Supporting Information

A Practical Two-Step Synthesis of Imidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridines from *N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-2-amines

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X-Ray analysis for compound 3a

3a

X-ray molecular structure of (E)-3-(chloromethylene)-1-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridine-6,8-dicarbonitrile (**3a**) showing the atomic numbering scheme. Ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level for non-H atoms, and the H atoms are denote.

Synthesis

Experimental Part

General Methods. Reactions were monitored by TLC using precoated silica gel aluminium plates containing a fluorescent indicator (Merck, 5539). Detection was done by UV (254 nm) followed by charring with sulfuric-acetic acid spray, 1% aqueous potassium permanganate solution or 0.5% phosphomolybdic acid in 95% EtOH. Anhydrous Na₂SO₄ was used to dry organic solutions during work-ups and the removal of solvents was carried out under *vacuum* with a rotary evaporator. Flash column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 (230-400 mesh, Merck). Melting points were determined on a Kofler block and are uncorrected. IR spectra were obtained on a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum One spectrophotometer. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded with a Varian VXR-200S spectrometer, using tetramethylsilane as internal standard and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker WP-200-SY. All the assignments for protons and carbons were in agreement with 2D COSY, HSQC, HMBC, and 1D NOESY spectra. Elemental analyses were conducted on a Carlo Erba EA 1108 apparatus.

General procedure for the synthesis of 6-*N*-substituted 2-amino-3.5dicvanopyridines The corresponding 6-amino-2-chloropyridine-3,5-(2a-c). dicarbonitrile (1a or 1b) was suspended in a mixture of THF/EtOH (2:1, v:v). The corresponding amine, followed by triethylamine, were then added. The mixture was then heated under reflux. After cooling, the solvent was removed in vacuum and the resulting crude submitted to flash column chromatography, to give compounds 2a-c.

General procedure for Sandmeyer reaction conditions (except for compound 3i). Isoamilnitrite (1.5 equiv) was added to a solution of $CuCl_2$ (1.5 equiv) in dry acetonitrile. The mixture was heated at 65 °C. To this solution the corresponding 6-(prop-2-yn-1-ylamino)pyridine (1.0 equiv) in dry CH₃CN was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was heated at 65 °C during the time indicated for each compound. The solution was cooled, acidified (HCl, 2N) to pH 2. The precipitate was collected, washed with water, dried and purified by flash chromatography to give pure compounds.

General procedure for transition metal promoted heterocyclization reaction. To a solution of the corresponding 6-(prop-2-yn-1-ylamino)pyridine (1.0 equiv) in dry acetonitrile was added a catalytic amount of the transition metal complex. The reaction mixture was heated at 65 °C during the time indicated for each compound. When the reaction was complete (TLC analysis), the reaction mixture was diluted with water, extracted with EtOAc, dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered and the solvent

was evaporated. The resultant mixture was purified by flash chromatography to give pure compounds.

2-Amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile (2a).



Following the general procedure, reaction of 6-amino-2-chloropyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **1a**^{6a} (0.508 g, 2.85 mmol) with *N*-methylprop-2-yn-1-amine (0.285 mL, 3.42 mmol) and triethylamine (0.87 mL) in EtOH/THF (1/2, 15 mL), after 2 h, and column chromatography gave product **2a** (0.57 g, 95%) as a white solid: R*f*= 0.65 (CH₂C₂/EtOAc, 10/1, v/v): mp 169-171 °C; IR (KBr) v 3426, 3337, 3267, 3234, 2210, 1649, 1603, 1541, 1502, 1483, 1413, 1290 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (s, 1H, CH4), 5.40 (br s, 1H, NH₂), 4.43 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.43 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.27 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, C=CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMO-d₆) δ 158.8 (C6), 158.6 (C2), 149.8 (C4), 118.1, 115.9 (2xCN), 81.8, 81.4 (C3, C5), 78.3 (*C*=), 72.5 (*C*H=), 40.5 (CH₂), 37.9 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z* (%): 196 (24) [M-Me]⁺, 210 (100) [M-H]⁺, 211 (38) [M]⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₁H₉N₅: C, 62.55; H, 4.29; N, 33.16. Found: C, 62.49; H, 4.42; N, 32.97.



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(*E*)-3-(Chloromethylene)-1-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2*a*]pyridine-6,8-dicarbonitrile (3a).



Following the general procedure, reaction of 2-amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **2a** (140.8 mg, 0.67 mmol), CuCl₂ (114.0 mg, 0.79 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (0.14 mL, 1.01 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (8 mL), after 15 min reaction time, and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v), gave compound **3a** (116.9 mg, 62%) as a green solid, which was recrystallized from acetone: mp dec >250 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3152, 2852, 2227, 2212, 1674, 1607, 1577, 1479, 1417, 1361, 1302, 1276, 1258, 1209, 1096 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.32 (s, 1H, H-8) 7.54 (t, *J* = 3.6Hz, 1H, H-4); 4.65 (d, *J* = 3.6Hz, 2H, H-2); 3.36 (s, 3H, NCH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 157.6 (C-9a), 155.3 (C-6), 151.4 (C-8), 134.1 (C-3), 116.0 (CN C-9), 115.7 (CN C-7), 106.0 (C-4), 88.8 (C-7), 69.6 (C-9), 55.5 (C-2), 33.5 (NCH₃); MS (EI) *m/z*: 264 (M)⁺, 211(M-Cl)⁺, 163; MS (ESI): 285 (M+K)⁺, 247 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₁H₇N₄OCl: C, 53.56; H, 2.86; N, 22.71; Cl, 14.37. Found: C, 53.37; H, 3.04; N, 22.39; Cl, 14.00.

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(E)-3-(Bromomethylene)-1-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-

6,8-dicarbonitrile (3b).



Following the general procedure, reaction of 2-amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **2a** (75 mg, 0.36 mmol), CuBr₂ (95 mg, 0.43 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (72 μ L, 0.53 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 20 min. reaction time, and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v), gave compound **3b** (69 mg, 63%) as a solid: mp 230-2 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3436, 3153, 2224, 2211, 1672, 1607, 1575, 1476, 1300, 1272, 757 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.32 (s, 1H, CH=CCN), 7.59 (t, 1H, *J* = 3.5 Hz, CHBr), 4.55 (d, 2H, *J* = 3.5 Hz, CH₂), 3.36 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 157.7, 155.5 (C=O, C=CNN), 151.4 (CH=CCN), 135.0 (*C*=CHI), 116.0, 115.7 (2CN), 94.8 (C=CHCl), 88.9, 69.6 (2CCN), 57.3 (CH₂), 33.4 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z*: 292, 290 (M)⁺, 211, 168, 89; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 293.0, 291.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₁H₇BrN₄O: C, 45.39; H, 2.42; N, 19.25; Br, 27.45. Found: C, 45.18; H, 2.19; N, 19.06; Br, 27.12.





(*E*)-3-(Iodomethylene)-1-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridine-6,8-dicarbonitrile (3c).



Sandmeyer reaction conditions. Following the general procedure, reaction of 2amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **2a** (75 mg, 0.36 mmol), CuI (81 mg, 0.43 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (72 μ L, 0.53 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 45 min, and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v), gave compound **3c** (49 mg, 41%) as a solid.

NIS. To a solution of 2-amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-ynyl)amino)pyridine-3,5dicarbonitrile (**2a**) (50 mg, 0.24 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) was added *N*iodosuccinimide (64 mg, 0.28 mmol). The mixture was heated at 50°C for 1 hour and a half. The solvent was removed by evaporation, and the crude was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 7/3, v/v) to yield compound **3c** (54 mg, 68%) as a solid: mp decomp. 185 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3436, 3282, 2202, 1639, 1585, 1471, 1313, 1146 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 (t, 1H, *J* = 3.2 Hz, CHI), 7.28 (s, 1H, CH=CCN), 4.45 (d, 2H, *J* = 2.9 Hz, CH₂), 3.49 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.6, 153.6 (C=O, C=*C*NN), 144.3 (*C*H=CCN), 135.3 (*C*=CHI), 116.2, 115.2 (2CN), 92.2 (*C*CN), 69.9 (C=*C*HI), 65.4 (*C*CN), 61.3 (CH₂), 34.2 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z*: 337 (M)⁺, 210, 194; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 338.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₁H₇IN₄O: C, 39.08; H, 2.09; N, 16.57. Found: C, 39.31; H, 2.35; N, 16.73. Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications This journal is The Royal Society of Chemistry 2011



2-Amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)-4-phenylpyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile

(**2b**).



Following the general procedure, reaction of 6-amino-2-chloro-4-phynelpyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **1b**^{6b} (0.77 g, 3.03 mmol) with *N*-methylprop-2-yn-1-amine (0.3 mL, 3.63 mmol) and triethylamine (1.4 mL, 9.09 mmol) in EtOH/THF (1/2, 30 mL), after 1 h, and column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/hexane, 70:30) gave product **2b** (0.83 g, 95 %) as a white solid: R*f*= 0.38 (CH₂C₂, 100%); mp 143-5 °C; IR (KBr) v 3487, 3360, 3267, 2209, 1630, 1586, 1559, 1532, 1511, 1411, 1397 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53-7.47 (m, 5H, CH-ar), 5.48 (br s, 2H, NH₂), 4.44 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.44 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.29 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H, C≡CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMO-d₆) δ 162.5 (C4), 160.2 (C6), 158.9 (C2), 134.5 (C1²), 130.4 (C4²), 128.7 (2 x CH, Ph), 128.4 (2 x CH, Ph), 117.4, 116.0 (2xCN), 82.7, 82.6 (C3, C5), 78.5 (*C*≡), 72.3 (*C*H≡), 40.8 (CH₂), 38.6 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z* (%): 261 (44) [M-CN]⁺, 272 (11) [M-Me]⁺, 286 (100) [M-H]⁺, 287 (37) [M]⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₃N₅: C, 71.06; H, 4.56; N, 24.37. Found: C, 70.95; H, 4.37; N, 25.23.





(*E*)-3-(Chloromethylene)-1-methyl-5-oxo-7-phenyl-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2*a*]pyridine-6,8-dicarbonitrile (3d).



Following the general procedure, reaction of 2-amino-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1yl)amino)-4-phenylpyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **2b** (0.287 g, 1 mmol), CuCl₂ (0.16 g, 1.2 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (0.2 mL, 1.5 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (15 mL), after 15 min, and column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 40/1, v/v), gave compound **3d** (0.216 g, 67 %) as a solid: mp 277-280 °C; IR (KBr) v 3132, 2213, 1674, 1663, 1606, 1539, 1465, 1275 cm⁻¹; 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.59 (t, H, *J* = 3.5 Hz, CH), 7.55-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.45-7-50 (m, 2H), 4.72 (d, 2H, *J* = 3.5 Hz, CH₂), 3.41 (s, 3H, N-CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 163.19 (C), 157.75 (C), 155.34 (C), 134.60 (C), 134.19 (C), 131.06 (C4'), 129.24 (2 x CH), 128.38 (2 x CHar), 116.01 (C), 115.91 (C), 106.55 (CH), 90.39 (C), 72.02 (C), 56.27 (CH₂), 34.48 (N-CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z* (%): 287 (100) [M-Cl]⁺, 322 (26) [M]⁺.Anal. Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₁ClN₄O (322.06): C, 63.26; H, 3.44; Cl, 10.98; N, 17.36. Found: 63.41; H, 3.65; Cl, 11.13; N, 17.89.



2-Amino-6-(prop-2-ynylamino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile (2c).



Following the general procedure, reaction of 6-amino-2-chloropyridine-3,5dicarbonitrile **1a**^{6a} (0.4 g, 2.25 mmol) with prop-2-yn-1-amine (0.17 mL, 2.70 mmol) and triethylamine (0.68 mL, 4.49 mmol) in EtOH/THF (1/2, 15 mL), after 3 h, and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 7/3, v/v) gave product **2c** (402 mg, 91%) as a solid: mp 215-8 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3449, 3340, 2212, 1632, 1605, 1567, 1512, 1484 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.06 (s, 1H, Ar), 7.84 (t, 1H, *J* = 5.6 Hz, NH), 7.42 (s, 2H, NH₂), 4.10-4.07 (m, 2H, CH₂N), 3.05 (t, 1H, *J* = 2.3, C=CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 160.6, 158.3, 148.2 (3Ar), 116.7, 116.5 (2CN), 81.5, 79.6, 78.7 (2Ar, *C*=CH), 72.7 (C=CH), 29.8 (CH₂N); MS (EI) *m/z*: 197 (M)⁺, 196, 170, 169, 143, 89, 43, 31; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 198.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₀H₇N₅: C, 60.91; H, 3.58; N, 35.51. Found: C, 60.79; H, 3.80; N, 35.26.



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(*E*)-3-(Chloromethylene)-5-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridine-6,8-dicarbonitrile (3e).



Following procedure, reaction of 2-amino-6-(prop-2the general ynylamino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile 2c (100 mg, 0.51 mmol), CuCl₂ (82 mg, 0.61 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (0.1 mL, 0.76 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 30 min, and column chromatography (Hexane/AcOEt, 1/1, v/v), gave compound 3e (65 mg, 55%) as a solid: mp >320 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3202, 3136, 2232, 2219, 1665, 1644, 1615, 1575, 1467, 1275, 1267 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.61 (s, 1H, NH), 8.27 (s, 1H, CH=CCN), 7.50 (t, 1H, J = 3.4 Hz, CHCl), 4.58 (d, 2H, J= 3.9 Hz, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 158.2, 157.7 (C=O, C=CNN), 150.2 (CH=CCN), 136.2 (C=CHCl), 116.0, 114.9 (2CN), 105.9 (C=CHCl), 88.3, 70.0 (2CCN), 48.3 (CH₂); MS (EI) m/z: 232 (M)⁺, 197, 169, 142, 89, 66; MS (ESI) m/z: 255.0 $(M+Na)^+$. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₀H₅ClN₄O: C, 51.63; H, 2.17; N, 24.08; Cl, 15.24. Found: C, 51.44; H, 2.43; N, 23.81; Cl, 15.31.



2-Ethoxy-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)-4-phenylpyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile

(2d)



Following the general procedure, the reaction of 2-chloro-6-ethoxy-4phenylpyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile $1c^{6c}$ (142 g, 0.5 mmol) with *N*-methylprop-2-yn-1amine (63 µL, 0.75 mmol) and triethylamine (0.11 mL) in EtOH/THF (1/2, 10 mL), after 1 h, gave product 2d (147 mg, 93 %) as white solid; mp 107-109 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3283, 2984, 2220, 2210, 1583, 1567, 1544 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.51 (m, 5H, Ph), 4.53 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H, OC*H*₂CH₃), 4.45 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 3.51 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.29 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, C=CH), 1.47 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H, OCH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 164.0 (C2), 163.7 (C4), 159.7 (C6), 134.0 (C1'), 130.5 (C4'), 128.7 (2CH, Ph), 128.6 (2CH, Ph), 116.8 (CN), 114.5 (CN), 86.7 (C-CN), 84.4 (C-CN), 78.1 (C3''), 72.4 (C2''), 64.1 (OCH₂), 41.3 (CH₂), 39.0 (NCH₃), 14.2 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z*: 262 [M-C₄H₆, 57]⁺, 273 [M-OC₂H₅, 57]⁺, 273 [M-Et, 100]⁺, 315 [M-H, 91]⁺, 316 [M, 55]⁺; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 317 [M+H]⁺, 339 [M+Na]⁺, 655 [2M+Na]⁺; Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₆N₄O: C, 72.13; H, 5.10; N, 17.71. Found: C, 72.34; H, 5.15; N, 17.75.





(*E*)-3-(Chloromethylene)-1-methyl-5-oxo-7-phenyl-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2*a*]pyridine-6,8-dicarbonitrile (3d)



Following the general procedure, reaction of 2-ethoxy-6-(methyl(prop-2-yn-1-yl)amino)-4-phenylpyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **2d** (108 mg, 0.34 mmol), CuCl₂ (60 mg, 0.51 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (0.10 mL, 0.51 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 18 h, and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v), gave compound **3d** (83 mg, 76 %) as white solid.

1-Methyl-3-methylene-5-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6,8-

dicarbonitrile (3f)



Following the general procedure, reaction of 2-amino-6-(methyl(prop-2ynyl)amino)pyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile **2a** (50 mg, 0.24 mmol) and CuCl (6 mg, 0.06 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 30 min. reaction time, and column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v), gave compound **3f** (40 mg, 80%) as a solid: mp 183-5 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3437, 3291, 2201, 1663, 1635, 1583, 1476, 1407, 1307, 1122 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25 (s, 1H, CH=CCN), 6.83 (t, 1H, *J* = 3.0 Hz, C=CH₂), 5.04 (t, 1H, *J* = 2.7 Hz, C=CH₂), 4.49 (d, 2H, *J* = 3.0 Hz, CH₂N), 3.43 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.5, 154.0 (C=O, C=CNN), 144.5 (CH=CCN), 135.3 (*C*=CH₂), 116.7, 115.5 (2CN), 100.9 (C=CH₂), 92.4, 65.1 (2CCN), 56.0 (CH₂), 34.2 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z*: 212 (M)⁺, 211, 210, 196, 169; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 213.1 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₁H₈N₄O: C, 62.26; H, 3.80; N, 26.40. Found: C, 62.08; H, 4.01; N, 26.52.





6-Fluoro-N-(prop-2-ynyl)pyridin-2-amine (2f).



In a 20 mL glass tube equipped with septa, 2,6-difluoropyridine (0.40 mL, 4.41 mmol), pyridine (1.10 mL,13.22 mmol) and prop-2-yn-1-amine (0.56 mL, 8.81 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred for 30 seg, and then exposed to MW irradiation (250 W) at 125 °C during 15 h. When the reaction was complete (TLC analysis), the reaction mixture was diluted in MeOH and evaporated. The resultant solid was purified by flash chromatography (Hexane/AcOEt, 9/1, v/v) to yield compound **2f** (605 mg, 92%) as a solid: mp 93-5 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3293, 3265, 3089, 1622, 1609, 1584, 1542, 1458, 1437, 1335, 1226, 1129, 778, 664, 642 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (q, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz, H-4), 6.30 (dd, 1H, $J_I = 8.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.3$ Hz, H-3), 6.22 (dd, 1H, $J_I = 8.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.0$ Hz, H-5), 4.79 (s, 1H, NH), 4.10 (d, 2H, J = 2.5 Hz, CH₂N), 2.23 (t, 1H, J = 2.5, C \equiv CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.2 (d, J = 237.3 Hz, C-6), 156.9 (C-2), 141.8 (C-4), 103.4 (C-3), 96.8 (d, J = 35.9 Hz, C-5), 80.2 ($C \equiv$ CH), 71.3 ($C \equiv$ CH), 31.7 (CH₂N); MS (EI) m/z: 150 (M)⁺, 149, 110, 97, 81, 43, 31; MS (ESI) m/z: 151.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₈H₇FN₂: C, 63.99; H, 4.70; N, 18.66. Found: C, 64.18; H, 4.99; N, 18.39.



6-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-(prop-2-ynyl)pyridin-2-amine (2g).



To a solution of 2,6-difluoropyridine (0.25 mL, 2.75 mmol) in EtOH (4 mL) was added *N*-methylprop-2-yn-1-amine (0.90 mL,11.02 mmol). The mixture was heated at 90 °C for 16 h. The solvent was removed by evaporation, and the crude was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 95/5, v/v) to yield compound **2g** (430 mg, 96%) as an oil: IR (KBr) v_{max} 3299, 2928, 1615, 1567, 1498, 1427, 1202, 1025, 775 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (q, 1H, *J* = 7.8 Hz, H-4), 6.37 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 7.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.6 Hz, H-3), 6.18 (dd, 1H, *J*₁ = 7.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.9 Hz, H-5), 4.32 (d, 2H, *J* = 2.4 Hz, CH₂N), 3.07 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.18 (t, 1H, *J* = 2.5, C≡CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7 (d, *J* = 235.7 Hz, C-6), 157.4 (C-2), 141.8 (C-4), 102.5 (C-3), 95.9 (d, *J* = 38.1 Hz, C-5), 79.3 (*C*≡CH), 71.4 (C≡CH), 39.0 (CH₂N), 35.7 (CH₃); MS (EI) *m/z*: 164 (M)⁺, 163, 149, 125, 96, 84; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 165.0 (M+H)⁺. Exact. Mass Calcd for C₉H₁₀FN₂ (M+H)⁺: 165.0828. Found *m/z* 165.0829.





1,3-Dimethylimidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridin-5(1*H*)-one (3g).



In a 20 mL glass tube equipped with septa, 6-fluoro-N-methyl-N-(prop-2ynyl)pyridin-2-amine 2g (60 mg, 0.37 mmol) was solved in 1 mL of 1,4-dioxane and treated with a mixture of concentrated hydrochloric acid (0.25 mL) and water (1.75 mL). The mixture was stirred for 30 seg, and then exposed to MW irradiation (250 W) at 140 °C during 5 min. When the reaction was over (TLC analysis), the reaction mixture was diluted with aq. saturated solution of NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 mL) and CH₂Cl₂/iPrOH (3:1) (2 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered and the solvent was evaporated. The resultant mixture was purified by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH, 95/5, v/v) to yield compound **3g** (30 mg, 51%) as a solid: mp 115-7 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3400, 3110, 2926, 1656, 1609, 1530, 1557, 1152, 763 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30-7.27 (m, 1H, COCHCH), 6.49 (s, 1H, CHN), 5.83-5.79 (m, 2H, COCH, CHCNN), 3.50 (s, 3H, CH₃N), 2.78 (s, 3H, CH₃C); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.6 (CO), 143.9 (CNN), 137.0 (COCHCH), 122.8 (CH₃C), 117.5 (CHN), 100.3 (COCH), 82.9 (CHCNN), 32.5 (CH₃N), 12.9 (CH₃C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 162 (M)⁺, 147, 134, 133, 119; MS (ESI) m/z: 163.0 (M+H)⁺. Exact mass. Calcd for C₉H₁₁N₂O (M+H)⁺: 163.0866. Found *m/z* 163.0869.



2-(Prop-2-ynylamino)nicotinonitrile (2h).



In a 20 mL glass tube equipped with septa, 2-chloronicotinonitrile (300 mg, 2.16 mmol) and prop-2-yn-1-amine (0.42 mL, 6.54 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred for 30 seg, and then exposed to MW irradiation (250 W) at 100 °C for 16 h. When the reaction was complete (TLC analysis), the reaction mixture was diluted in MeOH and evaporated. The resultant solid was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 8/2, v/v) to yield compound **2h** (205 mg, 60%) as a solid: mp 104-6 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3350, 3185, 2225, 2108, 1594, 1579, 1514, 1413, 1257 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (dd, 1H, J_I = 5.2 Hz, J_2 = 1.8 Hz, H-6), 7.69 (dd, 1H, J_I = 7.6 Hz, J_2 = 1.8 Hz, H-4), 6.68 (dd, 1H, J_I = 7.6 Hz, J_2 = 5.2 Hz, H-5), 5.35 (s, 1H, NH), 4.31 (dd, 2H, J_I = 5.5 Hz, J_2 = 2.6 Hz, CH₂N), 2.26 (t, 1H, J= 2.6 Hz, C=CH); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4 (C=2), 152.6 (C-6), 141.3 (C-4), 116.3 (CN), 112.9 (C-5), 92.2 (C-3), 80.0 (*C*=CH), 71.4 (C=*C*H), 31.0 (CH₂N); MS (EI) *m/z*: 157 (M)⁺, 156, 130, 97, 83, 77, 69, 57; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 158.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₉H₇N₃: C, 68.78; H, 4.49; N, 26.74. Found: C, 69.01; H, 4.33; N, 26.62.





(E)-3-(Chloromethylene)-2,3-dihydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-8-carbonitrile (3h).



Isoamilnitrite (0.13 mL, 0.95 mmol) was added to a solution of CuCl₂ (100 mg, 0.76 mmol) in dry acetonitrile (3 mL). The mixture was heated at 65°C. To these solution was added 2-(prop-2-ynylamino)nicotinonitrile 2h (100 mg, 0.64 mmol) in dry CH₃CN (2 mL) dropwise. The reaction mixture was heated at 65 °C for 30 min. The solution was cooled, acidified (HCl, 2N) to pH 2. The mixture was diluted with aq. saturated solution of NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered and the solvent was evaporated. The resultant mixture was purified by flash chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH, 95/5, v/v) to yield compound **3h** (94 mg, 77%) as a solid: mp 190-3 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 3335, 2923, 2236, 2108, 1646, 1562, 1530, 1351, 1296, 787 m⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 8.06 (d, 1H, J = 6.9 Hz, CHCCN), 7.81 (d, 1H, J = 6.9Hz, CHN), 6.85 (t, 1H, J = 3.9 Hz, CHCl), 6.11 (t, 1H, J = 6.9 Hz, CHCHCCN), 4.54 (d, 2H, J = 3.9 Hz, CH₂N); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 153.5 (CNN), 147.0 (CHN), 141.8 (CCHCl), 134.5 (CHCCN), 115.1 (CN), 104.7 (CHCHCCN), 98.7 (CHCl), 98.4 (CCN), 56.9 (CH₂N); MS (EI) *m/z*: 191 (M)⁺, 156, 129, 103, 76, 41; MS (ESI) m/z: 192.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₉H₆ClN₃: C, 56.41; H, 3.16; N, 21.93. Found: C, 55.85; H, 3.43; N, 21.62.

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3-Methylene-2,3-dihydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-8-carbonitrile (3i).



Following the general procedure. reaction of 2-(prop-2vnylamino)nicotinonitrile 2h (80 mg, 0.51 mmol) and CuCl (12.6 mg, 0.13 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 4 h and 30 min. reaction time, and column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH, 95/5, v/v), gave compound **3i** (30 mg, 38%) as a solid: mp 130-3 °C; IR (KBr) v_{max} 2231, 1653, 1640, 1577, 1531, 1453, 1317, 1250, 836, 737 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ [7.33-7.28 (m, 2H), 5.80 (t, 1H, J = 7.0Hz)] (CHN, CHCHN, CHCCN), 4.83-4.80 (m, 1H, C=CH₂), 4.70-4.68 (m, 1H, C=CH₂), 4.63-4.61 (m, 2H, NCH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.3 (CNN), 146.1 (quaternary C), 145.0 (CH), 132.1 (CH), 114.8 (CN), 103.1 (CH), 101.2 (quaternary C), 87.5 (C=CH₂), 58.8 (CH₂N); MS (EI) *m/z*: 157 (M)⁺, 156, 130, 104, 103, 76; MS (ESI) m/z: 158.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₉H₇N₃: C, 68.78; H, 4.49; N, 26.74. Found: C, 68.59; H, 4.75; N, 26.52.





tert-Butyl prop-2-yn-1-yl(pyridin-2-yl)carbamate (2i)



To a solution of tert-butyl pyridin-2-ylcarbamate^{11c} (97 mg, 0.5 mmol) in dry DMF (2 mL), cooled to 0 °C in an ice/water bath, sodium hydride (24 mg, 60% suspension in oil, 0.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was added. The suspension was stirred vigorously for 20 min, maintaining the temperature below 5 °C; then, propargylbromid (80% solution in toluene, 67 µL, 0.6 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring for 30 min, the reaction mixture was brought to rt over a 1 h, water (5 mL) was added, and acidified (HCl, 10%) to pH 6. The mixture was diluted with aq. saturated solution of NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered and the solvent was evaporated. The resultant mixture was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 9/1, v/v) to yield compound 2i (110 mg, 95%) as oil. IR (KBr) v_{max} 3219, 2229, 1607, 1598, 1479, 1245, 1108, 765 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.41 (dd, J = 5.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H, Ar), 7.75-7.56 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.12-6.94 (m, 1H, Ar), 4.75 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 2.15 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H, C=CH), 1.54 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.5 (CO), 153.4 (C2), 147.6 (C6), 136.9 (C3), 119.5 (C5), 119.1 (C4), 81.9 (C(CH₃)₃), 80.7 (CCH), 70.1 (CH), 36.2 (CH₂), 28.2 (3CH₃).; MS (EI) *m/z*: 232 (M)⁺, 176 [M-tertButil]⁺, 159 [M-OC(CH₃)₃], 131 [M-Boc], MS (ESI) *m/z*: 233.0 (M+H)⁺. Anal. Calcd. For C₁₃H₁₆N₂O₂: C, 67.22; H, 6.94; N, 12.06. Found: C, 67.03; H, 6.68; N, 12.33.



N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-2-amine (2j)^{11c}



tert-Butyl prop-2-yn-1-yl(pyridin-2-yl)carbamate (**2i**) (870 mg, 3.75 mmol) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) and cooled to 0 °C in an ice/water bath. Then, TFA (99%, 4 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. After complete reaction, the mixture was neutralized with 3 M NaOH to pH 12, and then, diluted with Et₂O (10 mL). The organic layer was separated and extracted with water and brine and then dried and concentrated. The product was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 8/2, v/v) to yield compound **2j**^{11c} (490 mg, 99%) as yellow oil.



Sandmeyer reaction of tert-butyl prop-2-yn-1-yl(pyridin-2-yl)carbamate (2i).

Following the general procedure, reaction of *tert*-butyl prop-2-yn-1-yl(pyridin-2-yl)carbamate **2j** (100 mg, 0.43 mmol), CuCl₂ (86 mg, 0.65 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (65 μ L, 0.47 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (5 mL), after 5 min, and column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 8/2, v/v), gave compound **3i**^{16a} (18 mg, 26%) and **3j**^{16b} (8 mg, 12%). Imidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridine-3-carbaldehyde (**3j**): White solid, mp 117-119 °C, IR (KBr) v_{max} 3097, 2814, 1664, 1491, 1309 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.90 (s, 1H), 9.46 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59–7.45 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.8 (CHO), 149.6 (C8a), 146.7 (C2), 130.0 (C7), 128.5 (C5), 125.2 (C3), 117.7 (C8), 115.3 (C6); MS (EI) *m/z*: 146 [M, 66]⁺, 117 [M-CHO, 12]⁺; MS (ESI) *m/z*: 147 [M+H]⁺. Anal. Calcd. for C₈H₆N₂O: C, 65.75 H, 4.14; N, 19.17. Found C₈H₆N₂O.3/4H₂O: C,60.21; H,5.10; N,17.00.



Imidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridine-3-carbonitrile (**3k**): White solid, mp 148-150 °C, IR (KBr) v_{max} 3034, 2217, 1635, 1484, 1256, 1171 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.35 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.76 (dt, *J* = 9.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 6.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.4 (C8a), 142.7 (C2), 128.5 (C7), 125.8 (C3), 118.9 (C8), 115.2 (C6), 111.3 (CN), 98.4 (C-CN); MS (EI) *m/z*: 143

[M, 87]+, 117 [M-CN, 10]+; MS (ESI) m/z: 144 [M+H]+. Anal. Calcd. for C₈H₆N₂O: C, 65.75 H, 4.14; N, 19.17. Found: C,67.31; H,3.58; N,29.31.



Sandmeyer reaction of *N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-2-amine (2j).

Following the general procedure, reaction of *N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-2-amine **2j** (490 mg, 3.7 mmol), CuCl₂ (81 mg, 4.45 mmol) and isoamyl nitrite (0.75 mL, 5.57 mmol) in anhydrous acetonitrile (10 mL), after 30 min, and column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 8/2, v/v), gave compound **3j** (130 mg, 24%) and **3k** (50 mg, 10%).

Imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carbaldehyde (3j).



Following the general procedure, reaction of *N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-2-amine **2j** (132 mg, 1 mmol), CuCl₂ (33 mg, 0.25 mmol, 0.25 equiv.) in anhydrous acetonitrile (2 mL), the reaction mixture was heated at 65 °C during 2 h. Column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v), gave only compound **3j** (12 mg, 8%).

Imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carbaldehyde (3j).



To a solution of *N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-2-amine 2j (132 mg, 1 mmol), in dry CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL) was added NIS (270 mg, 1.2 mmol). The mixture was heated overnight at 50 °C. The solvent was removed by evaporation, and the crude was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc, 1/1, v/v) to yield compound **3i** (15 mg, 10%).

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