# Catalytic Intermolecular Allyl–Allyl Cross-Couplings between Alcohols and Boronates

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#### 1 General Experimental

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded on a JEOL ECX-600 spectrometer operating at 600 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H NMR, 150 MHz for <sup>13</sup>C NMR, and 565 MHz for <sup>19</sup>F NMR. Chemical shifts were reported downfield from tetramethyl silane (TMS). Infra Red (IR) spectra were measured using a JASCO FT / IR-610 spectrometer. High Resolution Mass Spectra (HRMS) were recorded using a BRUKER DALTONICS BioTOF II (ESI), a JEOL JMS-T100TD (DART), or a KRATOS ANALYTICAL AXIMA-CFR<sup>+A</sup> (MALDITOF) spectrometer. Preparative thin-layer Chromatography (PTLC) was carried out using Wakogel B-5F from WAKO. Toluene and hexane were freshly distilled from sodium(0) / benzophenone; acetonitrile was distilled from calcium hydride. All solvents were then stored over activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in an argon box. The primary allyl alcohols 1a, <sup>1</sup> 1c, <sup>2</sup> and 1j<sup>3</sup> are literature-known and were prepared accordingly. The secondary allyl alcohols 5a, <sup>4</sup> 5b, <sup>5</sup> 5d, <sup>6</sup> 5e, <sup>7</sup> 5f, <sup>8</sup> 5g, <sup>9</sup> 5h, <sup>10</sup> 5i, <sup>11</sup> 5k, <sup>12</sup> 5l, <sup>13</sup> 5m, <sup>14</sup> and 5n <sup>15</sup> are literature-known and were prepared accordingly. Allyl boronates 2a <sup>16</sup> and 6 <sup>17</sup> were prepared by slightly modified procedures of reported methods. Tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)nickel(0) was purchased from ALDRICH and stored in an argon box at -30 °C.

### 2 General Procedure for Catalytic Intermolecular Allyl-Allyl Cross-Couplings

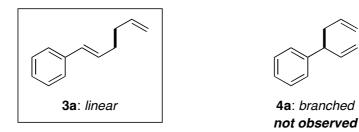
To a flame-dried 5 mL-microwave-type vial with magnetic stirring bar in an argon box were added tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)nickel(0) (0.01–0.02 mmol; 5–10 mol%), the indicated solvent (2 mL; 0.1 M with respect to allyl alcohol substrate; *cf. chapters 3.1 and 3.2*), and the corresponding primary or secondary allyl alcohol **1** *or* **5** (0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv). After drop-wise addition of the corresponding allyl boronate **2a** *or* **6** (0.24 mmol; 1.2 equiv) *outside of the argon box*, the reaction mixture in the septum-sealed vial was stirred at the indicated temperature until complete conversion of the starting allyl alcohol [thin-layer chromatography (TLC), silica gel]. The crude reaction mixture was sequentially diluted with diethyl ether (6 mL), stirred at open air for 15 min, and filtered through a pad of silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified by preparative thin-layer chromatography (PTLC; eluant: hexane / ethyl acetate) to afford the cross-coupled products **3a-n** and **4j** *or* **7** and **8**.

#### 3 Analytical Data for Unknown Compounds

#### 3.1 Linear 1,5-Dienes **3a-n** and Branched 1,5-Diene **4j**

Analytical data are provided for all unknown 1,5-dienes.

# 1-[(*E*)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]benzene (<u>3a</u>)<sup>3</sup>

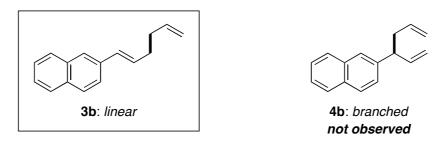


Prepared from the primary *or* secondary allyl alcohol **1a** *or* **5a** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol% *or* 5 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: toluene *or* acetonitrile; <u>temperature</u>: 25 °C; <u>time</u>: 12 h *or* 16 h. The obtained analytical data of **3a** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Colorless liquid.

**Yield**: 94% *or* 85% (ratio **3a**:**4a** = >99:1).

#### 2-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]naphthalene (3b)



Prepared from the primary allyl alcohol **1b** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); *catalyst loading:* 5 mol%; *solvent:* acetonitrile; *temperature:* 25 °C; *time:* 26 h.

Pale yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 75% (ratio **3b**:**4b** = >99:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz):  $\delta$  = 2.28–2.41 (m, 4H), 5.04–5.13 (m, 2H), 5.89–5.95 (m, 1H), 6.38 (dt, J = 6.8, 15.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41–7.47 (m, 2H); 7.59–7.60 (m, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H); 7.77–7.81 (m, 3H) ppm.

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz):  $\delta$  = 32.6, 33.6, 115.1, 123.6, 125.5, 126.2, 127.7, 127.9, 128.1, 130.4, 130.6, 132.8, 133.8, 135.3, 138.2 ppm.

**IR** (film): v = 3056, 2923, 1638, 1440, 963, 911, 858, 809, 744 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

**HRMS** (ESI): calculated for  $C_{16}H_{16}^+ = [M]^+$ : m/z = 208.1252; mass spectroscopic analyses (DART, ESI, MALDI) failed to give the desired molecular signal, resulting in fragmentation.

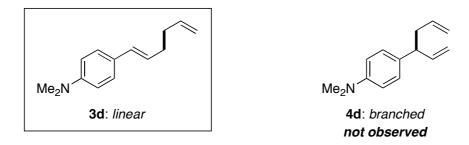
# 1-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]-4-methoxybenzene (3c)3

Prepared from the primary allyl alcohol **1c** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); *catalyst loading:* 10 mol%; *solvent:* toluene; *temperature:* 30 °C; *time:* 14 h. *The obtained analytical data of 3c thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>* 

Colorless liquid.

**Yield**: 89% (ratio 3c:4c = >99:1).

#### 4-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]-N,N-dimethylbenzenamine (3d)



Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5d** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); *catalyst loading*: 5 mol%; *solvent*: acetonitrile; *temperature*: 25 °C; *time*: 26 h.

Orange-red liquid.

**Yield**: 86% (ratio **3d**:**4d** = >99:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz):  $\delta$  = 2.26–2.38 (m, 4H), 2.98 (s, 6H), 5.04–5.14 (m, 2H), 5.90–5.97 (m, 1H), 6.08 (dt, J = 6.7, 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.37–6.40 (m, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H) ppm.

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz):  $\delta$  = 32.7, 34.1, 40.8, 112.8, 114.9, 126.0, 126.7, 127.0, 130.1, 138.6, 149.9 ppm.

**IR** (film): v = 2977, 2919, 2844, 1610, 1522, 1444, 1351, 1165, 963, 911, 802 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

**HRMS** (ESI): calculated for  $C_{14}H_{19}N^+ = [M]^+$ : m/z = 201.1517; mass spectroscopic analyses (DART, ESI, MALDI) failed to give the desired molecular signal, resulting in fragmentation.

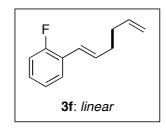
# 4-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]benzonitrile (3e)3

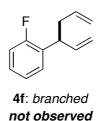
Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5e** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: acetonitrile; <u>temperature</u>: 25 °C; <u>time</u>: 12 h. The obtained analytical data of **3e** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Colorless liquid.

**Yield**: 87% (ratio **3e**:**4e** = >99:1).

#### 1-fluoro-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]benzene (3f)





Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5f** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); *catalyst loading:* 10 mol%; *solvent:* hexane; *temperature:* 40 °C; *time:* 19 h.

Colorless liquid.

**Yield**: 86% (ratio **3f**:**4f** = >99:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz):  $\delta$  = 2.24–2.35 (m, 4H), 5.00–5.09 (m, 2H), 5.92 (ddt, J = 6.5, 10.2, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dt, J = 6.9, 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.55–6.58 (m, 1H), 6.99–7.18 (m, 3H), 7.42 (td, J = 1.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H) ppm.

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz): δ = 32.9, 33.5, 115.1, 115.7 (d, J = 22.3 Hz), 122.6 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 124.0 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 125.5 (d, J = 12.4 Hz), 127.1 (d, J = 4.1 Hz), 128.1 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 132.9 (d, J = 4.4 Hz), 138.1, 160.0 (d, J = 248.4 Hz) ppm.

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 565 MHz):  $\delta = -118.8$  ppm.

**IR** (film): v = 3077, 3041, 3001, 2979, 2925, 2846, 1642, 1577, 1488, 1452, 1229, 1199, 970, 913, 753 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

**HRMS** (ESI): calculated for  $C_{12}H_{13}F^+ = [M]^+$ : m/z = 176.1001; mass spectroscopic analyses (DART, ESI, MALDI) failed to give the desired molecular signal, resulting in fragmentation.

#### 2-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]furan (3g)

4g: branched not observed

Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5g** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: toluene; <u>temperature</u>: 25 °C; <u>time</u>: 24 h.

Pale yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 89% (ratio 3g:4g = >99:1).

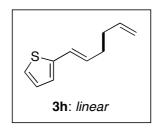
<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz):  $\delta$  = 2.20–2.29 (m, 4H), 4.98–5.07 (m, 2H), 5.85 (ddt, J = 6.5, 10.1, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.12–6.23 (m, 3H), 6.33–6.34 (m, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H) ppm.

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz):  $\delta$  = 32.3, 33.5, 106.2, 111.2, 115.1, 119.0, 129.2, 138.1, 141.4, 153.3 ppm.

**IR** (film): v = 3078, 2978, 2924, 2845, 1641, 1491, 1442, 1254, 1150, 1011, 960, 915, 792, 732 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

**HRMS** (ESI): calculated for  $C_{10}H_{12}O^+ = [M]^+$ : m/z = 148.0888; mass spectroscopic analyses (DART, ESI, MALDI) failed to give the desired molecular signal, resulting in fragmentation.

# 2-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]thiophene (3h)3





4h: branched not observed

Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5h** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: toluene; <u>temperature</u>: 25 °C; <u>time</u>: 14 h. The obtained analytical data of **3h** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Pale yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 88% (ratio **3h**:**4h** = >99:1).

# 3-[(E)-Hexa-1,5-dienyl]pyridine (3i)<sup>3</sup>

Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5i** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: toluene; <u>temperature</u>: 25 °C; <u>time</u>: 24 h. The obtained analytical data of **3i** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Pale yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 91% (ratio **3i**:**4i** = >99:1).

# 1-[(E)-Octa-3,7-dienyl]benzene (3i)<sup>3</sup>

Prepared from the primary allyl alcohol **1j** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: hexane; <u>temperature</u>: 40 °C; <u>time</u>: 36 h. The obtained analytical data of **3j** and **4j** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Colorless liquid.

**Yield**: 78% (ratio 3i:4i = 4:1).

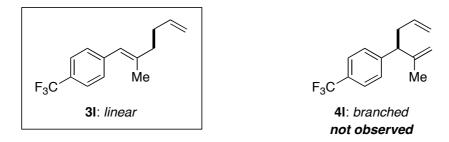
# 1-[(E)-2-Methylhexa-1,5-dienyl]benzene (3k)3

Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5k** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: acetonitrile; <u>temperature</u>: 40 °C; <u>time</u>: 36 h. The obtained analytical data of **3k** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 86% (ratio 3k:4k = >99:1).

# 1-(Trifluoromethyl)-4-[(E)-2-methylhexa-1,5-dienyl]benzene (31)<sup>3</sup>



Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5I** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: acetonitrile; <u>temperature</u>: 25 °C; <u>time</u>: 24 h. The obtained analytical data of **3I** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 87% (ratio **3I**:**4I** = >99:1).

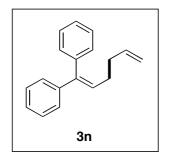
# (E)-1,3-Diphenylhexa-1,5-diene $(3m)^3$

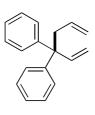
Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5m** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: toluene; <u>temperature</u>: 60 °C; <u>time</u>: 36 h. The obtained analytical data of **7** and **8** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Pale yellow liquid.

Yield: 83%.

#### 1,1-Diphenylhexa-1,5-diene (3n)





4n: branched not observed

Prepared from the secondary allyl alcohol **5n** and allyl boronate **2a** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); *catalyst loading:* 10 mol%; *solvent:* MeCN; *temperature:* 60 °C; *time:* 36 h.

Pale yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 79% (ratio 3n:4n = >99:1).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 600 MHz):  $\delta$  = 2.23–2.29 (m, 4H), 5.00–5.07 (m, 2H), 5.80–5.86 (m, 1H), 6.12 (t, J = 7 Hz, 1H), 7.21–7.47 (m, 10H) ppm.

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 150 MHz):  $\delta$  = 29.3, 34.2, 115.1, 127.0, 127.1, 127.4, 128.2, 128.3, 129.3, 130.0, 138.2, 140.3, 142.1, 142.9 ppm.

**IR** (film): v = 3058, 3024, 2919, 1493, 1442, 994, 913, 762, 698 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

**HRMS** (ESI): calculated for  $C_{18}H_{18}^+ = [M]^+$ : m/z = 234.1409; mass spectroscopic analyses (DART, ESI, MALDI) failed to give the desired molecular signal, resulting in fragmentation.

#### 3.2 Linear Vinyl Silanes 7 and 8

Trimethyl-[(1*E*,5*E*)-6-phenylhexa-1,5-dienyl]silane ( $\underline{7}$ )<sup>3</sup>
Trimethyl-[(*E*)-6-phenylhexa-1,5-dien-3-yl]silane ( $\underline{8}$ )<sup>3</sup>

SiMe<sub>3</sub> 
$$Me_3Si$$
  $SiMe_3$   $Me_3Si$   $SiMe_3$   $Me_3Si$   $SiMe_3$   $Me_3Si$   $SiMe_3$   $Si$ 

Prepared from the primary allyl alcohol **1a** and  $\alpha$ -silylallyl boronate **6** according to the general procedure (*cf.* chapter 2); <u>catalyst loading</u>: 10 mol%; <u>solvent</u>: hexane; <u>temperature</u>: 30 °C; <u>time</u>: 24 h. The obtained analytical data of **7** and **8** thus prepared fit accurately with the reported data.<sup>3</sup>

Pale yellow liquid.

**Yield**: 88% (ratio **7**:**8** = >50:1).

#### 4 References

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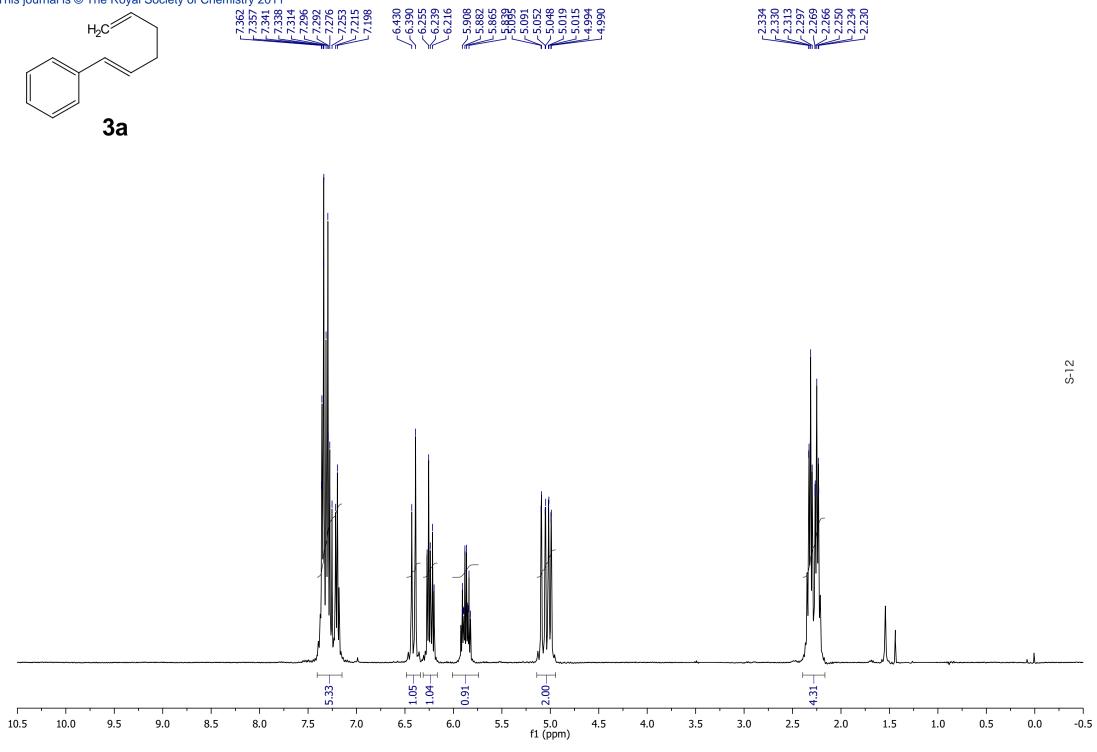
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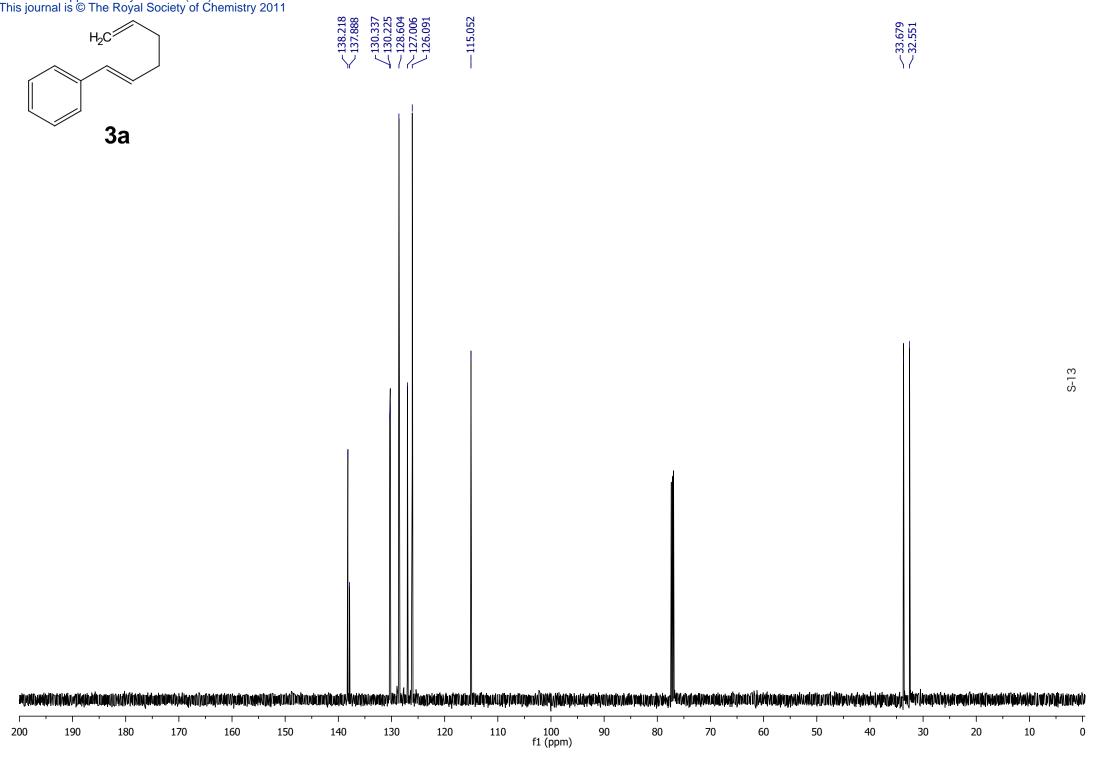
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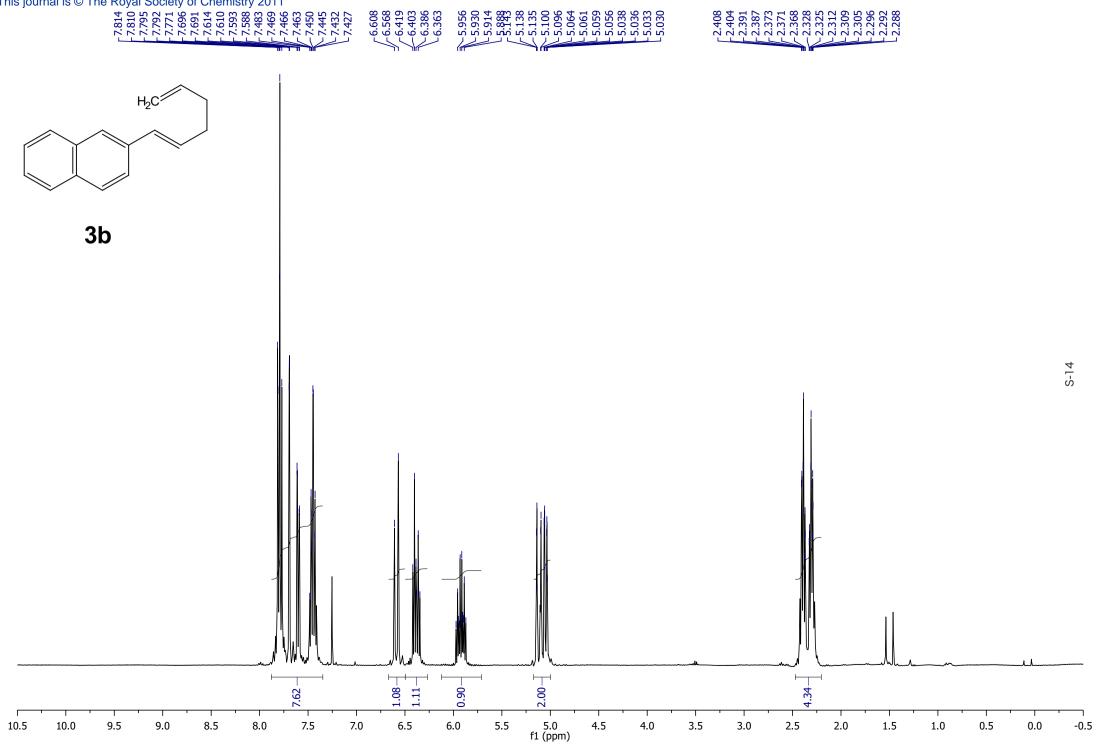
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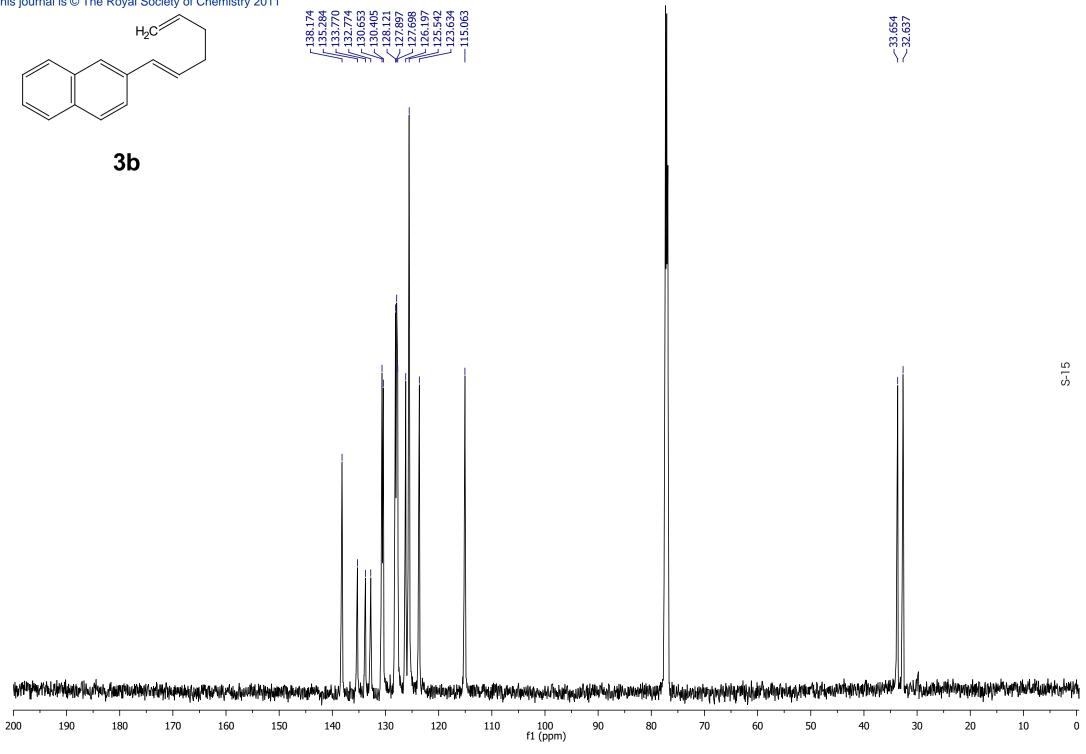
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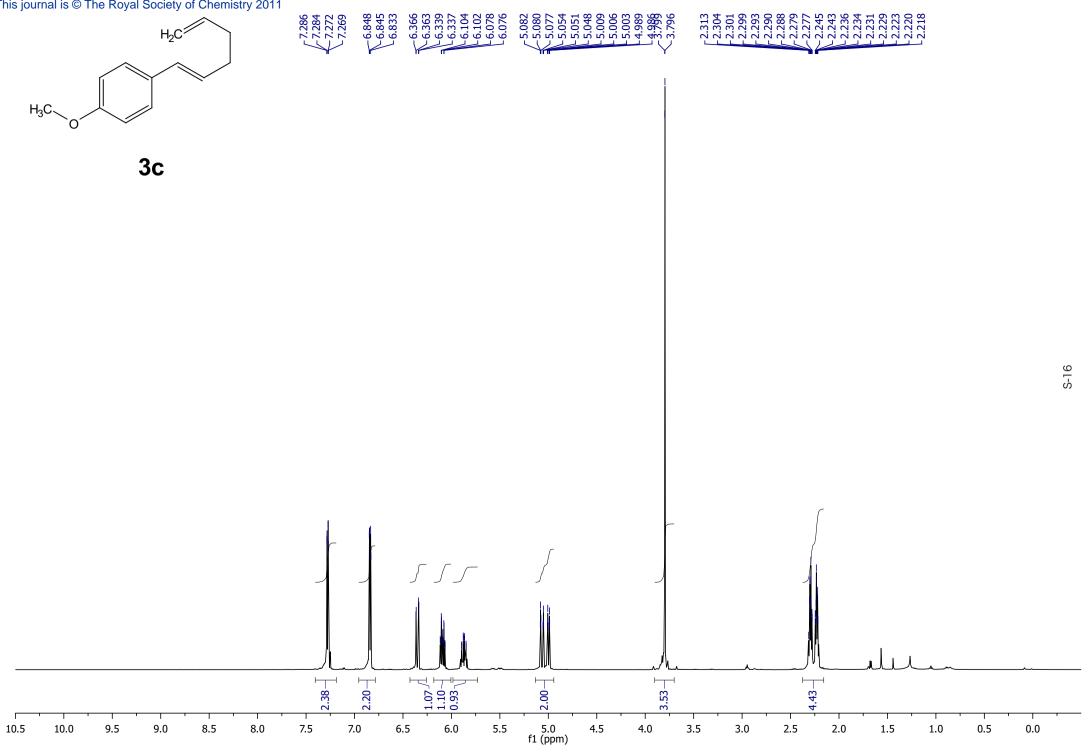
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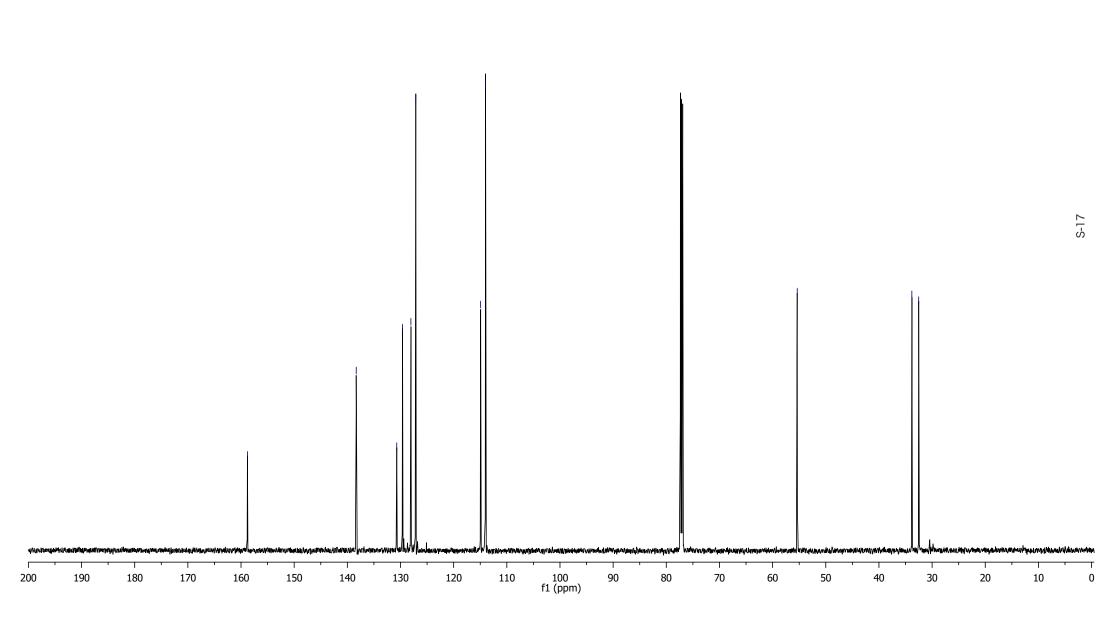






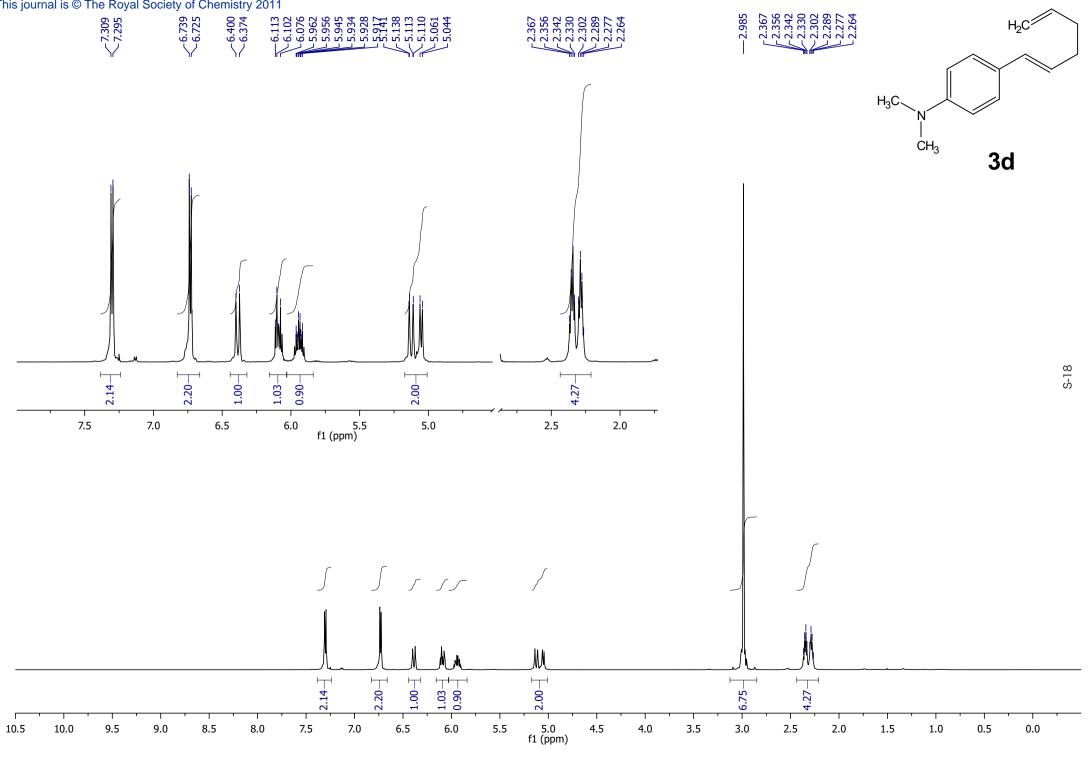


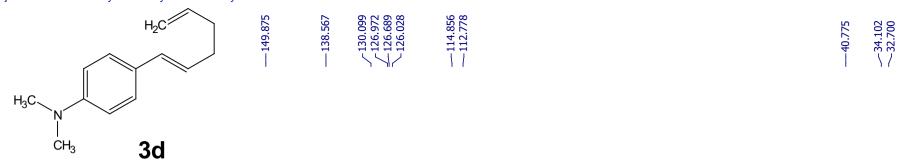


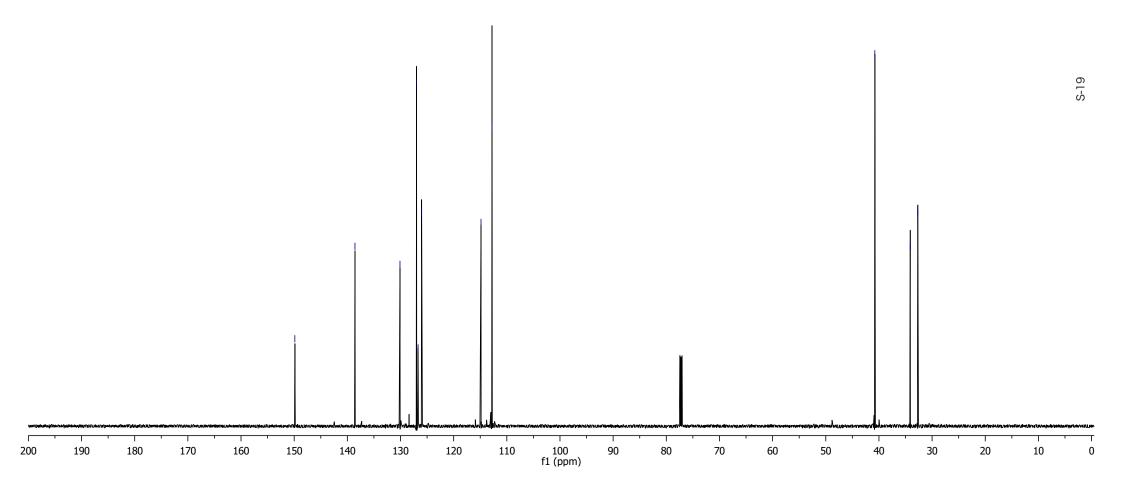


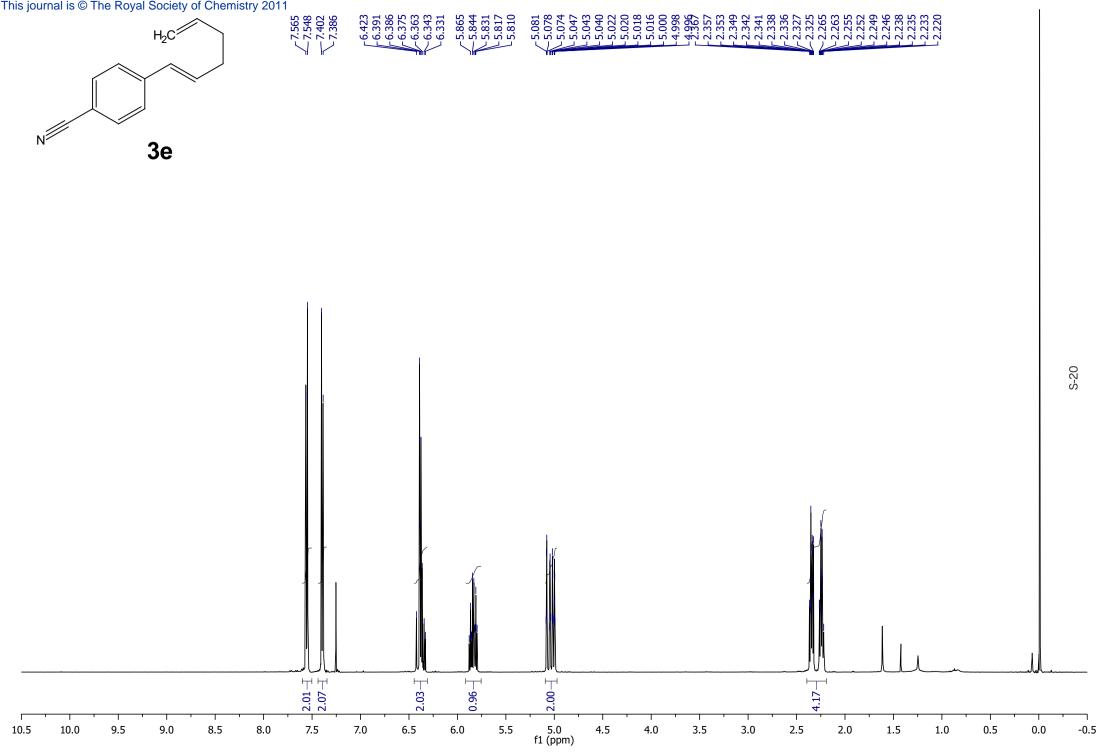
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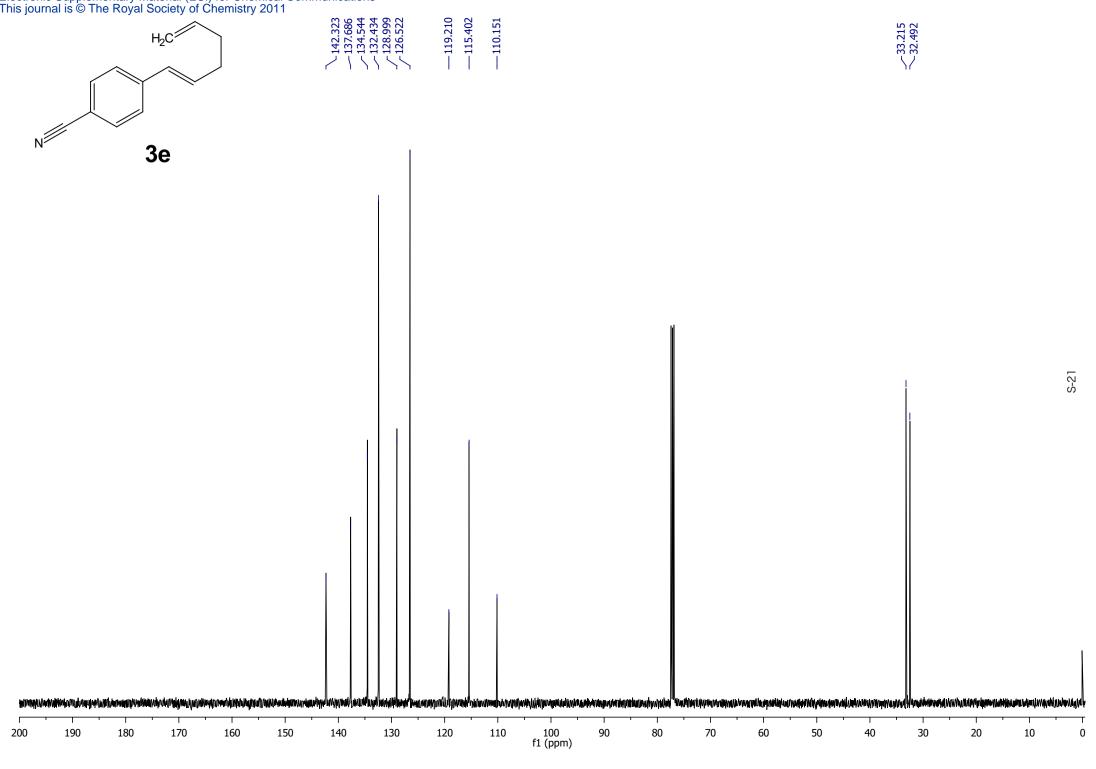
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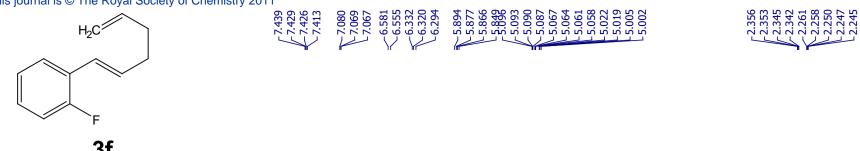


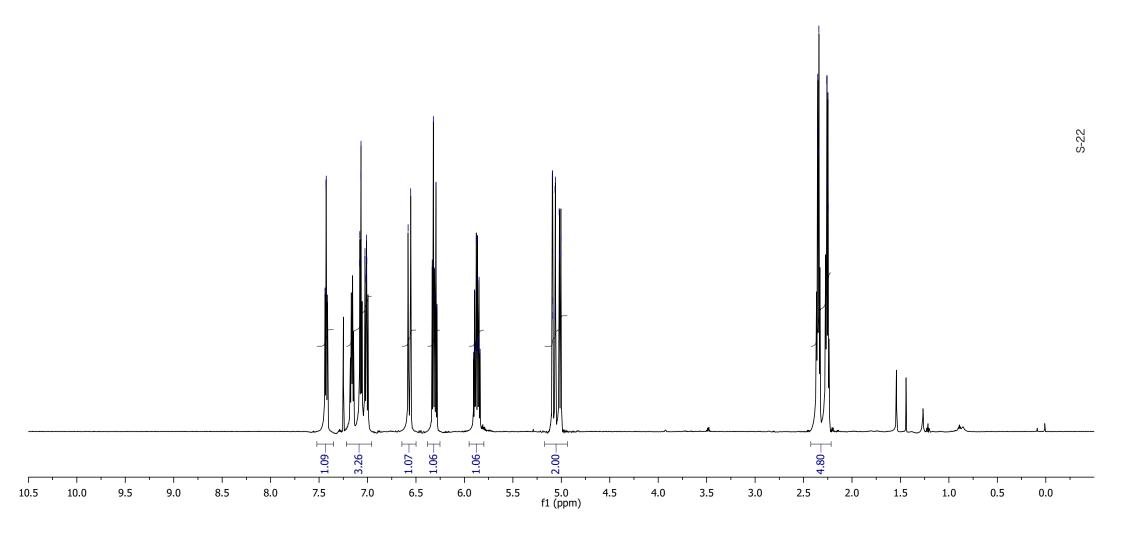


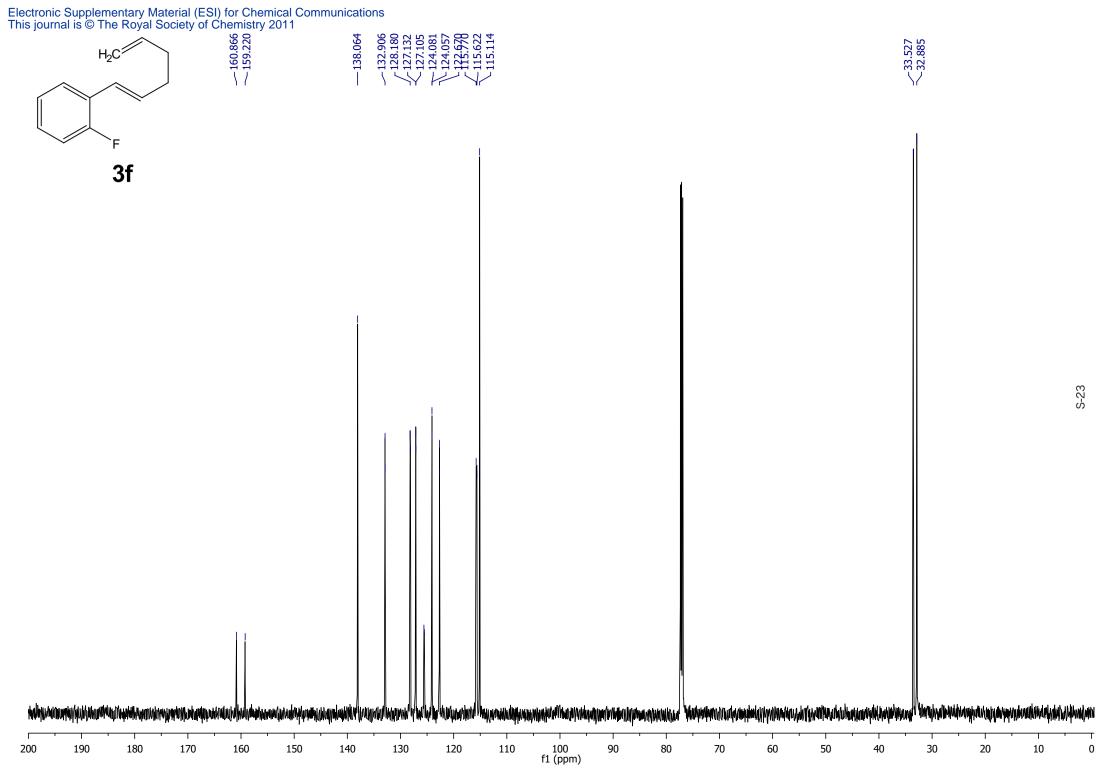




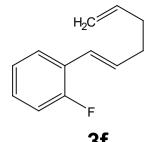




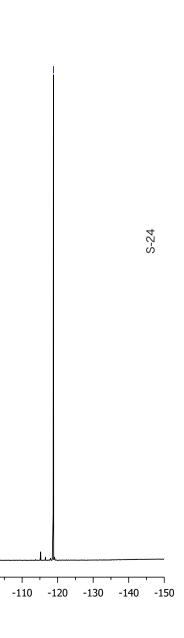


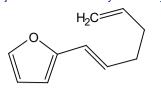


f1 (ppm)



130 120

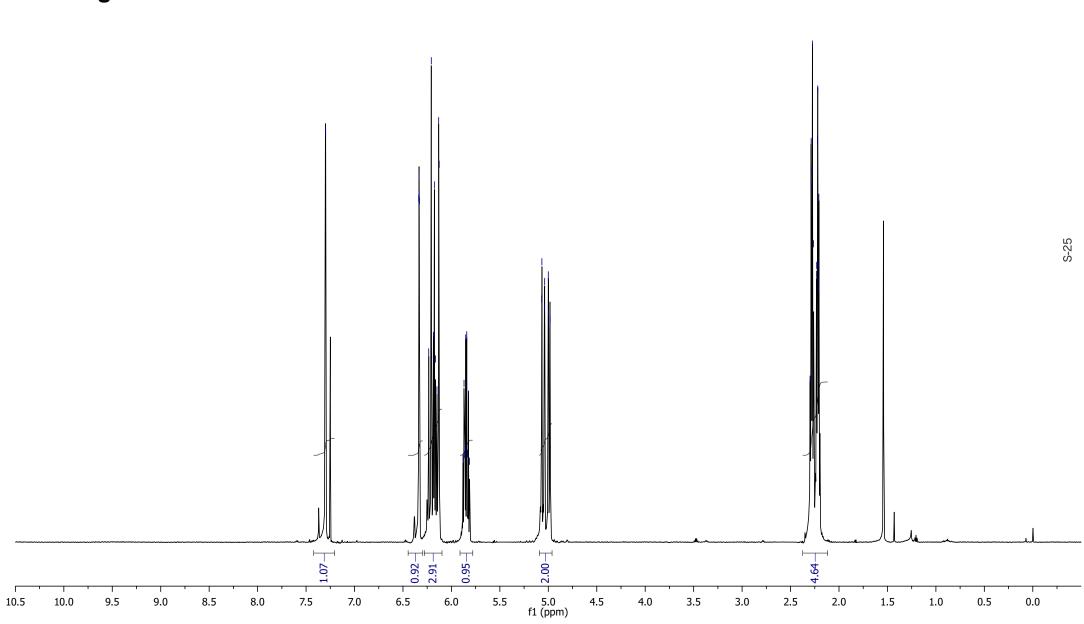


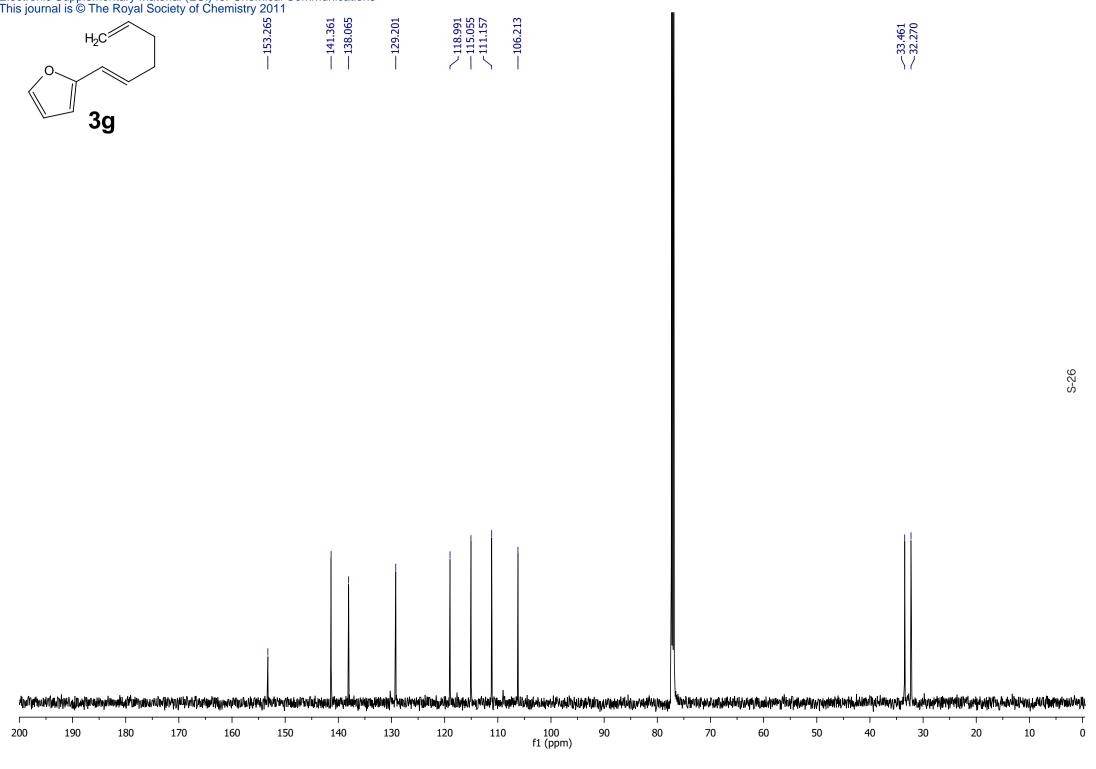


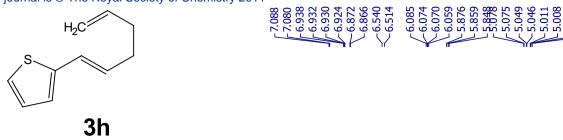




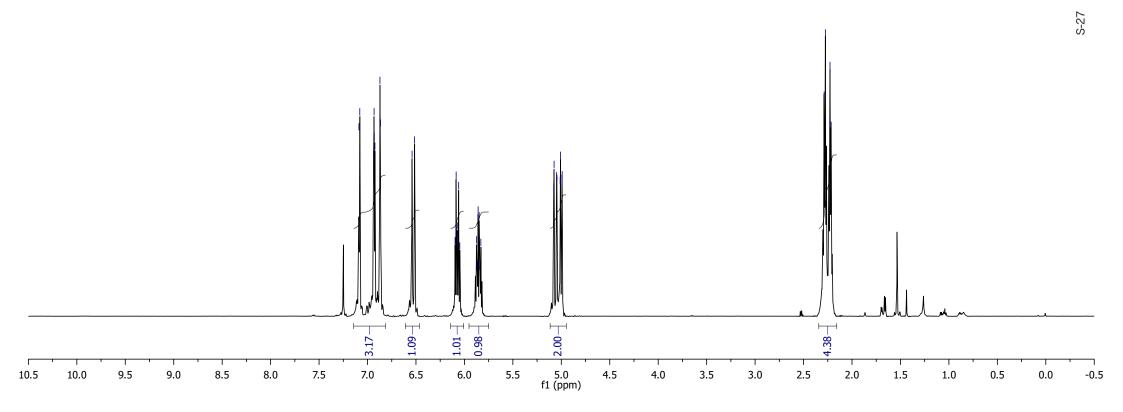
3g





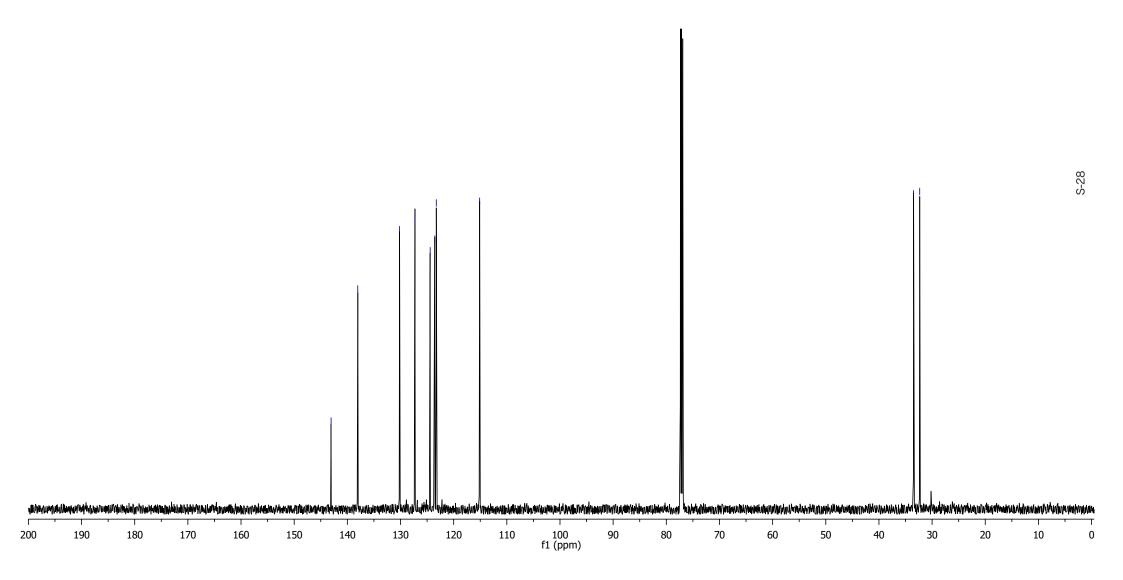


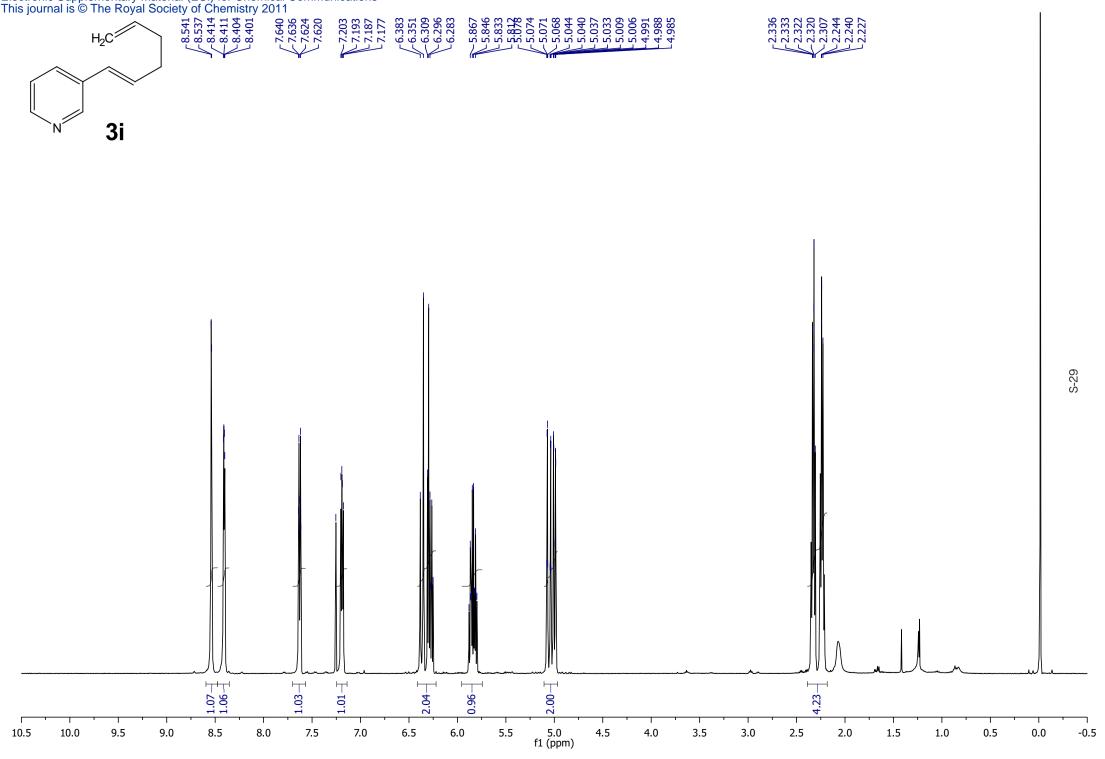


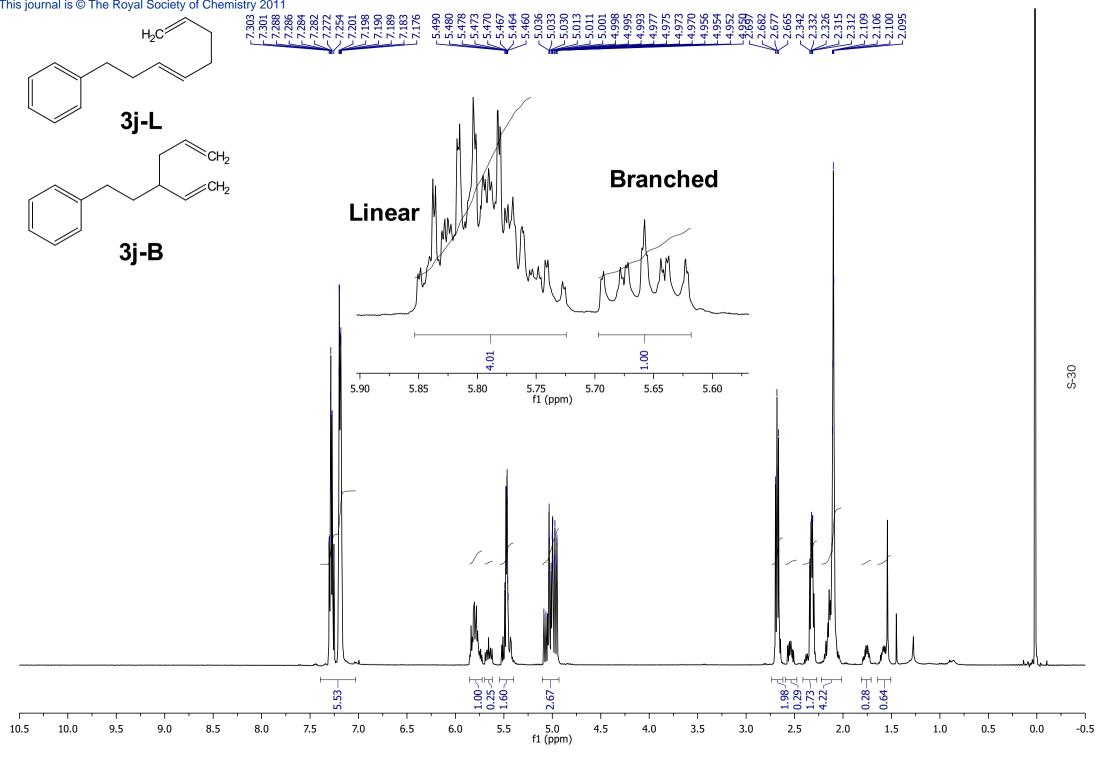


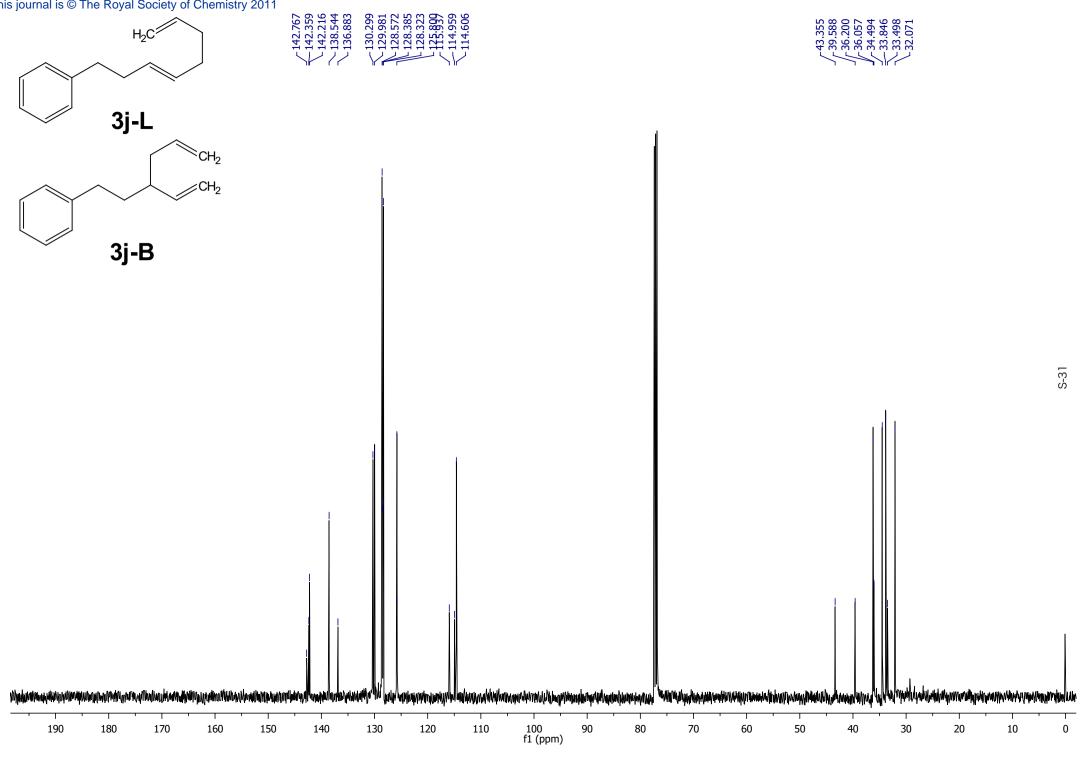


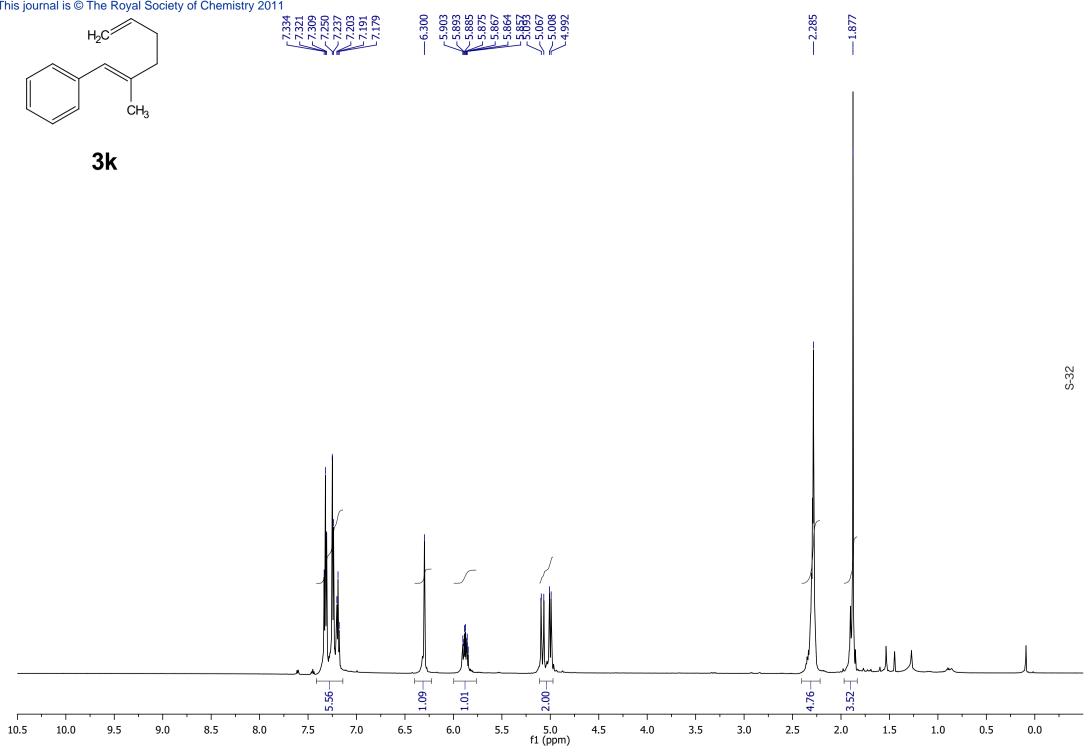






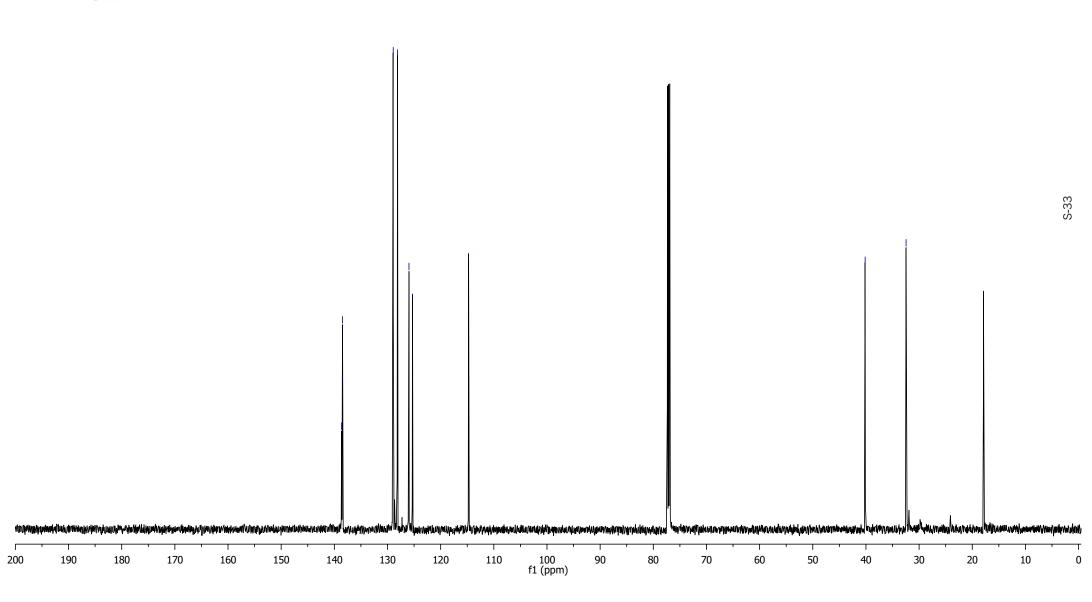




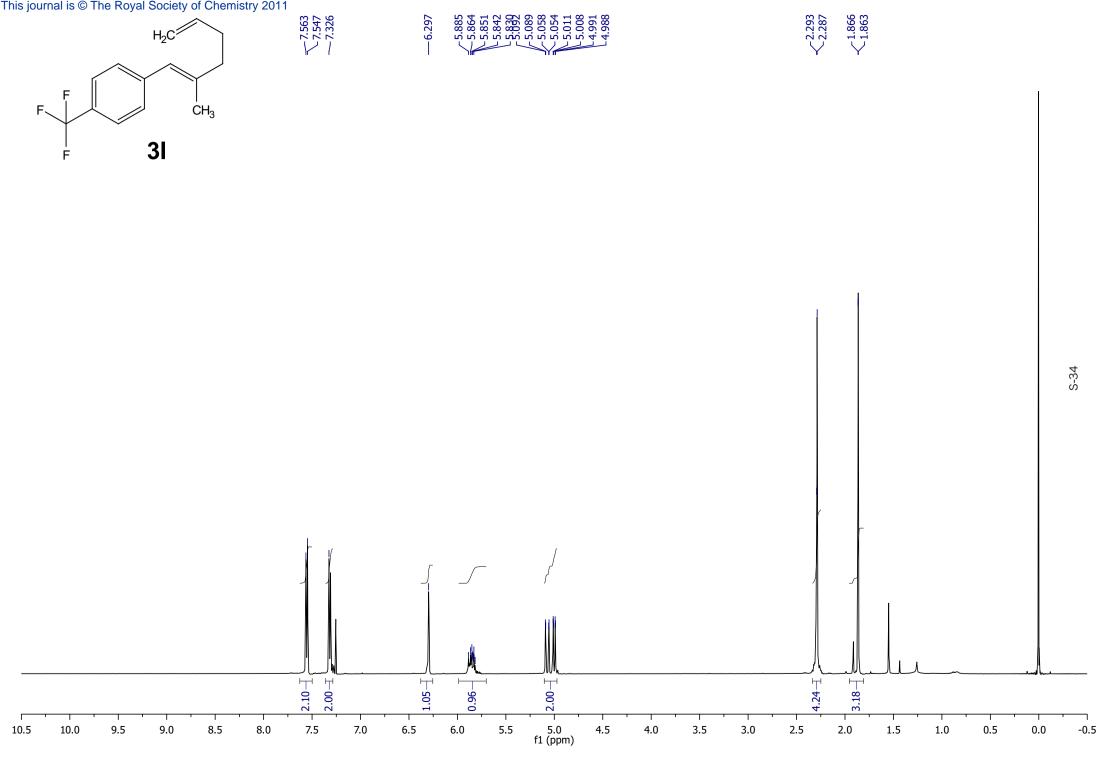


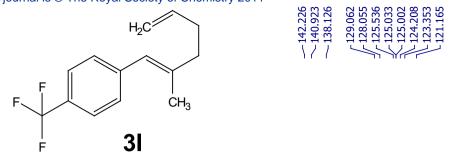


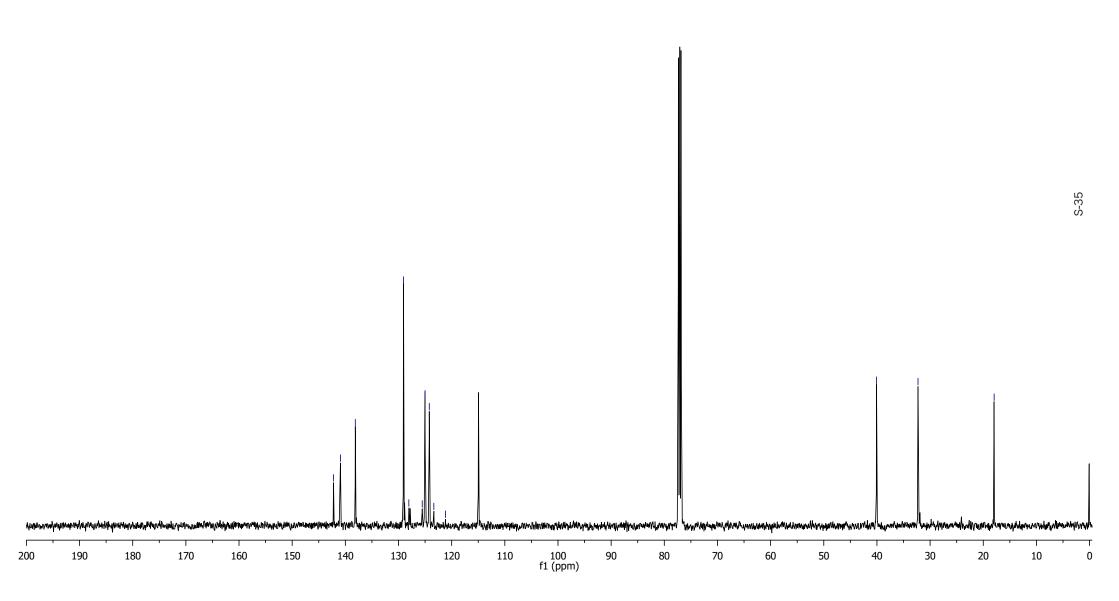
3k



-40.150

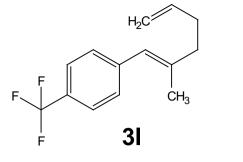






-40.080

32.271



130 120

110 100

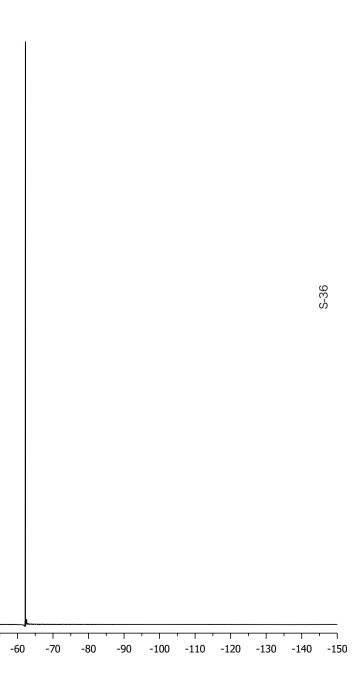
90

70

60

30

20



0 f1 (ppm)

-10

-20

-30

-50

