0.1 molar equiv) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature in an open flask. After 5 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short silica plug and the product was eluted with CH₂Cl₂ to yield 73.1 mg (98%) of 4-methoxyphenyl azide² as brownish oil. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.95 (d, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 9.2 Hz), 6.89 (d, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 3.80 (s, 3H, CH₃).

General Procedure for Synthesis of Alkyl Azides. To a stirring solution of alkyl halide (1 molar equiv) in DMF (70.0 mL), was added NaN_3 (2 molar equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 7 h, cooled to room temperature, 20 mL of water was added and the mixture was poured into separatory funnel containing EtOAc. Organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3x), combined organic layer was washed with water

and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The alkyl azide obtained was used without further purification.

3-Phenylpropyl Azide³

N₃

3-Phenylpropyl bromide: 1.00 g (5.02 mmol); NaN₃: 0.650 g (10.0 mmol). Yield: 700 mg (87%) of 3-phenylpropyl azide as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.31 (t, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.23-7.19 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 3.29 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 2.72 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 1.96-1.90 (m, 2H, CH₂).

Decyl Azide⁴

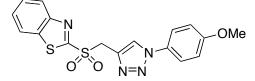


Decyl bromide: 0.500 g (2.26 mmol); NaN₃: 0.294 g (4.52 mmol). Yield: 172 mg (42%) of decyl azide as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.25 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 1.60 (m, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.4 Hz) 1.27-1.63 (m, 14H, (CH₂)₇), 0.88 (t, 3H, CH₃, *J* = 7.4 Hz).

Synthesis of Triazoles

General Procedure. To a stirring solution of azide (1 molar equiv) in 4:1 (v/v) $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$ (28.0 mL per mmol of azide), sulfone **1** or **2** (1 to 1.2 molar equiv), $Cu(CH_3CN)_4PF_6$ (0.20 molar equiv) and AgBF₄ (0.20 molar equiv) were added sequentially. The stirring was continued at room temperature until TLC showed disappearance of the azide. The solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (mesh 200-300). Eluting solvents for chromatography are indicated under the specific compound headings.

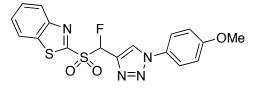
2-{[1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl]methylsulfonyl}benzo[*d*]thiazole (3)



4-Methoxyphenyl azide: 250 mg (1.68 mmol); sulfone **1**: 624 mg (2.02 mmol). Column chromatography: eluting solvent 20% acetone in hexanes. Yield: 481 mg (74%) of off white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.25 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.65 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.61-7.58 (m, 3H, Ar-H), 7.02 (d, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.8

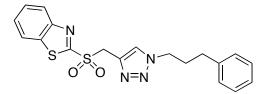
Hz), 5.03 (s, 2H, CH₂), 3.87 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.4, 160.4, 152.8, 137.3, 135.1, 130.3, 128.4, 128.0, 126.0, 123.3, 122.52, 122.47, 115.1, 55.9, 52.9. HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₇H₁₅N₄O₃S₂ [M + H]⁺ 387.0580, found 387.0582.

2-{Fluoro[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl]methylsulfonyl}benzo[*d*]-thiazole (4)



4-Methoxyphenyl azide: 300 mg (2.01 mmol); sulfone **2**: 723 mg (2.21 mmol). Column chromatography: eluting solvent 20% EtOAc in hexanes. Yield: 756 mg (93%) of white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.45 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 1.4 Hz), 8.32 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 8.06 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.71-7.64 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 7.05 (d, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 7.01 (d, 1H, CHF, ²J_{FH} = 46.1 Hz), 3.88 (s, 3H, OCH₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 160.6, 153.0, 137.8, 135.7 (d, ²J_{CF} = 24.0 Hz), 129.9, 128.8, 128.2, 126.1, 124.1, 122.7, 122.5, 115.1, 96.1 (d, ¹J_{CF} = 220.1 Hz), 55.9. ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -165.3 (d, ²J_{FH} = 45.8 Hz). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₇H₁₄FN₄O₃S₂ [M + H]⁺ 405.0486, found 405.0489.

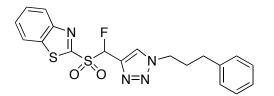
2-{[1-(3-Phenylpropyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl]methylsulfonyl}benzo[a]thiazole (5)



3-Phenylpropyl azide: 300 mg (1.86 mmol); sulfone **1**: 689 mg (2.23 mmol). Column chromatography: eluting solvent 40% EtOAc in hexanes. Yield: 623 mg (84%) of white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.22 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.92 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.73 (s, 1H, Ar-H), 7.62 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.57 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.30 (t, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.23 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.14 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 4.96 (s, 2H, CH₂), 4.34 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 2.60 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 2.23 (quint, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.3, 152.8, 140.1, 137.2, 134.5, 128.8, 128.6, 128.3, 127.9, 126.6, 125.9, 125.0, 122.4, 52.9, 49.9, 32.5, 31.6. HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₉N₄O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺ 399.0944, found 399.0943.

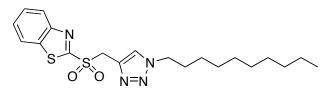
2-{Fluoro[1-(3-phenylpropyl)-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl]methylsulfonyl}benzo[*d*]-thiazole (6)

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3-Phenylpropyl azide: 500 mg (3.10 mmol); sulfone **2**: 1.01 g (3.10 mmol). Column chromatography: eluting solvent 20% EtOAC in hexanes. Yield: 879 mg (68%) of white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.27 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 8.01 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.68-7.61 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 7.30 (t, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.22 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 7.17 (d, 2H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, CHF, ²*J*_{FH} = 46.5 Hz), 4.42 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 2.67 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 2.29 (quint, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 153.0, 139.9, 137.7, 135.1 (d, ²*J*_{CF} = 24.2 Hz), 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 126.7, 126.1, 125.8, 122.5, 96.2 (d, ¹*J*_{CF} = 219.7 Hz), 50.2, 32.5, 31.5. ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -165.4 (d, ²*J*_{FH} = 45.8 Hz). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈FN₄O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺ 417.0850, found 417.0852.

2-[(1-Decyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)methylsulfonyl]benzo[d]thiazole (7)



Decyl azide: 300 mg (1.64 mmol); sulfone 1: 609 mg (1.97 mmol). Column chromatography: eluting solvent 20% EtOAc in hexanes. Yield: 555 mg (81%) of white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.22 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.95 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.75 (s, 1H, Ar-H), 7.63 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 7.57 (t, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 4.95 (s, 2H, CH₂), 4.32 (t, 2H, CH₂, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 1.89-1.83 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.28-1.25 (m, 14H, (CH₂)₇), 0.87 (t, 3H, CH₂, *J* = 6.9 Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 164.4, 152.8, 137.3, 134.4, 128.4, 127.9, 125.9, 124.8, 122.4, 52.9, 50.8, 32.0, 30.3, 29.64, 29.6, 29.4, 29.1, 26.6, 22.8, 14.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₂₀H₂₉N₄O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺ 421.1726, found 421.173.

2-[(1-Decyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)fluoromethylsulfonyl]benzo[*d*]thiazole (8)

Decyl azide: 91.6 mg (0.500 mmol); sulfone **2**: 164 mg (0.500 mmol). Column chromatography: eluting solvent 20% EtOAc in hexanes. Yield: 178 mg (81%) of white solid. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.30 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 8.09 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, Ar-H, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 7.70-7.63 (m, 2H, Ar-H), 6.93 (d, 1H, CHF, ²J_{FH} = 46.5 Hz), 4.48-4.38 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.98-1.93 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.34-1.26 (m, 14H, (CH₂)₇), 0.88 (t, 3H, CH₃, *J* = 6.9 Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 153.0, 137.7, 135.1 (d, ²J_{CF} = 24.3 Hz), 128.8, 128.2, 126.1, 125.6, 122.5, 96.2 (d, ¹J_{CF} = 219.7 Hz), 51.2, 32.0, 30.3, 29.6, 29.5, 29.4, 29.1, 26.6, 22.8, 14.3. ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -165.0 (d, ²J_{FH} = 46.1 Hz). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C₂₀H₂₈FN₄O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺ 439.1632, found 439.1635.

Competitive Click Reaction

General Procedure. To a stirring solution of azide (0.155 mmol, 1 molar equiv) in 4:1 $CH_2CI_2/MeOH$ solvent (4.5 mL), sulfones **1** and **2** (0.31 mmol each, 2 molar equiv each), $Cu(CH_3CN)_4PF_6$ (46.0 mg, 0.124 mmol, 0.8 molar equiv) and $AgBF_4$ (24.1 mg, 0.124 mmol, 0.8 molar equiv) were added sequentially. The stirring was continued at room temperature until TLC showed disappearance of the azide. The solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude reaction mixture was analyzed by ¹H NMR (500 MHz) using CDCl₃ as solvent.

Synthesis of Vinyl Triazoles

General Procedure. A stirring solution of aldehyde (0.5 mmol, 1 molar equiv) and triazole (0.6 mmol, 1.2 molar equiv) in DMF (3.8 mL) and DMPU (3.8 mL) was cooled to -78 °C (dry ice/*iso*-PrOH) and under nitrogen LHMDS (1.2 mmol, 2.4 molar equiv) was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 5 min, saturated aq NH₄Cl was added and the mixture was poured into EtOAc. Organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the combined *E/Z* product mixture was isolated by column chromatography using silica gel (mesh 200-300). The product *E/Z* ratio was determined by ¹H NMR for vinyl and by ¹⁹F NMR for fluorovinyl derivatives, prior to column chromatography purification. Eluting solvent for chromatography, HRMS and ¹⁹F NMR data (for fluorovinyl derivatives) of products are displayed

for each individual substrate in the Table. For all compounds shown in the Table, ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded in $CDCl_3$ solvent, at 282 MHz using $CFCl_3$ as internal standard.

Table 1Eluting solvents for column chromatography, HRMS data of compounds 9 to 26 and¹⁹F NMR data of compounds 18 to 26

Compound	Eluting solvent	HRMS and ¹⁹ F NMR data where applicable
OMe	20% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{20}H_{22}N_3O [M+H]^+$ 320.1757, found 320.176.
(<i>E</i> / <i>Z</i>)-3 (<i>E</i> / <i>Z</i>)-10	20% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{22}H_{26}N_3$ [M+H] ⁺ 332.2121, found 332.2126.
MeO N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-11	40% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{20}H_{22}N_3O [M+H]^+$ 320.1757, found 320.1761.
O ₂ N N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-12	40% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{19}H_{19}N_4O_2 [M+H]^+$ 335.1503, found 335.1506.
OMe N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-13	20% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{16}H_{22}N_3O [M+H]^+$ 272.1757, found 272.1757.
N=N (E/Z)-14	20% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{18}H_{26}N_3 [M+H]^+$ 284.2121, found 284.2124.
CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ CH ₂ N=N (<i>E</i> / Z)-15	20% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{18}H_{26}N_3O$ [M+H] ⁺ 300.2070, found 300.2071.
CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ CH ₂ N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-16	20% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{20}H_{30}N_3$ [M+H] ⁺ 312.2434, found 312.2437.
N N=N 17	40% EtOAc in hexanes	HRMS (ESI) calcd. for $C_{24}H_{29}N_4$ [M+H] ⁺ 373.2387, found 373.2394.

F N=N N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-18	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ -114.2 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 18.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ -115.5 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 42.6 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₂₂ H ₂₅ FN ₃ [M + H] ⁺ 350.2027, found 350.2034.
MeO F N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-19	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –108.5 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 21.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –121.5 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 42.7 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₁₈ H ₁₇ FN ₃ O ₂ [M + H] ⁺ 326.1299, found 326.1304.
MeO F N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-20	40% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –108.2 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 21.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –121.3 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 42.7 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₂₀ H ₂₁ FN ₃ O [M + H] ⁺ 338.1663, found 338.1667.
O ₂ N F N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-21	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –100.6 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 21.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –113.4 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 39.7 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₁₉ H ₁₈ FN ₄ O ₂ [M + H] ⁺ 353.1408, found 353.1411.
F N=Ń (<i>E/Z</i>)-22	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –114.3 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 24.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –124.7 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 39.7 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₁₆ H ₂₁ FN ₃ O [M + H] ⁺ 290.1663, found 290.1666.
F N=N N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-23	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –114.0 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 24.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –124.6 (d, ³ <i>J</i> _{FH} = 39.7 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₁₈ H ₂₅ FN ₃ [M + H] ⁺ 302.2027, found 302.2031.
СH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ CH ₂ N=Ń (<i>E/Z</i>)-24	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –115.6 (d, ³ J _{FH} = 21.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –124.6 (d, ³ J _{FH} = 39.7 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₁₈ H ₂₅ FN ₃ O [M + H] ⁺ 318.1976, found 318.1983.
F CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₅ CH ₂ N=N (<i>E/Z</i>)-25	20% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –115.3 (d, ³ J _{FH} = 21.4 Hz, <i>E</i> isomer), δ –124.5 (d, ³ J _{FH} = 36.6 Hz, <i>Z</i> isomer). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₂₀ H ₂₈ FN ₃ Na [M + Na] ⁺ 352.2159, found 352.2161.
	40% EtOAc in hexanes	¹⁹ F NMR: δ –122.0 (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd. for C ₂₂ H ₂₄ FN ₄ O [M + H] ⁺ 379.1929, found 379.1924.

Data from DFT Computational Analysis

All quantum mechanical calculations were done using Density Functional Theory (DFT) method based on Becke3-Lee-Yang-Parr (B3LYP) level with 6-311++G(2d,2p) basis sets available with Gaussian 9 programs.⁵ Initial geometries of the protio- and the fluoro-analogue (structures shown in Table 2) were first optimized. The optimized coordinates were then utilized for further calculations to estimate the energies of the HOMO and LUMO. Visualizations of molecular orbitals and estimation of their energy were performed using a personal computer-based GaussView 4.1.2 program.⁶ GaussView 4 generated the MOs from the checkpoint files and extracted the relevant energies in Hartree which was then converted to kcal/mol. Natural bond orbital (NBO) analyses⁷ were performed on the optimized geometries to calculate atom-atom overlap-weighed natural atomic orbital (NAO) bond orders and the natural charges.

Table 2 HOMO and LUMO energies of benzothiazolyl propargyl sulfone and benzothiazolyl fluoropropargyl sulfone

	S N H H	S S S H N H F
	Energy (kcal/mol)	Energy (kcal/mol)
LUMO	-53.1	-56.8
НОМО	-167.6	-167.8

 Table 3 NBO analyzed natural charges of benzothiazolyl propargyl sulfone and benzothiazolyl fluoropropargyl sulfone

9 8 8 8 7 7	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 1' & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 10 & 5 & 4 & 5 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$	9 H, 8 8/ H-C, 7 7	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Atom Number	NBO Analyzed Natural Charges	Atom Number	NBO Analyzed Natural Charges
H1	0.230	H1	0.232
C1	-0.162	C1	-0.110
C2	-0.050	C2	-0.101
C3	-0.636	C3	-0.004
H3	0.252	H3	0.228

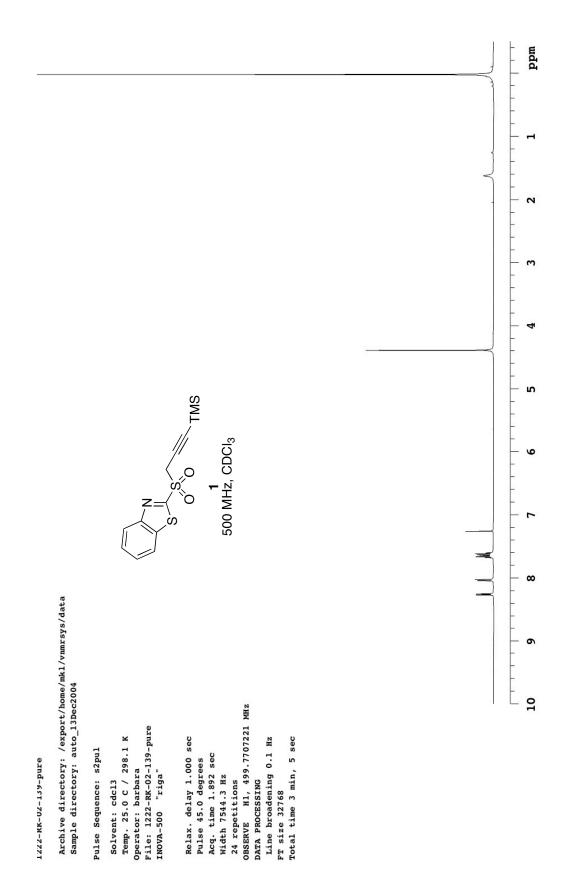
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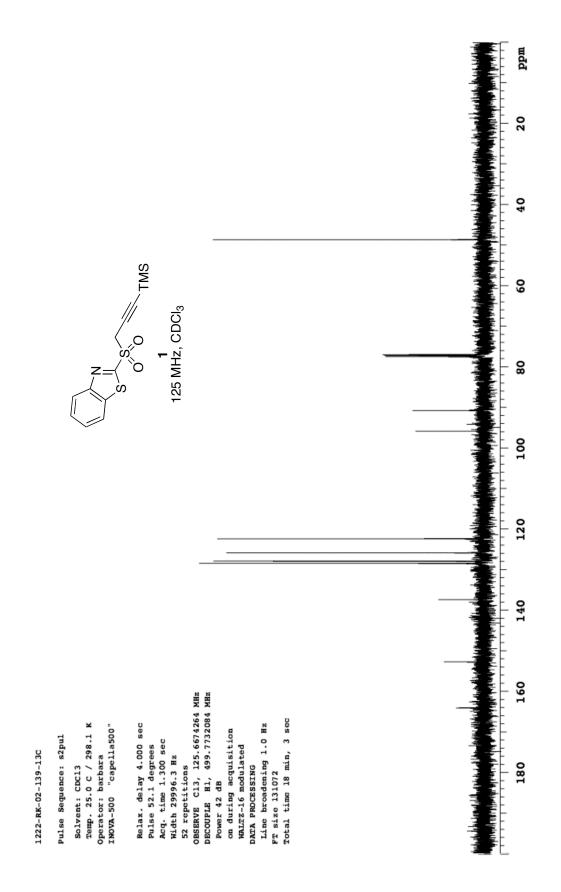
H3'	0.266	F	-0.353
S1	2.063	S1	2.027
01	-0.881	O1	-0.878
01'	-0.908	01'	-0.889
C4	-0.186	C4	-0.191
Ν	-0.444	N	-0.436
S2	0.464	S2	0.474
C5	0.101	C5	0.102
C6	-0.175	C6	-0.173
H6	0.223	H6	0.223
C7	-0.200	C7	-0.199
H7	0.211	H7	0.211
C8	-0.182	C8	-0.180
H8	0.211	H8	0.211
C9	-0.211	C9	-0.211
Н9	0.218	H9	0.218
C10	-0.205	C10	-0.203

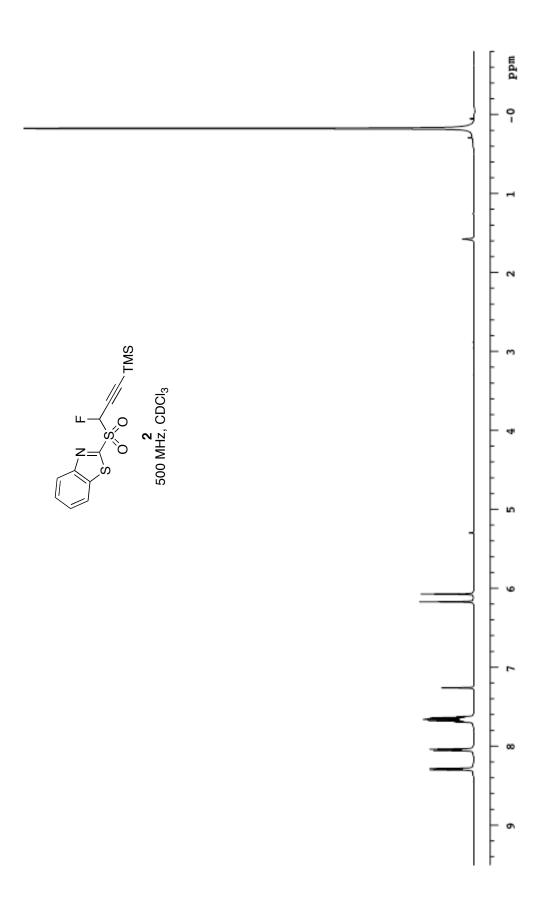
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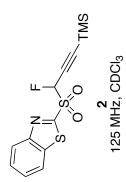


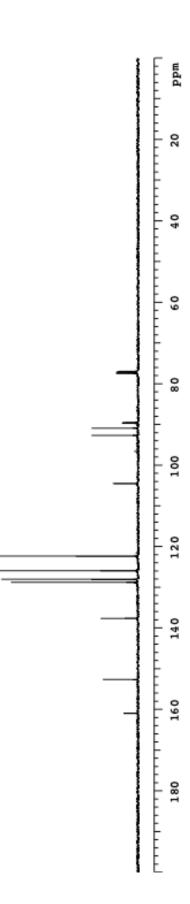


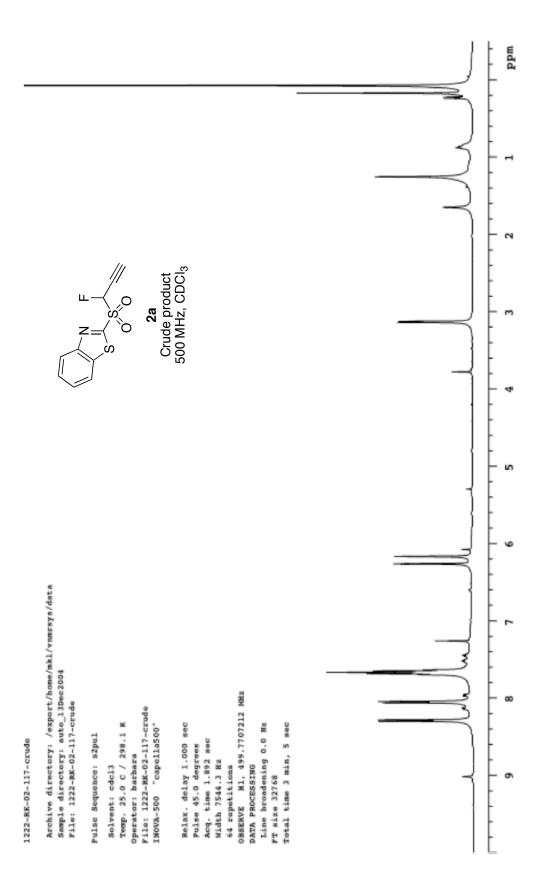
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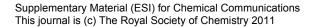
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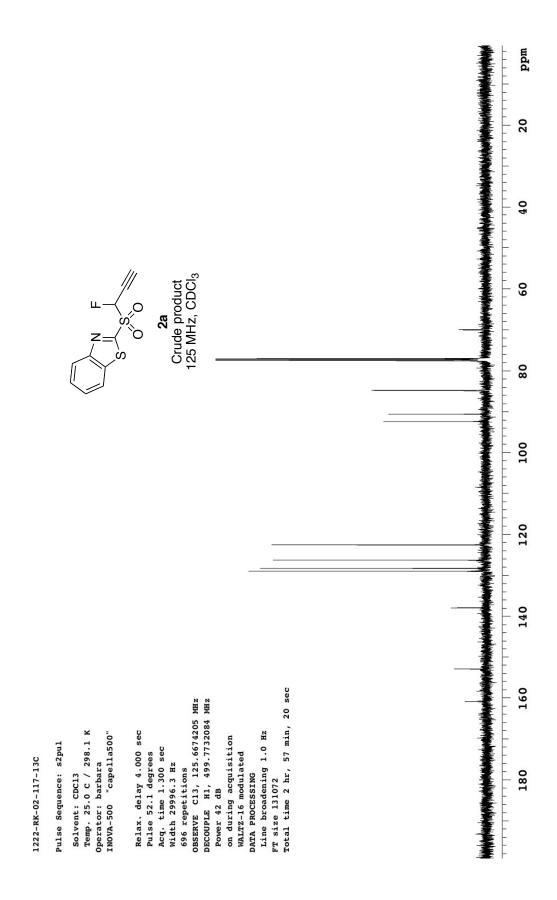
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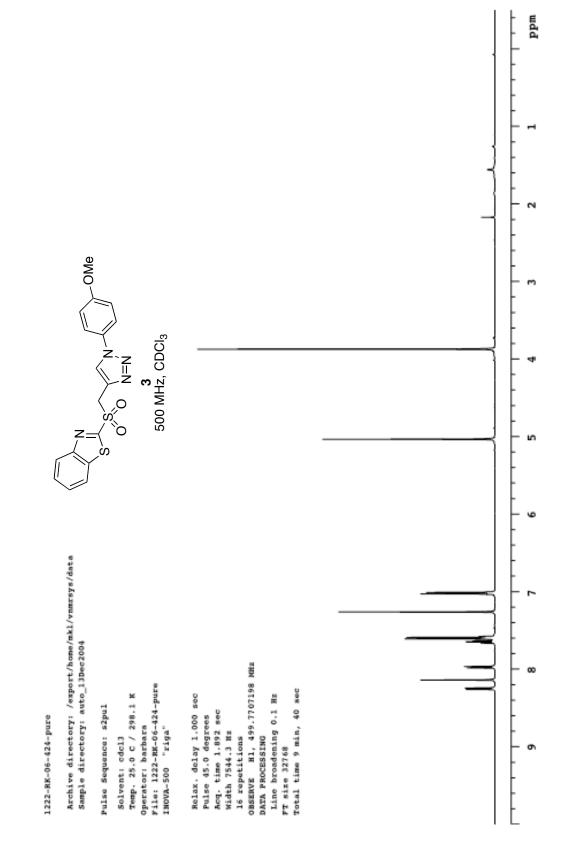










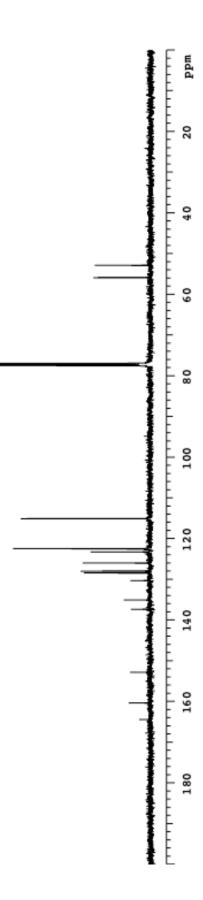




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Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Line broadening 2.0 Hz FT size 131072 Total time 2 hr, 57 min, 20 sec Width 29996.3 Nz 1768 repetitions OBSERVE C13, 125.6674182 NHz DECOUPLE H1, 499.7732084 NHz Power 42 dB Solvent: CDCl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 290.1 K Operator: barbara File: 1222-RK-06-424-13C INOVA-500 "riga" Relax. delay 4.000 sec Pulse 52.1 degrees Acq. time 1.300 sec on during acquisition WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING



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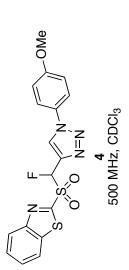
Z= ړ د **3** 125 MHz, CDCl₃

1222-RK-04-246-pure-1H

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Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: barbara File: 1222-RK-04-246-pure-IH INOVA-500 "riga" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.892 sec Width 7544.3 Hz 52 repetitions 52 repetitions DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.5 Hz FT size 32768 FT size 32768



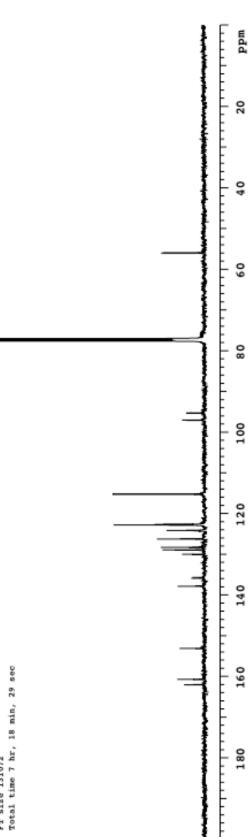




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Solvent: CDCl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: barbara File: 1222-RK-04-246-pure INOVA-500 "riga" Relax. delay 25,000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.300 sec Width 3121.8 Maz 512 repetitions OBSENVE C13, 125.6674148 MHz DECOUPLE H1, 499.7732084 MHz Power 38 dB continuously on WALTZ-16 modulated DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 4.0 Hz Line broadening 4.0 Hz T size 131072 Total time 7 hr, 18 min, 29 sec



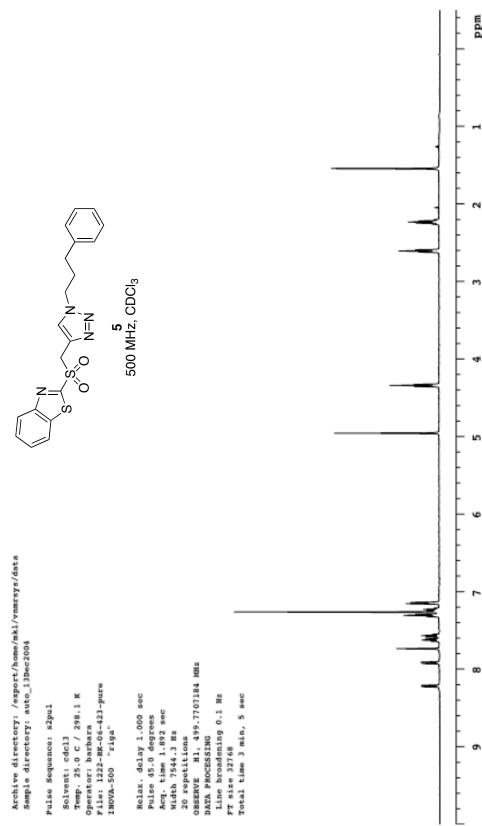
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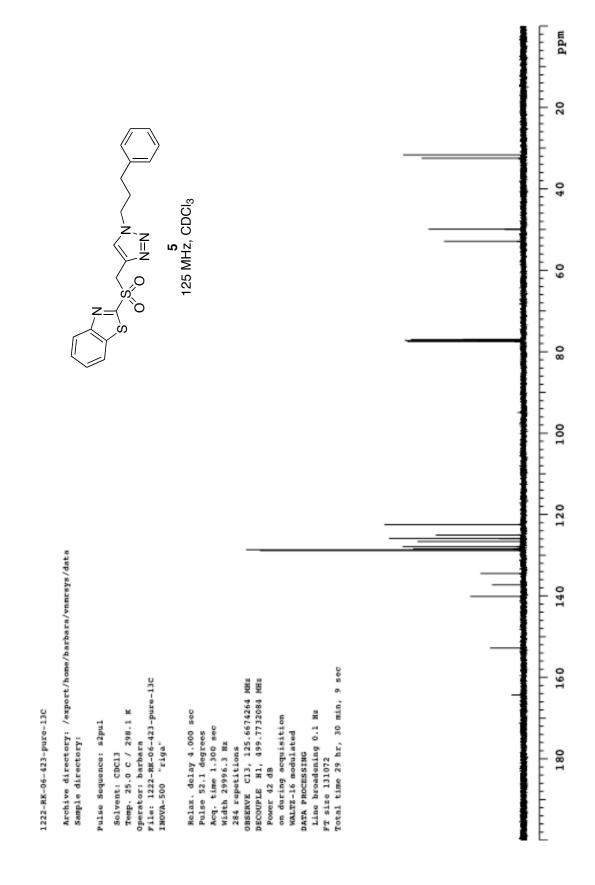
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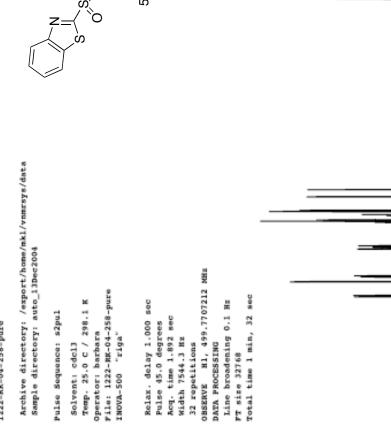
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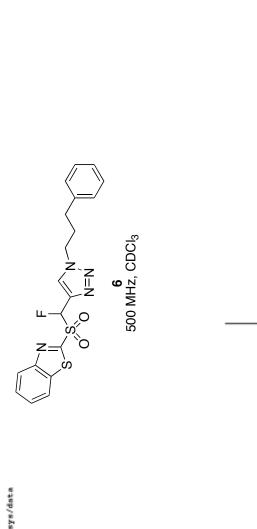
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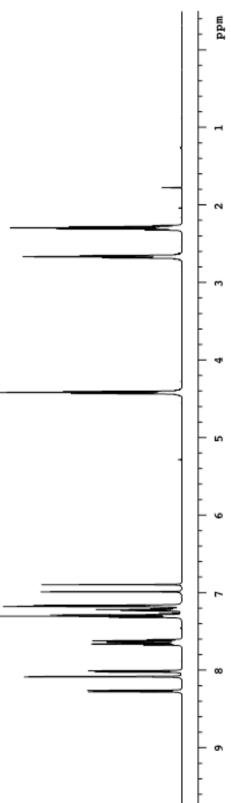
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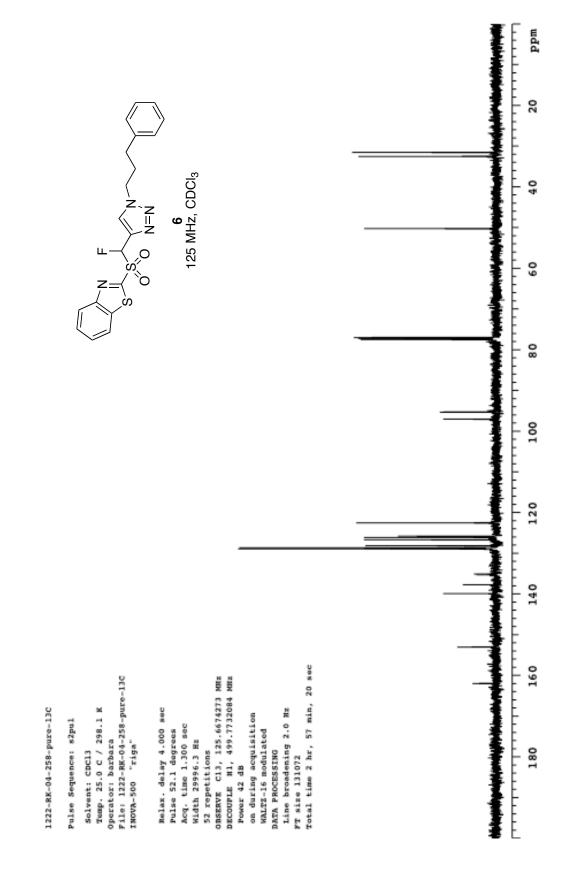


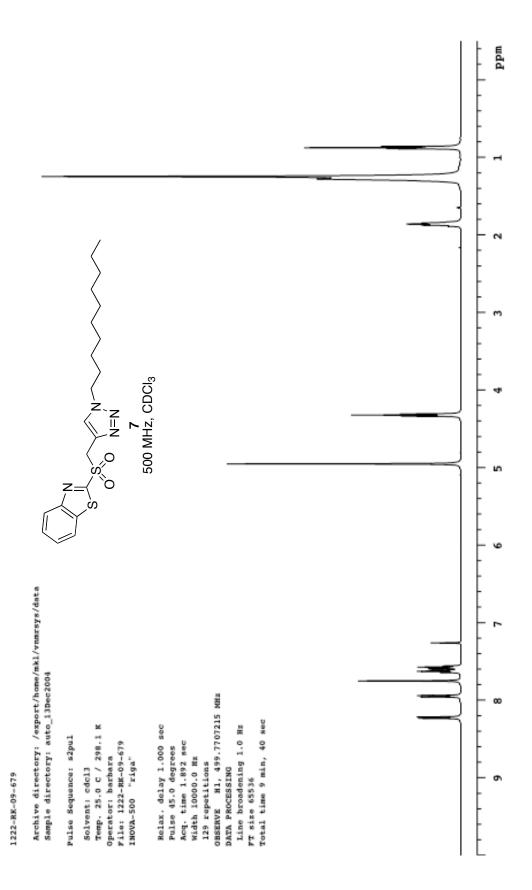
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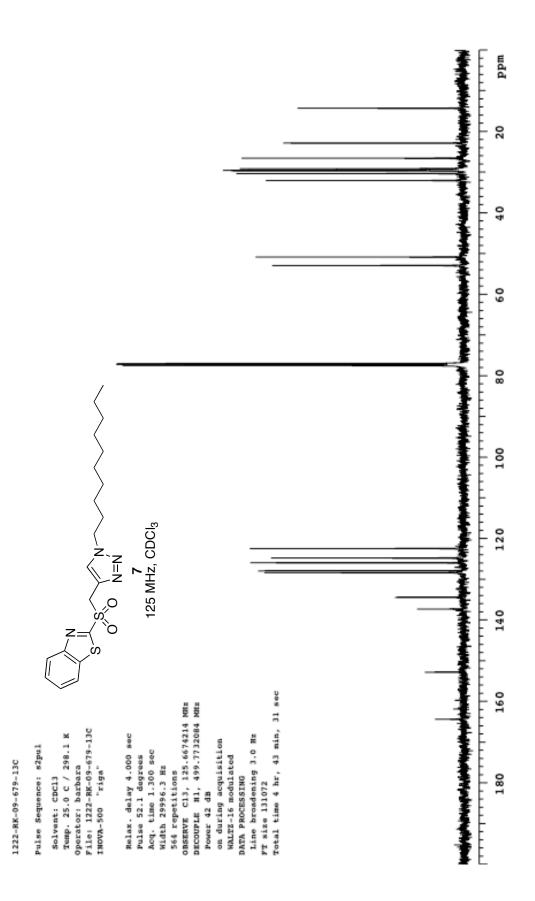


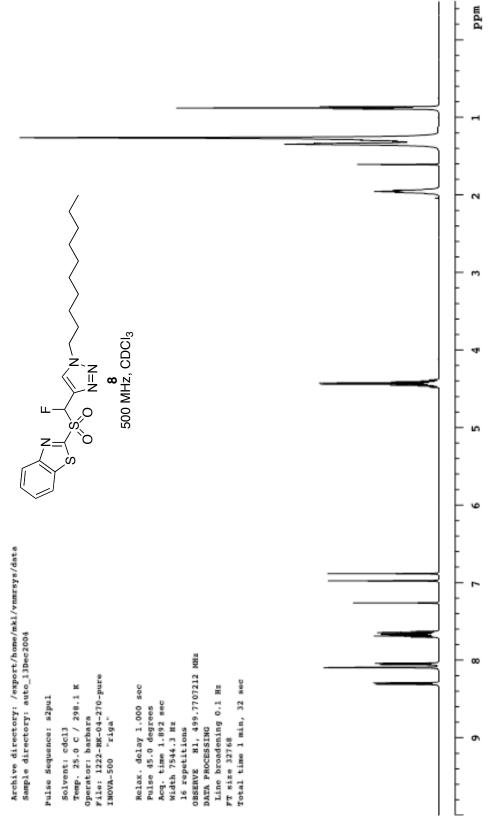




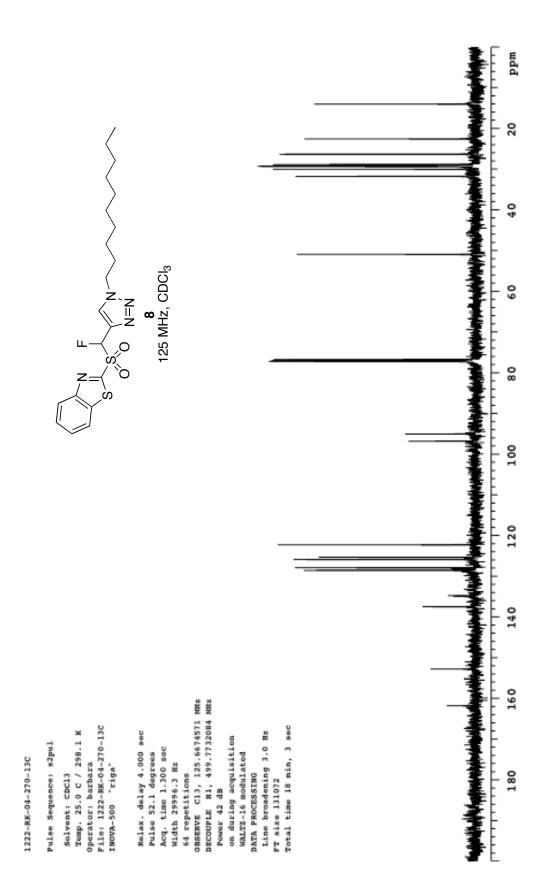


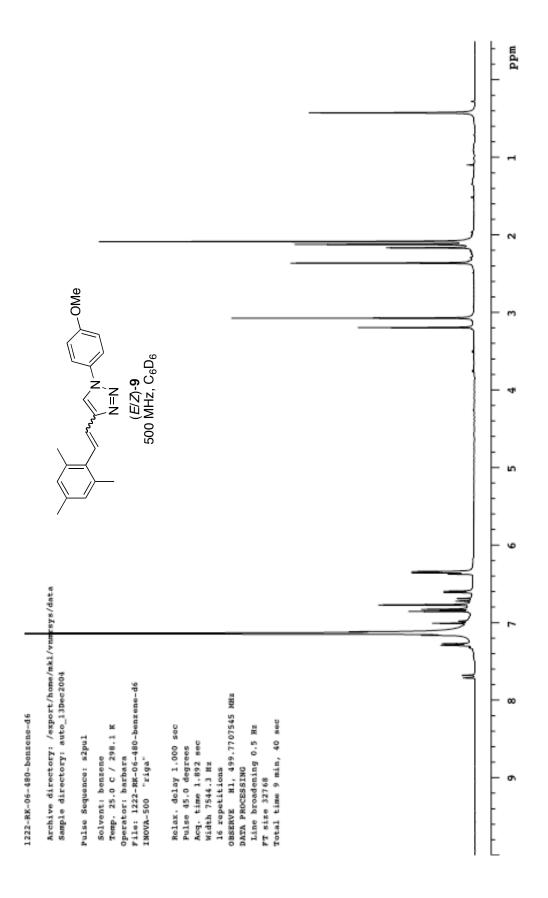


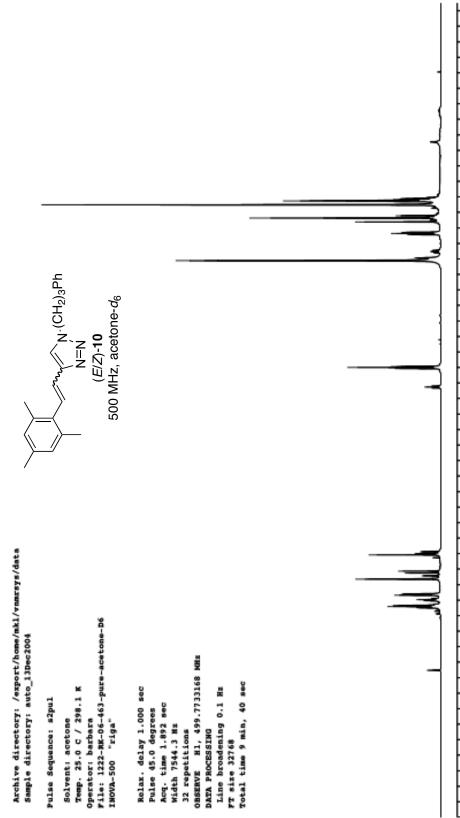




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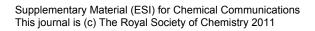
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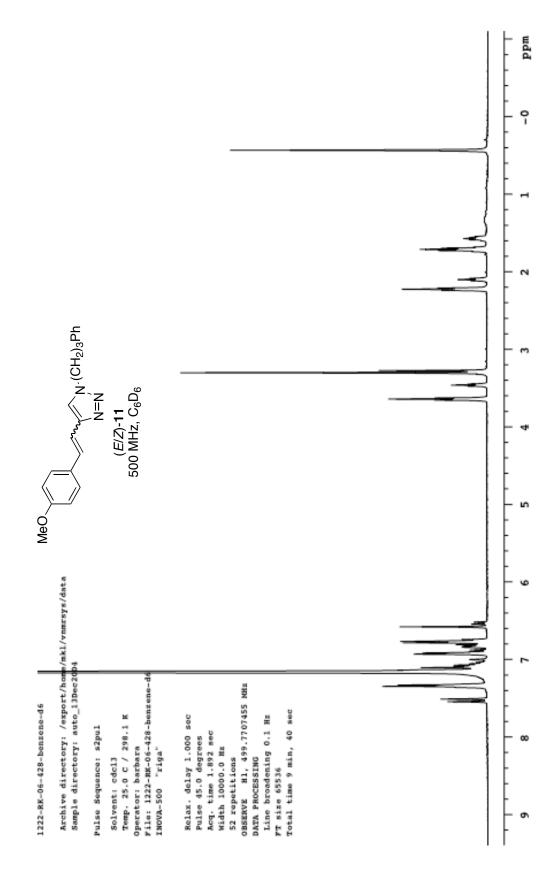
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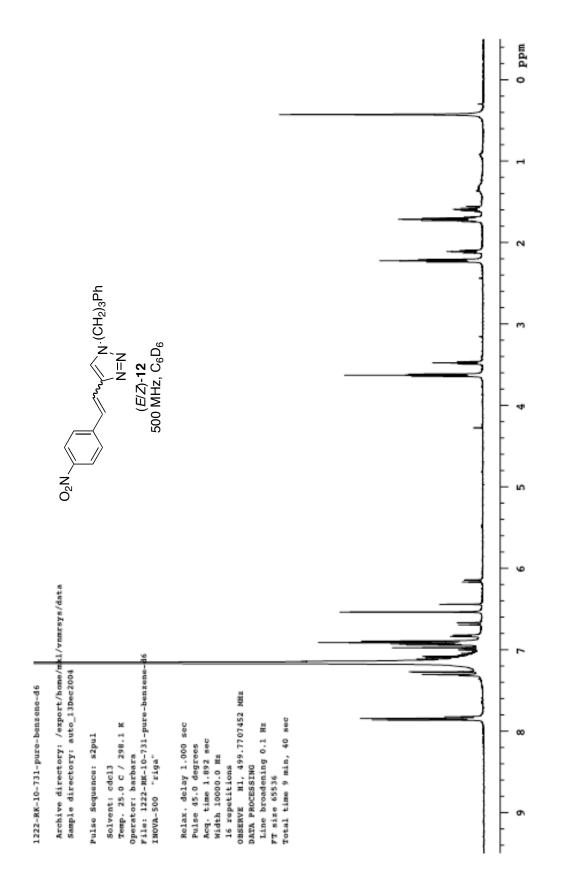
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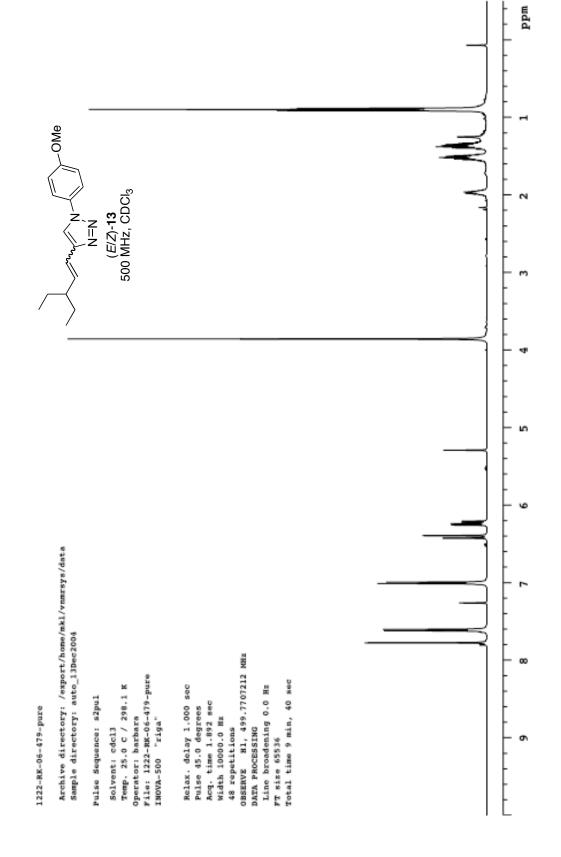
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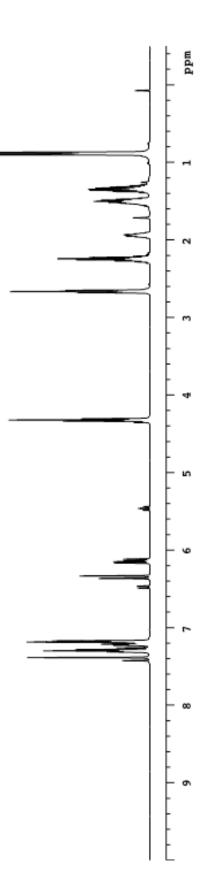


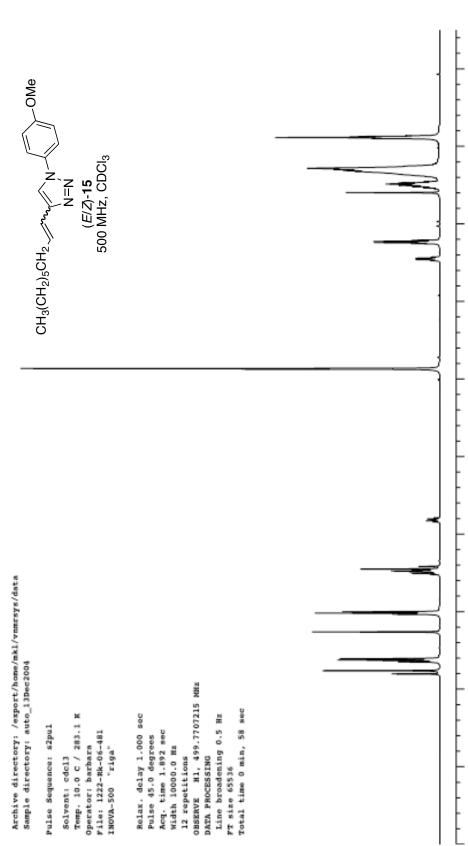
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500 MHz, CDCl₃Ph N=N (E/Z)-14

> Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.892 sec Width 7544.3 Mz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 499.7707226 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.1 Hz Tine broadening 0.1 Hz Tr size 32768 Total time 9 min, 40 sec





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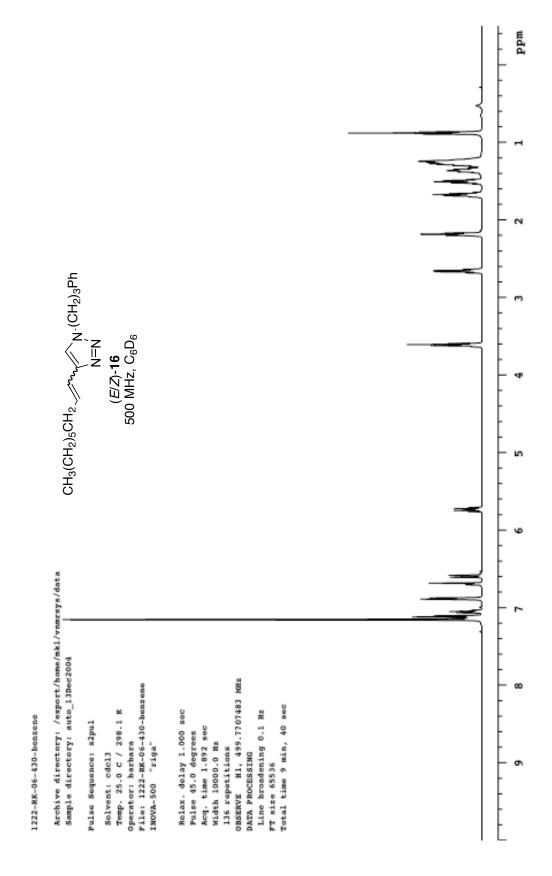
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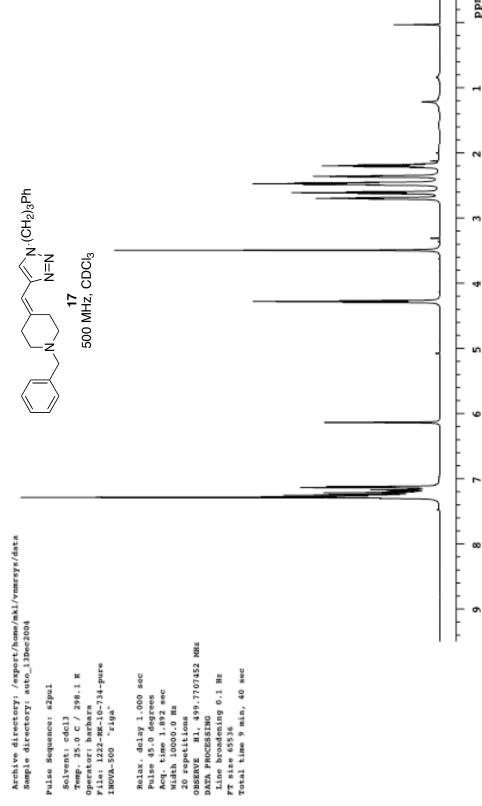
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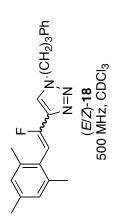
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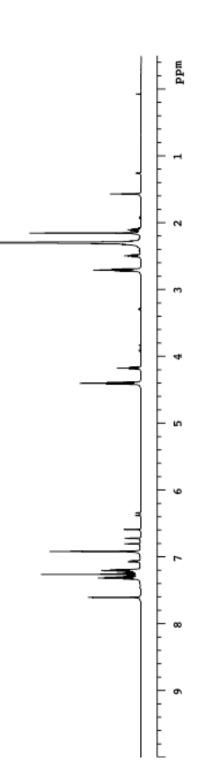
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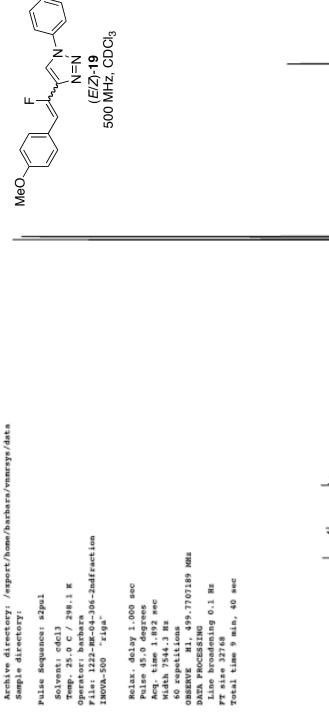


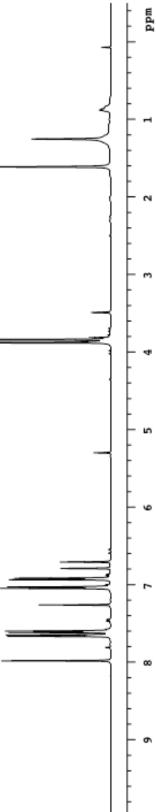
Pulse Sequence: s2pul Solvent: CDCl3 Ambient temperature Operator: barbara File: 1222-RK-11-851-pure INOVA-500 "riga" Pulse 48.0 degrees Acq. time 1.892 sec Width 8000.0 Hz 44 repetitions 085ENT H1, 499.7707217 NHz 085ENT H1, 499.7707217 NHz DATA PROCESSING FT size 32768 Total time 5 min, 20 sec



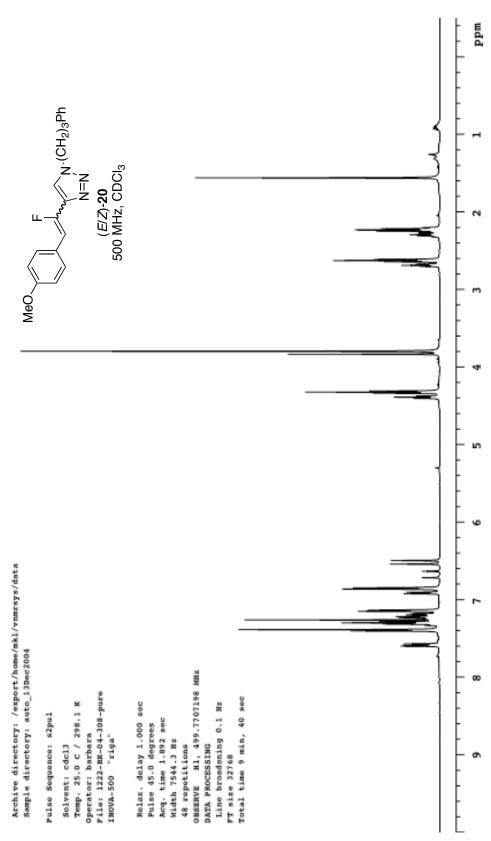








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1222-RK-04-314-pure

Archive directory: /export/home/barbara/vnmrsys/data Sample directory:

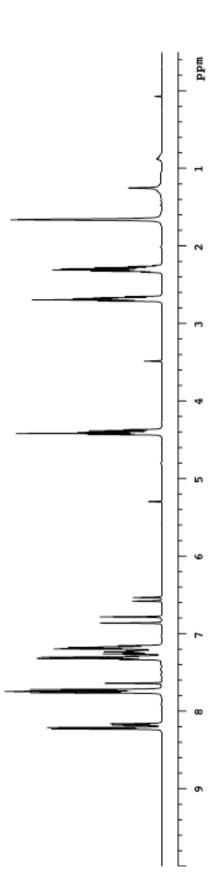
O₂N

Pulse Sequence: s2pul Solvent: cdcl3

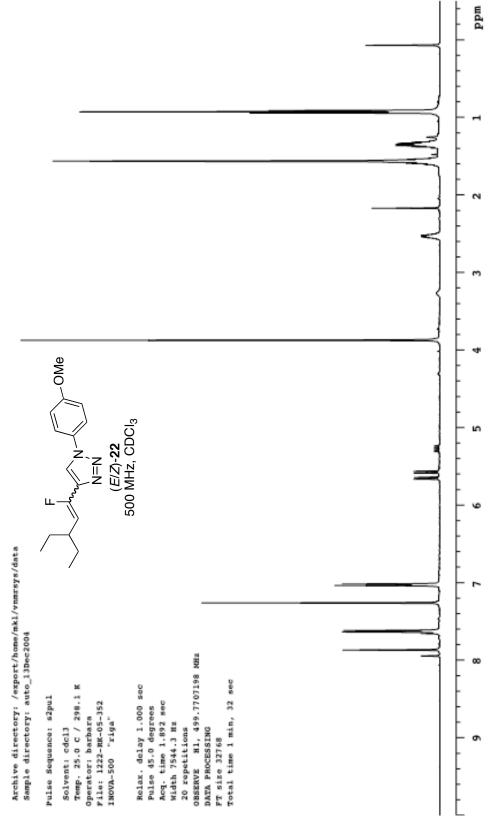
N=N N-(CH₂)3Ph

(*E/Z*)-**21** 500 MHz, CDCl₃

Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 290.1 K Operator: barbara File: 1222-RK-04-314-pure INOVA-500 "riga" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.092 sec Width 7544.3 Mz 64 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 499.7707189 MHz DATA PROCESSING Line brockening 0.1 Hz T size 32768 Total time 9 min, 40 sec



1222-RK-05-352



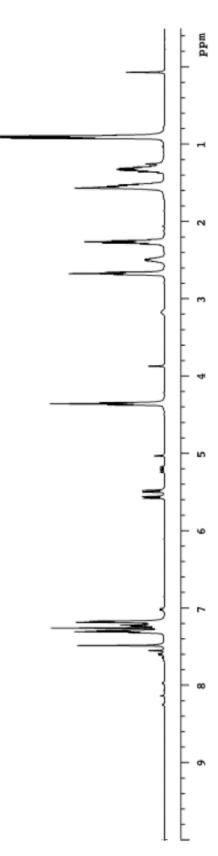
Archive directory: /export/home/mkl/vnarsys/data Sample directory: auto_13Dec2004 File: 1222-mk-05-336

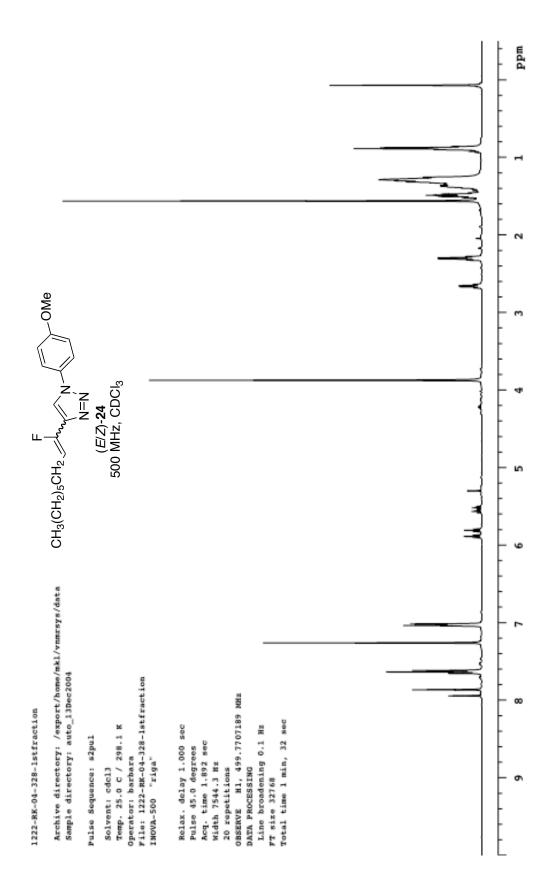
Pulse Sequence: s2pul Solvent: cdcl3

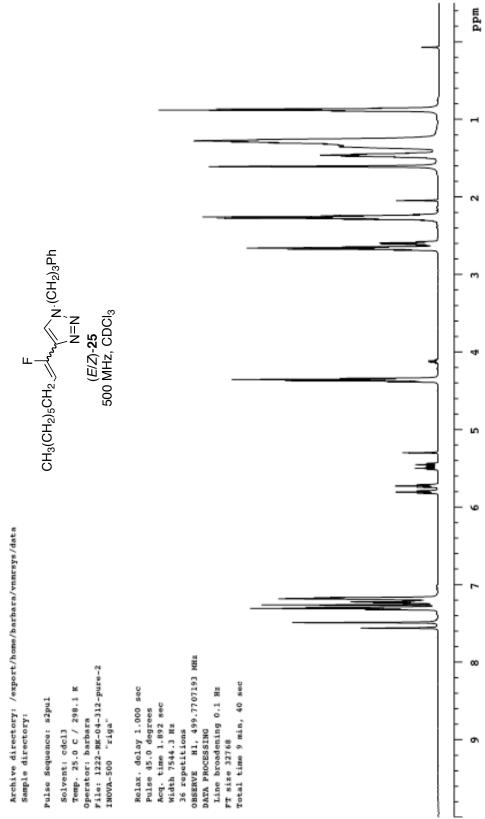
500 MHz, CDCl₃Ph

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aolywan: cacla Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: barbara File: 1222-NK-05-336 INOVA-500 "capella500" Relax. delar 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.892 sec Width 7544.3 Hz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 499.7707226 NHz OATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.1 Nr FT size 32768 Total time 9 min, 40 sec







1222-RK-04-312-pure-2

1222-RK-05-392-pure

Archive directory: /export/home/mkl/vnmrsys/data Sample directory: auto_13Dec2004

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26 500 MHz, CDCl₃

Pulse Sequence: s2pul Solvent: cdcl3 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K Operator: barbara File: 1222-RK-05-392-pure INOVA-500 "riga" Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 45.0 degrees Acq. time 1.892 sec Width 10000.0 Mz 16 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 499.7707212 NHz DATA PROCESSING Line broadening 0.1 Hz T size 05336 Total time 1 min, 32 sec

