## **Supplementary Information**

## Activation of Olefins with Low-valent Gallium Compounds under Ambient Conditions

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**General Procedures.** All manipulations were carried out under anaerobic and anhydrous conditions. All reagents were trap-to-trap vacuum distilled and dried over 4 Å molecular sieves prior to use. Ar'GaGaAr' was prepared according to literature procedures.<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C NMR were recorded on a Varian spectrometers and referenced to known standards. Elemental analysis was performed by Galbraith Laboratories (Knoxville, TN) with a ThermoFinnigan Flash EA<sup>TM</sup> 1112 analyzer.

Ar'Ga(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>GaAr' (1) Ethylene gas was bubbled at ca. 25 °C through a solution of Ar'GaGaAr' (0.30 g, 0.32 mol) in dry toluene (30 mL) . A rapid colour change from dark green to colourless was observed (within 1 min). The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure to ca. 10 mL then stored at a -18 °C to afford X-ray quality crystals of 1. Yield: 0.12 g, 38 %; m.p. 281 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 298 K): δ 0.28 (s, Ga(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Ga, 8H), 1.05 (d, *o*-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz, 24H), 1.18 (d, *o*-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz, 24H), 1.18 (d, *o*-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz, 24H), 2.98 (sept, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz, 8H), 7.16 (d, *m*-Dipp (Dipp = 2,6-<sup>i</sup>Pr<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>), <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 8.4 Hz, 8H), 7.21-7.27 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 6H), 7.33 (t, *p*-Dipp, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 7.8 Hz, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 150.8 MHz, 298 K): δ 22.6, 25.8, 26.3, 30.6, 123.2, 127.3, 128.6, 141.8, 145.145.7, 147.1, 156.7. Anal. calcd for C<sub>64</sub>H<sub>82</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>: C, 77.58; H, 8.34 %. Found: C, 77.67; H, 8.36 %.



Ar'Ga{(CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>GaAr' (2) A solution of Ar'GaGaAr' (0.19 g, 0.20 mol) in dry degassed toluene (10 mL) was exposed to propene gas (~50 mL) at ca. 25 °C. An immediate colour change from dark green to bright yellow was observed. The solution was stirred for 1 h and concentrated under reduced pressure to ca. 2 mL then stored at -18 °C to afford colourless crystals of **2**. Yield: 0.11 g, 55%; m.p. 239 - 241 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 298 K) Major conformer: 0.41 (d, CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 5.4$  Hz, 6H), 0.54 (dd, CHH'CH(CH<sub>3</sub>),  ${}^{2}J_{HH} = 14.4$  Hz,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 9.0$ , 2H), 0.74 (dd, CHH'CH(CH<sub>3</sub>),  ${}^{2}J_{HH}$ = 14.4 Hz,  ${}^{3}J_{HH}$  = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 0.98 (d, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH}$  = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (d,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ ,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.8$  Hz, 3H), 1.13 (m,  $CH_2CH(CH_3)$ , 2H), 1.22 (d,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ ,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.8$  Hz, 3H), 1.13 (m,  $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$ , 2H), 1.22 (d,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ , 2H) 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (d, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.8$  Hz, 3H), 2.95 (sept, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.8$  Hz, 4H), 3.14 (sept, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.8$  Hz, 4H), 7.10 (d, p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 7.8$  Hz, 2H), 7.12 -7.22 (m,  $m^{-i}Pr_2-C_6H_3$ ,  $m^{-i}Pr_2-C_6H_3$ , 12H), 7.82 (t,  $p^{-i}Pr_2-C_6H_3$ ,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 7.8$  Hz, 4H). The minor conformer is present in a much smaller proportion and several peaks were obscured due to overlap with the major conformer and could not be explicitly assigned, a scan of the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum is given for reference purposes. <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 150.8 MHz, 298 K): 2<sub>ax</sub>: 22.0, 22.3, 23.1, 25.9, 26.3, 26.4, 27.8, 30.5, 30.6, 123.0, 123.6, 128.9, 141.9, 145.5, 146.7, 147.6, 156.0. 2eg: 22.3, 22.7, 22.9, 25.4, 26.1, 26.3, 26.5, 30.5 (this peak is a shoulder under the corresponding signal for  $2_{ax}$ ), 30.6, 123.2, 123.3, 126.6, 142.0, 145.8, 147.0, 147.3, 155.7. Anal. calcd for C<sub>66</sub>H<sub>86</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>: C, 77.81; H, 8.51 %. Found: C, 78.01; H, 8.49 %.

Ar'Ga{CH<sub>2</sub>CH(C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>)}<sub>2</sub>GaAr' (3) To a solution of Ar'GaGaAr' (0.22 g, 0.24 mol) in dry degassed toluene (10 mL) was added freshly distilled 1-hexene (150  $\mu$ L, 1.20 mmol, 5 eq,). A gradual colour change from dark green to pale yellow was observed over 12 h

while stirring at ca. 25 °C. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with pentane and the pale yellow powder was dried *in vacuo* to afford pure **3**. Yield: 0.038 g, 20 %; m.p. 184 – 187 °C; Due to the mixture of isomers and numerous overlapping multiplets a tentative assignment is given based on the similarity to the spectrum of **2**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>7</sub>D<sub>8</sub>, 298 K) 0.34 (dd,  $\{CHH'CH(C_4H_9)\}_2, {}^2J_{HH} = 14.8 \text{ Hz}, {}^3J_{HH} = 4.4 \text{ Hz}, 2H$ ), 0.62 – 0.70 (m,  $\{CHH'CH(C_4H_9)\}_2, 2H$ ), 0.71 (dd,  $\{CHH'CH(C_4H_9)\}_2, {}^2J_{HH} = 15.2 \text{ Hz}, {}^3J_{HH} = 4.4 \text{ Hz}, 4H$ ), 0.96 (d,  $CH(CH_3)_2, {}^3J_{HH} = 6.8 \text{ Hz}, 12H$ ), 0.98 – 1.02 (m,  $\{CHH'CH(C_4H_9)\}_2, {}^1J_{HH} = 6.8 \text{ Hz}, 12H$ ), 1.22 (d,  $CH(CH_3)_2, {}^3J_{HH} = 6.8 \text{ Hz}, 12H$ ), 2.92 (sept,  $CH(CH_3)_2, {}^3J_{HH} = 6.8 \text{ Hz}, 4H$ ), 3.11 (sept,  $CH(CH_3)_2, {}^3J_{HH} = 6.8 \text{ Hz}, 4H$ ), 6.77 – 6.87 (m, Ar, 2H), 6.89 – 7.00 (m, Ar, 12H), 7.05 – 7.09 (m, Ar, 4H). Anal. calcd for C<sub>72</sub>H<sub>98</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>: C, 78.40; H, 8.96 %. Found: C, 78.70; H, 8.99 %.

Ar'Ga{CH<sub>2</sub>CH(Ph)}<sub>2</sub>GaAr' (4) To a solution of Ar'GaGaAr' (0.22 g, 0.24 mol) in dry degassed hexane (10 mL) was added freshly distilled styrene (68 µL, 0.59 mol) at ca. 25 °C for 18 h. A colourless precipitate was obtained. The solution was decanted and the solid dried in vacuo. The solid was redissolved in toluene then stored at -18 °C to afford colourless crystals of **4**. Yield: 0.06 g, 22 %; m.p. 217 - 220 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ , 298 K) 0.43 (dd, Ga(CHPhCHH')<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^2J_{HH} = 15.6$ ,  ${}^3J_{HH} = 4.8$  Hz, 2H), 0.81 (d, o-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{\text{HH}} = 6.6$  Hz, 12H), 0.93 (dd, Ga(CHPhCHH')<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{2}J_{\text{HH}} = 15.6$ ,  ${}^{3}J_{\text{HH}} = 9.0$  Hz, 2H), 0.93 (d, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.6$  Hz, 12H), 0.98 (d, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.6$  Hz ,12H), 1.0 (d, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{\text{HH}} = 6.6 \text{ Hz}$ , 12H), 2.07 (dd, (GaCHPhCHH')<sub>2</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{\text{HH}} = 4.8$ , 9.0 Hz), 2.94 (sept,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ ,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.6$  Hz, 4H), 3.00 (sept,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ ,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 6.6$  Hz, 4H), 6.48 (d, o-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{\text{HH}} = 7.8$  Hz, 4H), 6.88 (t, p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{\text{HH}} = 7.8$  Hz, 2H), 6.95 (t, m-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>  ${}^{3}J_{\rm HH} = 7.8$  Hz, 4H), 7.05 - 7.12 (m,  $m \cdot {}^{i}Pr_{2} \cdot C_{6}H_{3}$ ,  $p \cdot C_{6}H_{5}$ , 10H), 7.13 - 7.18 (m,  $m \cdot C_{6}H_{5}$ , 4H), 7.25 (t,  $p^{-i}$ Pr<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>,  ${}^{3}J_{HH} = 7.8$  Hz, 4H).  ${}^{13}$ C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 150.8 MHz, 298 K): 23.4, 24.2, 25.6, 26.8, 26.9, 31.4, 37.8, 124.1, 124.2, 128.0, 128.8, 128.9, 129.0, 129.7, 142.2, 147.0, 148.2, 148.9, 154.8;  $\lambda_{max}$  ( $\epsilon$ ) 340 nm (821 Lmol<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>). Anal. calcd for C<sub>76</sub>H<sub>90</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>: C, 79.86; H, 7.94 %. Found: C, 79.91 ; H, 8.01 %.

Compound	1	$2_{ax}/2_{eq}$	4
Formula	C <sub>64</sub> H <sub>82</sub> Ga <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>66</sub> H <sub>86</sub> Ga <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>76</sub> H <sub>90</sub> Ga <sub>2</sub>
FW	990.74	1018.79	1142.92
Colour, habit	colourless, needle	colourless, block	colourless, block
Cryst. system	monoclinic	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /n	P2 <sub>1</sub> /n	P2 <sub>1</sub> /n
a (Å)	12.9322(10)	10.8470(13)	11.216(7)
<i>b</i> (Å)	10.4139(8)	19.606(2)	11.335(7)
<i>c</i> (Å)	39.129(3)	13.780(2)	24.561(15)
α (°)	90	90	90
β(°)	98.865(1)	97.028(1)	94.241(11)
γ (°)	90	90	90
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	5609.4(7)	2908.5(7)	3114(3)
Ζ	4	2	2
$d_{\rm calc} ({\rm g \ cm}^{-3})$	1.173	1.163	1.219
$\mu$ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.997	0.964	1.366
no. obsd. reflns.	7578	5900	4756
$R_1 [I > 2\sigma I]$	0.0618	0.0564	0.0430
w $R_2$ , all	0.1650	0.1419	0.1140

## Table 1 Summary of X-ray data collection and refinement for structures 1, 2 and 4.

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1. N. J. Hardman, R. J. Wright, A. D. Phillips and P. P. Power, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2003, **125**, 2667-2679.