# Electronic Supplementary information for

# Ratiometric luminescent molecular oxygen sensors based on uni-luminophore of

## C^N Pt(II) (acac) complexes that show intense visible-light absorption and

## balanced fluorescence/phosphorescence dual emission

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#### General.

All the chemicals used in synthesis are analytical pure and were used as received. Solvents were dried and distilled. NMR spectra were recorded on a 400 MHz Varian Unity Inova NMR spectrophotometer. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on the same instrument (100 MHz) with total proton decoupling. Mass spectra were recorded with Q-TOF Micro MS spectrometer. UV-Vis absorption spectra were measured with a HP8453 UV-visible spectrophotometer. Fluorescence spectra were recorded on Shimadzu 5301 PC spectrofluorometer. Fluorescence lifetimes, including the measurement of the lifetimes in the oxygen sensing experiments, were measured on a Edinburgh OB920 fluorescence/phosphorescence lifetime spectrometer (Edinburgh Instruments, U.K.).

The density functional theory (DFT) calculations were used for optimization of the ground state geometries, for both singlet states and triplet states. The energy level of the  $T_1$  state of the Pt-1 and Pt-2 (energy gap between  $S_0$  state and  $T_1$  state) were calculated with the time-dependent DFT (TDDFT), based on the optimized singlet state geometries. The spin density surfaces of the complexes were calculated based on the optimized triplet state geometries. All the calculations were performed with Gaussian 09W.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, et al. Gaussian 09 Revision A.1, Gaussian Inc., Wallingford CT, 2009.

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# **Experimental Section**

### Synthesis:



**Scheme 1.** Synthesis of the fluorescence/phosphorescence dual emissive complexes **Pt-1** and **Pt-2**. 1)  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ ,  $K_2CO_3$ , toluene,ethanol, argon atmosphere, reflux, 8 h; 2) water, 110 °C, 3 h; 3)  $K_2PtCl_4$ , 2-methoxyethanol/ water (3/1, v/v), microwave radiation at 85 °C, 1 h, then 2-methoxyethanol, acetylaceeton,  $Na_2CO_3$ , microwave radiation at 100 °C, 1 h.

### Synthesis Procedures

#### 5-phenylthiophene-2-carbaldehyde (2-a)

1-iodobenzene (306 mg, 1.5 mmol), toluene (4 mL) and ethanol (4 mL) were mixed and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, then K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (4.5 mL, 2 mol/L) was added. Under a argon atmosphere, Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (58 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 5-formylthiophen-2-yl-2-boronic acid (281 mg,1.8 mmol) was added. Then the mixture was reflux at 85 °C for 8 h. After removal of solvent in vacuo, the residue was purified with column chromatography (silica gel; dichloromethane) to give 127 mg (yield: 45 %) of an yellow crystal. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.90 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, 1H, *J* = 4 Hz), 7.69 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.42-7.46 (m, 4H).

### 2-(5-phenylthiophen-2-yl)benzo[d]thiazole (L-1)

The mixture of compound **2-a** (120 mg, 0.64 mmol), 2-aminobenzenethiol (125 mg, 1.0 mmol), and water (20 mL) was stirred at 110 °C for 3 h. The mixture was cooled and dichloromethane (DCM) was added. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified with column chromatography (silica gel; DCM /petroleum ether, 2:1, V/V) to give 159 mg (yield: 85 %) of a yellow solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.05 (d,1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.87 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.69 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.65 (d, 1H, *J* = 4 Hz), 7.35-7.51 (m, 6H). ESI-HRMS ([C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NS<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup>): calcd 293.0333, found 293.0336.

#### (Pt-1)

The mixture of compound L-1 (100 mg, 0.34 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>PtCl<sub>4</sub> (70 mg, 0.17 mmol), 2-methoxyethanol (6 mL) and water (2 mL) was heated by microwave radiation at 85°C under an argon atmosphere for 1 h. After cooled to room temperature, water (20 mL) was added and the mixture was filtered. Then the solid, acetylacetone (50 mg, 50 mmol), Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (160 mg, 1.5 mmol), 2-methoxyethanol (6 mL) was heated by microwave radiation at 85°C under an argon atmosphere for 1 h. After cooled to room temperature, into the residue was added 20 mL water, filtered, get the solid. The solid was purified with column chromatography (silica gel; DCM/n-hexane) to give 35 mg (yield: 18 %) of a orange solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.06 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.74 (d, 3H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.52 (t, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.42 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.35 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 5.60 (s, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H). **ESI-HRMS**  $([C_{22}H_{17}NO_2PtS_2]^+):$ calcd 586.0349 found 586.0402. Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>PtS<sub>2</sub>(1.5CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-0.7C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub>): C, 42.97; H, 3.88; N, 1.81; Found: C, 43.39; H, 3.42; N, 1.83.

#### 5-(9-butyl-9H-carbazol-3-yl)thiophene-2-carbaldehyde (2-b)

9-butyl-3-iodo-9H-carbazol (698 mg, 2.0 mmol), toluene (4 mL) and ethanol (4 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 5 min, then  $K_2CO_3$  solution (5 mL, 2 mol/L) was added, under an argon atmosphere,  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (69.3 mg, 0.06 mmol) and 5-formylthiophen-2-yl-2-boronic acid (281 mg, 1.8mmol) was added. Then the mixture was reflux at 85°C for 8 h. After removal of solvent in vacuo, the residue was purified with column chromatography (silica gel; DCM) to give 300 mg (yield:45 %) of an yellow solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.89 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.15 (d, 1H, *J*=7.6 Hz), 7.76-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.28 (t, 1H *J* = 7.6 Hz), 4.33 (t, 2H, *J* = 7.2 Hz) 1.84-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.46 (m, 2H), 0.96 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.2 Hz).

### 3-(5-(benzo[d]tiazol-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl)-9-butyl-9H-carbazol (L-2)

The mixture of compound **2-b** (102.0 mg, 0.3 mmol), 2-aminobenzenethiol (63.0 mg, 0.5 mmol), and water (20 mL) was stirred at 110 °C for 3 h. The mixture was cooled and DCM was added. The organic layer was washed

with water and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified with column chromatography (silica gel; DCM /petroleum ether, 2:1, V/V) to give 112 mg (yield: 85 %) of a yellow solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 M Hz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 8.40 (s,1H), 8.14 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 8.05 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.87 (d,1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.80 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.66 (d, 1H, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 7.42-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.34-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d,1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 4.33 (t, 2H *J* = 7.6 Hz), 1.84-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.45 (m, 2H), 0.96 (t, 3H, *J*=7.2 Hz). ESI-HRMS ([C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup>): calcd 438.1224, found 438.1225.

## (Pt-2)

The mixture of compound **L-2** (70.0 mg, 0.16 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>PtCl<sub>4</sub> (60.0 mg, 0.14 mmol), 2-methoxyethanol (6 mL) and water (2 mL) was heated by microwave radiation at 85°C under an argon atmosphere for 1 h. After cooled to room temperature, into the residue was added 20 mL water, filtered, get the solid. Then the solid, acetylacetone (48.0 mg, 48mmol), Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (169.0 mg, 1.6 mmol), 2-methoxyethanol (6 mL) was heated by microwave radiation at 85 °C under an argon atmosphere for 1 h. After cooled to room temperature, the residue was added with 20 mL water, filtered to obtain the solid. The solid was purified with column chromatography (silica gel; DCM/n-hexane) to give 21.0 mg (yield: 18 %) of a orange solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.04 (d, 1H, *J*=8.4 Hz), 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.85 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.71 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.48-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.29-7.34 (m, 2H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 4.32 (t, 2H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H) 1.85-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.47 (m, 2H), 0.97 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.2 Hz). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>/OD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  184.8, 183.5, 153.9, 150.9, 150.7, 141.1, 140.8, 132.0, 131.0, 127.5, 126.1, 125.4, 124.9, 123.9, 123.4, 122.9, 122.0, 119.3, 119.1, 118.6, 109.1, 102.3, 43.1, 31.2, 28.0, 27.0, 20.7, 14.0. ESI-HRMS ([C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>PtS<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup>): calcd 731.1240 found 731.1195. Anal. Calcd. For C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>PtS<sub>2</sub>(-1.8CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>·*n*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub>): C, 49.24; H, 4.73; N, 2.89; Found: C, 49.12; H, 4.69; N, 2.65.



**Fig. S1**<sup>1</sup>H NMR of **2-a** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz).



**Fig. S2** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of **L-1** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz).



**Fig. S3** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of **Pt-1** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz).



**Fig. S4** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of **2-b** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz).



**Fig. S5** <sup>1</sup>H NMR of **L-2** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz).



**Fig. S6**<sup>1</sup>H NMR of **Pt-2** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz).

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Fig. S7 <sup>13</sup>C NMR of Pt-1 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz).



**Fig. S8** <sup>13</sup>C NMR of **Pt-2** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz).



Fig. S9 TOF HRMS ESI of L-1.



Fig. S10 TOF HRMS (ESI) of L-2.



Fig. S11 TOF HRMS (ESI) of Pt-1.



Fig. S12 TOF HR MS (ESI) of Pt-2.



Fig. S13 Excitation and Emission spectra of L-1, L-2 in toluene, 1.0×10<sup>-5</sup> mol L<sup>-1</sup>. 25 °C.



Fig. S14 Excitation and Emission spectra of (a) Pt-1 and (b) Pt-2 in toluene, 1.0×10<sup>-5</sup> mol L<sup>-1</sup>. 25 °C.



**Fig. S15** UV-vis absorption of **Pt-1** (a) and **Pt-2** (b) in toluene at concentrations,  $c_{\text{[complexes]}} = 1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$ ,  $5.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol/L}$ ,  $1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol/L}$ ,  $5.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol/L}$ ,  $1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m$ 



**Fig. S16** Excitation (solid) and Emission (dash) spectra of (a) and (b) **Pt-1**; (c) and (d) **Pt-2** in toluene at different sensor concentration,  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$  mol/L,  $5.0 \times 10^{-6}$  mol/L,  $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  mol/L,  $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  mol/L,  $1.5 \times 10^{-4}$  mol/L. Note at high concentration, the emission of the complexes were quenched. 25 °C.



Fig. S17 Emission spectra of Pt-1, Pt-2 at diffirent atmosphere in toluene, 1.0×10<sup>-5</sup> mol L<sup>-1</sup>. 25 °C.



**Fig. S18** (a) Absorption spectra of *ppy* Pt(II) (acac), excitation and emission spectra of Pt-ppy,  $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>. 25 °C. (b) Emission spectra of *ppy* Pt(II) (acac) at different atmosphere in toluene,  $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>. 25 °C.



**Fig. S19** Comparison of the emission of (a) **Pt-1** ( $\lambda_{ex}$  = 450 nm) and (b) **Pt-2** ( $\lambda_{ex}$  = 442 nm) at 77 K and RT. *c* = 1.0×10<sup>-5</sup> M in EtOH/MeOH (4:1, v/v).



**Fig. S20** Ratiometric luminescence response of **Pt-1** (a and b) and **Pt-2** (c and d) to variation of the oxygen (a) Emission spectra of **Pt-1** in the presence of 0, 0.201 %, 0.998 %, 1.51 %, 3.5 %, 5.0 %, 10 %, 15 %, 20 %, 50 % O<sub>2</sub>. (b) The linear correlation between the ratiometric photoluminescence response toward the O<sub>2</sub> partial pressure. (c) and (d) represent the corresponsing results of **Pt-2**. c[**Pt-1** or **Pt-2**] =  $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> in toluene, 25 °C.



**Fig. S21** The linear correlation between the ratiometric photoluminescence response toward the  $O_2$  partial pressure for the different concentration of sensors.



**Fig. S22** Lifetime spectra of **Pt-1** in the presence of 0.0 %, 0.201 %, 0.998 %, 1.51 %, 5.0 %, 10.0 % O<sub>2</sub>. *c* [**Pt-1**] =  $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> in toluene, 25 °C.

**Table S1.** The variation of the luminescence lifetime of the fluorescence bands of **Pt-1** and **Pt-2** against the O<sub>2</sub> concentrations.

		0.0 % O <sub>2</sub> (v/v)	0.201 %	0.998 %	1.51 %	5.0 %	10.0 %
Pt-1	(502 nm)	61.3 ps	59.9 ps	60.5 ps	60.7 ps	62.1 ps	61.0 ps
	(683 nm)	1.53 μs	1.44 µs	1.15 μs	1.01 µs	0.68 µs	0.39 µs
Pt-2	(521 nm)	0.14 ns	0.13 ns	0.14 ns	0.14 ns	0.14 ns	0.13 ns
	(692 nm)	3.75 μs	2.97 μs	2.15 μs	1.77 μs	0.90 µs	0.46 µs



Fig. S23 Selected frontier molecular orbitals of complex Pt-1 calculated by DFT at the B3LYP/6-31G(d)/LanL2DZ level.

	Electronic	TDDFT//B3LYP/6-31G(d)					
	transition	Energy <sup>[a]</sup>	<b>f</b> <sup>[b]</sup>	Composition <sup>[c]</sup>	CI <sup>[d]</sup>	Chara	cter
Singlet	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$	2. 75 eV / 451 nm	0.3201	HOMO-3→LUMO	0.1711	LLCT	MLCT
				HOMO→LUMO	0.6757	LLCT	MLCT
	$S_0 \rightarrow S_3$	3.21 eV/ 386 nm	0.1170	HOMO−1→LUMO	0.6957	LLCT	MLCT
	$S_0 \rightarrow S_5$	3.62 eV / 342 nm	0.4893	HOMO−3→LUMO	0.6572	LLCT	MLCT
				HOMO→LUMO	0.1721	LLCT	MLCT
				HOMO→LUMO+1	0.1294	LLCT	MLCT
	$S_0 \rightarrow S_{16}$	4.43 eV / 280 nm	0.0399	HOMO−8→LUMO	0.1021	LLCT	MLCT
				HOMO−7→LUMO	0.1733	MLCT	
				HOMO−3→LUMO+1	0.3855	LLCT	MLCT
				HOMO−2→LUMO+5	0.4349	MLCT	
				HOMO−2→LUMO+6	0.2536	MLCT	
Triplet	$S_0 \rightarrow T_1$	1.83eV / 677 nm	0.0000	HOMO→LUMO	0.6944	LLCT	MLCT
Singlet	$S_1 \rightarrow S_0^d$	2.31eV / 537nm	0.3260	HOMO-3→LUMO	0.15355	LLCT	MLCT
emission				HOMO→LUMO	0.68237	LLCT	MLCT

**Table S2.** Selected Electronic Excitation Energies (eV) and Oscillator Strength (*f*), Configurations of the Low-Lying Excited States of the **Pt-1**.

<sup>*a*</sup> Only the selected low-lying excited states are presented. <sup>*b*</sup> Oscillator strength. <sup>*c*</sup> Only the main configurations are presented. <sup>*d*</sup> The CI coefficients are in absolute values. <sup>*d*</sup> The calculation of the fluorescence emission is based on the optimized singlet excited state geometry ( $S_1$  state geometry).

Note the calculated absorption at 451 nm, 386 nm and 342 nm are very close to the experimental results of 459 nm, 396 nm and 366 nm, please refer to the Fig. 2a in the main text of the manuscript. The calculated  $S_0$ -T<sub>1</sub> energy gap is 677 nm (based on the S<sub>0</sub> state geometry). This calculated value is very close to the experimentally observed phosphorescence peak at 683 nm (Fig. 2b and Table 1 in the main text of the manuscript).

Furthermore, the calculated fluorescence emission wavelength at 537 nm is close to the experimental result of 502/535 nm emission bands of the complex (Fig. 2b in the main text of the manuscript).



**Fig. S24** Selected frontier molecular orbitals of complex **Pt-2** calculated by DFT at the B3LYP/6-31G(d)/LanL2DZ level. The butyl group was simplified as methyl group in the calculation to reduce the computation time.

	Electronic	TDDFT//B3LYP/6-31G(d)				
	transition	Energy <sup>[a]</sup>	<b>f</b> <sup>[b]</sup>	Composition <sup>[c]</sup>	CI <sup>[d]</sup>	Character
Singlet	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$	2. 69 eV	0.6308	HOMO−3→LUMO	0.1535	LLCT MLCT
		461 nm		HOMO→LUMO	0.6786	LLCT MLCT
	$S_0 \rightarrow S_4$	3.22 eV	0.1138	HOMO–4→LUMO	0.3141	MLCT
		385 nm		HOMO−2→LUMO	0.6201	LLCT MLCT
	$S_0 \rightarrow S_5$	3.36 eV	0.1809	HOMO–7→LUMO	0.1152	MLCT
		369 nm		HOMO−5→LUMO	0.6324	LLCT MLCT
				HOMO−2→LUMO+1	0.1647	LLCT MLCT
				HOMO→LUMO+2	0.1783	LLCT
						MLCT
	$S_0 \rightarrow S_{10}$	3.93 eV	0.1809	HOMO−7→LUMO	0.2699	LLCT MLCT
	316 nm		HOMO–5→LUMO	0.4270	MLCT	
				HOMO−2→LUMO+1	0.1047	LLCT
						MLCT
				HOMO→LUMO+2	0.4445	MLCT
Triplet	$S_0 \rightarrow T_1$	1.81 eV 684 nm	0.0000	$HOMO \rightarrow LUMO$	0.6851	LLCT MLCT
Singlet	$S_1 \rightarrow S_0$	2.26 eV	0.6346	HOMO-3→LUMO	0.13425	LLCT MLCT
(Em)		548 nm		HOMO→LUMO	0.68484	LLCT MLCT

**Table S3.** Selected Electronic Excitation Energies (eV) and Oscillator Strength (*f*), Configurations of the Low-Lying Excited States of the **Pt-2**.

<sup>*a*</sup> Only the selected low-lying excited states are presented. <sup>*b*</sup> Oscillator strength. <sup>*c*</sup> Only the main configurations are presented. <sup>*d*</sup> The CI coefficients are in absolute values.

Note the calculated absorption at 461 nm, 385 nm, 369 nm and 316 nm are very close to the experimental results of 472 nm, 382 nm and 294 nm, please refer to the Fig. 2a in the main text of the manuscript. The calculated  $S_0$ -T<sub>1</sub> energy gap is 684 nm (based on the  $S_0$  state geometry). This calculated value is very close to the experimentally observed phosphorescence peak at 691 nm (Fig. 2b and Table 1 in the main text of the manuscript).

Furthermore, the calculated fluorescence emission wavelength at 548 nm is close to the experimental result of 521/556 nm emission bands of the complex (Fig. 2b in the main text of the manuscript).

# Pt-1 (DFT//B3LYP/ rb3lyp/6-31G(d)/LANL2DZ)

Symbolic Z-matrix:

Charge = 0 Multiplicity = 1

С	-2.03234700	3.92773700	0.05262400
С	-2.99172100	2.90903600	0.04400100
С	-0.64929100	3.75504200	0.04423400
Н	-2.39737600	4.94495700	0.06738700
0	0.00099200	2.61736700	0.02592100
0	-2.74653600	1.62962700	0.02704500
Pt	-0.82030900	0.77122900	0.00507900
С	0.25289100	4.97474300	0.05602600
Н	-0.32195400	5.90165800	0.07568300
Н	0.90737400	4.93156100	0.93362500
Н	0.89193200	4.96012900	-0.83392300
С	-4.46231700	3.28553800	0.05484900
Н	-4.94242900	2.83978200	0.93334300
Н	-4.60505000	4.36689400	0.07264300
Н	-4.94801400	2.86838300	-0.83463700
С	3.28161300	-0.54203200	-0.02093100
С	2.29367000	0.41378800	-0.00921800
С	0.96486800	-0.09497700	-0.01549200
С	0.92456000	-1.48419300	-0.02929000
S	2.56866300	-2.23370800	-0.04352200
Н	2.49759300	1.47462800	0.02766800
С	-2.57601900	-3.24665500	-0.03204400
С	-2.64473700	-1.83931900	-0.01694300
С	-3.89429700	-1.20848000	-0.00416800
С	-5.03965400	-1.99928500	-0.00693000
С	-4.95729600	-3.40006200	-0.02217900
С	-3.71455600	-4.03756800	-0.03484300
С	-0.35425300	-2.05558600	-0.02956400
Н	-3.92863500	-0.12727900	0.00790800
Н	-6.01284200	-1.52306200	0.00299400
Н	-5.86198600	-3.99570800	-0.02405500
Н	-3.64458900	-5.11794800	-0.04643500
Ν	-1.39478200	-1.20416900	-0.01596700
S	-0.83329400	-3.79847000	-0.04577700
С	7.52222200	0.01378700	0.02092400
С	6.67557700	1.04962200	-0.38429000
С	5.29609500	0.86399900	-0.40481800
С	4.73024600	-0.36601700	-0.01087200
С	5.59534700	-1.40120700	0.39319900
С	6.97492600	-1.21231000	0.40686800



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8.59574500 0.16007800 Н 0.03271600 Н 7.09258800 2.00076800 -0.69433700 н 4.64911600 1.66298900 -0.74522000 5.17815200 -2.34873600 0.71385400 Н 7.62322500 -2.02051100 0.72459400 Н 1 2 1.5 3 1.5 4 1.0 261.5121.0 3 5 1.5 8 1.0 4 571.0 6 7 18 1.0 33 1.0 891.0101.0111.0 9 10 11 12 13 1.0 14 1.0 15 1.0 13 14 15 16 17 2.0 20 1.0 38 1.0 17 18 1.5 21 1.0 18 19 1.5 19 20 1.0 28 1.5 20 21 22 23 1.5 27 1.5 34 1.0 23 24 1.5 33 1.0 24 25 1.5 29 1.0 25 26 1.5 30 1.0 26 27 1.5 31 1.0 27 32 1.0 28 33 1.5 34 1.0 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 1.5 40 1.5 41 1.0 36 37 1.5 42 1.0 37 38 1.5 43 1.0 38 39 1.5 39 40 1.5 44 1.0 40 45 1.0

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- 41 42 43 44
- 45

SCF Done: E(RB+HF-LYP)=-1959.71759669 a.u. Number of Imaginary frequencies: 0

## Pt-2 (DFT//B3LYP/ rb3lyp/6-31G(d)/LANL2DZ)

Symbolic Z-matrix:

Charge = 0 Multiplicity = 1



с	3.08341200	4.05123400	-0.21318300
С	4.15300300	3.15280700	-0.12941200
С	1.73051100	3.71718800	-0.23331400
Н	3.32836400	5.10247700	-0.26774000
0	1.21643900	2.51354000	-0.17550800
0	4.05594700	1.85582000	-0.05937000
Pt	2.24362000	0.77548000	-0.05377600
С	0.69377100	4.82103700	-0.33104500
н	1.15770100	5.80699800	-0.38354300
Н	0.07750500	4.65894000	-1.22230900
н	0.03269600	4.77451300	0.54155900
С	5.57034700	3.69658800	-0.11714700
Н	6.12495100	3.27619900	-0.96374300
н	5.58956600	4.78581500	-0.17569300
н	6.07293600	3.37187000	0.80097500
С	-1.67073400	-1.02678000	-0.08866100
С	-0.80490100	0.04242600	-0.10851500
С	0.57399900	-0.29902900	-0.04643800
С	0.78227500	-1.67258700	0.01923400
S	-0.75885100	-2.61630900	0.01574900
Н	-1.13624100	1.06749200	-0.19756100
С	4.46606000	-2.99627300	0.19033000
С	4.36641300	-1.59208400	0.12384600
С	5.53183300	-0.81644400	0.12469300
С	6.76270800	-1.46290100	0.19210000
С	6.84768900	-2.86196200	0.25830600
С	5.69003900	-3.64352600	0.25760800
С	2.11879000	-2.08358200	0.07680400

Н	5.43782300	0.25993400	0.07209000
н	7.67180800	-0.87333200	0.19347100
Н	7.81636500	-3.34385700	0.31054600
н	5.74879600	-4.72345400	0.30826400
Ν	3.05008300	-1.11336900	0.06151600
S	2.80285700	-3.75453100	0.17322400
С	-3.83627600	-2.17020300	-0.60172000
С	-3.12761300	-1.03203300	-0.14008700
С	-3.83726100	0.11409600	0.26408500
С	-5.22589500	0.10046800	0.19564100
С	-5.93702200	-1.04437900	-0.27544300
С	-5.22306300	-2.17901500	-0.67023700
Н	-3.27670100	-3.03772000	-0.92914500
Н	-3.30117500	0.97557600	0.63976200
Н	-5.74449100	-3.05703000	-1.03306000
С	-7.43818700	0.61247500	0.29712500
С	-8.67591300	1.23388400	0.47403900
С	-9.82418200	0.51348000	0.14806200
С	-9.74793800	-0.79952500	-0.35014500
С	-8.51367900	-1.41924400	-0.53305000
С	-7.34781600	-0.71755100	-0.21236400
Н	-8.75007000	2.24722100	0.84826500
Н	-10.79477600	0.97776200	0.27862900
Н	-10.65986800	-1.33035900	-0.59531600
Н	-8.45639800	-2.43047000	-0.91917000
Ν	-6.14861000	1.08697300	0.54881500
С	-5.81667400	2.41404600	1.06723100
Н	-5.67520600	3.14258600	0.26010700
Н	-6.62191100	2.75692300	1.72195200
н	-4.89972400	2.35210900	1.65926500

SCF Done: E(RB+HF-LYP)=-2282.46553795 a.u. Number of Imaginary frequencies: 0